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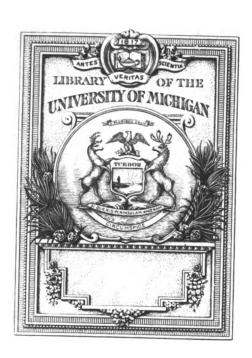
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## **CATALOGUE**

**OF** 

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VOL. II

BEGUN BY

### MORIZ WINTERNITZ, Ph.D.

EXTRAORDINARY PROFESSOR OF INDIAN PHILOLOGY AND ETHNOLOGY
IN THE GERMAN UNIVERSITY OF PRAG

CONTINUED AND COMPLETED BY

## ARTHUR BERRIEDALE KEITH, B.C.L., B.A.

LATE SCHOLAR OF BALLIOL COLLEGE, OXFORD; BODEN SANSKRIT SCHOLAR, 1898; OF THE INNER TEMPLE, BARRISTER-AT-LAW

WITH A PREFACE BY

E. W. B. NICHOLSON, M. A.

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#### **PREFACE**

The MSS. catalogued—It was originally meant that the first catalogue of Sanskrit MSS. in the Bodleian should be executed by Prof. F. Max Müller. In 1855 he found that his engagements would not allow him to complete it, and at his suggestion the task was delegated to Dr. Aufrecht, though Prof. Max Müller himself still intended to catalogue the Vedic MSS. Up to the issue of the present volume, however, the Vedic and Hodgson (Buddhist) MSS. have remained uncatalogued, except for brief mention in Prof. Aufrecht's 'conspectus codicum'; while MSS. Mill 146–166, which had been lent by Mill himself to Prof. Max Müller, together with many Wilson and Walker MSS. also lent to him, accidentally escaped notice altogether. A nucleus of material, then, for a second volume of the catalogue was furnished by a large number of MSS. which had belonged to the library before the first volume was published.

In 1886 Dr. G. F. W. Thibaut, now Principal of the Muir Central College, Allahabad, very kindly selected and purchased for the Bodleian, at Prof. Max Müller's suggestion, 23 more MSS.

On Oct. 22, 1884 Dr. Eugen Hultzsch, afterwards epigraphist on the Madras Archaeological Survey, had landed in Bombay from Trieste, and on May 2, 1885, he had re-embarked at Bombay: in the interval he had obtained 483 vols. of MSS., a list of which, and of the chief places he visited, will be found in an article by him in vol. xL of the Zeitschrift der deutschen morgenländischen Gesellschaft. Of these 483 he offered 465† to the Bodleian for a sum of £225, which, in view of the financial condition of the library and the heavy cost involved in binding and repairing, was reduced to £200, and for this sum the collection was purchased, in 1887, under the advice of Prof. Max Müller. In extent it outnumbered the Mill, Walker, Hodgson, and Fraser MSS. combined, and it distinctly improved the average antiquity of the Bodleian Sanskrit collection.



<sup>†</sup> The nos. not offered, and consequently not now in the Bodleian, are 11, 16, 35, 56, 74, 85, 96, 114-5, 119-22, 157, 190, 196, 382, 461.

In Oct. 1898 a passing call at Mr. Quaritch's shop revealed to me that he had 'the Bower MS.' for sale, and the Bodleian became possessed of a birchbark MS. fairly attributable to the 5th cent. A.D.

In 1900 Dr. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, C. I. E., who now lives at Oxford, gave the Bodleian the welcome opportunity of purchasing from his own collection 34 palm-leaf MSS. written between the 11th and 16th centuries: among them were no fewer than 4 dated in the 11th cent. It is needless to insist on the importance of this acquisition from a palaeographical point of view.

In 1902 Dr. Hoernle also allowed the Bodleian to purchase from him the Weber fragments, written on both sides of 72 narrow leaves of woolly paper with glazed surface, and assigned for the most part to a date not later than the 5th cent.

Finally, in the same year Dr. Hoernle presented to the library, as a gift on its Tercentenary, the arithmetical MS., upon 70 small leaves of birchbark, known as the Bakhshāli MS., and attributed to the 10th cent.

So that, although the Sanskrit MSS. acquired since the purchase of the Hultzsch collection have been few, they have been extraordinarily choice, and have given the Bodleian an exceptional distinction among the repositories of Indian MSS.

The present catalogue—I forget whether it was Dr. A. Neubauer, then senior Sub-Librarian of the Bodleian, or Prof. Max Müller, who in the first instance suggested to me that Dr. Winternitz, then living in Oxford, should be invited to prepare a second volume of the catalogue of Sanskrit MSS. But I remember that Prof. Max Müller warmly recommended Dr. Winternitz, who had assisted him personally, and in 1896 Dr. Winternitz undertook the work and carried it on till March 1897. The poverty of the Bodleian then compelled the catalogue to be suspended until the University could make a special grant for its execution, and in the meantime Dr. Winternitz had left England.

For the completion of the work Prof. A. A. Macdonell strongly recommended to me Mr. Keith, then still an undergraduate, who had recently obtained the Boden Sanskrit scholarship. A grant was at length obtained from the University, and Mr. Keith commenced work in June 1900. In addition to writing the greater

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part of the present catalogue in 1900 and 1901, he also prepared a supplement to that of Prof. Aufrecht, and a catalogue of Prākrit MSS., both of which will shortly appear.

The printing of the present volume began late in 1901. It was not practicable to divide the editing and correction of the text between the two authors, and accordingly these duties were undertaken by Mr. Keith; but Prof. Winternitz has received a copy of the clean sheets, and has made communications which will be found among the 'Addenda and corrigenda'. The use of Roman instead of Sanskrit type is due to urgent economic reasons.

In cataloguing each separate MS., both authors worked to the same scheme of details, formulated by myself, and their entire readiness to carry out my views in every respect has been a great pleasure to me. The scheme was probably by no means as near to theoretical completeness as that since framed for the new catalogue of Laudian Greek MSS. (which will be found in the Bodleian Staff-Kalendar for 1905), but nevertheless some readers may suspect that it was needlessly minute. Let me assure them that what they may regard as trivialities have not been inserted without sufficient reason. Sometimes the object has been to provide particulars which may ultimately throw light on the origin of the MS. concerned, or of similar MSS. At other times it has been to serve some purpose of the library: for example, if a MS. is stated to be worm-eaten, the object is to prevent it being supposed at some future date that worms are then in the volume.

I must not omit to add that nearly all the proofs have also been read with great care by Mr. A. E. Cowley, M.A., Fellow of Magdalen College, one of the two Sub-Librarians, and that the correspondence involved in the production of the catalogue has been undertaken almost entirely by him. I hope that with his help the rate at which catalogues of Oriental MSS. in the Bodleian are published may be much accelerated: two other such catalogues have been long ready for official revision, but it has been impossible for me personally to find the time to give that revision.

The future continuation of the catalogue—There are 5 MSS. not included in the catalogue: their shelfmarks are MSS. Sansk. d. 332-6. They were bought in 1904 from the late Dr. Leitner's collections, and are on birchbark. They are in such a broken state that until they have undergone a very slow

process of repair they cannot safely be examined, even in order to ascertain their contents.

There is a prospect of the Bodleian being able to acquire other Sanskrit MSS. of importance at no very distant date, and I should be sorry that the learned world should have to wait for the description of them as long as 45 years, which is the interval between the publication of vols. 1 and 2 of the present catalogue. My hope is that it may be possible for us to get our new accessions of Oriental MSS. catalogued as often as there is material for a fresh printed sheet in any given language, and that the Delegates of the Clarendon Press may find it practicable to print and issue the continuation immediately at a fixed price per sheet.

Another hope I have is to see the production of a separate palaeographical album for each important Oriental language—containing full-size collotype facsimiles, carefully chosen and carefully edited, of dated and early undated Bodleian MSS. in that language. European palaeography, despite the length of time during which it has been studied and illustrated, is still only in its youth: Oriental palaeography is only in its infancy. There are almost no considerable collections of palaeographical facsimiles for any given Oriental language, and such as do exist are not always prepared by men who have made an adequate study of their subject. Such a series of Bodleian albums as I have mentioned would immensely increase the facilities for the scientific investigation of Oriental MSS.

E. W. B. NICHOLSON.

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991	42 (R)	1574	. 102	1452 .	· · 35	1127	95
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1610 1002	• • 44	1551	. 104	1231 .	37(R) 38(R)	1121	· · · 97
1002	· · 45 · · 46	1563	. 105 . 106	1460 .	30(R)	1120	99
1068	· · 40	1537	. 100	1173	39(R)	1129	100
1089	48	1579	. 107	1228 .	41 (R)	1143	101
1225	40	1586	. 100	992 .	42	1142	102
1168	50	1529	. 110	909	42*	1140	103
1185	51	1528	. 111	1017 .	43	1141	104
1229	52	1557	. 112	1047 .	44	1133	105

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No. in Catalogue	No. in Collection	No. in Catalogue	No. in Collection	No. in Catalogue	No. in Collection	No. in Catalogue	No. in Collection
	MS. Sansk.		MS. Sansk.		MS. Sansk.		MS. Sansk.
1135	<b>d.</b> 106	1330	<b>d.</b> 169	1338	d. 238	1413	<b>d.</b> 331
	107	1307	170	1344	250		
1137	108	1331	171	1345	251	1054	е. і
IIII	109	1320	172	1346	· · · 253	976	2
1109		1308	173	1347	· · · <sup>2</sup> 54	946	3, 4
1110		1309	174	1348	255	944 • •	5, 6
1107		1 0 0	175	1349	256	1024	· · · 7
1108	113	1310	176 177	1350	· · · 259	8 <b>91</b>	8a
1113	115	1316	178	1352	261	893	9
1105	116	1315	179	1353	263	894	10
1098	117	1322	180	1354	264	1488	11
1100	118	1311	181	1401	265	1116	I2
1101	119	1585	182	1407	267	1176	13(R)
1104	I 20	1542	183	1356	270	1195	14
1472	I2I	1541	184	1358	271	1021	15
1115	I22	I 543 · ·	185	1357 · ·	272	1118	16
1112	123	1549	186	1340	274	1079	17
1106	124	I 545 · ·	187	1342	275	1186	18
1157 1161	126	1573	189	1343	276	897	19 20(R)
1156	127	1575	190	1305	278	1444 1445	21(R)
1160	130	1533	191	1416	281	1577	22(R)
1153	131	1552	192	1385	283	1001	23 (P)
1154	132	1592	193	1386	284	1171	28
1490	133	1593	194	1373	285	1020	41
1485	134	1550	195	1390	286	1061	42
1505	135	1554 · ·	196	1391	287	1073	· · 43
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1496	137	1566	198	1418	289	1003	44*
1515	138	1567	199	1415	290	1071	· · 45
1076 1512	139	1530	200	1362	292	1191	46 · · 47
1499	141	1558	201	1363	293	1479	48
1504	142	1535	203	1378	295	1260	49
1517	143	1589	204	1337	296	1267	50
1508	144	1536	205	1374	297	1248	51
1510	· · · 145	1568	206	1402	299	1270	52
1526	146	1581	207	1400	300	1265	· · 53
•	147	1555 · ·	208	1396	301	1097	• • 54
1522	148	1547 · ·	210	1397	302	1242	· · 55
v	149	1569	· ·	1404	303	1275	56
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1280	152	1526	213	1380	305	1145	50
1281	153	1584	215	1364	310	1099	60
1304	154	1599	216	1376	311	1159	61
1283	155	1606	217	1381	315	1155	62
1296	156	1603	218	1382	316	1492	63
1291	157	1607	219	1383	317	1484	64
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1284	160		222		320	1521	67
1295	161	1467	223	1481	321	1507	68
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1293	164	1465	226	1300	· · · 3 <sup>2</sup> 4 · · · 3 <sup>2</sup> 6	1509	70
1286	165		227	1384	320	1328	72
1288	166		228	-	328	1544	73
1299	167		230	1410	329	1576	74
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		M	ß.	Sa	nsk.	1		1	<b>1</b> 8.	Bar	ısk.			7	<b>1</b> 8.	Saı	ısk.			1	<b>1</b> 8.	San	ısk.
1556				е	. 76	1470				е	. 83	890				. f	. 11	1469				. f.	. 19
1548					77	1468					84	1096	٠.				I 2	1475					20
1559					78	1477					85	1179					14	1471					2 I
1560					79	1478					86	1271					15						
1561					80	1480					87	1498					16	1473				. 8	<b>z</b> . 1
1590					81	1598					88	1553					17	1092					3
1546			•		82	1						1587				•	18						

#### MSS. WALKER

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		MDD. V	VIIIOUIV	
No. in Catalogue	No. in Collection	No. in No. in Catalogue Collection	No. in No. in Catalogue Collection	No. in No. in Catalogue Collection
	MS. Wilson	MS. Wilson	MS. Wilson	MS. Wilson
1084	1	998 279	949 396, 397	1027 467
	2-4	964 359	859 398	865 468
935 · ·	20	883 360	1011 401	1005 469
885	57-60	919 361	1030 403	1018 471
956	62,63	882 362	1150 419	1015 472
	64–66	959 363	1028 426	866 473
958	67	961 364	872 429-432	1083 474
1040	68	957 365	874 433, 434	1085 475
863	69	962 366	873 435-438	1069 476
955 · ·	70,71	926 367, 368	881 439-442	986 477
ŲŲ	72	960 369	875 443	867 478
	· · · 73	1372 371	$877 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot 444$	990 • • • • 479
,	74	911 372	878 445	978 480
884	· · · 75	947 · · · · 373	941 446	1012 484
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886	•	898 376	864 450	1080 491
888		905 377	861 451	937 · · · · 499, 500
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1070	213	969 381	876 455	918 505
1039	248	856 382	936 456	1052 506
01	261	963 383	967 457	1044 508
1341		1026 384	1370 458	1031 509
0/0	264	858 385	1050 460	868 510
•	266	907 387	970 461	1538 522
	267	862 388	968 462	1446 533
1379	269	1360 390	1036 465	$973 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot 537$
1375 · ·	270	1032 394	857 466	1196-1221541-572
1394 . •	271, 272	908 395	1	

#### MSS. ZEND

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1614						C. 2
1613						<b>d.</b> 1
1611						ө. т



## PALAEOGRAPHICAL INDEX

#### OF DATED MSS.

#### AND OF UNDATED MSS. BEFORE A.D. 1500

1	No. in Catalogue & Shelymark	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHABACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGABĪ	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
1090. 1091.	MS. Sansk. c. 17 (P).  MS. Sansk. e. 23 (P).	5th cent.? . 5th-7th cent.?		N. W. Gupta . N.W. Gupta . Kucharī	Birchbark Woolly paper, glazed surface
1431.	MS. Sansk. c. 13 (R).	1050		Kuţila	Palm-leaves
1460.	MS. Sansk. d. 38 (R).	1063	Janārdanasimha	Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1444.	MS. Sansk. e. 20 (R).	1090 %		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
*1428.	MS. Sansk. a. 7 (R).	1095	Ahanakuṇḍa, at Nālanda .	Kuțila	Palm-leaves
1448.	MS. Sansk. a. 8 (R).	rith cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
*1447.	MS. Hodgson 8 (R).	12th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1429.	MS, Sansk. a. 12 $(R)$ .	12th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
*1445.	MS. Sansk. e. 21 (R).	12th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1617.	MS. Sansk. a. 13 (R).	12th-14th cent.?		Kutila     Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1616.	MS. Sansk. b. 6 (R).	12th-14th cent.?		Nepalese ) Bengālī	Palm-leaves
1456.	MS. Sansk. a. 11 (R).	13th cent. ?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1454.	MS. Sansk. c. 14 (R).	13th cent. ?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1130.	MS. Sansk. c. 24 (R).	13th cent. ?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1442.	MS. Sansk. c. 25 (R).	13th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1461.	MS. Sansk. c. 27 (R).	13th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1085.	MS. Wilson 475	1387	at Nandapadra	-	
1464.	MS. Sansk. d. 39 (R).	1392		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1391.	MS. Sansk. d. 287 .	1395			
1110.	MS. Sansk. d. 111 .	1397	at Siddhapura		
1192.	MS. Sansk. c. 15 (R)	14th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1455.	MS. Sansk. c. 16 (R).	14th cent. ?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1439.	MS. Sansk. c. 26 (R).	14th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1595.	MS. Sansk. d. 21 (R).	14th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1613.	MS. Zend d. 1	14th cent.?.	T~ a		
1350.	MS. Sansk. d. 259 .	1402	Jñānasāgara ?		
1349.	MS. Sansk. d. 256 .	1425		371	D. 1
*1430.	MS. Hodgson I (I) .	1428	N:/	Nepalese	Palm-leaves
862.	MS. Wilson 388 (1).	1454	Viśvarūpa, son of Viśvanātha, at Sūryapura		
1143.	MS. Sansk. d. 101 .	1459	Dharmabhadragani, at Siddhapura		
1171.	MS. Sansk. e. 28	1462	F		
1342.	MS. Sansk. d. 275 .	1464	Sumatihemagani		
1235.	MS. Sansk. d. 84	1474			
1361.	MS. Sansk. d. 293 .	1479	Viśvanātha, at Mahīśāsana		
1026.	MS. Wilson 384	1479	Rāŭ Acyuta, son of Rāŭ Govyanda		
1339.	MS. Sansk. c. 126 .	1480	Ton or row Goryanda		
1482.	MS. Sansk. c. 93* (R)	1481	Dhanapati	Bengālī	Palm-leaves
915.	MS. Sansk, d. 16.	1497	<b>r</b>	<b></b>	- 3

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.

1	No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHABACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGARĪ	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
861.	MS. Wilson 451 (7, 8)	1499	Mahamrānāka		
1063.	MS. Mill 119	15th cent.?			
*1142.	MS. Sansk. d. 102 .	15th cent.?			
1141.	MS. Sansk. d. 104 .	15th cent.?			
1490.	MS. Sansk. d. 133 .	15th cent.?.		Sāradā	Birchbark
1090.	MS. Sansk. c. 17			N.W. Gupta .	Birchbark
1181.	MS. Sansk. a. 10 (R).	15th cent.?.			
		15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1227.	MS. Sansk. b. 5 (R)	15th cent.?.		Bengālī	Palm-leaves
1441.	MS. Sansk. c. 28 (R).	15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1434.	MS. Sansk. c. 36 (R).	15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1433.	MS. Sansk. c. 129 (R)	15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1619.	MS. Sausk. d. 12 (R).	15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1228.	MS. Sansk. d. 41 (R).	15th cent.?.		Nepalese	Palm-leaves
1412.	MS. Sansk. d. 330 .	1500	Mahimāsamudra,	Troponoso	
1 112.	110. Sunsk. u. 330 .	1500	pupil of Ānandasamudra	1	
000	MO Wilson of		pupit of Anandasamudra		
882.	MS. Wilson 362	1501			
966.	MS. Wilson 454	1501	n- :- (n : c:		
995.	MS. Mill 64	1511	Rāmaiyā (?), at Girapura		
1098.	MS. Sansk. d. 117 .	1512 }			
968.	MS. Wilson 462	1515	Haridāsa, son of Jāgā,		
	•		at Vaņathalagrāma		
*1134.	MS. Sansk. c. 67	1518			
866.	MS. Wilson 473 (1).	1529	Janārdana		
964.	MS. Wilson 359		00200		
928.	MSS. Wilson 92, 93.	1529			
	MOS. WIISON 92, 93 .	<sup>1</sup> 537	Contle on CNT		
910.	MSS. Mill 98, 99	1553	Gopāla, son of Nārāyaṇa		
965.	MS. Wilson 452	1554	Viṣṇu, son of Prabhākara,		
			at Naspadra		
1307.	MS. Sansk. d. 170 .	1557	Molr, pupil of Soma rei		
914.	MS. Mill 8r	1561			
1109.	MS. Sansk. d. 110 .	1564	at Sārangapura		
918.	MS. Wilson 505 (2) .	1566	Anantaka, son of Gopāla,	į.	
0.00	2200 11 2222 3 23 (2)	1500	at Mājalapura		
1403.	MS. Mill 70	66	Rāvatagorā		
		1566			
1347.	MS. Sansk. d. 254	1569	Upāvaņīdāsa		
1336.	MS. Sansk. d. 232 .	1566	TT 1 - 1/	D -1-	<b>D</b> 1
1158.	MS. Sansk. c. 71 (R).	1568	Hṛdayānandaśarman	Bengālī	Palm-leaves
1481.	MS. Sansk. d. 321 .	1572	at Sīdapura		
954.	MS. Mill 122	1572			
1173.	MS. Sansk. d. 40 (R).	1578	Kahna	Nepalese	Palm-leaves
855.	MS. Wilson 375(1-14)	1582	•	_	
1069.	MS. Wilson 476 (1).	1582			
1025.	MS. Mill 84	1583	at Stambhatīrtha		
1392.	MS. Sansk. d. 288 .				
	MS. Sansk. d. 221 .	1583	Kesoli	1	1
1604.		1585?			
1154.	MS. Sansk. d. 132	1586	Amisundara		
864.	MS. Wilson 450 (4).	1586	Ravijī, son of Raghunātha,		
			at Vārāņasī		
1044.	MS. Wilson 508 (2).	1586			
1334.	MS. Sansk. c. 121 .	1589	Cāmpā,		
	!		son of Sanghavīpāsavīra		
960.	MS. Wilson 369	1589	Jagadīśa		
904.	MS. Mill 91 (2)	1590	9		
953.	MSS. Mill 116, 117.				
		1595			
1396.	MS. Sansk. d. 301 .	1595	Datmanama		
1416.	MS. Sansk. d. 281 .	1596	Ratnasoma, at Ahmadanagara		

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.

1496   MS. Sansk d. 1 37   1596	1	No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A. D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHABACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGARĪ	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
1393. MS. Wilson 364			1596	Vițțhala, at Kāśī		
1337. MS. Sansk. d. 296			1597			1
1337. MS. Sansk. d. 296	1393.	MS. Wilson 364	1598			
961. MS. Wilson 364 . 1598						
961. MS. Wilson 364	1337.	MS. Sansk. d. 206 .	1508			
970. MS. Wilson 361 1599			· · ·	ar Sira vagagrama		
925. MS. Wilson 379 (1)	970.		t .	Siva, son of Vvāsavāsudeva		
1041	925.	MS. Sansk. d. 53		J		
1041. MS. Mill 85 (1)	892.	MS. Wilson 379 (1) .		Vyāsapurusottama,		1
926. MSS. Wilson 369, 368 1601 1031. MS. Wilson 509 . 1602 1036. MS. Wilson 699 . 1602 1036. MS. Wilson 465 (3) . 1603				son of Harinātha		
1031. MS. Wilson 509 . 1602 1036. MS. Wilson 309 (4) . 1602 1036. MS. Wilson 465 (3) . 1603		MS. Mill 85 (1)	1600	Paramānanda		
1360. MS. Wilson 390 (4)   1602   1603	926.	MSS. Wilson 367, 368	1601			
1036. MS. Wilson 465 (3)   1603   1603   1603   1604   1603   1605   1605   1605   1606   1606   1606   1606   1606   1606   1607   1607   1607   1608   1608   1609   1136   1608   1609   1137   MS. Sansk. d. 107   1616   1610   1611   1613   1611   1612   1611   1612   1616   1616   1616   1617   1616   1617   1618   1618   1616   1617   1618   1618   1616   1617   1618   1618   1618   1619   1616   1617   1618   1618   1618   1619   1619   16	1031.	MS. Wilson 509	1602			
904. MS. Mill 91 (1) . 1603 . 1603 . 1603 . 1603 . 1808 . MS. Sansk. d. 112 . 1604		MS. Wilson 390 (4).	1602			
923. MS. Sansk. d. 51 1604		MS. Wilson 465 (3).		Paramānanda, at Kāšī		
1107. MS. Sansk. d. 112			1603	Noluā, son of Viṣṇu		
### Stambhatirtha   ### Stambhatirtha   ### Stambhatirtha   ### Stambhatirtha   ** Sansk. d. 267		MS. Sansk. d. 51				
1407. MS. Sansk. d. 267   1604.   1604.   1605.   1607.   1336.   MS. Sansk. d. 107   1608   1609.   137.   MS. Sansk. d. 108   1610   1611   1612   1611   1612   1613.   MS. Sansk. d. 108   1610   1611   1612   1611   1612   1613.   MS. Sansk. d. 309   1610   Munirayaṇa, at Pattana   Savajī, son of Kāmhāmnuā, at Maphalīpura   Sudaršana, at Kasūhaṇi   Vādyapāl   1614.   MS. Sansk. d. 305   1616   Vādyapāl   Ms. Sansk. d. 305   1616   Vādyapāl   Ms. Sansk. d. 276   1617   Manadayuta   Ms. Sansk. d. 276   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 276   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 276   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 376   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 376   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 376   1618   Ms. Sansk. d. 386.   MS. Wilson 510 (5)   1625   Ms. Sansk. d. 387   1625   Ms. Sansk. d. 387   1625   Ms. Sansk. d. 387   1632   Ms. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   Ms. Wilson 385 (3)   1636   Ms. Wilson 385 (3)   1632   Ms. Wilson 385 (3)   1632   Ms. Wilson 385 (3)   1634   Ms. Sansk. d. 152   1636   Janārdanāšrama, at Vārāṇasī   Odāgopāla   Janārdanāšrama, at Vārāṇasī   Odāgopāla   Janārdanāšrama, at Vārāṇasī   Odāgopāla   Ms. Wilson 502 (3)   1640   Ms. Sansk. d. 260   1643   Ms. Sansk. d. 220   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Ms. Wilson 376 (1)   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Harihāra, son of Govardhana   Munirayaṇa, at Kāsūā   Ms. Kārṇāṭī   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Harihāra, son of Govardhana   Munirayaṇa, at Vārāṇasī   Munirayaṇa, at Vārāṇasī   Marihāmnuā, at Kārṇāṭī   Ms. Sansk. d. 220   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Ms. Wilson 377 (1)   1639   Ms. Sansk. d. 220   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Harihāra, son of Govardhana   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā, at Kārṇāṭī   Ms. Sansk. d. 220   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura   Harihāra, son of Govardhana   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā   Munirayaṇā, at Kārūāā   Munirayaṇā, at Kārūāāā   Munirayaṇā, at Vārāṇāā   Marihāra   Ma	1107.	MS. Sansk, d. 112 .	1604			1
1407. MS. Sansk. d. 267   1607   1608     1487. MS. Sansk. d. 107   1608     1487. MS. Sansk. d. 108   1610   1611     1533. MS. Sansk. d. 191   1611   1612   1613     1398. MS. Sansk. d. 319   1615   Sudarśana, at Kasūhaņi     1408. MS. Sansk. d. 305   1616   Vadyapāl     1344. MS. Sansk. d. 305   1616   Vadyapāl     1344. MS. Sansk. d. 305   1616   Vadyapāl     1404. MS. Wilson 510 (6)   1618   Raghunātha     1014. MS. Mill 120 (3)   1618   Raghunātha     1014. MS. Mill 120 (3)   1625   MS. Sansk. d. 87   1623   Vasavanta     1250. MS. Sansk. d. 87   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Sansk. d. 81   1623   Vasavanta     1250. MS. Sansk. d. 87   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1250. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625   NS. Wilson 385 (3)   1625     1260. MS. Wilson 385 (3)   1636   Vasavanta   NS. Wilson 365   1636   Vasavanta   Varāṇasī   Varāṇasī     1478. MS. Sansk. d. 152   1636   Vasavanta   Varāṇasī   Varāṇasī     1478. MS. Sansk. d. 300   1637   Vasavanta   Varāṇasī   Varāṇ	000	MC 117'1				ŀ
1407. MS. Sansk. d. 267 . 1608 . 1608 . 1818. MS. Sansk. d. 107 . 1608 . 1818. MS. Sansk. d. 108 . 1610	860.	MS. Wilson 504 (2).	1604	Raghunātha, son of Pītām-		
1136. MS. Sansk. d. 107 .   1608   1609   1737   MS. Sansk. d. 108   1610   1611   1733   MS. Sansk. d. 191   1611   1612   1612   1612   1614	1 405	Mg g. 1 1 6.				
1487. MS. Sansk. c. 75				at Ahammandyavāda		
1137. MS. Sansk. d. 108						
992. MS. Mill 88		MO Canal J - 20		36		
1533. MS. Sansk. d. 191 . 904. MS. Mill 91 (3) . 1611				Munirayana, at Pattana		
904. MS. Mill 91 (3)				D 4 -1-		
1046. MS. Walker 181 .				Ratnamalara		
1398. MS. Sansk. d. 319				Sausir son of Vambannua		
1398. MS. Sansk. d. 319    1615	1010.	1201 (// 1211 - 1 - 1	1012			j
1408. MS. Sansk. d. 305       1616        Vādyapāl?         1344. MS. Sansk. d. 250        1617        Ānandayuta         868. MS. Wilson 510 (6)        1618        Raghunātha         1014. MS. Mill 120 (3)        1618        Raghunātha         1343. MS. Sansk. d. 276        1623        at Varahānnapura         1250. MS. Sansk. d. 81        1623        Yaśavanta         868. MS. Wilson 385 (3)        1625        Raghunātha         858. MS. Wilson 385 (2)        1626        Paghunātha         905. MS. Wilson 385 (2)        1630        Paghunātha         963. MS. Wilson 385 (2)        1630        Odāgopāla, at Vārāṇasī       Odāgopāla         1280. MS. Sunsk. d. 152        1636        Janārdanāśrama, at Vārāṇasī       tat Nāsarapura         957. MS. Wilson 363 (3)        1636        tat Nāsarapura         1022. MS. Sansk. d. 300        1640        at Vārāṇasī         1180. MS. Sansk. d. 260        1642	1398.	MS. Sansk. d. 319 .	1615			1
1344. MS. Sansk. d. 250	1408.	MS. Sansk. d. 305 .				
868. MS. Wilson 510 (6) . 1618	1344.					ļ
1014. MS. Mill 120 (3)	868.		lc-ò			
1250. MS. Sansk. d. 81 1623 ? Yaśavanta 868. MS. Wilson 510 (5) 1625	1014.	MS. Mill 120 (3).	<b>16</b> 18	J		
1250. MS. Sansk. d. 81			1623	at Varahānnapura		
858. MS. Wilson 385 (3) . 1625 858. MS. Wilson 385 (2) . 1626 905. MS. Wilson 377 (1) . 1630 963. MS. Wilson 383 1632 967. MS. Wilson 457 1632 1280. MS. Sansk. d. 152 1636 957. MS. Wilson 365 1636 1478. MS. Sansk. e. 86 1636 959. MS. Wilson 363 (3) 1636 1400. MS. Sansk. d. 300 1637 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (1) 1639 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (2) 180. MS. Sansk. d. 260			1623 %			
858. MS. Wilson 385 (2) . 1626 905. MS. Wilson 377 (1) . 1630 963. MS. Wilson 383 1632 967. MS. Wilson 457 1632 1280. MS. Sansk. d. 152 1636 957. MS. Wilson 365 1636 1478. MS. Sansk. e. 86 1636 959. MS. Wilson 363 (3) 1636 1400. MS. Sansk. d. 300 1637 1022. MS. Sansk. e. 8 1637 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (1)	_	MS. Wilson 510 (5).	1625	Raghunātha		
905. MS. Wilson 377 (1) . 1630 963. MS. Wilson 383 1632		MS. Wilson 385 (3).		_		
963. MS. Wilson 383   1632   Odāgopāla, at Vārāṇasī   Odāgopāla   Janārdanāśrama, at Vārāṇasī   Odāgopāla   Janārdanāśrama, at Vārāṇasī   Uddhava, at Vārāṇasī   Uddhava, at Vārāṇasī   Uddhava, at Vārāṇasī   Uddhava, at Vārāṇasī   At Nāsarapura	_	MS. Wilson 385 (2) .	l -			
967. MS. Wilson 457		MS. Wilson 377 (I).				ĺ
1280. MS. Sansk. d. 152 . 1636			. •			
957. MS. Wilson 365		MS. Wilson 457				İ
1478.       MS. Sansk. e. 86		MS. Sansk. d. 152 .				
959. MS. Wilson 363 (3) . 1636 1400. MS. Sansk. d. 300 . 1637 1022. MS. Sansk. e. 8 1637 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (1) . 1639 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (3) . 1640 at Vārāṇasī 1180. MS. Sansk. c. 54 1642 Dāmodaraka 1351. MS. Sansk. d. 260 . 1643 1485. MS. Sansk. d. 134 . 1644 Harinātha, at Kārṇāṭī 1602. MS. Sansk. d. 220 . 1644 Tejā, at Dravyapura 898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) . 1644 Harihara, son of Govardhana						
1400.       MS. Sansk. d. 300       1637          1022.       MS. Sansk. e. 8        1637         1077.       MS. Wilson 502 (1)       1639         1077.       MS. Wilson 502 (3)       1640          1180.       MS. Sansk. c. 54        1642          1351.       MS. Sansk. d. 260       1643         1485.       MS. Sansk. d. 134       1644        Harinātha, at Kārnātī         1602.       MS. Sansk. d. 220       1644        Tejā, at Dravyapura         898.       MS. Wilson 376 (1)       1644        Harihara, son of Govardhana		MS Wilson 363 (3)		at Nasarapura		
1022. MS. Sansk. e. 8   1637   1639   1640   at Vārāṇasī   Dāmodaraka   Sāradā   Birchbark   1351. MS. Sansk. d. 260 .   1643   1644   Harinātha, at Kārṇāṭī   Tejā, at Dravyapura   898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) .   1644   Harihara, son of Govardhana		MS. Sansk d 200	. •	at Samanuna		
1077. MS. Wilson 502 (1) . 1639 1077. MS. Wilson 502 (3) . 1640 at Vārāṇasī 1180. MS. Sansk. c. 54 1642 Dāmodaraka Sāradā Birchbark 1351. MS. Sansk. d. 260 . 1643 1485. MS. Sansk. d. 134 . 1644 Harinātha, at Kārṇāṭī 1602. MS. Sansk. d. 220 . 1644 Tejā, at Dravyapura 898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) . 1644 Harihara, son of Govardhana		MS. Sanak. e. 8		at Serapura		
1077. MS. Wilson 502 (3) . 1640 at Vārāṇasī 1180. MS. Sansk. c. 54 1642 Dāmodaraka						
1180.       MS. Sansk. c. 54		MS. Wilson 502 (2)		at Vārānesī		
1351. MS. Sansk. d. 260 . 1643 1485. MS. Sansk. d. 134 . 1644					Sarada	Birchhark
1485. MS. Sansk. d. 134 . 1644 Harinātha, at Kārņātī 1602. MS. Sansk. d. 220 . 1644 Tejā, at Dravyapura 898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) . 1644 Harihara, son of Govardhana				Z GINVAGI GILG	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Distillation
1602. MS. Sansk. d. 220 .   1644   Tejā, at Dravyapura 898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) .   1644   Harihara, son of Govardhana				Harinātha, at Kārnātī		
898. MS. Wilson 376 (1) . 1644 Harihara, son of Govardhana			1 - ' '			
	898.		1 . ' '			
1004. MIS. SBIBK. U. 23   1044	1532.	MS. Sansk. d. 23.	1644			



## DATED MSS., AND UNDATED MSS. BEFORE A.D. 1500 xvii

N	To. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGARĪ	Material where not Ordinary Paper
1190.	MS. Sansk. d. 55.	1645			
1105.	MS. Sansk. d. 116 .	1646	Brahmalālājīsnu,		
1161.	MS. Sansk. d. 127 .	16467	pupil of Kalyāṇakīrti	Sarada	Glossy white
1174.	MS. Sansk. d. 57	1648	Rāma, at Kurukṣetra?		paper
1234.	MS. Sansk. d. 65.	1648	Dāmodaraka	Sāradā	Birchbark
1264.	MS. Sansk. d. 68	1649	Raghunātha, son of Miśra Srīparamānanda		
954.	MSS. Mill 121-124.	1649-1651.	Sadāśiva, son of Purușottama		
912.	MS. Wilson 378 (1).	1651	Gadādhara, son of Rāvala	•	
1601.	MS. Sansk. c. 119 .	1651			
1573.	MS. Sansk. d. 138 .	1651			1
959.	MS. Wilson 363 (1) .	1653	Harihara, at Süryapura		
859.	MS. Wilson 398 (1) .	1653	Harihara, son of Govardhana		
1044.	MS. Wilson 508 (1).	1653			
1155.	MS. Sansk. e. 62	1654	Nānaka	Sāradā	
1276.	MS. Sansk. d. 89	1655	Gani Uttamacandra, pupil of Vidyācandra, at Vījā		
881.	MSS. Wilson 439-442	1655	Dakşināmūrti		
1145.	MS. Sansk. e. 58	1656		Sarada	Glossy white paper
1027.	MS. Wilson 467	1659	Anantakrana		1
1364.	MS. Sansk. c. 310 .	1663	Santikusala		
1450.	MS. Sansk. d. 227 .	1663			
1606.	MS. Sansk. d. 217 .	1664		İ	
1167.	MS. Sansk. b. 28	16663	Kṛṣṇa, pupil of Rāmacandra	Grantha	Palm-leaves
969.	MS. Wilson 381	1667			
1023.	MS. Sansk. d. 3	1668	Bāīyām, daughter of Sutāra- sūrajī, at Vārāņasī		
1543.	MS. Sansk. d. 185 .	1668	Gānyānavijaya, at Ahammadapura		
1157.	MS. Sansk. d. 126 .	1668		S'āradā	
945 <b>.</b>	MS. Sansk. d. 4	1669	Bāīyām, daughter of Sutārasūrajī		
1121.	MS. Sansk. d. 97	1669	Chajja		
879.	MSS. Mill 155-158.	1670	Dāmodara Sadāsiva		
1230.	MS. Sansk. d. 82	1670	Ţīkamaśarman		
1248.	MS. Sansk. e. 51	1670			
1014.	MS. Mill 120 (2)	1673	Rāmakṛṣṇa		
903.	MS. Mill 65 (1)	1675			
1519.	MS. Sansk. c. 79	1676		,	
1162.	MS. Sansk. d. 87	16763	0	Sarada	Birchbark
1014.	MS. Mill 120 (4).	1677	Sivānanda		
903.	MS. Mill 65 (2)	1678	Rāmadatta, at Argalāpura		
900.	MS. Mill 63	1681	Sankarajī, at Amadāvād	~- ,-	D 1111
1247.	MS. Sansk. d. 88	1693, 1694.	Rājānalasaka	Sāradā	Reddish paper
1041.	MS. Mill 85 (2)	1695	Jāgeśvaraśanghajī		
866.	MS. Wilson 473 (2) .	1698	Raghunātha; son of Vithala		
1360.	MS. Wilson 390 (1).	1701	Jagarāma, pupil of Manoharajī		
959.	MS. Wilson 363 (2).	1702	Ranganātha		1
1135.	MS. Sansk. d. 106 .	1705	Mrgendra Sujāņavijaya, pupil of Rūpavijaya		
1004.	MS. Sansk. d. 11	1706	Srīdhara Raghunātha	1	
1377.	MS. Walker 125	1706		1	
896.	MS. Wilson 449	1707	Cakuna (?), son of Vyāsata- nuja, at Māndhātāpura		

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

N	Io. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A. D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANAGARI	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
1530.	MS. Sansk. d. 200 .	1710	Harikṛṣṇa		
1385.	MS. Sansk. d. 283 .	1711	Munihamsaratna, at Anahillapatana		
1508.	MS. Sansk. d. 144 .	1715	Harīrāma		
1080.	MS. Wilson 491	1715, 1716.	Ratnadeva, son of Harihara		
870.	MSS. Mill 147-150.	1715-1721.	at Benares		
1575.	MS. Sansk. d. 190 .	1718	at Srutimandanapura		
1193.	MS. Sansk. b. 1	17189	Kṛṣṇajī Viṣṇu, at Vārāṇasī		
1126.	MS. Sansk. d. 92	1721	Vadyārthi Laksmīrāma		
1389.	MSS. Mill 57, 58	1722	at Mahimāpura		
861.	MS. Wilson 451 (6).	1724	1		
906.	MS. Mill 66	1727	Sadāśiva, at Baghnapura		1
908.	MS. Wilson 395	1727	Mahādevasarman		
1360.	MS. Wilson 390 (2).	1729	Padmasāgara		
1081.	MS. Mill 144	1730	Kṛṣṇacandra, son of Metārā-		
	••	7.0	macandra, at Amadāvāda		
944.	MSS. Sansk. e. 5, 6 .	1730, 1731 .	Sukharāma, son of Vijaya-		
	Q.	10 / 10	rāma, at Kāśī		
1072.	MS. Sansk. c. 46	1733	Rādhākṛṣṇa		
1590.	MS. Sansk. e. 81	1736			
1079.	MS. Sansk. e. 17 (4).	1738	Thente Jayarāma		
1411.	MS. Sansk. c. 128 .	1739	Naimnasāgara		
1187.	MS. Sansk. d. 58	1739	Rāma (?)		
912.	MS. Wilson 378 (2, 3)	1740	Manasārāma		
1397.	MS. Sansk. d. 302 .	1741	Dayālajī, <b>at</b> Pratāpapura		
860.	MS. Wilson 504 (1).	1741	Candakara		
1069.	MS. Wilson 476 (2).	1742	Gobandarāma, at Rāmapura		
1017.	MS. Sansk. d. 43	1742			
1555.	MS. Sansk. d. 208 .	1743	Chavilerāma, at Argalapura		
861.	MS. Wilson 451 (1-5)	1743	Nandakeśvara		
1079.	MS. Sansk. e. 17(1-4)	1743	Thente Jayarāma		
1359.	MS. Sansk. d. 280 .	1744	Gyānara, at Rūpanagara		
1020.	MS. Sansk. e. 41	1744	70 1 -41		
1012.	MS. Wilson 484 (5).	1745	Raghunātha		
1515.	MS. Sansk. d. 138 .	1746	m 11 - 1 -		
949.	MSS. Wilson 396, 397	1747	Thakkuranandarāma,		
	Ma a 1 (D)		at Vārānasī Tirumala Vasantadharma	27- 2	<b>D.</b> .
1195.	MS. Sansk. c. 14 (R).	1747 1		Nändīnāgarī .	Palm-leaves
1332.	MS. Sansk. c. 87	1749	Sādhucaraṇadāsa		
1274.	MS. Sansk. c. 66	1750	Rādhākṛṣṇa,		
005	MC Wilson one (a)		at Karṇakuṇḍala Nedalāla, son of Udekaraṇa		
905.	MS. Wilson 377 (3) .	1750	Umāpati		
1001.	MS. Sansk. d. 45	1750	Nandarāma		
1051.	MS. Mill 103	1751	Rāvala Ānandarāma,		
1288.	MB. Bansk. G. 100 .	1751	son of Raghupati		
971.	MS. Wilson 453 · ·	1752	Ganapatajī,		
	250 0 1		son of Dave Vāsaņajī		
1061.	MS. Sansk. e. 42	1752	1		
1052.	MS. Wilson 506	1752	361- 1 " 636"		
1417.	MS. Sansk. d. 326 .	1753	Mahānanda, pupil of Moṭājit		
1222.	MS. Sansk. d. 63	1753			
871. 938.	MSS. Mill 151-154.	1754-1757	Drl. Lawrence and C. W.		
	MS. Mill 80	17569	Bālakṛṣṇa, son of Kṛṣṇa,	İ.	ı

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.



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1	No. in Catalogue & Shelfmare	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANAGARI	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
1547.	MS. Sansk. d. 210 .	1757		Kāśmīrī Nāgarī	
924.	MS. Sansk. d. 52	1758, 1759			
947.	MS. Wilson 373	1759	Dhaneśvara Purusottama, at Vārānasī		
1362.	MS. Sansk. d. 292 .	1759	Mumuksamota		
911.	MS. Wilson 372	1760	Dhanesvara Purusottama		
898.	MS. Wilson 376 (2, 3)	1760	Dhaneśvara Purusottama		
946.	MSS. Sansk. e. 3, 4.	1760-1762.	Jīvanarāma, son of Sivaśan-		
			kara, at Vārāņasī		
951.	MS. Mill 146	1761	Dhaneśvara Purusottama, at Vārāņasī		
913.	MS. Wilson 374	1761	(Dhaneśvara Purusottama)		
1055.	MS. Sansk. d. 46	1761	,		
856.	MS. Wilson 382	1761	Dhaneśvara Purusottama		
907.	MS. Wilson 387	1761	Dhaneśvara Purusottama		
899.	MS. Wilson 380	1761, 1762.	Dhaneśvara Purusottama		
1519.	MS. Sansk. d. 225 .	1764	Dave Mathurānātha		
1589.	MS. Sansk. d. 204 .	1766	Harasahāya		
1522.	MS. Sansk. d. 148 .	1767	Thākara Manoratharāma,		
1022.	MD. Danisk. u. 140 .	1707	at Sürgrāma in Avanti		
1119.	MSS. Sansk. c. 19, 20	6	Jailāla		
1082.	MC Wilson .00	1767-1777.			
	MS. Wilson 488	1768	Dhaneśvara Purusottama		
1471.	MS. Sansk. f. 21	1769	A 15 - 701 /		
909.	MS. Sansk. d. 42*.	1771	Ambārāma Dhanesvara		
858.	MS. Wilson 385 (1).	1771			
1019.	MS. Mill 96	1772	_		
1016.	MS. Mill 94	1773, 1774 .	Anantabhatta Remaņa, at Kāśī		٠
1073.	MS. Sansk. e. 43	1777			
1169.	MSS. Sansk. c. 21, 22	1777-1791.	Mathurānātha, at Nandagrāma		
1383.	MS. Sansk. d. 317 .	1778	Kşamākamala ?		
864.	MS. Wilson 450 (3).	1778			
936.	MS. Wilson 456	1780	Harikisna, at Kāśī		
1118.	MS. Sansk. e. 16	1780	Dājībhaṭṭa,		
		-	son of Thente Jayarama		
869.	MS. Mill 127 (1)	1780	CV 13 1-		
1083.	MS. Wilson 474	1781	Sankarajī		
1079.	MS. Sansk. e. 17(5).		Theṇṭe Siddheśvara		
1540.	MS. Sansk. c. 40*(5).	1781			
1540.	MS. Sansk. c. 40* (6).	1781			
1302.	MS. Sansk. c. 90	1782	Harinanda		
1505.	MS. Sansk. d. 135 .	1783	Rāmakṛṣṇa		
1391.	MS. Wilson 263	1783			
1018.	MS. Wilson 471 (1).	1783	1		
1322.	MS. Sansk. d. 180 .	1784			
1503.	MS. Sansk. d. 59	1785, 1786.	Dayā Sankara, son of Nārānajya		
	MS. Sansk. d. 75	1786	Keśavarāma		
1263.		1787			
	MS. Sansk. e. 78		1	1	
1263. 1559. 1144.	MS. Sansk. e. 78 MS. Sansk. c. 34	1787-1790.	Lālā Mahatābarāya		
1559. 1144.	MS. Sansk. c. 34	1787-1790.	Sir W. Jones		
1559. 1144. 1244.	MS. Sansk. c. 34 MS. Sansk. c. 37	1787-1790.			
1559. 1144. 1244. 1156.	MS. Sansk. c. 34	1787–1790. 1788 1788	Sir W. Jones Lālā Mahatābarāya		
1559. 1144. 1244.	MS. Sansk. c. 34 MS. Sansk. c. 37	1787-1790.	Sir W. Jones		

ı	Jo. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGARĪ	Material where not Ordinary Paper
1175.	MS. Sansk. c. 23	1792	Ghāsīrāma, at Kāśī		
1103.	MS. Sansk. c. 69	1793	Bhaṣatarāma, pupil of Nānigadāsajī		
1327.	MS. Sansk. c. 99	1793	Harasukha		
1007.	MS. Mill 109	1793	Lālaka		
993.		1793	(Lālaka)		
1078.	MS. Wilson 503 (1-4)	1793	(		
1558.	MS. Sansk. d. 202 .	1794	Changamiśra, at Indraprastha		
868.		1794	Haragyāna, at Kāśī		
1526.	MS. Sansk. d. 214 .	1794	Motīrāma, at Indraprastha		
876.	MS. Wilson 455	1794	Vaijanātha,		
	100	12.	son of Kāśīnātha Bāpaya		
894.	MS. Sansk. e. 10.	1794	Vişnubhatta Karbalakara		
862.		1795	· · ·		
886.	MSS. Wilson 78-86.	1795-1834.	Kṛṣṇa ?		
1430.	MS. Hodgson I (2) .	1796		Newārī	Yellow pape
		.,,			in shape o
					palm-leave
1172.	MS. Sansk. d. 62	1797	son of Amaracanda		_
1301.	MS. Sansk. d. 162 .	1797			
1314.	MS. Sansk. c. 100 .	1798	1		
872.	MSS.Wilson 429-432	1798, 1799.	Vāvulāta		
1267.		1800	Vārāma		
1580.	MS. Sansk. b. 4	1800			
1010.		1801	Acyutāśrama, at Vārāņasī		
1009.	MS. Wilson 87	18019	Acyutāśrama, at Kāśī		
1164.	MS. Sansk. c. 70	1802		Sāradā	
1493.		1802			İ
919.	MS. Wilson 361	1804			
956.	MSS. Wilson 62, 63.	1804-1806.	Kalyāṇa, son of Devadatta, at Vārāṇasī	•	
958.	MS. Wilson 67	1805			1
863.	<i>-</i>	1805		1	
893.	MS. Sansk. e. 9	1806	Visnubhatta Karbalakara		
1015.		1807			
1536.		1810	Changaramamiśra		į
1273.	MS. Walker 153	1810	Sīmajī, son of Chaganaji,		1
		0 1	at Bhujanagara		
1070.	MS. Wilson 213	1810 }			
1122.	MS. Sansk. d. 100 .	1810-18153			
1128.	MS. Sansk. d. 98	1812			
1552.	MS. Sansk. d. 192 .	1812			
883.	MS. Wilson 360	1812	M:/		
1308.		1813	Miśramotīrāma		
940.	MSS. Wilson 447, 448	1813, 1814.	Jivanarāma Jyotisī		
874.	MSS. Wilson 433, 434	1814	Jivanarāma Jyotiṣī		
1040.	MS. Wilson 68	1814			
873.	MSS. Wilson 435–438	1814	Nārāvono		
955.	MSS. Wilson 70, 71.	1815	Nārāyaṇa Gangādāsa		
1568.	MS. Sansk. d. 206 .	1815	Gangādāsa		
980.	MS. Wilson 76	1815			
981.	MS. Wilson 77	1815			
1538.	MS. Wilson 522 (1) . MS. Wilson 267	1815	Sambhurāma, at Jayapura		
440-	NIN WILCOM ON'T	1816	i paminingrama, <b>at</b> Jayapura	l	
			, , ,		
1405. 1501. 1578.	MS. Sansk. c. 77 MS. Sansk. c. 107	1816 1817	, ,		

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.



1	No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	Date A. D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINABY DEVANAGARI	MATERIAL WHERE NOT OBDINARY PAPER
1538.	MS. Wilson 522 (2) .	1817			
1538.	MS. Wilson 522 (3).	1818			ĺ,
1449.	MS. Hodgson 6	1819		Newārī	Thick yellow
977.	MS. Sansk. c. 5	1819			paper
1060.	MS. Sansk. d. 48	1819	Dāmodara, son of Hari, at Sūryapura		
988.	MS. Sansk. c. 9	1819	_		
1538.	MS. Wilson 522 (4) .	1819			
150 <b>2</b> .	MS. Sansk. e. 69	1820	Kahnīrāma	1	
1458.	MS. Sansk. c. 33 (R).	1820		Sinhalese	Palm-leaves
1221.	MS. Wilson 572	1820-1832		·	
1375.	MS. Wilson 270	1821			
1394.	MSS. Wilson 271, 272	1821		1	
1372.		_			
	MS. Wilson 371	1821			
1018.	MS. Wilson 471 (2) .	1821		1	
937.	MSS. Wilson 499, 500	1821 ?			
1538.	MS. Wilson 522 (5).	1821			
1497.	MS. Sansk. c. 3	1822	Nāgeśabhaṭṭa Lāṭakara, son of Govindabhaṭṭa		
1266.	MS. Sansk. d. 73	1822			
1038.	MS. Wilson 73	1822			
1379.	MS. Wilson 269	1822			ļ
1399.	MS. Sansk. c. 127 .	1823	Bakhatarāma,		
1000.	BID. Dallak. C. 127	1023	pupil of Nānigadāsajī	1	
1990	MC Wilson str	-0	S. C. Ghose	]	
1220.	MS. Wilson 571	1823			
1469.	MS. Sansk. f. 19	1823	Ranj Kissow Goopt   Miśrakālikādāsa,		
		_	son of Ayodhyānātha		
*1453.	MS. Hodgson 2	1823	atSuvarņapaņārimahānagara	Newārī	Yellow paper
1210.	MSS.Wilson 558-560	1823-1830			
1115.	MS. Sansk. d. 122 .	1825			
885.	MSS. Wilson 57-60.	1825 3			
1612.	MS. Or. Polygl. c. 2.	1825-1829			
1197.	MS. Wilson 543	1825-1830.	Cornell		
1199.	MS. Wilson 546	1825-1830.	Krishna		
1200.	MS. Wilson 547	1825-1830.	Ranj Kissow		
1201.	MS. Wilson 548	1825-1830.	Ranj Kissow		
1205.	MSS Wilson ffa ffa		Ranj Kissow		
	MSS. Wilson 552, 553	1825-1830.			
1208.	MS. Wilson 556	1825-1830.	Ranj Kissow Doss		
1213.	MS. Wilson 563	1825-1830.	Ranj Kissow Doss		
1198.	MSS. Wilson 544, 545	1825-1830.	J. C. Roy		
1196.	MSS. Wilson 541, 542	1825-1830.	J. C. Roy & S. C. Ghose		
<b>1202.</b>	MS. Wilson 549	1825-1830			
1209.	MS. Wilson 557	1825-1830			
1211.	MS. Wilson 561	1825-1830			
1212.	MS. Wilson 562	1825-1830			
1214.	MS. Wilson 564 · ·	1825-1830			
1215.	MS. Wilson 565	1825-1830			
1507.	MS. Sansk. c. 68.	1826		1	!
1551.	MS. Sansk. c. 104 .	1826	Cowardhan	1	
1296.	MS. Sansk. d. 156 .	1826	Govardhana, at Ahillanapattana		
1160.	MS. Sansk. d. 130 .	1826			
1488.	MS. Sansk. e. II	1826 }			
	MS. Wilson 570	1827	Ranj Kissow Doss	1	
1219.	MIS. WIBOH 570	1027	2001j 111000 W 2000		

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.

1	No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANĀGARĪ	Material where not Ordinary Paper
1467.	MS. Sansk. d. 223 .	1827			
1206.	MS. Wilson 554	1827			
1207.	MS. Wilson 555	1827			
1216.	MS. Wilson 566	1827			
1217.	MS. Wilson 568	1827, 1828.	Krishna & Ghosala		
1203.	MS. Wilson 550	1827, 1828			
1218.	MS. Wilson 569	1827, 1828			
1204.	MS. Wilson 551	1828			
1089.	MS. Wilson I	1828 ?			
935.	MS. Wilson 20	1828 }			
972.	MSS. Wilson 2-4.	1828 3			
931.	MSS. Wilson 64-66.	1828 ?			
1592.	MS. Sansk. d. 193 .	1829	Vihārīdāsa, at Vākāpurī		
1229.	MS. Sansk. c. 52	1829	Vinariasa, at Vakapari		
921.	MSS. Mill 100, 101.	1829, 1835.	Vāmanabhaṭa,		
J21.	MOO. MIH 100, 101 .	1029, 1035.	son of Ballambhata		
1292.	MS. Sansk. c. 85	1830	Vākaņasivadyāla		
1426.	MSS. Hodgson 4, 5	•	v akanasi vadyana	Monologo	
920.	MS. Mill 93	1830		Nepalese	
1324.		1831	V		
1324.	MS. Sansk. c. 97	1832	Vrajagopāladāsa,		
000	MG Gamala J ac		at Vrndavana		
939.	MS. Sansk. d. 26	1833-1853.	Nārāyaṇa Golavalkara		
			Rāmakṛṣṇa, son of Mahā-		
-04	3.60 3.611		deva Guṇavallīkara	1	
984.	MS. Mill 29	1833	Vrsapati		
*1177.	MS. Sansk. d. 56	1833	Vyāśabhāi Sankara		
1100.	MS. Sansk. d. 118 .	1833			
1056.	MS. Mill 50	1833 }			
1087.	MS. Mill 76	1834	Ekadanta		
1546.	MS. Sansk. e. 82	1834	Thākara Gaṇapati		
979.	MS. Mill 3	1834			
901.	MS. Mill 32	1834			
1053.	MS. Sansk. d. 13	1835	Laksmaņa Bodasa,		
	:		son of Nārāyaṇa		
887.	MSS. Mill 24-26 g .	1835			
996.	MSS. Mill 68, 69	1835			
1540.	MS. Sansk. c. 40* (3)	1836			
1494.	MS. Sansk. c. 74	1836			
1008.	MS. Mill. 35	1836?			
1540.	MS. Sansk. c. 40* (1)	1837			
1260.	MS. Sansk. c. 58	1837			
1563.	MS. Sansk. c. 105 .	1838	Kālikāprasāda		
933.	MS. Mill 114	1838	Mahādeva ?		
1566.	MS. Sansk. d. 198 .	1838	Rāşīvālakālikāsāda?		
1591.	MS. Sansk. c. 113 .	1838	I was to the second of the sec		
1593.	MS. Sansk. d. 194 .	1839	Kālikāprasāda		
952.	MSS. Mill 116, 117.	1839	Govindarāma		
974.	MS. Mill 56	1839	GOTHUAL AINA		
1086.	MS. Mill 142	1839			
1185.	MS. Sansk. c. 51				
		1839			
1268.	MS. Sansk. c. 60	1839, 1840			
1576.	MS. Sansk. e. 74	1840			
1540.	MS. Sansk. c. 40* (2)	1841	77-77		
	MS. Sansk. c. 112 .	1841	Kālikāprasāda		
1509.	MS. Sansk. e. 70	1841	Phalerāma?		
1545.	MS. Sansk. d. 187 .	1841	Thākara Gaņapati	1	

<sup>\*</sup> at beginning of line means that the MS. has pictures or other noteworthy ornamentation.



No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark		DATE A.D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANAGARI	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINABY PAPER
1564.	MS. Sansk. e. 75	1841	Ţhākara Gaņapati		
1539.	MS. Sansk. c. 40 (1).	1842	_		
1282.	MS. Sansk. c. 86	1842			
1582.	MS. Sansk. c. 114 .	1842			
1539.	MS. Sansk. c. 40 (2).	1843			
1574.	MS. Sansk. c. 102 .	1844			
1463.	MS. Sansk. d. 24	1845	Srīnivāsa, son of Sāmācārya		
1584.	MS. Sansk. d. 215 .	1845	•		
1572.	MS. Sansk. d. 189 .	1848			
1556.	MS. Sansk. e. 76	1848			
1006.	MS. Sansk. c. 1	18481			
1506.	MS. Sansk. c. 82	1849			
1621.	MS. Or. Polygl. f. 1 .	1851-1853.	The Rev. Solomon Cæsar Malan		
1265.	MS. Sansk. e. 53	1852			
1123.	MS. Sansk. d. 10.	1853	Yogarāja, at Lavapura		}
1255.	MS. Sansk. c. 62	1853	Sukhadeva		
1553.	MS. Sansk. f. 17	1853			
1045.	MS. Sansk. d. 25	1855			
1583.	MS. Sansk. c. 117 .	1855-1858.	Kāladāsa		
1620.	MS. Sansk. c. 133 (1)	1859	Prof. Horace Hayman Wilson		
1186.	MS. Sansk. e. 18	1864?		Telugu	
1504.	MS. Sansk. d. 142 .	1867	Abhaya <b>í</b> aṅkara		
1608.	MS. Sansk. c. II	1875 7			
1188.	MS. Sansk. d. 61.	1877			
1437.	MS. Sansk. d. 5	1879-1885.	Kenjiu Kasawara		ĺ
1438.	MS. Sansk. d. 6	1879-1885.	Kenjiu Kasawara		
1419.	MS. Sansk. a. 3 (2) .	1880	Bunyiu Nanjio (Japanese)	•	
1420.	MS. Sansk. a. 4 (2) .	1880	Bunyiu Nanjio (Japanese)		
1421.	MS. Sansk. a. 5 (2) .	1880	Bunyiu Nanjio (Japanese)		
1422.	MS. Sansk. a. 6 (2, 3)	1880	Bunyiu Nanjio (Japanese)	i	
1443.	MS. Sansk. d. 30	1880	Kaigon Fugimura (Ĵapanese)	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
	J			•	transparent
	İ				paper
1435.	MS. Sansk. d. 28	1880	K. Kanematsu (Japanese),	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
			at Kōkizi	-	transparent
					paper
1419.	MS. Sansk. a. 3 (1) .	1880	K. Kanematsu & Y. Ōta	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
	• ,		(both Japanese)	•	transparent
					paper
1420.	MS. Sansk. a. 4 (1).	1880	K. Kanematsu & Y. Ōta	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
			(both Japanese)	_	transparent
			`		paper
1452.	MS. Sansk. d. 35	1880	K. Kanematsu & Y. Ōta	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
	•		(both Japanese)	<u>-</u>	transparent
					paper
1436.	MS. Sansk. d. 29	1880	Kaishin Kurehito (Japanese),	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
			at Kōkizi	-	transparent
					paper
1419.	MS. Sansk. a. 3 (3) .	1880	Kaishin Kurehito (Japanese)	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
	3 (3)		\	<u>-</u>	transparent
				ļ <sup>*</sup>	paper
1421.	MS. Sansk. a. 5 (1) .	1880	Kaishin Kurehito (Japanese)	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
			` • '	<u> </u>	transparent
					paper
1422.	MS. Sansk. a. 6 (1) .	1880	Kaishin Kurehito (Japanese)	Hōriuzi script	Japanese
			1	·	transparen
			1	1	paper

## PALAEOGRAPHICAL INDEX

No. in Catalogue & Shelfmark	DATE A. D.	SCRIBE & PLACE	CHARACTER OF WRITING WHERE NOT ORDINARY DEVANAGARI	MATERIAL WHERE NOT ORDINARY PAPER
1451. MS. Sansk. d. 34	1880	Kaishin Kurehito (Japanese)	Hōriuzi script	Japanese transparent paper
1424. MS. Sansk. b. 32	1880	(Japanese?)	Hōriuzi script	F-F-
1423. MS. Sansk. c. 38 (R)	1880	(Japanese?)	Hōriuzi script	
1620. MS. Sansk. c. 133 (2)		Vallabhajī Nandaśarman, son of Haridanta Nanda- śarman, at Rājkot	•	
1620. MS. Sansk. c. 133 (3)	1893	Ranganāthācārya, at Venkatagiri		
897. MS. Sansk. e. 19	1894	N. C. Mookerjea		
1577. MS. Sansk. e. 22 (R).				1

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  - A catalogue of Sanskrit manuscripts in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge. Cambridge, 1869 (Cambridge catal.)
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  - Florentine Sanskrit manuscripts examined by dr. T. Aufrecht. Leipzig, 1892 (Flor. catal.)
  - Katalog der Sanskrit-Handschriften der Universitäts-Bibliothek zu Leipzig. Leipzig, 1901 (*Leipzig* catal.)
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#### CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS

#### A. (§§ 1-16) VEDIC LITERATURE

#### 1. COLLECTANEOUS

**855** (1-16)—MS. Wilson 375 Sāma-veda treatises, A.D. 1582 & 18th cent.?

Contents: sixteen treatises, concerned with the Sāma-veda. Of these 1-14 are by the same scribe, while 15 and 16 are probably by a second, much later hand.

- 1. The Anukramani of the Sāma-veda in the Naigeyaśākhā. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 13<sup>v</sup>. The (2) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 8, 13<sup>v</sup>. Cf. 16. Part i is here called the Naigeyānām ārṣeyam; part ii the Naigeyānām daivatam. Identical with the work partially described in Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. 4; Mitra, Notices, p. 201. Cf. Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 227.
- 2. The Pañcavidhasūtra in two prapāṭhakas. It begins on f. 14 and ends on f. 19<sup>v</sup>. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 17, 19<sup>v</sup>, respectively. See Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 210; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 320.
- 3. The Kalpānupadasūtra in two prapāṭhakas. It begins on f. 20° and ends on f. 32°. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 26°, 32°. See Max Müller, l. c.
- 4. The Samhitopanisad Brāhmaņa, part of the Talavakāra Brāhmaņa. It begins on f. 33 and ends on f. 35°. Ed., with commentary, by A. Burnell, 1877.
- 5. The Kṣaudrasūtra in three prapāṭhakas. It begins on f. 36<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 54. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 41<sup>v</sup>, 48, 54. See Max Müller, l.c.; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 45.
- 6. The Avagrahaśaka, a pariśista. It consists of two short sentences beginning on f. 55: athāvagṛhyam aticaturakṣaram padam i vibhāgo ca i
- 7. The Adhanavidhi, a parisista. It is about twice the size of 6. It begins on f. 55 and ends on f. 55°. Identical with the work in MS. Wilson 466 (20), q.v.
- 8. The Avasathyādhāna, a parišista. It begins on f. 56: ādhānam tu pravaksyāmi yathoktam munibhāsitam i niḥśreyasārthino hy atra pravadamti manīṣinah iiiiii There are twenty-one verses, and the work ends on f. 56°.

- 9. The Anavagraha, a parisista. Merely a fragment, consisting of the end of a section marked 8, and sections 9, 10, of a piece entitled on f. 57: hitavākyaḥ samāptaḥ i iti navagrahā samāptaḥ i Bodl. catal., p. 377 b, conjectures Anavagraha, as the last section ends: ity eti jñātavyā anavagrahāḥ i The contents prove this emendation correct.
- 10. The Sāmasaṃkhyā, a pariśiṣṭa. A short piece counting twenty sections, only fifteen of which are legible. It begins and ends on f. 57. The beginning is: atha tu chalā i rathaṃ hu gī dau pe dho ju ghū dū ii ii The end: iti sāmmasaṃkhyā ii 205 (?) ii jahachalā samāptaḥ i Cf. MS. Wilson 510, to which this work is similar.
- 11. The Amṛtāharaṇa, a pariśiṣṭa. It begins on f. 58°: om namah śrīsāmavedāya i yasyāmdā sphoṭa-śabdād daśa diśo bhuvanakampitāh saptalokāh pātāle pannagālaye vanagajasahitam kachapam bhakṣayitvā tu sukruddho vajratumdah surāsuravinirjitāstām prajāpatis tam vamde kaśyaye yo 'tulabalah pātu vo vainateyāh and ends on f. 67. The (2) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 63, 67. It is a stotra of the snakes.
- 12. The Rktantravyākaraņa, a parišiṣṭa, attributed to Sākaṭāyana (Aufrecht, Catalogus catalogorum, p. 71<sup>a</sup>). It begins on f. 68 and ends on f. 71. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 69, 69<sup>v</sup>, 70, 70<sup>v</sup>, 71, respectively. Edited by Burnell, Mangalore, 1879. It is practically a śikṣā, Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 144, note.
- 13. The Stobhānusamhāra, a parišiṣṭa. It begins on f. 72<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 77. It is not divided into two prapāṭhakas. See Burnell, *Vedic MSS.*, p. 43; Max Müller, p. 144, note.
- 14. The Gītakaṇḍikā, a parisiṣṭa. It begins on f. 78<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 85. The first words are: brhad Bhāradvājam Agnim dūtam: The verses are from the Sāma, and at the beginning are figured for chanting.
- 1-14 are very carefully written. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines.
- 15. (a) The Pranata, a parisista. It begins on f. 86 and ends on f. 86, in sixteen verses. Then it begins over again in a text with each word separated,

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BOOL SANS, CATAL. II.

ending on f. 87, with seventeen verses. Verse I is: namaskṛtvātha pitaram gurum caiva Ganeśvaram I ārcikasya tu vakṣyāmi chamḍaś caivārṣadaivatam 1111

- (b) The S'rāvaṇavidhi, a parisista. It begins on f. 87: athātah sarveṣāṃ vratānāṃ śrāvaṇavidhiṃ vyā-khyāsyāmaḥ i It ends on f. 88: iti śrāvaṇavidhi samāptah i
- (c) The Mahānāmnī, a parisista on the Mahānāmnī verses. It begins and ends on f. 88: mahānāmnyas trayodasa padās caturdasottamā tāsām vivekah pūrve pade dvipadā gāyatrī prathamā vistārapanktih, &c. 1
- 16. The Naigeyārcikānukrama, being an Anukramaņī of the Sāma-veda, Naigeyaśākhā, of Ananta, son of Bhīma. Of the three prapāthakas, the first two give the rṣis and deities of the hymns, following the notices in 1; the third is a chapter on metre, beginning on f. 89 and ending on f. 104. The prapāthakas end on ff. 94, 99, 104.

15 and 16 are carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

In both portions of the MS. yellow pigment is frequently used for erasures.

Former owners: on f. 13<sup>v</sup>, in a later hand than that of the text, is: travādīraghunāthasyedam pustakam i On f. 14 and elsewhere appears: tri gopināthasya i tri pītāmbarasya i

These apply only to 1-14.

On f. 104: Ch. Law.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 104 + ii.

Date: for 1-14 the following dates are given:

- f. 19<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1638 (= A.D. 1582) varše šrāvaņašudi 4 bhome i
- f. 55<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1638 varše šrāvaņašudi 2 ravau 1
- f. 56v: samvat 1638 varse śrāvaņasudi 3 some 1
- f. 67: samvat 1638 varşe āşādhavadi 14 guru t
- f. 71: samvat 1638 varşe śrāvaņaśudi I sanau I
- f. 77: samvat 1638 varşe śrāvaņaśudi 4 bhome 1
- f. 85: samvat 1638 varse ākhādhavadi 12 bhome i

15 and 16 are without date, but are probably of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 856 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 382 Karmapradīpa, and Sāmavidhāna Brāhmaņa, A. D. 1761.

Contents: two MSS. by the same hand.

1. The Karmapradīpa, a parišista to Pāraskara's Grhya Sūtra, of the White Yajur-veda. Quite a late

work, possibly posterior to the Gobhila Gṛhya Pariśiṣṭa; see Z.D.M.G., XXXV, 533 sq., esp. p. 535. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 45<sup>v</sup>. There are three prapāṭhakas.

Prapāthaka I is in ten sections, each containing on an average about fifteen verses, which end on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 5, 6<sup>v</sup>, 7, 8<sup>v</sup>, 10<sup>v</sup>, 12, 15, 16<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>.

Prapāthaka II is in ten similar sections, which end on ff. 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23, 25<sup>v</sup>, 27<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 30, 32<sup>v</sup>, 34<sup>v</sup>, 36.

Prapāthaka III is in ten similar sections, which end on ff. 37°, 38°, 39, 39°, 40°, 41°, 42°, 43°, 44°, 45.

Ff. 45<sup>v</sup> and 46 contain a few lines on the following subject, athātas chandasām usargopākaraņam kriyām vyākhyāsyāmah 1

The MS. is fairly accurate. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. On f. 39 is a lacuna.

- Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 97. Prapāthaka I was edited by F. Schrader, Halle, 1889. Printed in Dharmaśāstrasamgraha, I, 603-644.
- 2. The Sāmavidhāna, a Brāhmaņa of the Sāma-veda. Edited by Burnell, Mangalore, 1873. It begins on f. 47<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 76. The (3) prapāthakas end on ff. 57, 66, 76. The text is fairly accurate. Cf. Hraīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 105.

In both parts the text is bounded on either side by two black lines. On f. 47 is a drawing.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 76 + i.

Date: for 1 no date is given, but it is by the same hand as 2. For 2 the date occurs on f. 76: samvat 1817 (= A.D.1761) varse posamāse suklapakse 10 dašami brīguvāsare.

Scribe: for 1 his name is given on f. 45<sup>v</sup>: likhitam gatripāṭhidhaneśvara śubham bhūyāt tro amareśvarasyedam pustakam i

For 2 it occurs on f. 76: modhacāturvedījāātīya tripāthidhaneśvarapurusottama subham bhūyāt i tripāthiamareśvarapathanārtham i

For this scribe cf. MS. Wilson 380.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 857 (1-20)—MS. Wilson 466 Parisistas of the Sāma-veda, 19th cent.?

Contents: twenty parisistas of the Sama-veda,—see Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 59.

1. Sāmagānām Chandas, a compilation on metre, in eight sections. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 7: chamdovid eva vipras tu dharmatas tadguņāśritaķ i chamdasām eti sālokyam amrtatvam ca gacchatīty āha

bhagavān Gārgyo Gārgya 11411 iti Sāmagānām chamdah samāptam 1 His authorities are given in verse 1, quoted in Bodl. catal., p. 383b. See for other MSS., Peterson, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 180; Stein, Kashmir catal., p. xvii, 257.

- 2. Kratusamgraha, a treatise on sacrifice. It begins on f. 7<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah i athāgnistomasamsthena jyotistomena yo yajet i It ends on f. 9: iti Kratusamgrahapariśistam samāptam i It consists of twentynine ślokas.
- 3. Viniyogasamgraha, in thirty-three verses. It begins on f. 9: om namah Sāmavedāya 1 atha viniyoya-samgrahah 1 brāhmaņaprathamādhyāye mamtrānām viniyojanam 1 atrādau vṛta udgātā mahad ityādikam japet 1111. It ends on f. 11.
- 4. Somotpatti,—see Weber, Catal., I, 78. This MS. has twenty-nine ślokas. It begins on f. 11: Agnihotram hutāsīnam Gārgyavrddham mahāmunim I vinayenopasamkramya Bhāgurih pariprechati III II ends on f. 13: iti Somotpattih samāptā I So Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. 8, no. 120.
- 5. Naigeyānām rkṣu ārṣam and daivatam, being Anukramanis of the rṣi and deity of the Sāmans. The ārṣam begins on f. 13 and ends on f. 25. The (6) prapāṭhakas of the first ārcika of the Sāma-veda end on ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 16, 17<sup>v</sup>, 19, 20, 21; the first having ten, the sixth nine, sections. It ends on f. 25: Naigeyānām rkṣu ārṣam samāptam i prathamaprapāṭhakah i The daivatam begins on f. 25: om namah i vedavidbhyo namaskṛṭya Negebhyas tu viseṣah i tṛcarccārddharca-pādānām teṣām vakṣyāmi daivatam uiu It ends on f. 34: iti Naigeyānām rkṣu dadhanam samāptam i dvitīyah prapāṭhakah i The notices here bearing on the differences between the Naigeya and Rāṇāyanīya schools are collected by Benfey, Die Hymnen des Sāma-veda, p. 258 sq. Cf. MS. Wilson 375 (1).
- 6. Vṛṣotsargaparisiṣṭa, treating of the ceremonies to be observed at the liberation of a bull. It begins on f. 34: Kārttikyāmayane caiva phālgunyām aṣṭakāsu ca i āṣāḍhyām viṣuce caiva pauṣe aśvayugasya ca u i u It ends on f. 35°: iti ha smāha Kātyāyanaḥ Kātyāyanaḥ i 3 i śloka i 23 i iti Vṛṣotsargapariṣṭaṃ śiṣṭaṃ i samāptam i
- 7. Upacāra, in six verses. It begins on f. 35<sup>v</sup>: vāmadakṣiṇayoḥ pāṇyoḥ pādor janvoḥ kaṭidvaye i nabhau hṛdi gale bāhvor mukhe 'kṣṇo mūrddhani ṣodaśī nīn It ends on f. 36: ity Upacārapariśiṣṭaṃ tam i
- 8. Snānavidhi, identical with that in Weber, Catal., 11, 27 sq., but still more incorrect. It begins on f. 36 and ends on f. 37: iti Snānavidhih samāptah 1 It contains three sections.

- 9. Prausthapada, an account of the sacrifice in that month. It begins on f. 37: prausthapadaśuklapakse hastenācāryah saśisyah prānmukha udanmukho vā grāmān niskramya yathāvidhi bhuvy udake snātvā kauśāt sapta ṛṣīm sthale 'vasthāpya gamdhamālyādibhih sampūjya nābhidadhna udake 'vasthāya saśisya omkāro mahāvyāhṛtayo gāyatrī brahmāvedād, &c. 1 It ends on f. 38: iti Prausthapada samāptah 1
- 10. S'rautaprāyaścitta, penances for errors in S'rauta rites. It begins on f. 38<sup>v</sup>: sāmavedāya i prāyaścittāni vakṣye 'yam kratuvaigunyaśāmte i It ends on f. 46, after about 110 verses: iti chamdogānām S'rautaprā-yaścittapariśiṣtah samāptam i
- 11. S'rautahoma, a brief account of the homa offering according to Srauta rites. It begins on f. 46 and ends on f. 47°: iti Srautahomaparisistam samāptam i
- 12. Pakṣahomasamasyavidhāna; it begins on f. 47°: atha yadi pakṣahomān samasya kuryāt pratipaddivase sāyamām ārabhya caturdasyāḥ sāyaṃ, &c. 1 It ends on f. 48°: iti Pakṣahomasamasyavidhanāṃ samāptaṃ 1
- 13. Aupavasathika; it begins on f. 48v: upāvrttas tu pāpebhyo yasya vāso gunaih saha tupavāsah sa vijneyah sarvabhogavivarjjitah u u It ends, after twelve verses, on f. 49: ity Aupayasathikam parišistam samāptam u
- 14. Smārtahoma, an account of the homa offering according to grhya rites. It begins on f. 49: atha grhye 'gnau | atha paścād Agner bhūmau nyaṃcau pāṇī pratiṣṭāpyedaṃ bhūmer bhajā iti vasvaṃtaṃ | It ends on f. 50: iti Smārttahomapariśiṣṭaṃ samāptaṃ |
- 15. The Homadravyaparimāna. It consists of nine verses. It begins on f. 50: dravam stuveņa hotavyam pāņinā kathinam havih 1 karsamātram ghṛtam home śukrimānnam payah smṛtam 1 It ends on f. 50°: iti Homadravyaparimānapariśistam samāptam 1
- 16. Smārtahoma, a metrical parišista, of similar contents to 14. It begins on f. 50°: dravyādidevatā vakṣye dānasaṃpūrṇasiddhaye i abhayaṃ śarvadaivatyam bhūmir vai vighnadevatā ii ii The fifth verse is left unfinished, and then the piece continues on f. 51: śrīgaṇeśāya namah i prāṇāyāmo 'tha saṃkalpaṃ ca kṛtvā idaṃ japet i Adite 'numate caiva Sarasveti pracetanaṃ ii ii It ends with the seventeenth verse on f. 51°: Smārttahomasya parišiṣtam samāptaṃ i
- 17. Pravāsa; it begins on f. 51<sup>v</sup>: pravasata uddharaņa 1 It ends on f. 52: iti Pravāsaparišistam samāptam 1
- 18. Annaprāśana; it begins on f. 52: athāmnaprāśanam i saste māsi puņye 'hni kumārasyāmnaprāśanam i It ends on f. 52": ity Amnaprāśanam i
- 19. Adhānakārikā, identical with the āvasathy-ādhānavidhi of MS. Wilson 375 (8). It begins on

f.  $52^{\nabla}$  and ends with verse twenty-two on f.  $53^{\nabla}$ : ity Ādhānakārikā samāptā i śrīrādhāmodanmohano jayatitarām i

20. Adhānavidhi; it begins on f. 54: śrīgaņeśāya namah i ādhānavidhim vyākhyāsyamas i It ends on f. 54: ity Ādhānapariśisṭam samāptam i śubham bhavatu i Identical with the Ādhānavidhi of MS. Wilson 375 (7).

All parts of the MS. are careless and inaccurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 47, 48°, 50°, 54.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 54 + i blank.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 858 (1-3)-MS. Wilson 385

Baudhāyanadarsapūrņamāsaprāyascitta, Lāṭyāyana and Puṣpa Sūtras, A. D. 1771, 1626, 1625.

Contents: three MSS., of which the last two are by one hand.

1. The Baudhāyanadarsapūrņamāsaprāyascitta, a supplement to the Srauta Sūtra of Baudhāyana. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīganeśāya namah 1 atha Bodhāyanadarsapūrņamāsayoh prāyascitāni 1 It ends on f. 26<sup>v</sup>: iti Baudhāyanadarsapūrņamāsaprāyascittāni samāptah 1 There are no divisions, save of subject, in the text. The MS. is full of inaccuracies.

It is bounded on either side by four red lines. Identical with the MS. in Mitra, *Notices*, III, 338, and I, 65, but not III, 134.

2. The Lāṭyāyana S'rauta Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 27° and ends on f. 113. The (10) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 37°, 48°, 57°, 65, 72°, 78, 85, 93°, 101°, 113. The MS. is carefully written. Ff. 27–49, 51, 73, 74 are supplied in a much later hand. Yellow pigment is used freely for erasures.

The text is bounded on either side by three or four red lines. Edited in *Bibl. Indic.*, 1872, by Anandacandra Vedāntavāgīśa.

3. The Puspa Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 114 and ends on f. 115. The very beginning is lost, but is supplied by MS. Wilson 426 K. The (10) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 115, 120, 125, 128, 136, 142, 149, 156, 161, 165. The MS. is fairly accurate. Yellow pigment is used freely for erasures. The text is bounded on either hand by four red lines. It is written by the same hand as the preceding part. On f. 165, are some disconnected words.

Burnell, Vedic MSS., pp. 45, 46, says that the work is called the Phullasūtra of Vararuci in South India. It is attributed to Gobhila in Weber, Catal., I, 76, no. 306.

Cf. Ind. Stud., I, 46-48; Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 210; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 66. Published as Samaprātiśākhya, twelve chaps., Uṣā, I, 3, 1890.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+165+i blank.

Date: 1 is dated on f. 26<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1827 (= A.D. 1771) mīti kārtikāvadi 12 l

2 is dated on f. 113: 1682 (A.D. 1626) kārttikaśudī yam bhaimaikāśyām bhairavasamnidhau l

3 is dated on f. 165: samvat 1681 (= A.D. 1625) sake bhadravadī sastī sanau l

In the case of both 2 and 3 the date may be 1681 or 1682, the scribe making his ones and twos in a very similar manner. *Bodl. catal.*, p. 379<sup>a</sup>, evidently reads 1681 both times, but 1682 is more probable in 2.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 27-49, 51, 73, 74 have been supplied in a modern hand. The beginning of 8 is missing.

#### 859 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 398

Rudraskanda's Audgātrasārasamgraha, Nīlāsura's Navakandikābhāsya, A.D. 1658 & 17th cent.?

Contents: two MSS.

1. Drāhyāyana S'rauta Sūtra of the Sāma-veda, incorporated in Rudraskanda's Audgātrasārasaṃgraha, being a supplement to Makhasvāmin's commentary Cf. MS. Wilson 403. The numeration is very curious. First, 6 patalas are marked, ending on ff. 10, 15, 26<sup>v</sup>, 29<sup>v</sup>, 33<sup>v</sup>, 38. Then corresponding to paṭalas 1-3 are twelve kaṇḍikās, numbered consecutively, ending on ff. 5, 6<sup>v</sup>, 9, 10, 11<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 26v. Then corresponding to patalas 4-6 are twelve khandas, ending on ff. 27°, 28, 28°, 29°, 30°, 31, 32°, 33°, 34°, 36, 37, 38. The whole ends with khanda I of patala 7, on f. 41: iti bhagavatā bhāşyakāreņa Maghasvāminā Drāhyāyaņasūtre prathamādhyayasya prathamād ārabhya pamcavimšatikhamdasya uktarthamatram eva svamatena vivrttam prayogakramo darsitah i Lacunae are marked on ff. 8, 16<sup>v</sup>, 23, 24<sup>v</sup>, 27; the MS. seems fairly accurate, but defective.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 53, 54, who prefers Magha-

svāmin as the name. He must belong to the same epoch as the other osvāmin names. Cf. MS. Wilson 403.

2. The Navakandikābhāṣya of Nīlasura, being a commentary on a śrāddhasūtra attributed to Kātyāyana. It begins on f. 42<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 90<sup>v</sup>, with verses celebrating the author: Samkarṣaṇe vitiditaḥ prathitorukīrttimudyottapanasukṛttināṃ prathamāvatāraḥ tasyātmajaḥ sakalaśāstraparāyaṇo 'pi yaḥ pakṣapātam adhikaṃ kṛtavān kṛttīṃdraḥ i anvijñikīṃ rahasitena vinirmīttāyām āstāṃ tamopanayane pitṛkarmadīpaḥ i śrāddhadīpaḥ kṛttīṃdrāṇāṃ tanotu mudam uttamāṃ ii Nīlāsurasya iti Navakaṃdikābhāṣyaṃ samāptaṃ i The MS. is extremely inaccurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

For the Navakandikāsūtra cf. Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 11.

Former owner: f. 41 mentions Visvanātha as one of those for whom 1 was written. It descended to his sons Rāmadeva and Sivadatta.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+90+i blank.

Date: for 1 the date is given on f. 41: svasti śrīsaṃvat 1709 (= A.D. 1653) varșe dvitīyavaiśāvadi 8 gurau 1

2 must have been written about 1700 A.D.

Scribe: that of 1 is given on f. 41: adyeha śrīviśālanagarajñātīyatripāṭhīśrī 5 dīkṣitavenīdāsātmajatripāṭhīśrī 5 dīkṣitagovarddhanātmajatripāṭhīśrī 5 dīkṣitaharihareṇa likhitam I Vīreśvaraviśvanāthasomeśvaraśukadevādiputrāṇām avalokanārtham I paropakārārtham
ca 1 Cf. MS. Wilson 376.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 860 (1-4)—MS. Wilson 504 Şadvimsa Brāhmaņa, Sāmatantra, Gobhila Grhyasamgraha, Taittirīya Prātisākhya, A. D. 1741, 1604, & 18th cent.?

Contents: four MSS. by different hands.

- 1. The Sadvimsa Brāhmaņa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup>. The first prapātḥaka ends on f. 9<sup>V</sup>; the second on f. 18; the third on f. 24<sup>V</sup>; the fourth on f. 29<sup>V</sup>; the fifth on f. 33. Then follow two kaṇḍikās, the first of which is numbered 11, the second not numbered (cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 37; Catal., I, 69), ending on f. 33<sup>V</sup>: iti Ṣadvimsabrāhmaņe pamcamaḥ prapāṭhakaḥ samāptaḥ 112 11 The number refers to the last kaṇḍikā. The text seems fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by two red lines.
- 2. The Sāmatantra Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 35°. Its (13) sections end on ff. 36, 36°, 37°, 38, 38°, 39, 39°, 40, 40°, 41, 41°, 42, 43, con-

taining 11, 10, 10, 11, 10, 11, 11, 10, 9, 10, 10, 9, 12 verses.

The text is bounded on either side by one or two black lines.

- Cf. Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 143; Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 48; Burnell, Vedic MSS., p. 41; Hṛṣikeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 318.
- 3. The Grhyasamgraha, a parisista to the Gobhilagrhyasūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 44<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 62. In this text it has 205 verses, divided into ten khandas. Khanda I ends with verse 19 on f. 46; khaṇḍa II with verse 33 on f. 47; khaṇḍa III with verse 62 on f. 49°; khanda IV with verse 95 on f. 52<sup>v</sup>; khanda V with verse 111 on f. 54; khanda VI with verse 135 on f. 56; khanda VII with verse 149 on f. 57; khaṇḍa VIII with verse 171 on f. 59; khanda IX with verse 183 on f. 60°; khanda X with verse 205 on f. 62. In verse 56 the reading is grhyākarmasu sarvasu. Verse 19 attributes the work to Gobhilaputra. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and the margin is coloured yellow.

The text was edited and translated, with notes, by M. Bloomfield, in Z.D.M.G., XXXV, 533 sq. This MS. bears a strong resemblance to his 'A.' It was also edited with a commentary in the Calcutta edition of Gobhila's Gṛhyasūtra, pp. 773-888. See also Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 46; newly printed in Uṣā, I, 10, 1891.

4. The Taittiriya Pratisakhya Sūtra. It begins on f. 63 and ends on f.  $74^{\circ}$ . The first three sections and part of the fourth are missing, as ff. 1-5 of the MS. are lost. The first prasna ends on f.  $68^{\circ}$ ; the second on f.  $74^{\circ}$ . The MS. is not very accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

For a copy of this MS. see Weber, Catal., I, 37. The text was edited by W. D. Whitney, with a translation, and the Tribhāṣyaratna (see MS. Wilson 478), in J. A.O. S., IX, 1871.

Former owner: f. 35: trivādīpītambarasya i i.e. the scribe. Deleted by a later hand.

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+74+i blank.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 33<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1797 (= A. D. 1741) nā miti pausašūdi i camdravāsare i No dates are given for 3 and 4, but they must be both of about the same date as 1. For 2 see f. 43: samvat 1660 (= A. D. 1604) samaye mārgašīrsašudi i budhau i

Scribe: that of 1 is given on f. 33<sup>v</sup>: trā °saraveśvarasunūtrā °dayākukṣācaṃdakareṇa (?) tkhītaṃm īdaṃ pust-akaṃ i subhaṃ bhavatu i āpothi travāḍirūpacaṃdrajisūttravāḍigokulacaṃdajitravāḍijecaṃjine travādisaravesvaratravādidayākaraņasevakacamdakaraņe kṛṣṇārpaņe lakhiāpiche 1 That of 2 is given on f. 43: adyeha srīkāsyām vāstavyaābhyamtaranāgarajñātīyatripāthīsrīpītāmbarasutatripāthīsrīraghunāthena likhitam 1 svapathanārtham 1 paropakārārtham ca 1 That of 3 is given on f. 62: travādīsūrajīdebhāīyena likhītam 1 None is given for 4.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1-5 of the original in 4 are missing.

#### 861 (1-8)-MS. Wilson 451

Sāma-veda Brāhmaṇas, S'āṅkhāyana Brāhmaṇa, Pāraskara Gṛḥya Sūtra, &c., A. D. 1743, 1724, 1499.

Contents: three separate groups of MSS., viz. 1 to 5; 6; 7 and 8.

- 1. The Samhitopanisad Brāhmaņa, being the fourth book of the Talavakāra- or Jaimanīya Brāhmaņa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 7. See MS. Wilson 375 (4).
- 2. The Devatādhyāya Brāhmana of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 8<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 12. Edited, with Sāyana's commentary, by Burnell, Mangalore, 1873.
- 3. The Vaméa Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 13<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 16<sup>v</sup>. Edited by Burnell, Mangalore, 1873, and, with a translation, by A. Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, IV, 371-386. With Sāyaṇa's comm.; Uṣā, II, 2, 1892.
- 4. The Ṣaḍviṃśa Brāhmaṇa, being a supplement to the Tāṇḍya or Pañcaviṃśa Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 17<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 66<sup>v</sup>. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 20<sup>v</sup>, 41<sup>v</sup>, 51<sup>v</sup>, 58<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>. The clauses are marked off by a later hand by two red strokes above the line. The Adbhutādhyāya, edited and translated by A. Weber, Zwei Vedische Texte über Omina und Pontenta, Berlin, 1859; the whole by Jīvānanda Vidyāsāgara, Calcutta², 1881, and part by Klemm.
- 5. The Ārṣeya Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f.  $67^{\circ}$  and ends on f.  $86^{\circ}$ . The (3) prapāthakas end on ff.  $74^{\circ}$ , 80,  $86^{\circ}$ . Edited by Burnell, Mangalore, 1876, with extracts from Sāyaṇa's comm., in the Jaiminīya text, ibid., 1878. Cf. Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 104 sq. Also with Sāyaṇa's comm., Uṣā, I, 11, 12, 1891.

All these MSS. are by one hand. They are accurately and well written. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

6. The Sankhayana Brahmana, Rooks I to IV. The adhyayas end at ff. 90°, 96, 101°, 105, 110°, 115°, 122°, 128, 132, 136°, 140°, 145, 148°, 152°, 156°. The

MS. begins at f. 87<sup>v</sup>. It is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The clauses are divided by a later hand as in 4.

This MS. is in a hand differing from all the other parts. See B. Lindner's edition, Einleit., p. vii.

7. Pāraskara Gṛḥya Sūtra, being the Gṛḥya Sūtra of the White Yajur-veda. It is divided into three kāṇḍas, which end on ff. 167, 176°, 185°. The MS. begins on f. 157°. It seems accurate.

The text is bounded on either side by two, three, or four red lines.

- 8. (a) Vedavratānām or Māla-vidhi, one of a body of eighteen parišistas of the White Yajur-veda. It begins on f. 183<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 187: iti Kātyāyana-pranītāsṭādaśaparišiṣṭo vedavratānām vidhih i
- (b) The Dharmajijñāsā, also one of the eighteen pariśiṣṭas attributed to Kātyāyana. It begins on f. 187 athāto dharmajijñāsā i keśāntād ūrddhvam apatnīka utsannāgnir agniko vā pravāsī brahmacārī vā tv agnir iti grāmāgnim āhṛtya pṛṣṭo divīty adhiṣṭhāpya tribhiś ca sāvitraiḥ prajvalya,&c. i and ends on f. 187°. It consists of five sections.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

7 and 8 are by one hand.

Former owner: written in red ink on f. 66° appear these words: tr cgovimdarāmasyedam pustakam 1 This note (compare f. 86°) doubtless applies to 1–6. Perhaps too his was the hand that marked off the clauses in 6. Finally on f. 187° appears in red ink a note, of which only the following words are legible: samvat 1630 (= A.D. 1574) varse śrāvanaśudi 6...1 Possibly all these notices, except the last, refer to one man. The last may refer to the date on which some owner, whose name is illegible, had the MS.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 187 + i blank.

Date: for 1-5 the date appears on f. 86<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1799 (= A. D. 1743, not 1723 as stated in Bodl. catal., p. 382<sup>a</sup>) māghavadi somavā° ekā° 1

For 6 on f. 1567: samvat 1780 (= A.D. 1724) samaye phālgunakṛṣṇapakṣe tṛtīyām tithau bhṛyuvā-sare 1

For 7 and 8 on fol. 187\*: samvat 1555 (= A. D. 1499) varse vaišāsašudina 9 navamī šukle 1

Scribe: for 1-5 the scribe was Nandakeśvara.

For 6 no name is given.

For 7 and 8 the name is given on f. 187, but much has been erased: adyeha śrīvṛddhanogare mahuṃrāṇākena likhitam 1

Character: Devanagari.

862 (1-3)-MS. Wilson 388

Kauṣītaki Brāhmaṇa, Drāhyāyaṇa Sūtra, Snānadīpikā, A. D. 1454, 17th cent., 1795.

Contents: three MSS. by different hands.

1. Kausītaki Brāhmaņa, adhyāyas I to XV. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 62<sup>v</sup>. The adhyāyas end on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 8, 13, 17<sup>v</sup>, 22, 26<sup>v</sup>, 33, 39, 41<sup>v</sup>, 46, 49, 53, 55<sup>v</sup>, 59, 62<sup>v</sup>. There are occasional notes in a later hand. The MS. is fairly accurate. Ff. 12-14 are disarranged. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

This is the MS. marked 'W' by B. Lindner, Kausītaki Brāhmaņa, 1887, p. vii.

- 2. Drāhyāyaṇa Sūtra of the Sāma-veda, with the commentary of Dhanvin. This MS. contains most of the second, third, fourth, and fifth paṭalas. It begins on f. 63: atha sarvayajñeṣu brahmatvaṃ vidhātum upakramate i Paṭala 2 ends on f. 68<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 3 on f. 73<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 4 on f. 76<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 5 is not quite finished, but ends on f. 80<sup>v</sup>. There are frequent corrections in a later hand. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The text is not very accurate. It is bounded on either side by two double red lines. On this rare commentary see Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 54 (paṭ. 26-31); Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 22, Vedic MSS., pp. 53-55 (paṭ. 1-21 after 12th cent.?); Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 44 (paṭ. 1-21); Mitra, Notices, I, 35; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 166-170.
- 3. The Snānadīpikā of Gopīnātha, son of Mādhava, a commentary on Kātyāyana's Snānasūtra. It begins on f. 81° and ends on f. 132. The first verse runs: smṛtvā Someśvaraṃ devam natvā Kātyāyanaṃ muniṃ i sarveṣām upakārāya kriyate Snānadīpikā ii The comment on kaṇḍikā 1 ends on f. 100; that on kaṇḍikā 2 on f. 108; that on kaṇḍikā 3 on f. 120; and the work ends on f. 132: iti śrīśaivamādhavāgnihotrīsutaśaivagopīnāthīgnihotrīviracitā Snānadīpikā samāptāḥ i atha jalatarpaṇaṃ i This follows with a list of deities who are to be propitiated, ending on f. 132°. The MS. is carelessly written.

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 107. Gopīnātha was also the author of a Purascaranavidhi, Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. 9; Stein, Kashmir catal., p. 232.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 132 + ii.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 62<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1510 (-A.D. 1454) varse mārgasīrsavadi 2 ravau! No date is given for 2, but it is probably not later than 1650 A.D.

That of 3 is given on f. 132<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1851 (= A. D. 1795) mītīkā 1

Scribe: that of 1 is given on f. 62<sup>v</sup>: adyeha śrīsūr-yapure ābhyamtaranāgarajñātīyabhaṭṭagovardhanasutaputrapautraparamparayā paṭhanārtham paropakārāya ca vyavasomanāthasya sutena vyavaviśvarūpena Kauṣītakibrāhmaṇam lekhito! The name of the owner, bhaṭṭagovardhana, has been altered to Govimda, and finally erased. The letters are rather rubbed here, so the above reading is partly uncertain.

None is mentioned for 2.

For 3 the owner only is mentioned on f. 132<sup>v</sup>: idam vustakam Tryambaka drpāyatotasya (?) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 863 (1, 2)-MS. Wilson 69

S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book XI; Kātyāyanasūtrapaddhati, Book XIII; A. D. 1805 & 16th cent.?

Contents: two MSS.

- 1. The eleventh book of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, the so-called aṣṭādhyāyī, without accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 48°. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 13°, 24, 36°, 48°. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 2, 3, 4, 4°, 5°, 9°, 9°, 10°, 11, 11°, 12°, 13°, 14, 15°, 18°, 19, 19°, 20, 22, 24, 25°, 26°, 28°, 29°, 31°, 33°, 35, 36°, 37°, 38, 39°, 41, 42°, 43°, 44, 45, 45, 46, 46, 46°, 47°, 48°. The MS. contains very many bad blunders, and is a very recent copy. It is not noticed by Weber, and was not used for the edition.
- 2. The Kātyāyanasūtrapaddhati, Book XIII, treating of the great sattra, the gavāmayana, of Yājñikadeva. It is an abbreviation of Book XIII of the Kātyāyana Srauta Sūtra and his commentary thereon. It begins on f. 49°: śrīganeśāya namah i om atha gavāmayanasya paddhatir likhyate i It ends on f. 54°: iti śrīyājñikadevakṛtāyām Kātyāyanasūtrapaddhatau trayodaśo 'dhyāyah i gavāmayanasamjñam samvatsarasattram samāptam i On this see Weber, Catal., I, 48-52; Kātyāyana Srauta Sūtra, p. x. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. It is well written.

Size: 13×6 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+54+i blank.

Date: the date of 1 is given on f. 48v: samual 1861 (= A.D. 1805) | Bodl. catal., p. 364b, gives 1804 as the date.

The date of 3 is not given. Bodl. catal., l.c., assigns the writing to the 16th cent. It may, however, belong to the 17th.

Character: Devanagari.

## 864 (1-4)-MS. Wilson 450

Hautrasūtra, Darsapaurņamāsyahautraprayoga Nirūdhapasuprayoga, Yājñikadeva's Kātīyasūtravṛtti, 19th cent.? A.D. 1778, 19th cent.?, A.D. 1586.

Contents: four MSS. by different hands.

1. The Hautrasutra, attributed in the MS. to Kātyāyana. Despite its imposing title the work has no claim to antiquity; it begins on f. 1v: śriganeśāya namah I hautrasutram likhyate I hautram karisyan samcareņa pravisyāpareņāhavanīyam prān tisthann adhvaryupresito brahmasāmidhenīr anuvakşyāmīty uktvā tasmāt prasavam ākāmkset 1 This corresponds exactly with the beginning of a Darsapurnamasahautraprayoga, given in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 75b. This work in fact is practically a prayoga for the hotr's duties up to the Beast offering (cf. Hillebrandt, Vedische Opfer und Zauber, p. 27, on the authority of extracts furnished by Prof. Macdonell). The (5) sections end on ff. 30°, 54, 69°, 90, 93, and contain 13, 12, 13, 12, 5 subsections. The work ends on f. 93: iti Kātyāyanahautrasutre pamcamo 'dhyāyah I The MS. is written in a very large hand, some of the letters being half an inch high. The last five folios are in a smaller and perhaps different hand.

For other MSS. see Peterson, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 172; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 156, 157; Mitra, Notices, VI, 128; Bikaner catal., p. 124. It is the sixteenth parisista of Kātyāyana, Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 81, note.

2. The Darśapaurnamāsyahautraprayoga, a manual of the hotr's duties at the New and Full Moon offerings. It begins on f. 94<sup>v</sup>: śrīganeśāya namah i atha darśapaurnamāsyahautraprayoga likhyate i om namah pravaktre namah i upadrastre namo 'nukhyātre ka idam anuvakṣyati i a idam anuvakṣyati i It ends on f. 107<sup>v</sup>: iti darśiviśeṣah i The MS. is carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Identical with the Hautraprayoga in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 387.

3. The Nirūchapasubandhaprayoga, a manual of the ceremonies at the animal sacrifice. It begins on f. 108°: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha nirūchapasuprayogah i nirūchapasubamdhe prathamaprayoge mātṛṣrādham i agnīṣomīyaprakṛtitvān nānv ārambhaṇīyā i samāropah i gṛhe maṃthanaṃ i uddharaṇaṃ i It ends on f. 119: śatabrāhmaṇabhojanaṃ smṛtyuktaṃ i apare vihāre evāgnihotrahomah i iti pasubaṃdhah samāptah i The text appears carefully written.

Different from that in Hṛṣīkeśa, l. c., p. 186.

4. The Kātīyasūtravṛtti of Yājnikadeva, son of Prajāpati, being a commentary on Kātyāyana's Srauta

Sūtra. It begins on f. 121<sup>V</sup>. The (8) sections of Book XX end on ff. 126<sup>V</sup>, 131<sup>V</sup>, 135<sup>V</sup>, 144, 147, 153, 162, 169<sup>V</sup>. The book ends on f. 169<sup>V</sup>: iti Kātyāyana-sūtravyākhyāne viṃśo 'dhyāyaḥ | śrutimaṃtrapāṭhānu-krameṇācāryeṇāśvamedho 'nuvihitaḥ | idānīṃ puruṣa-medham anuvidhatte | The twenty-first book has here four divisions, the third of which seems not marked. The others end on ff. 173<sup>V</sup>, 181, 192<sup>V</sup>. The text is fairly accurate. It ends on f. 192<sup>V</sup>: iti pitṛmedhaḥ samāptaḥ |

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Cf. MS. Wilson 508, part (2); Weber, Kātyāyana Srauta Sūtra, p. ix.

Former owner: that of 4 is given on f. 192<sup>v</sup>: miśraśrīratneśvarair lliṣāpitaḥ svayamavalokanārthaṃ putrapautrāṇāṃ paṭhanārthaṃ ca 1

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 192 + ii blank. In the original numeration the MSS. have 93, 14, 12, 71 (really 72, f. 37 being double) leaves.

Date: that of 1 is not given: its appearance is quite modern. 8 looks a little older, but not much.

Both belong no doubt to the beginning of the 19th century or the very end of the 18th.

**8** is dated on f.  $107^{\circ}$ : samvat 1834 (= A. D. 1778) jyeşļašudī 10 ravau 1

4 is dated on f. 192<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1642 (= A. D. 1586) samaye pausavadi 9 some 1 Bodl. catal., p. 382<sup>a</sup>, gives 1596, but the date is quite clear.

Scribe: no name is given for 1 or 3.

That of 2 is given on f. 107<sup>v</sup>: li ometāvejanātha (corrected from ovaijao) 1

That of 4 is given on f. 192<sup>v</sup>: adyeha śrīvārāņasyāņ vāstavyaņ udīcyajñātīyavyāsaśrīraghunāthasutaravijī likhito 'yam gramthah 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 865 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 468 Pāvamāna, Mantrapraśna, 18th cent.?

Contents: two MSS.

1. The Pāvamāna, consisting of Rg-veda IX, 1-67, divided into four sections. Section 1 ends on f. 7, section 2 on f. 17, section 4 on f. 24, section 3 on f. 36. Ff. 17<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 25 are blank. Sections 1-3 are accented, the accents being added in black or red ink

The text is very badly written, and is bounded on either side by two double red lines or two black.

2. The first prasna of the Mantraprasna, i. e. the

twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth patalas of the Apastamba Srauta Sūtra, giving the grhya mantras. It begins on f. 37° and ends on f. 51°: iti śrīmamtrapraśne kāmde prathamah praśnah i There are eighteen sections, not seventeen as in Winternitz. The text seems fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink. Ff. 37, 39, 41, 43, 46, 48, 51 are on yellow paper. See M. Winternitz, Mantrapātha (Anecd. Oxon.), pt. I, p. xi, who cites this as MS. W. First described by Weber, Ind. Stud., III, 387, note.

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+51+i blank.

Date: 1 seems to have been written about 1750 A.D. 2 is quite modern. Winternitz, l.c., says 18th cent. If so, it must be the end of the century.

Scribe: the owner and scribe of 1 are given on f. 1: idam pustakam likhitam Ratnākarajī tārelaksmaņa-bhattāce putra 1

idam pustakam likhitam Bālājī pamtathopledhudrājapamtāce putra \

Above this appears: Ratnākarasya likhitam t Bālājīpamditasya likhitam t

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 866 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 473 Sundaraśukla's Maunamantrāvabodha, Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1529, 1698.

Contents: two MSS.

1. The Maunamantrāvabodha, being an explanation of the Mauna mantras of the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, Mādhyandinaśākhā, by Sundaraśukla. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 36<sup>v</sup>. There are four sections, ending on ff. 7, 20<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 36<sup>v</sup>, which contain 20 (?), 39, 20, 31 subsections. F. 36<sup>v</sup> contains a few additional words to the fourth section. Ff. 37, 37<sup>v</sup> contain the name of the scribe and the usual remarks about his faithful copying and exertions. Part of the text, including the end of section 1, is lost, as f. 7 is missing.

The text is bounded on either side by two or three black lines.

The MS. seems hastily written and there are several blots.

2. The Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, pañcikā 5. It begins on f. 38<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 88. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 48, 59, 67<sup>v</sup>, 77, 87<sup>v</sup>. The text is fairly accurate.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. This MS. was not used for Aufrecht's edition.

Size:  $8 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 88 + ii blank.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. IL.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 37°: svasti śrīśake 1451 (= A. D. 1529) virodhīsamvatsare vaiśāṣamāse sitapakṣe \ mamdadine taddinī maunasvāra likhitam \ Then again: śāke virodhīvatsare śubhegamāsi rādhe sitapakṣe daśamyām ca śanau dine \ rādhe vaiśāṣe ity Amaraḥ \

That of 2 is given on f. 88: sake 1620 (= A. D. 1698) varise bahudhānyanāmasamvatsare tītha adlūkavadyanavami taddine i

In Bodl. catal., p. 384<sup>a</sup>, these are wrongly given as Vikrama dates.

Scribe: that of 1 is given on f. 37\*: vācitā Vijayībhava ı yat kṛtaṃ Sudarušuklena saṃhitāmantrāvabodhanaṃ ı likhitā caiva Gārgyeṇa Janārdanena sūnunā ı

That of 2 is given on f. 88: pustaka Viţhalabhaţţa-sya sutena Raghunāthabhaţţaţīkena likhitam 1

Character: Devanāgarī. Injuries: f. 7 is missing.

#### 867 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 478 Aştakāpūrvaka S'rāddha, Tribhāsyaratna, 18th & 17th cent.?

Contents: three MSS., the second of which is described in Bodl. catal., p. 225.

- 1. The Aṣṭakāpūrvaka Srāddha, a treatise upon śrāddhas, more especially the important āṣṭakā śrāddhas. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: oṃ namaḥ i oṃ devīnām ekeṃdrāgnī varuṇāny āgnāyīnām dyāvāpṛthivyau i It ends on f. 37<sup>v</sup>: iti aṣṭakāpūrvakaṃ śrāddhaṃ samāptaṃ i subham astu sarvajagatām i The MS. is modern and inaccurate. Ff. 23, 25 are on brown paper. The outer leaf, f. 1, of the MS. has Amṛtatatva and Mṛbatatva as titles, and gives the size as 1000 (grantha?).
- 3. The Tribhāṣyaratna, a commentary on the Taittirīyaprātiśākhya. As to the author see Weber, Catal., II, 41; Ind. Stud., IV, 332, Whitney's edition, p. 1. This MS. is defective, ff. 1–10 or ff. 1–12 being lost, containing the text down to III, 12. The first praśna ends on f. 84. Its (10) remaining adhyāyas end on ff. 43<sup>v</sup>, 53, 58<sup>v</sup>, 61<sup>v</sup>, 63, 69, 73<sup>v</sup>, 77, 82, 84. The second praśna ends on f. 116: iti Tribhāṣyaratne prātiśākyāvivarane dvitīyapraśne dvādaśo 'dhyāyah Its (12) adhyāyas end on ff. 87<sup>v</sup>, 94, 95<sup>v</sup>, 100<sup>v</sup>, 102, 103, 104<sup>v</sup>, 106, 109, 111, 114, 116. The MS. is rather carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Yellow pigment is freely used for erasures.

Edited by Whitney in the J. A. O. S., vol. IX. For date, &c., cf. Lüders, Vyāsaśikṣā.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i+116+i blank.

C

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Date: 1 is modern in appearance and cannot be much earlier than 1800 A.D.

3 looks older and may be earlier than 1700 A.D. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-10 or ff. 1-12 of 3 are lost.

# 868 (1-6)—MS. Wilson 510 Parisistas, &c., A.D. 1794, &c.

Contents: six separate MSS., of which the first consists of seven parts.

- 1. (a) The Yūpalakṣaṇa, the first of a body of eighteen parisistas attributed to Kātyāyana. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 2<sup>v</sup>: iti Yūpalakṣaṇaṃ i There are twenty-four verses.
- (b) The Chāgalakṣaṇa, another pariśiṣṭa. It begins on f. 2<sup>V</sup>: atha dvitīyaṃ chāgalakṣaṇaṃ vyā-khyāsyāmaḥ ı athātaḥ saṃpravakṣyāmi chāgānāṃ lakṣaṇaṃ śubhaṃ ı aśubham ced viparyyāṇāṃ yat pravakṣyāmy ataḥ paraṃ IIIII It ends on f. 8<sup>V</sup>: tas-mād evaṃ viditvā tu lakṣaṇaṃ paśuyūpayoḥ ı yajñavid yajñakarmāṇi sādhvaryuḥ kartum arhati III6 II iti chāgalakṣaṇam pariśiṣṭadvitīyaṃ I
- (c) The Pratijāāpariśiṣṭa; it begins on f. 3<sup>v</sup> and is incomplete, ending on f. 4<sup>v</sup> in the middle of the fifth section: atha mamtralakṣaṇam āśīs teṣāṃ nirdeśa-kriyā pratiśedha iti sūtralakṣaṇaṃ vidhinindāpraśaṃ-sādhyā...
- (d) The Pravarādhyāya; it begins on f. 5 in the middle of the third section and ends on f. 18v. It is counted as the eleventh pariśista. Ff. 1 and 2 of the original foliation are lost.
- (e) The Ukthaśāstra; it begins on f. 18<sup>v</sup>: atha ukthaśāstra i atha vrahmacāriņām umchavṛsīnām prasthānavidhim vyākhyāsyāmah i It has three sections and ends on f. 19<sup>v</sup>. It is the twelfth pariśiṣṭa.
- (f) The Kratusamkhyā; it begins on f. 19<sup>v</sup>: atha kratusamkhyā i athātah karmanām prakrty anukramisyāmo 'thātah prakrtayah pūrnāhutīr ājyāhutīnām, &c. i It ends on f. 23, and contains seventeen sections, numbered 1-12 and 1-5. It is the thirteenth parisista.
- (g) The Nigamaparisista, in thirty-three kandikās (not thirty-two, as Weber, Catal., I, 54). It begins on f. 23: śrīganeśāya namah i atha nigamaparisistam i sthānakrtijātigunakriyārūpavisesebhyo 'nyatvam i It ends on f. 37: iti śrīnigamaparisistam caturdasamam samāptam i A lacuna is marked on f. 35. See Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 81, for contents.

All these seven parts are by one hand. The MS. is very inaccurate indeed, as the extracts partly show. There is a copy of this MS. in the Berlin Library; see Weber, Catal., I, 52 sq., who prints all the Pravara-

dhyāya. For the Pratijñāpariśiṣṭa see A. Weber, Uber das Pratijñāsūtra.

On all the above cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 80, note.

2. The Brāhmaṇācchaṃsiprayoga, a manual for the Brāhmaṇācchaṃsin priest. This MS. contains only the portion relating to his duties at the agnistoma. It begins on f. 39°: śrīganeśāya namah i atha brāhmaṇāchaṃsiprayogah i āpo me hotrāśāṃsinas tā me hotraśaṃsime i brāhmaṇāchaṃsinaṃ devadattaśarmāṇaṃ tvām ahaṃ vṛṇa iti vṛtvā i vṛto japati i It ends on f. 47: iti saṃsthāpaḥ i saṃtitate jyotiṣṭomaḥ i iti brāhmaṇāchaṃsiprayogaḥ samāptaḥ i The MS. is careless and inaccurate.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. See Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 81b. The identification in Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, I, 60, is wrong.

- 3. The Snanasūtrapaddhati of Harijīvanamiśra, an abridgement of his commentary on the Snana Sūtra of Kātyāyana. It begins on f. 48v: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha mamtrasnānavidhir likhyate i athāto nityasnānam nadyādau mṛdgomayakuśatilasumanasa āhrtyodakāntam gatvā sucau dese sthāpya tīram prakṣālya tatra mṛdgomayādi sthāpayet I tataḥ prakṣālya pāņipādam i kušopagrahah baddhasikhī yajūopavīty ācamya i samkalpam kuryāt i It ends on f. 74<sup>v</sup>: iti śriharijīvanamiśraviracitā svabhāşyānusāriņī snānasūtrapaddhatih i There is a work of the same name by the same author in Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 470, but the beginning there given bears only a general resemblance to that quoted above. Various verses are cited, and these have been accented in red ink. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines. It is written in a rather peculiar style. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The numbering is peculiar, 21-27 being denoted as 201-207.
- 4. The Asvalāyana Gṛhya Sūtra; it begins on f. 75<sup>v</sup> and its (4) sections end on ff. 94, 96<sup>v</sup>, 105, 111. The MS. is much injured, and the following sections are missing either wholly or in part: I, 5, 6; II, 3-9; IV, 3, 4, 7. The MS. is often corrected by a later hand: ff. 87, 94, 95 seem to have been supplied by a later hand. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. Even in the original parts two hands can be distinguished.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

5. The Sāmavedacchalā, a treatise referring to the mode of singing the Sāma-veda (Bodl. catal., p. 3878). It begins on f. 113<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 131: itobhachatā samāptā 1 The text is bounded on either side by two or three red lines. For an explanation of the accents see Burnell, Vedic MSS., pp. 44 and 49, who

gives this work under the title Chalākṣara or Rāvaṇabhait, describing it as an anukramaṇī to the gānas, which gives the number of divisions in each yerse.

6. The Vistutayah, apparently a portion of a commentary on a Sāma-veda Sūtra (Bodl. catal., l.c.). It begins on f. 132<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 151: astācatvārimsasya prayogah i dvādasabhyo himkaroti sa tispbhih so 'stābhih sa ekayā dvādasabhyo himkaroti sa ekayā sa tispbhih so 'stābhir dvādasabhyo himkaroti sa ekayā sa tispbhih so 'stābhir dvādasabhyo himkaroti so 'stābhih sa kayā sa tispbhih i etā vistutayah samāptah i stomānām pravināgajāah stomasālokyam asnute i anamtām śriyam āyus ca kīrttim ca labhate dhruvam i srīh i

In both 5 and 6 the text is bounded on either side by two red lines in the same way.

Former owner: none appears for 1 or 3.

That of 2 is given on f. 47: Gopālakṛṣṇa I kṛpāpāthakasyedam pustakam I

That of 4 is given on f. 75: Kāmdadararāmabhattasya pustakam 1

For 5 and 6 see below.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+151+i blank. In the original foliation 1 has 1-4 and 3-36 leaves; 2, 9 leaves; 3, 27 leaves; 4, 44 leaves; 5, 19 leaves; 6, 20 leaves.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 38: samvat 1850 (= A. D. 1794, not 1796 as Bodl. catal.) miti vaisā-khasudī 15 t

- 2 is not dated; its appearance is old, perhaps the end of the 16th century.
- 8 is not dated; perhaps about 1700 A.D., but may
  - 4 is not dated; probably about 1650 A.D. or older.
- 5 is dated on f. 131; samvat 1681 (= A. D. 1625) kārttikasukladasamyām 1
- 6 is dated on f.  $151^{\circ}$ ; samvat 1674 (= A. D. 1618) bhādrašuklacaturdašyām 1

Scribe: for 1 see f. 38: lekhakabrāhmanaharagyāna Kāśīmadhye śrīviśveśvarasamnidhu! No name is given for 2 or 3. That of 4 is obliterated, only idam pustakam...bhattena likhitam! being legible on f. 75.

For 5 see f. 131: tripāţhīśrīraghunāthena likhitam putrapautrāṇām avalokanārtham 1 F. 131<sup>v</sup>; tripāţhīśrīraghunāthasya 1

For 6 see f.  $151^{\circ}$ : likhitam tripāṭhīraghunāthena t srīh t

These two parts differ so much in appearance that

most probably the former is a copy (end of 18th cent.?) of Raghunātha's MS.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: of 1, ff. 1, 2 of the second numbering are lost and the last pages of the preceding set. Of 4, ff. 4, 23-26, 38, 42 are missing.

#### 869 (1-4)—MS. Mill 127

Hotrsamsthäjapa, &c., A. D. 1780 & 19th cent. ?

Contents: four treatises on Vedic ritual.

- 1. The Hotrsamsthājapa, a manual of rules for the hotr priest. It begins on f. 1°, see Bodl. catal., p. 396°. On f. 5 ends the paurnamāsī ceremony. The colophon on f. 12° is: iti Hotrsamsthājapah 1 This is followed by the pāthikṛtadevatāmantra: vetthā hi vedho adhvanah pathas ca devāmjasā 1 Agne yajñesu sukratom 3 11 ye yajāmahe 'gnim pathikṛtam ā devānām api pamthām aganma ya chaknuvāma tad anu pravoļhum 1 Agnir vidvāmt sedu hotā so adhvarān sa ṛtūn kalpayātī vau 3 sat 11 iti prakṛtivat 1 agnipūrve agnim pathikṛtam 1 śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu 1 There are no accents. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.
- 2. The Jyotisa, a Vedānga, in the Rk recension with thirty-six verses, arranged in seven sections. It begins on f. 14<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 17<sup>v</sup>: iti vedāmgajyotisam samāptam 1 The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Fairly accurate. Written by a different hand from 1, 3, and 4.
- 3. The Baudhāyanadarśapūrņamāsaprayoga, a practical manual for the performance of the New and Full Moon sacrifices according to the Srauta Sūtra of Baudhāyana. It begins on f. 18v: śrigaņeśāya namah 1 om I atha darsapūrņamāsaprayogah I uktānvādhānadine prātaragnihotram hutvā keśaśmaśruloganakhāni vāpayitvā sapatnīkah snātvā kṛtanavanītābhyaṃjanah kṛtāṃjanas caikavimsatidarbhapimjūlaih pavanam kuryāt i It ends on f. 65v: upaviśya ātmane sampresyati 1 brāhmaņāms tarpayitavai \ tato 'gnīn parisamuhyālamkṛtyāgne nayetyādinopasthānam kuryāt i ity Āśvalāyanopayogi Baudhāyanadarsapūrņamāsaprayogah samāptah 1 The mantras are accented in red ink. The MS. is written by the same hand as 1. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and, as also in 1, in the right-hand margin of each page, \$rī is written below the figure of a lotus.

This work is identical with that described by Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 74, no. 385; but bears only a general resemblance to that in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 201, no. 313, while no. 312 is quite different.

4. The Asvalayana Grhya Sutra, complete. It

# 12 **§** 1,2. VEDIC LITERATURE—COLLECTANEOUS, SAMHITĀS, ETC. (869-871)

begins on f. 66°: adhyāya I ends on f. 85°; adhyāya II, on f. 92°; adhyāya III, on f. 100°; adhyāya IV, on f. 109°. It is written, not very carefully, by a modern hand, different from that of 1, 3, or of 2. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. That of 1, 3, and 4 is watermarked, and is European, but 2 seems native.

No. of leaves: ii + 110 + ii blank.

Date: 2 and 4 are undated. The former probably belongs to the last half of the 18th century, the latter to the first half of the 19th. 3 is undated, but is by the same hand as 1, which is dated on f. 12<sup>V</sup>: śake 1702 (= A. D. 1780) śārvarīsaṃvatsare samāptim agamat 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 2. SAMHITĀS AND WORKS RELATING THERETO

### I. RG-VEDA

870—MSS. Mill 147-150 Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, A. D. 1715-1720.

Contents: the Samhitā text of the Rg-veda, accentuated, complete in eight astakas.

147, ff. 1-90 = astaka I (ff. 6 and 89 are supplied by modern hands).

147, ff.  $q_{1-160} = astaka II$ .

148, ff.  $1-92 = a \pm a ka$  III.

148, ff. 93-192 = astaka IV.

149, ff. 1-102 = astaka V.

149, ff. 102-206 = aṣṭaka VI (ff. 196-206 supplied by a modern hand).

150, ff. 1-97 = astaka VII (ff. 1-8, 9-12, 13-17, 65-71 are supplied by different modern hands. See the remarks in Latin on ff. 1, 65, and 72 of the MS.).

150, ff. 98-201 = astaka VIII.

The MS. is full of marginal corrections in red and black ink, and yellow pigment is frequently used for erasing words in the text.

It is the MS. SI used by Max Müller for his edition. See Rig-veda-Samhitd, I<sup>2</sup>, ix sq.

Former shelfmark: MSS. Bodl. Sanscr. 21-23. Size:  $9\frac{2}{8} \times 5\frac{2}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 147 = ii + 162; 148 = ii + 194; 149 = ii + 208; 150 = ii + 203.

Date: samvat 1777 (= A.D. 1721) is given at the end of aṣṭakas III and VII; samvat 1776 (= A.D. 1720) at the end of aṣṭaka IV. At the end of aṣṭaka V, it is not clear whether we have to read samvat 1771, as Max Müller reads, or 1777. The other aṣṭakas have no date.

Scribe: the name of the scribe is carefully erased in all the colophons. The MS, was written at Benares.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: 147 has lost part of the text on ff.  $48^{\circ}$ , 49, 50-56, 67, 88; and 148 on f. 192.

# 871—mss. mill 151-154

Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, A. D. 1754-1757.

Contents: the Samhitā text of the Rg-veda, accentuated, complete in eight astakas or ogdoads.

151, ff. 1-103 = astaka I (after f. 20 a leaf is missing, Rg-veda I, 27, 6 to I, 29, 2 being lost).

151, ff. 104-197 = astaka II.

152, ff. 1-100 = aştaka III.

152, ff. 101-195 = aṣṭaka IV (ff. 147-149, containing the Srī-sūkta, have been inserted by a modern hand).

153, ff. 1-63 = astaka V.

153, ff. 65-156 = aṣṭaka VI (this aṣṭaka has been written by three different hands, ff. 66-74, 89-96, 120-156 being written by one hand, and the rest alternately by two other hands. After f. 54, in the original foliation, there follow again ff. 45, &c.).

154, ff. 4-81 = aṣṭaka VII (ff. 15 and 42 cancelled, and ff. 16-41 supplied by a modern writer for Mill; see Mill's note on f. 1).

154, ff. 83-211 = astaka VIII (no. 24 has been omitted in the original foliation, but no leaf is missing).

The MS. is full of marginal corrections in red and black ink, and yellow pigment is frequently used for erasing words in the text.

This is the MS. S 2 used by Max Müller for his edition. See Rig-veda-Samhitâ, I<sup>2</sup>, x.

Former shelfmark: MSS, Bodl. Sanscr. 24-26. Size:  $151 = 9\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in.; 152,  $158 = 8\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in.;  $154 = 9\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 151 = ii + 199; 152 = ii + 197; 158 = ii + 158; 154 = 213.

Date: śake 1679 (= A. D. 1757) is given at the end of the second and fourth astakas; śake 1677 (= A. D.

1755) at the end of the third; and śake 1676 (= A.D. 1754) at the end of the eighth astaka. The other astakas are undated.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: in 151 a few letters of the text have disappeared on f. 119.

# 872—MSS. Wilson 429–432 Rg-veda, Samhitāpāṭha, A. D. 1798, 1799.

Contents: the Samhitāpāṭha of the Rg-veda. The MS. is divided into four volumes, each containing two aṣṭakas. 429 contains aṣṭakas I, II. Aṣṭaka I begins f. IV: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīvedapuruṣāya namaḥ i Hariḥ oṃ i Then follows the text, carefully accented and corrected throughout in light red ink.

Aṣṭaka I. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f.  $8^{v}$ , 2 on f. 17, 3 on f.  $25^{v}$ , 4 on f.  $35^{v}$ , 5 on f.  $44^{v}$ , 6 on f.  $53^{v}$ , 7 on f. 64, 8 on f. 73.

Aşṭaka II. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f. 86, 2 on f. 96, 3 on f. 105, 4 on f. 114, 5 on f. 123, 6 on f. 133, 7 on f. 143, 8 on f. 152.

429 ends: bhagnapṛṣṭhakaṭigrīvastabdhadṛṣṭir adhomukhaṃ I kaṣṭena likhitaṃ graṃthaṃ yatnena paripālayet II

480 contains astakas III, IV.

Aşṭaka III. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f. 11, 2 on f. 19 $^{\circ}$ , 3 on f. 28, 4 on f. 37, 5 on f. 46, 6 on f. 54, 7 on f. 63, 8 on f. 72 $^{\circ}$ .

Aşţaka IV. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f. 84, 2 on f. 93<sup>v</sup>, 3 on f. 103, 4 on f. 113, 5 on f. 122, 6 on f. 131, 7 on f. 141, 8 on f. 149<sup>v</sup>.

The colophons of the various sections are written in red and black ink, a letter alternately.

431 contains astakas V, VI.

Aşṭaka V. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f.  $10^{\circ}$ , 2 on f. 20, 3 on f. 29, 4 on f. 39, 5 on f.  $48^{\circ}$ , 6 on f.  $57^{\circ}$ , 7 on f.  $66^{\circ}$ , 8 on f. 74.

Aştaka VI. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f.  $84^{\circ}$ , 2 on f. 94, 3 on f. 105, 4 on f. 119, 5 on f. 127°, 6 on f.  $136^{\circ}$ , 7 on f. 145, 8 on f.  $152^{\circ}$ .

The vālakhilyāni end on f. 113<sup>v</sup>. At the end of aṣṭaka VI are the following verses in addition to that at the end of aṣṭaka II: visargabimdumātrāṇi padapādākṣarāṇi ca i nyūnāni cātiriktāni kṣamasva parameśvara ii I ii ajñānād vismṛter bhrāntyā ya nyūnam adhikam kṛtam i viparītam tu tat sarvam kṣamasva parameśvara ii I ii

482 contains astakas VII, VIII.

Aşṭaka VII. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f. 9, 2 on f. 19, 3 on f.  $29^{\circ}$ , 4 on f. 37, 5 on f.  $47^{\circ}$ , 6 on f.  $56^{\circ}$ , 7 on f. 66, 8 on f. 76.

Aṣṭaka VIII. The adhyāyas end as follows: 1 on f. 87, 2 on f. 96, 3 on f. 106, 4 on f. 116<sup>v</sup>, 5 on f. 126<sup>v</sup>, 6 on f. 134<sup>v</sup>, 7 on f. 146<sup>v</sup>, 8 on f. 159<sup>v</sup>.

Astaka VIII is unaccented. Ff. 35 and 35<sup>v</sup> are apparently in a different hand.

The MS. is very clearly written, and fairly accurate. It was not used by Max Müller.

Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 429 = ii + 152 + ii blank; 430 = ii + 150 + ii blank; 431 = ii + 153 + ii blank; 432 = ii + 160 + ii blank.

In the original foliation the leaves in each astaka are separately numbered.

Date: 480, f. 150: saṃvat 1855 śāke 1720 (= A. D. 1798) jyeṣṭakṛṣṇanavamyāṃ budhavāśare \

. 431, f. 152<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1854 šāke 1719 (= A. D. 1797) phālgune māse šuklapakse navamyā šanivāse \

432, f. 160: saņvat 1855 šake 1720 (= A. D. 1798) suklanāmasaņvatsare adhikašrāvaņe kṛṣṇapakṣe pañcamyā guruvāsare 1

Scribe: 432, f. 160: likhitam vrāmaņavāvulāta rājamamdilamadhe tadinam pustakam samāpta 1

Character: Devanagari.

## 873—MSS. Wilson 435-438 Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, A. D. 1814.

Contents: the Samhitāpātha of the Rg-veda. The MS. is in four volumes.

485 contains aṣṭakas I and II. The adhyāyas of these aṣṭakas end on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 30<sup>v</sup>, 45<sup>v</sup>, 61<sup>v</sup>, 75<sup>v</sup>, 90<sup>v</sup>, 107, 120, 137<sup>v</sup>, 153, 166<sup>v</sup>, 180<sup>v</sup>, 194<sup>v</sup>, 210, 223<sup>v</sup>, 237. Ff. 1-5 contain the paribhāṣās. Ff. 22, 23, containing I, ii, 11-14, are missing. There are no accents marked.

486 contains aṣṭakas III and IV. The adhyāyas of these aṣṭakas end on ff. 16, 28<sup>v</sup>, 42, 54<sup>v</sup>, 67<sup>v</sup>, 80, 93<sup>v</sup>, 108, 124<sup>v</sup>, 138<sup>v</sup>, 152<sup>v</sup>, 167, 180<sup>v</sup>, 193<sup>v</sup>, 208, 222. No accents.

437 contains aṣṭakas V and VI. The adhyāyas of these aṣṭakas end on ff. 14, 26°, 39, 53°, 66, 78, 90°, 101°, 116, 129, 145, 165°, 177, 190°, 203°, 215. No accents.

438 contains aṣṭakas VII and VIII. The adhyāyas of these aṣṭakas end on ff. 12<sup>v</sup>, 26<sup>v</sup>, 40<sup>v</sup>, 53, 68<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>, 97, 112, 128, 141, 155, 170, 184, 197, 214, 232<sup>v</sup>. On f. 232<sup>v</sup> is given the anuvākaprārambhaḥ, then some stanzas on the merits, &c., of the Rg-veda. No accents.

There are occasionally corrections in a later hand throughout the MS.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

The MS. is briefly described in H. H. Wilson's handwriting on the fly-leaf of 485.

Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 435 = ii + 237 + ii blank; 436 = ii + 223 + ii blank; 437 = ii + 216 + ii blank; 438 = ii + 236 + ii blank. In the original foliation each astaka has its separate numbering.

Date: dates are given twice: 435, f. 120, samvat 1875 (= A. D. 1819) | 437, f. 215, samvat 1870 (= A. D. 1814) |

Scribe: comparison with MSS. Wilson 433, 434, shows almost certainly that this MS. is by the same hand. The date agrees perfectly, and places the conclusion beyond reasonable doubt.

Character: Devanagari.

# 874—MSS. Wilson 433, 434 Rg-veda, Samhitāpāṭha, A. D. 1814.

Contents: the Samhitāpāṭha of the Rg-veda, without accents. The MS. is not very carefully or accurately written. It consists of two volumes. In 433, ff. 2-73 contain aṣṭaka I; f. 1<sup>V</sup> contains a few remarks from the Anukramaṇī and Sāyaṇa. Ff. 74<sup>V-184</sup> contain aṣṭaka II. In 434, ff. 2<sup>V-107</sup> contain aṣṭaka IV; ff. 108<sup>V-210</sup> contain aṣṭaka VI. The MS. was doubtless once complete, but in its present state it contains these aṣṭakas only.

The text is bounded on either side by three broad red lines, except in astaka I.

Despite the differences in form between astaka I and the rest, it is probable that the MS. is all by one hand, as the writing is very similar throughout.

This MS. was not used by Max Müller.

Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 433 = ii + 185 + ii blank; 434 = ii + 210 + ii blank. In the original foliation each astaka is numbered separately.

Date: there is no date for aşṭaka I, but on f. 184 the date for aṣṭaka II is given: saṃvat 1870 (= A. D. 1814) āṣāḍhaśukra 8 caṃdravāsare 1 484, f. 106<sup>V</sup>: saṃvat 1870 jeṣṭaśuddha 13 bhṛgu<sup>o</sup> 1 f. 210: saṃvat 1869 (= A. D. 1813) phālgunakṛṣṇa 6 ravivāsare 1

Scribe: 433, f. 184, Jyotişī ityupanāmno Jivanaº 1 484, f. 210, Jyotişī ityupanāmno Jivanarāmena likhitam 1 Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 875-MS. Wilson 448

Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, Astaka I, 18th cent.?

Contents: the first astaka of the Rg-veda in the Samhitā text, without accents. The MS. is fairly well written and accurate. The adhyāyas end at ff. 10°, 21, 30, 39, 47°, 56°, 66, 74. Accents have been added later up to f. 32°, i. e. to adhyāya 4, varga 10, in red ink.

This MS. was not used by Max Müller. Ff. 1 and 74<sup>v</sup> have ornamental designs.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 74 + ii blank.

Date: f. 74: iśwaranāmasamvatsare uttarāyamchośaśi rtau māghamāse 6 kṛṣṇapakṣe adya trayodaśī guruvāre prathamāṣṭaka samāptah i kārtīkaśuddhadaśimī prārambhe māghakṛṣṇatrayodaśī samāptah i The reading is uncertain as the original has been much corrected. The most probable date is either A. D. 1757 (Southern cycle) or A. D. 1747 (Northern).

Character: Devanagarī.

# 876—MS. Wilson 455

Rg-veda, Samhitāpāṭha, Aṣṭaka II, A.D. 1794.

Contents: the second astaka of the Rg-veda in the Samhitā text, with accents. The text begins on f. 1v and ends on f. 71. The adhyayas end at ff. 11v, 21v, 29°, 36°, 45, 54°, 63, 71. The arddhadhyayas are occasionally but not consistently marked. The accents are added in very dark red ink. The MS. is written on paper of two colours; the greater part is on the ordinary dull white, but ff. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 32-46, 54, 56, 57, 64, 69 are on paper coloured in various tints from dark brown to a reddish tinge. In the original numbering f. 54 is followed immediately by f. 56. Evidently f. 55 has been left to receive the copy of the part of the original which has been lost, but its contents, the end of adhyaya VI and the beginning of adhyāya VII, have been inserted on the margins of ff. 54 and 56 in a later hand, probably identical with that which added the accents. Yellow pigment is occasionally used for erasures. This MS. was not used by Max Müller. As Weber, Vajasaneyisamhitā, p. vii, points out, this MS. is a recent copy of MS. Wilson 362.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 7i + ii blank.

Date: f. 71: samvat 1850 (= A. D. 1794, not 1796 as in Bodl. catal., p. 382b) raktāksīsamvatsare mārgaśīrṣaśukla 3 tṛtīyā bhṛgau 1

Scribe: f. 71: lekhah svärtham parärtham ca likhitam idam Bāpayopanāmakakāśīnāthabhaṭṭātmajavaijanāthabhaṭṭena 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 55 is omitted because the corresponding page of the original has been lost, but its contents have been preserved. Some letters are illegible on f. 66v.

#### 877-MS. Wilson 444

## Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, Astaka III, 18th cent.?

Contents: the third astaka of the Rg-veda in the Samhitā text. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 73. The accents are carefully marked. The text is well and accurately written. The adhyāyas end at ff. 11, 19°, 28°, 37, 45°, 54°, 63°, 73. Ff. 1 and 73° have some slight attempts at decoration. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. This MS. was not used by Max Müller. There are occasionally notes in a later hand, e. g. at ff. 10°, 15°.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 11 + 73 + 11 blank. Date: probably about 1750 A.D. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 878-MS. Wilson 445

Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, Astaka VIII, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the eighth astaka of the Rg-veda in the Samhitā text, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 97. The adhyāyas end at ff. 14°, 25°, 31°, 49°, 60°, 70, 84, 97. The accents are added in red ink. The MS. is fairly accurate and is passably written.

The text is bounded on either side by two lines in red ink. Ff. 7-19 are written on yellow paper. Ff. 3<sup>v</sup> and 4 are blank.

This MS. was not used by Max Müller.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 97 + ii blank. In the original foliation ff.  $3^{v}$  and 4 are unnumbered.

Date: probably not earlier than 1800 A.D., and may be more modern.

Character: Devanagari.

## 879—MSS. Mill 155–158 Rg-veda, Padapāṭha, about A. D. 1670.

Contents: the Pada text of the Rg-veda, accentuated, complete in eight aşţakas.

155, ff. 1-97 = astaka I (apparently written by three different hands, ff. 1-37 being written by one hand).

155, ff. 98-225 = aṣṭaka II (adhyāyas 3 and 4 written by different hands. After f. 108 one leaf is missing, Rv. I, 129, 10 to I, 130, 6 being lost).

156, ff. 1-109 = astaka III.

156, ff. 110-216 = astaka IV.

157, ff. 1-84 = aştaka V (f. 84 supplied by a modern writer, probably for Mill).

157, ff. 85-173 = astaka VI.

158, ff. 1-96 = astaka VII.

158, ff. 97-200 = astaka VIII (ff. 97-182 = ff. 1-86, old foliation, contain the old MS.; ff. 183-200 = ff. 96-112, as foliated by the writer, are part of a modern MS., without accents. The old MS. breaks off in the middle of Rv. X, 142, 6, all the rest being supplied by the modern MS.).

The MS. is full of marginal corrections in red and black ink, and yellow pigment is frequently used for erasing words in the text.

This is the MS. PI used by Max Müller. See Rig-veda-Samhitâ, I<sup>2</sup>, xi.

Former shelfmark: MSS. Bodl. Sanscr. 27-29.

Size:  $155 = 9 \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in.;  $156 = 8\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in.;  $157 = 9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in.;  $158 = 9\frac{8}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 155 = ii + 227; 156 = ii + 218;  $157 = ii + 1 - 85^a + 85^b + 175$ ;  $158 = ii + 1 - 16^a + 16^b + 202$ .

Date: the first astaka is dated samvat 1727, sake 1592 = A. D. 1670. The fourth astaka also bears the date samvat 1727. The second astaka is dated samvat 1728 = A. D. 1672. At the end of astaka VII Max Müller (l. c.) reads the date samvat 1672 = A. D. 1616. The modern portion of the eighth astaka is dated samvat 1857, sake 1722 = A. D. 1800.

Scribe: Max Müller, l. c., concludes from the hand-writing of the MS. and from the half-legible colophon at the end of aṣṭaka VII, that it was written by Damodara Sadāśiva. To judge from the colophon at the end of aṣṭaka I (idaṃ pustakaṃ Vāde-Lakṣmaṇa-bhaṭṭasya) the MS. was written for Vāde Lakṣmaṇa-

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the MS. has been repaired by transparent and other paper in many places. In 155, ff. 203 and 204, in 156, ff. 8 and 9, in 157, ff. 14, 110, 137, and in 158, ff. 95 and 96, some words of the text have become illegible or are lost.

#### 880-Ms. Mill 159

Rg-veda, Padapātha, Astaka V, A. D. 1770.

Contents: the Pada text of the Rg-veda, accentuated, the fifth astaka only. See MS. note by Mill on f. iii. There are many marginal corrections, most of them in red ink, by one and the same hand; yellow pigment is used for corrections in the text.

This is the MS. P 5 used by Max Müller.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 30.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 104.

Date:  $\acute{s}ake\ 1692\ (=A.\ D.\ 1770).$ 

Scribe : Sarvadyopanāmnā Sadāśivena likhitam Trimbakabhaṭṭasya dattam svārtham parārtham ca ı

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 881—MSS. Wilson 439-442 Rg-veda, Padapāṭha, A. D. 1655 & 18th cent.?

Contents: the Padapāṭha of the Rg-veda, complete in eight aṣṭakas, with accents. The MS. is bound up into four volumes = MSS. Wilson 439, 440, 441, 442, respectively. While aṣṭakas II-VIII are certainly by one hand, the accents being added by another, aṣṭaka I is in a different, and in all probability a much later, hand.

439 contains aṣṭakas I and II. Aṣṭaka I begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 116. The adhyāyas end at ff. 12°, 26, 40, 55, 70, 84°, 101°, 116. Aṣṭaka II begins on f. 117° and ends on f. 279. The adhyāyas end at ff. 141, 162°, 181, 199°, 216°, 240, 260°, 279.

440 contains aṣṭakas III and IV. Aṣṭaka III begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 137<sup>v</sup>. The adhyāyas end at ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 34, 50<sup>v</sup>, 67<sup>v</sup>, 84<sup>v</sup>, 101, 118, 137<sup>v</sup>. Aṣṭaka IV begins on f. 138<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 279. The adhyāyas end at ff. 156<sup>v</sup>, 172<sup>v</sup>, 191, 210<sup>v</sup>, 227, 243<sup>v</sup>, 262, 279.

441 contains aṣṭakas V and VI. Aṣṭaka V begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 119. The adhyāyas end at ff. 18, 34<sup>v</sup>, 51, 67<sup>v</sup>, 80<sup>v</sup>, 93<sup>v</sup>, 107, 119. Aṣṭaka VI begins on f. 120<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 236. The adhyāyas end on ff. 134<sup>v</sup>, 149, 165<sup>v</sup>, 188, 200, 212<sup>v</sup>, 224<sup>v</sup>, 236. F. 107<sup>v</sup> is half blank.

442 contains aṣṭakas VII and VIII. Aṣṭaka VII begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 136. The adhyāyas end at ff. 14, 29, 46°, 63, 81°, 102°, 119°, 136. Aṣṭaka VIII begins on f. 137° and ends on f. 301. The adhyāyas end at ff. 156, 173°, 190, 213, 236, 254°, 277, 301. F. 190° is blank.

In astaka I the text is bounded on either side by three red lines; in the other astakas by one black line. In all cases the accents are added in red ink of a dark tint. Astaka I is carefully written, the rest are rather careless.

This MS. was used by Max Müller for his second edition (see his Rig-veda,  $I^2$ , lxiv) = P4.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 489=ii+279+i blank; 440=ii+279+ii blank; 441=ii+236+ii blank; 442=ii+301+ii blank.

In the original foliation each astaka is numbered separately, and in astaka VIII the numbering is confused from f. 42 onwards.

Date: astaka I is undated; it is probably of the same period as MSS. Wilson 429-432, i.e. end of 18th cent. For the other astakas the date is given by the note in 442, f. 301: śakābdam 1577 (= A. D. 1655) manmathasamvatsaramāghamāsi 1

Scribe: aṣṭaka I has no note as to its writer. For the other aṣṭakas his name is given by the note in 442, f. 301: Aruṇācalasthala Kṛṣṇabhaṭṭānāṃ padapustakaṃ Dakṣiṇāmūrtinā likhitam !

Further there are two notes relating to the accentuators: 439, f. 279: idam pustaka svaritam Sumdarabhattena Rāmamadhohakareņa (or 'karaņa?) | 441, f. 107: idam pustakam Krṣṇabhattakāśikarasya svaritam Viṣṇubhatta Rāmapūrīpāpadamdīkareņa svaritam | This latter person proceeds (f. 107) to say: śrīganeśāya namaḥ | pustakasya akṣaram samūcīnam nāsti tadvaśāt svara kvacit aśuddhah |

Character: Devanagari.

#### 882-MS. Wilson 362

Rg-veda, Padapātha, Astaka II, A.D. 1501.

Contents: the second astaka of the Rg-veda in the Pada text, with accents. The text begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 57. The adhyāyas are numbered from 9-16, that is consecutively with the adhyāyas of the first astaka, showing that this MS. is only part of a more complete copy. They end at ff. 10<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>, 26, 32<sup>v</sup>, 38<sup>v</sup>, 44<sup>v</sup> (see below), 50<sup>v</sup>, 57. The end of adhyāya 6 and beginning of adhyāya 7 are missing through the loss of the original f. 45. The text stops on f. 44<sup>v</sup> at adhyāya 6, varga 30 (= Mand. II, 23, 11), and begins again on f. 46 (45 of the new numbering) with adhyāya 7, varga 3 (= Mand. II, 24, 12). Part of f. 17 has been lost, through the tearing of the leaf, and has been added in a later hand. The accents are added by a later hand in red ink.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. There is an ornamental frontispiece on f. 1.

This MS. was not used by Max Müller. It was first noticed by Weber, Vājasaneyisamhitā, p. vii.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 57 + ii blank. F. 45 in the original foliation is lost, so that the numberings disagree after f. 44.

Date: the date of the writing of the MS. is given

on f. 57: saṃvat 1557 (= A. D. 1501) varṣe śrāvaṇaśudi oʻ śanau likhitam i

The date of the adding of the accents is given on f. 57: samvat 1559 (= A. D. 1503) varse āśvanaśudi 15 1

Scribe: the scribe's patron is apparently named in the following hardly legible words on f. 57: adya śrivrddhanagare vāstavyaduvesadasutaduvemaṇapaṭhanārtham putrapautrapaṭhanārtham

The accentuator is named on f. 57: Gonākena svaraśodhitam ca (?) 1

Character: Devanāgarī. Injuries: f. 45 is lost.

#### 883-MS. Wilson 360

#### Rg-veda, Padapātha, Astaka VIII, A. D. 1812.

Contents: the eighth astaka of the Rg-veda in the Pada text, with accents. The MS. begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 47. The adhyāyas end at ff. 8<sup>v</sup>, 14, 19<sup>v</sup>, 25, 30, 35, 40<sup>v</sup>, 47. Then follows an account of the number of stanzas in the Rg-veda, of its merits, &c., ending on f. 48<sup>v</sup>. The accents are added in dark red ink. The MS. is carefully and accurately written. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines, but these are regularly omitted on the verso, and frequently even on the recto. F. 49 is blank.

This MS. was used by Max Müller (see his Rig-veda, IV<sup>2</sup>, clxxxvii) = P 8.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 49 + ii blank.

Date: f.  $48^{\circ}$ : saṃvat 1868 (= A. D. 1812) citrabhānusaṃ $^{\circ}$  caitraśu $^{\circ}$  3 dine samāptaṃ 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 884-MS. Wilson 75

# Rg-veda, Samhitāpātha, Astaka I, with the commentary of Sāyaṇa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the first aṣṭaka, adhyāyas 1 and 2, of the Rg-veda in the Saṃhiṭā text, with the commentary of Sāyaṇācārya. The text begins on f. 2 and ends on f. 91°. Sāyaṇa's general introduction ends on f. 17°. The first adhyāya ends on f. 62. The second adhyāya ends on f. 91°. The text is written fairly accurately, though not without omissions and blunders. There are no accents. The text proper occupies the centre of the page, the commentary the top and bottom. The paper is red in colour.

This MS. was used by Max Müller for the edition, and is his 'C 6.' Its relation to other MSS. is described in his Rig-veda, 1<sup>2</sup>, xxi.

Size:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.
BODL. SANS, CATAL. II.

No. of leaves: i+92+i blank. Originally the pages were arranged and numbered as in a modern book.

Date: probably, from the appearance of the writing, written about A. D. 1800.

Character: Bengālī.

#### 885—MSS. Wilson 57-60

# Rg-veda, Samhitāpāṭha, with the commentary of Sāyaṇa, about A. D. 1825.

Contents: the first, third, and fourth astakas of the Rg-veda in the Samhitā text, with the commentary, Vedārthaprakāša, of Sāyaṇācārya (c. A.D. 1360—1380). The MS. is in four volumes, corresponding to MSS. Wilson 57, 58, 59, 60. The numbering of the pages was originally continuous from 57 to 58.

57 contains astaka I with commentary. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 297°. The general introduction to Sāyaṇa's work ends on f. 32. The text extends to the end of adhyāya 4. The adhyāyas end on ff. 122, 180, 241, 297°.

58 contains the remainder of astaka I with commentary. It begins on f. 1 of the new foliation (= f. 298 of the old) and ends on f. 272°. The adhyāyas end on ff. 70, 148°, 217, 272°. There are a good many lacunae marked in the text, more especially on ff. 240°, 243°, 244, 248°, 264°, 266, 269°, 272. Ff. 217°, 218 are blank. In the new foliation ff. 124-133 are passed over.

59 contains astaka III with commentary. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 294°. The adhyāyas end on ff. 62, 107, 146, 166, 216°, 243, 269, 294°. There are lacunae marked on nearly every page, and two or more lacunae occur on ff. 7, 12, 18, 18°, 43°, 55, 68, 72°, 80°, 87, 94, 113, 113°, 122°, 136, 282°, 283°, 290. On f. 162, a gāyatrī verse (= Maṇḍ. III, 62, 10) is omitted in the text, though given in the commentary. F. 297 contains merely the text of adhyāya 6, varga 20 (= Maṇḍ. IV, 30, 10), and is numbered '237' in the original foliation. It is evidently a rejected duplicate which has been bound in, for there is a '237' with the text and commentary in the MS. Ff. 295, 296 likewise contain fragments.

60 contains astaka IV with commentary. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 253°. The adhyāyas end on ff. 33°, 62, 93, 129, 161, 188, 229, 253°. A break is made at the end of the fifth maṇḍala on f. 121°. On ff. 122-126 there is a series of verses composed by the writer of the MS. or some predecessor, entreating all the gods to give him wealth. These stanzas, though very elaborate, contain no information as to the personality of the writer. They do not seem

to be found in other 'C' MSS. as there is no note on the subject in the apparatus criticus in Max Müller's edition, vol. II, p. 51. Lacunae are marked only occasionally, as on ff. 223, 229.

There are no accents. The MS. is fairly accurate, but contains too large a proportion of lacunae, marked and unmarked. The text is written in the middle of the page, the commentary fills the top and bottom.

On the relations of this MS., which was used by Max Müller, see his Rig-veda, I<sup>2</sup>, xxi.

Bukka I, under whom the work was written, reigned about A.D. 1354-1371. It was Mādhava, his brother, who was abbot of Sṛṅgeri, and died A.D. 1387 (?), Klemm, Gurupūjākaumudī, p. 46. The Saṅgama of IX, 13, init., Max Müller, IV<sup>2</sup>, exxviii, is probably the second, one of whose dates is A.D. 1356.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 9\frac{3}{8}$  in. The text is written and arranged in European fashion.

Material: English paper, water-marked 'V. E. I. C. (= East India Company) J. Whatman, 1825.'

No. of leaves: 57 = ii + 297 + i blank; 58 = ii + 272 + i blank; 59 = ii + 297 + i blank; 60 = ii + 263 + ii blank. The original foliation of 57 and 58 is continuous. 58 (v. supra) has really only 262 pages.

Date: as the official Government paper on which the MS. is written was manufactured in 1825, the MS. must have been written either in that year or after it.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 886—MSS. Wilson 78-86 Sāyaņa's Vedārthaprakāśa, A. D. 1795-1834.

Contents: the Vedārthaprakāśa of Sāyaṇa, being a commentary on the Rg-veda, complete. The MS. consists of nine volumes, corresponding to MSS. Wilson 78-86.

78 contains the commentary on astaka I, adhyāyas I-3. The text begins on f. IV and ends on f. 310. The adhyāyas end on ff. 163, 248, 310. In the original foliation the leaves are numbered consecutively in the first two adhyāyas, but a new series is begun with the third adhyāya. Probably this adhyāya is by a different hand. The text proper is not given, the stanzas being only indicated by their first words. Lacunae are marked on ff. 22, 25°, 28, 120. The text is fairly correct, though sometimes careless.

79 contains the commentary on aṣṭaka I, adhyā-yas 4-8. The text begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 349. The adhyāyas end on ff. 66 (see below), 133<sup>v</sup>, 211<sup>v</sup>, 287, 349. The fourth adhyāya is, however, incomplete: it ends on f. 66 in the middle of varga 25,

in the commentary upon Mand. I, 59, 3. In the original foliation the numbering of the leaves is quite confused. The MS. seems to show traces of three hands. Ff. 189–193 are in red ink. Lacunae are marked on ff. 36, 134<sup>v</sup>, 145, 319, 339<sup>v</sup>, 341, 345, 348, 348<sup>v</sup>. The text is fairly accurately written. Ff. 161, 161<sup>v</sup> are half blank.

80 contains aṣṭaka II. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 330. The adhyāyas end on ff. 62<sup>v</sup>, 114<sup>v</sup>, 166<sup>v</sup>, 202<sup>v</sup>, 237, 270<sup>v</sup>, 304, 330. The writing is perhaps all by one hand in different styles. Lacunae are often marked. The numbering of the pages in the original, as in the new foliation, is continuous, but ff. 304<sup>v</sup>, 305 are blank, a distinct division being made in the MS. at the end of adhyāya 7. The MS. is fairly accurate.

81 contains the commentary on astaka III. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 266<sup>v</sup>. adhyāyas end on ff. 79, 139<sup>v</sup>, 182, 214<sup>v</sup>, 245<sup>v</sup>, 266<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is incomplete and breaks off in varga 26 of adhyāya 6, in the commentary on Mand. IV, 32, 15. In the original the numbering is continuous as in the new foliation, but f. 208 is followed in the original by f. 210, which contains only some fragments of vargas 21 and 22 of adhyāya 4, being the commentary on Mand. IV, 3, 16. Then comes f. 211, which is the perfectly correct continuation of f. 208v. The MS. shows traces of at least three hands, which begin on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 126<sup>v</sup>, 165. A very large number of lacunae are marked, and there are many not marked. The MS. is only fairly accurate. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

82 contains the commentary on astaka III, adhyāya 8, and astaka IV. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 308. The third astaka, adhyāya 8, ends on f. 32. The adhyāyas of astaka IV end on ff. 69, 99<sup>v</sup>, 133<sup>v</sup>, 166<sup>v</sup>, 202<sup>v</sup>, 229<sup>v</sup>, 267, 308. There are fewer lacunae than usual: ff. 274, 274<sup>v</sup> are the one partially, the other-entirely blank, and there is a small lacuna in the text. The MS. is on the whole well written. The Bodl. catal., p. 365<sup>b</sup>, omits to give adhyāya 8 of astaka III as part of the contents of this volume.

83 contains the commentary on aṣṭaka V. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 267. The adhyāyas, which in this case are clearly separated by a blank space left at the end of each (except no. 3), end on ff. 34°, 69°, 97°, 131, 150 (see below), 186°, 230, 267. Adhyāya 5 is incomplete. It breaks off at varga 16, with the commentary on Maṇḍ. VII, 69, 5. The lacunae are fairly numerous and rather more important than elsewhere. Ff. 181, 223 of the original foliation are missing, and f. 222° (= original 224) is

half blank, there being a considerable lacuna. The text is not very accurately written.

84 contains the commentary on astaka VI. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 236. The adhyāyas end on ff. 30<sup>v</sup>, 69, 95, 122<sup>v</sup>, 150<sup>v</sup>, 191<sup>v</sup>, 215<sup>v</sup>, 236. Adhyāya i is incomplete. It ends on f. 30<sup>v</sup> with varga 39, ending the commentary on Mand. VIII, 20, 25. There are a good many lacunae in the text, some of importance. Ff. 4, 96 of the original foliation are wanting. The text is not very accurate.

85 contains the commentary on aṣṭaka VII. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 287. The adhyāyas end on ff. 22°, 68, 101°, 136°, 168°, 203°, 249°, 287. There are a good many lacunae, but none are very serious. The original foliation is 1-168+1-119. The text is fairly accurate. There are perhaps traces of three different hands in the text.

86 contains the commentary on astaka VIII. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 329. The adhyāyas end on ff. 40, 73, 106<sup>v</sup>, 142, 180, 223, 279<sup>v</sup>, 329. Lacunae are numerous. Half of f. 152<sup>v</sup> is blank and contains a larger lacuna. The MS. is only fairly accurate. It shows fairly clear traces of at least two hands.

This MS. was used by Max Müller as 'C4.' For its relations see his Rig-veda, I<sup>2</sup>, xxi.

Throughout the nine volumes yellow pigment is occasionally used for erasures. The writing is usually easy to read, but it is somewhat ugly and modern.

Size:  $78 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.;  $79 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in.;  $80 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in.;  $81 = 14 \times 7$  in.;  $82 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.;  $83 = 14 \times 7$  in.;  $84 = 14 \times 7$  in.;  $85 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.;  $86 = 14 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, very strong and glazed.

No. of leaves: 78 = ii + 310 + ii blank; 79 = ii + 349 + ii blank; 80 = ii + 330 + ii blank; 81 = ii + 266 + ii blank; 82 = ii + 308 + ii blank; 83 = ii + 267 + ii blank; 84 = ii + 236 + ii blank; 85 = ii + 287 + ii blank; 86 = ii + 329 + ii blank.

The original numberings are usually different. In so far as they are important they have been noted above.

Date: the Bodl. catal., p. 365b, and Max Müller, l. c., give the date of the MS. as 1834. This is hardly accurate, as the MS. is by no means of the same date throughout. The following dates are given in various parts. There are none in 78 and 79.

80, f. 330: sam. 1890 (= A. D. 1834) 1

81, f. 79: samvat 1851 (= A. D. 1795) 1 This is at the end of adhyāya 1 of asṭaka III.

82, f. 308: samv. 1 miti jyetava 6 sukravāra 1 83, f. 267: 1851 (= A. D. 1795) 1 84, f. 236: saṃvat 1890 śrāvaṇavadī 9 guruvāsarah 1 85, f. 287: saṃvat 1890 bhomavāśare 1

86, f. 329: samvat 1890 adhikabhādrapadakṛṣṇa-saptamyām bhṛguvāsare 1

It is not at all likely, to judge from the appearance of the MS., that any part is older than A.D. 1795 or much, if any, later than 1834.

Scribe: perhaps a name is given in 82, f. 308, continuing the passage cited under 'Date': likhatam tajajākṛṣṇa I

Character: Devanāgarī in various styles of writing. Injuries: mentioned above under the various volumes. The chief is the loss of the seventh adhyāya of aṣṭaka III.

# 887—MSS. Mill 24-28 g Sāyaņa's Vedārthaprakāća, A. D. 1835.

Contents: the Mādhavīya Vedārthaprakāśa of Sāyaṇācārya. This MS. consists of nine volumes, corresponding to MSS. Mill 24, 25, 26, 26<sup>b-g</sup>, containing the commentary on aṣṭakas I-VIII.

24 contains the commentary on astaka I, adhyā-yas 1-3. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 149<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 227. Adhyāya 3 ends on f. 298. There are lacunae marked on ff. 165<sup>v</sup>, 186<sup>v</sup>, 265<sup>v</sup>.

25 contains the commentary on astaka I, adhyā-yas 4-8. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 76°. Adhyāya 5 ends on f. 138°. Adhyāya 6 ends on f. 207°. Adhyāya 7 ends on f. 278°. Adhyāya 8 ends on f. 334°. Ff. 207, 278 are blank. Lacunae are numerous.

26 contains the commentary on aṣṭaka II. Adhyāya I begins on f. 1°V and ends on f. 75°V. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 138°V. Adhyāya 3 ends on f. 203. Adhyāya 4 ends on f. 248. Adhyāya 5 ends on f. 288°V. Adhyāya 6 ends on f. 327. Adhyāya 7 ends on f. 366°V. Adhyāya 8 ends on f. 393. Lacunae are very numerous.

26 b contains the commentary on aṣṭaka III. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 82. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 128°. Adhyāya 3 ends on f. 177. Adhyāya 4 ends on f. 218. Adhyāya 5 ends on f. 249°. Adhyāya 6 ends on f. 272. Adhyāya 7 ends on f. 297. Adhyāya 8 ends on f. 324. Lacunae occur passim.

26 c contains aṣṭaka IV. Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 29. Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 51<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 77<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 101. Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 130<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 154. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 185<sup>v</sup>. There is a lacuna on f. 192, from Rv.VI, 49, 7 to 12.

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26 d contains aşţaka V. Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 26v. Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 49. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 68. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 92. Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 104. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 128v. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 165v. There is a lacuna on f. 103, the end of adhyaya 5 (from Rv. VII, 69, 6 to the end of VII, 80) being lost, and also on f. 159, verses 16 to 24 of Rv. VIII, 3 being lost.

26 e contains aştaka VI. Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 26<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 60. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 80°. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 103. Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 125. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 159. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 180.

26f contains astaka VII. Adhyaya 2 begins on f. 14<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 44. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 62. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 81v. Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 104v. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 126v. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 151v.

26 g contains astaka VIII. Adhyāya 2 begins on Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 54<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 79. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 105<sup>v</sup> (f. 81 is missing, Rv. X, 86, 11 to 18 being lost). Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 134<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 168. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 213.

These are all modern copies, made probably by at least four different hands. They are fairly accurate. The MS. belongs to the 'C' class, and is 'C 2' in Max Müller's edition, I2, xxi.

Size:  $14\frac{3}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. approximately for each volume. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 24 = ii + 298 + ii blank; 25 = ii + 334+ii blank; 26 = ii + 393 + ii blank; 26b = ii + 325 + iiblank;  $26c = ii + 1 - 93^a + 93^b + 214$ ;  $26d = ii + 1 - 164^a$  $+164^{b}+198$ ; 26e=200; 26f=ii+173; 26g=ii+253 + ii blank.

In the original foliation each adhyāya or pair of adhyayas is numbered separately thus: 24 = 150 (really 149 for f. 53 is omitted) +78+71; **25**=76+ 131+71+56; **26** = 138+65+45+79+39+27; **26b** = 82 + 46 + 90 + 31 + 23 + 25 + 28 leaves.

Date: in 24 and 25 no dates are given.

In 26 there are two; one on f. 327 at the end of adhyāya 6: samvat 1850 (= A. D. 1794) I which from the similarity of the writing probably applies also to adhyāyas 1, 2, 7. The other on f. 393 at the end of the bock: samvat 1891 (= A. D. 1835) 1 These facts make it certain that 1851 and 1853 are the dates in 26 c-26 g, and the statements are corroborated by the condition of the paper.

of adhyāya 4: samvat 1891 (= A. p. 1835) jyestasukla II bhaumavāsara 1

The date samuat 1891 = A.D. 1835 is given at the end of astakas IV and VI, and samvat 1890 = A. D. 1834 at the end of adhyaya 3 of astaka V. At the end of aştaka V the number 1851 is given, and at the end of astaka VII we find the following: samvat 181153 samvat 7790. Does this mean that these two volumes were written in samuat 1851 (= A. D. 1795) and samuat 1853 (= A.D. 1797)? They certainly do not look forty years older than the other volumes.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 888—MS. Wilson 86 b Sāyaṇa's Vedārthaprakāśa, Astaka I, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vedārthaprakāśa of Sāyaņācārya, a commentary on astaka I of the Rg-veda. The text is not given; the stanzas being indicated by the first words. The work begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 371<sup>v</sup>. The general introduction to Sāyaṇa's commentary ends on f. 28v. The adhyayas end on ff. 97, 142v, 182v, 226°, 262°, 300, 340, 371°. The MS. is on the whole carefully and accurately written. There are lacunae marked on ff. 55°, 58°, 340°, 366°, 367°, 368, 369, 370, 371, 371, and the writer is also more careless towards the end of the astaka. In the original foliation the volume is divided into two parts, each containing four adhyāyas. Ff. 226v, 227, 291, 291v are partially or entirely blank.

This MS. was used by Max Müller as 'C 3.' On its connexion with the other 'C' MSS. see his Rig-veda, I<sup>2</sup>, xxi.

Former owner: on f. 1 is stamped: Sanscrit College Library. On the same page is written: Government Sanscrit College, Calcutta.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 1.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{7}{8}$  in. The MS. is arranged like a modern book. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 371 + iv blank. The original foliation counts the two sets of four adhyayas separately, but it is inaccurate. Even in the new foliation there are really 372 leaves, as 114 is doubled.

Date: the appearance of the MS. suggests that it was written about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 889-MS. Wilson 74 Sāyaņa's Vedārthaprakāśa, Astaka II, about A. D. 1827.

Contents: the Vedārthaprakāśa of Sāyaņa, a com-In 26 b the date is given only on f. 218 at the end | mentary on astaka II of the Rg-veda. The commen-



tary extends only to adhyāyas 1-6. Up to the end of the sixteenth varga of the second adhyāya, the Saṃhitā text is also given, though without accents. There (= Maṇḍ. I, 147, 5) it ends, and the rc verses are only indicated by the first word. The adhyāyas end on ff. 46°, 81°, 113, 134, 156, 176. There are throughout, but especially at the beginning, numerous lacunae marked. The MS. is rather carelessly written, and seems less accurate than the MS. of aṣṭakas I, III, IV (= MSS. Wilson 57-60) to which it forms in a sense the partial completion (Max Müller, Rig-veda, I², xxi).

This MS. was used by Max Müller, and is treated by him as a part of 'C 5.'

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 10\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: English paper, water-marked 'V. E. I. C. E. Wise 1827.'

No. of leaves: iii+176+iii blank.

Date: the date of the manufacture of the paper shows that the MS. must have been written either in or shortly after 1827, doubtless for H. H. Wilson, before he left India.

Scribe: though the date on the paper is different (here 1827, in MSS. Wilson 57-60 1825), and though the style of the work varies somewhat (in this MS. the text is only given in part), yet the similarity in writing is sufficient to render it probable that this and MSS. Wilson 57-60 are by one hand.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 890 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. f. 11 Vedic Hymns, 18th cent.?

Contents: four sets of Vedic hymns, text in the Samhitā form, without accents, except that the '1' is marked.

- 1. The Visnusükta. It begins on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namah Vedapurusāya namah 1 om ato devā avamtu &c. 1 It consists of Rg-veda I, 22, 16-21; 154-156; VI, 69; VII, 99. It ends on f. 9: Visnusükta samāptah 1
- 2. The Vāmanasūkta. It begins on f. 9: asya vāmasya palitasya hotuh &c. 1 See Rg-veda I, 164, 165. It ends on f. 21v: Vāmanasūkta samāptah 1
- 3. The Manyusūkta. It begins on f. 21<sup>v</sup>: yas te manyo 'vidhad &c. 1 See Rg-veda X, 83-85, and khila 17 (avidhavā bhava varṣāṇi śataṃ &c.). It ends on f. 32: Manyusūkta samāptah 1
- 4. The Vāksūkta, if the name may be coined, none being given in the MS. It begins on f. 32<sup>v</sup>: aham Rudrebhir &c. 1 See Rg-veda X, 125; I, 141, 1-5; X, 136; 137; 71. It ends on f. 38. Cf. the Devisūkta in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 2.

The text is enclosed in a border of yellow and red

lines. There is a vignette of Brahma, Siva and Durga, Vișnu and Lakṣmī, on f. 1.

Has the note 'Gore Ouseley' on f. 1°, and was probably presented, with other MSS. formerly belonging to Sir Gore Ouseley, by Mr. J. B. Elliott of Patna, in 1859.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 11.

Size:  $6\frac{1}{8} \times 3\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 38 + ii blank.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 891-MS. Sansk. e. 8 a

S'aunaka's Brhaddevatā, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Brhaddevatā by Saunaka Ācārya, in eight adhyāyas. It begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namah 1 śrīsarasvatyai namah 11 o 3 m 11 namaskṛtyāma) o 3 m maṃtradṛgbhyo namaskṛtyā samāmnāyānupūrvaśah 1 sūktargarddharcapādānām ṛgbhyo vakṣyāmi daivataṃ 11 veditavyam daivataṃ hi maṃtre maṃtre prayatnatah 1 daivatajňo hi maṃtrāṇāṃ tadartham avagachati 11 &c.

Adhyāya I (twenty-six sections) ends on f. 12 (iti Bṛhaddevatāyām prathamo 'dhyāyaḥ II); adhyāya 2 (thirty-two sections), f. 25; adhyāya 3 (thirty-one sections), f. 37°; adhyāya 4 (twenty-nine sections), f. 50; adhyāya 5 (thirty-five sections), f. 65°; adhyāya 6 (thirty-three sections), f. 79°; adhyāya 7 (thirty-two sections), f. 93; adhyāya 8 (twenty-eight sections), f. 104.

The MS. is very incorrect, and sometimes lacunae are indicated where the scribe (who seems to have had little knowledge of Sanskrit) could not read the original from which he copied. On f. I there is an invocation by the scribe.

This MS. has been collated by Prof. Macdonell for his projected edition. It belongs to the 'B' family of MSS.

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861.

Former shelfmarks: (1) MS. Walker 203 (= Bodl. catal., p. 401b); (2) MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 8 a.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 4$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 106.

Date: probably early 18th cent., or rather late 17th. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 892 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 379

Şadgurusişya's Sarvānukramaņīvrtti, and Nighaņtu, A. D. 1600 & 19th cent. ?

Contents: two parts.

1. Ṣadguruśiṣya's Sarvānukramaṇīvṛtti, a commentary on the Sarvānukramaṇī, written on March 24, 1184 (see Kielhorn, *Ind. Ant.*, XXI, 49; Bühler, *Paleographie*, p. 82). It is preceded by a commentary by the same author on the Anuvākānukramaṇī, which begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 5. The commentary on the Sarvānukramaṇī begins on f. 5 and ends on f. 74. In both cases the actual text precedes the commentary.

The MS. is carefully and accurately written. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

The MS. has been noticed and used by Prof. Macdonell, in his edition of Kātyāyana's Sarvānukramaṇī, with extracts from Ṣadguruśiṣya's commentary, p.x. A great part of the text is there printed on pp. 57-168. The Anuvākānukramaṇī is printed on pp. 47-53.

2. The Nighantu, a collection of Vedic terms. The five adhyāyas end on ff. 77, 79<sup>v</sup>, 81<sup>v</sup>, 83, 84. It begins on f. 74<sup>v</sup>.

This is quite a modern copy, without accents. It is apparently Roth's MS. 'F.' See his Nirukta, pp. 3, 4.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+84+i blank.

Date: for 1 the date is given on f. 74: samvat 1656 (= A. D. 1600) varse jyestavadi saptamī ravivā-sare! No date is given for 2, but its appearance is quite modern.

Scribe: for 1 the scribe is given on f. 74: Viśālanāgarajñātīyavyāsaśrīharināthasutavyāsapuruşottamena likhitam paropakārārtham 1 For 2 no name is given.

Characte: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 55-57 are damaged by ink.

#### 893 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. e. 9

# S'aunaka's Rg-vedaprātiśākhya, Jayantasvāmin's Svarānkuśa, A. D. 1806.

Contents: two works written by the same hand.

1. The Rg-vedaprātiśākhya of Saunaka, complete in eighteen paṭalas, and three adhyāyas. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: the (3) adhyāyas end on ff. 11<sup>v</sup>, 19<sup>v</sup>, 30; the (18) paṭalas end on ff. 3, 6, 6<sup>v</sup>, 7, 10<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 15, 16<sup>v</sup>, 17, 19, 19<sup>v</sup>, 21, 22<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 26<sup>v</sup>, 28, 30. The MS. is on the whole fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

The work was edited by A. Regnier, with a French translation, in the *Journal Asiatique*, 1856-1858, and

by Max Müller, with a German version, Leipzig, 1869. The latter did not use this MS.

2. The Svarānkuśa of Jayantasvāmin, being a brief treatise on phonetics (accent) in twenty-one verses, of which the last is on f. 31: jātyo 'bhinihitaś caiva kṣaipraḥ praśliṣṭa eva ca i ete svarāḥ prakaṃpaṃte yatroccasvaritodaye ii 21 ii This is (according to a note in Aufrecht's writing in the Bodl. catal.) identical with the spurious verse III, 19, of the Prātiśākhya, which Uvaṭa does not explain. The colophon is: Jayamtasvāminā proktā ślokānām ekaviṃśatiḥ i The title Svarānkuśa was first given by Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 3b, another is Svaranirṇaya. For hypotheses as to the author (identical with Jayāditya, author of part of Kāśikā Vṛtti) see Stein (Kaśmīr catal., p. xix), who is probably wrong.

In both cases the text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Bought at Benares in 1861.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 9.

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 31 + ii blank.

Date: f. 30: śake 1728 (= A. D. 1806) prabhavanāmasaṃvatsare udagayane phālgune māse śuklapakṣe ṣaṣṭyāṃ guruvāsare 1

Scribe: f. 30: taddine Karbalakaropanāmnā Viṣṇu-bhaṭṭasyedaṃ likhitaṃ I The reading is not, as in Bodl. catal., p. 405<sup>b</sup>, 'Karbelopa°.' If (as there understood) Viṣṇubhaṭṭa is the scribe's name, the construction is very loose.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 894-MS. Sansk, e. 10

# S'aunaka's Rg-vedaprātiśākhya, with the commentary of Uvaṭa, A. D. 1794.

Contents: the Rg-vedaprātiśākhya of Saunaka, with the commentary of Uvaţa. The text proper is all incorporated in the commentary, divided into short sections, which are marked in Max Müller's edition. For the preface see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 9, and Bodl. catal., p. 405<sup>b</sup>. With regard to the names see also f. 12: iti śrīdevamitrasutaviṣnumitrakṛte Prātiśākhye vargadvayavṛttih | Cf. Max Müller, Rg-vedaprātiśākhya, p. i sq. For Uvaţa's date see MS. Sansk. d. 2.

Adhyāya 1 ends on f.  $110^{\circ}$ ; adhyāya 2 ends on f.  $178^{\circ}$ ; adhyāya 3 ends on f.  $229^{\circ}$ .

Patala 1 ends on f. 38°; patala 2 ends on f. 61°; patala 3 ends on f. 68; patala 4 ends on f. 88°; patala 5 ends on f. 101°; patala 6 ends on f. 110°; patala 7 ends on f. 124; patala 8 ends on f. 135;



paţala 9 ends on f. 149; paṭala 10 ends on f. 154<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 11 ends on f. 174<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 12 ends on f. 178<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 13 ends on f. 188<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 14 ends on f. 201; paṭala 15 ends on f. 206; paṭala 16 ends on f. 215<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 17 ends on f. 223; paṭala 18 ends on f. 229<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīpārṣadavyākhyāyāṃ Ānaṃdapuravāstavyavajra-ţaputraüvaṭakṛtau Prātiśākhyabhāṣye aṣṭādaśapaṭalaṃ samāptam 1

F. 82 has been supplied by a much later hand; there is an insertion in a later hand between ff. 65, 66.

Ff. 217, 218 are in reversed order. On ff. 1a, 230 a late hand has written scraps of grammar and Veda.

This is Max Müller's MS. 'by,' as may be proved by verifying the quotations on pp. ccxliv, cclii, cclxxviii, ccxcviii of his *Prātiśākhya*, cf. p. 22.

Bought and sent from Benares in 1861. Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 10. Bound in ordinary calf as MS. Sansk. d. 2. Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+230+ii blank. There are really 232 leaves as ff. 1, 11 are doubled, while f. 165 is missing, but is really the first f. 166, which is also doubled.

Date: f. 230: śake 1716 (= A. D. 1794) ānaṃdanāmasaṃvatsare māghe māse śuklapakṣe dvitīyāyāṃ tithau guruvāsare I

Scribe: f. 230: taddine idam pustakam Karbelakopanāmnā Visņubhattasya likhitam 1 Cf. MS. Sansk. e. 9.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 895—MS. Sansk. d. 20

#### Uvața's Commentary on the Rg-vedaprātiśākhya, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Pārṣadavyākhyā, a commentary on Saunaka's Rg-vedaprātiśākhya, by Uvaţa.

It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II śrīśaunakāya namaḥ II II om 3 II sūtrabhāṣyakṛtaḥ sarvān praṇamya śirasā śuciḥ I Saunakaṃ ca viśeṣena yenedaṃ pārṣadaṃ kṛtaṃ II tathā vṛttikṛtaḥ sarvāṃs tān sūtrayaśasas tathā I teṣāṃ prasādād eteṣāṃ svaśaktyā vṛttim ārabhe II lekhyadoṣanivṛttyarthaṃ vistarārthaṃ kvacitkvacit I jñānārthapaṭhanārthaṃ ca yojyate sa mayā punaḥ II tasyāḥ samāpane śaktiṃ ta eva pratidiśaṃtu me I labdhvā kāmam ahaṃ tebhyaḥ prameyaṃ pāram īpsitaṃ II Caṃpāyāṃ nyavasat pūrvaṃ vatsānāṃ kulam ṛtdhimat I yasmiṃ dvijavarā jātā bahvṛcāḥ pār¬gottamāḥ II Devamitra iti khyātas tasmiṃ jāto mahāmatiḥ I sa vai pāriṣade śreṣṭhaḥ sutas tasya mahātmanaḥ I nāmnā tu Viṣṇumitraḥ sa kumāra iti śabdyate I teneyaṃ

yojitā vṛttiḥ saṃkṣiptā pārṣade sphuṭā II See Max Müller's edition of the Rg-vedaprātiśākhya (Leipzig, 1856), pp. 11, i; and R. Roth, Zur Litteratur und Geschichte des Weda (Stuttgart, 1846), p. 60.

F. 6<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīdevamitrasutaviṣnumitrakṛte Prātiśākhye vargadvayavṛtti II F. 19: iti śrīpārṣadavyākhyāyām Vajraṭasutaüvaṭakṛtau paribhāṣā prathamam
paṭalaṃ II F. 29: iti śrīpārṣadavyākhyāyām Ānamdapuravāstavyavajraṭaputraüvaṭakṛtau Prātiśākhyabhāṣye saṃhitāpaṭalaṃ dvitīyaṃ II Paṭala 3 ends on f. 32<sup>v</sup>;
paṭala 4, on f. 40<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 5, on f. 46<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 6,
on f. 50 (end of adhyāya 1); paṭala 7, on f. 57;
paṭala 8, on f. 62; paṭala 9, on f. 69; paṭala 10, on
f. 71<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 11, on f. 80<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 12, on f. 82 (end
of adhyāya 2); paṭala 13, on f. 86<sup>v</sup>; paṭala 14, on
f. 92; paṭala 15, on f. 94; paṭala 16, on f. 98<sup>v</sup>;
paṭala 17, on f. 102; paṭala 18, on f. 105 (end of
adhyāya 3).

It ends: chamdojñānam nānyas tasmāt prayatnam kuru mahā — nām tān yad astīti tatvakim 11 24 11 61 11 38 11 11 iti śrīpārṣadavyākhyāyām Ānamdapuravāstavyavajraṭaputraŭvaṭakṛtau Prātiśākhyabhāṣye aṣṭādaśam paṭalam samāptam 11 11 Prātiśākhyabhāṣye tṛtīyo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 ṛg-vede Prātiśākhyam samāptam 11 Bhairavaprasādāt 11 11 Prātiśākhye adhyāyasaṃkhyā 11 3 11 paṭalasaṃkhyā 11 18 11 vargasaṃkhyā 11 103 11 This is Max Müller's MS. 'h,' see Prātiśākhya, p. 22, as may be proved by verifying the references.

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861.

Former shelfmarks: (1) MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 31.

(2) MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 20.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 107.

Date: about the beginning of the 18th cent.

Scribe: Vīreśvara, son of Dhanvāra Viśvanātha Bhaţţa.

Character: Devanāgarī, neat small hand. Ornamentations on ff. 1 and 105°.

# 896—MS. Wilson 449 Rg-vidhāna, A.D. 1707.

Contents: two MSS.: see for the second, Bhedadhikkārasatkriyā, Bodl. catal., p. 226b.

The Rg-vidhāna, a treatise on the application of the verses of the Rg-veda as spells to effect various objects. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 54<sup>v</sup>. The work is divided into four adhyāyas, which contain 31, 35, 42, 30 sub-sections, ending on ff. 14, 28, 45, 54<sup>v</sup>. Within the first section, after thirteen sub-sections, the end of the paribhāṣā is marked. The text is fairly

accurate, and is prettily written. It is bounded on either side by two black lines. There is a lacuna from the middle of III, 12, to the middle of III, 19.

The work has been edited, with a valuable introduction, by Rudolf Meyer, Berlin, 1878. On p. xxxviii he mentions this MS. which, however, he did not use. It bears a considerable resemblance to his MS. 'A' (l. c., p. xxxv). See also Weber, Catal., I, 31 sq.; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 9.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+119+i blank. Originally the two MSS. had 1-56 and 1-65 leaves respectively.

Date: f.  $54^{\circ}$ : saṃvat 1763 (= A. D. 1707) varṣe mārgaśīrṣamāse śuklapakṣe dvitīyāyāṃ tithau kujavāsare 1

Scribe: f. 54<sup>v</sup>: Māmdhātāpuravāsinā śrīmadvyāsatanujākhyatanujena cakuna likhitam idam pustakam i Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 50, 51 are missing.

#### 897—MS. Sansk. e. 19

Explanations of Vedic hymns, by N. C. Mookerjea, A. D. 1894.

Contents: 1. 'The corrected nine verses of the second hymn of Rigbed' (ff. 2-16).

- 2. 'Sanscrit Sastras Mock English Bible. No. 4,' being 'The literal English composition and proper explanation of the twelve verses of the third hymn of Rigbed' (ff. 18-40).
- 3. 'The corrected manuscript of the nine verses of the first hymn of Rigbed' (ff. 42-56).

The author of these silly treatises is Nobeen Chandra Mookerjea, who sent them to Professor F. Max Müller. His intention is to show that the 'Samecreate words' of the Vedic hymns were 'created' by 'that man of Satan whose surname was Bierbal (and who afterwards called himself by the names of Bedabias and Kalidas) the greatest of the buffoons of the world, who was employed, in the latter part of the sixteenth century, in the Court of Akbar the great Mogul emperor of India, to amuse him by his tricks, jokes, and pleasantries' for no other purpose but 'to mock the English words,' he having 'fabricated the false Hindo and Buddha Sastras to mock the English version of the Bible history.'

One specimen will suffice to show the kind of Veda interpretation proposed by this man. The word asvinā in Rg-veda I, 3, 1, is explained as follows: "As-bin means "a repository made of ashes." The term "Deity-Bin" is used in the eighth verse of the first hymn, which

means "a repository of the deities" the Israelites. Therefore Aş-bin means "the repository of the deities is made of ashes," because "Jesus" is called in Arabic Yeşy, i.e. "ye ashes"....: therefore Isaac in the place of Jesus is called yeşy "ye ashes," or Aş-bin "a repository made of ashes."'

Presented by F. Max Müller in 1894. Size:  $5\frac{1}{2} \times 9$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 59.

Written by Nobeen Chandra Mookerjea, of Calcutta, in 1804.

Character: the Sanskrit in Bengālī characters.

# 3. SAMHITĀ-SĀMA-VEDA

898 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 376 Sāma-veda, A. D. 1644, 1760-1762.

Contents: three parts, of which the last two are by one hand, and are allied to MSS. Wilson 374, 380.

- 1. The first arcika of the Sama-veda in the Samhita text, with accents. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 43<sup>v</sup>. The (6) prapathakas end on ff. 9, 13<sup>v</sup>, 20<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 35, 42<sup>v</sup>. F. 43 is blank. The accents are added in black ink, probably by a later hand. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. It is fairly accurate.
- 2. The second arcika of the Sama-veda in the Samhita text, with accents. It begins on f. 44<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 174<sup>v</sup>. The (9) prapathakas end on ff. 56<sup>v</sup>, 68<sup>v</sup>, 84, 98<sup>v</sup>, 115<sup>v</sup>, 134, 147<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 174<sup>v</sup>. F. 123 is blank. The accents are added by the same hand in black ink. The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either hand by two black lines.
- 3. The Āraṇyaka and the Mahānāmnī verses in the Samḥitāpāṭha, with accents. The Āraṇyaka extends from ff. 175<sup>v</sup>-181<sup>v</sup>. The Mahānāmnī from ff. 181<sup>v</sup>-182<sup>v</sup>. The accents are added in red ink, which is very dark in hue. For these pieces see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 709.

The Āraṇyaka was published by S. Goldschmidt, Monatsber. der Berl. Acad., 1868, and by Satyavrata Sāmāśramin, Bibl. Ind. The Mahānāmnī by the latter. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 182 + ii blank.

Date: for 1 the date is given on f.  $42^{\circ}$ : samuat 1700 (= A. D. 1644, Bodl. catal., p. 378a, gives 1654 by an oversight) 15 mārgaśukla 12 bhrgau 1 What

15 refers to is not clear. Perhaps it is 1715 = A.D. 1659.

For 2 the date of writing is given on f. 174<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1816 (= A.D. 1760) varṣe vaiśākhamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe amāvāsyā bhomavāsare | The date of accentuating is given on f. 174: saṃ° 1818 (= A.D. 1762) varṣe pauṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe caturdaśī caṃdravāsare svaritaṃ |

3 is by the same hand, and doubtless of much the same date as 2.

Scribe: the writer of 1 is given on f. 42<sup>V</sup>: śrīviśā-lanāgarajñātīyatripāṭhīgovarddhanasutatrī°-harihareṇa likhitam 1 Vīreśvaraviśvanāthasomeśvaraśukadevādiputrāṇām Ratneśvararāmadevādipautrāṇām cādhyayanārtham paropakārārtham ca 1 The Bodl. catal., l. c., omits Vīreśvara probably by an oversight.

For 2 the scribe is given on f. 174<sup>v</sup>: likhitaṃ Gamoḍhajñātīyatripāṭhidhaneśvarapuruṣottama t This, in conjunction with MS. Wilson 380, disproves the emendation proposed in the Bodl. catal., p. 378<sup>b</sup>.

For 3 we have on f.  $182^{\circ}$ : Dhaneśvarapurusottama idam 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 899 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 380 Sāma-veda, A.D. 1761, 1762.

Contents: the Sāma-veda, both ārcikas, with accents, and the Āraņyaka, being the seventh prapāthaka of the Pūrvārcika in the Naigeya recension.

- 1. Arcika I begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 90. The (6) prapathakas end on ff. 16, 29, 43°, 61, 75, 90. Ff. 16°, 17 are partially, f. 17° entirely, blank. The former two contain only disconnected fragments.
- 2. Arcika II begins on f. 91° and ends on f. 253°. The (9) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 105, 118°, 138, 154°, 176°, 196°, 214, 234°, 253°. F. 116° is blank.
- 3. The Aranyaka Samhitā begins on f.  $254^{\circ}$  and ends on f.  $261^{\circ}$ .

In all three parts the text appears in Pada form. The accents in 1 and 2 are written by the original hand in black ink. In 3 they have been added in red ink, possibly by a later hand.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. On f. 254 is a sort of diagram.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 261 + ii blank.

BODL SANS, CATAL, II.

Date: the date for ārcika I is given on f. 90: samvat 1817 (= A. D. 1761) varņe māghamāse kṛṣṇa-pakṣe 3 trītīyā bhṛguvāsare 1

For ārcika II it occurs on f. 253<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1818 (= A. D. 1762) varse traitramāse šuklapakse 14 caturdasī

śanivāsare \tau There is none for 8, but it is doubtless by the same hand.

Scribe: f. 90: likhitam Gamodhacāturvedījñātīyatripāthidhaneśvarapuruṣottamena śubham bhūyāt i tripāthiamareśvarapathanārtham i

- F. 253<sup>v</sup>: likhitam Gamodhacāturvedījñātīyatripāthipuruṣotmājadhaneśvara śubham bhuyāt (sutatripāṭhiamareśvarapaṭhanārtham )
- F. 261°, probably by a later hand: Purusottame Tritradhaneśvarasya idam pustakam 1

It is safer to follow f. 90 (cf. too f. 90°) rather than (as in the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 378<sup>b</sup>) to correct f. 253° into *Puruṣottamātmaja*° 1 Apparently Dhaneśvara Puruṣottama were two names of Puruṣottama's son. Cf. MS. Wilson 376.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 900 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 63 Sāma-veda-samhitā, A.D. 1681.

Contents: the Sāma-veda in the Samhitā form, with accents, both ārcikas. F. 1 is missing, containing I, 1, 1, 1-9. The MS. is divided into two parts, the first containing the Pūrvārcika, the second the Uttara.

- 1. The Pūrvārcika, the (6) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 8, 14, 22, 31, 37, 45<sup>v</sup>. The end of prapāṭhaka 5 is missing, f. 39 of the original, containing V, 2, 5, 5-VI, 1, 1, 10, being lost. The colophon on f. 45<sup>v</sup> is: iti chaṃdasy ārccike ṣaṣṭhaḥ 1
- 2. The Uttarārcika begins on f. 46<sup>v</sup>: the (9) prapāthakas end on ff. 52<sup>v</sup>, 59, 68, 76, 85<sup>v</sup>, 94<sup>v</sup>, 102, 110<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>. The colophon is: iti navamah prapāṭhakaḥ samāptah i ch i śrī śubham astu i

The MS. seems carefully and accurately written. The accents are marked in black ink. The margin consists of two black lines. There are a few corrections by a late hand, e.g. on f. 110. A th (or dh) is used as a mangala occasionally, e.g. f. 49.

This MS. was not used by Benfey for his edition.

Former owner: a later hand on f. 118v gives Kṛṣṇajī as an owner.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+118+ii blank. There were originally 47+73 leaves, but ff. 1, 39 are lost.

Date: f.  $118^{v}$ : saṃvat 1737 (= A. D. 1681) varṣe posavadi 13 \ trayodaśi śukre \

Scribe: f. 118<sup>v</sup>: śrīamadāvādamadhye lakhitam pamdyāśāmmajīśamkarajī nāgara Amadāvādī I This is perhaps the same person (cf. Kṛṣṇajī above) as the one named in Weber, Catal., II, 1140, no. 2032.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1, 39 are missing.

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#### 901-MS. Mill 32

Sāma-veda, Pūrvārcika, A. D. 1834.

Contents: the Pūrvārcika of the Sāma-veda, unaccented.

Prapāthaka 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 5<sup>v</sup>; prapāthaka 2 ends on f. 8<sup>v</sup>; prapāthaka 3 ends on f. 12<sup>v</sup>; prapāthaka 4 ends on f. 17; prapāthaka 5 ends on f. 21; prapāthaka 6 ends on f. 26.

It is somewhat carelessly written. The colophon is on f. 26: iti chamdasi samhitāh samāptā 1

Bound in native binding, lettered 'Chandasi Samhitā.' Size:  $13\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+26+i blank.

Date: f. 26: śrīsamv amkaturyavasvīmdvabde 1890 (= A.D. 1834) māghašuklanavamyām bhaumavāsara idam puslakam sammāplah 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 902-ms. mill 88

Sāma-veda, Uttarārcika, A.D. 1610.

Contents: the Uttarārcika of the Sāma-veda, accented, Padapāṭha, being the second part of MS. Mill 91, (2).

Prapāṭhaka 1 begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 9<sup>V</sup>; prapāṭhaka 2 ends on f. 17<sup>V</sup>; prapāṭhaka 3 ends on f. 30; prapāṭhaka 4 ends on f. 41; prapāṭhaka 5 ends on f. 54<sup>V</sup>; prapāṭhaka 6 ends on f. 68; prapāṭhaka 7 ends on f. 79; prapāṭhaka 8 ends on f. 92; prapāṭhaka 9 ends on f. 103<sup>V</sup>.

The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink, and the text is bounded on either side by two red lines. F. 96 is blank, but nothing is lost.

Former owners: the following names appear on f. 1, and are repeated on f. 103°:

Rāmacaṃdracaturbhuja (travāḍi°) ı

Harīśaṃkara (do.) 1

Machavanasuta (?) 1

Tryambakeśvara (tro) 1

Camdresvara 1

Māṇikeśvara (also spelt Māṇako) I

Size:  $9\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+103+ii blank. Really 104 as f. 1 is split.

Date: f. 103<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1666 (= A. D. 1610) varşe bhādravāśudi 8 ravau li<sup>o</sup> 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

903 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 65

Sāma-veda, Pūrvārcika and Āraņyakagāna, A. D. 1675 & 1678.

Contents: two MSS. by different hands.

1. The Pūrvārcika of the Sāma-veda, with accents. Prapāthaka 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 12; prapāthaka 2 ends on f. 20<sup>v</sup>; prapāthaka 3 on f. 32; prapāthaka 4 on f. 45; prapāthaka 5 on f. 55<sup>v</sup>; prapāthaka 6 on f. 66<sup>v</sup>. The accents are marked in black ink, and the text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The MS. is tolerably accurate. The text is the Padapātha.

2. The Āraṇyakagāna, figured for chanting, with the Mahānāmnī section. The gāna begins on f. 67°; on f. 67 a late hand has written some fragments. The (6) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 76°, 85, 93, 101, 108, 115°. The Mahānāmnī begins on f. 115° and ends on f. 117: iti Mahānāmnīsāma samāptah i subham bhavatu i iti Āraṇṇūgāna (?) smāptah i Cf. f. 115°: iti saṣṭaḥm prapāṭhakah i smāptah i dvitīyam gāna ānū smāptam i

This MS. is (v. infra) a jīrņoddharaņa. To the maker of this must be ascribed ff. 77-80, 99, 101, 104, 109, 110, 113, 115-117. Even in the remainder two hands can be distinguished: (1) ff. 67-72, 81-98, 100, 102, 103, 105-108, 112, 114; and (2) ff. 73-76. In the former case the text is bounded on either side by two red lines, elsewhere by two black. The figuring is done in black ink. The restoration has been most carelessly done: the original MS. was deficient after sāman 35 of prapāṭhaka 1 to sāman 3, of prapāṭhaka 2, and the compiler inserted from another MS. four leaves containing 1, 27 to 3, 3.

The MS. is fairly accurate. Cf. MSS. Wilson 374, 378, 395.

Size:  $11 \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+117 (really 116 as f. 111 is passed over) + ii blank. The originals have 66+49 leaves. Really 50 in the latter case, as after f. 6 four leaves are inserted instead of three.

Date: 1 is dated on f. 66°: samvat 1731 (= A. D. 1675) varse kārttigavada 14 some samāptah 12 on f. 117: samvat 1734 (= A. D. 1678, but the 3 is doubtful) nā āśvanaśudī 3 budhe 1 This is only the date of the restoration; the original must be about 40-60 years older, while ff. 73-76 are conceivably older still.

Scribe: 1, on ff. 1, 66<sup>v</sup> is the note: āpothī tra v Veņirāmavaṃśidharaniche (f. 1 vaṃśīdharanīche) v Cf. perhaps Weber, Catal., I, 47, 411.

2, f. 117: adyeha Pāţalādīvāstavyaṃsadābhyaṃ-taranāgaraṃjñātiyatrīvādīrāṃmadatta Mīṭhātīo Argalā-

puramadhye jirnnaüdhararnnam 1 śribhāvānīsatyache sarveşām brāhmaņānām pathanārtham 1 māhādeva 1 Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 904 (1-3)—Ms. Mill 91

#### Sāma-veda, Āraņyaka, Pūrvārcika, Stobhaprakrti, A. D. 1603, 1590, 1611.

Contents: three MSS. by different hands.

- 1. The Aranyaka verses, as in MS. Wilson 376 (3). The MS. begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 6. It is carefully written, figured for chanting, and the text is bounded by two red lines.
- 2. The Pūrvārcika of the Sāma-veda in the Padapātha. The (6) prapāthakas end on ff. 20, 30, 42, 56<sup>v</sup>, 66°, 76°. The MS. is carefully written, accented, and the text is bounded by two red lines.
- 3. The Stobhaprakrti, as in MS. Wilson 377 (2). It begins on f. 77<sup>v</sup>; the (2) prapathakas end on ff. 85, 94. It is carefully written, figured for chanting, and the text is bounded by two red lines.

Former owners: 1 and 3 (and probably 2) were apparently last in the possession of Rāmacandra, see notes on ff. 6<sup>v</sup>, 77, 94, 94<sup>v</sup>. 2 and 3 once belonged to Mānikeśvara, son of Vīreśvara, see ff. 7, 94<sup>v</sup>. 2 once belonged to Harīśamkara, f. 29<sup>v</sup>. Cf. MS. Mill 88.

Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 94 + ii blank.

Date: (1) for 1 see f.  $6^{\circ}$ : samual 1659 (= A. D. 1603) varșe aśvanaśudi 4 gurau 1

- (2) for 2 see f.  $76^{\circ}$ : samvat 1646 (= A. D. 1590) varge 1 The rest is lost, and 1646 is somewhat uncertain.
- (3) for 8 see f. 94: samvat 1667 (= A. D. 1611) varșe vaišākhavadi 9 budhe 1

Scribe: (1) for 1 see f. 6v: trio-caturbhujaputrapautrāņām pathanārtham \ śrīr astu \ travādīvisņusutanoluā likhitam (?) 1

(2) the names of the scribes of 2 and 3 are not given, probably in 2 because the foot of the last leaf is rubbed away.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 905 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 377 Sāma-veda, A. D. 1630, 1750.

Contents: three parts of the Sama-veda.

1. The Uttararcika of the Sama-veda in the Samhitāpātha, with accents. It begins on f. 17 and ends on f. 133. The (9) prapāthakas end on ff. 16, 28, 43, 56, 73, 88°, 101, 116°, 133. Ff. 1, 4, 59-62, 117, 118 have been supplied for the original leaves which

have been lost. These are on white paper in a quite modern hand. F. 104 is smeared with yellow pigment, f. 130v is blank. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are in black. The text is bounded on either side by two red or black lines.

- 2. The Stobhaprakṛti in the Padapāṭha. It begins on f. 134 and ends on f. 151. The (2) prapathakas end on ff. 142, 151. The accents are added in red ink. Grey pigment is used for erasures. The MS. is carefully written. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Cf. Mitra, Bikaner catal., pp. 30, 31; Burnell, Vedic MSS., p. 50; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 18; see the Calc. ed. (1874-1878), II, 519 sqq.
- 3. The Aranyaka Samhitā in the Samhitāpātha, including the Mahānāmnī verses. It begins on f. 152v and ends on f. 158. The accents are added in red ink. The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two or three dark red lines.

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 158 + ii blank.

Date: for 1 the date is given on f. 133: samvat 1686 (= A.D. 1630) vrkhe vaišākhamāse krasnapakse pratithau ravivāsare 1

For 2 no date occurs. The writing is rather like that of MSS. Wilson 376, 380, and perhaps belongs, as they do, to about A. D. 1760.

For 8 the date is given on f. 158: samvat 1806 (= A. p. 1750) nāhiya bhādrapadamāse śuddhapakse trītiyā ravīvāsare I

Scribe: for 1 the name is not given. A note in a probably later hand on f. 133 has: bho mukamdasyedam I which possibly denotes an owner.

For 2 the scribe is not given. A note on f. 151 has: vedopanişadah sarvā vedavedāntavedavit | Kavīndras tanmude cedam likhitam śrīsarvavidyānidhānakavīndrācāryasarasvatīnām stobhapustakam 11

For 3 the scribe is mentioned on f. 158: likhitam tripāțhiudekaraņaputranedalālena ātmapațhanārtham 1

Character: Devanagari.

## 906-Ms. Mill 66 Sāma-veda, Grāmageyagāna, A. D. 1727.

Contents: the Grāmageyagāna (called in this MS. as often, but wrongly, Veyagana) of the Sama-veda, figured in the modern fashion (see Burnell, Vedic MSS., p. 44) for chanting, complete in seventeen prapathakas. The prapathakas end on ff. 6v, 13v, 19v, 25v, 31, 38°, 46°, 55°, 64, 71°, 78, 85, 91°, 99, 107, 116°, 123. The colophon is: daśati | ch | saptadaśamah prapāthakah iti Veyagānam samāptam ich i śrī i

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The MS. appears to have been written by one hand in two slightly different styles: (1) ff. 1-9, 11-13; (2) ff. 10, 14-123. In the former style the margin is formed by two red, in the latter by two black lines. On ff. 1-9, 11, of the former the figuring is done in red, in the rest in black ink. The MS. appears fairly correct. Cf. MS. Wilson 387.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 123 + ii blank.

Date: f. 123: samvat 1783 (= A. D. 1727) nā varīkhe mārgašīrakṛṣṇa 14 caturdašīvāra bhṛguvāreṇa li-oṃ 1

Scribe: f. 123: jo°-tulajārāmakāšīrāmeņa pustakam samāptam \ pustakam īdam sāmavedīnām travādīsadāśivajīvāvāśī Vārānasīmadhye reheche \ pustaka lakhāvyu
Baghnapuramadhye sampūrņa tra°-sadāśiveņa pustakam
samāptam \ śrīkāśiviśveśvarābhyām \

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 907—MS. Wilson 387 Sāma-veda, Grāmageyagāna, A. D. 1761.

Contents: the Grāmageyagāna of the Sāma-veda, called in this MS. the Veyagāna. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 258<sup>v</sup>: iti Veyagānagramthah samāptam 1 The (17) prapāthakas end on ff. 13<sup>v</sup>, 33, 46<sup>v</sup>, 59, 70, 84<sup>v</sup>, 100<sup>v</sup>, 117<sup>v</sup>, 132<sup>v</sup>, 148, 163, 177<sup>v</sup>, 190<sup>v</sup>, 206<sup>v</sup>, 223<sup>v</sup>, 243<sup>v</sup>, 258<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is fairly accurate. It forms a part of that Sāma-veda-corpus to which MSS. Wilson 374, 376, 380, &c., belong. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The figuring is in black ink. Ff. 1-63 are added in a later hand. F. 64 is bound in wrongly.

Former owner: on f. 258 later hands have written: Sukasabehecarapathanāratham 1 and travādīsamvarā nī pothi.

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 258 + ii blank.

Date: f. 2587: samvat 1817 (= A. D. 1761) varşe āśvanmāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 2 dvitīyā bhṛguvāsare 1

Scribe: f. 258<sup>v</sup>: likhitam Gamodhacāturvedījñātīyatripāṭhīpuruṣottamātmajadhaneśvarana śubham bhūyāt 1 Cf. MS. Wilson 380.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-60 are missing and have been replaced by ff. 1-63 in a quite recent hand.

# 908—MS. Wilson 395 Sāma-veda, Āraņyakagāna, A. D. 1727.

Contents: the Aranyakagāna of the Sāma-veda in the Padapāṭha, with accents. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 59. The (6) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 12<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 33, 43, 51, 59. Then follow from f. 59 to f. 60, the Mahānāmnī verses. The accents are added in red ink. Ff. 1-32 are on a peculiarly tinted paper, of which the verso is brown. The name is given as Āraņyaka° or Āraņya indifferently in the various MSS.

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+60+i blank.

Date: it is given on f. 60° in words: grahavedarttuviśveśaśirobhūsanasammite śakābde 1 i.e. śaka 1649 = A. D. 1727 (see Bühler, Palaeographie, pp. 80, 81).

Scribe: f. 60°: sāmaśākhāyā gānam āraṇyakaṃ śubhaṃ I vyalikhat śrīmahādevaśarmmā dharmārtham ādarāt I

Character: Devanāgarī,

## 909—MS. Sansk. d. 42\* Sāma-veda, Āraņyakagāna, A. D. 1771.

Contents: the Aranyakagāna of the Sāma-veda, in six prapāthakas, the Mahānāmnī being included in prapāthaka 6. It begins: śrīganeśāya namah 11 śrīsāmavedāya namah 11 amjo vai rūpam 11 &c. It ends: iti Mahānāmnyah samāptah (sic) 11 11 śakvaraparvamahānāmnīsāmah saṣṭhah prapāṭhakah 11 ity Āranyageyagāne Kagānam samāptam 11

Two different hands can be distinguished in the MS., ff. 1, 84, 98-103 being written by one hand, and all the rest by another, except f. 15 which has been supplied recently by a modern hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 1). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iv) 'Benares no. 7.' Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 106.

Date: samvat 1827 (= A. D. 1771) vaišakhakṛṣṇa 10 bhṛguvāsare.

Scribe: Ambārāma Dhaneśvara.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 2-14, 18, 19, 103 repaired with transparent and other paper.

# **910**—MSS. Mill 98, 99 Sāma-veda, Ūhagāna, A. D. 1553.

Contents: the Uhagāna of the Sāma-veda, figured for chanting, complete in twenty-three prapāthakas. The MS. is bound up as two volumes, corresponding to MSS. Mill 98, 99.

98 contains prapāthakas 1 to 11, 2, 9. Prapāthaka 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 17. The other prapāthakas end as follows: 2, on f. 35; 3, on f. 52<sup>v</sup>; 4, on f. 70<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 88<sup>v</sup>; 6, on f. 106<sup>v</sup>; 7, on f. 123;

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8, on f. 139; 9, on f. 157 $^{\circ}$ ; 10, on f. 172; 11, 2, 9, on f. 193 $^{\circ}$ .

99 contains prapāthakas 11, 2, 10 to 23. Prapāthaka 11, 2, 10 begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 5. The other prapāthakas end as follows: 12, on f. 24<sup>v</sup>; 13, on f. 39; 14, on f. 54<sup>v</sup>; 15, on f. 70<sup>v</sup>; 16, on f. 85<sup>v</sup>; 17, on f. 98<sup>v</sup>; 18, on f. 107; 19, on f. 132; 20, on f. 149<sup>v</sup>; 21, on f. 168; 22, on f. 185<sup>v</sup>; 23, on f. 208.

The accents are in the same ink as the text. A few leaves have been lost and are supplied by two hands. One, by far the older, is responsible for 98, ff. 116, 130, 132, 133; 99, f. 36. The other wrote 98, ff. 11, 124, 129; 99, ff. 129–131, 144, 151, 197, and parts of ff. 114–128. On the whole the MS. is accurate. Cf. MS. Wilson 372. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 98=ii+183+ii blank; 99=ii+208+ii blank.

Date: 99, f. 208: svastisanvat 1609 (= A. D. 1553) varse phālgunašudi 10 rurau! The two correctors belong to the 18th and 19th centuries.

Scribe: 99, f. 208: adyaha śrīśrīprāmcītraţe i ābhyamtaranāgarajñātitrivādinārāyanasutagopālena likhitam i putrapautrānām adhyayanārtham i paropakārārthena likhitam i

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: besides the parts supplied, ff. 28, 76-80 of 99 have been torn.

# **911**—MS. Wilson 372 Şāma-veda, Ühagāna, A. D. 1760.

Contents: the Uhagāna of the Sāma-veda, with figuring. This MS. is really part of the Sāma-veda-corpus of which MSS. Wilson 374, 376, 377 (?), 380 are also parts. It begins on f. 1V and ends on f. 474V. The (23) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 20V, 41, 62V, 86, 106, 127, 148, 167, 191, 208V, 226V, 250, 267, 288V, 310, 329V, 345, 366, 383V, 403, 425V, 447V, 474V. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added by a later hand. Ff. 1, 172 contain some disconnected sentences in a later hand. F. 178V is blank. Yellow pigment is used for erasures, &c. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 474 + ii blank. In the original ff. 193, 194 are repeated.

Date: f.  $474^{\circ}$ : samvat 1816 (= A. D. 1760, the Bodl. catal., p. 377b, has 1750 which is a slip) caitramāse

śuklapakse 2 bhomavāsare 1 Before caitra° the word āśvina° is written and erased.

Scribe: f. 474<sup>v</sup>: likhitam Modhacāturvedijñātīyatripāṭhīpuruṣottamājadhaneśvara śrīkāśīmadhye i Cf. MS. Wilson 380. The accents were added by Amareśvara.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 912 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 378 Sāma-veda, Ühya- and Āraņyakagānas, A. D. 1651, 1740.

Contents: the Ühyagāna, the Āraṇyakagāna, and the Mahānāmnī verses (in the MS. called the fifth gāna) of the Sāma-veda, with accents.

- 1. The Ūhyagāna begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 86. The (6) prapāthakas end on ff. 17<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 46<sup>v</sup>, 60, 73<sup>v</sup>, 86. The figures are written in black ink. The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by four black lines.
- 2. The Aranyakagāna begins on f. 87<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 165<sup>v</sup>. The (6) prapāthakas end on ff. 102, 116, 129<sup>v</sup>, 143, 154<sup>v</sup>, 165<sup>v</sup>. The figures are written in an ink, perhaps originally red, now mostly black. The MS. is fairly accurate. Ff. 87, 146, 147 are supplied in a modern hand. The text is written by the same hand as 3.
- 3. The Mahānāmnī verses begin on f. 165<sup>v</sup> and end on f. 167. The figures, &c., are as in 2.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+167+ii blank.

Date: for 1 it is given on f. 86: samvat 1707 (= A. D. 1651) varse māghasudi 2 dvilīyāyām tithau some 1

For 2 it is given on f.  $165^{\circ}$ : saṃvat 1807 (= A. D. 1751) śāke 1662 (= A. D. 1740) aśvavadi 5 ravau 1 In both cases the reading is uncertain, but the śāka date is probable.

For 3 none is given: it is a part of 2.

Scribe: for 1 on f. 86: likhita Rāvalaparamānamdasutagadādhareņa (

For 2 on f. 165<sup>y</sup>: Manasārāmaraņachoḍa 1

For 3 on f, 167; Modhajñātitra° manasārāmaraņachoda 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 913 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 374

Sāma-veda, Ūhya- and Āraņyakagānas, A. D. 1761.

Contents: the Uhya- and Aranyakaganas of the Sama-veda, with figuring. These MSS. really form part of MS. Wilson 380.

1. The Ühyagāna begins on f. 1V and ends on f. 117V. The (6) prapāthakas end on ff. 22V, 42, 61, 80V, 100, 117V. Burnell, Vedic MSS., p. 48, says that the correct title, according to the Phullasūtra, is Rahasya, or Üharahasya.

2. The Āraṇyakagāna begins on f. 118<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 215<sup>v</sup>. The (6) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 135, 153<sup>v</sup>, 171<sup>v</sup>, 188, 202, 215<sup>v</sup>. Then come the Mahānāmnī verses on ff. 215<sup>v</sup>-217<sup>v</sup>. Ff. 156, 167 are blank.

These MSS. are fairly accurate. The accents are written, in black ink for the most part, by the first hand. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 217 + ii blank.

Date: f. 117<sup>V</sup>: samvat 1817 (= A. D. 1761) vorșe -- drapadamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 11 ekādaśī bhṛguvāsare 1

2 in the same hand is doubtless of the same date.

Scribe: f. 117 : likhitam Gamodhacāturvedī - - -

-- 1 For the rest see MS. Wilson 380.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# **914**—MS. Mill 81 Sāma-veda, Ūhyagāna, A. D. 1561.

Contents: the Ühyagāna of the Sāma-veda, figured for chanting. Prapāthaka 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 13; prapāthaka 2 ends on f. 24<sup>v</sup>; 3 ends on f. 35; 4 ends on f. 46; 5 ends on f. 57<sup>v</sup>; 6 ends on f. 68. The MS. appears to be accurate; the figuring is done in red ink; the text is bounded on either side by two red lines. There are a few corrections by a later hand, and a good many erasures. On f. 1<sup>v</sup> various fragments of sāmans have been written by later hands, perhaps also an owner's name, but the writing is illegible. F. 29<sup>v</sup> is half blank.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 68 + ii blank.

Date: f. 68: samvat 1617 (= A.D. 1561) varse pausamāse caturddasyām tithau bhaumavāsare 1

Scribe: on f. 687, and perhaps also on f. 1, the following notices, apparently by former owners, occur: vādīcaturbhūjatravādīmūlīāra(?)-jaganāthaputracāra nī pothī 1 trāmānakeśvara nī pothī sahī 1 trātrambakeśvara ni pothī 1 Others are erased or illegible. Cf. MS. Mill 88.

Character: Devanāgari.

## 915—MS. Sansk. d. 16 Ārcika Samhitā, A. D. 1497.

Contents: the Arcika Samhitā or Arșți (?) -Arcika Samhitā, a collection of Mantras, figured for chanting after the manner of the Sāma-veda, in six chapters. It begins: om namah sāmavedāya II Imdra jyeşthan na ā bhara ojiştham pupuriśravah I yad didhyakşe vajrahasta rodasī obhe susipra prapāh I Imdro rājā jagataś carşanīnām I &c. It ends on f. 5: evā hīmdra I evā hi Pūşan I evā hi devāh II om I evā hi devāh II 6 II iti Ārşṭi (?) ārcikasamhimtā samāptah I

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 5 + xix blank.

Date, &c.: svatišrīsamvat 1553 (= A. D. 1497) varşe prathamašrāvaņašudi 1 gurudine vya° simhasut vya° trīkagalikhītam 1 sahī 11 šubham bhavatu kalyānam astu 11 šrī 11 šrī 11 šrīcatrešvarī tubhyam namah 11 trīkaganīyo.

Character: Devanagari.

## 916-MS. Mill 166

Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Sāma-veda Saṃhitā, 19th cent. ?

Contents: Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Uttarārcika of the Sāma-veda Saṃhitā, in twenty-one adhyāyas (as printed in Satyavrata Sāmaśramī's edition, Bibliotheca Indica, vols. III to V, p. 380). The MS. is evidently written by the same careless scribe who wrote MS. Mill 165, and abounds in clerical mistakes.

Former shelf-mark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 40.

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 234.

Date: apparently quite modern.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 917 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 165

Mādhava's Commentary on the Sāma-veda Samhitā, 19th cent.?

Contents: 1. The Chandasikāvivaraņa by Mādhavācārya, or Mādhava's commentary on the first part of the Sāma-veda Samhitā, in six prapāthakas. It begins, without introduction, with the commentary on the first verse: śrīganeśāya namah nom namah Sāmavedāya nagne ā yāhi Bharadvājasyārṣaṃ he agne ā yāhi ā gacchaṃ kimarthaṃ punar āgachāmi ucyate vītaye bhakṣaṇāyety arthah nac. Prapāthaka 1 ends on f. 27°: iti Mādhavācāryakṛte Chandasikābhāṣye prathamah prapāthakah samāptah non f. 49, where prapāthaka 3 begins, the title Chandasikāvivaraṇa occurs. Prapāthaka 3 ends on f. 72°; prapāthaka 6 begins on f. 120°. The end of the MS. is missing, and the last leaf (f. 130) has many lacunae. It breaks off with the commentary on Sv. I, 6, 2, 3, 3 (vol. II,

p. 206 of S. Sāmaśrami's edition), the last line being very corrupt: sastāya (read sakhāya) viniyogo, sya satame 'hamarajāyaḥ i āniṣādat i punānāya somāryā prānāya sto ii The MS. is written by three different hands, see ff. 1-63, 64-111, 112-121, 122-130.

2. Another copy of the same work, but beginning with the introduction as follows: śrīguruganapatibhyo Sāradābhyo namah o namah Sāmavedāya rajojuṣe janmani satvavṛtaye sthitau prajānām pralaye tamahspṛśe l &c. Prapāṭhaka 1 ends on f. 30°; prapāṭhaka 2, on f. 53°; prapāṭhaka 3, on f. 79°. It is complete, ending on f. 135 with prapāṭhaka 6, as follows: he dhṛṣṭo dhārayatah l ārujā rujabhoṃga bhaktrā dhanam gavyam ābhvyam ca l mama prachotpārayārthah ll ll iti Chandasikāvivaraṇam Mādhavācāryakṛtam parisamāptam ll Ff. 11-13 are wrongly foliated as 10, 11, 12, but nothing is missing.

As the above extracts show, both MSS. are full of clerical mistakes.

See on this work, which is different from Sāyaṇa's commentary on the Sāma-veda, Weber, Catal., II, 16-20; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 49. Probably it belongs to the older Mādhava cited by Sāyaṇa.

Former shelf-mark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 39.

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+130+136.

Date: apparently quite modern.

Character: Devanāgarī, sometimes very badly written.

# 4. SAMHITĀ-YAJUR-VEDA

918 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 505 Pañcasvastyayana, Maitrāyaṇī Saṃhitā, Book I, A. D. 1566.

Contents: the Maitrāyaṇī Saṃhitā, of which the first two leaves have been lost and are replaced by two other leaves.

1. Two leaves containing the beginning of the Pañcasvastyayana. It begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ | Paṃcasvastyana liṣyate | svasti no mimītām Aśvinā Bhagaḥ | svasti devy Aditir an(arṇ deleted)arvaṇaḥ || svasti Pūṣā asuro dadhātu naḥ svasti Dyāvāpṛthivī sucetunā || = Rg-veda V, 51, 11. It ends on f. 2<sup>V</sup>. It consists of a collection of verses, accented in red ink in the Rg-vedic style. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. This work was doubtless copied about the same time as the second part, though by a different

hand. The title given is Aufrecht's emendation. The verses quoted are Rg-veda V, 51, 11-15, with the Khila, and I, 89, 1-7.

2. The Maitrayani Samhita of the Black Yajurveda, Book I. It begins on f. 3 in the middle of I, 1, 3. The (11) prapathakas end on ff. 10, 30, 47, 66°, 83, 108°, 114, 133°, 144, 166°, 180°. The accents are added in red ink, and are in the peculiar style of the Maitrāyaņī Samhitā, as given in Schroeder, p. xxx sq. The MS. appears to be fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. F. 31 is blank. There are occasional corrections in a later hand in red ink. Ff. 167, 177 are blank, but nothing is lost. The Maitrāyaņī Samhitā was edited by Leopold von Schroeder, Leipzig, 1881, &c. This MS. was not collated for Book I as it was not known, having been described in the Bodl. catal., p. 386a, as a MS. of the Pancasvastyayana. It was recognized first by B. Lindner of Leipzig, August 2, 1884.

The MS. belongs distinctly to the same class as M I and M 2, agreeing occasionally with the latter. It sometimes supports the H, K 6, and B classes. Cf. Schroeder, p. xxxvi. It must be derived from a MS. very closely allied to M I, so close in many details is the correspondence.

Former owners:

(1) f. 180<sup>v</sup>: pustakaṃ Vālamukadasya 1

(2) f. 1: (illegible name) Kṛṣṇajīsuta (?) t

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+180+ii blank. The original has only 179 leaves, f. 97 being doubled.

Date: f. 1807: samvat 1622 (= A. D. 1566) varşe bhādrapadamāse kṛṣṇe pakṣe tṛtīyāyām puṇyatithau budhadine aśvinīnakṣatre vyāghātanāmni yoge vaṇijakaraṇe meṣarāśisthite camdre evamādipuṇyāhe sati \

Scribe: f. 1807: Mājalapuravāstavyam jā orāmasutajā ogopālatatsutena Anamtakena likhiteyam pustikā t aparamdī onamdākasya sutena — likhāpitā t The name of the patron has been obliterated: pālatatsutena was also obliterated but is still legible.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 919—MS. Wilson 361

Taittirīya Samhitā, Padapātha, Astaka I, A. D. 1804.

Contents: astaka I of the Taittirīya Samhitā of the Black Yajur-veda in the Pada text, without accents. The astaka (for the name used in the MS. cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., XI, 124 note) begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 80<sup>v</sup>. The (8) adhyāyas end at ff. 9<sup>v</sup>, 16<sup>v</sup>, 24, 33, 45<sup>v</sup>, 58, 70, 80<sup>v</sup>. The colophon is: iti pra-

thamāştake 'şṭamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11811 The MS. is fairly accurate. Ff. 1, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 61, 70, 80 are on dark-coloured paper.

This MS. was not used for the edition by Albrecht Weber, *Indische Studien*, Leipzig, vols. XI and XII, 1871, 1872, but was first identified by him, see *Vājasaneyisamhitā*, p. vii, note.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 80 + ii blank.

Date: f. 80": sanvat 1860 (= A. D. 1804) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 920—MS. Mill 93 Vājasaneyi Samhitā, A.D. 1831.

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā of the White Yajur-veda, Saṃhitāpāṭha, in the Mādhyandinaśākhā, accented, complete in forty adhyāyas. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1 $^{V}$  and ends on f. 6; adhyāya 2 ends on f. 11 $^{V}$ ; 3, on f. 17 $^{V}$ ; 4, on f. 23; 5, on f. 30; 6, on f. 36; 7, on f. 44; 8, on f. 52 $^{V}$ ; 9, on f. 60; 10, on f. 66; 11, on f. 76; 12, on f. 88; 13, on f. 95 $^{V}$ ; 14, on f. 102 $^{V}$ ; 15, on f. 112; 16, on f. 120 $^{V}$ ; 17, on f. 131 $^{V}$ ; 18, on f. 141; 19, on f. 151; 20, on f. 160.

This completes the first half of the MS.; the second half is paged separately. Adhyāya 21 begins on f.  $161^{\circ}$  and ends on f. 172. Adhyāya 22 ends on f.  $178^{\circ}$ ; 23, on f.  $185^{\circ}$ ; 24, on f.  $191^{\circ}$ ; 25, on f. 199; 26, on f. 201; 27, on f.  $207^{\circ}$ ; 28, on f.  $215^{\circ}$ ; 29, on f. 224; 30, on f.  $228^{\circ}$ ; 31, on f.  $230^{\circ}$ ; 32, on f.  $232^{\circ}$ ; 33, on f. 243; 34, on f. 251; 35, on f. 254; 36, on f.  $256^{\circ}$ ; 37, on f. 260; 38, on f. 263; 39, on f. 266; 40, on f.  $267^{\circ}$ .

Ff. ii, 161, 268 are ornamented. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The accents are added in red ink. The MS. appears fairly accurate. The numbers of the adhyāyas are noted in the margin. This MS. was not known to Weber.

Bound in a native black binding, lettered 'Vāja-saneyasamhitā.'

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 268 + i blank.

Date: f. 268: svasti śrinrpaśālivāhanaśake 1753 (= A. D. 1831) kharanāmābde uttarāyane vasamtartau caitramāse śuklapakṣe titho 5 pamcemi bhṛguvāsare taddineya 1 The Bodl. catal., p. 393b, gives A. D. 1697 as the date, having obviously misread the era.

Scribe: f. 268: tatsamhitāpustakam samāpta Hārirāmacemdraghadālacikaramālekarasye pustakam Gopāla-

khamdojosi ākhegāvakaraprāmtagodātira likhitvā dattam śubham bhavatu \

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 921—MSS. Mill 100, 101 Vājasaneyi Samhitā, A.D. 1829, 1835.

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā of the White Yajur-veda, in the Mādhyandina recension, in the Saṃhitā form, complete in forty adhyāyas. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 8; 2 is on ff. 8-17°; 3, on ff. 17°-31; 4, on ff. 31-41°; 5, on ff. 41°-53; 6, on ff. 53-63; 7, on ff. 63-78; 8, on ff. 78-95; 9, on ff. 95-109; 10, on ff. 109-119°; 11, on ff. 119°-137; 12, on ff. 137°-155°; 13, on ff. 155°-161°; 14, on ff. 161°-168; 15, on ff. 168°-182°; 17, on ff. 182°-194°; 100, f. 203°, ends with verse 54 of adhyāya 17. The end of adhyāya 13 and the beginning of adhyāya 14 (13, 38 to 14, 8) are lost, owing to the loss of ff. 161-168 of the original. F. 28 is a supplementary page containing the latter part of 3, 52, and all of verses 53-55, which are omitted on f. 29.

101, f. 1, contains the end of 17, 55. Adhyāya 17 ends on f. 9; 18 is on ff. 9-27; 19, on ff. 27-44; 20, on ff. 44-60. This ends the first part of the MS., and on f. 60° there is an ornamental conclusion: itī pūrvavisī samāptah | Rāma | The first fifteen leaves of the second part, containing adhyāyas 21-40, have been lost, and are supplied in a very neat modern hand. They contain (ff. 61v-75v) the whole of adhyaya 21, and half a line of adhyāya 22, which ends on f. 84v; 23 is on ff.  $84^{\text{v}}$ –94; 24, on ff. 94–102 $^{\text{v}}$ ; 25, on ff. 102 $^{\text{v}}$ – 114<sup>v</sup>; 26, on ff. 114<sup>v</sup>-119; 27, on ff. 119-126<sup>v</sup>; 28, on ff. 126v-136; 29, on ff. 136-149; 30, on ff. 149-155; 31, on ff. 155-157\*; 32, on ff. 157\*-160; 33, on ff. 160-171 $^{\text{v}}$ ; 34, on ff. 171 $^{\text{v}}$ -179 $^{\text{v}}$ ; 35, on ff. 179 $^{\text{v}}$ -181; 36, on ff. 181-183; 37, on ff.  $183-185^{\circ}$ ; 38, on ff.  $185^{\circ}-189$ ; 39, on ff. 189–193; 40, on ff. 193–195<sup>v</sup>. F. 142 has been supplied by the same hand as ff. 61-75; ff.  $189^{\circ}$ , 193<sup>v</sup> are blank.

The second part is by the same hand as part 1. Both are written in red ink, the accents being in the same colour. The style varies somewhat, but usually the writing is very untidy and inexact. Yellow pigment is freely used for erasures, and the ends of the chapters are plentifully daubed over with a dark brown colour. 101, f. 194, is on yellow paper. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines, on f. 1 appears a series of invocations, &c., apparently from a different work. This MS. was not known to Weber nor used by him for his edition.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, of Indian manufacture, with the exception of ff. 61-75, and 142 of 101, which are of English manufacture of the year 1832.

No. of leaves: 100=ii+203+ii blank; 101=ii+196+ii blank. The original is divided into two parts, with 270 (really 263 as ff. 161-168 are lost, f. 28 is double) + 135 leaves respectively.

Date: part 1 is dated on 101, f. 60: samvat 1885 (= A. D. 1829) phālguņakṛṣṇapratipadāyām andavāsare taddinam pustakam samāptam 1 Part 2 is dated on f. 195: savat 1888 (?) śake 1757 (= A. D. 1835) śārvārīnāmasamvatsare mārgasīrṣavadya 6 taddine saptah 1 The date of 101, ff. 61-75, 143, cannot be before 1832, or 1835, but may be much later, c. 1850.

Scribe: 101, f. 60: likhitam Gopālabhaṭapāṭhakavikṣaṇārtham \ śrīgajānanaprasanna \ 101, f. 195\ : idam pustakam Bāllambhaṭātmajavāmanabhaṭa vardāpūrakara aocha (?) \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: 100, ff. 161-168 of the original are missing.

#### 922-MS. Mill 128

#### Vājasaneyi Samhitā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā of the White Yajur-veda in the Saṃhitā text of the Mādhyandina school. Accents, marked in red ink, have been added by a later hand on ff. 1V-10. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1V and ends on f. 5; adhyāya 2 ends on f. 9; 3, on f. 13; 4, on f. 16V; 5, on f. 21V; 6, on f. 25; 7, on f. 30V; 8, on f. 37; 9, on f. 42; 10, on f. 46; 11, on f. 53; 12, on f. 61V. These twelve adhyāyas are written by one hand. The remainder is written much more carelessly by another.

Adhyāya 13 ends on f.  $68^{\circ}$ ; 14, on f. 73; 15, on f. 79; 16, on f.  $83^{\circ}$ ; 17, on f.  $90^{\circ}$ ; 18, on f. 97; 19, on f.  $103^{\circ}$ ; 20, on f.  $108^{\circ}$ . The MS. breaks off abruptly with verse 6 of adhyāya 21 on f.  $108^{\circ}$ .

F. 3 is bound in reversed and upside down. Ff. 39-41 are arranged as ff. 40, 41, 39. F. 103 is reversed. Both parts of the MS. are carelessly written, frequently repeating parts of words.

This MS. was not used by Weber for his edition, nor apparently was he aware of its existence.

Size:  $5\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in. The MS. is arranged like a European book.

Material: Paper. No. of leaves: xii + 108 + ii blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800 or 1820.

Character: Devanāgarī.

BODL SANS, CATAL II.

# 923—MS. Sansk. d., 51 Väjasaneyi Samhitä, A. D. 1603.

Contents: the Samhitā text of the Vājasaneyi Samhitā, in forty adhyāyas, accented. Part I (= ff. 1-130) contains adhyāyas 1-20; part II (= ff. 131-207) adhyāyas 21-40. The title is found in the colophon on f. 130°: iti Vājasaneyasamhitāpāthe vimšatimo 'dhyāyah, and in the colophon on f. 207°: iti Vājasaneyīsamhitāyām catvārimšo 'dhyāyah 11

There are marginal and other corrections in part I. Ff. 129 and 130 are supplied by a modern hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 20). Size:  $9\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 207 + iii blank.

Date: the date given at the end of part I (f. 130°) is: samvat 1659 (= A. D. 1603) varse vaisākhamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe tithau 5 budhavāsare 11 It looks rather suspicious, especially as f. 130 is supplied by a modern hand. The date at the end of part II is erased, only ti phālguņaśu... 11 bhṛgudine being legible.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 924—MS. Sansk. d. 52 Vājasaneyi Samhitā, A. D. 1758, 1759.

Contents: the Samhitā text of the Vājasaneyi Samhitā, adhyāyas 1-20, accented. It ends: iti Vājasanaiyisanghitāmpādhe vimsatimo 'dhyāyah 11 20 11 om tat sad brahma 11 subham astu 11 With corrections in red and black ink.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 21). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 171.

Date: saṃvat 1815 śākaḥ 1680 (= A. D. 1758) varșe māghamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe punyatithau tṛtīyāṃyāṃ bhaumavāśare N

Character: Devanagari.

# 925—MS. Sansk. d. 58 Väjasaneyi Samhitā, A.D. 1599, 1600.

Contents: the Pada text of the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, accented, adhyāyas 1–20. It ends: Aśvinā i pibatām i madhu i Sarasvattyā i sajoṣaseti i sa i joṣasā i Indraḥ i sutrāmeti i su i trāmā i vṛtraheti i vṛtra i hā i juṣantām i somyam i madhu i 81 ii ii 6 p. 3 ii śrīśrīmaṃntrapavitram ārkkasam ayātīt ii . . . iti Vājasaneyapadasaṃhitāyāṃ catvāriṃśo (sic, instead of viṃśo) dhyāyaḥ ii 20 ii

Ff. 41, 165, and 168 are missing, VS. V, 36-41



(=36-43 in Weber's edition), XVII, 19-25 (=21-28 Weber), and XVII, 34-38 (=37-41 Weber) being lost.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 22). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 221 (really 218, as ff. 41, 165, 168 are lost) + iii blank.

Date: saṃvat 1656 varșe II tasmin śāke 1521 (= A. D. 1599) pra bhādrapadamāse I site pakṣe I 10-11 tithau I bhaumavāsare II dhanarāśasthite candre II

Scribe: the name of the scribe seems to be scratched out.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 926—MSS. Wilson 367, 368 Vājasaneyi Samhitā, A.D. 1601 & 16th cent.?

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Samhitā in the Samhitā text, with accents, according to the Kānva śākhā. The MS. is divided into two volumes, corresponding to MSS. Wilson 367, 368.

367 contains adhyāyas 1-20 of the Samhitā. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 115. The (20) adhyāyas end at ff. 5°, 10°, 16, 19°, 25°, 30, 35°, 40, 44°, 49, 54°, 62°, 71°, 78, 83°, 91, 97, 105, 111, 115. Ff. 16-29, 92-98 of the original are wanting, but are supplied by an old, though later, hand on ff. 16-19, 91-97 of the new foliation. In this way it happens that 18, 4 to 12 is repeated. The MS. is very accurate. The accents are added in red ink. The text is bounded on either side by four red lines. At the ends of the chapters there are various ornamental figures.

368 contains adhyāyas 21-40 of the Samhitā. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 121°. The (20) adhyāyas end on ff. 12, 19°, 29°, 36, 42°, 48°, 55, 57°, 63, 71, 78°, 88, 94°, 99, 105, 107°, 111, 116, 119, 121°. The MS. is very accurate. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The accents are added in red ink and there are many corrections by the same hand in red ink. On the left margin of ff. 7°, 8°, 9° there is a square of black as ornament, with a white number, 7, 8, 9 in the centre. The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines. The writing of this MS. is quite different from that of 367, but it may be by the hand that added ff. 16-19, 91-97.

These MSS. are mentioned by Weber in his edition of the  $V\bar{a}jasaneyi\ Samhit\bar{a}$ , p. vii, and were apparently used for the edition.

Size:  $367 = 11\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in.;  $368 = 10\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 367=ii+115+ii blank; 368=ii+121+ii blank.

Date: no date is given for 367. It seems to be considerably older than 368 and may be assigned to the 16th cent. For 368 a date is given on f. 1217: 1657 (= A. D. 1601) bhādrapada 14 guruvā - - 1

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 22 and 23 of 367 are lost.

### 927—MS. Sansk. d. 15 Kramapāṭha of the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, 16th or 17th cent.?

Contents: the Krama Samhitā, i.e. the Kramapātha of the Vājasaneyi Samhitā, accented; a fragment, beginning with adhyāya 21 and breaking off in the middle of 30 (22). It begins: om namo Ganapataye 1 imam me 1 me Varuņa 1 Vvaruņa śrudhi 1 śrudhī havam 1 &c. Adhyāya 21 ends on f. 15<sup>v</sup>; 22, on f. 22<sup>v</sup>; 27, on f. 68<sup>v</sup>; 29, on f. 91<sup>v</sup>.

The MS. abounds in corrections.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $9^{\frac{1}{4}} \times 4^{\frac{3}{4}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+99+i blank.

Date: appears to be old, probably 16th, perhaps 17th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 928—MSS. Wilson 92, 93 Vājasaneyi Samhitā, Jaṭāpātha, A. D. 1537.

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Samhitā, in the Kānva śākhā, in the Jaţāpāţha, with accents.

92 contains adhyāyas 1-20. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 213. The (20) adhyāyas end on ff. 12, 25, 37<sup>v</sup>, 47<sup>v</sup>, 58, 66, 74<sup>v</sup>, 81, 88, 97, 106<sup>v</sup>, 122<sup>v</sup>, 141<sup>v</sup>, 153<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 174, 184<sup>v</sup>, 199, 207, 213. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand. The right top corners of ff. 1-14 have been lost and replaced on white paper by a later hand. The MS. is very accurate.

98 contains adhyāyas 21-40. It begins on f. 1 $^{\circ}$  and ends on f.  $164^{\circ}$ . The (20) adhyāyas end on ff. 21, 33 $^{\circ}$ , 47 $^{\circ}$ , 55, 66, 76, 85 $^{\circ}$ , 88, 96, 101, 114, 124, 133 $^{\circ}$ , 141, 150 $^{\circ}$ , 152 $^{\circ}$ , 155 $^{\circ}$ , 159 $^{\circ}$ , 162, 164 $^{\circ}$ . The accents are added in red ink by a later hand which has also made a few corrections in the text.

Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

These MSS. are mentioned by Weber, Vājasaneyi Samhitā, p. vii, and were used for the edition.

Size:  $92 = 12\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in.;  $93 = 12\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.



No. of leaves: 92=ii+213+ii blank; 93=ii+164 +ii blank.

Date: the date for both is given in 93, f. 164 $^{\circ}$  (at the very foot): samuat 1593 (= A.D. 1537) |

Character: Devanagari.

#### 929-mss. mill 86, 87

#### Vājasaneyi Samhitā, Jaṭāpāṭha, 17th cent. & A.D. 1597.

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Samhitā, in the Jaṭāpāṭha, in the Kāṇva recension, with accents. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 564b, gives the work apparently as of the Mādhyandina śākhā, but this is wrong. The MS. is bound up in two volumes, corresponding to MSS. Mill 86 and 87: it contains five parts.

86 contains two parts. Part I contains adhyāyas 1-10. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 14<sup>v</sup>; 2, ends on f. 28<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 44<sup>v</sup>; 4, on f. 55<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 69<sup>v</sup>; 6, on f. 81<sup>v</sup>; 7, on f. 94; 8, on f. 103<sup>v</sup>; 9, on f. 115<sup>v</sup>; 10, on f. 127. On f. 127<sup>v</sup> Mill has written in pencil: 'Jaṭāpāṭha 1st khanda foll. 126 complete.'

Part II originally contained adhyāyas 11-20, but the first fifty-nine leaves being lost it begins on f. 60 with 14 (10). Adhyāya 14 ends on f. 141<sup>v</sup>; 15, on f. 154; 16, on f. 172<sup>v</sup>; 17, on f. 186<sup>v</sup>; 18, on f. 207<sup>v</sup>; 19, on f. 218<sup>v</sup>; 20, on f. 227<sup>v</sup>. On f. 227<sup>v</sup> is a similar note by Mill.

87 contains three parts. Part I contains adhyāyas 31-39. Adhyāya 31 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 15<sup>v</sup>; 32, ends on f. 29<sup>v</sup>; 33, on f. 39<sup>v</sup>; 34, on f. 48; 35, on f. 58; 36, on f. 60<sup>v</sup>; 37, on f. 64; 38, on f. 69; 39, on f. 73<sup>v</sup>.

Part II contains adhyāya 40, beginning on f. 74 and ending on f. 78. On f. 78<sup>v</sup> is a note by Mill.

Part III contains adhyāyas 21-30. Adhyāya 21 begins on f. 79<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 108<sup>v</sup>; 22, ends on f. 124<sup>v</sup>; 23, on f. 144<sup>v</sup>; 24, on f. 157; 25, on f. 167<sup>v</sup>; 26, on f. 180<sup>v</sup>; 27, on f. 193<sup>v</sup>; 28, on f. 197; 29, on f. 206; 30, on f. 213. On f. 213<sup>v</sup> is a note by Mill.

86, parts I and II, 87, parts I and III, must be ascribed to the same hand, using slightly different styles here and there. 87, part II, is by an older hand. All parts of the MS. appear to be very fairly accurate, though not neatly written. The accents are added in red ink; they are of the ordinary Rg-vedic type. The text is bounded usually by two red lines; in 87, part II, by two double red lines. Yellow pigment has been somewhat freely used to make erasures, but there are hardly any later corrections.

Whether the Jatāpāthas mentioned by Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. 7; Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884,

p. 286, are of this śākhā is not stated, but cf. Stein, p. xii. This MS. was not known to Weber.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 86 = ii + 227 + ii blank; 87 = ii + 213 + ii blank. Originally 86 had 126 (really 127, as f. 58 is repeated) + 159 leaves; 87 had 73 + 5 + 135 leaves.

Date: none is given for 86, or parts I and III of 87, but the MS. may be dated about A.D. 1650. Part II of 87 is dated on f. 78: samvat 1653 (= A.D. 1597) varse moghaśuddha 4 caturthyām likhitam idam pu — 1

Character: Devanāgarī,

Injuries: ff. 1-59 of part II of 86 are lost.

#### 930-MS. Sansk. d. 2

#### Uvața's Mantrabhășya, 16th cent.?

Contents: the Mantrabhāṣya, a commentary on the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā in the Mādhyandina śākhā, by Uvaṭa (usually written in this MS. Ūaṭa), son of Vajraṭa, of Ānandapura, i.e. Vaḍanagar in Upper Gujerat, in the reign of Bhoja of Mālvā (c. 996-1051 A.D.) written at Avantī, see Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, pp. 3, 191; Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. xii. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: the text there is practically identical with that given by Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 28, but the lacuna rightly suspected by him is thus filled up: saiva devatā satsakyo devatā 1 tad yajur ity upāsanārthaṃ rgyajuṣoḥ 1 pṛthaggrahaṇaṃ 1 nipatākṣarapādāvasānā ṛk 1 anipatākṣarapādāvasānāṃ yajuḥ 1 pragītaṃ maṃtravākyaṃ sāma karoty ato jñeyaṃ rgyajuṣam iti 1 atha padārthaḥ 1 This is by no means very satisfactory.

Adhyāya I ends on f. 13; 2, on f. 21°; 3, on f. 36; 4, on f. 45; 5, on f. 56°; 6, on f. 66; 7, on f. 78°; 8, on f. 89°; 9, on f. 97°; 10, on f. 107; 11, on f. 122°; 12, on f. 145; 13, on f. 155; 14, on f. 160; 15, on f. 170; 16, on f. 180°; 17, on f. 194°; 18, on f. 203; 19, on f. 218; 20, on f. 230. Here ends the first portion of the MS., but the remaining part is mostly written by the same hand, only ff. 343-348 being by a later though still ancient hand.

Adhyāya 21 ends on f.  $243^{\circ}$ ; 22, on f. 247; 23, on f.  $256^{\circ}$ ; 24, on f. 257; 25, on f.  $264^{\circ}$ ; 26, on f. 270; 27, on f. 270; 28, on f. 288; 29, on f. 299; 30, on f.  $299^{\circ}$ ; 31, on f.  $304^{\circ}$ ; 32, on f.  $307^{\circ}$ ; 33, on f.  $323^{\circ}$ ; 34, on f. 333; 35, on f. 335; 36, on f. 337; 37, on f. 340; 38, on f.  $343^{\circ}$ ; 39, on f.  $343^{\circ}$ ; 40, on f. 348. The end of the commentary on adhyāya 38 is not marked, but it continues to f.  $343^{\circ}$ , though it cannot be complete. The commentary on adhyāya 39 is only represented by the words: Savitā prathame 'hani

39 (6) ity ahardevatā saṃbaṃdhavidhānāt i ity Ud-bhaṭakṛtau Maṃtrabhāṣye ekonacatvāriṃśo 'dhyāyaḥ i The MS. is on the whole good and exact. A portion of its text is printed in the Bodl. catal., p. 297. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, except on ff. 343-348 where the later hand has only drawn two black lines. There are only a few corrections.

Bought and sent from Benares in 1861, according to a note on f. 1.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 2.

Size:  $11\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 348 + ii blank. The original is divided into two parts, having 228 (really 230, as ff. 13 and 17 are repeated) and 118 leaves.

Date: the MS. from its appearance must be dated about A. D. 1500-1550.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 931-MSS. Wilson 64-66

Vājasaneyi Samhitā, with the commentary of Mahīdhara, about A. D. 1828.

Contents: the Vājasaneyi Samhitā in the Samhitā text, without accents, with the commentary, called Vedadīpa, of Mahīdhara (circa 16th century).

64 contains the text and commentary of adhyāyas I10. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 227°. The (10)
adhyāyas end on ff. 29°, 44, 66°, 86, 111°, 131°, 155°,
184°, 203, 227°. F. 73 is missing in the original,
but the text is complete (4, 12-13). There are
lacunae marked on 24°, 46°, 63°, 69, 69°, 78°, 86°,
112, 180, 189°, 218°. The MS. is very inaccurate.
F. 141 is doubled, and the latter has been placed
before the former f. 141.

65 contains the text and commentary of adhyāyas 11-20. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 224. In the original the foliation runs on from 64, and the MS. begins with f. 229, f. 228 being lost, and with it 11, 1-2, of the text and commentary. The (10) adhyāyas end on ff. 30°, 65°, 86°, 103, 120°, 134°, 164°, 184, 206, 224. The MS. is full of blunders. Lacunae are marked on ff. 30, 62°; but really are frequent.

66 contains the text and commentary of adhyāyas 21-40. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 192°. In the original a new foliation begins with this volume. The (20) adhyāyas end on ff. 16, 25, 40, 47°, 65°, 72°, 81°, 89, 103°, 109, 114, 117, 140°, 155, 160°, 163°, 171°, 180°, 184°, 192°. F. 64 is blank, and 25, 44. is wanting. Ff. 126, 127 of the new foliation are

both marked 126 in the original. F. 127 should be placed before f. 126, as it contains text and commentary on 33, 42-44 (wrongly in the original 42, 43, 45), while f. 126 contains the text and commentary on 33, 45, &c. F. 144 of the original is missing, but the text is intact. There is a small lacuna marked on f. 191. The MS. is most inaccurate.

In all three volumes the text proper occupies the centre of the page, the commentary the top and bottom.

These MSS. are mentioned by Weber, Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, p. ix. He was only able to collate it for the defects of the last twenty-five lectures for his edition.

Mahīdhara wrote in A.D. 1598 the Viṣṇubhaktikalpalatāprakāśa, Weber, Catal., I, 158, and the Mantramahodadhi in A.D. 1589, Bodl. catal., p. 99, or 1597, Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 45, n. 2.

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: European paper, water-marked 'V. E. I. C. E. Wise 1828,' and 'J. Whatman Balston & Co. 1828.'

No. of leaves: 64 = iii + 227 + ii blank; 65 = ii + 224 + iii blank; 66 = ii + 192 + iii blank.

Date: because of the water-mark the MS. cannot have been written before 1828. Doubtless it was written in or soon after this year for H. H. Wilson, before he left India.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the most important is the loss of 65, f. 228 (of the original foliation).

#### 932-mss. Mill 125, 126

#### Mahīdhara's Vedadīpa, 17th & 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vedadīpa, being a commentary on the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, by Mahīdhara. This MS. contains only adhyāyas 1-20 of the commentary. The text is not cited in full. Three parts can be distinguished in the MS.

Part I. Ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-52<sup>v</sup> of 125, containing adhyāyas 1-3. Adhyāya 1 ends on f. 23<sup>v</sup>; 2, on f. 34; 3, on f. 52<sup>v</sup>. Ff. 23, 24 are blank. The writing is somewhat careless, but the MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. There are one or two corrections in a later hand.

Part II. Beginning with f. 52<sup>v</sup> a modern hand has written out adhyāyas 4, 5. Adhyāya 4 ends on f. 72; 5, on f. 96<sup>v</sup>. Another modern hand has written thereafter adhyāyas 6-15. Adhyāya 6 ends on f. 111; 7, on f. 129; 8, on f. 149<sup>v</sup>; 9, on f. 162; 10, ends on 126, f. 1; 11, on f. 25<sup>v</sup>; 12, on f. 54; 13, on f. 71; 14, on f. 84<sup>v</sup>; 15, on f. 100. In the former case (adhyāyas 4, 5) the text is bounded on either side

by two red lines. Both parts are distinctly accurate, but lacunae are rather frequent.

Part III. The latter of these hands has copied adhyāyas 16-20 on ff. 100<sup>V</sup>-193. Adhyāya 16 ends on f. 113<sup>V</sup>; 17, on f. 139; 18, on f. 156; 19, on f. 176; 20, on f. 193. This part is very inaccurate indeed. Lacunae are marked on ff. 108, 119<sup>V</sup>, 127<sup>V</sup>, 128<sup>V</sup>, 160<sup>V</sup>, 163, 169<sup>V</sup>, 171, 173<sup>V</sup>.

These three parts are followed by 126, f. 194 evidently belonging to part I, which has only the owner's name upon it. Ff. 195-197 contain two rough copies, scored out, of 125, f. 138, and one of 126, f. 139.

On the back of 126, f. 198 is written, probably in Mill's hand, 'No. VI of the Yajur-veda, Vaidadīpau manauharas, the delightful lamp of the Vedas being the commentary of Mahīdhara on the Vāja-Sanaiya-Sanhitā. Only 20 adhyāyas (viz. the first half) out of 40. The first three contained in the first fifty-two old leaves—purchased at Benares. following twelve occupying from ff. 53-277 inclusive = ff. 63-100 of 126 were copied for me by two several scribes in Calcutta from a copy belonging to the College of Fort William except three leaves. The remaining five occupying from ff. 278-371 inclusive ....' The end of the note is wanting, because the foot of the page has been covered up in the process of binding, but according to Weber, Vājasaneyi Samhitā, pp. viii, ix, who saw the MS. before binding, the five adhyāyas were copied from an incorrect MS. of the College of Fort William, from which also the India Office MS. 2479, 2465, was in part derived. 125, ff. 138-140 were also apparently copied from this MS., the other being defective.

This MS. was apparently used by Weber, and is described by him, l. c.

Former owner: according to notes on 125, f. 1, and 126, f. 194, the first fifty-two leaves belonged to (1) Sumdaraji bhatta, (2) Niśākara. Other names are deleted.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper; all but 125, ff. 1-52, is of European make.

No. of leaves: 125 = ii + 178 + ii blank; 126 = ii + 198 + ii blank.

Date: 125, ff. 1-52 are according to Bodl. catal., p. 396a, in writing of the 17th cent. The rest must be dated not before A.D. 1833 as the paper bears the water-mark of that date. On 126, f. 193, appears: samvat 17 1 18 1 91 1 māse vaišāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 1 See for this Weber, pp. viii, l.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 933-MS. Mill 114

Mahīdhara's Vedadīpa, A. D. 1838.

Contents: the Vedadīpa by Mahīdhara. This MS. contains adhyāyas 1-18. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1v and ends on f. 16; 2, on ff. 17v-26; 3, on ff. 26v-41; 4, on ff. 41-53; 5, on ff.  $53-69^{v}$ ; 6, on ff.  $69^{v}-80^{v}$ ; 7, on ff. 81-93; 8, on ff.  $93^{v}-108^{v}$ ; 9, on ff.  $108^{v}-116^{v}$ ; 10, on ff. 117-130°; 11, on ff. 130°-147; 12, on ff.  $149^{v}-168$ ; 13, on ff.  $169^{v}-178$ ; 14, on ff.  $179-188^{v}$ ; 15, on ff.  $188^{V}$ –200; 16, on ff.  $201^{V}$ –210; 17, on ff. 211<sup>v</sup>-230; 18, on ff. 231-243<sup>v</sup>. How many hands were employed is uncertain, as the different styles merge more or less. Perhaps five may be distinguished, one which wrote adhyayas 1-6, 14, 15, 17, 18; one which wrote adhyayas 7, 8, 10; one which wrote 9, 11; one which wrote 12; one which wrote 13 and 16; but the last adhyayas, especially 14-18, are doubtful. In all cases, however, the MS. is extremely inaccurate, being in many places little better than nonsense. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Lacunae are often marked. On f. 1 appears in pencil the note 'Duplicate, Mahīdhara, of Yajur Veda, adhyāya 1-18, copied at Benares by Yadanath, librarian, April, 1838, for Dr. Mill, 244 leaves altogether of 54 lines with some 28 syllables to each.'

This MS. was not known to Weber.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, apparently European.

No. of leaves: ii + 244 + ii blank. The original has no continuous foliation, but has 16 + 64 + 36 + 14 + 17 + 20 + 10 + 22 + 10 + 20 + 13 leaves.

Date: the note on f. 1 gives the date as 1838. On f. 178 it is said: samvat 1690 (= A.D. 1634) varse kārttikasudītrtīyām Vārānasyām likhitam pustakam 1 Hence Bodl. catal., p. 395a, by correcting 16 into 18, gets A.D. 1834 as the date of the MS. But it is preferable to regard the date as that of the original of the copy.

Scribe: on f. 243<sup>v</sup> appears this note: lisitam Māhā-devah phā. śu. 13 gu. 1 Perhaps it may be conjectured that this is the Mahādeva of MSS. Mill 121-124 (954); if so the above date would suit an original written by him very well.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 934—ms. mill 115

Mahīdhara's Vedadīpa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vedadīpa of Mahīdhara, adhyāyas 16-18. Adhyāya 16 begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 16°; 17, on ff. 17°-45°; 18, on ff. 46°-64°. All

three adhyāyas appear to have been copied by one and the same hand. The MS. is very incorrect, and appears to be derived from the same archetype as MS. Mill 114 (933), of whose last three adhyāyas it is apparently an alternative copy. The writing is not, however, to be identified with certainty with any of the hands there. Lacunae are frequent.

This MS. was not used by, or known to, Weber.

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+64+ii blank. In the original each adhyāya has its separate foliation, containing 16+29+19 leaves.

Date: probably A.D. 1838, if it was copied contemporaneously with MS. Mill 114 (988). In any case it cannot be earlier than A.D. 1820.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 935-MS. Wilson 20

Kātyāyana's Sarvānukramaņī to the Vājasaneyi Saṃhitā, about A. D. 1828.

Contents: the Sarvanukramanika of Katyayana, being an index of the gods, rsis and metres, of the Vajasaneyi Samhitā, in the Mādhyandina śākhā. It begins on f. 17: śriganeśaya namah 1 śridumdhirajaya namah 1 om i mamdalam dakşinam akşi hrdayam cadhiştitam yena suklāni yajūmsi bhagavān Yājñavalkyo yatah prāpa tam Vivasvamtam trayīmayam arccişmamtam abhidhāya Mādhyamdinīye Vājasaneyake Yajurvedāmnaye sarkke sakhile sasukriya rsidaivatachamdāmsy anukramisyāmo \ Adhyāya 1, 40 sections, ends on f. 7; 2, also 40 sections, on f. 11<sup>v</sup>; 3, 23 sections, on f. 14; 4, 13 sections, on f. 17<sup>v</sup>; 5, 8 sections, on f. 18: iti Sarvānukramaņīpaņcamo 'dhyāyah i iti Sarvānukramaņī samāptā i This is a recent and not very accurate MS. There are lacunae marked on ff. 1v, 9, 11v, 16, 17.

This MS. is noticed by Weber, Vājasaneyi Samhitā, p. ix, who first printed (on pp. lv to lviii) a portion of the text. Edited, with Yājñikānantadeva's commentary, Benares, 1893–1894.

Size:  $17 \times 7^{\frac{1}{8}}$  in.

Material: Paper of European manufacture, water-marked 'Wise 1828.'

No. of leaves: ii + 18 + ii blank.

Date: the paper is water-marked 1828, and it must have been copied about this date for H. H. Wilson.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 936-Ms. Wilson 456 Dandaka, A. D. 1780.

Contents: the Dandaka, a treatise in which verses of the Vājasaneyi Samhitā are arranged in short sections

under various headings. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 31. There are in all 15 chapters, which contain 28, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 5, 28, 18, 3, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16 verses, and end on ff. 6, 7<sup>v</sup>, 8<sup>v</sup>, 10<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 17, 19<sup>v</sup>, 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23, 26, 28<sup>v</sup>, 31. The first has no title: for the titles of 2-6 see Bodl. catal., p. 382<sup>b</sup>. The seventh is lokapālasthāpana; the eighth nakṣatrasya sthāpana, the ninth dhruvādisthāpana, the tenth devādisthāpana, the eleventh digpālasthāpana, the twelfth pūrṇāhutī, the thirteenth vesānarastutī, the fourteenth amṛtābhiṣeka; the fifteenth ends: itī Damdaka sampūrṇam 1 The MS. is most inaccurate. See Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 27; ed., Bombay, 1894.

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+31+i blank.

Date: f. 31: samvat 1836 (= A.D. 1780) kā i mītī śrāvaņasudi 5 i

Scribe: f. 31: laşyatam prohitaharikisna kāthanmāpārīka ( śrīkāsījīmadhye laṣī ) purārājamamdiramadhye laṣī ) Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 5. SAMHITĀ-ATHARVA-VEDA

937—MSS. Wilson 499, 500 Atharva-veda Samhitā, about A. D. 1828.

Contents: this MS. is bound up in two volumes.

499 contains the Atharva-veda in the Samhitā text, in the ordinary recension, Books I-X.

Accents are at first added in red ink, but they stop on f. 13. Book I has 6 anuvakas, which end on ff. 3, 5, 6<sup>v</sup>, 8, 10<sup>v</sup>, 13. Book II has 6 anuvākas, which end on ff. 15°, 18°, 21, 24, 26°, 29. Book III has 6 anuvākas, which end on ff. 32, 35, 38, 41<sup>v</sup>, 44, 46<sup>v</sup>. Book IV has 8 anuvākas, which end on ff. 49v, 52v, 57, 60, 63, 66, 69, 73. Book V has 6 anuvākas, which end on ff. 77°, 80°, 85, 91, 95°, 101. Book VI has 13 anuvākas, which end on ff. 103v, 105v, 108v, 111, 113<sup>v</sup>, 115<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>, 120<sup>v</sup>, 123, 125, 128, 131<sup>v</sup>, 136<sup>v</sup>. Book VII has 10 anuvākas, which end on ff. 139, 140<sup>v</sup>, 143<sup>v</sup>, 146, 148, 151, 154<sup>v</sup>, 156, 158, 160. Book VIII has 5 anuvakas, which end on ff. 1647, 169, 173, 177, 182. Book IX has 5 anuvākas, which end on ff. 186, 190, 197, 199, 204. Book X has 5 anuvākas, which end on ff. 209, 213, 218, 225, and 500, f. 4. Lacunae are marked on ff. 21<sup>v</sup>, 32, 55, 61, 80, 80<sup>v</sup>, 91<sup>v</sup>, 105, 113<sup>v</sup>, 116, 118<sup>v</sup>, 146<sup>v</sup>, 149<sup>v</sup>, 151, 155<sup>v</sup>, 157<sup>v</sup>, 166, 180, 215, 223. There are also many lacunae which are not marked, e.g. VII, 23 (1) is practically omitted.

500 contains Books XI-XX, except Book XVIII. It begins with the end of the last anuvaka of Book X, and the numbering of the pages in the original is continuous. Book XI has 5 anuvākas, which end on ff. 10v, 16, 19v, 24, 28v. Book XII has 5 anuvākas, which end on ff. 34, 38v, 44, 48, 51v. Book XIII has 4 anuvākas, which end on ff. 56, 60, 62, 64v. Book XIV has 2 anuvākas, which end on ff. 69°, 75. Book XV has 2 anuvakas, which end on ff. 81, 85v. Book XVI has 2 anuvākas, which end on ff. 87<sup>v</sup>, 90<sup>v</sup>. Book XVII has one anuvāka, which ends on f. 927. Book XIX has 7 anuvākas, which end on ff. 98, 103°, 106, 111, 116, 121, 125<sup>v</sup>. Book XX has 9 anuvākas, the third of which has three paryayas, and these eleven divisions end on ff. 131, 134, 136, 138<sup>v</sup>, 141, 146<sup>v</sup>, 154, 157<sup>v</sup>, 166, 170<sup>v</sup>, 178<sup>v</sup>. Books XIX and XX are on different paper from the rest of the MS., but are probably by the same hand. Ff. 93, 125, 126 are blank. The Kuntāpa hymns are relegated to the end of the ninth anuvaka of Book XX, and occupy ff. 178v-188v. Lacunae are marked on ff. 15v, 30, 30v, 31, 31<sup>v</sup>, 36, 37, 37<sup>v</sup>, 46, 49, 56, 59, 61, 67, 67<sup>v</sup>, 69, 70.

The MS. is exceedingly inaccurate. The hymns are numbered most irregularly, and the scribe must have known little or no Sanskrit.

The Atharva-veda was edited by Sankar Pandit, with Sayana's comm., 1895; Roth and Whitney, Berlin, 1856. Bloomfield also (see his Atharva-veda, in Bühler and Kielhorn's Grundriss) has, with Prof. Garbe, prepared a reproduction of the MS. of the Paippalada recension, Baltimore, 1901, by chromo-photography, and promises a translation of it.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper of European manufacture. Two kinds are used (1) in 499 and 500, ff. 1-92, watermarked 'E. Wise 1828'; (2) in 500, ff. 93-188, water-marked 'J. Whatman.'

No. of leaves: 499 = ii + 225 + ii blank; 500 = ii + 188 + ii blank.

Date: no date is given, but the paper being partly water-marked '1828,' that must approximately be the date of the MS.; evidently a copy made for H. H. Wilson.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 938—MS. Mill 80 Atharva-veda Samhitā, A. D. 1756?

Contents: the Atharva-veda Samhitā, in the recension of Saunaka, Books I-VI, XI-XX, with accents.

Book I ends on f. 9; II, on f. 19; III, on f. 32<sup>v</sup>; IV, on f. 52; V, on f. 73; VI, on f. 100<sup>v</sup>.

These six books are paged as one part. The second part of the MS. begins on f. 101<sup>v</sup>. Book XI ends on f. 116v; XII, on f. 132; XIII, on f. 140v; XIV, on f. 147°; XV, on f. 154; XVI, on f. 157; XVII, on f. 158v; XVIII, on f. 172; XIX, on f. 191v, counting seventy-three hymns instead of seventy-two as in Roth and Whitney's edition; XX, on f. 227. In both parts the MS. is written by the same hand, very carelessly and most inaccurately. It is an interesting fact that the accents, which are marked in red ink, are made in a somewhat unusual form for the Atharva: the udatta is marked by a curve under the preceding syllable, while the svarita is marked by a straight line through the middle of the syllable affected, apparently in imitation of the Maitrayaniya method. Cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., XIII, 118; Schroeder, Maitrāyaņī Samhitā, I, p. x**x**xi.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 8$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 227 + ii blank.

Date: (1) on f. 116<sup>V</sup> is written: sam<sup>o</sup> 1812 (= A.D. 1756) adhīkajyeṣṭavadī 2 bhome 1 (2) on f. 147<sup>V</sup> is written: adhikajeṣṭavadī budhavāre samvat 1812 1 But the appearance of the MS. forbids the possibility of this being its date; it must be the date of the original, and the copy was probably made about A.D. 1840.

Scribe: (1) f. 9: likhītam tro-śrīkṛṣṇasutabālakṛṣṇa 1 (2) f. 116<sup>V</sup>: likhītam travādīśrīkṛṣṇasutabālakṛṣṇa 1 (3) f. 147<sup>V</sup>: līkhītam travādīśrīkṛṣṇasutavālakṛṣṇasyedam pustakam 1 Bhaṇavāmāṭhe lakhīche svārtham ca parārtham ca Vārāṇaśīmadhye 1 But here again these particulars most probably refer to the scribe of the original, or to the patron.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## II. BRĀHMAŅA

## 6. BRAHMAŅA-ŖG-VEDA

939—MS. Sansk. d. 26

Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1833-1853.

Contents: the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, in eight pańcikās, complete.

Pańcikā 1 on ff. 1-28; 2, on ff. 29-61; 3, on ff. 62-95; 4, on ff. 96-122; 5, on ff. 123-156; 6, on ff. 157-187; 7, on ff. 188-217; 8, on ff. 218-245.

The original foliation runs separately for each pancika. F. 246 is a duplicate of f. 83.

Bought by the Bodleian, in October, 1892, from

Quaritch's catalogue 128 (no. 524). Inside the cover there is a signature 'John Wilson,' and on f. i the entry: 'Aitareya Bráhmaṇa. Taken at the capture of Bét.'

Size: 10×4 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 246 + v blank.

Date: the following dates are given at the end of the pancikas:

- (1) samvat 1896, šake 1761 (= A.D. 1839) sādhā-ranasamvatsare jyeşthasutdha 1 samāptam 1
- (2) śake satrāśem sāṭha vilambīnāmasamvatsare udagayane grīṣma rtū āṣāḍhaśuklatrayodaśī gurūvāre samāptam 11 This is A. D. 1838 (= śake 1760).
- (3) śake satrāśem hemalambīnāmasamvatsare udagayane śaśira rtū pause māsī kṛṣṇapakṣe dvādaśyām bhomavāsare . . . samāptam 1 This is A.D. 1837 (= śake 1759).
- (4) šake satrāšem 60 vilambīnāmasamvatsare dakṣināyane varṣātau śrāvane māse suklapakṣe nāgapamcamyām guruvāsare taddinīdam pustakam samāptam 11
  This is A. D. 1838 (= śake 1760).
- (5) šake satrāšem yekasaṣṭha vikārīnāmasamvatsare udayayane grīṣma 'rtū adhīkajyeṣṭhe māse śuklapakṣe pratipattithau bhomavāsare taddinedam pustakam Avamtikāyām mahākālavane harasitdhiviśālākṣetre kṣiprātīre samāpto 'yam II A.D. 1839 (= śake 1761).
- (6) sake satrāsem pamcāhattara II 1775 II pramādīnāmasamvatsare udagayane caitre māse suddhasaptamyām I i.e. A. D. 1853.
- (7) šake satrāšem yekuņasātha I hemalambīnāmasamvatsare pauşakṛṣṇacaturdasyām saumyavāsare samāptam II A. D. 1837 (= sake 1759).
- (8) śake satrāśem pamcāvan vījayanāmasamvatsare āśvīnakṛṣṇacaturthyām samāpto 'yam 11 This is A.D. 1833 (= śake 1755).

Scribes: pańcikās 1 to 5 and 7 are written by the same hand. The scribe calls himself Nārāyaṇa Goļavalkara in the colophon of pańcikā 1, and Nārāyaṇa, son of Mahādeva Guṇavallīkara, in the colophons of pańcikās 3, 5 and 7 (Guṇavallīkaraityupanāmakamahādevasya sūtanārāyaṇena likhitam). Pańcikā 7 was written by Rāmakṛṣṇa, son (suta) of Mahādeva Guṇavallīkara. The scribe of pańcikā 8 does not give his name.

Character: Devanagari, beautifully written.

# 940—MSS. Wilson 447, 448 Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1813, 1814.

Contents: the Aitareya Brāhmaņa of the Rg-veda, in two volumes.

447 contains pańcikās 1-4. Pańcikā 1 begins on f. 1°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 6, 10°, 17, 24°, 30°; 2 begins on f. 32°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 42, 49°,

54<sup>v</sup>, 60, 67<sup>v</sup>; 3 begins on f. 69<sup>v</sup>, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 77, 86, 96<sup>v</sup>, 101<sup>v</sup>, 106; 4 begins on f. 108<sup>v</sup>, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 113<sup>v</sup>, 120<sup>v</sup>, 126, 132<sup>v</sup>, 137. The MS. is a modern copy and not very accurate.

448 contains pañcikās 5–8. Pañcikā 5 begins on f. 1°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 8, 17, 24, 31°, 39; 6 begins on f. 41°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 44°, 48, 54°, 64, 74; 7 begins on f. 75°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 76°, 86, 93, 98, 103; 8 begins on f. 104°, its (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 107, 114, 117, 125, 130. F. 61° has a lacuna marked. In both cases the text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Neither volume was used by Aufrecht for his edition, Bonn, 1879.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 447=ii+137+ii blank; 448=ii+130+ii blank.

Date: pańcika 1 is dated on f. 30v: samvat 1870 (= A. D. 1814) caitraśuddha 14 budhavasare 1

Pańcikā 2 on f. 67<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1869 (= A.D. 1813) caitrakrena 6 bhaumavāsare 1

Pańcika 3 on fol. 106: samvat 1870 1

Pańcika 4 on f. 137: samvat 1870 vaiśākhakṛṣṇa 14 guruvāsare 1

Pańcika 5 on 448, f. 39: samvat 1870 vaiśākhaśuddha 5 budhavāsare 1

Pańcika 6 on f. 74: samvat 1870 vaisākhakṛṣṇa 7 guruvāsare 1

Pancikā 7 on f. 103: samvat 1870 jesthakrsna 1 ravivāsare 1

Pañcikā 8 on f. 130: samvat 1870 vaišākhašuddha 11 bhaumavāsare

Scribe: 447, f. 30<sup>v</sup>: Jyotisī ityupanāmnā Jivanarāmena likhitam i So f. 137; 448, ff. 39, 103, 130. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 941-MS. Wilson 446

Aitareya Brāhmaņa, 17th or 18th cent. ?

Contents: MSS. of pañcikās 3, 5, 6, 8 of the Aitareya Brāhmaņa.

- (1) Pañcikā 3 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 31. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 7<sup>v</sup>, 15<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 27<sup>v</sup>, 31. The text is fairly accurate. A later hand has divided the longer sentences into their component clauses by red strokes above the line. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.
- (2) Pañcikā 5 begins on f. 33<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 74<sup>v</sup>. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 40<sup>v</sup>, 49, 56, 64, 74. The text is not very accurate. It is in quite a different hand from part (1).

- (3) Pancika 6 begins on f. 76v and ends on f. 100. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 78v, 81v, 86, 93, 100. The ends of the clauses are marked with strokes in red ink over the line. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. This part is written by the same hand as part (1).
- (4) Pancika 8 begins on f. 102 and ends on f. 130. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 105°, 113, 117, 125, 130°. By a mistake the 30th adhyāya in the original is called the 40th. The text is inaccurate. It is bounded on either side by two black lines. This part is in a different hand from the others.

Former owner: part (4) has on f. 102: idam pustakam Muramdibhairavabhattasya pukam saptam 1

Size:  $9\frac{1}{3} \times 5\frac{3}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 130 + ii blank.

Date: no date is given for parts (1) or (3), which are contemporaneous, but they probably belong to the end of the 17th or beginning of the 18th century.

For part (2) we have on f. 74: śrāvaņamāse śuklapakse dakşināyane pratipatithau bhānuvāsare 1 The year does not appear, but it is probably late 18th century.

For part (4) we have on f. 102: 1770 sake 1635 (= A. D. 1713) āṣāḍhava° 3 ravau 1

Scribe: none is given for parts (1) or (4).

For part (2) we have on f. 74<sup>v</sup>: hepothī Vemkaļaśivasya likhi i which may denote the person for whom it was written.

For part (3) we have a very illegible note on f. 102. The name seems to be Sambhubhatta.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 942-MS. Mill 162

Sāyaņa's Commentary on the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, early 18th cent. ?

Contents: Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Aitareya Brāhmaņa, adhyāyas 1-5 (= pancikā 1). F. 1 is supplied by a modern hand. Ed., Bibl. Ind., 1894-1898; Anandāśrama Series, no. 32, Poona, 1896.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 34.

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 56.

Date: the MS. was apparently written at the beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 943-MS. Mill 161

Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, 18th cent. ?

Contents: Sāyaņa's Commentary on the Aitareya Brāhmaņa, adhyāyas 1-5 (= pancikā 1).

Former owners: the name of Rāmasukla is given | the Kausītaki Brāhmaņa of the Rg-veda. Adhyāya 16 BODL, SANS, CATAL, II.

on f. 83 (on f. 1 it is crossed out) as owner of the MS.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 33.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 85.

Date: the MS. apparently belongs to the middle or beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 944-MSS. Sansk. e. 5, 6 Kausītaki Brāhmaņa, A. D. 1730, 1731.

Contents: the thirty adhyayas of the Kausitaki Brahmana of the Rg-veda, copied by one hand.

5 contains adhyāyas 1-15, which end on ff. 5, 15,  $26, 33, 42, 52, 63^{\text{v}}, 76^{\text{v}}, 84, 94, 101^{\text{v}}, 111, 118^{\text{v}}, 126,$ 134<sup>v</sup>. Ff. 132, 133 are inverted.

6 contains adhyayas 16-30, which end on ff. 11v,  $18^{\text{v}}$ , 28, 37, 44,  $51^{\text{v}}$ ,  $62^{\text{v}}$ ,  $72^{\text{v}}$ , 80,  $96^{\text{v}}$ ,  $115^{\text{v}}$ , 125, 134, 142, 153.

Both volumes are on the whole carefully written and There are a very few notes in a later hand, and occasionally yellow pigment is employed for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

This MS. was used by B. Lindner for his edition, Einl., p. vii, his 'O.' It shows the normal text. The sankhyā given by Lindner is from 6, f. 153. It is true that 5, f. 134v, gives the name as Kauşītakio, 6, f. 153, as Sankhayana, but as the latter is qualified as Kausītakimatānusari, the former title deserves the preference (cf. Lindner, p. ix).

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 5, 6.

Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 5 = ii + 134 + i blank; 6 = i + 153 + iblank.

Date: (1) pūrvārddha is dated on f. 134": samvat 1786 (= A. D. 1730) varșe āṣāḍhakṛṣṇa 3 caṃdravāsare 1

(2) uttarārddha is dated on f. 153: svasti śrīsamvat 1787 (= A. D. 1731) vașe paușakrșna 12 bhrgurāsare 1

Scribe: (1) f. 134<sup>v</sup> of 5: likhitam idam śaivaśrīvijayarāmasutasukharāmeņa Kāśyām I

(2) f. 153 of 6: likhitam idam śaivaśrīvijayarāmātmajasukharāmeņa 1 Kāśyām 1

Character: Devanagari.

# 945-MS. Sansk. d. 4

Kausītaki Brāhmaņa, A. D. 1669.

Contents: the uttararddha, i. e. adhyayas 16-30, of

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begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 7<sup>v</sup>; adhyāya 17 ends on f. 11<sup>v</sup>; 18, on f. 17; 19, on f. 22<sup>v</sup>; 20, on f. 26<sup>v</sup>; 21, on f. 30<sup>v</sup>; 22, on f. 37; 23, on f. 42<sup>v</sup>; 24, on f. 47; 25, on f. 56; 26, on f. 67; 27, on f. 71<sup>v</sup>; 28, on f. 76<sup>v</sup>; 29, on f. 80<sup>v</sup>; 30, on f. 86: iti Kausītakimatānusāri-śāṃkhāyanabrāhmaņe triṃśo 'dhyāyaḥ I samāptaḥ I For this title cf. MS. Sansk. e. 5, 6 (944). This MS., which is accurate, is the '0,' used by B. Lindner for his edition of the Kausītaki Brāhmaṇa, see Einl., p. vii.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861.

Former owner: f. 1: trāgaņeśanāthasyedam pustakam 1 Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 3.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 4.

Size:  $10\frac{8}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 86 + ii blank.

Date : f. 86° : śrīsaṃvat 1725 (= A. D. 1669) varșe vaiśākhaśudi 8 tithau guruvāsare 1

Scribe: f. 86°: vṛddhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtarajñātyasutāraśamkarasutasutārasūrajīsutā śrīvārānasīmadhye dharmārtha likhitam Bāiyām duvedevarāma ne pothī 1 Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 3.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the MS. has been considerably damaged by water. The leaves have been stuck together, and many letters have become illegible.

# 946—MSS. Sansk. e. 3, 4 Kauşītaki Brāhmaņa, A. D. 1760–1762.

Contents: the Kausītaki Brāhmaņa, or S'ānkhāyana Brāhmaṇa, in thirty adhyāyas.

8 contains adhyāyas 1-15; 4 adhyāyas 16-30.

In 3, adhyāya 1 ends on f.  $6^{\circ}$ ; 2, on f.  $15^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f.  $25^{\circ}$ ; 4, on f.  $31^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f. 40; 6, on f.  $48^{\circ}$ ; 7, on f.  $58^{\circ}$ ; 8, on f.  $67^{\circ}$ ; 9, on f.  $72^{\circ}$ ; 10, on f.  $79^{\circ}$ ; 11, on f.  $86^{\circ}$ ; 12, on f. 93; 13, on f. 98; 14, on f. 104; 15, on f.  $110^{\circ}$ . 3 ends: *iti* Kausītakibrāhmane pamcadaśo 'dhyāyah 1 F. 83 is blank, but nothing is missing.

In 4, adhyāya 16 ends on f. 11; 17, on f. 17; 18, on f. 28; 19, on f. 38 $^{\circ}$ ; 20, on f. 45 $^{\circ}$ ; 21, on f. 54; 22, on f. 66 $^{\circ}$ ; 23, on f. 77; 24, on f. 84 $^{\circ}$ ; 25, on f. 101 $^{\circ}$ ; 26, on f. 121 $^{\circ}$ ; 27, on f. 131 $^{\circ}$ ; 28, on f. 141 $^{\circ}$ ; 29, on f. 148 $^{\circ}$ ; 30, on f. 159 $^{\circ}$ . Ff. 1-19 have been supplied by a more modern hand. 4 ends: iti śrīkauṣītakimatāmusāriśāṃkhāyanabrāhmaṇe triṃśatimo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ 1

The following various readings will give an idea of the relation in which our MS. stands to those used by B. Lindner for his edition of the Kauşītaki Brāhmaņa (Jena, 1887): II, 9 end, vișīdato and vișīdati, Lindner, p. 8, n. 4.

III, 2, bahir asau, p. 9, n. 1.

III, 4, prasrjānīti, p. 11, n. 1.

III, 9, prīņamti, p. 14, n. 1.

IV, 3, abhyudrastāyā, p. 15, n. 1; apipāthayati, twice, p. 15, n. 2.

VI, 9, vasīyān, p. 25, n. 1.

VI, 10, prātarat, p. 25, n. 2; udicīnaiva, p. 25, n. 5. VI, 12, pratarisyāmo, p. 26, n. 1; upasruto, p. 26, n. 2.

VIII, 3, stavo, p. 36, n. 1.

XII, 4, vaṣaṭkāraś ca, and vaṣaṭkārasya, the latter in a passage supplied in marg. sec. m., p. 54, n. 5.

XXIII, 5, paruchepāķ śastreņāhan paruchepo 'hnāyatīşv aikā', p. 105, notes.

XXIV, 1, ha nv ivaiva, p. 107, n. 2.

XXV, 10, kilāsīd bhavişyatīti, p. 117, n. 2.

There are many marginal notes and corrections by a second hand,

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. The name of Jīvanarāma is given as owner of the MS. at the beginning and end of each volume.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 8 = i + 112; 4 = i + 161.

Date: at the end of 3 we find the date: samvat 1818 (= A. D. 1762) mili pauşaśuddha 6 śukre likhitamm idam pustakam 1 At the end of 4: samvat 1816 (= A. D. 1760) varşe vaiśākhasuddhasaptamī bhaumavāsare likhitam 1

Scribe: Jīvanarāma, of Benares, seems to have written the book himself. We read after the date in 3: dīo-hariśamkaratadātmajaśivaśamkaratadātmajaji-vamnarāmasyedam pustakam Vārānasyām Viśveśvarasannidhau!

Character: Devanāgarī.

Ornamentations in gold on ff. 42, 49 $^{\circ}$ , 65, 72 $^{\circ}$ , 80, 98 $^{\circ}$ , and 100 $^{\circ}$  of 3.

# 7. BRĀHMAŅA-SĀMA-VEDA

947—MS. Wilson 373 Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1759.

Contents: the Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda, without accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 289. The (25) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 10°, 18°, 24, 36°, 46°, 62°, 74°, 87, 100, 109°, 117°, 132, 146, 159°, 172°, 186, 195, 209, 219°, 231°, 247°, 254°,

265, 275, 289. The MS. is fairly accurate. Ff. 50°, 103, 140, 180° are blank. Ff. 227-230 have been supplied by a later, though not very modern, hand. Yellow pigment is frequently used for erasures, corrections, &c. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

The MS. also forms a part of the Sāma-veda-corpus, see MS. Wilson 372 (911).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 289 + ii blank. There is no f. 230 in the original foliation.

Date: f. 289: samvat 1815 (= A.D. 1759) varșe śrāvaņamāse śuklapakṣe 3 tṛtīya somavāsare 1

Scribe: adyeha śrīvārāṇasīvāstavyamoḍhacāturvedījñātīyatro-purusottmātmajadhaṃneśvara likhitaṃ gatroamareśvarapaṭhanārthāya thā paropakārārthāya t Cf. MS. Wilson 380 (899), MS. Mill 146 (951).

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 227-231 of the original have been lost, and are replaced by ff. 227-230 of the new foliation.

# 948-ms. mill 27

#### Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Tāṇḍya or Pañcaviṃśa Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda complete in twenty-five prapāṭhakas. It begins on f. 1°. The (25) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 4°, 7, 9°, 14, 17°, 23, 27°, 32, 36°, 40, 43°, 49°, 54°, 59°, 64°, 69, 72°, 76°, 81, 85, 91, 93°, 97, 101, 105°. The text is fairly accurate and is earefully written, though modern. Lacunae are marked on ff. 1°, 10, 12, 78. The MS. is written in various styles of handwriting, but they all seem to be by one and the same hand. Cf. MSS. Wilson 373 (947), 396, 397 (949), Mill 146 (951).

Size:  $14\frac{1}{3} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 105 + ii blank. Date: probably about A.D. 1820–1850. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 949—MSS. Wilson 396, 397

Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa, with the commentary of Sāyaṇa, A. D. 1747.

Contents: the Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa, with the commentary, called Sāmavedārthaprakāśa, of Sāyaṇācārya. It begins with adhyāya 11.

396 contains two parts:

(1) Adhyāyas 11, 12: they begin on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and end on f. 117<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 11 contains 11 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 4<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 9, 12, 20<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 30<sup>v</sup>, 36, 41.

Adhyāya 12 contains 13 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 44, 46, 52, 59<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>, 71, 75, 78, 84<sup>v</sup>, 92, 101, 103<sup>v</sup>, 117<sup>v</sup>.

(2) Adhyāyas 13, 14, 15: they begin on f. 118°, with a separate foliation in the original, and end on f. 241. Adhyāya 13 contains 12 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 121, 123, 128, 135, 140, 143, 146, 147, 152, 157, 160, 163°. Adhyāya 14 contains 12 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 167, 168°, 173, 175, 181°, 184, 186, 188, 194, 195°, 200, 202°. Adhyāya 15 contains 12 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 206, 207°, 214, 216, 223, 224°, 228°, 229, 233, 236, 239, 241.

There are many erasures, &c., in yellow pigment. There are no accents. The text is embedded in the commentary. The page is bounded on either side by two broad red lines.

It is possible that these adhyayas are written by the same hand as part (1), though it is not certain.

397 contains two parts:

- (1) Adhyāyas 16, 17, 18: they begin on f. 1° and end on f. 106°. Adhyāya 16 has 16 khandas, which end on ff. 7, 9, 12, 15°, 21°, 24, 25, 28°, 30, 32°, 36°, 39, 42, 44, 45°, 47°. Adhyāya 17 has 14 khandas, which end on ff. 53, 54, 54°, 56, 58, 58°, 59, 60°, 61, 62, 64, 65, 68°, 70°. Adhyāya 18 has 11 khandas, which end on ff. 74, 77, 78°, 80, 83, 87, 89, 94°, 99°, 102°, 106°.
- (2) Adhyāyas 19-25: they begin on f. 107, with a separate foliation in the original, and end on f. 282v. Adhyāya 19 has 19 khandas, which end on ff. 1097, 111, 113, 115<sup>v</sup>, 117<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>, 120<sup>v</sup>, 121, 122<sup>v</sup>, 125, 126<sup>v</sup>, 128, 129, 130, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134. Adhyāya 20 has 16 khandas, which end on ff. 136v, 138, 130v, 141, 142<sup>v</sup>, 142<sup>v</sup>, 143, 143<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 147<sup>v</sup>, 149, 150, 154<sup>v</sup>, 159<sup>v</sup>, 162<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 21 has 15 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 167, 169, 171<sup>v</sup>, 174<sup>v</sup>, 175, 176, 177, 178, 181, 186, 187<sup>v</sup>, 189, 190<sup>v</sup>, 194, 195. Adhyāya 22 has 18 khandas, which end on ff. 196, 196, 197, 198, 199,  $199^{\text{V}}$ , 201, 201 $^{\text{V}}$ , 202 $^{\text{V}}$ , 203, 204, 205, 205 $^{\text{V}}$ , 206 $^{\text{V}}$ , 207 $^{\text{V}}$ , 208, 208<sup>v</sup>, 209<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 23 has 28 khandas, which end on ff. 212, 212<sup>v</sup>, 214, 215, 215<sup>v</sup>, 217<sup>v</sup>, 218, 218<sup>v</sup>, 219, 219<sup>v</sup>, 220<sup>v</sup>, 221, 222<sup>v</sup>, 223, 224, 226, 226<sup>v</sup>, 227, 229, 229<sup>v</sup>, 229<sup>v</sup>, 230, 230<sup>v</sup>, 230<sup>v</sup>, 231, 231<sup>v</sup>, 231<sup>v</sup>, 232. Adhyāya 24 has 20 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 236,  $236^{\circ}$ ,  $237^{\circ}$ , 238,  $238^{\circ}$ , 239,  $239^{\circ}$ ,  $239^{\circ}$ , 240, 241,  $243^{\circ}$ , 244<sup>v</sup>, 246, 248, 249, 249<sup>v</sup>, 250, 252, 253, 253<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 25 has 18 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 256v,  $258, 259^{\circ}, 260^{\circ}, 261, 262, 263, 264, 264^{\circ}, 270^{\circ}, 272,$ 272<sup>v</sup>, 274<sup>v</sup>, 275<sup>v</sup>, 277, 278, 278<sup>v</sup>, 282<sup>v</sup>.

There are no accents. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The writing of the MS. is fairly accurate.

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On the Tāṇdya Brāhmana, see Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 36-41; Catal., I, 67 sq. Ed., Bibl. Ind., with Sāyana's commentary, by Anandacandra Vedāntavāgīśa, 1870-1874.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 396 = ii + 241 + ii blank; 897 = ii + 283 + ii blank.

Date: both volumes are clearly of about the same date, as they are probably in the same hand. For 397 a date is given on f. 282<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1803 (= A.D. 1747) varse jestavadi 5 pamcamyām somavāsare 1

Scribe: 397, f. 282v: likhitam idam Vārāṇasyām Thakkuranamdarāmeṇa ābhyamtarunāgarajñātīyatripā-thīśrīsadāśivātmajatripāṭhīśivadattena likhāpito 'yam gramthah | svārtham parārtham ca | It is doubtful if the Bodl. catal., p. 379b, is right in simply saying that Sivadatta wrote it for Ṭhakkuranandarāma's use. The MS. seems to show traces of two different hands, and in any case the names must be transposed.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 950-MS. Sansk. d. 7

Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Mādhavīya Sāmavedārthaprakāśa, being a commentary on the Tandya or Pancavimsa Brāhmaņa of the Sāma-veda by Sāyaņācārya, composed under Virabukka (sic), according to the colophon, i. e. between about A.D. 1337 and A.D. 1379. This MS. does not contain, as is stated in the Bodl. catal., p. 4058, the commentary on adhyayas 6-20, but only that on adhyāyas 6, 7, 8, 10, being the larger portion of the second pańcika. Adhyaya 6 begins on f. 17: the (10) khandas end on ff. 5, 6<sup>v</sup>, 9, 12, 15<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 27, 31<sup>v</sup>, 33v. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 33v: the (10) khandas end on ff. 36, 37°, 41, 43, 45°, 48, 51, 53°, 55, 57°. Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 57v: the (9) khaṇḍas end on ff.  $59^{v}$ ,  $60^{v}$ ,  $61^{v}$ , 64, 66,  $69^{v}$ , 72,  $76^{v}$ , 79; then the MS. passes over the rest of adhyaya 8 and all 9, but gives adhyāya 10 complete in 12 khaṇḍas, which end on ff. 82, 84, 87°, 89°, 94, 97, 97°, 98, 98°, 99°, 100, 103.

The MS. is carefully written, but apparently the scribe knew little Sanskrit as he very frequently marks lacunae, probably because he did not understand the text, and not because it was actually defective in the MS. copied. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Cf. MSS. Wilson 396, 397 (949).

Bought at Benares in 1861.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 7.

Size: 10\frac{1}{8} \times 5 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+103+ii blank.

Date: probably middle of 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 951 (1-3)—Ms. Mill 146

Tāṇḍya and Ārṣeya Brāhmaṇas, A.D. 1761.

Contents:

- 1. MS. note on the Sama-veda, probably by Mill, ff. i, ii.
- 2. The Tāṇḍya Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda, twenty-five prapāṭhakas, ff. 1-209. It ends on f. 209<sup>v</sup>: tad etad viśvasrjāṃ sahasrasaṃvatsaram etena vai viśvasrjaḥ sarvām ṛddhim ārdhnuvant sarvām ṛddhim ṛdhnuvanti ya etad upayanti 11 18 11 iti pañcaviṃśaḥ prapāṭhakaḥ 11 25 11 There is another copy of this work by the same hand in MS. Wilson 373 (947).
- 3. The Arseya Brāhmaņa of the Sāma-veda, three prapāthakas, ff. 210-224. It begins on f. 210<sup>V</sup>: śrīganeśāya namah 1 om namah sāmavedāya 1 atha khalv ayam ārşah pradeśo bhavaty ṛṣīṇām nāmadheyagotropadhāraṇam 1 &c. It ends on f. 224: simā vā mahnyā (or maṭṇyā?) vā śakvaryo vā śakvaryo vā 11 29 11 ity Ārṣeyabrāhmanasya tṛtīyah prapāṭhakah 1

Former shelfmarks in order of date: (1) MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 41; (2) MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 20.

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 225.

Date: samvat 1817 (= A. D. 1761) mārgašīr samāse suklapakse 1

Scribe: Tripāţhī Dhaneśvara of Benares.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 952 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 160

Commentary on the Sāmavidhāna Brāhmaņa, end of 18th cent.

Contents:

- 1. Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Sāmavidhāna Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda, three adhyāyas, complete, ff. 1-78. Ed., Burnell, London, 1873; trans., Konow, Halle, 1893.
- 2. Three odd lines on some Prayascitta, not belonging to the preceding work.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 32.

Size:  $14\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+81.

Date: the MS. probably belongs to the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 8. BRĀHMAŅA-YAJUR-VEDA

#### 953—MSS. Mill 116, 117

S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, A.D. 1839, 1595.

Contents: Books I, II, IV, V, VI, VII, X, XII, XIV, XV, XVII of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa in the Kāņva recension.

#### 116 contains:

- (1) Book I beginning on f. IV. The (6) adhyāyas end on ff. 17, 33<sup>V</sup>, 53<sup>V</sup>, 69, 83<sup>V</sup>, 100. The (22) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 4<sup>V</sup>, 8, 10, 17, 21, 25, 29<sup>V</sup>, 33<sup>V</sup>, 40<sup>V</sup>, 43<sup>V</sup>, 48, 53<sup>V</sup>, 62, 65, 69, 77<sup>V</sup>, 82, 83<sup>V</sup>, 92, 95, 97<sup>V</sup>, 100. The text is somewhat inaccurately written in a fairly recent hand. No division into prapāṭhakas, as is usual in the Mādhyandina recension, is made. A lacuna is marked on f. 32<sup>V</sup>. Its title is ekapādikā, corresponding to Book II of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (2) Book II beginning on f. 101°. The (8) adhyāyas end on ff. 108°, 116°, 124°, 130, 135°, 143°, 151, 159°. The (32) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 103, 104°, 107, 108°, 110°, 112°, 114°, 116°, 118°, 121, 122, 124°, 125°, 127, 129, 130, 132, 133°, 134°, 135°, 138°, 140°, 142, 143°, 145°, 147, 150, 151, 153°, 155°, 158, 159°. The text is very neatly written, and seems accurate. It is bounded on either side by two red lines. The title of the book is haviryajña, and it corresponds to part of Book I of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (3) Book IV beginning on f. 160°. It is, however, incomplete in this MS., only the prathama amśa being given. The (4) adhyāyas end on ff. 170, 185°, 196°, 208°. The (16) brāhmanas end on ff. 162, 164°, 167°, 170, 175, 180, 182, 185°, 187°, 189°, 192°, 196°, 199°, 202, 205°, 208°. It is fairly accurate, and is written by a much older hand than Book II. Its title, adhvara, and contents are similar to those of Book III of the Mādhyandina recension. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.
- (4) Book V beginning on f. 209°. The (8) adhyāyas end on ff. 222, 233°, 243°, 256°, 266, 275, 281, 291. The (38) brāhmanas end on ff. 213, 216, 218, 219°, 222, 226, 228, 230, 233°, 236°, 240, 241°, 243°, 248°, 251°, 254, 256°, 258°, 260°, 264, 266, 267, 268°, 269°, 271, 272°, 274, 275, 275°, 276, 276°, 278°, 279°, 281, 283, 284°, 288, 291. It is written by the same hand as Book IV, and in the same style. Its title, graha, and contents are similar to those of Book IV of the Mādhyandina recension.

#### 117 contains:

- (1) Book VI beginning on f. 1v. The (2) adhyāyas end on ff. 6v and 12. The (7) brāhmaṇas (Weber says 6, wrongly) end on ff. 2v, 3v, 5, 6v, 8v, 11, 12. The MS. is written by the same hand and in the same style as Book II. Its title is vājapeya.
- (2) Book VII beginning on f. 13<sup>v</sup>. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 19, 26, 32<sup>v</sup>, 36, 39<sup>v</sup>. The (19) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 16, 17<sup>v</sup>, 19, 20, 22<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 26, 27<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 31, 32<sup>v</sup>, 34, 35, 35<sup>v</sup>, 36, 38, 38<sup>v</sup>, 39<sup>v</sup>. Ff. 31, 33, 35, 40 are on yellow paper. The MS. is written by the same hand and in the same style as Book VI. It treats of the rājasūya. These two books correspond to Book V of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (3) Book X beginning on f. 41v. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 45v, 50v, 54v, 61, 65. The (20) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 43v, 44v, 45, 45v, 47, 48, 49v, 50v, 51v, 52v, 53v, 54v, 57, 58v, 60, 61, 62, 63v, 64v, 65. The MS. is written by the same hand as Book VII, but the text is not bounded by two red lines. The title, citi, and contents are similar to those of Book VIII of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (4) Book XII beginning on f. 66°. The (6) adhyāyas end on ff. 71°, 79°, 84, 92, 100°, 104. The (28) brāhmanas end on ff. 67°, 68, 69°, 71, 71°, 73, 73°, 75, 77°, 79°, 80°, 81, 81°, 82°, 84, 86, 88°, 91, 91°, 92, 93, 95, 97°, 100°, 101°, 103°, 104, 104. Lacunae are marked on ff. 87, 94°, 96°, 97°, 98, 98°. Ff. 66, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 87, 90, 92, 94, 104 are on yellow paper. The MS. is written in a hand not identical, as Weber says, with that of Books II, VI, VII, X, but much more clumsy, and bearing a slight likeness to the hand of Book I. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The title, agnirahasya, and contents are similar to those of Book X of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (5) Book XIV beginning on f. 105°. The (8) adhyā-yas end on ff. 110, 117, 123, 130, 137, 142, 149°, 155°. The (29) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 107, 107°, 109°, 110, 111, 113°, 115°, 117, 118, 119°, 121, 122, 123, 125°, 127°, 130, 132, 134°, 137, 138°, 140, 142, 144, 145°, 147°, 149°, 151, 152, 155°. The MS. is composed of three distinct parts: (1) ff. 105°-127 are written in an ancient hand; (2) ff. 127°-149°, 153-155° are written in a hand about 50-100 years more recent; (3) ff. 150-152, containing brāhmaṇas 1, 2 of adhyāya 8, are written in a quite modern hand, both sections having been apparently passed over by the second hand. Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, p. ix, identifies the first hand with that of Books IV, V, and the second and third, which he does not distinguish, with

that of Books II, VI, VII, X, but these identifications seem to be decidedly wrong. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The title, madhyama, and contents are similar to those of Book XII of the Mādhyandina recension. Ff. 118<sup>v</sup>, 123<sup>v</sup> were originally blank, but are scribbled upon.

- (6) Book XV beginning on f. 156v. The (7) adhyāyas end on ff. 160v, 167, 170v, 176, 181v, 184, 184v. The (40) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 155v, 157v, 158v, 158v, 159, 159v, 160, 160v, 160v, 161v, 162v, 163, 163v, 164, 164v, 165v, 166, 166v, 167, 167, 167v, 167v, 168, 168v, 169, 169, 169v, 170, 170v, 172, 173v, 175, 176, 177v, 179, 180, 181v, 182v, 184, 184v. It is copied by the same hand and in the same style as Books II, VI, VII, X. Its title, aśvamedha, and contents are similar to those of Book XIII of the Mādhyandina recension.
- (7) Book XVII beginning on f. 186v. The (6) adhyāyas end on ff. 194, 200<sup>v</sup>, 209, 218, 221, 228. The (47) brāhmaņas end on ff. 186<sup>v</sup>, 187<sup>v</sup>, 189<sup>v</sup>, 191<sup>v</sup>, 194, 194, 196, 196 $^{\text{v}}$ , 197, 198 $^{\text{v}}$ , 200, 200 $^{\text{v}}$ , 201 $^{\text{v}}$ , 202 $^{\text{v}}$ , 203, 203, 203<sup>v</sup>, 203<sup>v</sup>, 205, 206, 209, 210<sup>v</sup>, 211, 214, 216, 217°, 218, 218°, 218°, 218°, 219, 219, 219, 219, 219<sup>v</sup>, 219<sup>v</sup>, 219<sup>v</sup>, 219<sup>v</sup>, 220, 220, 221, 221, 222, 223<sup>v</sup>, 225, 227, 228. The MS. is written by the same hand and in the same style as Book XV. Its contents correspond to the Brhadaranyaka Upanisad of the Mādhyandina recension (XIV, prapāthakas 3-7), the Pravargya section of that book (XIV, 1-2) being counted as a separate book (XVI) in the Kanva recension. The words cited by Weber, l. c., p. xi, as the beginning of Book XVI are to be found on f. 185, at the end of Book XV. A lacuna is marked on f. 220. In all the books the accents are marked, probably by a later hand, in red ink.

These MSS. are described by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, pp. ix-xi. The only part of the Kāṇva śākhā yet edited is Book XVII, the Upaniṣad. There are a good many notices of it scattered through Eggeling's translation of the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, in the Sacred Books of the East. The lists given by Weber, l.c., p. x, are in 116, f. 160, and 117, f. 155.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 116 = ii + 291 + ii blank; 117 = ii + 228 + ii blank. In the original each volume has its own foliation. 116 has 100 + 59 + 49 + 82 (really 83, for f. 42 is repeated) leaves; 117 has 12 + 28 + 25 + 39 + 48 (really 51, for ff. 46, 47, 48 are repeated) + 29 (really 30, for f. 6 is repeated) + 43 leaves.

Date: (1) no date is given for Book I, but it may

- very probably be assigned to the beginning of the 19th century.
- (2) Book II is dated on f. 159<sup>v</sup>: śrīsāmvat 1895 (= A. D. 1839) i neyāmarvarttane° māsānām māsottame māse vaišākhamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe paṃcamīvāra guruvāsare i Weber, l.c., p. ix, says saṃvat 1875, but this is a slip.
- (3) Book IV is not dated, but must be of the same date as Book V.
- (4) Book V is dated on f. 291: samvat 1651 (= A. D. 1595) varşe bhādre kṛṣṇadvitīyām sukre 1
- (5) Book VI is undated. It is of the same period as Book VII.
- (6) Book VII is dated on f. 40v: samvat 1895 mīti vaišākhašukla 3 vārasukara 1
- (7) Book X is undated. It is of the same date as (2), (5), (6).
- (8) Book XII is undated. Probably about A.D. 1820-1840.
- (9) Book XIV is undated. The first hand is probably about A.D. 1500, the second 100 years later, the third about A.D. 1850.
- (10) Books XV and XVII are undated, but are of the same age as (2), (5), (6), (7).

Scribes: only one name is given, viz. that of the writer of Books II, VI, VII, X, XV, XVII; see 116, f. 159: likhitam Govīmdarāmabrāhmaņa 1 117, f. 65, in identical terms. Of the writer of Books IV and V it is said on f. 291: likhitam Bhavānīśamkarādisakaladevatānām samnidhāmne ca 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 954-Mss. Mill 121-124.

S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1572, 1650, 18th cent.?

Contents: the whole of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, with the exception of the first two prapāṭhakas of Book XIV, in the Mādhyandina recension.

121 contains:

- (1) Book I, the haviryajña, beginning on f. 1°. The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 19, 37°, 53°, 69°, 86, 101, 117. The (37) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 4°, 7°, 9°, 13, 16°, 19, 20°, 24, 28, 32, 35, 37°, 40, 42, 47°, 50, 52, 53°, 56°, 58°, 61, 65, 67, 69°, 71°, 77, 80, 83, 86, 90, 92°, 98°, 101, 105, 109°, 114, 117.
- (2) Book II, the ekapādikā, beginning on f. 118v. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 134v, 149, 165v, 184v, 200. The (24) brāhmaņas end on ff. 120v, 123, 124, 129, 131v, 134v, 138, 141, 146v, 149, 152, 158, 160, 163v, 165v, 169v, 173, 181, 184v, 186, 193v, 196v, 199, 200.
- (3) Book III, the adhvara, beginning on f. 201<sup>v</sup>. The (7) prapāthakas end on ff. 218<sup>v</sup>, 238, 255, 273<sup>v</sup>, 291,

307°, 325. The (37) brāhmaņas end on ff. 203, 206, 210, 213, 218°, 224, 226°, 230, 232, 234°, 238, 242°, 246, 248°, 252°, 255°, 260, 262°, 266, 269, 273°, 277, 280°, 283°, 288, 289, 291, 293, 295°, 300°, 305°, 307°, 309, 312, 314°, 320, 325.

These three books are written by the same hand, very carefully. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand. Apparently Books I and II were accented by one hand, in an ink which has turned very black, while Book III was done by a different hand.

#### 122 contains:

- (1) Book IV, the graha, beginning on f. 1V. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 19, 38, 56, 73, 90. The (39) brāhmaņas end on ff. 5, 8, 10V, 12, 14V, 19, 21, 23V, 27, 30, 33V, 35, 38, 43, 46, 48V, 51V, 53V, 56, 59, 61V, 64V, 66, 67V, 69, 70, 71V, 73, 75, 76, 77V, 78, 78V, 79V, 80, 81V, 84, 87, 90.
- (2) Book V, the sava, beginning on f. 91<sup>v</sup>. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 108<sup>v</sup>, 125, 141<sup>v</sup>, 158<sup>v</sup>. The (25) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 93<sup>v</sup>, 96, 98<sup>v</sup>, 101, 105, 108<sup>v</sup>, 111, 113, 116<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>, 121<sup>v</sup>, 123, 125, 129, 134, 136, 138, 141<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 147<sup>v</sup>, 149<sup>v</sup>, 151, 152, 156<sup>v</sup>, 158<sup>v</sup>.
- (3) Book VI, the ukhāsambharaṇa, beginning on f. 159°. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 184°, 212°, 243, 268, 296°. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 163, 171°, 176, 184°, 195, 198, 210°, 212°, 220°, 223°, 226°, 229°, 234°, 237°, 243, 246, 250°, 255°, 259, 264, 268, 274°, 279, 284, 289, 293, 296°.

Books IV and V are written by one hand, the same that wrote Books I-III. F. 80 is an early restoration of a lost leaf; f. 200<sup>r</sup> is blank. The text is bounded by three red lines in Books IV, V, by two black in Book VI.

#### 123 contains:

- (1) Book VII, the hastighaţa or, as here, hastişaţ, beginning on f. 1<sup>v</sup>. The (4) prapāţhakas end on ff. 16<sup>v</sup>, 32, 48<sup>v</sup>, 60. The (12) brāhmaņas end on ff. 7, 10<sup>v</sup>, 14, 16<sup>v</sup>, 18, 21<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 32, 39, 48<sup>v</sup>, 51, 60.
- (2) Book VIII, the citi, beginning on f. 61°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 79°, 95, 114, 132. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 63, 65°, 67, 68°, 71°, 73°, 75°, 77, 79°, 81°, 83, 85, 89°, 92, 95, 97, 99°, 102, 104, 105, 111°, 114, 118°, 122, 125°, 129, 132.
- (3) Book IX, the samciti, beginning on f. 133°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 151, 166°, 182°, 197°. The (15) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 140°, 147, 151, 153, 162, 165, 166°, 170, 173, 176, 179°, 182°, 185, 194°, 197°.
- (4) Book X, the agnirahasya, beginning on f. 198v. The (4) prapathakas end on ff. 213, 228, 240v, 255v.

- The (31) brāhmaņas end on ff. 200, 201<sup>v</sup>, 203, 205<sup>v</sup>, 206<sup>v</sup>, 207<sup>v</sup>, 209, 211, 213, 215, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222<sup>v</sup>, 224<sup>v</sup>, 228, 231<sup>v</sup>, 234<sup>v</sup>, 235<sup>v</sup>, 236, 237, 240<sup>v</sup>, 244, 249, 250, 252<sup>v</sup>, 253, 253<sup>v</sup>, 254, 255<sup>v</sup>.
- (5) Book XI, the aṣṭādhyāyī, beginning on f. 257°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 272°, 285, 300, 315. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 258, 259°, 260°, 261, 262°, 267, 268, 269, 269°, 271, 272°, 273, 274°, 278, 279, 279°, 280, 282°, 285, 287, 288, 290°, 291°, 294°, 297, 298°, 300, 301, 302, 303°, 306, 307°, 309, 309°, 310°, 311, 312, 312, 312°, 314, 315.

All these books are written in the same hand as Books I-V. F. 142 is a modern restoration of a lost leaf. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

#### 124 contains:

- (1) Book XII, the madhyama, beginning on f. 1v. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 16v, 32, 46v, 62. The (29) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 3, 3v, 5v, 6, 7, 9v, 11v, 13, 14, 15, 16v, 17v, 19, 21, 23v, 25v, 28v, 30, 32, 36, 37v, 40, 43, 46v, 51, 55v, 58, 60, 62.
- (2) Book XIII, the asvamedha, beginning on f. 63°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 77°, 93, 109, 122°. The (43) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 64, 65, 66°, 67, 68, 69, 69°, 70, 71, 72, 74, 74°, 75, 76, 77°, 79, 79°, 80°, 81, 81°, 82, 82°, 83°, 84°, 85, 86, 87, 87°, 90, 93, 96, 98, 101, 103°, 105, 109, 110°, 113, 115, 117°, 119, 121, 122°.
- (3) Book XIV beginning with two brahmanas from the beginning of the Brhadaranyaka in the Kanva recension, on f. 123v: Uṣā vā aśvasya medhyasya śirah i For this reason it is described on f. 289<sup>v</sup> as belonging to the Kanva recension. But really on f. 127 begins the usual Madhyandina version, with the third prapathaka: dvayā ha Prājāpatyā devāś cāsurāś ca I Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaņa, p. ix, is wrong in stating that the MS. contains the whole book. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 155, 186<sup>v</sup>, 220, 257<sup>v</sup>, 289. The (42) brāhmaņas end on ff. 135<sup>v</sup>, 145, 154, 155, 162, 163<sup>v</sup>, 165<sup>v</sup>, 171, 179<sup>v</sup>, 184, 186<sup>v</sup>, 188, 189, 190, 191<sup>♥</sup>, 197<sup>♥</sup>, 201<sup>♥</sup>, 211<sup>♥</sup>, 218, 220, 231, 239,  $250, 250, 251^{\nabla}, 251^{\nabla}, 252, 252, 253^{\nabla}, 254, 254,$  $254^{\circ}$ , 255, 255,  $255^{\circ}$ ,  $256^{\circ}$ ,  $257^{\circ}$ , 261,  $266^{\circ}$ , 271, 277<sup>v</sup>, 289.

Books XII and XIII were written by the same hand as Books I-V, VII-XI, the accents being added by a later hand in dark red ink, probably by the same hand that added the accents in Books I and II. Book XIV is written by a much later hand, the accents being added in light red ink. The text in this case is bounded not by three red lines but by one broad red line.

These MSS. are noticed by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, pp. vii—ix, but with some errors, which are tacitly corrected below.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. approximately for each volume. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 121 = ii + 325 + ii blank; 122 = ii + 296 + ii blank; 123 = ii + 315 + ii blank; 124 = ii + 289 + ii blank. In the original each book has an independent foliation. So 121 has 117 + 83 + 125 leaves; 122 has 80 + 68 + 138 leaves; 123 has 60 + 72 + 65 + 59 + 59 leaves; 124 has 62 + 60 + 167 leaves.

Date: 121: for Book I the date is given on f. 117: saṃvat 1707 (= A. D. 1651) varṣe pauṣavadya 11 śanau 1 For Book III on f. 325: saṃvat 1706 (= A. D. 1650) varṣe āśvanavadya 4 guru 1 No date is assigned to Book II, but it must be of the same period as Books I and III. Book III was accented in saṃvat 1745 (= A. D. 1689) nā mārgaśīrṣakṛṣṇa 4 dine.

122: Book IV is dated on f. 90V: samvat 1705 (= A.D. 1649) varşe śrāvaṇamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe amāvāsyā-yāṃ tithau somavāsare | Book V is dated on f. 158V: saṃvat 1705 varṣe pauṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe dvitīyāyāṃ tithau guruvāsare | The accents were added: saṃvat 1713 (= A.D. 1657) varṣe jyeṣṭhavadī 10 some | Book VI is dated on f. 296V: saṃvat 1628 (= A.D. 1572) varṣe caitraśudī 6 budhe.

123: Book VII is dated on f. 60: samvat 1706 varşe āśādhamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe ekādaśyām tithau guruvāsare 1 The accentuation was added: samvat 1745 (= A. D. 1689) varșe vaisāșasudya 13 some 1 Book VIII is dated on f. 132: samvat 1706 varșe śrāvanavadya 14 guru 1 The accentuation was added: samvat 1745 varşe mārgakīrşakṛṣṇapaṃcamyām sanau 1 Book IX is dated on f. 197v: samvat 1706 varse bhādrapadaśudya o ravau I The accentuation was added: samvat 1744 (= A.D. 1688) varse māghavadi 11 some 1 Book X is dated on f. 255v: samvat 1706 varşe karttikamase suklapakşe dasamyam tithau śanivāsare I It was accented: samvat 1715 (= A.D. 1659) varşe jyaişthamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe aṣṭamyām tithau guruvāsare 1 Book XI is dated on f. 315: samvat 1706 varśe caitramāse śuklapakse trayodaśyām tithau guruvāsare 1

124: Book XII is dated on f. 62: samvat 1706 varşe pauşamāse śuklapakṣe ekadasyām tithau guruvāsare 1 It was accented: samvat 1744 varṣe phāguṇavadī 1 budhe 1 Book XIII is dated on f. 122 v: samvat 1705 varṣe prathamaāṣāḍhamāse śuklapakṣe caturdaśyām tithau budhe 1 It was accented: svastisamvat 1744 varṣe phāguṇaśudi 2 budhe 1 Book XIV

is not dated, but may have been written about A.D. 1750.

Scribe: (1) For that of Book I see 121, f. 117: adyeha śrīvṛddhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtaranāgara-jñātīyavyavapuruṣottamasutasadāśivena likhitam 1

- (2) That of Book II must also be Sadāśiva, judging from the identity of the writing.
- (3) For that of Book III see f. 325: adyeha, &c. as above. The accentuator is thus described: svarā-lamkrtam idam pustakam Someśvarena 1
- (4) For that of Book IV see 122, f. 90°: adyeha śrīvṛddhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtaranāgarajñātīyavyavapuruṣottamasutadāmodareṇa likhitam 1
- (5) For that of Book V see f. 158v: adyeha, &c. as in (4). The accentuator is thus described: Yājñikatūnā-pautreṇa (?) Yājñi . . . ! Weber, l. c., p. viii, reads the name, which is now illegible, but which may have been plainer before the binding of the MS., as Laghunātha, and the last word may have been svaritam.
- (6) For that of Book VI see f. 296; where only the name of the accentuator is specified: svaravākyaṃ kriyate Māhādyevena 1 Weber, l. c., reads this as Mahādeva.
- (7) For that of Book VII see 123, f. 60: adyeha, &c. as in (4). The accentuator is thus described: Yājñi-kaśrīprabhūjīsutavidyādhareņedam pustakam hastrisat nāma saptamakāmde svarālamkṛtam 1
- (8) A note on f. 61 tells us that Someśvara, and after him, his son Maheśvara owned Book VIII. The scribe's name is given on f. 132: adyeha śrīvidhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtaranāgarajñātīyavyavapuruṣottamasutadāmodarasadāśivena likhitam I This shows that Dāmodara and Sadāśiva are identical. The name of the accentuator is given as: Kalyāmnayīkena svarapradattā I
- (9) The scribe of Book IX is given on f. 197<sup>v</sup> in the same words as in (1). The accentuator is thus described: Yājāikaśrīprabhūjīputrena Vidyādhareņa svaradattāh i śrīr astu i Vidyādhareņedam pustakam i
- (10) The scribe of Book X is given on f. 255<sup>v</sup> as in (4). The accentuator is thus described: Yā i śrīkṛṣṇaputreṇa Prabhūjīkena svaradattāḥ i
- (11) The scribe of Book XI is given on f. 315 as in (4).
- (12) The scribe of Book XII is given on 124, f. 62: Vyavapuruşottamasutadāmodareņa likhitam 1 The accentuator is described as in (9).
- (13) The scribe of Book XIII is given on f. 122<sup>v</sup> as in (4). The accentuator is thus described: Yājāi-kaśrīprabhūjīkasya Vīdyā 1
  - (14) The scribe of Book XIV is given on f. 289:

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: in the first thirteen books the margins are occasionally defective, and a letter or two has been supplied in a later hand.

# 955—MSS. Wilson 70, 71 S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, A. D. 1815.

Contents: copies of the various books of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension. Books IV-IX, XII, XIII twice, XIV, are simply copies of MSS. Wilson 62, 63 (956). From what source Books I-III, XI are drawn, is not clear.

#### 70 contains:

- (1) Book VI, the ukhāsambharaṇa (uṣaº in the MS.). It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 30°. The brāhmaṇas, which alone are consistently marked, end on ff. 2, 4, 4°, 6°, 9, 9°, 11°, 12, 13, 14°, 15, 15°, 17, 17°, 18°, 19°, 20°, 21°, 22, 23°, 24, 25°, 26°, 27°, 28°, 29°, 30°. This and all the other books are one mass of bad blunders.
- (2) Book XIV, prapāṭhakas 3-7, containing the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad. It begins on f. 33 and ends on f. 60°. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 37°, 43, 49, 55°, 60°. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 34, 35°, 37°, 37°, 38°, 39, 39, 40, 41°, 42°, 43, 43, 43°, 43°, 43°, 43°, 45°, 47°, 48°, 49, 51, 52, 54, 54°, 54°, 54°, 54°, 54°, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55°, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60°.
- (3) Book IV, treating of the graha. It begins on f. 61 and ends on f. 92. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 67, 73°, 80, 86°, 92. The (39) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 62, 63, 63°, 64°, 65, 67, 67°, 68°, 69°, 70°, 72, 72°, 73°, 75°, 76°, 77°, 78°, 79, 80, 81°, 82, 83°, 84, 84°, 85, 85°, 86, 86°, 87, 87°, 88, 88, 88°, 88°, 89°, 90°, 91, 92. There is a lacuna marked on f. 68°.
- (4) Book XI, called the astādhyāyī. It begins on f. 93<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 117. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 99, 104<sup>v</sup>, 111, 117. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 93<sup>v</sup>, 94, 94<sup>v</sup>, 94<sup>v</sup>, 95<sup>v</sup>, 97, 97<sup>v</sup>, 97<sup>v</sup>, 98, 98, 99, 99, 99<sup>v</sup>, 100, 101<sup>v</sup>, 102, 102<sup>v</sup>, 103<sup>v</sup>, 104<sup>v</sup>, 105<sup>v</sup>, 106, 107, 107<sup>v</sup>, 109, 110, 110<sup>v</sup>, 111, 111<sup>v</sup>, 112, 112<sup>v</sup>, 113<sup>v</sup>, 114<sup>v</sup>, 115, 115, 115<sup>v</sup>, 115<sup>v</sup>, 116, 116, 116, 117, 117.
- (5) Book IX, treating of the samciti. It begins on f. 118 and ends on f. 140°. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 125, 130, 135°, 140°. The (15) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 121, 123°, 125°, 125°, 128°, 129°, 130, 131°, 132°, 133°, 134°, 135°, 136°, 139°, 140°.
  - (6) Book XII, called the madhyama. It begins | BOOL. SANS. CATAL. II.

- on f. 141 and ends on f. 166. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 147, 153<sup>v</sup>, 159<sup>v</sup>, 166. The (29) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 141<sup>v</sup>, 141<sup>v</sup>, 142<sup>v</sup>, 143, 143, 144<sup>v</sup>, 145, 146, 146, 146<sup>v</sup>, 147, 147<sup>v</sup>, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 153<sup>v</sup>, 155, 155<sup>v</sup>, 156<sup>v</sup>, 158, 159<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 163, 164, 165, 166.
- (7) Book VIII, treating of the citi. It begins on f. 167 and ends on f. 195°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 174°, 181°, 189, 195°. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 167°, 168°, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 173°, 174°, 175°, 176, 177, 179, 180, 181°, 182, 183, 184°, 185, 185°, 188, 189, 190°, 192, 193, 194°, 195°.
- (8) Book V, treating of the sava. It begins on f. 197 and ends on f. 223. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 203<sup>v</sup>, 210, 216<sup>v</sup>, 223. The (25) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 197<sup>v</sup>, 198<sup>v</sup>, 199<sup>v</sup>, 200<sup>v</sup>, 201, 203<sup>v</sup>, 204, 205, 206<sup>v</sup>, 207, 208<sup>v</sup>, 209, 210, 211<sup>v</sup>, 213<sup>v</sup>, 214<sup>v</sup>, 215, 216<sup>v</sup>, 217<sup>v</sup>, 218<sup>v</sup>, 219<sup>v</sup>, 220, 220<sup>v</sup>, 222, 223. There is a lacuna marked on f. 197<sup>v</sup>.

#### 71 contains:

- (1) Book I, treating of the haviryajña (grahayajña, as in the *Bodl. catal.*, p.  $364^{b}$ , is wrong). It begins on f. 1 and ends on f.  $45^{v}$ . In the original the foliation runs on from 70. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 7,  $14^{v}$ ,  $20^{v}$ , 27,  $39^{v}$ ,  $45^{v}$ . The brāhmaṇas end on ff. 2, 3,  $3^{v}$ , 5,  $6^{v}$ , 7, 8,  $9^{v}$ , 11,  $12^{v}$ ,  $13^{v}$ ,  $14^{v}$ ,  $15^{v}$ , 16,  $18^{v}$ , 19, 20,  $20^{v}$ , 21,  $22^{v}$ ,  $23^{v}$ , 25,  $25^{v}$ , 27,  $27^{v}$ ,  $29^{v}$ ,  $30^{v}$ ,  $32^{v}$ ,  $34^{v}$ ,  $36^{v}$ ,  $38^{v}$ ,  $39^{v}$ ,  $41^{v}$ ,  $42^{v}$ ,  $44^{v}$ ,  $45^{v}$ .
- (2) Book II, called the ekapādikā. It begins on f. 47 and ends on f. 78°. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 52°, 58°, 65, 72°, 78°. The (24) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 47°, 48°, 49, 51, 51°, 52°, 54, 55°, 57°, 58°, 59°, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66°, 68, 71, 72°, 73, 75°, 77, 78, 78°.
- (3) Book III, treating of the adhvara. It begins on f. 79 and ends on f. 127. The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 85<sup>v</sup>, 93<sup>v</sup>, 100<sup>v</sup>, 107<sup>v</sup>, 114, 120<sup>v</sup>, 127. The (37) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 79<sup>v</sup>, 80<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>, 83<sup>v</sup>, 85<sup>v</sup>, 88, 89, 90<sup>v</sup>, 91, 92, 93<sup>v</sup>, 95<sup>v</sup>, 96<sup>v</sup>, 97<sup>v</sup>, 99, 100<sup>v</sup>, 101<sup>v</sup>, 103, 104<sup>v</sup>, 105<sup>v</sup>, 107<sup>v</sup>, 108<sup>v</sup>, 110, 111, 113, 113<sup>v</sup>, 114, 115, 116, 118, 119<sup>v</sup>, 120<sup>v</sup>, 121, 122, 123, 124, 127. Lacunae are marked on ff. 103<sup>v</sup>, 104<sup>v</sup>, 105, 105<sup>v</sup>, 107<sup>v</sup>, 109<sup>v</sup>, 121, 122.
- (4) Book VII, called the hastighata. It begins on f. 129 and ends on f. 155°. The (4) prapathakas end on ff. 135°, 142°, 149, 155°. The (12) brahmanas end on ff. 131°, 133, 134°, 135°, 136, 137°, 140°, 142°, 145°, 149, 151°, 155°.
- (5) Book XIII, treating of the asvamedha. It begins on f. 157 and ends on f. 182\*. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 162\*, 169\*, 176\*, 182\*. The

(43) brāhmaņas end on ff. 157, 157<sup>v</sup>, 158, 158<sup>v</sup>, 159, 159<sup>v</sup>, 159<sup>v</sup>, 160, 160<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 161<sup>v</sup>, 162, 162<sup>v</sup>, 163<sup>v</sup>, 164, 164, 164<sup>v</sup>, 164<sup>v</sup>, 164<sup>v</sup>, 165, 165<sup>v</sup>, 166, 166<sup>v</sup>, 167, 167, 168, 169<sup>v</sup>, 171, 171<sup>v</sup>, 172, 174<sup>v</sup>, 175, 176<sup>v</sup>, 177<sup>v</sup>, 178<sup>v</sup>, 179<sup>v</sup>, 180<sup>v</sup>, 181, 182, 182<sup>v</sup>.

(6) As in (5). It begins on f. 185° and ends on f. 210. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 191°, 198°, 204°, 210. The brāhmaṇas end on ff. 185°, 186, 186°, 187, 187°, 187°, 188, 188°, 188°, 189, 190, 190, 190°, 191, 191°, 192°, 192°, 193°, 193°, 193°, 193°, 194°, 194°, 195, 195°, 196, 197, 198°, 199°, 201°, 201°, 202°, 203, 204°, 205°, 206°, 207, 208, 208°, 209°, 210. At f. 201° ends a sort of composite brāhmaṇa, being 3, ii, 1-8 with 3, iii, 8 to the end. This is a good example of the carelessness of the copy. There are no accents.

The MSS. are noticed by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmana, pp. vii-ix.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 9\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 70 = i + 223 + iii blank; 71 = ii + 210 + i blank. Arranged as an English book.

Date: no date occurs in 70, but it was undoubtedly written at the same time as 71. For 71 two dates are given: f. 182<sup>V</sup>: śrīsaṃvat 1871 (= A. D. 1815) vaiśākha-kṛṣṇa 8 aṣṭamyāṃ bhaumavāsare 1 f. 210: saṃvat 1871 vaiśāṣaśukladvitīyāyāṃ 2 bhaguvāsare 1

Scribe: f. 210: pustakam samāptam i Nārāyaņena i Character: Devanāgarī.

# 956—MSS. Wilson 62, 63 S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, A.D. 1804–1806.

Contents: Books IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, XII, XIII, XIV of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension. They are bound up in two volumes, corresponding to MSS. Wilson 62, 63.

#### 62 contains:

- (1) Book IX, treating of the samciti. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 36. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 11<sup>v</sup>, 20, 28<sup>v</sup>, 36. The (5) adhyāyas end on ff. 9<sup>v</sup>, 17, 23<sup>v</sup>, 30, 36. The (15) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 5<sup>v</sup>, 9<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12, 17, 19, 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 25, 27, 28<sup>v</sup>, 30, 35<sup>v</sup>, 36. The work is not complete, as it ends abruptly on f. 36 at the conclusion of the tenth section of the second brāhmaṇa of the fifth adhyāya. There are no accents. The MS. is decidedly inaccurate. Ff. 1, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 25, 28, 31, 34, 36 are on paper tinged yellow-brown.
- (2) Book XIII, treating of the asvamedha. It begins on f. 37<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 67. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 44, 52, 60, 67. The adhyāyas, except the first, ff. 41, 46, are not as a rule specially marked. The (43) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 37<sup>v</sup>, 38<sup>v</sup>, 39, 39, 39<sup>v</sup>, 40,

- 40°, 40°, 41°, 41°, 42°, 42°, 43°, 43°, 44°, 45°, 45°, 46°, 46°, 46°, 46°, 47°, 48°, 48°, 49°, 49°, 50°, 52°, 53°, 54°, 56°, 57°, 58°, 60°, 61°, 62°, 63°, 64°, 65°, 65°, 67°. The MS. is most inaccurate. There are no accents. Ff. 41°, 52°, 58°, 65° are of yellow-brown paper. At the end, on f. 67°, and in the margin, the MS. is named agnikāṇḍa, and hence Weber, in his edition p. ix, erroneously classes it as a MS. of the agnirahasya, Book X, a mistake corrected in the Bodl. catal., p. 364° note. This MS. is by a different hand from part (1), but by the same as part (5).
- (3) Book XII, called the madhyama (indicating that Books X-XIV once formed a separate whole, see Weber, Indian Literature<sup>2</sup>, p. 119). It begins on f. 68° and ends on f. 112°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 80, 91°, 101°, 112°. The adhyāyas are only occasionally marked. The (29) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 69°, 70, 71, 72, 72°, 74°, 76°, 77°, 78, 79, 80, 80°, 81°, 83°, 85, 86°, 88°, 90, 91°, 94, 95, 97, 99°, 101°, 104°, 108, 109°, 111, 112°. There are no accents. The MS. is very inaccurate. Ff. 77, 84, 91, 98, 107 are on yellow-brown paper. This part is in the same hand as part (1).
- (4) Book XIII, treating of the asvamedha. It begins on f. 113<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 149. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 122, 131, 140<sup>v</sup>, 149. The adhyāyas are not marked. The brāhmaṇas end on ff. 113<sup>v</sup>, 114<sup>v</sup>, 115, 115<sup>v</sup>, 116, 116<sup>v</sup>, 117, 117<sup>v</sup>, 118, 118<sup>v</sup>, 119<sup>v</sup>, 120, 120<sup>v</sup>, 121, 122, 123<sup>v</sup>, 124, 124, 124, 124<sup>v</sup>, 125, 125<sup>v</sup>, 126, 126<sup>v</sup>, 127, 127<sup>v</sup>, 128, 129, 131, 133, 134, 136, 137<sup>v</sup>, 138<sup>v</sup>, 140<sup>v</sup>, 142, 143<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 146, 146<sup>v</sup>, 148, 149. The MS. is a good deal more accurate than part (2), but is not very carefully written. Ff. 113, 117, 121, 124, 129, 133, 137 are on yellow-brown paper. Probably the MS. was written by the same hand as parts (1) and (3).
- (5) Book XIV, containing the Brhadāranyaka. The MS. contains only the Upanisad portion of the work, that is, the last five prapāthakas to the exclusion of prapāthakas 1 and 2. It begins on f. 150° and ends on f. 186. The prapāthakas end on ff. 156, 163, 171, 179, 186. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 152, 154, 156, 156, 157°, 158, 158°, 159°, 161°, 162°, 163, 163°, 163°, 164, 164, 165, 166°, 169, 170°, 171, 173°, 175, 177°, 177°, 178, 178, 178, 178, 178°, 178°, 178°, 179, 179, 179, 179, 180, 181°, 182°, 184, 186. The MS. is very inaccurate. There are no accents. It was written probably by the same hand as part (2). 63 contains:
- (1) Book IV, treating of the graha. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 55. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 11<sup>v</sup>, 24, 35, 45<sup>v</sup>, 55. The (39) brāhmaṇas

end on ff. 3, 5, 6, 7, 8<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 22, 24, 27, 29, 30<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 33<sup>v</sup>, 35, 37, 38<sup>v</sup>, 40, 41, 42, 43, 43<sup>v</sup>, 44<sup>v</sup>, 45<sup>v</sup>, 46<sup>v</sup>, 47<sup>v</sup>, 48<sup>v</sup>, 48<sup>v</sup>, 49, 49<sup>v</sup>, 50, 50<sup>v</sup>, 52<sup>v</sup>, 53<sup>v</sup>, 55. Ff. 28 and 29 are bound in after ff. 30, 31. The MS. is not very accurate. There are no accents. The hand cannot be certainly identified with any of those in 62, but it may be the same as that which wrote parts (1), (3), and (4), of 62. Ff. 1, 11, 12, 22, 30, 42, 55 are on paper of a red tinge. A lacuna is marked on f. 15.

- (2) Book V, treating of the sava. It begins on f. 56° and ends on f. 102. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 67°, 78°, 90°, 102. The (25) brāhmaņas end on ff. 57°, 59, 61, 62°, 65, 67°, 68°, 70, 72°, 74, 76, 77, 78°, 81, 85, 86°, 87°, 90°, 92°, 94°, 95°, 96°, 97°, 100°, 102. The MS. is inaccurate. A lacuna is marked on f. 69°. Ff. 56, 61, 66, 71, 76, 81, 86, 91 are on yellow paper. The handwriting is like that of part (1), but resembles more closely the writing of 62, parts (1), (3), (4), and suggests an identity of hand in all these. There are no accents.
- (3) Book VI, treating of the ukhāsambharaņa (in the MS., as in Weber's ed. p. viii, it is spelt uṣasambharaṇa). It begins on f. 103<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 142. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 110<sup>V</sup>, 118, 126, 133<sup>V</sup>, 142. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 104<sup>V</sup>, 106, 108, 110<sup>V</sup>, 113<sup>V</sup>, 114, 117, 118, 120, 121, 121<sup>V</sup>, 122<sup>V</sup>, 123, 125, 126, 127<sup>V</sup>, 128<sup>V</sup>, 130, 131, 132<sup>V</sup>, 133<sup>V</sup>, 135<sup>V</sup>, 137, 138, 139<sup>V</sup>, 140<sup>V</sup>, 142. The text is very inaccurate. Ff. 107, 114, 120, 127, 130, 133 are on yellow paper. The scribe was evidently the same as the writer of 62, parts (2) and (5). There are no accents.
- (4) Book VII, here entitled the hastighata. It begins on f. 143° and ends on f. 188°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 155, 167, 177°, 188°. The (12) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 148, 150°, 153, 155, 156°, 159, 164°, 167, 172°, 177°, 181°, 188°. The text is very inaccurate. Ff. 143, 153, 158, 163, 169, 173, 178, 183, 188 are on yellow paper. There are no accents. The scribe is probably identical with the writer of parts (1) and (2).
- (5) Book VIII, treating of the citi. It begins on f. 189\(^\nu\) and ends on f. 238\(^\nu\). The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 203\(^\nu\), 215, 227\(^\nu\), 238. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 190\(^\nu\), 191, 193\(^\nu\), 195, 197, 198\(^\nu\); 200, 201\(^\nu\), 203\(^\nu\), 205, 206, 207\(^\nu\), 211, 212\(^\nu\), 215, 216\(^\nu\), 218, 220, 221, 222, 225\(^\nu\), 227\(^\nu\), 230, 232\(^\nu\), 234\(^\nu\), 237, 238\(^\nu\). At the end follow the first three words of Book IX. The MS. is again very inaccurate. There are no accents. The handwriting changes at f. 215, the former part being like that of parts (1), (2), (4), the latter like that of part (3).

Some account of these MSS. is given in Weber's

edition, pp. viii, ix, whence is derived the account in the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 364. They were not used for Weber's edition.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. approximately. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 62 = ii + 186 + ii blank; 63 = ii + 238 + ii blank. In the original each kāṇḍa has its own separate foliation.

Date: the following dates are given at various points in the MSS::

- 62, f. 112<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1861 (= A. D. 1805) | f. 149: saṃvat 1861 śāke 1726 (= A. D. 1804) phālgunavadi 30 (sic) bhṛguvāsure |
- 68, f. 55: samval 1862 (= A. D. 1806) | f. 102: samval 1861 (= A. D. 1805) phālgunasudī 2 | f. 142: sam 1861 (= A. D. 1805) | f. 238v: samval (a blank where the date should have been) varse pausavadidvitīyā ravau |

These dates, if the above identifications of the hand-writing are correct, suffice to place the whole MS. about A.D. 1804–1806.

Scribe: according to the identifications made above, we have to distinguish two hands. To the first belongs 62, parts (1), (3), (4); 63, parts (1), (2), (4), (5) to f. 214<sup>V</sup>. The rest, 62, parts (2), (5), 63, parts (3), (5) from f. 215, belongs to the latter. His name, &c., are given in 63, f. 238<sup>V</sup>: Vārānasyām Gamgāviśveśvarasannidhau Medapāthajñātīyatra°-śrīdevadattasutakalyānena likhitam idam pustakam i Kalyānena Pamdyārāmeśvarāya dattam idam pustakam i

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: all defects are noted above.

#### 957—MS. Wilson 365

S'atapatha Brāhmana, Books IV, XII, XIII, XIV, A.D. 1636 and 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: Books IV, XII, XIII, XIV of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa in the Mādhyandina recension.

(1) Book IV, treating of the graha, with accents. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 107<sup>v</sup>. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 23, 45<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>, 87<sup>v</sup>, 107<sup>v</sup>. The (39) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 5, 10, 12<sup>v</sup>, 14<sup>v</sup>, 17, 23, 25<sup>v</sup>, 28<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 36, 40, 42, 45<sup>v</sup>, 51<sup>v</sup>, 55, 58<sup>v</sup>, 62, 64, 66<sup>v</sup>, 71, 73<sup>v</sup>, 77, 78<sup>v</sup>, 80<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>, 83<sup>v</sup>, 85, 87<sup>v</sup>, 89<sup>v</sup>, 90<sup>v</sup>, 92<sup>v</sup>, 92<sup>v</sup>, 94, lost, lost, 96<sup>v</sup>, 99, 103, 107<sup>v</sup>. There is a gap where f. 95 of the original is lost, including from 5, vi, 5 to 5, viii, 3. F. 7<sup>v</sup> is blank, and ff. 1-7, 107 have been inserted to make up for the original leaves, which have been lost. Ff. 1-5, 107 are on bright yellow paper; ff. 6, 7 are on a clear white. The accents are added in red ink. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The MS. is moderately

accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two or three red lines.

- (2) Book XII, called the madhyama, with accents. It begins on f. 108° and ends on f. 180. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 125°, 143°, 161°, 180. The (29) brāhmanas end on ff. 110, 110°, 113, 113°, 114°, 117°, 120, 121°, 122°, 124, 125°, 126°, 128°, 131, 133°, 136, 139, 141°, 143°, 148°, 150, 153, 157°, 161°, 166°, 171°, 174°, 177, 180. The MS. is fairly accurate. It is written by the same hand as part (1). The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The accents are added in red ink.
- (3) Book XIII, treating of the asvamedha, with accents. It begins on f. 181 v and ends on f. 258v. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 199v, 219v, 240, 258v. The (43) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 182, 183v, 185v, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192v, 195, 195v, 196v, 197v, 199v, 201v, 202v, 203v, 204, 204v, 205v, 206, 207v, 208v, 209v, 211, 211v, 212v, 216, 219v, 224, 226, 230v, 233v, 235v, 240, 242v, 246, 247, 252, 253v, 256, 258v. On f. 259 are some disconnected lines. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. It is in the same hand as parts (1) and (2).
- (4) Book XIV, prapāthakas 3-7, being the Bṛhadāranyaka Upaniṣad. The accents, added as usual in red ink, only extend to f. 265. It begins on f. 259° and ends on f. 333°. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 269°, 282°, 297°, 316, 333°. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 262°, 265°, 269, 269°, 272, 272°, 273, 275°, 279°, 281°, 282°, 283, 283°, 284, 284°, 287°, 289, 293°, 296°, 297°, 302°, 306°, 312, 312°, 312°, 312°, 313, 313, 314, 314, 314, 314, 314°, 314°, 315°, 315°, 316, 318, 322, 324°, 327°, 333°. The text is in a much more modern hand than parts (1), (2), (3). It is bounded on either side by one black line. The MS. is only moderately accurate. F. 324° is blank, but the text is complete.

These MSS. are mostly noticed by Weber in his edition, pp. viii, ix. He omits to mention them for Book XII. They were not used for the edition of that book nor for Book XIV; for the others see pp. 419, 1017, where these MSS. are indicated by B, which is also the symbol for MS. Wilson 363 (959).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 333 + ii blank. In the original each book has its own foliation.

Date: none is given for part (1). Doubtless it is of approximately the same date as parts (2) and (3). For (2) the date is given on f. 180: samvat 1692 (= A.D. 1636)

varse māghamāse śuklapakse ekādaśyāyām tithau śanivāsare! This is not noted in the Bodl. catal., p. 377<sup>a</sup>. For part (3) the date is given on f. 258<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1692 (= A.D. 1636) kārttikamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe tṛtīyāyām tithau ravivāsare! Weber, l. c., p. ix, and after him the Bodl. Catal., l. c., gave the date as samvat 1691 (= A.D. 1635), but this is wrong. No date is given for part (4) of the MS. It is probably as old as A.D. 1750, and may be older still.

Scribe: none is given for part (1), but he must have been identical with the writer of part (3), which is certainly in the same hand. The scribe of part (2) is given on f. 180: śrigamgājīmaņikarņņīviśveśvarasamnidhau lakhītam | Līkṣatadevajīsutaharīharabhrātṛdyamnakarapaṭhanārtham (sic) I tathī propakārārtham lakhītam I At the foot in a later hand: dīo-devajīyevedamadhyamasahītakāmda 14 athyām dī°-purusottamapathanārtham (For part (3) we have on f. 258v: Vāraņasyām likhakaüpādhyāyaüddhavena likhitam \ Devajīdīksitena likhāpitam idam kāmdam samāptam i Then at the foot by a later hand: samsamrāļ śrīdevajī yevedaāthyo asvanedhasahītakāmda 14 āthyām I From these statements it is just possible that part (3) is written in a different hand from part (2), but the two are very similar indeed, though part (3) is more widely spaced than part (2). In MS. Wilson 363 (959), part (3), ff. 289 sq. differ from the preceding much as (2) from (3), being more cursive.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 958-MS. Wilson 67

S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Books I, II, III, A.D. 1805.

Contents: Books I, II, III of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, dealing with the haviryajña, ekapādikā, adhvara, all without accents, in the Mādhyandina recension.

- (1) Book I begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 59. The (7) prapāthakas end on ff. 10°, 20, 27°, 33°, 44, 51, 59. The (37) brāhmanas end on ff. 2°, 4°, 5°, 7°, 9, 10°, 11, 13, 15, 17, 18°, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 27°, 28°, 30°, 31, 33°, 34, 35°, 36°, 39°, 41, 42°, 44, 45°, 47, 50, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59. The MS. is full of inaccuracies. Ff. 5, 23, 47, 49, 51, 53, 57 are on yellow paper.
- (2) Book II begins on f. 60° and ends on f. 95. By an error the new foliation runs from 60 to 79, then from 60 to 79 again, then from 80 to 95. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 71, 60°, 71°, 84°, 95. The (24) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 61°, 63°, 64, 67°, 69, 71, 73°, 75°, 79, 60°, 62°, 66°, 68, 70, 71°, 74°, 76°, 82, 84°, 85, 90°, 92°, 94, 95. This MS. also is very

inaccurate. It is not written in the same hand as the preceding MS. Ff. 60, 66, 72, 79, 65, 73, 87, 88 are on yellow paper.

(3) Book III begins on f. 96° and ends on f. 173. The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 107, 119, 130, 141°, 152, 162, 173. The brāhmaṇas end on ff. 97°, 99°, 101°, 103°, 107, 110°, 112, 114°, 115°, 117, 119, 122°, 124, 126, 128, 130, 133, 134°, 136°, 138°, 141°, 143°, 147°, 150°, 151, 152, 153°, 155, 158, 161, 162, 163, 165, 166°, 170, 173. This MS. is also very inaccurate. There are lacunae marked at ff. 135°, 137, 138, 142, 142°, 145, 164°. Ff. 101, 106, 111, 116, 121, 126, 132, 148, 153, 158, 163, 168 are on yellow paper. In the original there are two leaves numbered 63; these have been bound in wrong order, so that ff. 159, 160 must be transposed in reading. It is in the same hand as part (2).

These MSS. are noticed by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, pp. vii, viii. They were not used for the edition.

Size:  $13 \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 173 + ii blank. Really there are 193 leaves as in the new foliation ff. 60-79 are repeated. In the original each MS. has its own foliation.

Date: the date for part (1) is given on f. 59: sam 1861 (= A. D. 1805) mi maghasuddha 10 vā mam! The date for part (2), and therefore for part (3), is given on f. 95: samvat 1861 (= A.D. 1805) varse māghasudi 11! The Bodl. catal., p. 364b, gives 1804, but this is incorrect. There is no separate date for part (3).

Scribe: one hand has written part (1), another parts (2) and (3). Neither has any resemblance to the hand which in this year wrote Book XI (MS. Wilson 69 (863), part (1)), though possibly these books were parts of a whole with Book XI.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 959-MS. Wilson 363

S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Books I, VIII, IX, A.D. 1658, 1702, 1636.

Contents: three separate MSS. bound up together; parts of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension.

(1) Book I, treating of the haviryajña, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 142. The (7) prapāthakas end on ff. 24°, 50, 70°, 91, 112°, lost, 142. The (37) brāhmaņas end on ff. 5°, 9°, 11°, 16°, 21°, 24°, 27, 31°, 37, 42°, 46, 50, 52°, 55°, 63, 65°, 68°, 70°, 73, 77, 80, 85, 87°, 91, 93, 100°, 104°, 108,

112<sup>v</sup>, 117, 120<sup>v</sup>, 128, lost, lost, 132<sup>v</sup>, 138, 142. There is a considerable gap from prapāthaka 6, iv, 10 to 7, ii, 13. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has also sometimes corrected the text. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line.

- (2) Book VIII, treating of the citi, with accents. It begins on f. 143 v and ends on f. 238. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 170 v, 194 v, 221, 238. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 145 v, 148 v, 150 v, 153 v, 158, 161, 164 v, 167, 170 v, 174, 176 v, 179, 186 v, 190, 194 v, 197 v, 201 v, 205 v, 208, 210, 218, 221, 226, 229, 232, 235, 238. The (7) adhyāyas are also marked, which is unusual in these MSS., on ff. 153 v, 167, 179, 197 v, 210, 229, 238. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added by a later hand in red ink. From ff. 214-224 the paper is of a peculiar brown shade. From f. 225 the writing changes, and is probably by another hand. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.
- (3) Book IX, treating of the samciti, with accents. It begins on f. 240 and ends on f. 313. The beginning of the book is wanting (i, 1 and 2), as f. 239<sup>v</sup> contains the beginning of Book IV (i, 1-5). The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 260, 279, 297, 313. The (15) brāhmanas end on ff. 247<sup>v</sup>, 255<sup>v</sup>, 260, 262, 273<sup>v</sup>, 277, 279, 283, 286<sup>v</sup>, 290, 294, 297, 299<sup>v</sup>, 310, 313. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink.

All these MSS. are noticed by Weber in his edition, pp. vii, viii, but they were not systematically employed for the edition, see pp. 338, 698, 758 where they are indicated by B.

Former owner: for part (2), see f. 238 $^{\circ}$ : thā $^{\circ}$ -chamanāsvedam pustakam i for part (3), f. 313 $^{\circ}$ : Purusottama i Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 313 + ii blank. Each MS. in the original has its own foliation.

Dates: for part (1) the date is given on f. 142V: saṃvat 1709 (= A.D. 1653) varșe bhādrapadamāse śuklapakṣe śanivāsare | For part (2) the date is given on f. 238: saṃvat 1758 (= A.D. 1702) varṣe jeṣṭaśudi | taddine | For part (3) the date is given on f. 313: saṃvat 1692 (= A.D. 1636) varṣe māghamāse śuklapakṣe dvādaśyāyām tithau ravivāsare |

Scribes: for part (1) the scribe is given on f. 142<sup>v</sup>: adyeha śrisūryyapurvvāstavyā 'bhyamtaranāgarajñātīya-jñāmnīvaśasutratrivikramatathāvāsudevatathāharīharena likhitam | Mukumdajīpaṭhanārtham | For part (2) the scribe is given on f. 238: likhitam idam pustakam Ramganāthena | For part (3) the scribe's patron is

named on f. 313: adyeha Avimuktivārāņasīsthāne srīgaudajñātīyadīksatadevajīsutahariharapathanārtham I The scribe was probably the same as that of MS. Wilson 365 (957), part (3).

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 130-139 of the original have been lost in part (1). There is a small lacuna at the beginning of part (2). On f. 1<sup>v</sup> some letters are illegible. There are small holes in ff. 26, 30. That in f. 114 has been mended with white paper.

#### 960-MS. Wilson 369

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Books XI, XIV, A. D. 1589 and 18th cent.?

Contents: two MSS. of different dates.

- (1) Book XI of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, called the aṣṭādhyāyī, in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 87°. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 23°, 42°, 65, 87°. The (42) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 2°, 4, 5°, 6°, 8°, 15°, 16, 17°, 18°, 19°, 21°, 23°, 24, 26°, 32, 33°, 34, 35, 39, 42°, 46, 47°, 50°, 52°, 57, 60°, 63, 65, 67, 68, 70°, 73°, 76, 78, 79, 80°, 81, 82, 83, 83, 85°, 87°. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has also made occasional corrections in the text. F. 87 is blank, but nothing is missing. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.
- (2) Book XIV of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, being the Brhadaranyaka Upanisad in the Kanva recen-No divisions in this work sion, without accents. are consistently marked except the brahmanas; even these are obscured by a very large number of corrections in yellow or grey pigment, and in several cases are wrongly numbered in the margin, where usually the numbers of the brahmapas are written out in full. The text begins on f. 88v and ends on f. 160v. The (48) brāhmaņas end on ff. 89, 90, 93<sup>v</sup>, 97<sup>v</sup>, 101<sup>v</sup>, 102, 105, 106, 106<sup>v</sup>, 109, 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 117<sup>v</sup>, 117°, 118°, 121°, 123, 127°, 130°, 131°, 136°, 140, 143, 144<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 145, 145, 145<sup>v</sup>, 145<sup>v</sup>, 146, 146, 146, 146°, 146°, 146°, 146°, 147, 147°, 147°, 149, 149, 151<sup>v</sup>, 153, 155<sup>v</sup>, 160<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is not at all accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines. It is very much corrected in yellow or grey pigment.

These MSS. are noticed by Weber in. his edition, pp. ix, xi. They were not used for the edition. Weber gives the number of brāhmaņas in the Bṛhadāraṇyaka as 47, so that the above numbering is wrong.

This recension was edited in the Anandaśrama Series, 1891. Translated in S. B. E., XV; Deussen, Sechzig Upanişads, Leipzig, 1897. The Mādhyandina was edited by Böhtlingk, Leipzig, 1889, with translation, on which see Whitney, P. A. O. S., 1890.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+160+ii blank. In the original each MS. has its own foliation.

Date: the date of part (1) is given on f. 87v: samvat 1645 (= A.D. 1589) samaye āṣāḍhasudi 3 smemavāsare 1 There is no date given for part (2), but Weber justly calls it a modern copy. It most probably dates from the end of the 18th century.

Scribe: the scribe of part (1) is named on f. 87v: likhitam Jagadīśabrāhmaṇana 1 The scribe of part (2) is not given.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 961-MS. Wilson 364

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, Book I, A.D. 1598.

Contents: Book I, treating of the haviryajña, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 123. The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 21, 41°, 59, 77°, 93°, 107°, 123. The (37) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 5, 8°, 10°, 14°, 18°, 21, 23, 27, 31°, 35°, 38°, 41°, 44, 46, 52°, 55, 57°, 59, 61°, 65, 68, 72°, 74°, 77°, 79, 84°, 87°, 90, 93°, 97, 100, 105°, 107°, 112, 116, 120, 123. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents have been added in red ink by a later hand, which has also made some corrections in the text. Ff. 1°, 2° are new, the old having been lost. F. 2 is blank. Parts of ff. 121, 122, 123 have been restored. The text is bounded on either side by three or four black lines.

The MS. is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. vii, but the shelfmark is wrongly given as no. 368. It was used for the edition, pp. 131 sq., and is denoted by C.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 123 + ii blank.

Date: f. 123<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1654 (= A. D. 1598) bhādravāšudi 5 ravau lişitam idam pustakam 1

Scribe: a note, perhaps in a later hand, has: yājñi-kaātmārāmavireśvar — — — pustakam I This may have been the scribe, but is more probably a former owner. Cf. MS. Wilson 457 (967), f. 210.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1<sup>V</sup>, 2<sup>V</sup> are new. Ff. 121, 122, 123 are partially new.

#### 962—MS. Wilson 366

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book II, 16th cent.?

Contents: Book II, the ekapādikā, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 63<sup>v</sup>. The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 13<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 37<sup>v</sup>, 52, 63<sup>v</sup>. The (24) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 3, 5, 5<sup>v</sup>, 9<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 16<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>, 22<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 27, 31<sup>v</sup>, 33, 35<sup>v</sup>, 37<sup>v</sup>, 40<sup>v</sup>, 43, 49, 52, 53, 58<sup>v</sup>, 61<sup>v</sup>, 62<sup>v</sup>, 63<sup>v</sup>. F. 61 is reversed. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink. It was used by Weber for his edition of the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, see p. viii.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 63 + ii blank.

Date: probably early 16th cent. or even 15th.

Scribe: as there is a square Jaina ornament on each page, the scribe was probably a Jaina.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: half of f. 3 is gone. Throughout, and especially towards the end, the letters are much faded.

#### 963—MS. Wilson 383

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, Book III, A. D. 1632.

Contents: Book III, treating of the adhvara, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 330°. The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 50°, 107, 159, 205, 249°, 290°, 330°. The (37) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 7, 16, 27, 34°, 50°, 66°, 73°, 83°, 90, 98, 107, 120°, 131, 138°, 149, 159, 172°, 179, 187°, 195°, 205, 213°, 223, 230, 241°, 245, 249°, 255, 262, 273, 286, 290°, 294, 301, 306°, 319, 330°. There are two short passages missing, 2, i, 4-6; 6, iii, 16-18. The text is fairly accurate. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has also occasionally made corrections in the text. The text is bounded on either side by two, three, or four red lines.

The MS. is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. viii, but was not used by him.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 331 + ii blank. In the original the leaves are numbered 1-333, but ff. 52, 269 are missing.

Date: f. 331: samvat 1688 (= A. D. 1632) samaye mārgasiramāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 8 aṣṭamyāṃ tithau ravivāsare 1

Scribe: f. 331: adyeha Vārāņasīvāstavyaābhyamtaraśrīmālajñātīyaodāgopālena likhitam \ Miśraśiromaninā likhāpitam i putrapautrādipathanārtham i Cf. MS. Wilson 457 (967).

Character: Devanāgarī. Injuries: ff. 52, 269 are lost.

# 964—MS. Wilson 359

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, Book III, A. D. 1529.

Contents: Book III of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 115 (which is reversed). The (7) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 18, 36<sup>V</sup>, 53, 69, 85<sup>V</sup>, 100<sup>V</sup>, 115. The (37) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 3<sup>V</sup>, 6<sup>V</sup>, 10, 13, 18, 24, 26, 29, 31, 33<sup>V</sup>, 36<sup>V</sup>, 40<sup>V</sup>, 44, 46<sup>V</sup>, 50, 53, 57<sup>V</sup>, 59<sup>V</sup>, 62<sup>V</sup>, 65, 69, 72, 75<sup>V</sup>, 78<sup>V</sup>, 82<sup>V</sup>, 83<sup>V</sup>, 85<sup>V</sup>, 87<sup>V</sup>, 90, 94, 99, 100<sup>V</sup>, 102, 104<sup>V</sup>, 106<sup>V</sup>, 110<sup>V</sup>, 115. The MS. is fairly accurate. Ff. 53-70 of the original are missing, but are supplied by a quite modern hand on ff. 53-69. The accents were added later in red ink by a hand which has made several corrections. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

The MS. is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. viii, but was not used by him.

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 115 + ii blank.

Date: f. 115: saṃvat 1585 (= A.D. 1529) samaye caitrasudi pamcamī guruvāsare 1

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 53-70 of the original are lost, but have been supplied by a later hand.

#### 965-MS. Wilson 452

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book V, A. D. 1554.

Contents: Book V, treating of the sava, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1\(^\mathbf{v}\) and ends on f. 112. The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 30, 57\(^\mathbf{v}\), 85, 112. The (25) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 5, 9\(^\mathbf{v}\), 13\(^\mathbf{v}\), 17\(^\mathbf{v}\), 24, 30, 34, 37\(^\mathbf{v}\), 47, 52, 54\(^\mathbf{v}\), 57\(^\mathbf{v}\), 64\(^\mathbf{v}\), 73, 76, 79, 85, 90, 95, 98, 100, 101\(^\mathbf{v}\), 108\(^\mathbf{v}\), 112. The MS. is fairly accurate. F. 13 of the original is missing, but there is no lacuna in the text. The accents are added in red ink. F. 105, having been very badly torn, is restored in a later hand. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

The MS. is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. viii, but was not used by him.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+112+ii blank. The original numbers are from 1 to 113, f. 13 being passed over.

Date: f. 112: samvat 1610 (= A.D. 1554) varşe jyeştavadi 6 sukle likhitam 1

Scribe: f. 112: adyeha Naspadravāstavyamevādājāātīyajyotīśrīprabhākarasutaviṣṇu tathākta Yadavapaṭhanārtham 1

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 105 repaired and rewritten.

### 966-MS. Wilson 454

#### S'atapatha Brahmana, Book VI, A.D. 1501.

Contents: Book VI, treating of the ukhāsambharaņa, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa in the Mādhyandina recension. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 162<sup>v</sup>. The (5) prapāthakas end on ff. 33v, 65, 99v, 132, 162v. The (27) brāhmaņas end on ff. 6, 17, 22, 33, 45, 48,  $62^{\text{v}}$ , 65,  $73^{\text{v}}$ ,  $77^{\text{v}}$ , 81,  $83^{\text{v}}$ , 89, 92,  $99^{\text{v}}$ ,  $103^{\text{v}}$ ,  $109^{\text{v}}$ , 116, 121, 127<sup>v</sup>, 132, 140, 145, 150, 154<sup>v</sup>, 158<sup>v</sup>, 162<sup>v</sup>. The text is slightly disarranged; before f. 13 a page is inserted, which is really f. 130 of the original, and should come after f. 127 of the new foliation. It contains the beginning of brahmana 6 of prapathaka 4. Ff. 90-92 of the original are missing, but no text is lost in the place concerned (3, vi, 8). The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has also made several corrections in the text. Ff. 43v, 60v are half blank. The MS. is bounded on either side by two black lines.

It is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. viii, but was not used by him.

Size:  $8\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+162+ii blank. The original total was ff. 165, but ff. 90-92 are missing.

Date: f. 182<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1557 (= A. D. 1501) varșe vaišāṣasudi 15 guravāsare 1 The date is quite clear, and, as stated in the Bodl. catal., p. 382<sup>h</sup>, Weber's 1610 is wrong.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 1<sup>v</sup> is supplied by a later hand. Many letters on f. 2<sup>v</sup> are illegible.

#### 967—MS. Wilson 457

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book VI, A. D. 1632.

Contents: Book VI of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, as in MS. Wilson 454 (966). The (5) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 37, 81, 130, 168, 210. The (27) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 7, 17, 24, 37, 55, 59, 78, 81, 94, 99, 103, 108, 117, 121, 130, 135, 141, 149, 155, 162, 168, 178, 185, 192, 199, 205, 210. F. 210 has

been reversed in binding. The MS. is well written and fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and the accents are in red ink.

It is noticed by Weber in his edition, p. viii, but was not used by him.

Former owner: (1) f. 210°: Miśraśiromanisut 1 putra 5 Miśramanirāmasya putra 1 Miśraśivānamda pustaka veda yajurvedamādhyamdinīśākhāśatapaṭhakāmda caturdaśam (then follows a name now obliterated) sya dattam dharmārtha putrapautrapaṭhanārtham māghāpaurṇamāśīne dīvase dattam samvat 1746 (= A. D. 1690) kāmda 16 dharmārtha dattam 1 (2) f. 210: Ātmārāmeśvarī pothī 1 (3) f. 1: Viśvarāma udīcyasahasra nī pothī 1 The name is obliterated, but apparently is to be thus read.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+210+ii blank. The original had 211, f. 17 being lost.

Date: f. 210: samvat 1688 (= A. D. 1632) samaye paukhasudi 12 ravau likhitam 1

Scribe: f. 210: Odāgopālena i subham bhavatu i Miśraśrīromaniyena likhāvitam putrapautrādikapaṭhanārthāya i Not, as in the Bodl. catal., p. 382b, Auḍā°. See MS. Wilson 383 (963).

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 17, containing brāhmaņa 2, 29-34, is lost.

#### '968-MS. Wilson 462

#### S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book VII, A.D. 1515.

Contents. Book VII of the S'atapatha Brahmana in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. The book has no title in the MS. proper. A later hand on f. I calls it hastī. See Weber, Satapatha Brāhmana, p. viii, note. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 115. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 30<sup>v</sup>, 59<sup>v</sup>, 85<sup>v</sup>, 115. The (12) brāhmanas end on ff. 12<sup>v</sup>, 19<sup>v</sup>, 25<sup>v</sup>, 30<sup>v</sup>, 33<sup>v</sup>, 39<sup>v</sup>, 53, 59<sup>v</sup>, 73<sup>v</sup>, 85<sup>v</sup>, 96<sup>v</sup>, 115. The MS. is fairly accurate. The accents are added by a later hand in red ink, and some corrections of the text have also been made by this later hand. F. 95<sup>v</sup> is blank, and there are small blank spaces on ff. 13<sup>v</sup>, 21<sup>v</sup>, 62<sup>v</sup>, 63<sup>v</sup>, 65<sup>v</sup>, 98<sup>v</sup>, 99<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

The MS. is noticed by Weber, l. c., p. viii, but was not used by him.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+115+ii blank. There are really only 114 ff. as the new foliation goes from 110 to 112, omitting 111.

Date: f. 115: samvat 1571 (= A. D. 1515) varse

kārttikamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 9 (?) amāvāsyāṃ tithau gurudine 1 Weber, l. c., gives the date correctly. The Bodl. catal., p. 383a, makes it wrongly A. D. 1505.

Scribe: f. 115: adyeha Vaņathalagrāmavāstavyaüdīcyajñātīyamahamjāgāsutamahamharidāsena likhitam 1 Character: Devanāgarī.

# 969-MS. Wilson 381

S'atapatha Brāhmaņa, Book IX, A. D. 1667.

Contents: Book IX, treating of the samciti, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 17 and ends on f. 98. The (4) prapathakas end on ff. 30, 57<sup>v</sup>, 81<sup>v</sup>, 97<sup>v</sup>. The (14) brāhmaņas (the first brāhmaņa of prapāthaka 4 being lost), end on ff. 13v, 24, 30, 33v, 50, 55v, 57v, 63<sup>v</sup>, 68, 72, 77, 81<sup>v</sup>, 94, 97<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is fairly accurate. The following passages are missing (quoting by prapāthakas and brāhmaņas) 1, ii, 5-10; 1, ii, 16-18; 2, iv, 1-3; 3, i, 14-17; 3, iii, 10-12; 4, i, 3-7; 4, i, 12-14, and ii, 20. The MS. is bounded on either side by two black lines. The accents are added in light red ink, which towards the end is much faded. The whole text is much smeared with red pigment. The MS. is mentioned by Weber in his edition, p. ix, but he wrongly calls it no. 389. It was not used by him.

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+98+ii blank. The original numbers run from 1-108, but ten folios are lost.

Date: f. 98: samvat 1723 (= A. D. 1667) samaye jyeştavadidvitiyā samāptam idam pustakam 1

Scribe: the name has been deliberately obliterated with black pigment. It began  $syot\bar{\imath} - - - sutajots\bar{\imath} - na$  lisitam:

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: Ff. 15, 18, 58, 64, 75, 87, 89-92 of the original are lost. Ff. 18, 93 are mutilated.

# 970-Ms. Wilson 461

S'atapatha Brahmana, Book X, A.D. 1599.

Contents: Book X, the agnirahasya, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 99° (which is inverted and bound as if it were f. 99). The (4) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 24, 49°, 70°, 98°. The (31) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 3°, 5°, 8°, 11°, 13, 15°, 17°, 21°, 24, 28, 33°, 35°, 36°, 38, 40°, 44, 49°, 55, 61, 62°, 63°, 65, 70°, 76°, 85°, 89°, 92, 93°, 94°, 95°, 98°. The MS. is fairly accurate. Many of the pages are daubed with yellow pigment. The accents are added in red ink.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The MS. is mentioned by Weber in his edition, p. ix, but was not used by him.

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 99 + ii blank.

Date: f. 98<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1655 (= A. D. 1599) varse āṣāḍhāśudi vaiśāṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe pratipadābhaume t

Scribe: f. 98°: Vyāsavāsudevasutasivena likhitam ātmapaṭhanārtham paropakārārtham i Perhaps at Benares as the colophon has śriannapūrņāyai namaḥ i

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 971-MS. Wilson 453

S'atapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book XIII, A. D. 1752.

Contents: Book XIII, treating of the asvamedha, of the S'atapatha Brāhmaņa in the Mādhyandina recension, with accents. It begins on f. 17 and ends on f. 81. The (4) prapāthakas end on ff. 19, 43, 65, 81. The (43) brāhmaņas end on ff. 2, 4, 5, 6°, 7°, 8°, 9, 10, 11°, 12°, 14°, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 22, 23°, 23°, 24, 25, 25°, 27°, 28°, 29°, 31, 32, 33°, 37°,  $43^{\text{v}}$ ,  $47^{\text{v}}$ , 50, 54,  $57^{\text{v}}$ ,  $59^{\text{v}}$ , 65, 67, 69, 71, 75,  $76^{\text{v}}$ , 79, 81. The text is fairly accurate. The accents are added by a later hand in red ink. On f. 1 there are some verses by the scribe, and on f. 81 an attempt at an ornamental figure. The text is bounded on either side by two, three, or four red or black lines. It is very unevenly and badly written. The MS. is mentioned by Weber in his edition, p. ix, and was used by him, see ed., p. 1017 sq.

Former owner: f. 1: davekesavajī davevāsaņajīsyedam pustakam \

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 8i + ii blank.

Date: f. 81: samvat 1808 (= A. D. 1752) nā caitravada 2 budhye likhitam 1

Scribe: f. 1: davevāsaņajīsuta 5 (?) davedayālajībhrātagaņeśajībhrātagaņapatajī i lisītam idam davegaņapatyajīvidyamāmnavāsaņajī i So on f. 1 after the verses referred to we read: Gaņapatajaye śloka i Cf. also f. 81, which is not entirely legible.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 972—MSS. Wilson 2-4

Sāyaņa's Vedārthaprakāśa, and Harisvāmin's S'atapathabhāṣya, about A.D. 1828.

Contents: portions of Sāyaṇācārya's Vedārthaprakāśa (the title here given to his commentary on the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa), viz. the commentary on Books I (up to adhyāya 7, brāhmaṇa 3), III, V,

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VII, IX, XI; and Harisvāmin's S'atapathabhāşya, viz. the commentary on Books I (from adhyāya 7, brāhmaṇa 4) and II.

#### 2 contains:

- (1) Sāyana's commentary on Book I. It begins on f. 1v and ends on f. 88v. It extends only to I, 7, 3. The adhyāyas end on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 33, 48, 58, 69, 80. The various brahmanas end on ff. 8, 13, 15,  $18^{\text{v}}$ ,  $21^{\text{v}}$ ,  $23^{\text{v}}$ , 25,  $28^{\text{v}}$ , 33, 37, 40, 43, 45, 48,  $52^{\text{v}}$ ,  $53^{\text{v}}$ ,  $54^{\text{v}}$ , 56, 58, 61, 64,  $67^{\text{v}}$ , 69,  $71^{\text{v}}$ , 73,  $77^{\text{v}}$ , 80, 82, 85, 88v. Lacunae are marked on ff. 8v, 79. It is full of mistakes and omissions. See the extracts printed in Weber's edition, pp. 96-125.
- (2) Harisvāmin's commentary on Book I. It takes up the work where Sāyaņa's commentary ceases and carries it to the end. It extends from f. 88v to f. 103v. The seventh, eighth, and ninth adhyayas end on ff. 90, 96, 103v. The brāhmaņas end on ff. 90, 91v, 93v, 96, 99, 101, 103 . The lacunae are numerous and large: see ff. 98v, 99, 99v, 100, 100v, 101v. The text is very inaccurate. See the extract in Weber's ed., pp. 125-131.
- (3) Harisvāmin's commentary on Book II. begins on f. 104<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 157<sup>v</sup>. The (6) adhyāyas end on ff. 102°, 122°, 132°, 140°, 149°, 157v. The (24) brāhmaņas end on ff. 105v, 107v,  $109^{\text{V}}$ ,  $112^{\text{V}}$ , 114,  $116^{\text{V}}$ ,  $118^{\text{V}}$ ,  $122^{\text{V}}$ , 127,  $127^{\text{V}}$ , 128,  $129^{\text{v}}$ , 132, 133,  $136^{\text{v}}$ ,  $137^{\text{v}}$ ,  $140^{\text{v}}$ , 143, 145, 147,  $149^{\text{v}}$ , 152<sup>v</sup>, 155, 157<sup>v</sup>. The text is very corrupt, and lacunae numerous. See the extracts from Sāyaņa's commentary, printed in Weber's ed., pp. 201-219, which are decidedly superior. A Yajuscheda by this author is mentioned by Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. xii.

#### 8 contains:

- (1) Sāyaņa's commentary on Book III. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 129. The (9) adhyāyas end on ff. 12, 31<sup>v</sup>, 47, 61, 79, 88<sup>v</sup>, 96<sup>v</sup>, 110, 129. The brāhmaņas end on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 5<sup>v</sup>, 9<sup>v</sup>, 12, 16<sup>v</sup>, 21, 31<sup>v</sup>,  $34, 37, 41, 47, 51, 54^{\circ}, 58, 61, 66^{\circ}, 67^{\circ}, 72, 75, 79,$  $82^{\text{v}}$ , 86,  $88^{\text{v}}$ ,  $91^{\text{v}}$ , 93,  $94^{\text{v}}$ ,  $96^{\text{v}}$ , 99, 102,  $107^{\text{v}}$ , 109, 110, 112, 115, 122, 129. The text is fairly accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 4v, 12v, 16v, 20v, 24v, 73, 103v. See the extracts in Weber's ed., pp. 322-338.
- (2) Sāyaņa's commentary on Book V. It begins on f. 130 and ends on f. 193. The (5) adhyayas end on ff. 147, 162, 179, 184, 193. The text is fairly accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 133v, 136, 143v, 157<sup>v</sup>, 158, 177, 189<sup>v</sup>. Weber prints some of this in his ed., pp. 479-497.

#### 4 contains:

(1) Sāyaṇa's commentary on Book VII. It begins

- end on ff. 12<sup>v</sup>, 26, 35<sup>v</sup>, 52<sup>v</sup>, 65. The text is not very accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 27°, 49°, 65. See the extracts in Weber's ed., pp. 622-635.
- (2) Sāyaṇa's commentary on Book IX. It begins on f. 66v and ends on f. 123v. Ff. 124, 124v are blank. The adhyāyas end on ff. 82, 97°, 108, 117°, 123°. The text is inaccurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 66v, 67, 68, 105, 107. The work is not complete, as it breaks off shortly after the end of adhyaya 5, brahmana 1. See the extracts in Weber's ed., pp. 750-758.
- (3) Sāyaṇa's commentary on Book XI. It begins on f. 125<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 228. The adhyāyas end on ff.  $147^{\circ}$ ,  $162^{\circ}$ ,  $166^{\circ}$ , 181,  $210^{\circ}$ , 218, 224, 228. The text is again full of blunders. Lacunae are marked on ff. 136<sup>v</sup>, 168, 206<sup>v</sup>, 225, 228. See the extracts in Weber's ed., pp. 880-897.

Extracts from all these commentaries are to be found, as noted, in Weber's edition of the Satapatha Brāhmaņa, Berlin, 1855. An account of the MSS. themselves is given there, p. xi sq., whence is derived the account in the Bodl. catal., p. 361. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 32.

Sāyaņa is said, 2, f. 18, to have written this work as minister of Harihara, probably the second of that name, A. D. 1379-1399; cf. Klemm, Gurupūjākaumudī, p. 42.

Size:  $17 \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. approximately.

Material: English paper, water-marked 'V. E. I. C. J. Whatman Balston and Co., 1827,' and 'E. Wise, 1828.

No. of leaves: 2 = ii + 157 + iii blank; 3 = ii + 193+ii blank; 4 = iii + 228 + ii blank.

Date: two kinds of paper are used, and the dates in the water-marks are 1827 and 1828. Therefore the MS. was probably copied for Wilson in or shortly after the latter year.

Scribe: Weber, l. c., p. xi, note, writes: 'Three scribes are to be discerned in the three copies 2–4 of the Bodl. Wils. Coll. The kândas i, vii, ix have been copied by the one, the kandas ii, v by another, the kândas iii, xi by a third.' This statement rests on similarity of handwriting and of punctuation only, as the paper affords no test, one kind (the 'Wise' water-mark) being used mainly in i, v, vii, ix, the other in ii, iii, xi, but the two being occasionally mixed.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 973—MS. Wilson 537

Sāyaņa's Mādhavīya Vedārthaprakāśa, Book I. 18th cent.?

Contents: a very small fragment of Sayana's on f. 1 and ends on f. 65. The (5) adhyāyas commentary on Book I of the Satapatha Brāhmaņa

(Bodl. catal., p. 388b). It begins on f. 1v: m api kriyata ity etävatä bhedaśamkah patat tad etatsamānyam vyākhyānalakṣanam uktam 1 atha nirnnayadharmā—— 1 There are large lacunae marked on ff. 1v, 2, 2v, small on ff. 4v, 5v. It ends on f. 14v: etayā ca diśām dhānād ārabhya sarvatra vākyaśeṣair ekaphalanimittadevatākarmagunātmādi satacam boddhavyam teṣām cāvidhāyakatvānyataravirodhādikṛtah prāmānyākṣepah pratisamāhitah parasparam sa eva 1 gramtham idānīm manusarāmah 1 The title given on f. 1 runs: Mādhyamjanaśatapathabhāṣyāvataraṇam 1 The MS.appears to be extremely inaccurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

This MS. is not mentioned by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, p. xi, nor do its contents seem to agree with any of the other MSS. of the Satapatha in the Bodleian, nor with the extracts in Weber. It looks rather like the introduction to a super-commentary on Sāyaṇa. The lack of complete copies of Sāyaṇa prevents any certainty.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 14 + iii blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th or the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 9. BRÁHMAŅA-ATHARVA-VEDA

974-MS. Mill 56

Gopatha Brāhmana, A. D. 1839.

Contents: the Gopatha Brāhmaṇa of the Atharvaveda, being a compilation made after, and partly from, the Kauśika and Vaitāna Sūtras of that Veda, with the object of placing the Atharva on the same rank as the other Vedas.

The pūrvārddha begins on f. 1°; prapāthaka 1 ends on f. 10; 2, on f. 18°; 3, on f. 26; 4, on f. 31°; 5, on f. 38°: iti pūrvārddhabrāhmane pamcamah prapāthakah 1 ity Atharvavede Gopathabrāhmanapūrvārddha samāptā 1

The uttarārddha begins on f. 41; prapāṭhaka 1 ends on f. 47; 2, on f. 53<sup>v</sup>, thus: iti śrīatharvavede Gopathabrāhmaņo dvitīyaḥ prapāṭhakaḥ || 2 || 2 || No more has been written.

The MS. is modern and on the whole inaccurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 2, 18, 35<sup>v</sup>, 37<sup>v</sup>.

The Brāhmaṇa has been published in the Bibl. Ind., by Rājendralāla Mitra and Haracandra Vidyābhūṣaṇa. Its contents are elaborately analysed by Bloomfield, Atharva-veda, Strasburg, 1899, who gives

all the literature of the subject. It was first made known by Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., pp. 445-455, from an India Office MS.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. The leaves are arranged as in a European book. *Material*: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 54 + ii blank.

Date: f.  $38^{\circ}$ : samvat 1895 (= A. D. 1839) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 975—MS. Mill 34

Gopatha Brāhmana, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Gopatha Brāhmaṇa of the Atharvaveda, probably a transcript from the same MS. as MS. Mill 56 (974). It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> with prapāṭhaka 1 of the uttarārddha, which ends on f. 7; 2 ends on f. 13<sup>v</sup>. Prapāṭhaka 1 of the pūrvārddha begins afresh on f. 14, ending on f. 23<sup>v</sup>; 2 ends on f. 32; 3, on f. 40; 4, on f. 45<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 52<sup>v</sup>. The arddhas are not mentioned in the colophons. The MS. is more incorrect than MS. Mill 56, of which it may conceivably be a copy. The first twenty-two folios are bounded on either side by two bright red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 14, 51<sup>v</sup>.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 52 + ii blank.

Date: about A. D. 1840. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 10. UPAŅIŞAD

976-MS. Sansk. e. 2

S'ānkhāyana Āranyaka, 17th cent.?

Contents: the S'ānkhāyana Āraṇyaka. It begins: 50 II o namaḥ śrīrgvedāya II upaniṣada likhite II II o Prajāpatir vai saṃvatsaraḥs tasyaiṣa ātmā yan mahāvrataṃ tasmād enat parasmai namase I &c.

F. 87: 11 8 11 11 iti Sāṃkhyāyanabrāhmaņe mahāvrate prathamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 11 11 11 0 oṃ hiṃkāre (ṇa, sec. m.) pratipadyata etad uktham 1 &c.

F. 18: 11 18 11 11 2 11 iti mahāvratasya dvitīyo'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ 11 11 oṃ namo brahmaṇe 1 oṃ Citro ha vai Gāṃgyāyanir yakṣyamāṇa Āruṇim vavre 1 &c.

F. 22<sup>v</sup>: || 7 || || ity Āraņyake tṛtīyo'dhyāyah || || 3 || || prāņo brahmeti ha smāha Kausītakis | &c.

F. 33<sup>v</sup>: || 15 || || iti caturtho 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ || || 4 || || om Pratarddano ha vai Daivodāsir | &c.

F. 41 v: 11 8 11 11 ity Āraņyake paņcamo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ 11 11 5 11 11 atha ha vai Gārgyo Bālākir anūcānaḥ saṃspaṣṭa āsa 1 &c.

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F. 48<sup>v</sup>: 11 20 11 11 ity Āraņyake şaştho'dhyāyah 11 11 6 11 11 om rtam vadişyāmi satyam vadişyāmi 1 &c.

F. 60: 11 23 II 11 ity Āraņyake saptamo 'dhyāyaḥ II 17 II II che II II oṃ prāņo vaṃśa iti ha smāha sthaviraḥ Sākalyas I &c.

F. 68<sup>v</sup>: || || || || ily Āraņyake astamo 'dhyāyah samāptah || || 8 || || 0 tat savitur vṛṇīmahe | &c.

F. 71: 118 11 11 ity Āraņyake navamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 119 11 11 om athāto 'dhyātmikam āmtaram agnihotram ity ācakṣata etā ha vai devatāḥ puruṣu eva pratiṣṭitā agnir vāci 1 &c.

F. 74: 118 II II ity Āraņyake dašamo 'dhyāyah II II 10 II prajāpatir vā imam purusam adamcata tasminn etā devatā āvešayad vācy agnim 1 &c.

F. 80: 11811 11 om hastivarccasam prathatām brhad vayo yad adityai tatanvah sambabhūva 1 &c.

F. 85: 11811 11 ity Āraņyake dvādašo'dhyāyah 11 11 12 11 11 athāto vairāgyasaṃskṛte śarīre brahmayajñaniştho bhaved 1 &c.

F. 86: tāv etām upanisadam veda širo na yathā kathamcana vede tad etad rcābhyuditam 11911 rcām mūrddhānam yajusām uttamāmgam 1 &c.

The last two chapters are counted as adhyāyas 14 and 15 in the MS. of the same work described by Weber, Catal., II, 5 sq. (no. 1408). As to the first two adhyāyas, see also Weber, Catal., I, 19 sq. Adhyāyas 3-6 are identical with the Kauṣītaki Brāhmaṇa Upaniṣad, edited by E. B. Cowell (Bibl. Ind. 1861). The MS. has been collated for a projected edition by Dr. Friedländer, Berlin. It is the best MS. of this work in Europe.

Ff. 65 and 87 are supplied by a more recent hand. Ff. 49 and 50 have been mended and the missing parts supplied by a modern hand. Marginal notes and corrections.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $7\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 87 + ii blank.

Date: the last leaf, which is, however, a modern supplement, is dated: śrīsaṃvat 1837 (= A. D. 1781) varṣe miti jyeṣṭaśudī 15 śukravā | The original MS. seems to be at least 100 years older, and may even belong to the beginning of the 17th century, but more probably the first half of the 18th.

Character: Devanāgarī, large, beautiful characters.

Injuries: ff. 1-32 are discoloured and sometimes illegible.

#### 977—MS. Sansk. c. 5

#### S'ankara's Aitareyopanisadbhāsya with Commentary, A. D. 1819 ?

Contents: the Bahvrcabrahmanopanisadbhasya, or the commentary on the Aitareya Upanişad, by Sankarācārya, with a super-commentary by Abhinava Nārāyanendra Sarasvatī, a pupil of Jñanendra Sarasvatī (who was a pupil of Kaivalyendra Sarasvatī). Strange to say, this tīkā ascribed to Nārāyaņendra is identical with Anandagiri's well-known commentary. See also Mitra, Notices, no. 718 (II, 133) and no. 1487 (IV, 83). It begins: śrigaņeśāya namah 11 ātmā vā idam ity ādinā kevalātmavidyārambhasyāvasaram vaktum vrttam kīrttayato parisamāpţam iti tatparisamāptiķ katham gamyata ity āśamkya tatphalopasamhārād ity āha saişeti parāgatir iti param gamtavyam prāptavyam phalanı ity arthah upasamharam eva vakyodaharanena darśayati etad iti i &c. Sankara's Bhāşya begins: om namah paramātmane parisamāptam karma sahāparavrahmavisayavijāanena 1 &c.

F. 33<sup>v</sup> (end of Sankara's Bhāṣya): iti śrīmatpara-mahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīgovimdabhagavatpādapūjya-śiṣyaśrīśamkarācāryabhagavatkrtau Vahvrcavrāhmano-paniṣadbhāṣyam sampūrnam 1

Ibid. (super-commentary): omkāras cāthasavdas ca dvāv etau vrahmaņah purā kamtham bhitvā viniryātau tasmān māmgalikāv ubhāv iti smṛter omkāreņa vrahmātmānusaṃdhānalakṣaṇaṃ maṃgalaṃ karttum om ity uktam iti iti (śrīmalparamahaṃsaparivrājakācārya, in marg. sec. m.) śrīmatkaivalyemdrasarasvatīpūjyapādaśiṣyaśrīmatjānemdrasarasvatīpūjyapādaśiṣyaśrīmadahinavanārāyenemdrasarasvatīviracitāyām Aitareyabhāṣyaṭīkāyāṃ ṣaṣṭo 'dhyāyah 6 evaṃ ṣaṣṭe 'dhyāye tatvavidyāṃ parisamāpya saptame śāṃtikaro maṃtraḥ paṭhitaḥ vān me manasīty ādinā tasya spaṣṭārthatvād ātmatatvāpratipādakatvāc ca bhāṣyakārair na vyākhyātaḥ l &c. End (f. 34): avatu vaktāram ity abhyāsodhyāyaparisamāptyarthah dvitīyāraṇyakapari

samāptyarthas ca iti srīsaptamādhyāyasya dīpikā sampūrņā 1 Ed., Ānandāsrama Series, 1889.

Many marginal glosses by a second hand.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 34 + i blank.

Date: the MS. was written by the same hand as MS. Sansk. c. 9 which is dated samuat 1875 (= A. D. 1819).

Character: Devanagari.

#### 978-MS. Wilson 480

#### Chandogya Upanisad, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Chāndogya Upaniṣad, forming prapāṭhakas 3—10 of the Chāndogya Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 104. The (8) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 15, 26, 38°, 51, 65°, 76°, 90°, 104. The text is good and accurate. Ff. 101— 104 have been added by a quite recent hand. The text, up to f. 47°, is bounded on either side by two red lines. Yellow pigment is frequently used for erasures. There are a very few notes by a later hand.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 104 + ii blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 979-ms. mill 8

# Chandogya Upanisad with the Commentary of S'ankara, A. D. 1834.

Contents: two MSS.:

- (1) The Chandogya Upanisad, marked in the MS. as forming prapathakas 3-10 of the Chandogya Brahmana of the Sama-veda. Prapathaka I begins on f. IV and ends on f. 4V; 2, on ff. 4V-7V; 3, on ff. 7V-II; 4, on ff. II-I4V; 5, on ff. 14V-I8V; 6, on ff. 18V-2IV; 7, on ff. 2IV-25; 8, on ff. 25-29. The MS. is neatly written, but is very inaccurate. There is a correction (by Mill?) on f. IV, in red ink.
- (2) The Chāndogyabhāṣya, being a commentary on the Chāndogya Upaniṣad, by S'aṅkarāeārya. The prapāṭhakas here are simply numbered 1-8. Prapāṭhaka i begins on f. 30<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 43; 2, on ff. 43-50<sup>v</sup>; 3, on ff. 50<sup>v</sup>-60; 4, on ff. 60-69; 5, on ff. 69-83<sup>v</sup>; 6, on ff. 83<sup>v</sup>-101; 7, on ff. 101-109<sup>v</sup>; 8, on ff. 109<sup>v</sup>-127<sup>v</sup>. Between ff. 31 and 32 a loose leaf is inserted, containing on the margin directions (by Mill?) to the

scribe to write exactly nine lines on a page. Two scribes seem to have worked at this copy, one writing ff. 30-35°, 39-58°, the other, ff. 36-38°, 59-end. It is possible, but not certain, that the second hand and that of part (1) are identical. There are a good many corrections in red ink, while a white pigment has been freely used for erasures. F. 58° is half blank. The MS. is not at all accurate.

Bound in a red native binding, lettered 'Chāndogyo-panişat, Samkarācāryakṛtam tadbhāṣyam.'

Size:  $16\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, not Indian, as stated in the Bodl. catal., p. 3898, but European.

No. of leaves: i + 127 + i blank.

Date: that of part (1) is given on f. 29: samvat 1890 (= A. D. 1834): That of part (2) is given on f. 127<sup>v</sup>: samvat 18 (apparently cancelled) 1790: It must be of the same date as part (1), and if 1790 is correct, that must be the date of the original of the copy. But it is probably a mere slip.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 980-MS. Wilson 76

#### Ānandatīrtha's Chāndogyabhāṣyaṭīkā, A. D. 1815.

Contents: the Chāndogyabhāṣyaṭīkā, a commentary on Saṅkarācārya's Ghāndogyabhāṣya (MS. Wilson 77 [981]), by Ānandatīrtha. It begins on f. 1: śrīgaṇādhipataye namaḥ i śrīrāma i namo janmādisaṃvaṃdhavaṃdhavidhvaṃsahetavei Haraye paramānaṃdavapuṣe paramātmane ii ii It ends on f. 123°: iti śrīmatparamahaṃsaparivrājakamananādīni kṛtvā vai samādhiparavegināṃ śrīśuddhānaṃdapūjyapādaśiṣyabhagavadānaṃdajñānagirikṛtāyāṃ Chāndogyabhāṣyaṭīkāyām aṣṭamo'dhyāyaḥ i oṃ śrīkṛṣṇāya namo namaḥ i The (8) adhyāyas end on ff. 24, 35, 51, 62, 78, 95°, 103°, 123°. The MS. is fairly accurate. It is really a sort of continuation of MS. Wilson 77 (981) by the same hand. Edited in the Ānandāśrama Series, 1890 sq., with the text.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 9\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, water-marked '1806.'

No. of leaves: ii + 123 + ii blank. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Date: f. 123<sup>v</sup>: śrisamvat 1871 (= A.D. 1815) aśvinaśuklasastamyām buddhavāsare (sic) 1

Scribe: undoubtedly by the same hand as MS. Wilson 77 (981).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 981-MS. Wilson 77

Chāndogya Upaniṣad with the Commentary of S'aṅkara, A.D. 1815.

Contents: the Chāndogya Upaniṣad, being prapāthakas 3-10 of the Chāndogya Brāhmaṇa, with the commentary of Saṅkara, called Chāndogyabhāṣya. The prapāthakas, numbering 3-10, end on ff. 20, 34, 52<sup>V</sup>, 67, 90<sup>V</sup>, 112<sup>V</sup>, 128<sup>V</sup>, 152<sup>V</sup>. The whole ends on f. 152<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīchāndogyopaniṣadbhāṣye aṣṭamaḥ prapāṭhakaḥ i samāptaḥ i iti śrīgovindabhagavatpūjyapādaśiṣyaparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryaśrīśaṃkarabhagavataḥ kṛtau Chāndogyopaniṣadbhāṣyaṃ samāptaṃ i graṃthasaṃkhyā 5000 i The writing of the MS. is fairly accurate. The text occupies the centre, the commentary the top and bottom of each page.

Best edition of text by Böhtlingk, Leipzig, 1889, with translation. Also with Sankara's comm. and Ānandatīrtha's gloss, Ānandāśrama Series, 1890; Trans. S.B.E., I; cf. Whitney, Am. Journ. Phil., XI; Proceedings Am. Tr. Soc., Oct., 1890, for a critique of Böhtlingk. See also Deussen, Sechzig Upaniṣads, Leipzig, 1897. Translation of comm., Madras, 1899.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 9\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European make, water-marked 'S. Wise & Patch.' Some of it is dated '1805.'

No. of leaves: ii + 152 + ii blank. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Date: f. 152\*: saņvat 1871 (= A.D. 1815) mitī bhādrapadakṛṣṇapaṃcamyāṃ caṃdravāsare 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 982-ms. mill 7

#### Änandatīrtha's Chāndogyabhāṣyaṭīkā, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Chandogyabhaşyatīkā of Ānandatīrtha, styled as usual Anandajñāna in the MS., being a commentary on Sankara's commentary on the Chāndogya Upaniṣad. The commentary on adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 27; 2, on ff. 27-40; 3, on ff. 40-58; 4, on ff. 58-70; 5, on ff. 70-88; 6, on ff.  $88-105^{\circ}$ ; 7, on ff.  $105^{\circ}-116$ ; 8, on ff.  $116-139^{\circ}$ ; the colophon is: iti śriparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīmachuddhānandabhagavatpūjyapādaśişyabhagavadānandajñānakṛtāyāḥ Chāndogyabhāşyaṭīkāyā aṣṭamo 'dhyāyāh samāptah i śrīvisnave namah i The MS. is written apparently in four hands, or at least in very different styles: (1) ff. 1-81, (2) ff. 82-85, (3) ff. 86-105, (4) ff. 106-139. F. 81v is blank, f. 85v is partially so. The MS. seems fairly accurate. Cf. MS. Wilson 76 (980).

Bound in a native binding, lettered 'Srīśankara-

racitasya Chāndogyopanişadbhāşyasyānandajñānakṛtā tīkā.'

Size:  $15\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, rough, yellow, native country made. No. of leaves: i+139+i blank.

Date: probably end of 18th or beginning of 19th century.

Character: Bengālī.

# 983-ms. mill 90

Chāndogya Upaniṣad, Vedeśabhikṣu's Padārthakaumudī, 17th cent. ?

Contents: two MSS. by the same hand.

- (1) The Chandogya Upanisad, beginning on f. 1. The (8) prapathakas end on ff. 4<sup>v</sup>, 7, 10<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 17, 19<sup>v</sup>, 23, 26<sup>v</sup>. There is an attempt at ornament on f. 26<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is badly written, but fairly correct.
- (2) The Padarthakaumudī of Vedeśabhikşu, pupil of Vyāsatīrtha, being a commentary on Ānandatīrtha's Chāndogyopanişadbhāṣya, a commentary on the foregoing work. It begins on f. 27, verse 1 is partly illegible through abrasion: vedabhedasuśākhetam (?) bodhādiphalasayutam I bhajatām istadam Vyāsasutadrumam aham bhaje 112 11 hṛttamonāśakam śāstraprabhayā tatra bhāsakum i phaladam pūrņabodhakam Cimtāmaņim aham bhaje 11 3 11 praņamya ca naņauvāņi yācayāmi tavānvaham I samnidhir mama vācyas tu manase ca niramtaram 11 4 11 yatprasādam vinā tatvamārge na gamanam bhuvi \ tam vamde Padmanābhākhyagurum sajjanasevitam 11511 vedadugdhābdhim āmathya sūtramamdanabhūbhṛtā i prāptā Nyāyasudhā yena tam Jayemdram aham bhaje 11611 For verse 7, see Bodl. catal., p. 393. It ends on f. 172v: Chāmdogyopanişadbhāşyapamjikākaraņena yat ı puņyam bhaved avāpnotu sarvam mama guruh svayam 11 3 11 cha 1 iti śrimadānamdatīrthabhagavatpādācāryaviracitasya śrimachamdogopanişadbhāşyasya ţīkāyām Vedavyāsatīrthapūjyapādasisyavedesabhiksuviracitāyām Padārthakaumudyām aşţamo 'dhyāyah \ śrikṛṣṇāya namah \ śrivedavyāsāya namaķ I gurubhyo namaķ I śrīkṛṣṇarpanam astu 1

The MS. is very badly written in a wretchedly small hand, seventeen lines to the page, by a very ignorant scribe, who has frequently tried to correct his errors. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

The (8) prapāthakas end on ff. 50, 74, 101, 110<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>, 143, 153<sup>v</sup>, 172<sup>v</sup>.

The teacher, Vyāsatīrtha, died in A. D. 1339, see Aufrecht, Catalogus catalogorum, p. 619. Presumably this work was written in his life-time. For another MS. see Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 98b. Jayendra is of

course Jayatīrtha, whose Nyāyasudhā is a commentary on Ānandatīrtha's Brahmasūtrānuvyākhyāna.

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 172 + ii blank. The original foliation has 26 + 146 leaves.

Date: probably about A.D. 1650-1700, but possibly later.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the leaves have suffered somewhat from abrasion, most seriously in the case of ff. 132<sup>v</sup>, 133, 136<sup>v</sup>, 137, 148<sup>v</sup>, 149. There is a hole in f. 134.

### 984-ms. mill 29

#### Chāndogya Upaniṣad with the Mitākṣarā of Nityānandāśrama, A. D. 1833.

Contents: the Chandogya Upanisad, with the commentary called Mitākṣarā, by Nityānandāśrama, pupil of Purușottamāśrama. The prapāthakas are numbered 1, 4, 3, 6, 7, 6, 9, 10, the higher numbers referring to the two extra prapāthakas in the Chāndogya Brāhmana. The commentary begins on f. 1v: om nama i yo 'namto 'naṃtaśaktiḥ sṛjati jagad idaṃ pālayaty aṃtarātmā \ samviśyamte nipiya svakamahimagatah satyacinmūrtir āste i yo 'nugra sajanānām paramahitatamah pāpinām ugramūrttiķ i so 'smākam vāmchatāni pradišatu bhagavān ātmadaķ śrīnṛsiṃhaķ III II yanmūlapravahatpavitrapayasah samsevanād eva me i rāgadvesamadābhidhā grahagaņā nesuh sma samtāpinah i vatsamsārapariśramāpahadayā saṃśītalāmodabhāg vaṃde tat Purusottamāśramaguroļ pādāraviņdadvayam 11211 krtvā Chāmdogyanāmnyā Upanisadau vijnagaucarām tīkām t bhūyo 'lpabuddhigamyām Nityānamdo Mitākşarām *kuve* || || || ||

Prapāthaka 1 ends on f. 21°; 2, on f. 30; 3, on f. 42; 4, on f. 54; 5, on f. 66°; 6, on f. 74°; 7, on f. 81; 8, on f. 91°: iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīpurusottamāśramapūjyapādaśiṣyanityānamdāśramaviramcitāyām Mitākṣarāyām aṣṭamo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ 1 The colophon at the end of the text is: hari om tatsat iti daśamaḥ prapāṭhakaḥ 11011 Chamdogyam Upaniṣadam samāpta 1

The text is written in the centre of the page, the commentary at top and bottom. The MS. is probably all by one hand, though it varies in style, beginning on ff. 1-14 (cf. f. 66) with very large letters which slowly degenerate into small untidy characters. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines in a few leaves only, ff. 16-18, 23, 25, 27, 31-33, 35-37. It is occasionally corrected in yellow pigment.

Cf. Hṛśikeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 361; Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., II, 66, no. 1476, and MS. Sansk. c. 8 (985). See also Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 15.

Size:  $14 \times 8\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+91+ii blank.

Date: f. 91♥: saṃvat 1889 (= A. D. 1833) bhādau vadī 2 vāra 1

Scribe: f. 91v: Vṛsapati I Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 985-MS. Sansk. c. 8

#### Chandogya Upanisad with the Mitaksara of Nityanandasrama, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Chandogya Upanisad, with the commentary called Mitākṣarā, by Nityānandāśrama, pupil of Purusottamāśrama. The text (in the middle of the page) begins: om śriganeśaya namah 11 om ity etad akşaram udgitham upāsitom iti hy udgāyati tasyopavyākhyānam | &c. The commentary begins as in MS. Mill 29 (984); then follows: om ity etad akşaram udgītham upāsīteti om ity etad akşaram varņam udgītham udgīthabhaktyavayavam paramātmapratīkatvenopāsīta tallaksanayā tasya tadvišesanatve hetum āha om iti Prapāthaka I (but the text has trtīyah hīti | &c. prapāthakah) ends on f. 11; adhyāya (sic) 2, on f. 17; prapāthaka 3, on f. 25; 4, on f. 32<sup>v</sup>; adhyāya 5, on f. 41; adhyāya 6, on f.  $48^{\circ}$ ; prapāthaka 7, on f.  $55^{\circ}$ ; adhyāya 8, on f. 64<sup>v</sup>. In the text the prapāthakas are numbered from 3 to 10 instead of 1 to 8. End of the text: na ca punar āvaritate na ca punar āvaritate 11 15 11 Hari om tat sat iti dašamah prapāthakah 10 1 Chāmdogyam Upanişadam samāptāh II End of the commentary: dvirabhyāsa upanişadvidyāparisamāptyarthah II 15 II . . . iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśripuru șottamā śrama pūjya pāda śi șyanityā na mdā śramaviracitāyām Mitākşarāyām aşţamo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ II II

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size: 13×6 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 65.

Date: end of 18th or beginning of 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 986-MS. Wilson 477

#### Ānandatīrtha's Keneşitavākyabhāṣyaṭippaṇa, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Kenesitavākyabhāsyaṭippaṇa, being a commentary, by an author not named here, on Saṅkara's second commentary on the Kena Upaniṣad of the Sāmaveda, with the text of Saṅkara's commentary preceding

the tippana. It begins on f. 17: śriganeśaya namah 1 samāptam karmātmabhūtaprāņavişayam vijnānam 1 karma cānekaprakāram ı yayor vikalpasamuccayānusthānād daksinottarābhyām smṛtibhyām āvṛtyanāvṛttī bhavatah i The first part ends on f. 18v: iti śrīśamkarasya Talavakāropanişadabhāşyaţippaṇaṃ samāptaṃ t It continues with the tippana: Keneşitam ityādikām Sāmavedaśākhābhedabrāhmaņopanişadam padašo vyākhyāyāpi na tutoşa bhagavān bhāşyakāraḥ śārīrakair nyāyair anirņītatvārthad iti nyāyapradhānaih érutyarthasamgrāhakai vākhyair vyācikhyāsuh pūrvakāmdena sambanıdham abhidhitsuh pürvakāmdārtham samkşepato darsayati I samāptam iti I Khanda I ends on f. 31; 2, on f. 37; 3, on f. 47°. The whole ends on f. 48: satyakāmaķ svayamsiddhaķ sarvešo yaķ svašaktitāh I sa evāmtah pravisto 'ham upāsyah sarvadehinām II Keneşitavākyabhāşyaţippaņam samāptam I subham bhavatu 1

The MS. is rather inaccurate. There are lacunae marked on ff. 3, 23. For two other MSS. of this work see Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 135, and MS. Wilson 94 (2). It is printed as Sankara's Vākyabhāṣya in the Ānandāśrama ed., 1888, pp. 1-36, and the tippaṇa is assigned, correctly, to Ānandatīrtha.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+48+i blank.

Date: probably the MS. was written not much earlier than A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanagari.

# 987 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 106 Katha and Kena Upanisads, 17th cent. ?

Contents: two MSS. written by one hand.

1. The Katha Upanisad begins on f. 1v. The (6) vallis end on ff. 5v, 8v, 10, 12, 13v, 16. The colophon is: ity Atharvanīyeşu Upanisatsu Kāthakopanisadi Atharvavallī samāptā śrīgurunāthārpaṇam astu 1 cha 1

2. The Kena Upanisad begins on f.  $17^{V}$  and ends on f.  $22^{V}$ : iti Kenesitopanisa samāptā i subham astu i Rāma i It is written in a careful and formal style, different from that of the first part, but very probably by the same hand. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

Former owner: perhaps one Ranganatha, judging from f. 16v.

Size:  $6\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 22 + ii blank. The two pieces have 16+6 leaves in the original foliation.

Date: probably the end of the 17th cent. but possibly more recent.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: 1 has had its leaves somewhat torn, but they have been carefully mended with transparent paper.

# 988—MS, Sansk. c. 9

#### Taittiriya Upanisad with Commentaries, A.D. 1819.

Contents: the Taittiriya Upanisad, with the commentary of Sankaracarya, and the super-commentary by Anandatīrtha. The text of the Upanisad (beginning on f. 3<sup>v</sup>) is in the middle of the page, this is surrounded by Sankara's commentary, and this again by Anandatīrtha's gloss. Sankara's commentary begins (f. 17, 1. 6): om śriganeśaya namah u om yasmāj jātam jagat sarvam 1 &c. The super-commentary begins (f. 1 v, l. 1): om śriganeśaya namah 11 yat prakaśasukhabhinnam yan mamtreņa prakāsitam vivrttam vrāhmaņe tat syām adréyam vrahma nirbhayam u 1 11 F. 13V: ériéikṣāvallī samāptā i and iti śrītaitarībhāsyatipaņam prathamo 'dhyāyah II II F. 34 (Text): ity Upanisat Anamdavallī I (Sankara): param śreyo'syām nişannam iti samāptā Vallīt (Ānandatīrtha): sprņute eveti iti śrītaittirīyakaānamdavallibhāṣyaṭippaṇaṃ samāptam 1 The text ends (f. 39, 1. 6): tejasvi nāvadhītam astu mā vidvisāvahai om śānatih śāmtih śāmtih śrīviśveśvarāya namo namah samkhyā 1285.1 Sankara's bhāşya ends (f. 30, l. 8): yathoktam om iti śrigovimdabhagavatpūjyapādasisyasya paramahamsaparivrājakācāryaśamkarabhagavatah krtau taittirīyopanişadbhāşyo vivaraņam samāptam om tat sat vrahmane namah u Anandatirtha's tippana ends (f. 39, ll. 1, 10): sphuļārthavodhakāmebhyo niramāyi suțippaņam iti śrītaittirīyakabhāşyațippaņam samāptam om tat sat śrīśivāya namah samkhyā 770 l

Ed., Bibl. Ind., 1850; Anandāśrama Series, 1889. Translated best by Deussen, Sechzig Upanisads.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $13 \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+40.

Date: samvat 1875 (= A. D. 1819) virodhināmasamvatsare phālguņe māse suklapakse pūraņamāsyām guruvāsare samāptam:

Scribe: the scribe of this MS. is identical with that of MS. Sansk. c. 5.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 989-MS. Sansk. d. 47

#### Sāyaṇa's Commentary on the Taittirīya Upaniṣad, 18th cent.?

Contents: Sāyaṇācārya's Bhāṣya or commentary on the Sāṃhity Upaniṣad and Vāruṇy Upaniṣad of the Yajurāraṇyaka, i. e. on the Taittirīya Upaniṣad, or Taittirīya Āraṇyaka VII—IX.

It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II II yasmāj jātaṃ jagat sarvaṃ yasminn eva ca līyate yenedaṃ dhāryate caivatasmai jānātmane namaḥ II yairime gurubhiḥ pūrvaṃ padavākyaṃ pramāṇataḥ vyākhyātāḥ I &c. It ends: sā copaniṣacchabdavācyā I tacchabdanirvacanaṃ tu pūrvam eva prapaṃcitaṃ I eṣopaniṣat samāpteti vākyaśeṣaḥ II vedārthaṣya prakāśena I &c. II iti Sāyaṇācāryaviracitamādhavīye Vedārthaprakāśe Yajurāraṇyake Vāruṇyām Upaniṣadi Bhṛguvalyākhye tṛtīyo 'nuvākaḥ II Bhṛguvallī samāptā II śrīgurvarpaṇam astu II The Sāṃhity Upaniṣad ends on f. 64°. The text of the Upaniṣad is given in full throughout.

Ff. 1, 61<sup>b</sup>, 61<sup>c</sup>, 66, 143, 144 are supplied by a modern hand, and f. 2 is missing; ff. 61<sup>b</sup>, 61<sup>c</sup>, and f. 161<sup>b</sup> (numbered 62, and of smaller size) do not seem to belong to the work at all. The MS. is full of corrections.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 12). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iv) 'Benares no. 5.'

Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 169 + iii blank.

Date: the MS. seems to be fairly old, probably about A. D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 167 protected by transparent paper, a few letters lost.

#### 990-MS. Wilson 479

#### Mahānārāyaņa Upanişad, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Mahānārāyaṇa or Bṛhannārāyaṇa Upaniṣad, in the Atharva recension, of the Black Yajur-veda, corresponding to Taittirīya Āraṇyaka X, 1-64. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i oṃ saha nāv avatu i saha no bhunaktu i saha vīryaṃ karavāvahai tejasvināv adhītam astu mā vidviṣāvahai i oṃ śāṃtiḥ śāṃtiḥ śāṃtiḥ i aṃbhasy apāre bhuvanasya madhye nākasya pṛṣṭe mahato mahīyān i śukreṇa jyotīṃṣi samanupraviṣṭaḥ Prajāpatiś carati garbhe aṃtaḥ ii The text is fairly accurate. It ends on f. 39 with the same series of prayers as at the beginning. Very well edited with Nārāyaṇa's dīpikā by Colonel Jacob,

Bombay, 1888. Trans. by Deussen, Sechzig Upanisads. Cf. Weber, Ind. lit., p. 94.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 39 + i blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 991 (1-3)-MS. Sansk. c. 42 (R)

# Taittirīya and Mahānārāyaṇa Upaniṣads, 18th cent. ?

Contents: 1. Fragments of the Taittirīya Upaniṣad (ff.  $1-14^{\circ}$ ).

F. 1 = f. 2 of the original MS. containing 1, 3, 4 (m. hitāḥ 1 ya evam etā mahāsamhitā 1 &c.) to 1, 5, 1 (bhūr bhuvas su).

Ff. 2-3 = ff. 4-5 of the original MS. containing 1, 6, 2 (*śrotrapatir vijñānapatih* 1 &c.) to 1, 11, 3 (*praśvasitavyam* 1 *śraddha*).

Ff. 4-10=ff. 7-13 of the original MS. containing the beginning of 2, 1 (harih om brahmavid āpnoti param 1 &c.) to the end of 3, 1 (sa tapas taptvā 111).

Ff. 11-13 = ff. 15-17 of the original MS. containing the end of 3, 4 (tapotapyata sa tapahs taptvā 141 &c.) to 3, 10, 5 (etam mano).

F. 14=f. 19 of the original MS. begins: rasam saivāthāṣṭāviṃśatirasat ṣoḍaśa 1 &c.

The Taittirīya Upaniṣad ends (f. 14<sup>v</sup>): kurvvīta pṛthivyākāśa ekādaśaikādaśa na kaṃcanaikaṣaṣṭir ekāṃnaviṃśatir ekāṃnaviṃśatih II II oṃ II saha nāv avatu saha nau bhunaktu I saha vīryaṃ karavāvahai tejasvi nāvadhītam astu mā vidviṣāvahai I oṃ śāṃttiḥ śāṃttiḥ sāṃttiḥ II

2. Fragments of the Mahānārāyaṇa Upaniṣad (ff. 14<sup>v</sup>-41<sup>v</sup>).

It begins: om i ambhasy apāre bhuvanasya madhye nākasya prsthe mahato mahīyān i sukrena jyotīm samanupravistah Prajāpatis carati garbhe amtah i &c.

Ff. 14-16 = ff. 19-21 of the original MS. reaching to 2, 5 (sa no bandhur janitā sa vidhātā dhāmāni).

F. 17 = f. 23 of the original MS. containing 3, 14 (pracodayāt 1 tatpuruṣāya vidmahe, &c.) to 4, 1 (sarvvam haratu me pāpam dūrvā dusvapna).

Ff. 18-28 = ff. 26-36 of the original MS. beginning na pūtas tarate duṣkṛtāni i tena pavitreṇa śuddhena i &c. (end of 4, different from the edition: commentary?) ending samānalokatām āpnoti ya evaṃ vedety upaniṣat ii 15 ii (here ends the twelfth khaṇḍa in the edition) nidhanapataye namaḥ i nidhanapatāṃttikāya namaḥ i ūrdhvāya namaḥ i ūrdhvaaggāya namaḥ i hiraṃṇyāya namaḥ i

F. 29 = f. 38 of the original MS. begins: dhīmahi i tan no Rudrah pracodayāt i īšānah ssarvavidyānām īšvarah i &c. (i.e. 17, 5 in ed.), and ends: yasya vaikaṃka-

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tyagnihotrahavaņī bhavati pratyevāsyāhutayas tisthamty adho pratisthityai 1 26 U (12, 5 in ed.).

Ff. 30-33 = ff. 40-43 of the original MS. begins: bhyām i padbhyām adareņa śiśnā i &c. (14, 3 in ed.).
F. 33<sup>v</sup> ends: madhu devatābhyah i tasyā sate harayah saptatire svadhām (cf. 18, 8?)

Ff. 34-39=ff. 53-58 of the original MS. begins:  $y\bar{a}m$  prāne niviṣṇomṛtam juhomi | śraddhāyām apāne niviṣṇomṛtam juhomi | śraddhāyām vyāne | &c. (cf. 15, 9 and 16, 1 in ed.). F. 39\(^\nabla\) ends: svayaṃbhu prajāpatis saṃvatsara iti saṃvatsaro 'sāv ādi (i.e. 23, 1).

Ff. 40-41 = ff. 60-61 of the original MS. begins: bhūyo na mṛlyum upayāhi | &c. (= 24, 1).

The Mahānārāyaṇa Upaniṣad ends: etad vai jarāmaryam agnihotram satram ya evam vidvān udagayane
pramiyyate devānām eva mahimānam gatvā vitya sāyujyam gacchaty adha yo dakṣiṇe pramīyyate pitṛṇām eva
mahimānam gatvā camdramasa sāyujyam saśokatām
āpnoty etau vai sūryācamdramasor mahimānau brāṃhmano vidvān abhijayati tasmād braṃhmano mahimānam
āpnoti tasmād braṃhmāno mahimānam ity upaniṣat 11

The text differs considerably from Colonel Jacob's edition of this Upanisad.

3. F. 42 (marked f. 64) seems to contain a fragment of some Atharvana Upanisad. The leaf begins: vam ekam ekam aśītiķ || oṃ || Guṇādhipataye namaḥ || || || || || śubham astu avighnam astu śrīgurubhyo namaḥ || Hariḥ oṃ || bhadraṃ karṇṇebhiḥ śṛṇuyāma devāḥ || bhadraṃ paśyemākṣabhir yajatrāḥ || &c. to Bṛhaspatir dadātu || oṃ śāṃtti śāṃttiḥ || Then oṃ bhadraṃ karṇṇebhiḥ || &c. to Bṛhaspatir dadātu repeated. Then follows: āpam āpām apas sarvāḥ || asmād asmād ito 'mutaḥ || || || Agnir Vāyuś ca Sūryaś ca || sahasaṃ cca snararddhiyā || &c. As to the benediction cf. the beginning of the Nṛsiṃhatāpanī Upaniṣad (Bibl. Ind., 1871).

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 3 \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: palm leaves held together by two boards (string, two holes).

No. of leaves: 42.

Date: about the beginning of the 18th cent.?

Character: Telugu.

Injuries: a piece of f. 27 is broken off, and the margin of f. 41 is damaged.

#### 992 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 42 Rāghavendra's Commentary on the Īśā Upanisad, 19th cent.?

Contents: 1. F. 1, ll. 1-5, a fragment (the last five lines only) of the Talavakārārthasaṃgraha, a commentary on the Kena Upaniṣad, by Rāghavendra Yati.

It ends: pratitişthatīti dviruktir uktasarvāvadhāranārthā II II cha II II samastaguņapūrņāya doṣadūrāya Viṣṇave II nama śrīprāṇanāthāya bhaktābhīṣṭapradāyine II II iti śrīmattalavakārārthasaṃgraho 'yaṃ mayā kṛtaḥ Rāghaveṃdreṇa yatinā prīyatām tena Keśavah II

2. Ff. 1-5, the İśāvāsyopaniṣadarthasaṃgraha, a commentary on the İśā Upaniṣad, by Rāghavendra Yati. It begins: śrīvedavyāsāya namaḥ II śrīprāṇapatim ānamya pūrṇabodhādideśakān II İśāvāsyopaniṣadaḥ kariṣyāmy arthasaṃgrahaṃ II I II asyā upaniṣadaḥ svāyaṃbhuvo Manuḥ ṛṣiḥ yajñanāmā Harir devatā anuṣṭapādi yathāyogyaṃ chaṃdo jñeyaṃ I . . . īśeti I yat kiṃca jagad idaṃ tat sarvaṃ pravṛtyarlham ātmanīṣśāvāsyaṃ I &c.

It ends: vayam tu te tubhyam bhūyistām te bhakti-jñānopetām namaüktim nama ity uktim vidhema kurmah II II na tu tat pratikarttum šaknuma iti II II samastaguņa...°pradāyine II II Šāvāsyopanisado bhāsyādyuktārtha-samgrahah II Rāghavemdrena yatinā kṛto 'yam śisya-yācnayā II Fol. 5° is blank.

Another MS. of this commentary will be found in MS. Wilson 484 (1012), ff. 23-28. It has been printed, Kumbakonam, n. d.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 42. Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 5 + xxxviii blank.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 993—MS. Mill 108 Brhadāraņyaka Upanisad, A.D. 1793.

Contents: the Brhadaranyaka Upanisad, being the seventeenth book of the Satapatha Brahmana in the Kānva recension. The six adhyāyas of which it consists are numbered 3-8 (except 6 and 8), as is usual, in imitation of the Madhyandina recension in which this Upanisad forms prapathakas 3 to 7 of Book XIV. Cf. MS. Wilson 485 (994). Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: its (6) brāhmaņas end on ff. 2, 4, 9, 15, 21, 22. The (6) brāhmaņas of adhyāya 2 end on ff. 26v, 27v, 29, 32, 36<sup>v</sup>, 38. The (9) brāhmaņas of adhyāya 3 end on ff. 41,  $42^{v}$ ,  $43^{v}$ ,  $44^{v}$ , 45, 46,  $51^{v}$ ,  $54^{v}$ , 62. The (5) brāhmaņas of adhyāya 4 end on ff. 67, 68°, 77°, 84, 92. The (15) brāhmaņas of adhyāya 5 end on ff. 92°, 93, 93°, 93°, 94, 95, 95, 95°, 95°, 96, 96°, 97, 99<sup>v</sup>, 100. The (5) brāhmaņas of adhyāya 6 end on ff. 102, 108, 109<sup>v</sup>, 114, 117<sup>v</sup>. But in this case the leaves have been wrongly arranged. The proper order would be: ff. 101, 112-119, 110, 111, 102-109. The MS. is very incorrect and carelessly written. Ff. 50, 50 are blank. Another brahmana should be marked on f. 94

to complete the total. F. 120 contains benedictions by the scribe. According to a note on f. 1 the MS. was 'copied and translated from an original one in Cashmiry Language.' This seems very improbable, and one would rather expect 'transliterated,' which would be some excuse for the inaccuracy of the MS.

Former owner: from notes on the inside of the cover and on f. I it appears that the MS. was presented by Col. Claud Martin to Sir William Jones on Feb. 2, 1793. There are a few manuscript notes by Sir William Jones in the MS. The book passed into the hands of S. H. Lewin in 1831, who in 1838 presented it to W. H. Mill, D. D. Cf. MS. Mill 109 (1007).

Bound as MS. Mill 109 (1007). The leaves are arranged as in an English book.

Size:  $5\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+120+ii blank. In the original the leaves were apparently numbered 1-50 and 1-70, but the latter series has been corrected, and, as noted above, the leaves have been bound in wrong order.

Date: probably A. D. 1793, when it was copied (f. 1) from a MS. in Colonel Martin's possession. The copyist writes on f. 120: om samvat 67 1 om phālgunavadidvitīyasyām paratah trtīyasyām bhaume samāpto 'yam Vrhadāranyakaüpanisat likhitam samāptam 1 The Bodl. catal., p. 394a, equates this with samvat 1767 (= A. D. 1711), but clearly this is the date, in the era of Kashmir, of the writing of the original MS. As usual the thousands and hundreds are omitted, so that the date is indeterminate, cf. Bühler, Report, pp. 59, 60; possibly A. D. (17)92.

Scribe: no name is given, but there can be very little doubt, in view of the similarity of writing, origin, &c., that the scribe was Lālaka, see MS. Mill 109 (1007).

Character: Devanāgarī, transcribed from Sarada (?).

#### 994-MS. Wilson 485

#### Brhadaranyaka Upanişad, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the sixth adhyāya of the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad, in the Kāṇva śākhā with accents. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 25. Its contents correspond to the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, Book XIV, from prapāṭhaka 5, brāhmaṇa 8, to prapāṭhaka 6, brāhmaṇa 3, in the Mādhyandina śākhā. It is fairly accurately written. The accents are added in red ink.

The MS. is rightly described by Weber, Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, p. xi, as belonging to the Kāṇva śākhā. The Bodl. catal., p. 385a, says M. Ş. by a slip.

The numbering of it as 6, when it is really the fourth adhyāya is an imitation of the Mādhyandina practice.

Size:  $7\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i + 25 + i blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1650. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 995-ms. Mill 64

S'ankara's Brhadāranyakabhāsya, A.D. 1511.

Contents: the Brhadaranyakabhasya of Sankaracārya, being a commentary on the Brhadāranyaka Upanisad. It consists of six adhyayas numbered 3-8, see MSS. Mill 68, 69 (998). Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 78. Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 78, its fourth brahmana ends on f. 118v, and the text breaks off in the middle of the fifth brahmana on f. 124v. begins again with the end of the fourth brāhmaṇa of adhyāya 4, which ends on f. 126. The adhyāya ends on f. 131; adhyāya 5, on f. 146; adhyāya 6, on f. 162v: iti śrīgovimdabhagavatpūjyapādaśisyasya paramahamsaparivrājakācāryasya Samkarabhagavatah krtāyām Vrhadāraņyakaţīkāyām aşţamo 'dhyāyah samāptah 1 This commentary has been edited by E. Röer, Bibl. Ind., 1849, and, Anandāśrama Series, 1891, cf. on MS. Wilson 279 (998).

The text is accurate and fairly well written. It is bounded on either side by two black lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 31, 43<sup>v</sup>, 65<sup>v</sup>, 89<sup>v</sup>, 150<sup>v</sup>. On the back of a printed page of a Sanskrit translation of the New Testament Dr. Mill has written (see page attached to f. 1) 'Vrihad-āranyaka-tīkā by Sancara Āćārya, wanting 100 leaves from f. 124 to f. 225 where the newspaper is inserted, to be supplied from copies in Calcutta.'

Former owners: f. 1: (1) duve śrīśrīkīkāmahādevasya pustakam i Upanīṣadabhāṣya Saṃkara i Cf. f. 162°. (2) śrīmadviṣṇubhaṭṭānāṃ pustakam idaṃ Bṛhadāraṇyakabhāṣyasya i

Size:  $11\frac{3}{9} \times 6\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 162 + ii blank. Exactly 100 leaves have been passed over, viz. 126-225 in the original, and f. 2 is missing, so that the original counts 263 leaves.

Date: f. 162<sup>v</sup>: svasti saṃvat 1567 (= A. D. 1511) āṣāḍhavadi 12 some 1 The original reading was mārgašīrṣa, but it has been corrected by the first hand.

Scribe: f. 1627: adiha śrīgirapure māhārāyoraülaśrīudisamvvavijarājye \ Sīrapuravāstavyam \ ābhyamtaranāgarajñātibhaṭaśrībhīlāputrapautrapaṭhanārtham \ ābhyaṃtaranāgarajñātipaṃḍyāsivāsutarāmaiyā 'likhi-tam \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 2 is lost, and ff. 126-225.

#### 996-MSS. Mill 68, 69

Sureśvara's Brhadāraņyakabhāsyavārttika, 17th cent.? and A. D. 1835.

Contents: the Bṛhadāraṇyakabhāṣyavārttika of Sureśvarācārya, pupil of Sankarācārya, being a paraphrase of Sankara's bhāṣya on the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad in ślokas, complete. The work is divided into six adhyāyas, which are numbered 3-8 respectively in imitation of the Mādhyandinas, see Weber, Catal., I, 47, but cf. Ind. Lit., p. 119 note.

68 contains adhyāya 3 and most of 4. Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: om brahmaņe namaḥ 1 svāvidyāvibhavaprasūtavipuladvaitaprapamcāhispasṭabhrāmtitirohitātmamatayo yam bhāgaśo manvate 1 nirbhāgam sakalābhidhānamananavyāpāvadīnasthitam vamde namditaviśvam avyayam ajambhaktyā tam ekamvibhum 1111 yām Kānvopaniṣachalena sakalāmnāyārthasamśodhinīm samcakrur guravo nuvṛttagurubo vṛttim satām śāmtaye 1 arthāviṣkaraṇam kutārkikakṛtāśamkāsamuchit tadā tasyā nyāyasamāśritena va vacasā prakramyate leśataḥ 112 11 It ends on f. 231: iti śrīvārttikakrameṇa tṛtīyo dhyāyaḥ 1 catvāry eva sahasrāṇi ślokānām dve śete tathā 1 ślokaḥ pamcadaśāny eva tṛtīyasyaiva saṃgrahaḥ 115 11 Mitra, Notices, I, 2, mentions another MS. of this adhyāya.

Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 231: śrīgaņeśāya namah l tadedam ity avijñātapratyaktatvād idam jagat l rajvām sarppādivaj jātam nāmarūpakriyātmakam II II It ends on f. 9 of 69: gramthā mitāh sahasrārddhe ślokāh saptadaśāpare l ślokasamkhyā tu vijñeyā caturthādhyāyavārttike l iti śrīvārttike caturtho'dhyāyah samāptah l

69 contains adhyāyas 5-8. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 9: śrīyaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 samāpto madhukāṇḍārtho Yājñavalkīyakāṇḍagaḥ 1 ataḥ paraṃ prayatnena śrutyā vyākhyāyate sphuṭaḥ 11 It ends on f. 82♥: iti śrīmachaṃkarabhagavatpādavṛhadāraṇyakabhāṣyasya vārttike prasthāne paṃcamo 'dhyāyaḥ 1 trayodaśaiva jñeyāni paṃcame 'smin samāsataḥ 1 śatāni vārttikagraṃthe ṣaṣṭhe vakṣyāmy ataḥ paraṃ 11

Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 82 and ends on f. 269 etāvān upadeśah syād vede śreyo rthinām nṛṇām i kṛtakṛtyo bhavet kṣipram etat jñātvānuśāsanam ii trisahasrī tayā paṃca śatāny atra samāsatah i catvāriṃśat tathā ślokāh ṣaṣṭhādhyāyasya vārttike ii cha i iti ṣaṣṭho dhyāyah i

Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 260: samāptam Yājūavalkī- | have been torn and are mended with paper.

yam kāmdam aikātmyanistītam i khilakāmdam athedānīm yathāvad upavarnyate ii It ends on f. 276°: iti śrīmatparamahasaparīvrājakācāryaśrīsuddhānamdapūjyapādaśiṣyakāśikāyām saptamo 'dhyāyah i

Adhyāya 8 begins on f. 276v: samāptah saptamo 'dhyāyah prāptāv ata ucyate 1 astamah khilakāmde 'smin pūrvakāmdeśv anuktitah 11 It ends on f. 298: iti dvādaśasāhasrīvārtikāmṛtam īrītam 1 Kānvāranyakabhāsyasya Sāmkarasya samāsatah 11 cha 1

The MS. falls into three parts according to the hands: part 1, 68, ff. 1-63, 69, ff. 176-298, probably by the same hand; part 2, 68, ff. 64-307, 69, ff. 1-81, apparently by one hand; part 3, 69, ff. 82-175. The nucleus of the MS. is formed by the second part; on 68, f. 65 is written in pencil (by Mill?) 'Vrihadaranyakabhasya wanting 67 first pages and first adhyaya. F. 64 has been prefixed to this, but its contents are included in the new part of 63 leaves which make up the first brāhmaņa, not adhyāya. The original part has been much corrected by a later hand, verses being frequently added. It is fairly accurate, whereas the rest of the MS. is very inaccurate. Lacunae are constantly marked; in ff. 252-298 of 69 every page has some, usually very serious, lacunae. In part 2 the text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 34 sq.

Ed., Anandāśrama Series, 1892-1894.

Size:  $11 \times 6\frac{1}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 68 = ii + 307 + ii blank. 69 = ii + 298 + ii blank. Originally part 2 was foliated from 67 to 385, but the numbers after 195 ran 193, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 195, 196, 197, 199, 200, &c. It has been corrected by a later hand to 64-389 so as to continue the foliation of part 1, the rest is numbered continuously up to 605.

Date: no date is given for part 2, probably it was written about A.D. 1700. The other parts must be of the same date. That of part 1 is given on f. 298 of 69: śrīsaṃvat 1891 (= A.D. 1835) jesṭasudi 15 vāraśani!

Scribe: no name is given for those of parts 1 or 3. For part 2 we have on f. 231 of 68: laṣītaṃ Viśvanātha 1 On f. 9 of 69: likhitaṃ Rājarāgena mahācaṃcakarūpiṇā 1 pustaṃ śastaṃ samastaṃ hi caturthādhyāyasāṃjūakaṃ 11 11 These two notices perhaps refer to the same man, as apparently the handwriting of both the parts done is identical, or perhaps Viśvanātha is the patron.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 292-307 of 68; ff. 1-7, 39-82 of 69 have been torn and are mended with paper.



#### 997-MSS. Mill 87-40

#### Anandatīrtha's S'āstraprakāśikā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the S'āstraprakāśikā of Ānandatītha (A. D. 1118—1198), being a commentary on Sureśvara's Bṛhadāraṇyakabhāṣyavārttika, which is a metrical paraphrase of Sankara's commentary on the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad, see MSS. Mill 68, 69 (996).

37 contains the commentary on adhyayas 1 and 2. Adhyāya ı begins on f. 1v: om namah Purusottamāya ı om sväjnänodbhūtabhūtapramukhabahumukhadvaitadehadvayodyanmātrtvādiprapamcayaparicayaprātyasamsārayamtram \ netyājyāsaprasūtaprabalamatibalaprāstamohaprabhāvaprotthapratyarthisārthadyutikatham akatham dhāmakāmam prapadye II It ends, without a formal colophon, on f. 169v. This adhyaya is written by a scribe very ignorant of Sanskrit. Lacunae are very frequently marked, especially at the beginning. Adhyaya 2 begins on f. 171v: om namo bhagavate śrīvāsudevāya i viyadādi jagajjātam jātam ajñānato yatah I tad asmi nāmarūpehā virahi vrahma nirbhayam II evam upanisadārambhe sthite prathamikabrāhmaņayor avāmtaratātparyam āha i tatreti i It ends on f. 353°, without a colophon, with the sentence: pratīco 'pi svajnānotthajagati pravešah i prārtha i This adhyāya is written out carefully by a different hand from adhyāya 1, but even here the MS. is full of errors.

89 contains only the commentary on adhyāya 3. It begins on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śrīkṛṣṇaparam ātmane namah i om sākṣād evāparokṣām yad ānamda-jñānam advayam i amṛtam tad aham brahma sarvāsyāpi parāyaṇam ii āgamapradhānam mādhukāmḍam vyā-khyāya yuktipradhānam munikhāmḍam avatitarāyiṣuh saṃgatim āha samāpta iti i It ends on f. 471°: siddham i Vārttikāmṛtasarvvasvam āsvādayitum ichavah i Ānamdagirisambhūtām samupādhram Sarasvātīm (!) ii iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryyaśrīśuddhānaṃdapūjyapādaśiṣyeṇa bhagavadānaṃdajñānena kṛtāyām Sureśvaravārttikaṭīkāyām Sāstraprakāśikāyām tṛtīyo 'dhyāyaḥ i Written by the same hand as adhyāya 2.

38 contains the commentary on adhyāyas 4, 5. Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah 1 satyaṃ satyasya yad brahma mūrttāmūrttavilakṣaṇaṃ 1 cidekatānaṃtad aham apūrvānaparātmakaṃ 11 tṛtīye 'dhyāye sūtrītavidyāvidyayor avidyā prapaṃcitā saṃprati vidyāṃ prapaṃcayituṃ caturtham adhyāyam ārabhamāṇo vṛttaṃ (?) kīrttayati 1 It ends on f. 153: tad anenādhyāyena brahmavidyāsūtraṃ brāhmaṇapaṃcakena prapaṃcitaṃ vidyāviṣasya madhukāṃdasyotprekṣitatvaśaṃkāpi parākṛtā bhavati 1 iti śrīmatparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryaśrīśuddhānaṃdaśiṣyabhagavatānūmdājñā

nakrtāyām (!) Sureśvaravārttikaţīkāyām Sāstraprakāśikāyām caturtho 'dhyāyah I śubham astu I śrīrāmakṛṣṇāya i Written by the same hand as adhyāya 2. Adhyāya 5 begins on f. 154: madhukāmdasyāpi tatpradhānatvam ity āśaṃkyāha i āgameti i katham asyopapattipradhānatety ata āha i āgameti i tarhi yuktyapekşatvād āgamasyānapekşatvalakşanapramānyakşatis tatrāha na ceti I A later hand has written in the beginning of adhyāya 3 on the margin presumably by way of explanation. It ends on f. 287: ojñānābhāve 'pi svāpe sukhānubhavād anatiśayānaṃdacidekatānaṃ vastu siddham ity arthah i iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīsuddhānamdapūjyapādaśisyabhagavadānamdajñānaviracitasuresvaravārttikaţīkāyām pamcamo 'dhyāyah 11511 Written by the same hand as adhyāya 2.

40 contains the commentary on adhyāyas 6, 7, 8. Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 1♥: om namaḥ śrīyajñapuruṣāya 1 pūrvasmin brāhmaņe kāryakāraņasamghātātiriktasyātmanah svayamiyotişo 'vasthatrayatītasya vidyakamanirmuktasyānatiśayānamdasyāpi 1 &c. It ends on f. 125: iti śriśuddhānamdapūjyapādaśişyenānamdajñānena racitāyām Sūreśvaravārttikaţīkāyām Sāstraprakāśikāyām şaştyo 'dhyāyah 11611 Written by the same hand as Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 126v: o namaķ adhyāya 2. śriganeśāya i om śripuruşottamāya namah i om asti pratyagupādhivarqyavidhunam śuddham param bhāsvaram punyānamdam apāstabhedavibhavam brahmeti nirjāāyate 1 It ends on f. 266 without a formal colophon. Adhyaya 8 begins on f. 267v: om namo Ganapataye 1 om pūrvasminn adhyāye brahmātmajñānam savişayam sāmgopāmgam vādanyāyenoktamm idānīm vṛttam anūdya samgatim vadavamn kāmdāmtanam pātayati samāptam iti | It ends on f. 311, but the last words are mutilated, though the original clearly had the usual colophon. This adhyaya, and ff. 223-266 of the preceding one, are written by a different hand from the rest of adhyāyas 2-7, perhaps by the same hand as adhyāya 1. As in that adhyāya, lacunae are very frequently marked, and the text is most incorrect. Perhaps the whole was copied from a Jaina MS.

The commentary is very prolix, and fully as worthless as the work itself. See Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 35; Hṛṣīkeśa, *Sansk. Coll. catal.*, III, 64. Edited by Kāśīnātha Sastrin Agase, Poona, 1892—1894.

Size:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, water-marked 'Jardel Leroque père.'

No. of leaves: 87 = ii + 353 + ii blank; 89 = ii + 471 + ii blank; 88 = ii + 289 + ii blank; 40 = ii + 311 + 471 + ii

ii blank. In the original each adhyāya is foliated separately, the eight having 169+183+471+153+135+125+158+26 leaves.

Date: the paper appears not to be dated, but the MS. must have been written between A. D. 1830-1850. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 998-MS. Wilson 279

#### Anandatīrtha's Brhadāraņyakabhāşyaṭīkā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Brhadaranyakabhasyatika of Anandatīrtha or Ānandagiri, being a commentary on Sankarācārya's commentary on the Brhadāranyaka. MS. contains only adhyāyas 3 and 4, which really correspond to adhyāyas 1 and 2 of the Kānva recension; this style of enumeration, which is peculiar, is conjectured by Weber, Catal., I, 47, to be due to a desire to imitate the Madhyandina school, in whose arrangement the Upanisad forms prapathakas 3-7 of the fourteenth book of the Satapatha Brahmana. third adhyaya begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 245. The fourth adhyaya begins on f. 246v and ends on The text is very neatly written, but only f. 357. fairly accurate. The Brhadaranyaka Upanisad, with Sankara's commentary and the gloss of Anandagiri, has been edited by Röer (Bibl. Ind., 1849), by Jīvānanda Vidyāsagara (1875), and by Agase in the Anandāśrama Series, 1891. As usual, Anandagiri is called Anandajñana in the colophon.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{9} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 357 + ii blank. In the original the adhyāyas are foliated separately, the first having 245, the second 113 leaves (f. 106 is missing).

Date: the MS. belongs probably to about the end of the 18th cent.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: of part 2, f. 106 is missing.

#### 999-ms. mill 92

#### Dvivedaganga's Mukhyārthaprakāsikā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Mukhyārthaprakāśikā, being a commentary on the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad in the Mādhyandina recension, by Dvivedagaṇga, son of Dvivedanārāyaṇa. Extracts from this work are printed in Weber's Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, pp. 1109-1176, the opening section in full. In the MS. prapāthaka 1 begins on f. 1°; its (4) brāhmaṇas end on ff. 17, 41, 64, 66°. The (7) brāhmaṇas of prapāṭhaka 2 end on ff. 77, 80°, 84, 92°, 100°, 107°, 112. The (9) brāhmaṇas of prapāṭhaka 3 end on ff. 115, 118°, 120°, 122, 127°, 134°, 150, 154°, 160°. The (17) brāhmaṇas of

prapāṭhaka 4 end on ff. 197°, 235, 239, 241°, 243°, 245, 246°, 248, 251°, 252, 253, 254, 254°, 255°, 256, 258, 260. The (5) brāhmaņas of prapāṭhaka 5 end on ff. 269°, 288°, 295, 304, 322°.

The MS. is very carefully written and accurate. Ff. 215-221 seem to be by a different hand from the rest. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. At the end of the colophon is written: brahma satyam jagan mithyā jīvo brahmaiva nāparaḥ i iti yo veda vedāṃtaiḥ sa mukto nātra saṃśayaḥ i There are a good many lacunae marked, especially on ff. 81-98.

For the MS. cf. Weber, l. c., p. xiii. The Berlin MS. (Catal., I, 46) is merely a copy of this.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 322 + ii blank.

Date: the date and name of the scribe have been erased; probably the MS. is of the 18th cent.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1000-MS. Sansk. c. 6

Nityānandāśrama's Commentary on the Brhadāranyaka Upaniṣad, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Mitākṣarā, a commentary on the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad, by Nityānandāśrama, pupil of Puruṣottamāśrama. Adhyāyas 3-8 only.

It begins as in MS. Mill 29 (984). F. 3: iti Vrhadāranyakavyākhyāyām Mitākşarāyām tṛtīyādhyāyasya prathamam vrāhmanam 1 F. 26: iti śrīparamahamsaparibrājakācāryaśrī purusottamā śrama pūjya pāda śi syanityā nandāśramakrtāyām Vrhadāranyakavyākhyāyām Mitākṣarāyām tṛtīyo 'dhyāyah 11 Adhyāya 4 ends on f. 38; 5, on f. 55; 6, on f. 73; 7, on f. 81v. End (f. 96v): iti śrīvrhadāraņyakavyākhyāyām Mitākşarāyam aştamadhyayasya pamcamam vrahmanam 115 11 samāpto 'yam gramthah yah sadbhūtilayas trikāmdakaşadadhyāyaprabhedasphuratskamdhah satyadapallavālivilasacchākhāmayavrāhmaņah vrahmātmuikaphala h suvākyakusumo vaņšālavālāņvubhāk saņsevyah satataņ vudhaih sa Vrhadāranyakākhyadrumah 11 11 bhāsyavārttikakṛt ṭīkāmaṃthanyāraṇyakaṃdadhi vimathya vuddhirajjvedam navanītam samuddhṛtam 🛚 🗷 🗀 namas tasmai bhagavate yatah sarvam idam jagat jāyate pālyate yena hriyate Haraye namah 11511 iti Vrhadāranyakaţīkāpustakam samāptam subham astu Sīvāya namo 'stu 11

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size: 13 × 6 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+97.

Date: end of 18th or beginning of 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1001—MS. Sansk. d. 45 Gopīcandana Upaniṣad, A. D. 1750.

Contents: the Gopicandana Upanisad of the Atharva-veda.

It ends: etat sambhogasambhūtam camdanam gopīcamdanam iti 11 2 11 11 ity Atharvavede Gopīcamdanopaniṣat ṣaṣṭitamaḥ (sic) samāptaḥ 11 Ed. by Jacob, Eleven Ātharvana Upaniṣads, Bombay, 1891.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 9).

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 4 + xv blank.

Date: śriśake 1672 (= A. D. 1750) phalgunavadī agurau astamyām likhitam idam pustakam.

Scribe: Umāpati.
Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1002-MS. Sansk. c. 45

Kaivalya Upanisad, with Commentary, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Kaivalya Upanisad, belonging to the Atharva-veda, together with the Dīpikā or commentary of Sankarānanda.

It begins: oṃ śivāya namaḥ bhadraṃ karaṇebhiḥ śṛṇuvāma devā bhadraṃ paśyemākṣabhir yyajatrāḥ sthirairaṅgas tuṣṭavāṃsas tanūbhi vyasemahi devahitaṃ yad
āyuḥ NIN svasti na Indro vṛddhaśravāḥ svasti naḥ Pūṣā
viśvavedāḥ svasti nas tārakṣo ariṣṭanemiḥ svasti no
Vṛhaspatir ddadhātu naḥ N2N oṃ N śāṃtiḥ śāṃtiḥ śāṃtiḥ
Kaivalyākhyopaniṣadaṃ kaivalyārthāvabodhinīṃ vyākhyāsye kevas tena kaivalyātmā prasīdatu NIN bhagavatī
śrutiḥ N&C. (See Ātharvaṇa Upaniṣads, ed. by Rāmamaya
Tarkaratna, pp. 465-479.) The text begins: athāśvalāyano bhagavaṃtaṃ (°vato pr. m.) parameṣṭinaṃ parisametyovāca N&C.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 6). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. 11) 'Benares no. 11.'

Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 9 + xv blank.

Date: according to appearance quite modern.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1003-MS. Sansk. e. 44\*

#### Mandalabrāhmaņa Upaniṣad, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Mandalabrahmana Upanisad, in twenty-four small sections, accented by means of the horizontal stroke beneath the line.

It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah I yad etan mamdalam tapati tan mahad uktham tā rcah sa rcām loko 'tha yad I &c. It ends: so 'mrto bhavati mrtyur hy asyātmā bhavati II 23 II neva vā 'idam agre sad āsīn neva sad āset II I 4 II iti Mamdalabrāhmanam I

This is evidently the same work as the Mandala-brāhmaņa Upaniṣad described by Mitra, Notices, no. 682, II, 100; Winternitz, R. A.S. catal., p. 26. It is identical with Satapatha Brāhmaņa, X, 5, 2.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 17).

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 13.

Date: probably end of 18th cent.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1004—MS. Sansk. d. 11

S'ankara's Āgamaśāstravivaraņa, A. D. 1706.

Contents: the Agamaśāstravivaraņa, i.e. a commentary on the Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣad and the Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣat Kārikās of Gauḍapāda, by Saṅkarācārya. The text of Gauḍapāda's Kārikās is also given in full.

It begins: śrīgurusaccidānamdāya namah II II prajnānāmsupratānaih sthi [raca, sec. m.] ranikaravyāpibhir vyāpya lokān bhuktvā bhogān sthavisthān punar
api dhisanodbhāsitān kāmajanyān II &c. F. 17 · śrīgovimdabhagavatpūjyapādasisyasya paramahamsaparivrājakācāryasya Samkarubhagavatah kṛtāv Āgamaśāstravivarane prathamaprakaranam Māmdūkyavyākhyānam samāptam II F. 27 · iti . . . Āgamaśāstravivarane
dvitīyam prakaranam vaitathyākhyam samāptam II
F. 44 · iti . . . Āgamaśāstravivarane 'dvaitākhyam
tṛtīyam prakaranam samāptam II

It ends (f.  $66^{\circ}$ ): iti . . .  $\bar{A}$ gamašāstravivaraņe alātašāmtākhyam caturthaprakaraņam samāptam u

There are numerous corrections both in the text and on the margins.

The MS. seems to agree closely with the edition of the work in the Anandāśrama Series, 1890.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+67.

Date: śrisamvat 1762 (= A. D. 1706) śrāvaņaśuddha 3 bhaume 1

Scribe: S'rīdhara Raghunātha, who wrote it śrīvīreśvarasamnidhau (either 'in the presence of Vīreśvara,
i. e. Siva,' he being a devout Saiva, or 'in the presence
of (his Guru) Vīreśvara' or, most probably, 'in the
vicinity of a temple of Siva').

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1005-MS. Wilson 469

Änandatīrtha's Gaudapādabhāşyatīkā, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Gaudapādabhāṣyaṭīkā of Ānandatīrtha, being his commentary on Sankarācārya's commentary on the Māṇdūkya Upaniṣad, and Gaudapāda's

Kārikās thereon. See MS. Wilson 87 (1009), part 1. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 75. The (4) sections end on ff. 24, 37, 54, 75. The whole ends on f. 75: iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīśuddhānamdapūjyapādaśişyabhagavānamdojñānakṛtāyām Gauḍapādabhāşyatīkāyām caturthah prakaraņam samāptam i om tatsatbrahmārpaņam astu I

The text is bounded on either side by two red or black lines. There are numerous corrections in yellow pigment.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i + 75 + i blank.

Date: the paper and writing seem fully as old as A. D. 1650.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 63 is torn up the middle.

# 1006 (1-70)—MS. Sansk. c. 1 Upanisads, about A. D. 1848.

Contents: seventy Upanisads, all of which also occur in the collection of 'Upanisads known to the Andhrika Pandits, and procured by Sir Walter Elliot, in Telingana, in the years 1850-1851.' (See J. A. S. B., XX, 607.) As these have been very elaborately catalogued by Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 116-133, it will be sufficient to give the names of the Upanisad with references to the corresponding numbers in Eggeling.

- 1. Ff. 1-12, the Kauşītaki Upanişad, Eggeling, no. 66.
- 2. Ff. 13-30, the Gopālapūrvatāpanīya, ibid., no. 113.
- 3. Ff. 33-43, the Gopālottaratāpanīya, ib., no. 114.
- 4. Ff. 45-68, the Tripurātapana, ibid., no. 98.
- 5. Ff. 69-71, the **Tripura**, ibid., no. 100.
- 6. Ff. 73, 74, the Skanda, ibid., no. 56.
- 7. Ff. 77-97, the Darsana, ibid., no. 108.
- 8. Ff. 99-101, the Vajrasūcikā, ibid., no. 41.
- 9. Ff. 103-106, the Atmabodha, ibid., no. 47.
- 10. Ff. 107-110, the Amrtanada, ibid., no. 25.
- 11. Ff. 111-132, the Paingala, ibid., no. 77.
- 12. Ff. 133-137, the Nirālamba, ibid., no. 39.
- 13. Ff. 141–155, the Citi (= Taitt. Ar. III), ibid., no. 60.
- 14. Ff. 156-210, the Taittirīya, ibid., no. 11.
- 15. Ff. 213-221, the Adhyātma, ibid., no. 91.
- 16. Ff. 223-228, the Advaitārka, ibid., no. 70.
- 17. Ff. 229-235, the Akşamālikā, ibid., no. 85.
- 18. Ff. 237-243, the Aksi, ibid., no. 90.
- 19. Ff. 245-280, the Annapūrņa, ibid., no. 88.
- 20. Ff. 281-292, the Avadhūta, ibid., no. 97.
- 21. Ff. 293, 294, the Bahvrea, ibid., no. 126.
- 22. Ff. 295-308, the Bhasmajābāla, ibid., no. 105.
- 23. Ff. 309-312, the Bhāvanā, ibid., no. 102.

- 24. Ff. 313, 314, the Bhiksuka, ibid., no. 78.
- 25. Ff. 315-334, the Brhajjābāla, ibid., no. 30.
- 26. Ff. 335-338, the Daksinamurti, ibid., no. 54.
- 27. Ff. 339-343, the Dattatreya, ibid., no. 120.
- 28. Ff. 345-348, the Devi, ibid., no. 99.
- 29. Ff. 349, 350, the Ekākṣara, ibid., no. 87.
- 30. Ff. 351-353, the Ganapati, ibid., no. 107.
- 31. Ff. 355-358, the Hayagrīva, ibid., no. 119.
- 32. Ff. 359-361, the Jābāla, ibid., no. 59.
- 33. Ff. 363, 364, the Kalisamtarana, ibid., no. 122.
- 34. Ff. 365-370, the Katha, ibid., nos. 3, 4.
- 35. Ff. 371-373, the Kṛṣṇa, ibid., no. 115.
- 36. Ff. 375-378, the Kundinaka, ibid., no. 92.
- 37. Ff. 379-434, the Mahāvākya, ibid., no. 128.
- 38. Ff. 435, 436, the Mahāvākya, ibid., no. 110.
- 39. Ff. 437-444, the Maitrāyanīya, ibid., no. 28.
- 40. Ff. 445-455, the Mandalabrahmana, ib., no. 53.
- 41. Ff. 457, 458, the Mantrikā, ibid., no. 37.
- 42. Ff. 459-463, the Mudgala, ibid., no. 75.
- 43. Ff. 465-480, the Muktikā, ibid., no. 127.
- 44. Ff. 481-528, the Nāradaparivrājaka, ib., no. 48.
- 45. Ff. 529-531, the Nirvana, ibid., no. 52.
- 46. Ff. 533-538, the Parabrahma, ibid., no. 96.
- 47. Ff. 539-542, the Pancabrahma, ibid., no. 111.
- 48. Ff. 543-545, the Paramahamsa, ibid., no. 23.
- 49. Ff. 547-553, the Rahasya, ibid., no. 58.
- 50. Ff. 555-573, the Rāmarahasya, ibid., no. 71.
- 51. Ff. 575-578, the S'rīrudrahrdaya, ibid., no. 103.
- 52. Ff. 579-585, the Rudrajābāla, ibid., no. 106.
- 53. Ff. 587-609, the S'āṇḍilya, ibid., no. 76.
- 54. Ff. 611-615, the S'arabha, ibid., no. 55.
- 55. Ff. 617-623, the Sarasvatīrahasya, ib., no. 125.
- 56. Ff. 625-627, the S'ārīraka, ibid., no. 80.
- 57. Ff. 629-634, the S'ātyāyanīya, ibid., no. 118.
- 58. Ff. 635-637, the Savitri, ibid., no. 93.
- 59. Ff. 639-644, the Sitā, ibid., no. 50.
- 60. Ff. 645-649, the Saubhāgyalakṣaṇa, ib., no. 124.
- 61. Ff. 651-669, the Subālā, ibid., no. 35.
- 62. Ff. 671-674, the Sūrya, ibid., no. 89.
- 63. Ff. 675-678, the Tārasāra, ibid., no. 109.
- **64.** Ff. 679–696, the Trisikhibrāhmaņa, ib., no. 49.
- 65. Ff. 697-699, the Turiyātītāvadhūta, ib., no. 82.
- 66. Ff. 701-726, the Varaha, ibid., no. 117.
- 67. Ff. 727-730, the Vasudeva, ibid., no. 141.
- 68. Ff. 731-735, the Yājñavalkya, ibid., no. 116.
- 69. Ff. 737-748, the Yogacūdāmaņi, ibid., no. 51.
- 70. Ff. 749-764, the Yogakuṇḍalī, ibid., no. 104.

The MS. is not by any means very accurate, but it is prettily written on ruled paper with a pencil line as Apparently it is all by one hand. noteworthy that from 15 onwards the arrangement is according to the English alphabet.

Editions of all these are to be found in either Jacob's Eleven Atharvana Upanisads, Bombay, 1891 (nos. 6, 35, 67, 9); 32 Upanisads with Dīpikās, Ānandāśrama Series, Poona, 1895; or 108 Upanisads, Bombay, 1895. On the collections and grouping of the Upanisads see Deussen, Sechzig Upanisads, Leipsig, 1897, pp. 531-543, Die Philosophie der Upanisads, ibid., 1899.

Bought in 1861.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 1.

Size:  $12\frac{6}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Arranged as an English book. Material: Paper of European manufacture, watermarked 'E. Shaw & Son, Calthrop Mill, 1848.'

No. of leaves: there are 764 pages (= 382 folia). There are two series of numbering in the original, both of which are inexact.

Date: as noted above, the paper is dated 1848, which must be approximately the date of the MS.

Character: Telugu.

# 1007 (1-52)—MS. Mill 109 Upanisads, A. D. 1793.

Contents: a collection of 52 Atharvana Upanisads.

- 1. The Mundaka Upanişad. It begins on f. 1v: its six sections end on ff. 2v, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9v: şaşţam mamdakam ı iti śrīatharvavede Mamdakopanişat samāptāh ı prathamopanişat 11 11
- 2. The Prasna Upanisad. It begins on f. 9<sup>v</sup>; its six sections end on ff. 11<sup>v</sup>, 13, 14, 16, 17<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>.
- 3. The Brahma Upanisad. It begins on f. 18v: om brahmavidyām pravaksyāmi sarvajñānam anuttamāmi yatrotpattim layam caiva brahmavisnumaheśvarāt 113 11 prasādāmtasamurttasya Visnor adbhūtakarmanahirahasyam brahmavidyāyām dhruvāgnih sampracaksate 11 This Upanisad usually bears the title Brahmavidyā, see Weber, Ind. Stud., II, 57; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 109a, 111b, 121b. It ends on f. 19v.
- 4. The Kṣurikā Upaniṣad, in three sections, ff. 19v-21v.
- 5. The Dhulikopanişad, i. e. the Culika Upanişad, ff.  $21^{v}-23^{v}$ .
- 6. The Atharvasiras Upanisad (no title in the MS., which has misled the Bodl. catal., p. 394b), ff. 23v-32.
- 7. The Atharvasikhā Upanisad (wrongly called Atharvasiras in the MS. colophon), ff. 32-33<sup>v</sup>.
  - 8. The Garbha Upanisad, ff. 33<sup>v</sup>-37.
- 9. The Mahā Upanisad, ff. 37v-39v. Edited in Jacob's Eleven Atharvana Upanisads, Bombay, 1891.
- 10. The Brahma Upanisad, three sections. It begins on f. 39<sup>v</sup>: om athāsya purusasya catvāri sthānāni 1 It ends on f. 43<sup>v</sup>.

11. The Pranagnihotra Upanisad, ff. 43v-47.

- 12-15. The Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣad. The prathama prakaraṇa, containing the Upaniṣad proper, with Gauḍapāda's Kārikās, introduced as usual by tatraite ślokā bhavaṃti, begins on f. 47, and ends on f. 51<sup>v</sup>. The dvitīya prakaraṇa, the vaitathya, begins on f. 51<sup>v</sup>: vaitathyaṃ sarvabhūtānāṃ i It ends on f. 55, and is reckoned as no. 13 of the Upaniṣads. The tṛtīya prakaraṇa, the advaita, begins on f. 55, and ends on f. 59. It is reckoned as Upaniṣad 14. The caturtha prakaraṇa, the alātaśānti, in nineteen sections, begins on f. 59, and ends on f. 67<sup>v</sup>, without any colophon.
- 16. The Nilarudra Upanisad, in three sections, ff.  $67^{v}-70$ .
  - 17. The Nadabindu Upanisad, ff. 70-72.
- 18. The Brahmabindu Upanisad (here and in 17 spelt in the MS. °dhimdu), ff. 72-74.
  - 19. The Amrtabindu Upanisad, ff. 74-77.
  - 20. The Dhyanabindu Upanisad, ff. 77-79.
  - 21. The Tejobindu Upanisad, ff. 79-80v.
  - 22. The Yogasikhā Upanisad, ff. 80v-81v.
- 23. The Yogatattva Upanişad, ff. 81v-83. Verse 3 is ya stāna pūrvam pītvāpi 1 &c.
  - 24. The Sannyāsa Upanisad, ff. 83-85v.
- 25. The Āruņi Upanişad. It begins on f. 85°: om Āruņih Prajāpater lokam cāmrtam jagāmrtam yatvāvāca 1 &c. It ends on f. 87°.
- 26. The Kanthaśruti Upanisad. It begins on f. 87<sup>v</sup>: yo'nukramati manyasati sannyasti bhavati i ya ātmānam kriyābhih suguptam karoti i &c. It ends on f. 91.
- 27. The Pinda Upanisad, ff. 91-92. The reading in verse 2 is vyavasthitah.
  - 28. The Atma Upanisad, ff. 92v-93.
- 29-33. The Nṛṣiṃhapūrvatāpanīya Upaniṣad, divided into five Upaniṣads (nos. 29-33). Part I, seven khaṇḍas, begins on f. 93, ends on f. 98; part II, three khaṇḍas, ff. 98-102<sup>V</sup>; the ends of parts III and IV are not fully marked; see ff. 104, 108. Part V ends on f. 113<sup>V</sup>. This Upaniṣad was edited and translated by Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, IX, 63 sq.
- 34. The Nṛsimhottaratāpanīya Upaniṣad, in nine khandas, ff. 113v-130.
- 35, 36. The Kathavalli Upanisad, the pūrvavalli and the uttaravalli, each containing three vallis, are reckoned as two Upanisads (nos. 35, 36). The pūrvavalli begins on f. 130, ends on f. 138; the uttaravalli ff. 138–143.
- 37. The Keneşita Upanişad, in four khandas, ff. 143-146<sup>v</sup>.
- 38. The Nārāyaņa Upanisad (unnamed in the MS.), ff. 146v-149.

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- 39. The Bṛhannārāyaṇa Upaniṣad (i. e. the Mahānārāyaṇa), first part, in eleven sections = Taittirīya Āraṇyaka, X, 1-14, begins on f. 149, ends on f. 161. See on MS. Wilson 479 (990).
- 40. The Bṛhannārāyaṇa Upaniṣad, second part = Taitt. Ār., X, 15-63, ff. 161-172.
- 41. The Sarvopanisatsāra, called in the colophon Samupanisat, ff. 172-175.
- 42. The Hamsa Upanisad. It begins on f. 175<sup>v</sup>: om Gautama uvāca i om bhagavan sarvadharmajña sarvaśāstraviśārada i brahmavidyāprabodho hi kenopāyena jāyate ii Sanatkumāra uvāca i It ends on f. 178.
  - 43. The Paramahamsa Upanişad, ff. 178-180.
- 44. The Anandavalli Upanisad, being the seventh and eighth prapathakas of the Taittiriya Āranyaka, ff. 180-190.
- 45. The Bhṛguvallī Upaniṣad, being the ninth prapāṭhaka of the Taittirīya Āraṇyaka, ff. 190-194.
- 46. The Gāruḍa Upaniṣad, ff. 194<sup>v</sup>-195<sup>v</sup>. Edited by Jacob, Eleven Ātharvaṇa Upaniṣads.
- 47. The Kālāgnirudra Upanişad, ff. 195<sup>v</sup>-196<sup>v</sup>. Edited by Jacob, *l. c.*
- 48. The Rāmapūrvatāpanīya Upaniṣad. It begins on f. 196<sup>v</sup>: om namo 'tharvavedāya Rāmabhadrasvarūpiņe 1 om cinmaye 'smin 1 &c. It ends on f. 205, the colophon being ity Atharvavedam Ātharvopaniṣa samāptā 1148 11
- 49. The Ramottaratapaniya Upanisad, in five khandas, ff. 205-213<sup>v</sup>.
- 50. The Kaivalya Upanisad, in two khandas, ff. 213<sup>v</sup>-217.
- 51. The Jābāla Upaniṣad, beginning on f. 217: Yājňavalkrm yad anu Kurukṣetra I It ends on f. 220.
- 52. The Aśrama Upaniṣad, ff.  $220^{\circ}-223^{\circ}$ . Edited by Jacob, *l. c.*

The whole concludes on ff. 223<sup>v</sup>-224, with an account of the number, &c., of the Upanişads.

The contents of this MS. are evidently the same as those of the MS., whence Colebrooke made his list published in 1805 in his Essay on the Vedas, and which is described in Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 111-113. As far as can be judged from the brief extracts in Eggeling, both the MSS. must be derived from one original. This MS. is very badly copied by a scribe practically ignorant of Sanskrit, who leaves out parts of words with the greatest frequency. See also Bhandarkar, *Report*, 1883-1884, pp. 24, 25; Deussen's Sechzig Upanisads, pp. 537, 538, who translates all of this collection.

The MS. also contains on ff. i, ii, 225-230, and scattered throughout the volume, notes in Sir William

Jones' handwriting, showing that he had read the whole with care, and had compared the Sanskrit with the Latin version of Dara Shakoh's Persian translation. He has also made a list of names, which is practically accurate, and describes the Katha as 'very fine.' On f. 196, apparently with reference to the mention of Rudra in the Kālāgnirudra Upaniṣad, he remarks, 'clear against Paullinus.'

F. 108v is blank, and lacunae are marked on ff. 214, 216, 216v.

Former owners: f. 1: 'From Col. Claud Martin to Sir William Jones. Copied at Lucknow from an original in the possession of Col. M. 2nd Febry. 1793.' This note is in Jones' handwriting. On the inside front cover is written in pencil: 'S. H. L. 1831. The "Oupnekhát" in Sanscrit. From Sir W. Jones's library with his MS. notes.' F. 1: 'S. H. Lewin—1831, to W. H. Mill, D.D., 1838.' This is presumably in Lewin's writing.

Bound in strong boards of the usual 18th cent. style, probably in India. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Size:  $5\frac{3}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 224 + vi blank.

Date: f. 224: om śrīsamvat 62 māghavaditṛtīyasyām some 1 Now samvat 62 is unintelligible, unless it is, like MS. Mill 108 (993), a copy from a Kashmir original, nor can it surely mean A. D. 1713, as the Bodl. catal., p. 394a, says, apparently reading 69 and equating it with 1769. But on f. 3 the MS. is said to have been copied at Lucknow, apparently in A. D. 1793. This date suits the very modern hand perfectly.

Scribe: f. 224: pamditalālakena likhitam 1 If we accept the date, 1793, for the writing, there is nothing to prevent the identification of the scribe with the compiler of MS. Wilson 419. The handwriting in both cases is very similar. The scribe is identical with that of MS. Mill 108 (993), and probably the history of the MS. is the same.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the edges of the leaves are in many cases badly eaten by ants.

# 1008 (1, 2)—MS. Mill 35 Atharvana Upanisads, A. D. 1837.

Contents: 1. A collection of Atharvana Upanisads.

(a) The Kṛṣṇa Upaniṣad; it begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i om saccidānamdarūpāya Kṛṣṇāyā
kliṣṭakārine i namo vedāṃtavedyāya gurave buddhisākṣiṇe ii munayo ha vai brahmāṇam ūcuḥ kaḥ paramo



devah kuto mṛtyur bibheti kasya vijñānenākhilam bhāti kenedam visvam samsaratīti I tad u hovāca brahmaņah śrīkṛṣṇo vai paramam daivatam Govimdān mṛtyur bibheti 1 &c. It ends on f. 3.

- (b) The Gopālottaratāpanī Upaniṣad, ff.  $3-5^{v}$ . It is divided into twenty sections and has the same colophon as in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 115a,
- (c) The Vasudeva Upanisad, ff. 5v-6v; four sections, colophon as in Eggeling, p. 115a, no. 12.
- (d) The Gopicandana Upanisad, ff. 6v-8; six sections; colophon as in Eggeling, p. 115a, no. 13.
- (e) The Rama Upanisad or Hanumad Upanisad. called in colophon Hanamataukta, ff. 8-8v, as in Eggeling, p. 115<sup>a</sup>, no. 14.
- (f) Rāma Upaniṣad, ff.  $8^{v}-9$ , colophon as in Eggeling, p. 115a, no. 15.
- (g) The Yogarāja Upanisad, ff. 9-9"; twenty-one ślokas, as in Eggeling, p. 115b, no. 16.
- (h) The Sundarītāpinī Upanişad, ff. qv-11v, eight kaņdikās, as in Eggeling, p. 115b, no. 17.
- (i) The Mṛtyulāṅgala Upaniṣad, f. 11v, as in Eggeling, p. 115<sup>b</sup>, no. 18.
- (j) The Kṛṣṇa Upaniṣad, ff.  $11^{v}-12^{v}$ , twenty-seven ślokas, as in Eggeling, p. 115b, no. 19.
- (k) The S'rīkrsnapurusottamasiddhanta Upanisad. ff. 12<sup>v</sup>-13, as in Eggeling, p. 115<sup>b</sup>, no. 20.

Evidently part of a collection similar to that contained in the India Office MS., 1972. For edd. see on MS. Sansk. c. 1 (1006). Carefully written, but very inaccurate. Lacunae marked on f. 12. On f. 1 and f. 14v is written Siddhamtopanişat.

2. The Mundaka Upanisad, with the commentary, dīpikā, of Sankarānanda, pupil of Anandātman. commentary begins on f. 15v: śrigaņeśāya namah 1 mudakam mumdamārgastham brahmātmaikyāvabodhakam Samkarācāryamārgeņaiva pade pade brahmavidyāyā atidurlabhatvam darsayitum itihāsarūpeņa srutih prathamato guruparamparam āha i brahmā brahmāmdajah vidhātā caturānanah devānām agnyādīnām madhye prathamah pūrvah sambabhūva samyag ahammamābhimānapuraļsaram dehagrahaņam akarot i brahmaņo višesaņam āha i višvasya kartā sarvasyotpādakah kim kartaivety äśamkhya nety äha I bhuvanasya goptä nikhilasyā lokasya raksakah 1 &c. It ends on f. 30: iti frimatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryānamdātmapūjyapādasisyasya Samkarānamdabhagavatah kṛtau Mudakopanişaddipikāyām trtīyamudakam samāptopanişat i śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu i yad akṣarapadabhraṣṭaṃ mātrāhīnaṃ ca yad bhavet i tad sarvam kşamyatām deva prasīda parameśvara II I II

text is in the middle of the page, the commentary at top and bottom. See Eggeling, p. 136.

Former owner: f. 15: 'To the Rev. Dr. Mill with the respectful regards of T.W. Bombay, 1st Jan. 1837.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, watermarked 'W. Warren, 1835.'

No. of leaves: ii + 30 + ii blank. The originals have 14 and 16 leaves.

Date: probably written just before presentation, i.e. end of A.D. 1836. The paper is of the year A.D. 1835. Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1009 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 87

Māṇdūkya Upaniṣad with Gaudapādakārikā, and S'ankara's Commentary, Katha Upanisad, with S'ankara's Commentary, about A.D. 1801.

Contents: two Upanisads with commentaries.

- 1. The Mandukya Upanisad, with Gaudapada's Kārikās, and Sankara's Māndūkyopanişadbhāsya, with the commentary upon the latter by Anandatirtha. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 154. The MS. is full of inaccuracies. The Upanisad and Gaudapada's Kārikās, with Sankara, are usually placed in the middle, while Anandatirtha's gloss on Sankara fills the top and bottom of the page, but the text is very badly written and confused. The first prakarana ends on f. 47<sup>v</sup>. The second (vaitathya) ends on f. 73<sup>v</sup>. The third (advaita) ends on f. 107v. The fourth (alātaśānti) ends on f. 153**v**. Anandatīrtha is styled as usual Anandajñāna. His date, &c., are fully determined by Bhandarkar, Report, 1882-1883, pp. 202 sq., viz. A.D. 1118-1198.
- Ff. 1 and 154 are ornamented with black lines. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1890; with English translation and notes, Bombay, 1895. German translation by Deussen, Sechzig Upanişads.
- 2. The Kathavalli Upanisad, with the commentary of Sankara, and the commentary thereon, called Kathavallībhāṣyavivaraṇa, by Bālagopālayatīśvara, or Gopālayogin. It begins on f. 155v and ends on f. 232v. The Upanisad proper occupies the very middle of the page: Sankara's comment is arranged above and below the text: Gopāla's comment is put at the very top and bottom. The (6) vallis end on ff. 173, 192, 205, 213, 221, 232<sup>v</sup>. The (2) adhyāyas end on ff. 205, 232<sup>v</sup>. Gopāla's commentary ends on f. 232<sup>v</sup> thus: Fairly carefully written, but rather inaccurate. The Kathavallibhāşyaṭīkā kṛtā Gopālayoginā i anayā prīya-

tām devo dakṣiṇāśāmukhaḥ Sivaḥ II iti śrīparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryavaryaśrīmadbālagopālendrayatīśvaraviracite Kathavallībhāşyavivaraņe amtīmavallī samāptā 1 The Bodl. catal., p. 365b, gives the name as Gopālayatindra incorrectly. F. 204 is on yellow paper.

See Mitra, Notices, II, 135; Weber, Catal., I, 85, II, 1144. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1889; trans. of Upanisad by Deussen, l. c., and by Whitney.

Size:  $13\frac{3}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 232 + ii blank. In the original the foliation runs 1-154 and 1-78.

Date: the MS. is by the same hand as MS. Wilson 94 (1010) and therefore must be dated about A.D. 1801.

Scribe: f. 154: pūrvāśramīsmaraņārthadidyarasakaramātāpūrakaranārāyaṇabhaṭṭaagnihotrīśrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīśamkarāśramadāmodarāśramatryambakeśvarakuśāvarttīmathakāśīkṣetrarāṇāmāhālāmaddhye he pustaka Māmdūkyabhāsyatīkā puskakahoya Acyutāśrameņa likhyate 1 Similarly on ff. 205, 232 In all three places Acyutāśrama, not, as given in the Bodl. catal., p. 365b, Acyutāśarman, is quite clearly the reading. The meaning of this is cleared up by MS. Wilson 94 (1010).

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1010 (1-6)—MS. Wilson 94 Upanișads, A. D. 1801.

Contents: six Upanisads, with Sankara's commentaries, and further commentaries on these.

- 1. The İśāvāsya, or İśā Upanişad, with the commentary of Sankara, and an anonymous tippana, which is identical with that elsewhere attributed to Anandatīrtha (cf. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 601). It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 16. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1888; trans., S. B. E., I, and Deussen, Sechzig Upanișads.
- 2. The Kena Upanișad, a part of the Talavakāra Brāhmaṇa, with Sankara's commentary, and an anonymous tippana. It begins on f. 17v and ends on f. 42. The tippana is identical with that in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 135 (cf. MS. Wilson 477 [986]) and belongs to Anandatirtha.
- 3. The Prasna Upanisad, with Sankara's commentary, and the vivarana of Nārāyanendrasarasvati. The (6) prasnas end on ff. 52<sup>v</sup>, 56<sup>v</sup>, 62<sup>v</sup>, 75<sup>v</sup>, 81, 98. The MS. begins on f. 43, but f. 43<sup>v</sup> is blank save for the title. It ends on f. 98: iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīmatkaivalyendraśişyajñānendraguru-

caraņasevinārāyaņendrasarasvativiracitam Prasnopanişadbhāşyavivaraņam samāptam 1 The Bodl. catal., p. 366a, is corrected by the Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 350a. Sankara's comment with Anandatirtha's gloss is printed in the Anandaśrama Series, 1889. Trans., S.B.E., XV, and Deussen, l.c.

- 4. The Mundaka Upanisad, with the commentary of Sankara, and a commentary thereon, which, though anonymous in the MS., is identical with that elsewhere attributed to Anandatirtha. Its three sections end on ff. 113, 125, 135. It begins on f. 99v. F. 130 is on yellow paper. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1889; trans., S. B. E., XV, and Deussen, l. c.
- 5. The Aitareya Upanisad, being sections 4-6 of the Aitareya Āraņyaka, Book II, with the commentary of Sankara, and a commentary thereon, which is identical with that elsewhere attributed to Anandatirtha. Section 4 begins on f. 136v, and ends on f. 166v. Section 5 ends on f. 181, section 6 on f. 190. It is erroneously styled the seventh in the MS.; cf. Eggeling, p. 13. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1889; trans., S. B. E., I, and Deussen, l. c.
- 6. The Taittiriya Upanisad, with the commentary of Sankara, and a commentary thereon by Anandatīrtha, styled in the MS. f. 256 Anandajñā, whence the Bodl. catal., p. 366a, Anandajñana. It begins on f. 191<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 256. Subsections end on ff. 213<sup>v</sup>, 247<sup>v</sup>, 256. Edited, Anandāśrama Series, 1889; trans., S. B. E., XV, and Deussen, l. c.

All these parts are written by one hand; the text of the Upanisad itself appears in the centre, while the top and bottom of the page are filled with the second commentary, that of Sankara being treated like the text.

The MS. is very badly written and inaccurate.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 256 + ii blank.

Date: 1, f. 98: yavanāmasamvatsare uttarāyane gate sūrye mahāmāṃgalyapradamāsottamāse bhādrapadamāse paurņamāyām budhavāsare 1 2, f. 256: sammat 1857 (= A.D. 1801) amgirābdisamvatsare phālgunaśuddha 10 bhaumyavāsare I Doubtless 1 means yuvano. i.e. A. D. 1804-1805 by the Brhaspati cycle.

Scribe: f. 256: Vārānasyām maddhye śrīmatparama ham saparivrāja kācārya śrīmat pūrvā śramīnārā yaņabhaṭṭaagnihotrīmātāpūrakaraśrīmacchamkarāśramatryambakeśvarasamīce pustaka Taittirīyakabhāsyatippanam sapūrņam I Acyutāśrameņa likhyate I The name is clearly as given here, see ff. 42, 98, 191, and on MS.Wilson 87 (1009).

Character: Devanagari.

### 1011 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 401

S'ankara's Commentaries on the Kena and Chāndogya Upaniṣads, Viśveśvaratīrtha's Commentary on Ānandatīrtha's Commentary on the Aitareya Āraṇyaka, 18th, 17th, 16th cent. ?

Contents: three MSS. of different dates.

- 1. Sankara's Commentary on the Kena Upanisad (as in MS. Wilson 477 [986]). It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: Talavakāropanisatksudragane vākyavivaraņam samāptam 1 After this follow a few more words of comment, but the MS. is incomplete. The text seems fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by two red lines. In Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 135, and Ānandāśrama Series, 1888, it is also attributed to Sankara; in Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 102, to Sankarānanda. Cf. Winternitz, R.A.S. catal., p. 17.
- 2. Sankara's Commentary on the Chandogya Upanisad. It begins on f. 12<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 130<sup>v</sup>. The (8) prapāthakas end on ff. 28, 38, 50, 59<sup>v</sup>, 76<sup>v</sup>, 97<sup>v</sup>, 109<sup>v</sup>, 130<sup>v</sup>. F. 120 is on yellow paper. F. 130 is blank. The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Cf. MS. Wilson 77 (981).
- 3. Viśveśvaratīrtha's Commentary on Anandatīrtha's Commentary on Sankara's Commentary on the second and third Āranyakas of the Aitareya Āranyaka, not as the Bodl. catal., p. 310, on Sankara's commentary on the Aitareya Upaniṣad. In verse 3 of the introduction, f. 131, he says: Aitareyopaniṣado vyākurmo bhāṣyam uttamam i śrīmadānamdatīrthāryān natvā tatprītikāmukāḥ 11311

This MS. contains from the first adhyāya of the second praghattaka to the second adhyāya of the third praghattaka of Ānandatīrtha's Mahaitareyopaniṣadbhāṣya. It begins on f. 131 and ends on f. 191°. The colophon there is incomplete: i śrīaitarīye Viśveśvaratīrthe! The most complete colophon occurs on f. 181: iti śrīmadānamdatīrthabhagavatpādācāryaviracitaśrīmanmahaitareyopaniṣattrtīyaprughattakabhāṣyavivarane Viśveśvaratīrthīye prathamo'dhyayah! Praghattaka 2, adhyāya 3, ends on f. 165°; adhyāya 6 ends on f. 173. The MS. does not appear to be very accurate. For the beginning see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 13. Cf. MS. Sansk. c. 5 (977).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 191 + ii blank. Each MS. in the original has its own foliation.

Date: 1 probably about A.D. 1750; 2 probably about A.D. 1650; 3 is probably at least as old as A.D. 1600.

Character: Devanāgarī.

1012 (1-6)—MS. Wilson 484

Upanisads, 18th cent.? and A.D. 1745.

Contents: six Upanișads.

- 1. The Īśā Upaniṣad. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 3. The text has eighteen verses, and is of the Kāṇva śākhā, see Weber, Vājasaneyi Samhitā, p. 989.
- 2. The Kena Upanisad. It begins on f. 4<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 7. Its four sections end on ff. 5, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6, 7.

Both these MSS. are by one hand and are neatly written. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

Edited with two commentaries by Sankara, with glosses by Ānandatīrtha, Ānandāśrama Series, 1888; trans., S. B. E., I, and Deussen, Sechzig Upanişads. On the Brāhmaṇa, see Oertel, J.A. O. S., XV.

3. The Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣad, with the commentary of Rāghavendra. It begins on f. 8v: śrīvedavyāsyāya namaḥ i samastaguṇapūrṇāya doṣaharāya Viṣṇave i namaḥ śrīprāṇanāthāya viśvādicaturātmane ii i ii The four sections, of which it consists, end on ff. 12v, 16v, 20, 22. It ends on f. 22: iti Māṇḍakopaniṣadarthānāṃ saṃgraho 'nvayaḥ Rāghavendrakṛtas tena priyatāṃ Kamalāyatiḥ i The text proper occupies the centre of the page, the commentary the top and bottom. It is bounded on either side by three red lines.

This must be the same work as that noticed by Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 100a, though Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 447a, 447b, separates them. Can we identify this Rāghavendra with the teacher of Viṭṭhala, who was evidently an energetic Vedāntist, circa A.D. 1450, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883–1884, p. 59? Printed, Kumbakonam, n. d.

4. The Īśā Upaniṣad, with Rāghavendra's commentary. It begins on f. 23<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 28. The Upaniṣad has eighteen verses and is of the Kāṇva śākhā like 1. The commentary begins: śrīvedavyāsāya namaḥ i Hariḥ śrī om i śrīprāṇapatimānasya pūrṇabodhādidaiśikān Īśāvāsyopaniṣadaḥ kariṣyāmy arthasaṃgrahaṃ ii i ii It ends: Īśāvāsyopaniṣadopaniṣadobhāṣyādyuktārthasaṃgrahaḥ Rāghaveṃdreṇa yatinā kṛto 'ryaśiṣyayāṃcnayā i

This MS. is by the same hand as 3 and the text is arranged in the same way. It is bounded, however, usually by four red lines. Yellow pigment is used freely in both cases for erasures. Printed, Kumbakonam, n.d.

5. The Talavakāropanisadbhāsyatīkā of Vyāsatīrtha, pupil of Jayatīrtha, being a commentary on the Talavakāropanisadbhāsya of Ānandatīrtha. The Bodl. catal., p. 385a, and Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 89b, call it a commentary on the Katha Upanisad, which

is incorrect. It begins on f. 29\stacks: \$r\tivedavy\asaya namah \(\)\ \$r\tivedapuru\tipa\aga namah \(\)\ \int jad\alpha\jad\alpha\taukam vi\tivam krtv\alpha\dhi\ti\tipa\aga samharan \(\)\ \svabh\avat v\titedate yas tam vamde \(\)\ \$r\timad\alpha\navallabham \(\)\ \(\)\ \(\)\ \It ends on f. 33: iti \(\)\ \$r\timad\alpha\amma\dat\tirthabhagavatp\addac\alpha\tirthap\aigavatracitatalavak\aigaropani\tipadbh\aigavat\titedata\tirthap\aigaropani\tipadbh\aigavat\titedata\tirthap\aigaropani\tipadbh\aigavat\titedata\tirthap\aigaropani\tirthap\aigarop

This work is doubtless identical with that mentioned by Burnell, *Tanjore catal.*, p. 100b. The text is bounded on either side by two pairs of red lines.

6. The Kathavallī Upaniṣad, with the commentary of Rāghavendra. It begins on f. 34<sup>V</sup>: śrīvedavyāsāya namah i Rāghavendragurubhyo namah i Harih om i Then as in 3 save that the verse ends: bhaktābhīṣṭa-pradāyine i The (3) vallīs of the first adhyāya end on ff. 41<sup>V</sup>, 48<sup>V</sup>, 52<sup>V</sup>. The (3) vallīs of the second adhyāya end on ff. 56, 59<sup>V</sup>, 64. The colophon runs: iti śrīkāṭha-kārthānāṃ sagraho kārito mayā i Rāghavendreṇa yatinā prīyatām tena Keśavah ii iti Kāṭhakārthasamgrahe Rāghavaiddhayatikṛte dvitīyādhyāye tṛtīyavallī dvitīyo 'dhyāyah i The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

This MS. is written by the same hand as 3 and 4, but still more carelessly. Printed, Kumbakonam, n. d.

Former owner: it appears from notes on ff. 33, 64, that 5 and 6 (and probably therefore 8 and 4 at least also) were the property of Nārāyaṇa.

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+64+i blank. In the original the MSS. have 3, 4, 15, 6, 5, 31 leaves.

Date: no date is given for 1 or 2. They are by one hand, and probably belong to the end of the 18th cent. Somewhat earlier, but not much, are probably 3, 4, 6, also by one hand. For 5 a date is given on f. 33: saṃvat 1801 (= A. D. 1745) samaye daśamyām āśvine kṛṣṇe puṣyārke siddhiyogake 1

Scribe: none is given for 1 or 2. That of 3, 4, and 6 is given on ff. 22, 28: Gamgātīram samāsādya vimdumādhavasamnidhau 1 Trivikramo 'likhat prītyai Madhvamādhavayor mudā 11 This is from f. 22, save that it reads Trikramo, which is corrected by f. 28. That of 5 is given on f. 33: Madhvamādhavayoh prītyai Raghunātho 'likhat mudā 11

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1013 (1-4)—Ms. Mill 74

Jayatīrtha's Praśnopaniṣadbhāṣyavyākhyā and Yājñīyamantravyākhyānavivaraṇa, 17th cent.?

Contents: four MSS., of which 1 and 4 are described in the Bodl. catal., pp. 293, 232.

- 2. The Praśnopanisadbhāşyavyākhyā of Jayatīrtha, being a commentary on the Praśnopanisadbhāsya, a commentary on the Prasna Upanişad by Anandatīrtha (A. D. 1118-1198). Jayatīrtha is dated by his death in A. D. 1268, Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 107b. This work of Anandatirtha's is not identical with his commentary on Sankara's Praśnopanisadbhāṣya. This MS. begins on f. 9: śrivedavyāsāya namaķ i pāmtu naķ padmanābhasya śripadāmbujarenavah I kamalākabaripsārasurabhīkaraņodyatāḥ II II iha khalu samsārapārāvāre vinipatitam aghikāriņam jananī tanayam iva parumātmatatvajñānaplavenoddidhīrsur Ātharvaņī brāhmaņopanişad itikartavyatām amtareņa na tatvajāānakāraņatām āpadyate 'tas tad itikartavyatārūpam nyāyagarbhabhāşyam karişyann ācāryavaryah prāripsitaparisamāptyādiprayojanam etadupanişatpratipādyadevatāpranatirūpam mamgalam ādau nibadhnāti I nama iti I For the beginning of Anandatirtha's work see Burnell, l.c., p. 100b. Praśna 1 ends on f. 15<sup>v</sup>; 2, on f. 18<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 21<sup>v</sup>; 4, on f. 26; 5, on f. 28; 6, on f. 33<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmadānaṃdatīrthabhagavatpādaviracitā şaṭpraśnopanişadbhāşyasya vyākhyā Jayatīrthabhikşukṛtā samāptā I śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu I cha I cha I cha I cha I A later hand has added gramthasamkhyā 700. Burnell, l.c., p. 100b, gives the granthagra at about 520.
- 3. The Yājñīyamantravyākhyānavivarana of Javatīrtha, being a commentary on Anandatīrtha's Īśāvāsyopanişadbhāşya, a commentary on the İsavasya Upanişad (to be distinguished from his gloss on Sankara's bhāṣya). It begins on f. 34: Vedavyāsāya namaķ 1 śrīmachrīvadanāmbhojagatasaumdaryasaurabham \ lihadbhyām locanālibhyām bhagavān pātu no Hariķ II II Kāthvīm mamtropanişadam thavat (see in marg.) vyakarişyan bhagavān ācāryaś cikīrşitāvighnaparisamāptyādiprayojane tatpratipādyadevatāstutinatī prathamam nībadhnāti i nityeti i See Burnell, l.c., p. 1008, for the verse. It ends on f. 49v: iti śrīmadānamdatīrthabhagavatpādaviracitasya Yājñīyamaṃtravyākhyānasya vivaraņam Jayatīrthabhikşuviracitam samāptam i śrīkrsnārpaṇam astu I cha I See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 138.

Both these parts are written in the same hand, and are fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 112 + ii blank. The four parts in the original have 8 + 25 + 16 + 63 leaves.

Date: probably end of 17th cent.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1014 (1-4)—MS. Mill 120

Commentaries on Upanisads, 18th cent. P A. D. 1673, 1618, 1677.

Contents: four commentaries on Upanisads, written by different hands.

- 1. The Aitareyopanisadbhāṣya of Sankarācārya, being a commentary on the Aitareya Upaniṣad. In this MS. the commentary extends to three adhyāyas, ending on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 24, 39, and part of the 4th, the text breaking off abruptly on f.40<sup>v</sup>. There are lacunae marked on ff. 3, 30<sup>v</sup>, 38<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is carelessly written and inaccurate. The text is bounded, here and there, on either side by three or four black lines. Cf. MS. Wilson 94 (1010).
- 2. The Kāṭhakopaniṣadbhāṣya of Sankarācārya, being a commentary on the Kaṭhavallī Upaniṣad, complete. The vallīs, six in number, end on ff. 47, 51, 54, 57, 60, 63, the (2) adhyāyas on ff. 54, 63, The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. Cf. Winternitz, R.A.S. catal., p. 27.
- 3. The Taittirīyopaniṣadbhāṣya of Sankarācārya, being a commentary on the Taittirīya Upaniṣad. It begins on f. 64<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 111<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is inaccurately written. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Cf. MS. Sansk. c. 9 (988).
- 4. The Commentary of Sankarācārya on the Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣad and Gauḍapāda's Kārikās thereon, complete. It begins on f. 112\(^\mathbf{v}\) and ends on f. 126\(^\mathbf{v}\): iti śrīgovimdabhagavatpūjyapādaśişyasya pāramahamsaparivrājakācāryasya Samkarabhagavatah kṛtāv Āyamaśāstravīvaraņe prathamaprakaraṇam Māmḍukyākhyānam samāptam i Cf. Weber, Ind. Stud., II, 101; MS. Wilson 87 (1000). The MS. is carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 126 + ii blank. In the original each piece has its own foliation, 40 + 22 + 48 + 15 leaves.

Date: I has none, but is probably of the 18th cent. 2 is dated on f. 63<sup>v</sup>: bāṇāṃkaśarabhūśāke pramāthīnāmavatsare i māsīṣe śitapakṣe tv amāvāsyām ahni 2 caṃdre IIIII The latter words are a correction. The Bodl. catal., p. 395<sup>b</sup>, takes the date to be śāke 1595 (= A. D. 1673). 8 is dated on f. 111<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1674 (= A. D. 1618) samaye bhādrasudi 2 sukravāsare i 4 is dated on f. 126<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1733 (= A.D. 1677) nā poṣaśudi 2 some i

Scribe: no name is given for the writers of 1 and 3. For 2 see f. 63<sup>v</sup>: jagatyām ativikhyātayaśosūnur ya tena vai 1 Kathabhāşyamm alekhīdam Rāmakṛṣṇena dharmataḥ 11 2 11 In a later hand is written the name of an owner: śrīrāghavānaṃdasvāminām 1 For 4 see

f. 126<sup>V</sup>: likhitam śrimādhavarāmānamdasarasvatīpūjyapādaśiṣyasya Sivānamdena I If this means, as the Bodl. catal., l. c., says, S. pupil of M., the construction is extraordinary.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# IV. SŪTRAS AND ALLIED TREATISES

## 11. SŪTRA-RG-VEDA

### 1015-MS. Wilson 472

Āśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra, A.D. 1807.

Contents: the Aśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra of the Rg-veda. It begins on f. 1°V and the pūrvaṣaṭka ends on f. 138, the uttaraṣaṭka on f. 223. The (12) sections end on ff. 17°V, 47°V, 71°V, 93°V, 119°V, 138°V, 155°V, 177°V, 190°V, 201°V, 208°V, 223. Ff. 138, 139, 139°V, 140 are blank. The text appears to be fairly accurate.

From ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-22<sup>v</sup> the text is bounded on either side by a broad yellow margin; thereafter by two red lines. Ff. 138, 223 are on yellow paper. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

There is an edition (published after the author's death) of the Sūtra with Nārāyaṇa's commentary by Rāmanārāyaṇa Vidyāratna, Calcutta, 1864—1874. On its demerits cf. Max Müller, Rig-veda, IV<sup>2</sup>, cxxiv.

Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 223 + ii blank. In the original the satkas are foliated separately, 1-138 and 1-84.

Date: that of the purvasatka, and consequently of the uttarasatka, which is by the same hand, is given on f. 138v: samvat 1863 (= A.D. 1807) kārttikašukla 5 i

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1016-Ms. Mill 94

Āśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra, A. D. 1773, 1774.

Contents: the Aśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra, complete in twelve adhyāyas. Adhyāyas 7-12 have been bound in before adhyāyas 1-6. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 13. Adhyāya 8 ends on f. 29°; 9, on f. 39°; 10, on f. 48; 11, on f. 53; 12, on f. 63°.

The pūrvaṣaṭka begins on f.  $67^{\circ}$ ; adhyāya 1 ends on f.  $80^{\circ}$ ; 2, on f. 101; 3, on f. 116; 4, on f. 130; 5, on f.  $146^{\circ}$ ; 6, on f.  $158^{\circ}$ .

The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Every second page is tinged brown. Ff. 33, 34 are recently

supplied. Ff. 1 and  $65^{\circ}$  are ornamented. The uttarasațka ends on ff.  $63^{\circ}$ , 64, with the vivāha verses, printed in the *Bibl. Ind.* edition, p. 861.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 160 + ii blank. Really 161 as f. I is repeated. The original counts only 64 + 94 leaves.

Date: (1) for the uttaraṣaṭka see f. 64: saṃvat 1830 śake 1695 (= A. D. 1773) samaya jyeṣṭhavadya 1 1 (2) for the pūrvaṣaṭka see f. 158v: saṃvat 1831 śake 1696 (= A. D. 1774) samaya āśvinavadyapaṃcamī 5 śanivāsare 1

Scribe: f. 64: Kāśyām Remanetyupanāmakaanamtabhattasyedam pustakam svārtham parārtham ca i pathanārtham Sivarāmasya i For Sivarāma see perhaps Weber, Catal., II, 1140, and MS. Mill 96 (1019).

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1017-MS. Sansk. d. 43

### Nārāyaṇa's Commentary on the Āśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra, A. D. 1742.

Contents: the Aśvalāyanasūtravṛtti, by Nārāyaṇa, or Gārgya Nārāyaṇa's commentary on the Āśvalāyana Srauta Sūtra, a fragment marked as ff. 53-129 and 131-152. It begins in the middle of the commentary on II, 1, 14 (p. 83 of the ed.) with the words: eveṣṭi-bhiḥ sādhyā iti evam āśraṃyituṃ yuktaṃ ānarthakyād arthāṃtarāśraṇāc ceti II ādhāneneṣṭibhiś cāgnisiddhir bhavati I &c. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 25°; adhyāya 3, on f. 44°; adhyāya 12, on f. 105° with the words: bhagavān ācārya svāmimataṃ jyeṣṭhaṃ Saunakācāryaṃ namaskaroti I catuḥkṛtvā dviruktiḥ śāstrasamāptisūcanārthā II 15 II II iy Āśvalāyanasūtravṛttau Nārāyaṇīyāyāṃ dvādaśo 'dhyāyaḥ II

The sūtras are given in an abridged form only. For Nārāyaṇa see Weber Ind. Lit., p. 54, n. 43.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 3). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 109.

Date: samvat 1798 (= A. D. 1742) vașe śrāvaņaśukladvītīyām bhrguvāsare 1

Character: Devanagari.

### 1018 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 471

### Āśvalāyana Grhya and S'rauta Sūtras, Somaprayoga, A.D. 1783, 1821, 18th cent.?

Contents: three MSS. which have a common link in their connexion with Āśvalāyana.

1. The Aśvalāyana Gṛhya Sūtra, begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 42<sup>v</sup>. The (4) adhyāyas end on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>,

25°, 33°, 42°. The text is fairly accurate. F. 42 is blank. Ff. 28, 36, 37, 40, 41 are on brown paper. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Edited by A. F. Stenzler (1864-1865) and by Rāmanārāyaṇa and Ānandacandra (*Bibl. Ind.*, 1866-1869). Trans. by Oldenberg, S. B. E., XXIX.

- 2. The Aśvalāyana S'rauta Sūtra, pūrvaṣaṭka. The (6) adhyāyas end on ff. 58°, 79, 94°, 108°, 125°, 136°. The MS. begins on f. 45°. The text is fairly accurate. See MS. Wilson 472 (1015). Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.
- 3. The Somaprayoga, an account of the Soma rites. It is connected with Āśvalāyana, whom it quotes twice at least: f. 147: eṣā Āśvalāyanamatiḥ 1 and on f. 152<sup>v</sup>: iti mamtreṇa sarve hotrakārāśvalāyanamārgeṇāyanamārgeṇābhimṛśamti 1 F. 204<sup>v</sup> is blank. On f. 237<sup>v</sup> a lacuna is marked. The MS. begins on f. 137<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 246. For the beginning see the Bodl. catal., p. 384<sup>a</sup>. The text from f. 208 is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 246 + ii blank. In the original the MSS, have 42 + 92 + 110 leaves.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 42v: samvat 1839 (= A. D. 1783) miti śrāvaņaśuddhatrayodaśī guruvāra 1 That of 2 is given on f. 136v: sam 1877 (= A. D. 1821) 1 That of 3 is not given, but the MS. must be intermediate in its date between 1 and 2, probably nearer 1.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1019-MS. Mill 96

### Āśvalāyana Grhya Sūtra, A. D. 1772.

Contents: the Aśvalāyana Gṛhya Sūtra, complete in four adhyāyas. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 19. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 26; 3, on f. 34; 4, on f. 43.

The MS. is carefully written and accurate. The mantras are usually accented in red ink. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Yellow pigment has been used, by a later hand, for erasures. Ff. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 are stained brown.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+43+iii blank. Really 44 as f. I has been split into two.

Date: f. 43: samvat 1829 šake 1694 (= A. D. 1772) mārgašīrsavadya pratipadā ravivāsare taddi samāptah i Scribe: the name is erased on ff. 43, 43<sup>v</sup> by yellow pigment, but the MS. was written by the same hand as MS. Mill 94 (1016), and probably for Sivarāma, whose name can be read on f. 43°.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1020—MS. Sansk. e. 41 Āśvalāyana Grhya Sūtra, A.D. 1744.

Contents: the Aśvalāyana Gṛhya Sūtra. As far as f. 29 the mantras are accented, and an attempt is made to mark the division of the Sūtras. There is an ornamental end-piece on f. 48v.

Former owners: Gopāla, Kṛṣṇa's son, and Gaṅgā-dhabhaṭṭa, son of Gopālabhaṭṭa, are mentioned as owners of the book on ff. 47 and 48v.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 2). Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 4$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 48 + iii blank.

Date: śake 1666 (= A.D. 1744) ksayanāmasamvatsare kārttikamāse adya tithau caturthī bhaumyavāsare taddine likhitam: But kṣaya, according to the south cycle, was 1646–1647, by the north 1636–1637; so that there is some mistake. The reading is quite certain.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: parts of ff. 29 and 30 are lost.

### 1021—MS. Sansk. e. 15

# Aśvalāyana Grhya Sūtra, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Aśvalāyana Gṛhya Sūtra, in four adhyāyas. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ 11 om 11 uktāni vaitānikāni gṛhyāṇi vakṣyāmaḥ 1 &c.

F. 3<sup>b</sup> contains a parisista, written by a different, though not more modern, hand than the rest. It begins: II hatha grhabalidevatānām kīrttayisyāmo yatra yatra vasamti te II dvāre pitāmaham vimdyāt prakrīle ca umāpatim II &c., and it ends: śivā diśah pradiśa ud diśo na āpo vidyutah pari pātu viśvatah śāmtih śāmtih śāmtih II II iti parisistam II See Stenzler's edition of the Āśv. Grhya Sūtra (Abhandlungen für die Kunde des Morgenlandes, vol. III, no. 4), p. 46 sq.

Adhyāya I ends on f.  $23^{\circ}$ ; 2, on f. 33; 3, on f.  $44^{\circ}$ ; 4, on f. 56.

Adhyāya 2. 5, in the MS. reads māghyāvarṣam. In the important passage adhyāya 3. 4, the MS. agrees with Stenzler's edition, but has sāmkhy (ā, added sec. m.) yanam instead of śāmkhāyanam. After adhyāya 4. 7, 16 the MS. adds uddhared yadi, &c., to pitṛgaṇair gatair iti 11 (See Stenzler, p. 53.) What is adhyāya 4. 7, 17-31 in Stenzler's ed. forms a separate chapter, adhyāya 4. 8, in this MS.

BOUL SANS. CATAL. IL

It ends: paśānām madhyam iyān madhyam iyān namaḥ Saunakāya namaḥ Saunakāya 119 11 11 ity Āśvalā-yanagṛhyasūtre caturtho 'dhyāyaḥ 11

Marginal notes and corrections by a second hand.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 15. Size:  $7\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 56 (f. 3 double) + ii blank.

Date: early 18th cent., if not older.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1022—MS. Sansk. e. 8

### Bhaṭṭa Kumārilasvāmin's Āśvalāyanagṛhyakārikā, A. D. 1637.

Contents: this work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 405a, simply as Aśvalāyanagrhyakārikā, and even in the Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 57<sup>a</sup>, this description remains. But as a matter of fact it has apparently nothing to do with the work described by Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 42, but is practically identical with the work of Kumārila, as described by Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 14<sup>a</sup> (not that on p. 14<sup>b</sup>); and the work given in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 280-281, who attributes it to an imaginary Yallambhatta. Burnell and Bühler, Ind. Ant., XVIII, 188, identify this Kumārila with the famous Mīmāmsaka (c. A. D. 650-700), probably correctly; cf. Hillebrandt's Vedische Opfer, pp. 26, 27, with his references. Bhandarkar, Report, 1884-1887, pp. 5 sq., raises objections.

It is divided into four adhyāyas. Adhyāya I begins on f. 1v: the parībhāṣā, 19 verses, ends on f. 3; the sthālīpāka, 57 verses, on f. 7v; the svastivācana, 12 verses, on f. 8; the garbhalambhana, 5 verses, on f. 87; the pumsavana and avalobhana, 10 verses, on f. 9, the simantonnayana, 11 verses, on f. 10; the jātakarma, 6 verses, on f. 10<sup>v</sup>; the nāmakarana, 2 verses, on f. 10v; the niskramana, 4 verses, on f. 11; the annaprāśana, 3 verses, on f. 11; the caula, 24 verses, on f. 12<sup>v</sup>; the upanayana, 48 verses, on f. 16; the mahānāmnīvrata, 19 verses, on f. 17v; the mahāvrata, 3 verses, on f. 17"; the upanisadvrata, I verse, on f. 17<sup>v</sup>; the godanavrata, 6 verses, on f. 18; the samāvartana, 21 verses, on f. 19<sup>v</sup>; the snātakaprayāņavidhi, 10 verses, on f. 20"; the madhuparkavidhi, 18 verses, on f. 217; the vivāhahoma, 42 verses, on f. 24<sup>v</sup>; the vivāhānamtaraprayānavidhi, 8 verses, on f. 25; the grhapraveśanīyahomavidhi, 4 verses, on f. 25<sup>v</sup>; the vratotsarga, 3 verses, on f. 25<sup>v</sup>; the nityahoma, 11 verses, on f. 26<sup>v</sup>; the vaiśvadevavidhi,

14 verses, on f. 27°; the pañcamahāyajñavidhi, 16 verses, on f. 28°; then 4 verses, without title; this ends adhyāya 1 with 380 (really 381) verses.

Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 29: the upākarmavidhi, 16 verses, ends on f. 30; the utsarjana, 8 verses, on f. 30<sup>v</sup>; the śravanākarma, 15 verses, on f. 31<sup>v</sup>; the sarpabalikarma, 9 verses, on f. 32; the āśvayujīkarma, 12 verses, on f. 32v; the agrayanakarma, 6 verses, on f. 33; the pratyavarohana, 14 verses, on f. 34; the pimdapitryajña, 23 verses, on f. 35<sup>v</sup>; the ekāgnisādhya pārvaņaśrāddha, 33 verses, on f. 38; the saptamīśrāddha, 8 verses, on f. 38v; the anvastakya, 36 verses, on f. 41; the mādhyāvarṣa, 2 verses, on f. 41<sup>v</sup>; the kāmya, 3 verses, on f. 41v; the ābhyudayika, 22 verses, on f. 43; the rathadyarohana, I verse, on f. 43v; the vāstuparīkṣā, 32 verses, on f. 45<sup>v</sup>; the gṛhipravāsapratyāgamanakarma, 9 verses, on f. 46; the kṣetraprakarşanakarma, 4 verses, on f. 46v; the nityagavānumamtrana, 5 verses, on f. 47. Here ends adhyaya 2, with 258 verses.

Adhyāya 3 begins on f. 47: the kāmyahoma, 3 verses, ends on f. 47; the vyādhyādinimittahoma, 3 verses, on f. 47°; the naimittakaprāyaścitta, 82 verses, on f. 53°, concluding the adhyāya.

Adhyāya 4 begins on f. 53°: the dahana, 54 verses, ends on f. 57; the āśauca, 10 verses, on f. 57°; the samcayanavidhi, 20 verses, on f. 58°; the ekoddistavidhi, 9 verses, on f. 59; the antyestiprayoga, 10 verses, on f. 60; then come 32 verses, treating of the śāntikarma (no title in MS.), which ends the adhyāya and the book.

The MS. is on the whole good and accurate. Many additional lines have been added in the margins, but all of these, and several of the lines of the text proper, have been carefully obliterated by yellow pigment, reducing the total to 852 verses as against 883 in Burnell's MS. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines. Some verses on the months appear on f. 1. A lacuna is marked on f. 62.

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861. Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 8.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+62+ii blank.

Date: f. 62<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1693 (= A. D. 1637) śrāvaņakṛṣṇatrayodaśyām 1

Scribe: f. 62\*: the letters of the beginning of the name are so rubbed as to be illegible: it ends āseśvareņa (āmeśvareņa?)

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: throughout the writing is somewhat obscured by abrasion.

### 1023-MS. Sansk. d. 3

- S'ānkhāyana S'rauta Sūtra, A.D. 1668.

Contents: the S'ānkhāyana S'rauta Sūtra of the Rg-veda, adhyāyas 1-16 complete; the last two, which, however, are of different if not later origin, are missing. It begins on f. 1v: adhyāya 1 ends on f. 10v; 2, on f. 18; 3, on f. 26v; 4, on f. 37v; 5, on f. 46; 6, on f. 54; 7, on f. 64v; 8, on f. 73, and with it the first part of the MS. The uttarārdha begins on f. 74v: adhyāya 9 ends on f. 81; 10, on f. 92; 11, on f. 97v; 12, on f. 108; 13, on f. 115v; 14, on f. 131v; 15, on f. 143v; 16, on f. 158.

Both parts are written by the same hand, except ff. 65, 66, which replace the lost originals. The MS. is of very fair accuracy. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

The Sānkhāyana Srauta Sūtra was edited by A. Hillebrandt, in *Bibl. Ind.*, 1885—1886, &c., with Varadatta-suta Anartīya's comm. See on it Hillebrandt, *Vedische Opfer*, p. 25.

Presented by Dr. Fitz-Edward Hall in 1861.

Former owner: on ff. 1, 74, appears this notice in a fairly old hand: travādīgaņeśanāthasyedam pustakam ! dī ! Keśavarāmasya pathanārtham !

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 3.

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+158+i blank. The original has 73+85 leaves.

Date: that of part (1) is given on f. 73: svastisamvat 1724 (= A. D. 1668) varşe āsvanamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe 6 tithau guruvāsare | That of part (2) on f. 158: svasti śrīsamvat 1724 varşe pauşasude 1 tithau guruvāsare |

Scribe: (1) f. 73: vṛdhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtarajñātīsutāraśamkarasutasutārasurajīsutā Avimuktivārāṇasyām madhye Bāīyāmkena dharmārtha likhitam i śivārpaṇam astu i śrīvīśveśvaraprasādāt i (2) f. 158: vṛdhanagaravāstavyamābhyamtarajñātyasutārasamkarasutasu° sūrajīsutā dharmāartha likhitam Bāīyām i This name may of course be read Bārḍayām. In any case read in the Bodl. catal., p. 405a, 'filii' for 'filio.'

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: Ff.  $24^{\text{v}}$ , 25,  $26^{\text{v}}$ ,  $36^{\text{v}}$ , 37,  $44^{\text{v}}$ ,  $75^{\text{v}}$ ,  $76^{\text{v}}$ , 77, 78,  $86^{\text{v}}$  have lost some letters through abrasion.

### 1024 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. e. 7

#### S'ānkhāyana S'rauta and Grhya Sūtra, 18th cent. ?

Contents: there seems to have been one codex, all written by the same scribe, containing Srauta Sūtra and Gṛhya Sūtra, and by some misadventure the first

five leaves from the Srauta Sūtra have been substituted for those of the Gṛḥya Sūtra. Hence:

- 1. Ff. 1-5 contain the beginning of the S'āṅkhā-yana S'rauta Sūtra, I, 1, 1-I, 4, 5. It begins: 50 11 om namo śrīganeśāya namaḥ 11 11 om yajñam vyākhyā-syāmaḥ 1 &c. It breaks off with the words: devena Savitrā prasūta ārtvijyam kariṣyā 1
- 2. Ff. 6-80, the S'ānkhāyana Gṛhya Sūtra, from I, 6, 5 to the end, in six adhyāyas. It begins: śrām i anādhṛṣṭam asy snādhṛṣyam i &c.

Adhyāya I ends on f. 28; 2, on f.  $43^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f.  $54^{\circ}$ ; 4, on f.  $69^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f. 74; 6, on f. 80.

It ends: devarşibhyaś ca brahma satyam ca pātu mām iti brahma satyam ca pātu mām iti || 6 || || iti Grhyasūtre şaṣṭho 'dhyāyaḥ ||

There are marginal notes and corrections by a second hand, and corrections in the text with yellow pigment.

Ed. by Oldenberg, Ind. Stud., XV; trans., S.B.E., XXIX. Cf. Winternitz, R.A.S. catal., p. 104.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. A former owner was Govindarāma. Entry on f. 1: 11 dī | Govimdarāmasyedam pustakam || 11 sūtrapūrvarddhasya paṭhanārtham ca ||

Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+80+i blank.

Date: probably middle of 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 12. SŪTRA-SĀMA-VEDA

### 1025-Ms. Mill 84

Lāṭyāyana S'rauta Sūtra, with Agnisvāmin's Commentary, A.D. 1583.

Contents: the S'rauta Sūtra of Lāţyāyana, with the commentary of Agnisvamin, as in MS. Wilson 384(1026), complete in ten prapāțhakas. The text is written continuously with the commentary. Prapathaka i begins on f. 17; the (12) kandikās end on ff. 10, 127, 147, 17<sup>v</sup>, 22, 27, 28<sup>v</sup>, 31, 34, 37, 39, 41. The (12) kaṇḍikās of prapathaka 2 end on ff. 42v, 45, 47, 48, 51, 53, 56, 57<sup>v</sup>, 60, 62, 64<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>. The (12) kandikās of prapāthaka 3 end on ff. 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 82<sup>v</sup>, 85, 87, 89, 91, 91v, 93v. The (12) kandikas of prapathaka 4 end on ff. 94<sup>v</sup>, 95, 97, 99, 103, 105, 107, 109<sup>v</sup>, 113<sup>v</sup>, 116<sup>v</sup>, 119, 121. The (12) kandikās of prapāthaka 5 end on ff. 124, 124<sup>v</sup>, 125<sup>v</sup>, 128, 129<sup>v</sup>, 131, 132, 133<sup>v</sup>, 135, 136<sup>v</sup>, 138, 139<sup>v</sup>. The (12) kandikās of prapāthaka 6 end on ff. 142<sup>v</sup>, 145, 147, 148<sup>v</sup>, 152, 153<sup>v</sup>, 155, 156<sup>v</sup>, 159, 161<sup>v</sup>, 162<sup>v</sup>, 163<sup>v</sup>. The (13) kandikās

of prapāṭhaka 7 end on ff. 164<sup>v</sup>, 165<sup>v</sup>, 166<sup>v</sup>, 167<sup>v</sup>, 169<sup>v</sup>, 172, 174, 175<sup>v</sup>, 177, 179, 180<sup>v</sup>, 182, 183. The (12) kaṇḍikās of prapāṭhaka 8 end on ff. 186<sup>v</sup>, 189, 191<sup>v</sup>, 192, 196, 199<sup>v</sup>, 201, 204<sup>v</sup>, 205, 207<sup>v</sup>, 209<sup>v</sup>, 210. The (12) kaṇḍikās of prapāṭhaka 9 end on ff. 212<sup>v</sup>, 214<sup>v</sup>, 216, 219<sup>v</sup>, 222, 224, 226, 227<sup>v</sup>, 230, 231<sup>v</sup>, 233, 235<sup>v</sup>. The (20) kaṇḍikās of prapāṭhaka 10 end on ff. 237, 239, 241<sup>v</sup>, 244<sup>v</sup>, 246<sup>v</sup>, 248<sup>v</sup>, 250, 251<sup>v</sup>, 252<sup>v</sup>, 255, 257, 258<sup>v</sup>, 259<sup>v</sup>, 261, 262<sup>v</sup>, 264<sup>v</sup>, 266<sup>v</sup>, 268, 269<sup>v</sup>, 271<sup>v</sup>. The colophon is: ity ācāryeṇāgnisvāminā kṛtaṃ Lāṭyāyanasūtrabhāṣyam samāptam 1

The MS. is carefully written and accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 69°, 102°, 140°, 150, 151°, 152, 238°, 258. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The scribe was possibly a Jaina. At the beginning there are some corrections in a later hand.

Former owner: f. 271 v: Savaji.

Size:  $10 \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 271 + ii blank. The original counts 272 leaves but ff. 79, 80 are one.

Date: f. 271<sup>V</sup>: svasti śrīsamvat 1639 (= A.D. 1583) var e pausasudi 8 śinau 1

Scribe: f. 271<sup>v</sup>: laşitam Stambhatīrthanagare i Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1026-MS. Wilson 384

### Agnisvāmin's Lātyāyanasūtrabhāsya, A.D. 1479.

Contents: the commentary of Agnisvāmin on Lātyāyana's S'rauta Sūtra. The beginning of the work (=ff. 1-89 of the original) is lost, and the MS. begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> with a sentence from the middle of the commentary on kaṇḍikā 1 of prapāṭhaka 3. It ends on f. 188.

Prapāthaka 3 has 12 kaņdikās, which end on ff.  $3^{\nabla}$ , 5, 7,  $9^{\nabla}$ ,  $11^{\nabla}$ ,  $14^{\nabla}$ ,  $17^{\nabla}$ , 19,  $21^{\nabla}$ ,  $22^{\nabla}$ ,  $23^{\nabla}$ , 25. Prapāthaka 4 has 12 kaņdikās, which end on ff. 26,  $26^{\circ}$ , 28,  $29^{\circ}$ , 33,  $35^{\circ}$ , 37, 39,  $42^{\circ}$ ,  $44^{\circ}$ ,  $46^{\circ}$ ,  $48^{\circ}$ . Prapāthaka 5 has 12 kaņdikās, which end on ff. 50°, 51°, 52°, 55, 56°, 58, 59, 60, 61°, 63, 64°, 66. Prapathaka 6 has 12 kandikas, which end on ff. 69, 71°, 74, 75°, 79, 80°, 82, 83°, 86, 88°, 89, 90. Prapāthaka 7 has 13 kaņdikās, which end on ff. 91, 91v, 92<sup>v</sup>, 93<sup>v</sup>, 95<sup>v</sup>, 97, 98<sup>v</sup>, 100, 101<sup>v</sup>, 102<sup>v</sup>, 104, 105, 106. Prapāthaka 8 has 12 kaņdikās, of which 5-7 are not marked. The others end on ff. 109, 111, 112, 114, 117<sup>v</sup>, 120, 121<sup>v</sup>, 123<sup>v</sup>, 124<sup>v</sup>. Prapäthaka 9 has 12 kaņģikās, which end on ff. 126, 128, 129<sup>v</sup>, 133, 135°, 137°, 139°, 141°, 143°, 145°, 147°, 149°. Prapāthaka 10 has 20 kaņdikās, which end on ff. 151<sup>v</sup>, 153<sup>v</sup>, 156<sup>v</sup>, 160, 162, 164, 166, 167<sup>v</sup>, 169, 171<sup>v</sup>, 173<sup>v</sup>, 175, 176<sup>v</sup>, 178, 180, 181<sup>v</sup>, 183, 184<sup>v</sup>, 186, 188.

Lacunae are marked on ff. 19, 34, 77, 78, 79, 80, 148. F. 118 is half blank, f. 118, wholly blank. The text has many errors. It is bounded on either side by two black lines. Printed, in Bibl. Ind., 1872, by Ānandacandra Vedāntavāgīśa. On Agnisvāmin's date see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 32; Bühler, Ind. Ant., XVIII, 188. On the Sūtra, see Hillebrandt, Vedische Opfer, p. 34.

Former owner: f. 188: tripāthisadārāmasya ---- 1

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 188 + ii blank.

Date: f. 188: saṃvat 1535 (= A.D. 1479) varșe āṣāḍhaśudi 9 bhaume 1

Scribe: f. 188: adyeha śrisamgame vrddhanāgarajñātīyarāügovyamdasutarāüacyutena likhitam \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-89 of the original are lost.

# 1027 (1, 2)—MS. Wilson 467 Lātyāyana and Puṣpa Sūtras, A.D. 1659.

Contents: two MSS. by the same scribe.

- 1. Lāṭyāyana Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 205°. The (10) prapāṭhakas end on ff. 22, 43, 63, 84, 103°, 117°, 136, 157°, 177°, 205°. The MS. is written with fair accuracy. There are occasional notes in a later hand. A lacuna is marked on f. 141. Cf. MS. Wilson 385 (2) [858].
- 2. Puspa Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. It begins on f. 206 and ends on f. 333. The (10) prapāthakas end on ff. 217, 229, 239, 248, 266, 280, 298, 313, 324, 333. There are occasional notes in a later hand. The MS. seems carefully written. See on MS. Wilson 385 (3) [858].

In both cases yellow pigment is used for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 333 + ii blank. In the original the MSS. are foliated 1-205 and 1-128.

Date: f.  $205^{\circ}$ : samvat 1715 (= A. D. 1659) kāttika-sudha | F.  $333^{\circ}$ : samvat 1715 varse |

Scribe: f. 205<sup>v</sup>: Govardhanataravāḍidikṣitāce sūtrapāṭha | For Govardhana see Weber, Catal., I, 75. F. 333<sup>v</sup>: Govarddhanataravāḍidikṣitaṃ pothiṃ | tikhite Anaṃtakṛṣṇabrāhmaṇaüpanāmakarāḍāparadesikāsivāsi | tripāṭhigovarddhana trīpothī |

Character : Devanagari.

Injuries: the right hand top corner of f. 247 is lost.

# 1028—MS. Wilson 426 Puspa Sütra, 18th cent.?

Contents: for the general contents see the Bodl. catal., p. 381a. Ff. 70-72 include a modern copy of the beginning of the Puspa Sūtra. These three leaves fill up the blank in MS. Wilson 385 (3) [858]; they are written very inaccurately. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 108 + ii blank. Date: probably end of 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1029-MS. Mill 163

### Phulladipa, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: (1) MS. note on the Phulladipa, probably by Dr. Mill, f. iii.

(2) The Phulladīpa, by Dīkṣita Rāmakṛṣṇa, also called Nāhnā Bhāï, son of Tripāṭhin Dāmodara; incomplete.

It begins: om gam 11 Ganapataye namah 11 uccāmahī II sū II uccātā 3 ijātam andhasāḥ II ity āmahīyavam II amahīyunā dṛṣṭam āmahīyavam 🗤 ṛṣir darśanād amahīyur rşiḥ 11 &c. F. 27♥: dvādaśāhasya daśarātraḥ samāptaḥ 1 F. 48: gavāmayanasya samvatsarah samāptah i Prapāthaka I ends on f. 81: ekāhāh samāptah II II iti śrītripāthidāmodarasūnunā Dīksitarāmakrsņena Nāhnābhāidvitīyanāmnā kṛte Phulladīpe prathamaprapāthakah samāptah II II paurņamāsī dīksā māsāpavargā F. 146: satre pañcamah khandah ahīnāķ 11 &c. The MS. breaks off, before prapasamāptaķ II thaka 2 is finished, on f. 153, with the following words: abhiplavapṛṣṭābhyām iti śaucir vṛkṣiḥ 11 abhyastābhyām ity arthah i prşţyānhaikaikeneti Sāndilyadhānamjayyau 11 jyotistomeneti Lāmakāyanah 11 tasya rathamtaram pretyam brhac ca vyatyāsam i yathaivārseyakalpenoktam iti kşairakalambhih 11 F. 67 is missing.

The Phulladīpa is a commentary on the Phulla Sūtra or Puspa Sūtra of the Sāma-veda. See Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 343; Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 46-48; Burnell, Vedic MSS., pp. 45 sq.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 35.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 153 + ii blank.

Date: probably written towards the end of the 18th, or the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: parts (one fourth of each leaf) of ff. 66-73 are lost.



### 1030-MS. Wilson 403

Rudraskanda's Audgātrasārasamgraha, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Audgātrasārasamgraha of Rudraskanda, being a commentary on Drāhyāyana's Srauta Sūtra.

It begins on f. 1v: om śriganeśaya namah 1 om Pamcavimšabrāhmaņavachākhoktām Arseyakalpoktām kļptim cāmgīkrtya tadapeksitārthopadeśāya Drāhyāyanīyaśāstram pranītam i athāto vidhyavyapadeše sarvakratvadhikāra ity ārabhyāsmimt sūtre kvacit samdehavişaye nirnayah kriyate i kvacid arthapratibhase avirodhena nirvāhah 1 It is divided into 6 paţalas, ending on ff. 13, 18, 35, 38<sup>v</sup>, 44, 50, or 2 adhyāyas, ending on ff. 35, 50. Each patala is divided into kandikās, usually three or four in number. It ends on f. 50: iti Drāhyāyaṇācāryasūtravyākhyāne Rudraskandakṛte Audgātrasārasaṃgrahe sasthaḥ patalaḥ dvitīyo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptah i There is a lacuna on f. 46. The MS. is usually of fair accuracy. There are occasional correc-The text is bounded on either tions in a later hand. side by two red lines.

Cf. MS. Wilson 398 (859). The author is probably identical with the Rudraskandasvāmin who wrote a commentary on Khādira's Gṛhya Sūtra, Burnell, *Vedic MSS.*, p. 56; Oldenberg, S.B.E., XXIX, 371.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i+50+i blank. Date: probably about A.D. 1600. Scribe: f. 50: tri oharirāmena litam i Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1031—MS. Wilson 509

Varadarāja's Kalpavyākhyā, A. D. 1602.

Contents: the Kalpavyākhyā of Varadarāja, son of Vāmanācārya, being a commentary on Masaka's Srauta Sūtra or Arşeyakalpa. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 178v. The work is very fully described by Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 43. The tantra audgātra ends on f. 29; the dvādaśāhah ends on f. 41, and adhyāya 1 on f. 51v. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 64v: ili Vāmanācāryasūnuḥ Kauśikānvayasambhavo Varadarājaḥ kalpasamvatsarahkalpasamvatsarakalpavyākhyām cakre saha prayogeņa gavāmanabhedāya sūtroktāh teşu kecana viniyogajñāpanārtham mūhasāmīhoditāh \ ye tv anye vistarabhayād atra na daršitāh te sūtra eva istavyāh 1 prīyatām Purusottama iti Kalpavyākhyāne dvitīyo 'dhyāyah I Adhyāya 3 ends on f. 81; 5, on f. 105; 6, on f. 123°; 8, on f. 161°; 9, on f. 178°. The text seems inferior to that of the short extracts in Eggeling,

l.c. There are lacunae marked on ff. 37°, 39°, 42, 50°, 51°, 62°, 65, 66, 69, 71, 75°, 76, 77, 79°, 80, 89°, 94, 115, 117°, 126, 128, 128°, 129°, 130, 130°, 131°, 136, 143, 146, 151, 153°, 155°, 156, 161°, 165°, 168, 174, 177°.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. There are here and there corrections in a later hand. This MS. is noticed in Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, I, 43, where *samvat* 1601 is a slip for A. D. 1601.

Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+178+ii blank. The original counts 181, but ff. 158, 176, 177 are missing.

Date: f. 178<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1658 (= A. D. 1602) samaye bhādrapadaśudipaurņamāsyām subhadine l

Scribe: the name has been carefully erased.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 158, 176, 177 are lost.

# 1032—MS. Wilson 394

### Varadarāja's Pratihārabhāṣya, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Pratihārabhāṣya of Varadarāja, son of Vāmanācārya, grandson of Anantanārāyaṇa, being a commentary on the Pratihāra Sūtra of the Sāmaveda attributed to Kātyāyana. He quotes Mādhava to whom he is therefore posterior (Bodl. catal., p. 379<sup>b</sup>).

It begins on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śrīsarasvatyai namah i vāgīśādyāh sumanasah sarvārthānām anukrame i yan natvā kṛtakṛtyāh syus taṃ namāmi gajānanam ii ii namo 'stu tasmai devāya yah prasūr agryajanmanām i kṛtsne ca vedeṣṭraṇumo (yaṃ in marg.) sākṣād devakīsutam ii 2 ii yo Vāmanācāryamagnād Anaṃtanārāyaṇayajvasutātiajani Kuśikānvapāye sāṃgedhītī ca Sāmavede'yam racayati sa Varadarājah Pratihārāṣeyakalpayor vṛttim ii 3 ii

The (15) sections, khandas, end (excepting 7 and 12 which appear not to be marked) on ff. 7, 12, 20, 25, 28°, 30°, 36, 39°, 45, 51°, 54, 57, 61. The text has many errors. There are several corrections by later hands. A good deal of the text proper is cited. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 18, 19°, 25, 26, 29°, 30, 30°, 31°, 31°, 33°, 34, 37, 38, 57, 61. With this MS. is bound up another, for which see the Bodl. catal., p. 298b. Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 56, quotes from this MS. the explanation of the name, Daśatayī, and the first rule.

Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 1 + 67 + 1 blank. The two parts of

the original have 62 (really 61, as f. 46 is passed over) +6 leaves.

Date: the MS. dates probably from about A.D. 1650. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1033-MS. Wilson 72

Gobhila Grhya Sūtra with the commentary of Nārāyaṇa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Gobhila Grhya Sutra of the Samaveda, with the commentary of Nārāyaṇa, son of Mahābala, grandson of Rāma, great-grandson of Vyāsa. The text is written in the centre of each page, the commentary at top and bottom. Prapathaka 1 begins on f. 1v: its (9) kandikās end on ff. 7, 10, 14, 22°, 27, 28°, 31°, 35, 40°. The (10) kandikas of prapāthaka 2 end on ff. 44, 45°, 47°, 49, 50°, 52, 54°, 57, 59, 64v. The (10) kandikās of prapāthaka 3 end on ff. 67v, 72, 76v, 79, 81v, 83v, 85v, 88, 90v, 94. The (10) kaņdikās of prapāthaka 4 end on ff. 97, 1017, 1047, 108, 110<sup>v</sup>, 112, 114<sup>v</sup>, 118, 121<sup>v</sup>, 125. There are lacunae on ff. 104, 126v. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line. The commentary begins on f. 1v: śrigurubhyo namah i āsine camdramaulau nagapatisutayā sākam udvāhakāle \ karttum yā mamgalārtham tilakam upagatā bhrāmtahastā lalāţe \ nīte śosam smarārer nayanahutabhiyā camdane jātahāśā i sā devī visvavamdyā disatu subhavidhau mamgalam mamgalā vah 11.11 viśvasya kāraņam Viņnum praņamya kriyate mayā I Grhyākhyāyāh smrter bhāsyam vivekārtham amedhasām 11211 The genealogy of the author is given at the end on f. 125: atra ślokā bhavamti i prathitāyāśokaśirasaḥ srag ivālamkṛtiḥ kṛtaḥ 111 11 āsīd Vatsasagotro 'syām brāhmaņo brāhmaņāgraņīķ i Vyāsabhidhāna chaṃdoga sākṣād Vyāsa ivāparaḥ 11211 tasya putro 'nurupo 'bhūd Rāmadeva iti smṛtaḥ I viditaḥ sarvalokesu Rāmadeva ivāparaķ 11311 Mahābalas tu vikhyāto Rāmadevasuto 'bhavat 1 yasya kīrttimataḥ kīrtti glānim adyāpi narchati 11 4 11 Nārāyaṇākhyas tasyāpi Nārāyaņaparāyaņaķ v putro Mahābalasyābhūt sadā svādhyāyavatsalah 11511 tena samdehanāśāya karmanām tuştikṛtsanām i Gobhilācāryagītāyāh smṛteh bhāsyam idam kṛtam 11 6 11 tad etad vijitadveşair viprair madhyasthavrttibhih i chalagrahau vihayasad grahyam madanukampayā 11 7 11 na cātrātīva karttavyam doşadrstiparam manah i doso hy avidyamano 'pi taccintanam prakāśate 118 11 svābhiprayeņa hi mayā kimcid apy atra neritam v gramthāmtarāņi cālocya nibamdhāms ca pṛthagvidhān 11 9 11 yad atra sādhu tat sādhu yac cāsādhu kvacit kṛtam \ satām āsyābjasaṃyogāt sādhu tad bhavati dhruvam 11 10 11 nadīpateh payah pūrvam asvādhutvān na piyate i balahakamukhaspṛṣṭam tad etat sadhutam ivät 11 11 11 sädhv apy asädhutäm gacchet asatām mukhasamgamāt 1 āsādyābdhim apeyam syāt saridambu susādhv api 112 11 atra ślokasahasrāņi catvāry aṣṭau śatāni ca 1 ślokāh pamcadaśetīyam samkhyā Nārāyanoditā 1113 11 kuvalayadalabarhinām bhodacamdrārddhabhrtkamṭhāsitabhinnāmjanāliktavyam mitināmjalispṛṣe kanu ka kama lakeśarāgryodyapītāmbarodbhāsitāmgāya bhaktyā natāmgārttividhvaṃsine 1 suraripanidhanodyasārātivakṣaḥśiromāṃsamedovasāśoṇitākṣogrvaktrāya pṛthvībhrte bhavajaladhitaraṃgalīlākulībhūtadṛkśrotravaktrsyajaṃtoṣṇavīvācyutānaṃdagoviṃdanāmne namah 1114 11 The MS. is on the whole very accurate throughout.

See Mitra, Notices, V, 288, 289, who used a very corrupt MS.; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 23<sup>a</sup>; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 46<sup>a</sup>, where the commentary described is Nārāyaṇa's work, as the passages cited show. The Sūtra was edited in the Bibl. Ind. (1871–1880) by Candrakānta Tarkālamkāra, and by F. Knauer, Dorpat, 1884–1886. The chief authorities cited in the commentary are Grhyāntara, Manu, and the Karmapradīpa. Cf. Hillebrandt, Vedische Opfer, p. 34. The Sūtra was trans. by Oldenberg, S. B. E., XXX.

Size:  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+125+ii blank.

Date: f. 125: māghaśuklapamcamyām bhaumavāsare i The year is not given, but it must have been, as the Bodl. catal., p. 365a, says, the end of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1034-Ms. Mill 14

Gunavişnu's Chandogyamantrabhaşya, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Chāndogyamantrabhāṣya, being a commentary on the mantras, whose pratīkas are cited in the Gobhila Gṛḥya Sūtra, by Guṇaviṣṇu. Kāṇḍa ɪ begins on f. 1°, see the Bodl. catal., p. 389b, and ends on f. 42: iti bhaṭṭaśrīguṇaviṣṇukṛte Chandogamantrabhāṣye prathamaṃ kāṇḍaṃ samāptaṃ 1 atha dvitīyakāṇḍaṃ 1 Kāṇḍa 2 ends on f. 60°; kāṇḍa 3 on f. 66°; the MS. is incomplete, the archetype evidently having been defective, and ends on f. 70. The MS. is carelessly and inaccurately written; there are many marginal notes and corrections. The text varies sometimes to some extent from that in MS. Mill 21 (1035). F. 18° is half blank.

On other MSS. of this work see Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 47; Mitra, *Notices*, I, 282, III, 11, 26; Hrsīkeśa, *Sansk. Coll. catal.*, I, 110; Roth, *Tübingen catal.*, p. 10. The exact form of title is derived from these and MS. Mill 21 (1035).

Bound in a native binding, lettered 'Guṇaviṣṇu, kāṇḍa 1, 2, 3.'

Size:  $15 \times 5^{\frac{1}{6}}$  in.

Material: Paper, rough, yellow, country-made, cf. Mitra, Notices, III, ii.

No. of leaves: i+70+i blank.

Date: perhaps late 18th century.

Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: some ff. at the end missing, but probably wanting in the original.

## 1035-ms. mill 21

### Guņavisņu's Chāndogyamantrabhāsya, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Chāndogyamantrabhāṣya of Guṇaviṣṇu, as in MS. Mill 14 (1084). This MS. contains
only kāṇḍas 1 and 2. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: oṃ namaḥ
Sarasvatyai 1 S'aṃkarāya namas tasmai bhaktānāṃ
yat prasādataḥ 1 sūkṣmāntarhitadūrasthā bhāvā bhānti
yathāgrataḥ 11 sthānur iva bhārahāraḥ kilābhūd adhītya
vedaṃ na vijānāti yo'rthaṃ 1 arthavit sakalaṃ bhadram
aśnute nākam eti jñānabidhūtapāpmā 11 It ends on
f. 53: iti bhaṭṭaśrīguṇaviṣṇukṛte Chāndogyamantrabhāṣye dvitīyaṃ kāṇḍaṃ samāptaṃ 1

This MS. is somewhat more accurate than MS. Mill 14 (1034). It is a good deal corrected by a later hand. In the centre of each leaf a square is left blank.

Bound in a native binding, lettered 'Gunavisnu, kānda 1, 2.'

Size:  $14\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in.

Material: Paper, rough, yellow, country-made, as in MS. Mill 14 (1034).

No. of leaves: i + 53.

Date: probably late 18th century.

Character: Bengālī.

#### 1036 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 465

Gobhila Grhya Sútra, Karmapradīpa, 17th cent.? and A.D. 1608.

Contents: three MSS. by different hands.

- 1. The Gobhila Grhya Sūtra of the Sāma-veda, prapāṭhakas 2-4. It begins on f. 1° and ends on f. 31. The prapāṭhakas end on ff. 12, 21°, 31. The text seems fairly accurate. F. 25 is blank. From f. 21° to the end the writing is in a different hand. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.
- 2. The Gobhila Gṛhya Sūtra, prapāṭhaka 1. It begins on f. 32<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 39. F. 39 has been wrongly bound in. The handwriting of the MS. seems different from that even on ff. 1-21 of 1, though

of about equal age. The MS. is accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

3. The Karmapradīpa, a supplement to the Gobhila Sūtra; it is ascribed to Kātyāyana, see MS. Wilson 382 (856). The (3) prapāthakas end on ff. 54, 68°, 83. The (30) khandas end on ff. 42, 43°, 44°, 45°, 46°, 48, 49, 51, 52°, 54, 55, 56°, 57°, 59°, 61, 62, 63°, 65°, 67°, 68°, 70°, 71°, 72°, 73°, 75, 76°, 78, 80, 81°, 83. They contain 17, 14, 14, 12, 11, 15, 14, 24, 15, 14, 16, 12, 14, 19, 21, 11, 12, 25, 25, 16, 20, 19, 12, 12, 16, 19, 17, 22, 18, 17 verses, in all 493, one less than Weber's MS., Catal., I, 80 sq. The MS. is excellently written and appears to be accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 44°, 61°. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+83+ii blank. In the original there are 31, 8, and 44.

Date: 1 and 2 are undated. Probably they belong to the 17th cent. The date of ff. 21v-31 of 1 may be somewhat, but hardly very much, later. 3 is dated on f. 83: saṃvat 1659 (= A. D. 1603) varṣe vaisāṣaśuddha paurṇamāṣyāṃ ravivāsare 1

Scribe: that of 1, ff. 21<sup>V</sup>-31, is given on f. 31: likhitam travādigovidarāmaambārāmena moţhajñātīyavāstavyaśrīkṣetralikāśayām madhye svarthaparārtham ca 1 That of 3 is given on f. 83: likhitam Paramānamdena Kāsyām śrīviśvanātharājadhanyām 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1037—ms. mill 113

#### S'ivarāma's Karmapradīpavivrti, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Karmapradipavivrti, being a commentary on the Karmapradīpa attributed to Kātyāyana, by Sivarāma, son of Viśrāma, who composed in A.D. 1640 the Krtyacintāmaņi, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 95. This MS. contains only the commentary on adhyāya 1. The (10) khandas end on ff. 3, 4v, 6, 7v, 9, 10°, 11°, 14°, 16, 17°. For the beginning see the Bodl. catal., p. 395<sup>a</sup>; the colophon on f. 17<sup>v</sup> runs: iti vidvanmukaṭamāṇikyanārājitacaraṇākamalasuklasrīvisrāmātmajasivarāmaviracitāyām Karmapradīpavivītau prathamādhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ I saṃdhyāvidhi vaktu pratijānati I cha I ata ūrddhvam iti I ata  $\bar{u}rddhvasv\bar{a} - 1$  Thus the MS. ends abruptly. It is carelessly and inaccurately written. There are a few corrections in a later hand. In the centre of each page a small circular hole is bored, which has been covered up with transparent paper.

For the other contents of this MS. see the Bodl. catal., p. 228 sq.

Size:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+64+ii blank. The two MSS. have 17+47 leaves.

Date: probably end of 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1038—MS. Wilson 73

S'ivarāma's Subodhinī, A.D. 1822.

Contents: the Subodhini, or Prayogapaddhati, being a supplement to the Krtyacintāmaņi, which is an analysis of, and supplement to, the Gobhila Grhya Sütra (cf. Weber, Ind. Lit., p. 80, n. 79; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 95). The work contains a prolix account of all kinds of domestic rites, following the Gobhila Grhya Sūtra. The author is Sivarāma, son of Viśrāma. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> (see the Bodl. catal., p. 3658) and ends on f. 141: iti śrividvanmukuṭamāṇikānīrājitacaraṇakamalaśuklaviśrāmātmajasivarāmaviracitāyām Subodhinyām pamcamaprakāśaprayogapaddhatih samāptah 1 The text is very carelessly written. The MS. is bounded on either side by two, three, or four black or red lines. Ff. 101-124 are in quite a different hand from the rest of the text. Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. xv, mentions a Gobhilagrhyasūtrakārikārthabodhinī, not identical with this The author's date (Eggeling, l.c.) is A.D. work. 1640.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+141+ii blank.

Date: f. 141: samvat 1878 (= A.D. 1822) miti bhādrapamāse suklapakṣe pratipadā bhaumavāsare likhitam idam pustakam i

Character: Devanagari.

# 13. SŪTRA-YAJUR-VEDA

#### 1039-MS. Wilson 248

Caundappācārya's Prayogaratnamālā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Prayogaratnamālā of Cauṇḍappācārya (in the MS. Cauṇḍap°), son of Ārya, being an exposition of Āpastamba's Srauta Sūtra. This MS. contains the whole of praśnas 2 and 4.

Prasna 2 begins on f. 1v: patala 1, corresponding to Apast. Sr. Sūtra II, kaṇḍikās 1-3, ends on f. 8v; paṭala 2, corresponding to II, 4-7, ends on f. 15v;

patala 3, corresponding to II, 8-10, ends on f. 26; patala 4, corresponding to II, 11-15, ends on f. 47; patala 5, corresponding to II, 16-17, ends on f. 58°; patala 6, corresponding to II, 18-21, ends on f. 73°.

Prasna 3, paṭala 1, corresponding to Āpast. Sr. Sūtra III, kaṇḍikās 1-4, ends on f. 89; paṭala 2, corresponding to III, 5-7, ends on f. 99°; paṭala 3, corresponding to III, 8-10, ends on f. 111; paṭala 4, corresponding to III, 11-14, ends on f. 129; paṭala 5, corresponding to III, 15-17, ends on f. 147; paṭala 6, corresponding to III, 18-20, ends on f. 149°.

Prasna 4, patala 1, corresponding to Apast. Sr. Sūtra IV, kaṇḍikās 1-4, ends on f. 155; paṭala 2, corresponding to IV, 5-8, ends on f. 156°; paṭala 3, corresponding to IV, 9-12, ends on f. 159; paṭala 4, corresponding to IV, 13-16, ends on f. 163°.

The MS. is only fairly accurate. The name of the author as given on f. 149<sup>v</sup> is quoted in the *Bodl.* catal., p. 371<sup>b</sup>.

A fuller account of himself and his patrons is given in the introduction to prasna 1, of which specimens are given by Burnell, *Tanjore catal.*, p. 16<sup>a</sup>, who assigns him to A. D. 1420-1450. Cf. also Klemm, *Gurupūjā-kaumudī*, p. 46, n. 4.

F. 147 reads: karmabrahmādhvanīnasya mamtri-bhūpateh i vyācaste Caumdapācāryo brahmatamtram athestikam i Lacunae are marked on ff. 50, 51, 58, 59, 67, 67, 75, 82, 84, 85, 89, 95, 99, 118, 135, 148, 152. The MS. appears to be written by two hands; the first has copied ff. 1-73, the second from f. 74 to the end. Up to f. 74 the text is bounded on either side by four red lines. For other MSS., cf. Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., p. 64; Mitra, Notices, X. 272.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 163 + vii blank. Date: perhaps about A. D. 1700. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1040—MS. Wilson 68 Mahādeva's Prayogavaijayantī, A.D. 1814.

Contents: the Prayogavaijayantī of Mahādeva, son of Somanātha and Gaurī, being a commentary on the Hiranyakeśi Srauta Sūtra. This MS. contains the commentary on Books I-VI. Book I begins on f. 1v: it has 8 paṭalas, which (excluding no. 3) end on ff. 56v, 77, 87v, 100v, 119, 131v, 140: iti pratyāṣāḍhahiranyakeśisūtravyākhyāyām Prayogavaijayamtyām Mahādevakṛtāyām prathamapraśne 'ṣṭamah paṭalah i Satyāṣāḍhīyasūtrasya vyākhyāyām prathamo 'dhunā praśnah samāpto guḍhārthah paribhāṣāsamanvitah i Book II

begins on f. 140: patala 2 ends on f. 161v; 3, on f. 167; 4, on f.  $170^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f.  $179^{\circ}$ ; 6, on f. 188; 7, on f. 195v; 8, on f. 198. Book III begins on f. 199v: patala 1 ends on f. 215v; 2, on f. 228; 3, on **f.** 232; 4, on **f.** 237 $^{\nabla}$ ; 5, on **f.** 244 $^{\nabla}$ ; 7, on **f.** 267 $^{\nabla}$ ; 8, on f. 301. Book IV begins on f. 302: its (5) patalas end on ff. 310, 316<sup>v</sup>, 321<sup>v</sup>, 329<sup>v</sup>, 336<sup>v</sup>. Book VI begins on f. 337v: patala I ends on f. 350v; 3, on f. 354; 4, on f. 357<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 360. The fifth book follows the sixth, which explains the statement in the Bodl. catal., p. 364b, that the MS. contains only five prasnas. The MS. itself, on f. 360, calls the sixth the fifth prasna, but it is correctly described in the colophons of the other patalas. Book V ends on f. 393<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is very modern and inaccurate. It is written in a great variety of styles of handwriting, but they may be all by one hand. For the Hiranyakeśi Sūtra and vyākhyā see Hillebrandt, Vedische Opfer und Zauber, pp. 29, 30.

Lacunae are marked on ff. 12, 28, 64, 163, 184, **222<sup>v</sup>, 338, 338<sup>v</sup>, 344, 344<sup>v</sup>, 345, 345<sup>v</sup>, 382<sup>v</sup>, 387, 388.** F. 232<sup>v</sup> is blank.

Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 393 + iv blank. In the original there are five parts, containing Books I and II, III, IV, VI, V, with 198, 104, 36, 24, 33 leaves apiece.

Date: f. 198: samvat 1870 (= A.D. 1814) | This must be approximately the date of all the parts. The Bodl. catal. assigns it to the beginning of the 19th century, without noticing the actual date.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1041-ms. mill 85

Kātyāyana S'rauta Sūtra, A. D. 1600, 1695.

Contents: the S'rauta Sūtra of Kātyāyana, complete in twenty-six adhyayas. The work is made up of two parts, containing eleven and fifteen adhyayas respectively by different hands.

- (1) Adhyāya I begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 8<sup>v</sup>; 2, ends on f. 19; 3, on f. 27; 4, on f. 42<sup>v</sup>; 5, on **f.**  $56^{\circ}$ ; 6, on **f.** 67; 7, on **f.**  $77^{\circ}$ ; 8, on **f.** 89; 9, on f. 104; 10, on f. 115; 11, on f. 117. This part has been very much corrected, many omissions occurring in the original. F. 46 of the first hand is missing, and is supplied by f. 46 by an old hand, and ff. 47-52 by a more modern scribe, who has also supplied ff. 105-110. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Red ink is used for the marginal corrections.
  - (2) Adhyāya 12 begins on f. 118v and ends on used for corrections. The MS. is fairly accurate. BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

f. 123; 13 ends on f.  $125^{\circ}$ ; 14, on f.  $129^{\circ}$ ; 15, on f. 138<sup>v</sup>; 16, on f. 146; 17, on f. 154; 18, on f. 158; 19, on f. 164; 20, on f. 170<sup>v</sup>; 21, on f. 173<sup>v</sup>; 22, on f. 181<sup>v</sup>; 23, on f. 184<sup>v</sup>; 24, on f. 192; 25, on f. 205; 26, on f. 2217. This part is much corrected by a very neat hand in red ink. The margin is one red line. The MS. is fairly accurate.

This MS. was not at first known to Weber, but was later used by him, see The Srauta Sūtra of Kātyāyana,

Former owner: part (1), according to a note on f. 117<sup>v</sup>, belonged to Indrajī; part (2), see ff. 118, 221<sup>v</sup>, to Someśvaraji. The former gives his date as samvat 1787 (= A. D. 1731) phā/guṇaśudī 5 bhaume 1

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 221 + ii blank. Originally the parts had 117 (i. e. 112+5) and 94 leaves.

Date: for part (1) see f. 117: samvat 1656 (= A. D. 1600) varșe paușasudi 4 bhaume 1 For part (2) see f. 221<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1751 (= A. D. 1695) posavadī sastyām somavāsam 1

Scribe: for part (1) see f. 117: lişitam purohitaparamānamdena 1 For part (2) see f. 221: likhitam Jāgeśvaraśamghajī svārthe paropakārārthe 1 A note says that the purvarddha of this part had 97, the uttarārddha 94 = 191 leaves.

Character: Devanagarī.

### 1042 (1, 2)-Ms. Mill 118

Karka's Kātyāyanasūtrabhāsya, 17th and 16th cent.?

Contents: two MSS., written at different times, of parts of Karka's work.

- 1. The fourth adhyāya of Karka's Kātyāyanasūtrabhāṣya, being a commentary on Kātyāyana's Srauta Sutra. The MS. apparently once formed part of a greater whole, as it begins on f. 1 with the commentary on the end of 3, viii, 31. It is not quite complete, ending abruptly on f. 35" with 4, xv, 30. It was used by Weber for his edition, and extracts appear on pp. 288 sq. of The Srauta Sūtra of Kātyāyana, with extracts from the commentaries of Karka and Yājñikadeva. It is briefly described on p. vii. This MS. is carefully written and accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.
- 2. The uttarārddha, adhyāyas 12-26 of the commentary. The adhyayas end on ff. 46v, 52, 59, 73v, 88, 101, 109, 121, 133, 137, 151, 155, 167, 190<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 26 is not complete, the last leaf being missing, but ends with 26, vii, 48. Lacunae are marked on ff. 92°, 141°, 142, 162°. Yellow pigment is frequently

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The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Extracts from this commentary are printed in Weber's ed., where the MS. is briefly described.

Karka is at any rate earlier than the 13th century, as he is quoted by Hemādri (A.D. 1260), Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 30, and by Trikāṇḍamaṇḍana (A.D. 1100?), ibid., p. 28.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+196+ii blank. The originals have 35 (not 45 as Weber) and 161 leaves.

Date: 1 is fairly old, about A.D. 1650-1700; 2 looks fully as old as A.D. 1500.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: as noted above 1 is a fragment; of 2 the first leaf and one at the end are lost. Ff. 192-196 are very badly mutilated, fully a half of f. 192 being lost.

### 1043-MS. Mill 46

Yājñikadeva's Kātīyasūtravyākhyā, adhyāya 25, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Kātīyasūtravyākhyā of Yājnikadeva, being a commentary on Kātyāyana's Srauta Sūtra. No title is given in the MS., which contains the commentary on adhyāya 25 only. It begins on f. 1♥: om namah śriganapataye namah i ācāryenādhvaryuvedaviditāni paurņamāsādīni pitrmedhāni nityāmgopetāni karmmāņy ukttāni i tadanamtaram udgātrvedavihītāny ekāhāhinasatrāni ca | It ends abruptly on f. 106 : uktānām mahāvyāhṛtikālāhutirūpāṇām anādişţānām prāyaścittānăm trivedena brahmană saha samyogah śrūyate \ mahāvyāhṛtīnām tāvat ı yad eva trayyai vidyāyai sukram tena brahmatvam iti 1 kālāhutīnām ca tā brahmaiya juhuyād iti \ tena tāny anādişţāni brahmaņā hotavyāni \ cakāro 'nuktasamuccayo tena brahmany atra vyāvrte asamarthe jñānarahite ca tadanujñāto i The MS. is not very accurate. Additions are made by a later hand on ff. 26<sup>v</sup>, 57<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines.

This MS. was not known to Weber, who enumerates the MSS. of the work in *The Srauta Sūtra of Kātyāyana*, pp. viii—ix. For the other contents of the MS. see the *Bodl. catal.*, pp. 219, 222.

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 207 + ii blank. In the original the three parts have 107 + 49 + 52 leaves.

Date: probably about A.D. 1650-1700.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 68 is lost, and some folios at the end.

1044 (1, 2)-MS. Wilson 508

Kātyāyanasūtrapaddhati, Yājfiikadeva's Kātyāyanaérautrasūtravyākhyā, A. D. 1653, 1586.

Contents: two MSS. of different dates.

1. The Kātyāyanasūtrapaddhati, a brief manual of the matter contained in Kātyāyana's Srauta Sūtra. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 186. According to Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 91b, it is identical with Yajnikadeva's Srautapaddhati. This, however, is not so, as a comparison of f. 102 with the corresponding passage (beginning of gavāmayana) in Mitra, Notices, II, 89, or of f. 137 with Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 66, is sufficient to show. The beginning of the MS. is lost, as f. 1 is missing. On f. 12<sup>v</sup> ends the agniștoma; on f. 36 the vajapeya; on f. 97 the sautramani, the intermediate space being filled with elaborate accounts of various soma rites. On f. 100 the ahinas end; on f. 102 the dvādašāhas; on f. 105 the gavāmaya; on f. 124 the rajasuya; on f. 137 the asvamedha; on f. 138 the purusamedha; on f. 138v the sarvamedha; on f. 141 the visvajit; on f. 145 the sarvajit. Thence to the end follow various stomas. The order of the Srauta Sūtra is not very closely adhered to, and the paddhati confines itself to the rites in which soma plays an important part. F. 118 is missing, but no text is lost. The MS. appears inaccurate. text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Cf. MS. Wilson 69 (863).

2. The Kātīyasūtravyākhyā of Yājñikadeva, son of Prajāpati, a commentary on Kātyāyana's S'rauta Sūtra. It begins on f. 187° and ends on f. 241: iti samrāṭsthapitamahāyājñikaśrīprajātisutamahāyājñikaśrīdevakṛte Kātyāyanasūtre pamcadaśo 'dhyāyah! The MS. seems fairly accurate. The (10) sections of the work end on ff. 193, 197, 203, 210°, 214, 219, 224, 231, 237°, 241. There are a good many corrections in a later hand. The MS. has been written by two scribes; up to f. 225 by the first, thence to the end by the second. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines up to f. 235, thereafter by three red lines.

For other MSS. of this work see MS. Wilson 450 (864), MS. Mill 46 (1048), (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 91<sup>th</sup>, gives a false reference to MS. Wilson 69 (868)), Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 62 sq. This MS. is enumerated in Weber, The Srauta Sūtra of Kātyāyana, p. ix.

Former owner: for 1 there is on f. 186: śrijānīsyedam pustakam pūrnam 1

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+241+ii blank. In the original 1 has 187 leaves, f. 118 being omitted and f. 88 doubled; 2 has 55 leaves.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 186: samvat 1709 (= A. D. 1653) varse samaye kārttikakṛṣṇe caturdaśyām jīvavāsare! That of 2 is given on f. 241: samvat 1642 (= A. D. 1586) varse māghavadi daśamīdine bhṛgau! Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 1 of 1 is lost. Both parts are damaged.

# 1045—MS. Sansk. d. 25 Pāraskara Grhya Sūtra, A. D. 1855.

Contents: the Pāraskara Grhya Sūtra, described in the colophons as a 'Sāmavedīya Kauśika,' probably a clumsy falsification intended to make the MS. appear to be a 'unicum,' for there is no such work as a 'Kauśika Sūtra of the Sāmaveda' in existence. The falsification, or at any rate misstatement, has been pointed out by Aufrecht, in the Z. D. M. G., XXXVII, 547, after the MS. had been referred to as the only copy of the 'Kauśika-sūtra of the Sāmaveda' existing in Europe, in Trübner's Record (no. 78, Mar. 1, 1872; reprinted in the Ind. Ant., I, 162).

It begins: śriganeśāya namah 11 om athāto grhyasthālīpākānām karma 1 &c.

I, I-12=I, I-12 in Stenzler's ed. (Abhandlungen für die Kunde des Morgenlandes, VI, 1878). I, 13 begins (f. 7): atharttumatīń jāyām abhigachet | &c. I, 14 begins (f. 70): atha garbhādhānam | &c. (see Stenzler, p. 51). I, 15-18=I, 13-16 in St. ed. I, 19 begins (f. 9<sup>V</sup>): athāto yamalajanane prāyaścittam vyākhyāsyāmo | &c. I, 20 begins (f. 10): atha yamalacarum mārutam vyākhyāsyāmo | &c. I, 21 (f. 10<sup>V</sup>): athāto mūlavidhi vyākhyāsyāmo | &c. (See Stenzler, p. 52.) I, 22-24=I, 17-19 in St. ed.

The first kāṇḍa ends (f. 12): iti śrīsāmavedīyakauśikaprathamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11

II, 1=II, 1. II, 2 begins: atha karnavedho varșe trtiye pañcame vā 1 &c. (See Stenzler, p. 53.) II, 3-6=II, 2-5 St. ed. II, 7 begins (f. 15): athopanīto brāhmanas triśikhah śikhī jaţilo mundo vā 1 &c. II, 8-11=II, 6-9 St. ed. II, 10 differs considerably from St. ed. II, 12 begins (f. 17): athāto dharmajijnāsau keśāmtād ūrdhvam apatnīka utsamnāgnir anagniko va 1 &c. II, 13-20=II, 10-17 St. ed.

The second kāṇḍa ends (f. 20): iti (here follows the word Pāraskara, carefully struck out) śrīsāmavedī-yakauśikadvitīyo 'dhyāyah 11 2 11

III, 1-14=III, 1-14 St. ed. After III, 15, 7, the order of the sutras differs from St. ed., after 7 follows 9-13, then 8, 14-17, 19, 20, 18, 21-24 (21-24 re-

peated twice), see Stenzler, p. 61. III, 16 is not in our MS.

It ends: trih prāśnāti brahmā tvā tu bra 15 śrī iti śrīsāmavedīyakauśikatṛtīyo 'dhyāyah samāptah 11311

Presented to the Bodleian in 1872 by Mr. Whitley Stokes, to whom it had been presented by the Mahārājah of Vizianagra, Simla, 1869. (See entry and dedication on the first page.)

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 25. Size:  $7\frac{1}{4} \times 11\frac{1}{4}$  in. Style of European books.

Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 29.

Date: samvat 1911 (= A. D. 1855)! The date samvat 1816 given by Aufrecht, l.c., is a mistake.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1046 (9)—MS. Walker 181

### Pāraskara's Gṛhya Sūtra, A.D. 1612.

Contents: for the other contents of this volume see the Bodl. catal., p. 400b. The ninth part is the Grhya Sūtra of Pāraskara, being the Grhya of the White Yajur-veda. It begins on f. 216v. Kāṇḍa 1, containing in this MS. twenty-three sections, ends on f. 231v. Kāṇḍa 2, containing nineteen sections, ends on f. 242v. Kāṇḍa 3, containing seventeen sections, ends on f. 254v: iti śrīpāraskaraviracite Grhyasūtre trtīyam kāṇḍam samāptam 1 śrīh 1 This MS. is fairly accurate, but shows some deviations from the text of the edition by Stenzler.

The text is bounded on either side by two dark red lines. Ff. 232, 249, 250, 254 were originally blank, but ff. 232, 254 have been written on by a later hand.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 254 + ii blank. This part has 39 leaves. The other 8 have 56 + 21 + 11 + 20 + 30 + 35 + 7 + 31.

Date: f. 234<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1668 (= A. D. 1612) varṣe bhādravāśudi 15 budhe | A later hand has written on f. 254: saṃvat 1675 (= A. D. 1619) varṣe phāguvadi 6 budhe | Possibly this denotes the date when some one owned it. Cf. f. 254<sup>v</sup>: saṃvata 1675 varṣe jeṭhavadya 2 |

Scribe: f. 254<sup>v</sup>: adyeha Maphalīpuravāstavyamābhyamtaranāgarajñātīya-1 tr-1 kāmhāmnuāsutaśavajī likhitam idam 1 davepītāmbarasutadavenarasimhasutadavekalyānapathanārtham 1 There are written on ff. 216, 254<sup>v</sup>, various names, perhaps those of owners: (1) davebhadra (=davekalyāna?), (2) Kṛṣṇajĩ, (3) Gopāla, (4) Vāsudeva; at least they can hardly be all invocations of Rāma.

Character: Devanāgarī.

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### 1047-MS. Sansk. d. 44

# Pāraskara Grhya Sūtra, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: a fragment of the Pāraskara Gṛhya Sūtra, extending to II, 11, 1 (Stenzler). There is a lacuna after I, 16, 23 (Stenzler). The first kāṇḍa contains five chapters more, and the fragment of the second kāṇḍa two chapters more, than Stenzler's edition.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 7). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 15 + xvii blank.

Date: probably early 19th, but possibly end of 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 14. MANUALS—S'RAUTA

### 1048-MS. Walker 144

Mantrasamhitā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Mantrasamhita, being a collection of the mantras, of which the pratikas are cited in the Grhya Sütra of Aśvalāyana, see Max Müller, Anc. Sansk. lit., p. 474. It begins on f. 102": śrīgaņeśāya namah 1 śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ \ śrīgurubhyo namaḥ \ Hariḥ oṃ \ ud u tyam jātavedasam devam vahanti ketavah 1 drse visvāya sūryam 11 For the contents see the Bodl. catal., p. 398a. The pitṛsūkta ends on f. 200. Then follow the khandas, beginning: vaisvadevam šamsati yathā vai prajā evam vaišvadevam tadyāthāmtarum janatā evam sūktāni yathāraņyāny 1 &c. It ends on f. 203: etāni khamdāni śrāddhasamaye brāhmaṇām abhiśrāvayet 1 Then comes the Somotpatti: atha somotpattih i kautūhalasamutpannā devatā rsibhih saha I śamsayam pariprchamti Vyāsam dharmārthakovidam IIII katham vā kṣīyate somah kṣīno vā vardhate katham 1 imam prasnam mahābhāgam brūhi sarvam aśesatah 112 11 Vyāsa uvāca 1 sprvamtu devatā sarve yadartham iha āgatā 1 tad aham sampravaksyāmi somasya gatim uttamam 11311 There are twenty-five verses, and though not identical, the work bears considerable resemblance to the Sāma-veda pariśista of Cf. Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., pp. 57, It ends on f. 204v: ya imām Somotpattim sarvakāle sudā paļhet i sarvān kāmān avāpnoti somalokam sa gachati 11 2511 śrisomaka sagachaty o nama iti 1 iti Somotpatti samāptā I Then follow, without heading, these verses: sapta vyādhā daśāraņye mṛgāḥ kālāṃjane girau I cakravākāh sarodvīye hamsāh sarasi mānave II I II te 'pi jā/ā Kurukşetre brāhmaņā vedapāragāḥ i prasthitā dīrgham adhvānam yūyam tebhyo 'vasīdata 11 2 11 amūrttānām ca mūrttānām pitrnām dīptatejasām i namasyāmi sadā teşām dhyāyīnām yogacakşuşām 11 3 11 caturbhis ca caturbhis ca dvābhyām pamcabhir eva ca I hūyate ca punar dvābhyām sa me Viņuh prasīdatu 11 4 11 iśānaḥ pitṛrūpeṇa mahādevo maheśvaraḥ ı prīyatām bhavānīśah paratmā sadāśivah 11511 Then comes on f. 205 the prāṇāgnihotra: atha prāṇāgnihotram i vinamyenopasamgamya brahmāṇam Nārado 'bravīt i prāṇāqnihotram vidhivad vada lokapitāmaha III II prāņāgnihotram vakşyāmi sarvayajñeşu durlabham i yajñāt vā mucyate jamtur janmamrtyujarādibhih 11 2 11 It is written in mixed prose and ślokas. It ends on f. 206v: dātus caiva tu yat puņyam bhoktus caiva tu yat phalam i yat phalam samavāpnoti ubhau tau svargagāminau lubhau tau svargagāmināv iti i iti prāņāgnihotram i Then follows the Caranavyūha, beginning: athātaś Caranavyūham vyākhyāsyāmah i yad uktam caturvadyam catvāro vedā vijnātā bhavamti Ravedo Yajurvedaḥ Sāmavedo 'tharvedaś ceti | The text presented by this MS. bears upon the whole considerable resemblance to that of MSS.'C,''D,' in Weber's edition, Ind. Stud., III, 247-283; and so far strengthens the theory that there are two recensions, a Rg and a Yajur, of this parisista. Like most MSS. of this tract the end varies considerably: f. 209: ya imam Caranavyūham garbhinīm śrāvayet striyam i pumānisam janayet putram sarvajñam vedapāragam 11 2 11 ya imam Caranavyūham śrāddhakāle sadā pathet i akşayyam tad bhave chrāddham pitīms caivopatisthati 11 3 11 yo nāma ripurādevā amṛtatvam ca gachati i lokādhitam mahāśāmtim amrtatvam ca gachaty amrtatvam ca gachati 11411 The remaining verses are more modern. The whole ends on f. 209v: iti Caraņavyūhah samāptah 1 Then begins the rakşoghna, the pitrbhyah khamdaseşa and the śrīsūkta, ending on f. 212. Then begin the daśavidhisnānamamtrāh. The whole ends on f. 218: ity Aśvalāyanaśākhoktamaṃtrasaṃhitā samāptā i śubhaṃ bhavatu I śrīr astu I śrīh I chah I śrīh I

Despite the title, which applies to the whole work, doubtless the mantras alone (perhaps only those up to f. 200) form the work proper, and these supplementary treatises are merely reckoned in for convenience sake. Other MSS. of whole or of part are Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 26; Bhandarkar, Cat. MSS. Bombay Presid., p. 2; Wickremasinghe, J.R.A.S., 1902, p. 648; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 73. These collections vary in extent and seem partly śrauta.

The MS. is carefully written, but full of inaccuracies, without accents. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, with two more in the outer margin. For the contents of ff. 1-99 of the volume, see the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 398<sup>a</sup>.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+218+ii blank. The two parts have 99 and 116 leaves. There are really only 217 leaves now, as f. 186 has been passed over.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750-1800. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1049-MS. Mill 164

### S'rautapadmanābhi, 18th cent.?

Contents: Dr. Mill (?) describes this work on f. iii as the 'Śrāuta-padma-nābhī being a Mimaṇsic Treatise giving a detail of Ceremonies for various Hindu Festivals.' Cf. perhaps Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 71. No title is to be found in the MS., the beginning and end of which are missing. It is clearly a commentary on a Sūtra work concerned with Srauta ceremonies. The MS. begins on f. 2 (f. 1 being lost): ditā phalavattāvagamyate 1 naitad evam 1 tatra hi yāgahomayoh śrutyā vidhānam 1 yajeteti yāgasya karttavyatocyate juhuyād iti ca homasyānacayadāmtaram asti yatah phalam upalabhyeta 1 daršapūrņamāsašabdah karmaṇi varttate 1 agnihotrašabdas ca 1 &c.

On f. 54 we read: samāptāny aistikāny aikāhikāni cāturmāsyāni 11 atha teşv eva sa pāšukeşu višeşo likhyate 1 tatra pūrvedyuh karambhapātrakaranam 1 prātar ahatavastraparidhānam samāropah 1 udavasānam 1 manthanam 1 &c.

F. 103<sup>V</sup>: iti mādhyaṇdinasavanaṃ samāptaṃ II

F. 110: agnistomah sampūrņah 11 saptasomasamsthāh 11 tesām prathamo 'gnistomah ukthā sodasyatirātrānām agnistomavikāratvam 11 &c.

The last two lines of the MS. are: agā payasā vasivati makhāyeti pratimantram i iti mahāvīrakaraṇam i tato 'pūpāhutyādi yūpakaraṇāntam i uṣasaś cācariṣyamś cariṣyan pravargyeṇa carati sapravargye i tatra dvārāpidhānam i kṛcaṃ vācam ity adhyāyapaṭhanam ādhaṃtaṃ (or ādya°?) i patnyadarśanam i

Besides f. 1, also ff. 22-26 are missing. F. 31 is counted twice in the original foliation. Ff. 68 and 69 are supplied by a modern hand, ff. 98-100 again by another hand.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 38.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in.

Material: Paper, ff. 33-45 dark yellow.

No. of leaves: iii + 112.

Date: the oldest portions of the MS. were probably written in the beginning of the 18th century, the more modern parts towards the end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1050-MS. Wilson 460

#### S'rautapaddhati, 17th cent.?

Contents: a S'rautapaddhati, a manual of the chief S'rauta rites, following to some extent the Sāma-veda, by an anonymous author. The title is given correctly in the Bodl. catal., p. 383a, in the transcript, but in the verse śrāddhao is a mistake for śrautao which is quite clear in the MS., f. 1v. The wrapper, f. 1, calls it Agnistomapaddhati, probably because the larger part treats of that rite. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 665, calls it S'rāddhapaddhati.

The chief sections are: F. 18: itīṣṭiḥ samāptāḥ 1 F. 19 tato darśaśrāddhadvipārvaņam I F. 24 : athānvārambhanīyā | F. 30": pūrnāhutyājyanirvāpaļ | F. 33": brahmacaryādayo niyamāļ I F. 36: iti pravāsavidhiļ I athāgnihotrahomah | F.39: atha cāturmāsyāni | F.39": vaiśvadevaparvaņi višeşahı F. 44°: atha Varuņapraghāsā āṣāḍhyām i tatra pūrvedyuḥ karambhapātrakaranam i daksināgnyuddharanam i F. 57: tadamte 'vabhrthestih tatra Varunapraghase 1 F. 60: iti Varunapraghāsāḥ i atha sākamedhā (dhvaram in second hand) i Kārtikasuklacaturdasyām samāropah 1 F. 61: iti sāmtapaņīyā i tato grhamedhīyā i F. 64: iti grhamedhīyā i F. 66: ity agnihotrahomah | atha krīdanīyā | F. 66v: atha mahāhaviķ i F. 68v: iti mahāhaviķ i atha pitryā i F. 78: iti Tryambakā 1 iti sākamedhākram trtīyam parva i atha sunāsīrīyam i F. 80°: ily aistikāni cāturmāsyāni ( F.84: karambhapātrapūrvakam prānadānam ) F. 86: samāptāny aistikāhikāni cāturmāsyāni atha teşv eva sapāśukeşu viśeşo likhyate | F. 88: iti sapāśukāny aişţikāni aikāhikāni cāturmāsyāni i atha mitravimdā likhyate 1 F. 92: iti mitravimdā 1 mitravimdā pa sus caiva pavitrestis tathaiva ca i rtav rttau prayumjanah punati daśapuruṣam iti 1 F.96°: iti pavitreṣṭiḥ 1 F.97: atha nirūdhapasuprayogah I F. 109: iti pasubamdhah samāptah 1 atha jyotistomaprayogah 1 F. 120: somakrayah sampūrnnah I F. 123v: ity ātithyā I F. 139: ity agnīşomiyah samaptah I F. 169: iti madhyamdinam savanam samāptam | F. 179: agnistomah sampūrnnah | sapta somasamsthāh i teşām prathamo 'gniştomah i &c. The MS. ends abruptly, and is clearly incomplete. text is bounded on either side by three or four red lines.

Former owner: f. 1: țhā° chamanānīsyedam (?) pustakam Agnisţomapaddhati 128 |

Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+179+ii blank. In the original ff. 116, 119 are passed over, ff. 158, 161 are repeated. A new enumeration also begins on f. 50, and counts

128 leaves, f. 71 being repeated and called a sodhapatra, and f. 117 being repeated.

Date: probably about A. D. 1650.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1051-ms. Mill 103

## Rāmakṛṣṇa's Brahmatvapaddhati, A. D. 1751.

Contents: the Samaganam Brahmatvapaddhati. a manual of the Brahman's duties with regard to the soma rites, by Rāmakṛṣṇa Nāhnā Bhāï, son of Dāmodara. It begins on f. 1 with the passage quoted in the Bodl. catal., p. 394a. The work gives a brief and comprehensive account of the rites, ending on f. 29 thus: atha naimittikānām stotrāņām anumamtraņam ucyate i yadi prātaķsavanāstomo 'tiricyetāsti somo ayam stuta ityādi brahmaņena naimittikāni stotrāņi vihitāni pūrvastotrasya stomabhagenānumamtrayet i iti naimittikastotrāņām anumamtraņam samāptam i iti srītripāthidāmodarasūnunā dī°-rāmakṛṣṇena Nāhnābhāidvitīyanāma kṛtaikāhādinasatrānām Brahmatvapaddhatih samāptah i For the spelling of the name Nana Bhai see Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 81, 85; Weber, Catal., I, 345, according to which he copied a MS. of the Tristhalisetu at Benares A. D. 1617. For a list of his works see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 509a; for his genealogy, Weber, l. c., 407, note. Cf. Mill 163 (1029).

The MS. is carelessly written and somewhat inaccurate. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. On f. 10<sup>v</sup> a lacuna is marked.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 29 + i blank.

Date: f.  $29^{V}$ : samvat 1808 sake 1673 (= A. D. 1751) bhādrapadasukla 2 camdre 1

Scribe: f. 29<sup>\tilde{\tau}</sup>: lio \ tro-namdarāmeņa \ tro-jīvanarāmmarāmmabhadra nī pratyo upera lakhīcheo sodhinathī \ svārtham paropakārārtham ca \

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1052—MS. Wilson 506

### Rāmakṛṣṇa's Samūḍhapauṇḍarīkapaddhati, A.D. 1752.

Contents: the Samūdhapaundarīkapaddhati (called in this MS. simply Paundarīkapaddhati) of Rāmakṛṣṇa Nāhnā Bhāï, son of Dāmodara (in this MS. the author is not named), a manual of stotras and chants, figured for chanting. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ atha Pauṇḍarīkapaddhatir likhyate i purastād ṛgjapaḥ i stomayogaḥ i agnes tejas tu i It ends on f. 134: iti viśvajid atirātraḥ i samāpto 'yam Pauṇḍarīkaekādaśarātraḥ i The figuring is done in red ink, which has grown nearly black. The text is divided into a mul-

titude of short sections according to subjects. See Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 85. From ff. 37–95 the text is bounded on either side by one or two black lines.

Former owner: f. 1: Rāmabhaṭṭa 1

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+134+ii blank.

Date: f. 134: saṃvat 1809 śake 1674 (= A.D.1752) adhika āṣāḍhaśudī 3 budhe 1

Scribe: his name has been carefully erased on f. 134: likhitam - - - svārtham parārtham ca i śrīrāmah sahāya i Only -sūnu- is legible.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1053-MS. Sansk. d. 18

### Vāsudeva Dīkṣita's Mahāgnisarvasva, A. D. 1835.

Contents: the Mahāgnisarvasva, a manual of Srauta rites according to the school of Baudhāyana, in nineteen adhyāyas, by Vāsudeva Dīkṣita, son of Mahādeva Vājapeyayājin and Annapūrņā, adhvaryu priest of Ānandarāya, the minister of Sāh Sarabhatulaja, king of Cola (Tanjore). It begins: u śrīgaņeśāya namah u śrīgurubhyo namah u Bodhāyanam praṇamyāgne kalpasūtram yathāmate u dvaidhakarmāmtasūtrābhyām saha vyākhyāsyatetarām u i u agner anārabhyādhītatvāt anārabhyādhītānām ca prakrtigāmitvād dīkṣādisambamdhāt darśapūrṇamāsayoś ca dīkṣādyabhāvāt jyotiṣṭomāmgatādhyavasīyate u dīkṣādi hi jyotiṣṭomāmgam prasiddham u &c.

Āpastambadīpikā, quoted on f. 7. F. 8: ity Āpastambādimatam II Bodhāyanasya na sammatam II ittham hi tasya sulbasūtram II F. 9: II ity upodghātah II II rjupakṣo vakrapakṣaś ceti śyenacidvividhah II vakrapakṣo 'pi dvividhah II pamcapatrah ṣaṭpatraś ceti II tatra rjupakṣah pamcapatravakrapakṣaś ca śyenacid agnih Keśavasvāmiviṣnuvṛddhagopālādibhih prapamcita iti II ṣaṭpatraśyenacitam adhikṛtya agnikalpasūtram dvaidhakarmāmtasūtrābhyām saha vyākhyāsyāmah II II om II ukhāh sambhariṣyann upakalpayate 'śvam ca gardhabham ca I &c.

Adhyāya i ends on f. 15; 2, on f. 19; 3, on f. 23°; 4, on f. 36; 5, on f. 38°; 6, on f. 48; 7, on f. 53°; 8, on f. 57°; 9, on f. 62; 10, on f. 66; 11, on f. 70°; 12, on f. 72; 13, on f. 73°; 14, on f. 79°; 15, on f. 83°; 16, on f. 88; 17, on f. 100°; 18, on f. 105; 19, on f. 114°.

It ends: iti śrīmatsatatasamtanyamānasyenakūrmasārarathacakrākārādyanekaguņavrājamānamahāgnivilasatpraudhānekamahādhvarasya śrīśāhasarabhatulajākhyacolamahīpālatrayāmātyadhuramdharasya padavākyapramānapārāvārīnasya śrīmata Ānamdarāyavidvatsārvabhaumasya pamcapurusīposyena taddayānivarttita-

sāgnicityānekādhvareņa tadadhvaryuņā Mahādevavājapeyayājisutena Annapūrņāgarbhajātena Vāsudevadīksitavidusā viracite Mahāgnisarvasve ekonaviņšo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 11 śrī 11 graṃthaś ca samāptaḥ 11

See Burnell, Vedic MSS., pp. 27 sq., Tanjore catal., p. 25; Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 126; and compare Mitra, Notices, II, 237 sq.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i+114+i blank.

Date: samvat 1891 (= A. D. 1835) viśvāvasunāmasamvatsare bhādrapadakṛṣṇanavamyām gurau samāptam II Scribe: Lakṣmaṇa Boḍasa, son of Nārāyaṇa Bhaṭṭa. Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1054—MS. Sansk. e. 1 Punarādheyaprayoga, 19th cent.

Contents: the Punarādheyaprayoga, belonging to the Baudhāyana Srauta Sūtra. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i atha Baudhāyanapunarādheyaprayogaḥ i ādhānānamtaram saṃvatsarād arvāk yasya putrabhrātṛdhanahāniḥ svaśarīre mahāvyādhyutpattir vā bhavati sa udvāsaneṣṭipūrvakaṃ punarādheyaṃ kuryāt i tasya kālaḥ i &c.

It ends: kālāmtaram āha Satyāṣāḍhaḥ Āpastambaś ca varṣāsu śaradi vādhatte rohinī punarvasū anūrādhāś ceti punarādheyanakṣatrāni i iti Baudhāyanapunarādheyaprayogaḥ i

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+5+xxvii blank.

Date: scarcely older than A.D. 1860.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1055—MS. Sansk. d. 46 Caraṇavyūha, A. D. 1761.

Contents: the Caranavyūha by Kātyāyana or Saunaka, a Pariśista of the White Yajur-veda. It begins: 11 śrīganeśāya namah 11 athātaś Caranavyūham vyākhyāsyāmah 11 tatra niruktam cāturvidyam caturo vedā vijnātāni bhavamti 1 Rgvedo Yajurvedah Sāmavedo 'tharvavedaś ceti 1 &c. It ends: aśvamedhasahasrāni vājapeyaśatāni ca 1 tat puņyam phalam āpnoti pathec Caranavyūhake 11 Cf. MS. Walker 144 (1048).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 10).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 3 + xix blank.

Date: samvat 1818 varse śāke 1683 (= A.D. 1761) 1

Scribe: Bhaṭa Harajīya, son of Bhaṭa Viśvanātha, of Siṃhapura, who wrote it for Pandryā Vīreśvara, son of Pandryā Ratneśvara, son of Pandryā Devākara.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the leaves are protected by transparent paper.

### 1056-MS. Mill 50

### Agnistomahautra, about A. D. 1833.

Contents: the Agnistomahautra (ohotra in MS.), a manual treating of the recitation of the rc at soma sacrifices. With the beginning on f. 1, cited in the Bodl. catal., p. 391a, cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 81b. It ends on f. 45v: janmana uttamasyām ityādisūvākatva abhrthestivat svistaksadādisūktāvākām namksatvā vājina-yāgam vatatvāsamsthājayam karāte i iti Agnistomahotram i This last quotation is a fair specimen of the text, which has been copied by some scribe totally ignorant of Sanskrit. He has marked lacunae on ff. 2, 2v, 7, 9v, 10v, 22v, 23, 23v, 24, 24v, 25, 25v, 26, 27, 27v, 28, 28v, 29, 29v, 30, 30v, 31, 31v, 32, 32v, 34, 36v, 42, 45v, partly probably because he did not understand what he was copying.

This work may be identical with that mentioned by Weber, Catal., I, 30, but, as Weber gives no specimens, this is uncertain.

Bound apparently in India, lettered 'Agnistoma-hautram.'

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, water-marked 'I. Annandale & Sons, 1833.'

No. of leaves: i+46+i blank.

Date: in or after the year 1833.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1057—MS. Sansk. c. 39 (R)

## Hautrī Dīkṣāvicārapaddhati, 16th cent.?

Contents: the Hautri Dikṣāvicārapaddhati, being a manual of rules for the hotr priest at the dikṣā ceremony. Originally the MS. contained sixteen leaves, but ff. 3 and 9 are lost, and the remaining leaves are rather badly rubbed. The colophon is on f. 10<sup>v</sup>: iti Hautri Dikṣāvicārapaddhatih sampūrnnā!

By the same hand are five leaves, numbered 1, 2, 5, 8, 9, very much rubbed and illegible, on ritual.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in cloth box; size of box:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

# 96 M14, 15. VEDIC LITERATURE—MANUALS—S'RAUTA, GRHYA (1057–1060)

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 8+5.

Date: possibly 16th century.

Character: Bengālī,

### 1058-MS. Sansk. c. 132 (R)

### Fragment on Ritual, 18th cent.?

Contents: three leaves and a half of some ritual treatise. F. 26 contains sections 7<sup>b</sup>-15<sup>a</sup>. Section 7<sup>b</sup> is: Vrhaspataye havisā vidhema svāha | 17 | 1 Section 8 is: viśvo devasya netur mmartto vurīta sakhyam | viśvo rāya iṣudhyati dyumnam vṛṇīta puṣyate svāhā | 18 | 1 F. 28 contains sections 22-30; F. 34, sections 28-34<sup>a</sup> of a new part, and the half leaf the rest of 34-39.

The verses, partly Rg-vedic, are not accented.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in cloth box; size of box:  $13\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of leaf:  $12 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 4.

Date: probably about 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, with some Kaśmīrī characteristics.

### 1059—MS. Mill 54

#### Dhīragovindaśarman's Ātharvaņarahasya, 19th cent.

Contents: the Atharvanarahasya of Dhiragovindasarman, being a treatise, defending the authenticity of, and giving details as to the composition of, the Atharvaveda, written for H. H. Wilson. The former part extends from f. 1 (for the beginning see the Bodl. catal., p. 391) to f. 9; the latter thence to the end on f. 30: ityādipadyānām Prabodhacamdrodayanāṭakanaişadhīyacaritādişu śrīkṛṣṇamiśraśrīharṣamiśrapraṇītānām aprāmāņyavyāghātāc cety alam bhagavato turyamātrātmakasya Brahmavedasya parito digvijah ity Atharvanarahasye Brahmavedadūşaņoddhārah i samāptas cāyam Ātharvaṇarahasyākhyo nībaṃdhavaraḥ ı cha ı cha ı But the last 3 ff. return to the defence. The writer makes a great parade of learning, citing, inter alia, the Vajasaneyasakha, Saunakiyabrahmana, Manu, Jabala, Vyasa, Bṛhaspati, the Viṣṇu, Vārāha, Kālikā, Vāsiṣṭhalinga, Bhavişya, Padma, Kurma Purāņas, Kulārņavatantra, Agastyasamhitā, Sukadeva, Srīdharasvāmin's Subodhinī, Viśvaguṇādarśa; but probably most of this learning is derived from Nāgojī (c. A. D. 1675) and Kullūka, whose commentary on Manu he very frequently cites.

His information about the Atharva appears to contain nothing of importance not already known. The list of Upanişads and contents, ff. 10–13, is the same as that found in Colebrooke's MS., Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 113, and Jones' MS., MS. Mill 109 (1007); the two latter parts of the Māṇḍūkya Upaniṣad being described as 'upadeśagramthadvayam.' The MS. is an autograph, written probably about A. D. 1830.

Bound in a native binding, lettered 'Atharvanara-hasyam.'

Size:  $12 \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in. The leaves are arranged as in a modern book.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, water-marked 'J. Coles, 1830.'

No. of leaves: i+30+i blank. Date: in or about A. D. 1830. Scribe: Govindasarman.

Character: Devanagari.

# 15. MANUALS—GRHYA

### 1060-MS. Sansk. d. 48

### Āśvalāyana S'rāddhapaddhati, A.D. 1819.

Contents: a manual of the rites connected with S'rāddhas or funeral oblations, especially the Pārvaṇaśrāddha, as practised in the school of Āśvalāyana. The title Āśvalāyanānām S'rāddhapaddhati is given on f. 1, the title Pārvaṇaśrāddhaprayoga on f. 30, and the title Pārvaṇaśrāddhapaddhati on f. 30. It begins: II śrīganeśāya namah II śrīkrṣno jayaty atitarām II ācamyādau pavitradhāraṇam II om pavitravamteti dvayor brahmā Brhaspatis triṣṭup II pavitradhāraṇe viniyogah II pavitravamtah pari vācam āsate pitaiṣām II &c. It ends: ucchinnakulavaṃśānām yeṣām dātā kulena hi II dharmapimdo mayā datto hy akṣayyam patiṣṭhatu II 4 II iti Pārvaṇaśrāddhapaddhatih samāptā II śubham astu II The mantras are accented.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 14). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 30 + iii blank.

Date: samvat 1876 sake 1741 (= A.D. 1819) pravarttamānamārgasīrṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe dvitīyāyām tithau bhṛgau vāsare i

Scribe: Dāmodara, son of Hari, of Sūryapura.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Ornamentation in red on f. 1, in red and black on f. 30.

### 1061-MS. Sansk. e. 42

### Utsarjanopākarmaprayoga, A.D. 1752.

Contents: the Utsarjanopākarmaprayoga, apparently following the Āśvalāyana Gṛḥya Sūtra. It begins: om śrīganeśāya namaḥ II athotsarjjanopākarmaprayogaḥ II tatra sūtraṃ II athāto 'dhyāyopākaraṇam oṣadhīnāṃ prādurbhāve śravaṇena śrāvaṇasya paṃcamyām hastena veti I (see Āśv. Gṛḥya S. III, 5) kārikāpi adhyāyānām upākarma śrāvaṇyāṃ śravaṇena tu I tanmāse hastayuktāyāṃ paṃcamyāṃ vā tad iṣyate I &c. It ends (ff. 15, 16): brāhmaṇān bhojayet viśvet tā te savaneṣv iti ṛṣīn jale udvāsayet I īty utsarjanaṃ II saṃpūrṇam. The MS. is much corrected.

The mantras occurring in the text are accented. They differ from Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 175, nos. 566, 567.

Former owners: the MS. seems to have been written for tīvādī Bhavānī Sankara. See colophon (f. 16): tīvādī Bhavānīśamkarasya idam pustakam lekhanīyam u

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 4).

Size:  $8\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 16 + iii blank.

Date: sam 1 1808 (= A. D. 1752) śrāvaņavadi 6 budhe 11

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1062-MS. Walker 182

#### Prathamapuruṣākī Maitrāyaṇagṛhyapaddhati, 18th cent.?

Contents: for the other contents of this volume see the Bodl. catal., p. 400b. The second work is the Maitrayanagrhyapaddhati, a short treatise on the sixteen samskaras, according to the Maitrayana school, the chapter called Prathamapurusa. It begins on f. 1257: śriganeśāya namah I atha daśakarmaārambhasarvakarmaārambhe śāmtikarmavidhir likhyate i atha vedikaraņam khamdagulonās catvārah 1 &c. It ends on f. 162 with the account of the caturthikarma: iti caturthīkarmam samāptam i iti anukramam sodasasamskārah samāptā i iti Maitrāyanīsākhāyām grhye sodašakarmah prathamapuruşākī paddhati \ subham astu \ srīviśveśvarāya namah i śrīrāma i Govarddhanadvārī i The MS. is very inaccurate. It is written in two styles, one extending to f. 150v, the other thence to the end. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. It is just possible that this work may have some connexion with the work described in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 98, but it does not seem probable. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 792a, corrects the statement of the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 400b, that Prathamapuruşa is the author. See also Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, I, 69, note; Z. D. M. G., II, 341.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+217+ii blank. This part has 28 leaves=ff. 125-162. Parts 1 and 3 have 122 (really 123, f. 35 repeated) and 54.

Date: probably about A. D. 1700-1750.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1063-MS. Mill 119

### Baudhāyanīyaprayogasāra, 15th or 16th cent.?

Contents: the Baudhāyanīyaprayogasāra, a manual in verse of domestic rites, according to the school of Baudhāyana. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 356b, gives this MS. as containing the Prayogasara, but the works in the MSS. cited (Mitra, Bikaner catal., pp. 140, 156; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 71; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 19b; Mitra, Notices, I, 17) are all expositions of Srauta rites. This work bears a certain resemblance to the Baudhāyanīyapaddhati of Keśavasvāmin, but is not identical with it. Its contents are as follows: f. I is lost; f. 2 contains the end of the first adhyāya of the first kāṇḍa, the śāstrāvatāra. The name of kāṇḍa I is paribhāṣā. Adhyāya 2, prakīrṇaka, ends on f. 4; 3, parimāņakavidhi, on f. 4<sup>v</sup>; 4, kalpavidhi, on f. 5<sup>v</sup>; 5, mantravidhi, on f. 7; 6, no title, on f. 7<sup>v</sup>; 7, agnividhi, on f. 8; 8, āghāravidhi, on f. 10<sup>v</sup>; 9, āgnihotrikapūrvike vidhi, on f. 11; 10, prāyaścittavidhi, on f. 13.

Kāṇḍa II begins on f. 13; its name is the vivāhakāṇḍa. Adhyāya 1, kanyāvara, ends on f. 14<sup>V</sup>; 2, gotranirṇaya, on f. 15<sup>V</sup>; 3, nāṃdīmukha, on f. 16; 4, udakaśāntividhi, on f. 17; 5, devayajanodāya, on f. 17<sup>V</sup>; 6, madhuparkavidhi, on f. 19; 7, pāṇigrahaṇa, on f. 19<sup>V</sup>; 8, vadhvānayana, on f. 21; 9, upasaṃveśana, on f. 21<sup>V</sup>; 10, matsyaṃgrahaṇa, on f. 22; 11, vaiśvadevavidhi, on f. 23; 12, śāstravidhi, on f. 26; 13, prāyaścittavidhi, on f. 28.

Kāṇḍa III, nityakāṇḍa, begins on f. 28. Adhyāya 1, rṇatrayanirvvacana, ends on f. 29; 2, samdhyopāsanavidhi, on f. 30; 3, brahmayajñavidhi, on f. 31; 4, Puruṣottamārcanavidhi, on f. 31°; 5, pañca mahāyajña, on f. 32°; 6, samvibhāgavidhi, on f. 33; 7, bhojanavidhi, on f. 34; 8, pīmḍapitṛyajñavidhi, on f. 35; 9, āgrayaṇavidhi, on f. 35°; 10, śūlagava, on f. 36; 11, pratyavarohaṇavidhi, on f. 36°; 12, aṣṭakāmāsiśrāddhavidhi, on f. 37; 13, śrāddhavidhi, on f. 37; 14, upākarmmavidhi, on f. 38; 15, āyuṣyacaru, on f. 38°; 16, aṣṭamīkalpavidhi, on f. 39°; 17, dhūrttavali, on

f. 40<sup>v</sup>; 18, upasargavali, on f. 41<sup>v</sup>; 19, sarppadvyāvāprthivīvali, on f. 42; 20, Yamavali, on f. 43; 21, āmikṣāvidhi, on f. 43; 22, vṛṣotsarga, on f. 43; 23, aupāsanatviṣṭyavidhi, on f. 43<sup>v</sup>; 24, navavṛtti, on f. 45.

Kāṇḍa IV, naimittikakāṇḍa, begins on f. 45. Adhyā-ya 1, yaṃtrādhyāya, ends on f. 47; 2, prasṛtiyāvaru-vidhi, on f. 47; 3, aghamarṣaṇa, on f.  $47^{v}$ ; 4, kūś-māṇḍavidhi, on f. 48; 5, cāṇḍrāyaṇavidhi, on f. 49; 6, pārāyaṇavidhi, on f.  $49^{v}$ ; 7, prāyaścittavidhi, on f.  $50^{v}$ ; 8, prāyaścitteṣṭi, on f. 51; 9, vāstuśamana, on f.  $51^{v}$ ; 10, adbhutaśāṃti, on f. 52; 11, grahaśāṃti, on f. 53; 12, gṛhādiśāṃti, on f.  $53^{v}$ ; 13, prakīrṇaka, on f.  $54^{v}$ ; 14, dattaputragrahavidhi, on f. 55; 15, Viṣṇuḥ-pratiṣṭhā, on f. 56; 16, pūjābali, on f. 57; 17, prakīrṇaka, on f.  $57^{v}$ .

Kāṇḍa V, kāmyakāṇḍa, begins on f. 57°. Adhyāya 1, kāmyavāsavidhi, ends on f. 58; 2, upaśrutividhi, on f. 58; 3, virūpākṣapūjāvidhi, on f. 58°; 4, praṇavakalpa, on f. 58°; 5, vyāhṛtikalpa, on f. 59; 6, vināyakakalpa, on f. 50°; 7, Viṣṇukalpa, on f. 60; 8, no name, on f. 60°; 9, no name, on f. 60°; 10, Durgākalpa, on f. 61; 11, mṛtyumjayakalpa, on f. 61; 12, Sarasvatīkalpa, on f. 61°; 14, sahasratīkṣaṇavidhi, on f. 62; 15, prakīrṇaka, on f. 64; 16, kāmeṣṭi, on f. 64°; 17, abhicāravidhi, on f. 65.

Kāṇḍa VI, saṃskārakāṇḍa, begins on f. 65. Adhyāya 2, garbhādhānavidhi, ends on f. 66; 3, Visnubali, on f. 66; 1, rtusamvešanavidhi, on f. 66°; 2, u. s., on f. 67; 3, u. s., on f. 67, 4, jātakarmavidhi, on f. 68; 5, nāmakaraņavidhi, on f. 69♥; 6, nakṣatrahomavidhi, on f. 70; 7, niskramaņavidhi, on f. 70; 8, karņavedha, on f. 70°; 9, caulakarmavidhi, on f. 70°; 10, upanayanavidhi, on f. 72♥; 11, rājanyopanayanavidhi, on f. 73♥; 12, yajñopavītavidhi, on f. 74; 13, bhojanavidhi, on f. 74; 14, yaganiyamavidhi, on f. 75<sup>v</sup>; 15, no name, on f. 75°; 16, kāmdānukramanikā, on f. 77°; 17, vidyārambha, on f. 78; 18, hotrvrata, on f. 78v; 19, śukriyavratavidhi, on f. 80; 20, upanisadādivratavidhi, on f. 80; 21, sammitavrata, on f. 81; 22, brahmacāriprāyaścitta, on f. 82<sup>v</sup>; 23, samāvarttanavidhi, on f. 84; 24, kalpāmtaravidhi, on f. 85; 25, satābhişekavidhi, on f. 85v.

Kāṇḍa VII, saṃnyāsakāṇḍa, begins on f. 85°. Adhyāya I, saṃnyāsavidhi, ends on f. 87°; 2, Kātyāyanīyavidhi, on f. 88; 3, Kāpilādividhi, on f. 88°; 4, yogavidhi, on f. 89°; 5, bhikṣāṭana, on f. 90; 6, bhekṣaprakāravidhi, on f. 91; 7, bhikṣāpratiṣedhavidhi, on f. 91°; 8, bhikṣāprāyaścittavidhi, on f. 92°; 9, bhojanavidhi, on f. 93°; 10, bhojanaprāyaścittavidhi, on f. 94°; 11, yaṃtropaniṣad, on f. 95°; 12, yaṃtropaniṣatsu ṣaṭkādhyāya, on f. 96°; 13, yaṃtropaniṣatsu prakīrṇaka, on f. 97°; 14, yaṃtropaniṣatsu prāyaścitta-

vidhi, on f. 100; 15, not marked; 16, saṃskāravidhi, on f. 101<sup>v</sup>; 17, Nārāyaṇabalividhi, on f. 102.

Kāṇḍa VIII begins on f. 102; it is the pitṛmedha-kāṇḍa. Adhyāya 1, pretanirharaṇa, ends on f. 103; 2, pretasaṃskāravidhi, on f. 104; 3, dahanavidhi, on f. 105; 4, āśaucādidharmavidhi, on f. 105; 5, asthisaṃcayanavidhi, on f. 106; 6, daśame 'hani vidhi, on f. 106<sup>v</sup>; 7, ekodiṣṭavidhi, on f. 107<sup>v</sup>; 8, sapiṃḍīkaraṇavidhi, on f. 108; 9, sapiṃḍīkaraṇavidhi, on f. 109; 10, brahmamedhavidhi, on f. 109<sup>v</sup>; 11, strīsaṃskāravidhi, on f. 110; 12, jaḍādisaṃskāravidhi, on f. 110<sup>v</sup>; 13, anupanītasaṃskāra, on f. 111; 14, prāyādimṛtasaṃskāra, on f. 112.

The MS. breaks off abruptly at f. 112V. The kāṇḍas have colophons, e.g. f. 85V: iti Prayogasāre saṃskārakāṃḍe śatābhiṣekavidhiḥ paṃcaviṃśo 'dhyāyaḥ i samāptedam saṃskārakāṃḍam i

The MS. is fairly accurate, but a great many lacunae are marked. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines. There is a large number of corrections in a careless, later hand.

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+112+ii blank. Really 111, as f. 1 is missing.

Date: the MS. can hardly be later than about A.D. 1550.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 1 is lost, and the end is in large part missing.

### 1064-MS. Sansk. d. 8

#### Pitrmedhikavidhänaprayoga, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pitrmedhikavidhānaprayoga, or the Pitrmedhavidhana, a manual of funeral rites according to one of the Taittiriya schools (Bhāradvāja?). It begins: 11 śriganeśāya namah 11 atha pitrmedhavidhānam II II tad yathā II dešakālau samkīrtya amukagotram amukasarmāņam āhitāgnim ācāryabhūtam brāhmaņaviduṣam imam pretam tretāgnibhir yajñapātrais ca pitrmedhasahitena brahmamedhena karmaṇā samskarişya iti samkalpyāpa upaspṛśyāgnīn praṇayati 🛚 atha jñātayah keśān prakīrya keşu śiraḥsu pāṃśūn āvapamte II gārhapatyasya paścād dakṣiṇāgrān darbhān samstīrya teşu pretam dakşiņasirasam agnim abhimukham adhaḥkṛtadakṣiṇapārśvaṃ 🛚 sarvaṣya pratiśīvarī bhūmis tvopastha ādhita\ syonāsmai suşadā bhava yachāsmai śarma saprathāḥ i iti saṃveśayati i gārhapatyāgārasya pūrvayā dvārā nihr [tya gārhapa sec.m.] tyāhavanīyayor amtare darbheşv adhahkrtadakşinapārsvam āhavanīyābhimukhah sarvasya pratisivariti samvesayati adhvaryuh

pretam anvārabhya āhavanīye sruvāhutim juhoti i pare yuvām sam pravato i &c. See Taittirīya Ār. VI, I, I, and the quotation from Bharadvāja in Sāyaņa's commentary.

F. 6°: atha yady utthātum ichati i tadā udīrsva nāry abhi . . . janitvam abhi sam babhūva i (Taitt. Ār. VI, 1, 3, 14) iti patyur bhrātā utthāpayati i nechati tadā dahamti i anyo vām (read vā tām?) utthāpayati i &c. See W. Caland, Die altindischen Todten- und Bestattungsgebräuche (Amsterdam, 1896), pp. 43 sq.

F. 14<sup>v</sup>: athottaram pitrme(f. 15) dham vyākhyāma (dham vyā by corrections) brahmamedham vyākhyāsyāma ity ācakṣate tathāsy udāharamti dvijānām apavargāya athatatvajadarsibhih (atha tatva by corrections) tah i rṣibhis tapaso yogād veṣṭitam puruṣottamam ii hotṛm ca pitṛmedham ca saṃsṛjya vidhir uttaraḥ i &c. See the quotation from Bharadvāja in Sāyaṇa's commentary on Taitt.Ār. III, 21, 1 (pp. 361 sq. ed. Bibl. Ind.), and Caland, l. c., pp. 96 sq.

F. 16: nirgamam sadmano jyesthaprathamās tu pravešanam kanisthaprathamāh kuryuh sarvatra šavakarmani i atha samca-(f. 16\(\mathbf{V}\))yanadine nagnaprachādanam śrāddham karttavyam i tasya prayogo likhyate i &c. See Caland, l. c., pp. 79 sq.

F. 17: atha pretapiņdavidhim vyākhyāsyāmaķ 11 F. 18: atha navaśrātdhāni 11... atha samcayanavidhih 11 F. 20": iti samcayanavidhih 11 athasthigamgadipunyajalaksepanaprakārah ( F. 21: vāsah paridhāyācamyāmtardasāhavisaye hiraņyasrātdham krtvā pimdānirvapet 11 amtardasāhe pimdam eva nirvapad iti smārttā vadamti nava (f. 21<sup>v</sup>) myām vyuştāyām yajnopavīty amtarā grāmam smasanam ceti kalpasūtram vyustāyām prabhātāyām iti Kapardibhāşyam 11 F. 23♥: athaikādaśyām udite sūrye kalpasūtrakārikābhāsyānusāreņa prayogānukramaļ pradaršyate 11 ... prātar aupāsanam hutvā tato mtyanavaśrātdham krtvā vrsam utsrjet 11 F. 24v: athādyamāsikam ekoddişļam śrātdham 11 F. 25♥: atha Rudraśrātdham II F. 26: atha sapimdīkaraņam II F. 28: iti saṃpiṃdīkaraṇaprayogaḥ 🛭 🗥 sapiṃdīkaraṇāt pretaḥ pitrtvam pratipadyate 11 It ends (f. 29): athāgnilaukikāh sampadyeran tasmād grāmamaryādāmanāharamti, śarīreşv agniḥ samānīya dahanadakkāśam joşayitvā pretemātyā ity etadādi karma pratipadyata ity ādi i iti Pitrmedhikavidhanaprayogah samaptah \ Visnvarpanam astu II II

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut, of Benares.

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 29 + ii blank.

Date: probably written about A.D. 1850.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1065-MS. Sansk. d. 1

### Āpastambīya Saṃskāraprayoga, 18th cent.?

Contents: a manual of domestic ceremonies, based on the Āpastambīya Gṛḥya Sūtra. No title occurs in the MS. itself (which is incomplete). On the first page the title saṃskāraprayoga is given, Āpastambīyānām being added by a later hand. The last page gives the title Āpastaṃbhānāṃ saṃskāraprayogāḥ II It begins: śrīvedavyāsāya namaḥ II avighnam astu II atha agnikha ucyate II yatra kvacāgnim upasamādhāsyaṃt syāt tatra II prācīm udīcīś ca tisrostisro lekhā likhitvā adbhir avokṣyāgnim upasamiṃdhyād utsicyaitad udakam uttareṇa pūrveṇa vā anyad upadadhyād etad dhārye na vidyate II &c. Ff. 2 and 9 are missing.

F. 3V: iti garbhādhānavidhih 11 F. 4: iti sīmamtonnayanavidhih 11 F. 47: iti pusavanavidhih 11 atha jātakarmma 11 F. 6v: iti jākarmavidhiļ 11 . . . iti nāmakaraņavidhiķ II . . . iti pravāsād etya pituķ putrāṇām abhimamtraṇavidhiḥ II F. 7: iti annaprāśanavidhih II F. 77: iti caulakarmavidhih II F. 11: iti upanayanavidhih II F. 11V: iti pālāśakarmavidhih II F. 16: iti upākarmaütsarjanaprakāraķ I sampūrņāķ II ... iti godānavidhiļu F. 17 : iti mahāsamāvarttanavidhih 11 F. 18: ayam aparasamāvarttanavidhih 1 atha kanyām udvāhayişye iti samkalpya 11 &c. F. 18v: iti madhuparkah 11 F. 22 v: iti grhapravesahomavidhih 11 F. 23: ity āgneyasthālīpākavidhih 11 F. 24: iti vivāhavidhih samāptah 11 ... iti duhšakunādividhih 11 F. 25: iti patyur hṛdadayavasyākhyasthālīpākavidhiḥ II cha II atha sapatnībādhānamtaravidhim āha II ... samajaişam imā aham sapatnīr abhibhūvarīķ i yathāham asya vīrasya vijārā nijanasya ca II Here the MS. breaks off.

This Prayoga gives also the mantras to be recited at the various ceremonies.

Described by Winternitz, Mantrapātha (Anecd. Oxon.), pt. i, pp. xii, xiii. Cf. the longer work in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 97.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut, of Benares. Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 1 + 24 + 11 blank.

Date: probably beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1066-MS. Sansk. d. 54

Kātyāyana's S'rāddhakalpasūtra, 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'rāddhakalpa or Navakaṇḍikāsūtra, by Kātyāyana, in nine chapters, followed by nine ślokas on śrāddha ceremonies. The S'rāddhakalpa ends

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on ff. 4<sup>V</sup> sq.: hiranyam tu dvādašyām kuppam jñātiśraisthyam ca trayodašyām yuvānas tatra mriyamte śastrahatasya mamāvāsyāyām sarvvam ity amāvāsyāyām sarvvam iti 11911 iti Kātyāyanoktā Śrāddhakalpanavakamdikāsūtram samāptam 11211911 Then follows (f. 5): 11 kṣaṇaḥ pādārgham ādau syāt prāṇāyāmas tathaiva ca 11 madhumatīti gāyatrī dig vamdho nīvivamdhanam 11111 End of the MS. (f. 5<sup>V</sup>): gotrašabdas triṣu sthāne arghe piṃde vane jane 11 akṣodake ca gotrasya gotra (gotraḥ sec. m.) pādārccanam tathā 11911

The MS. is much corrected. The Srāddhakalpa was edited by Dr. W. Caland in his Altindischer Ahnencult (Leiden, 1893), pp. 245-252.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 24). Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 3\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 5 + xiv blank.

Date: probably beginning or middle of 18th century. Character: Devanagari. The anusvara is sometimes expressed by the dot, sometimes by a small circle.

### 1067-MS. Sansk. c. 29 (R)

Treatise on Domestic Rites, 16th cent.?

Contents: a manual of domestic rites, which follows, as a rule, the usages of the Vajasaneyins and the sutras of Kātyāyana. Practically the work is little more than a series of extracts from the commoner Smrtis and Sastras, Manu, Yajñavalkya, Visnu, Vyasa, Baudhayana, Vasistha, Daksa, &c. The MS. consists of ff. 1-6, 8, 10-21, 24-39, 41-55, and two torn leaves. The principal subjects are: F.6: athācamanavidhihi F.87: athācamananimittāni | F. 10: atha dvirācamananimittāni | F. 11: athācamanāpavādaķ (F. 14: atha prātaķsnānādi ( F. 16♥: atha snānavidhiḥ I F. 26♥: atha Kātīyasnānaprayogah i F. 31\*: atha sandhyopāsanam i F. 39\*: atha japavidhih | F. 467: atha tarppanam | F. 54: atha Kātīyatarppaṇaprayogaḥ I On the verso of the wrapper is written: Anantavratapustaka 1 But the wrapper probably does not belong to this MS. In any case this is not the same as the works described by Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 160, 196. F. I is mutilated and half the first line is lost.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $15\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $13\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 52+i blank.

Date: probably not later than 16th century. Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: ff. 7, 9, 22, 23, 40, and many at the end are wanting.

### 1068—MS. Sansk. c. 47

Yajñopavītapaddhati, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: a fragment of a manual of domestic rites, belonging to the White Yajur-veda. The title Yajnopao, probably meant for Yajñopavītapaddhati, is given in the margins, and Vratabandhapaddhati on the title-page. It begins: svasti śrīgaņeśāya namaķ 11 astavarsam vrāhmaņam upanayed garbhāṣṭameṣu vaikādaśavarṣaṃ \ &c., see Pāraskara Gṛhya Sūtra II, 2. F. 5: aṭra bhikṣācaryyācaraṇaṃ II (see Pār. Gṛhy. II, 5). F. 5v: iti vratavaṃdhah samāptah IIIII atha vratādešaprārambhah II F.8: iti vratādeśaḥ samāptaḥ 🛭 atha vratavisargaprāraṃbhaḥ 🕦 F. 12<sup>v</sup>: iti vratavamdhavratādešavratavisargāh samāptāḥ II subham astu II I II atha kusamḍikā II athāto gṛhyasthālīpākānām karmma 11 It ends: praņītāsu pavitrānidhānam II atha dakṣiṇajānv ānamya juhoti II hutaśeṣaprokṣaṇɨpātre nikṣipet 11 om namaḥ Prajāpataye svāhāh idam Prajāpattaye Imdrāyah svāhā idam Imdrāya agnaye svāhā idam agnaye Somāya svāhā idam Somāya II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 18). Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 16.

Date: probably end of 18th or beginning of 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: most of the leaves are protected by transparent paper, and some letters are lost on ff. 1 and 2.

### 1069(1, 2)—MS. Wilson 476

Vāsudeva's Pāraskaragrhyapaddhati, Yajurvedaśrāddha, A. D. 1582, 1742.

Contents: two MSS.

1. The Pāraskaragṛḥyapaddhati, being a summary of the rites laid down in the Pāraskara Gṛḥya Sūtra of the White Yajur-veda, by Vāsudeva. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>; om śrīganeśāya namaḥ ı atha gṛḥyasūtravihitānām ādhānādisarvakarmaṇām sādhāraṇo vidhir ucyate : Ff. 1-20 have been substituted in a more recent hand for ff. 1-34 of the original; the contents, however, are not fully reproduced therein. F. 20<sup>v</sup> leaves off with the annaprāśana ceremony, while f. 21 (=f. 35 of the original) treats of vratas for a snātaka, and f. 21<sup>v</sup> begins the paūca mahāyajñāḥ.



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The end of chapter 1 and the beginning of chapter 2 are evidently lost. Chapter 2 ends on f. 29. Chapter 3 ends on f. 49: iti śrīdīkṣitaśrīvāsudevaviracitāyāṃ Pāraskaragṛhyapaddhatau tṛtīyaṃ kāṃdaṃ samāptaṃ iti I Vāsudevī paddhatiḥ samāptaḥ I The MS. appears to be fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 9, 11<sup>V</sup>, 12, 20, 46<sup>V</sup>. See Weber, Catal., I, 64, 65; Mitra, Notices, III, 207.

2. Yajurvedaśrāddha, prayers for use at śrāddhas, in accordance with the Yajur-veda. This short work was written by some one utterly ignorant of the elements of Sanskrit. It ends on f. 54: ākāsāt patitam toyam yathā gachamte sāgaram i sarbadeva askāram kesa pratigachatī i itī śrījurjabedahśrādakī pothī sampūrnam i The text is bounded on either side by three light red lines.

Size:  $7\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+54+i blank. The originals have 1-20, 35-63, and 1-5.

Date: that of 1 is given on f. 49: samvat 1638 (= A. D. 1582) varse virodhīsamvatsare grīsmartau jestamāsi suklapakse adya pamcamyām pūnyatīthau 5 ravivāsare punarvasunaksatre karkatasthe camdre lisitam 1 Cf. Weber, l. c., whose MS. is dated samvat 1637. That of 2 is given on f. 54: matī jestabadī 12 samvat 1798 (= A. D. 1742) bhūrgavāsareh 1

Scribe: on f. 49 the name of the scribe appears to have been deliberately erased. At the very foot we read: śrīḥ | jaya | jaya | japūrnārtha | pā | bhādivena līṣītam | For 2 the name is given on f. 54: lapekṛtaṃ vrātmanagobamdarāmaḥ Rāmapurāmadhe |

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-34 of 1 are lost, and have been partially replaced by ff. 1-20 in a later hand.

### 1070-MS. Wilson 213

#### Varadādhīśa Yajvan's Prāyaścittapradīpikā, about A. D. 1810.

Contents: three MSS.; for parts 1 and 3 of which see the Bodl. catal., pp. 271, 285.

2. The Prāyaścittapradīpikā of Varadādhīśa Yajvan, pupil of Venkatādhīśa (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 551b, calls him son, but there is apparently no authority for that). This MS. is doubtless, like the others in the volume (Bodl. catal., ll. cc.), a transcript of the India Office MS. 84, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 89. It begins on f. 18, and ends on f. 67: Vatsavamśāvatamena Varadādhīśayajvanā i somapena kṛtā vṛttiḥ Prāyaścitta-

pradīpikā 11 śubham astu 1 samāptaš cāyam gramthah t The MS. is modern and inaccurate.

Size:  $13 \times 9^{\frac{1}{4}}$  in.

Material: Paper, of European manufacture, water-marked 'Budgen & Wilmott.'

No. of leaves: ii + 104 + i blank. In the original the MSS. have 13, 53, and 36 leaves.

Date: the paper is water-marked '1809,' and therefore the copy must have been made in or shortly after this year for Wilson from Colebrooke's MS.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1071—MS. Sansk. e. 45

### Vivāhakarman, 19th cent.?

Contents: fragment of a manual of domestic rites, based on the Pāraskara Grhya Sūtra, and treating The title Vivāhakarman chiefly of marriage rites. is very doubtful. The fragment may be a Vivāhaprayoga, or Vivāhakarmaprayoga, or a Vivāha(karma)paddhati, but probably it is part of a Pāraskaragṛhya-It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 śrīsūtrapaddhati. yajñapuruşāya namah 11 om athāto grhyasthālīpākānāņi karma darbhaih parisamūhya gomayenopalipya 1 &c. F. 3 : iti kuśāmdī 11 atha vivāhakarma prārabhyate 11 om şad arghyā bhavamty ācāryya 1 &c. F. 38: iti vivāhakarma sampūrņam šubham bhūyāt 11 srīrāmāya namah 11 athainām āpyānavatibhyāmm abhimṛśati 1 &c. F. 42 v: athātah svādhyāyaprasamsā 1 &c. It ends: sarvam āyur ehīty esha te loka etat ti tviti he vaitatyasyamtī vāg vadati 11 22 11 iti lādasāmtiķ 11

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 23). Size:  $8\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 46.

Date: apparently not earlier than the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1072-MS. Sansk. c. 46

#### Yajurvedagrhyasūtrapaddhati, A. D. 1733.

Contents: a manual of domestic rites, treating chiefly of funeral rites and funeral oblations, described by Dr. Hultzsch as Grhyasūtrapaddhati. On f. 1° the title is given as Yajurvedagrhyasūtra, and at the end of the work as Grhyasūtra. It begins: śrīganeśāya namah i atha maranakarmapaddhati atra Gamgāditīrthesu apakramisyad jīvitasya traivarnikasya navayajñopavītavastramālādibhih śūdrasya striyāś ca yajūopavītetarair vibhūsanam kuśāstaranāvasthānam i

&c. F. 7: iti prathamakriyāh atha madhyamakriyā 1 F. 8: atha vṛṣotsargaprayogaḥ 1 F. 11<sup>v</sup>: atha śrād-dhaprayogaḥ 1 It ends: pṛthakpātrasādhitān na bhojanam kuryāt pṛthakpākasya maṃgalasvarūpatvāt sapimḍane pitāmahādiśrāddhaśeṣāntasyaikapāke sādhitatvāt pretaśrāddhaśeṣāntatvād devatyāga iti iti gṛhyasūtram saṃpūrṇam 1 On f. 1 there are eleven lines on śrāddhas, not connected with the work, which begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 8).

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 24.

Date: mitī samvat 1789 (= A. D. 1733) māghamāse suklapakse pratipat bhṛguvāsare i

Scribe: Rādhākṛṣṇa (?). Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: most of the leaves have been protected with transparent paper.

### 1073-MS. Sansk. e. 43

Upākarmotsarjanaprayoga, A.D. 1777.

Contents: the Upākarmotsarjanaprayoga, or the Utsarjanopākaraņaprayoga. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II athopākarmotsarjanaprayogaḥ II sumukhaś cai . 1 yatra yogī . nārdanaḥ I Lakṣmī . Umā . śucī . mātā . iṣṭa . kula . sarvebhyo . I Viṣṇur Viṣṇur Viṣṇuḥ śrīmadbhagato . śubhapuṇyatithau mamādhyāpyānām . śrīparameśvaragrīty artham utsarjanākhyam karma kariṣye I tadādau nirvighnatāsidhyartham Gaṇapatipūjanam ca kariṣye I gaṇānām tvā . danam I &c. It ends (f. 9): prāyaścittādihomaśeṣaṃ samāpya I ayāś cāgnetyādi samānam I vedoprītyartham brāhmaṇān bhojayiṣye I yasya smṛtyā . I pramādā . I ity Utsarjanaüpākaraṇaprayogaḥ II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 5). Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 10 + xix blank. Date: sam. 1833 (= A. D. 1777) śrā. r. 5 l Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1074-MS. Sansk. d. 49

Pārvaņaśrāddhaprayoga, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pārvaņaśrāddhaprayoga, or Pārvaņaśrāddhavidhi, being a manual of rites connected with the Pārvaņaśrāddha. It begins: athā 'pātrakapārvaņaśrāddhoprayogah aparānhe snātah suddhavāsah śucir ācamya veṣṭitaṃ śuddhadeśam āgacchet i &c. It ends: śrāddhīyavastūni vrāhmaṇāya

pratipādayet tadalābhe 'mbhasi kṣipet tato valivaiśvadevakarmaṇī kuryād iti eṣa pārvaṇaśrāddhavidhi eṣa eva vidhikṛpaṇā navānnabhakṣaṇārthaprāptir nimitakādiśrāddheṣu vodhavyaḥ tīrthaprāptinimitakaśrāddheṣv āvāhanārghābhāva iti viśeṣaḥ II This is, in spite of many various readings, the same work as the Pārvaṇaśrāddha printed in Benares, 1885 (saṃvat 1941, oblong, ff. 6). There are marginal corrections and additions by a second hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 15). Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 9 + xv blank.

Date: probably end of 18th or beginning of 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1075-MS. Sansk. c. 80

Nrsimha's Prayogaratna, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Prayogaratna of Nṛsimha, son of Nārāyaṇa, a manual of gṛhya and śrauta rites. It begins (f. 17): om mahāgaņapataye namah i praņamāmi gaņādhīśam vighnadhvāntadivākaram i dāntāvalamukham sāmdrasimdūrāruņavigraham II Domestic rites are treated first, then śrauta. The work is divided into a considerable number of unequal sections as follows. F. 14 ends: iti sakalahomasādhāranāgnimukhaprayogah 1 Prayogaratne racite Nrsimhabhattena Nārāyanabhattajena i kāntih krtā vāgnimukhābhidheyā sādhāranīyā khila homakeşu II atha sakalakarmasādhāraņaparibhāṣā ucyante I F. 16 ends: iti sakalakarmasādhāranaparibhāsā I Prayogaº (as above) ı kāntih kṛtā sā paribhāṣanāmnī sādhāraņīyā khila homakeşu 11 atha naimittikaprāya-F. 27: iti grahayajñaprayogah 1 ścittany ucyante i Prayogaº (as above) i savistareyam grahayajñakāntih kāryā ca yādau kalitā subheşu 11 atha prasangāt prathamarttavasamayaphalanirnayah I Then follow the various rites connected with birth. F. 33: iti garbhādhānaprayogah i Prayogao (as above) i saśāntithyādiphalāpi garbhamlambhābhidhā kāntir ihoditeyam 11 atha pumsavanāvalobhanamāsādinirnayah 1 F. 35: iti sūvanāvalobhanaprayogah i Prayogao (as above) i savistarā pūmsavanābhidheyā kāntis satithyādivinayoktā 1 atha sīmantonnayanatithyādinirņayah I F. 37: iti sīmantonnayanaprayogaḥ I Prayogaº (as above) I kāntiḥ satithyādivinirņayoktā sīmantanamnīha yathāmanīsam 11 atha Vișnuvalividhih F. 38: iti Vișnuvalividhih Prayogaº (as above) i kāntih kṛtā Vienuvalis tu nāma garbhasya puştyai vibudhair vidheyā 🛭 atha prasangāt garbhiņīpatidharmā ucyante ( F. 40°: iti jātakarmaprayogah i Prayogao (as above) i kāntis samagrā gaditeha jātakarmābhidheyāpi yathāmanīşam 11 atha yajanāditithişu karttavyam ucyate 1 F. 42V: iti putrakāmestividhih i Prayogao (as above) i kāntis samagrā gaditeha putrakāmeşţināmnī ca yathāmanīşam 11 evam putrakamişţādināpy ajātaputrasya putrapratigrahavidhir abhidiyate | F. 43: iti putrapratigrahavidhih | Prayogao (as above) i kāntis samagrā gaditeha putrapratigrahākhyāpi yathāmanīşam 11 atha nāmakarmatithyādinirnayah i F. 44\*: iti nāmakarmaprayogah i Prayogao (as above) i kāntis samagrī kaliteha nāma karmātivedyāpi yathāmanīṣam 11 F. 54: iti pamalaśāntiķ 1 Prayogaº (as above) i tārādiduste śiśujanmakāle kāryaiva sokteha ca śāntikāntiķ II athātraiva prasangāl lagnaristabhagnā ucyante I F. 57: ity anistabhangayogah I Prayogao (as above) i lagnādyaniste tadanistabhangasamāhnayā kāntir īhoditeyam 11 F. 58: iti dugdhapānavidhih i Prayogao (as above) i samksipyo kāntir gaditeha dugdhapānābhidheyāpi yathāmanīşo 11 atha karnavedhavidhih 1 F. 60°: iti nihpramanaprayogah 1 Prayoga<sup>o</sup> (as above) i ihoditā nispramakāntir esā kāryā śiśūnām ca budhair vidhijňaih II athānnaprāśanamāmsādinirnayah ( F. 103: iti samāvarttanaprayogah (Prayoga (as above) i kāntih samāvarttanasamjitaipā guror anujñam samavāpya kāryā 11 om Gaņapataye 1 atha vivāhavidhih | Ff. 140, 140 : iti vivahaprayogah | Prayogao (as above) i ihoditāstādašakūtalagnapulādiyuktā vivāhakāntih 11 atha trtīyamanusyī vivāho na kāryah 1 F. 1417: ity arkavivāhavidhih i Prayogao (as above) i trtīyapānigrahane kumāryā dosādihoktārkavivāhasantih 11 athaupāsanārambhasamayanirnayah | F. 144<sup>v</sup>: ity atirpacahomavidhih | F. 145: ity aupāsanaprayogah | Prayoga° (as above) i ihoditaupāsanakāntir epyā vivāhomāt samanantanam syāt 11 athātirpanahomavidhih 1 F. 145v: iti samasyahomavidhih i Prayogao (as above) i homādyadīte gaditātirpanahomādikāntis sasamasyahomā II F. 147: ity agnisamsargadoşaprāyaścittavidhiķ i Prayogao (as above) i nityasya vahnena nalantarena samgādidoṣena viviktakāntiḥ II F. 149: iti dvibhāryāgnisamsārgaprayogah (Prayogaº (as above) (kāntiś ca patnī dvijatīti homasamsarganamnī gaditā subhāya II F. 178: iti pindapitryajñaprayogah i Prayogaº (as above) ı pimdetipūrvā pitryajñakāntir ahoditainām vidadhīta darbho 11 F. 183: iti pārvvaņasrāddhaprayogah i Prayogaº (as above) i kāntis samagrā kaliteha parvvaśrāddhābhidheyāpi yathāmanīyam 11 athāṣṭakafrāddhavidhih 1 F. 189v: the MS. ends abruptly in the middle of a sentence: pāyasam ca śrapayitvā kimci . . . ! Nṛsimha's date is about A. D. 1580. Lacunae, none of which need be very long, are indicated on ff. 28v, 29, 39, 117. Half of f. 147 is blank. See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 103 (for date p. 102); MS. Sansk. d. 139 (1076); Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 26.

On Nṛsimha's family see Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 29. The MS. is written in two styles, probably by one scribe.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 207). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. v) 'Benares No. 9.'

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 189 + iii blank.

Date: probably 18th century, to judge from the writing and paper; possibly the end of the 17th.

Scribe: there is a note on the original wrapper (f. 1):

II da° gaurīśaṃkaranelāme II

II vasistipattra 13 samāptaķ II

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 19-23, 48, 61-101, 130, 155-164, 170-175 are lost. There are small holes on ff. 42, 49 (two letters lost), 60 (seven letters). The left corner of f. 150 is missing, about seventeen and forty-eight letters being lost on f. 150 and f. 150 respectively. F. 140 has been torn in half, and has been incorrectly bound, the right side having been reversed.

### 1076-MS. Sansk. d. 139

### Nārāyaṇabhaṭṭa's Prayogaratna, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Prayogaratna of Nārāyanabhatta, son of Rāmeśvarabhatta, a manual of domestic and śrauta The MS. is very imperfect, and only treats of household rites. It begins with the caula, f. 17, then proceeds, f. 2, to upanayana. This leads on to the samāvartana, which ends on f. 23v. Then vivāha, with its subsidiaries, betrothal, &c., ending at f. 48 with the arkavivāha. The whole ends abruptly on f. 60: iti śriprayogaratne grhyāgnipunaḥsaṃdhānaprayogaḥ samāptah I śrī I śrī I śrīr astu I atha nāstikyād visṛṣṭāgneḥ punahsamdhānam tatra kartā samkalyapūrvakam striyā saha 1 A lacuna is marked on f. 25. The Vedic verses given are accented in red ink. On f. 1 is: caulopanayanavivāhapunahsamdhānām prayogah 1 See Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 101 sq.; Mitra, Notices, IV, 66, Bikaner catal., pp. 440, 441; edited Bombay, 1861 and 1880.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 206). Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 60 + ii blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 18th century.

Scribe: Ātmārāma (f. 1: likhitam idam Atmārāmeņa 1)

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 26, some letters lost.

# 16. VEDĀNGA

### 1077 (1-3)-MS. Wilson 502

Vedāngas, A.D. 1639, 17th cent. P, 1640.

Contents: three distinct MSS., the first of which has four parts.

- 1. (1) The S'ikṣā, attributed to Pāṇini, in the Yajur recension. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 3<sup>v</sup>. There are five sections, containing 7, 7, 8, 7, 6 verses respectively, a total of thirty-five. The work was published by Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, IV (59 vv.); see also Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 149. The version in Becanarāma Tripāṭhin's commentary, Benares, 1877, has fifty-seven stanzas only.
- (2) The Jyotişa, attributed to Lagadha, in the Yajur recension. It begins on f. 3<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 6<sup>v</sup>. There are seven sections. It was published by Weber, *Ueber den Veda-kalender*, namens Jyotişam, Berlin, 1862.
- (3) The Chandas, attributed to Pingala, in the Yajur recension. It has, however, only nine sections, corresponding to sections 1-8 and 10 of the ordinary Yajur text, the peculiar ninth section being omitted. It begins on f. 6<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 11<sup>v</sup>. The Chandas was edited by Weber, *Ind. Stud.*, VIII, and with Halāyudha's commentary in the *Bibl. Ind.* by Viśvanātha S'āstrin (1871-1874).
- (4) The Nighantu: it begins on f. 11<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 23. The (5) sections end on ff. 14, 17<sup>v</sup>, 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23. There are no accents. This is apparently the MS. denoted by 'C' in Roth's Yāska's Nirukta sammt den Nighantavas, p. 3, though he describes it as having twenty-three leaves, and being dated samvat 1654 (instead of 1695). F. 22<sup>v</sup> was blank, but has been filled up with metrical matter by a later hand, which has also made a good many corrections in red ink.

All these parts are written with fair accuracy. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

- 2. The Nighantu: it begins on f. 24 and ends on f. 46. The (5) sections end on ff. 29, 35, 40, 43, 46. The first two sections of adhyāya i are missing, but the beginning of the first is added at the top of f. 24 by a later hand. There are no accents. The text is fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by two black lines. This is the MS. denoted by 'D' in Roth, l. c.
- 3. Kātyāyana's Sarvānukramaņī, and the Anuvākānukramaņī. The Sarvānukramaņī begins on f. 47<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 73<sup>v</sup>. It is divided into the paribhāṣā, which ends on f. 49<sup>v</sup>, and sixty-four sections, as in A. A. Macdonell's edition, with two short sections at

the end. The Anuvākānukramaņī begins only with ver. 15 (Macdonell, p. 49), and ends on f. 75. A lacuna is marked on f. 73. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

The MS. is described as no. 3 on p. xi of A. A. Macdonell's edition, where 1659 is a misprint for 1639. See on MS. Wilson 379 (892).

Former owner: that of 1 is given on f. 23<sup>v</sup>: travādiṣadānanagoviṃdarāmasya idam pustakam : For the rest see below.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+75+i blank. The MSS. in the original are numbered separately.

Date: for 1 the date is given on f. 23: sam. 1695 (= A. D. 1639) varse bhā. śu. 10 ravau! For 2 no date is given, but as Roth, l. c., says, it must be of much the same date as 1. For 3 the date is given on f. 75: svasti samvat 1696 (= A. D. 1640) varse māghavade 9 bhume!

Scribe: none is given for 1, but Govindarāma, a later owner, wrote the metrical notes on f. 22<sup>V</sup>. That of 2 has been obliterated by yellow pigment, but it is still legible on f. 46: bhaṭanārāyaṇasutaviśrāmena likhitaṃ 1 Rāmeśvarapaṭhanārthaṃ 1 paropakārārthaṃ 1 Kaśyāṃ likhitaṃ 1 That of 3 is given on f. 75: adyeha śrīvṛddhanagaravāstavyaābhyaṃtaranāyarajñātīyaupā-yīvāputraüpātrīlocanaputrapautrānāṃ paṭhanārthaṃ 1 śrīavimuktavārāṇasyāṃ śrīviśveśvararājadhanyāṃ likhitaṃ asti śubham 1

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: a page of 2 is lost. F. 10 has been torn and mended.

# 1078 (1-5)—MS. Wilson 503

Vedāngas, A.D. 1793 and 19th cent.?

Contents: five MSS.:

- 1. The S'ikṣā, attributed to Pāṇini, in the Rk recension, in sixty verses and eleven sections. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 6.
- 2. The Jyotisa, attributed to Lagadha, in the Rk recension, in thirty-six verses and seven sections. It begins on f. 6 and ends on f. 8.
- 3. The Chandas, attributed to Pingala, in the Rk recension, in eight adhyāyas and eighteen kandikās. The adhyāyas end on ff. 9, 9, 11, 11, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, The MS. begins on f. 8.

These three parts form one MS., being written continuously.

4. The Nighantu: its five sections end on ff. 21<sup>v</sup>, 26, 29<sup>v</sup>, 31<sup>v</sup>, 33<sup>v</sup>. It begins on f. 17<sup>v</sup>. It is accented



in red ink. It is 'E' in Roth's edition of Yāska's Nirukta sammt den Nighantavas, p. 3.

These four parts are written by one hand, and are fairly accurate. Ff. ii, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 are on yellow paper. F. 33 is reversed in binding.

5. Kātyāyaṇa's Sarvānukramaṇī: the paribhāṣā ends on f. 38: only the 8 aṣṭakas are marked, which end on ff. 42, 46<sup>v</sup>, 50, 54, 58, 61<sup>v</sup>, 64<sup>v</sup>, 70. The MS. appears to be by a different hand from the former. It was not used for A. A. Macdonell's ed. On ff. 34, 70<sup>v</sup> are vignettes. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Neatly written.

Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 70 + i blank.

Date: that of 1-3 is given on f. 15: śrīsaṃvat 1849 (= A. D. 1793) miti phālgunaśuddhapaṃcamyāṃ bhṛgu-vāsare tadinaṃ pustakaṃ samāptaṃ! That of 4 is given on f. 33: saṃvat 1849 phālgunaśuddhadvāda-śyāṃ bhṛguvāsare tadinaṃ pustakaṃ samāptaṃ! For 5 no date is given. It appears to be a few years more recent than 1-4.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1079 (1-5)—MS. Sansk. e. 17 Vedāngas, A.D. 1738-1781.

Contents: five Vedāngas, viz.:

- 1. The Pāṇinīya Sikṣā (ff. 1-6), in sixty stanzas. It begins: II śrīgaņeśāya namah II atha Sikṣām pravakṣyāmi Pāṇinīyam matam yathā II śāstrānupūrvam tad vidyād yathoktam lokavedayoh II II It ends: trinayanam abhimukhanihṣrtām imām ya iha paṭhet prayataś ca sadā dvijaḥ II sa bhavati dhanadhānyapaśuputrakīrttimān atuļam ca sukham samaśnute divīti divīti II 60 II II iti Sikṣā samāptaḥ II atha śikṣām ātmodāttaś ca hakāram svarāṇām yathā gītyacospaṣṭodāttam cāṣas tu śaṃkara ekādaśa II
- 2. The Jyotiṣa (ff. 8-11), in thirty-six stanzas, the Rg-veda recension, by Lagadha. It begins: 11 śrīgaņe-śāya namaḥ 11 paṃcasaṃvatsaramayaṃ yugādhyakṣaṃ Prajāpatiṃ 11 dinartvayanamāsāṃgaṃ praṇamya śirasā śuciḥ 11 11 praṇamya śirasā kālam abhivādya Sarasvatīṃ 11 kālajñānaṃ pravakṣyāmi Lagadhasya mahātmanaḥ 11 2 11 It ends: vedā hi yajñārtham abhipravṛttāḥ kālānupūrvā vihitāś ca yajñāḥ 11 tasmād idaṃ kālavidhānaśāstraṃ yo Jyotiṣaṃ veda sa veda yajñān yo jyotiṣaṃ veda sa veda yajñān iti 11 36 11 11 paṃcasaṃvatsaraṃ prapadye te kāryāḥ kalā daśa ca yāḥ parva savitā viṣuvaṃ sapta 11 iti Jyotiṣaṃ samāptaṃ 11 See Thibaut, J.A.S.B., XLVI, and Dīkṣit, Bhāratīya Jyotiḥśāstra, pp. 70 sq.

3. The Chandas Sūtra, by Pingala (ff. 12–18), in eight adhyāyas. It begins: II śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II mayarasatajabhanalagasaṃmitaṃ bhramati vānmayaṃ jagati yasya II sa jayati Piṃgalanāyaḥ Sīvaprasādād viśuddhamatiḥ II It ends: dvir dvyūnaṃ I tadaṃtānāṃ I eko neddhā I pare pūrṇaṃ pare pūrṇaṃ iti II 19 II II iti Chaṃdasy aṣṭamo 'dhyāyaḥ II II ti Piṃgalasūtraṃ samāptaṃ II maya dvādaśa dhīḥ paṃcadaśa chaṃdaḥ ṣolaśa pādaḥ paroṣṇik prastārapaṃktir viṃśatir viṃśatir devatādito 'ṣṭau catuḥśataṃ ṣaṣṭho viṃśatir viṃśatir yugaparāṃtikā trayodaśa vṛttaṃ gāvādau viṃśatir viṃśatir yavamatī trīṇi yatir viṃśatir vātormīm aṣṭādaśa praharṣiṇī viṃśatiḥ śārdūlavikrīḍitaṃ paṃcadaśātrānuktam saptadaśāstādaśa II

- 4. The Nighantu (ff. 19-27), in five adhyāyas, accented. It begins: II śrīganeśāya namah II II om II gauh I gmā I jmā I kṣmā I kṣā I kṣamā I &c. It ends: vasavah I vājinah I devapatnyo devapatnya ity ekatrimśat padāni II 6 II agnir dravinodā aśvo vāyuh śyeno 'śvinau ṣaṭ II II iti Nighamṭe paṃcamo 'dhyāyah II II iti Nighamṭtah samāptah II
- 5. The uttaraṣaṭka of Yāska's Nīrukta (ff. 29-153), in eight adhyāyas. The verses are accented. It begins: II śrīyaṇeśāya namaḥ II śrīvedavyāsāya namaḥ II oṃ II II athāto daivataṃ tad yāni nāmāni I prādhānyastutīnāṃ devatānāṃ I tad daivatam ity ācakṣate I &c.

Adhyāya I (7) ends on f. 47; 2 (8) on f. 57; 3 (9) on f. 73; 4 (10) on f. 91°; 5 (11) on f. 109°; 6 (12) on f. 127; 7 (13) on f. 133; 8 (14) on f. 153°. The last two adhyāyas are the Pariśiṣṭas in the editions by R. Roth, Göttingen, 1852, and Satyavrata Sāmāśramin, Bibl. Ind.

It ends: salokatām gamayati ya evam veda i namo brahmaņe mahate bhūtāyu i namah Pāraskarāya namo Yāskāya i brahma śuklam asīya brahma śuklam asīya i brahma śuklam asīya i i vyākhyātam agnir asmi janmanā paśyam gopām ākāśaguṇas i &c. . . . (see Nirukta, ed. by Satyavrata Sāmāśramin, Bibl. Ind., IV, 413 sq.) . . . śatam jīva mā te rādhāmsīti saptatriṃśat ii ii Niruktottaraṣaṭke 'stamo 'dhyāyah ii

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 17.

Size:  $8\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 156.

Date: the following dates are given:

- (1) śake 1665 (= A.D. 1743) rudhirodyārīsaṃvatsare kārttīkaśuddha ekādasyām (
  - (3) śake 1665 rudhirodgārīsamvatsare 1
- (4) śake 1660 (= A.D. 1738) kāļayuktanāmasaņvatsare āṣāḍhaśukladaśamīguruvāsare 1
- (5) śake 1703 (= A.D. 1781) plavanāmasamvatsare āṣāḍhakṛṣṇasaptamyām bhṛguvāsare taddinī!

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Scribe: 1-4 written by Themte Jayarāma Bhatta; 5 by Themte Siddheśvara. Colophons:

Themte ityupanāmnā Jayarāmabhattena likhitam 11 at the end of 1.

Themte ityupasarmabhattajayarāmasyedam pustakamu at the end of 2-4.

Themte ityupaśarmabhattasiddheśvarasyedam pustakam samāptam 11 at the end of 5.

For further information as to Jayarāma, whose son was Siddheśvara and father Yādava, see the particulars given in the colophons to a MS. of the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, bought from Quaritch by Max Müller in 1870, Wickremasinghe, J. R. A. S., 1902, pp. 628-629. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1080-MS. Wilson 491

#### Yāska's Nirukta, A.D. 1715-1716.

Contents: the Nirukta of Yaska, in the shorter recension, containing thirteen adhyāyas, see MS. Wilson 488 (1082). The MS. consists of two parts, adhyayas 1-6 and 7-13. Part I begins on f. 1 v and ends on f. 61 v. The (6) padas of adhyaya 1 end on ff. 2v, 4, 6, 7v, 8v. 10. The (7) pādas of adhyāya 2 end on ff. 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18<sup>v</sup>, 20<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 3 end on ff. 22<sup>v</sup>, 25<sup>v</sup>, 27<sup>v</sup>, 30. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 4 end on ff. 32, 34<sup>v</sup>, 36<sup>v</sup>, 39. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 5 end on ff. 41<sup>v</sup>, 44, 46, 48<sup>v</sup>. The (6) pādas of adhyāya 6 end on ff. 50<sup>v</sup>, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61<sup>v</sup>. Part 2 begins on f. 62<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 130. The (7) padas of adhyāya 7 end on ff. 63<sup>v</sup>, 64<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>, 68, 68<sup>v</sup>, 70, 72<sup>v</sup>. The (3) padas of adhyaya 8 end on ff. 74, 76°, 78. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 9 end on ff. 81, 84, 87°, 89°. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 10 end on ff. 93v, 96, 99, 101v. The (4) padas of adhyaya 11 end on ff. 104°, 103°, 107, 109v. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 12 end on ff. 111v, 113, 115<sup>v</sup>, 118. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 13 end on ff. 121, 126v, 128v, 130. For the number cf. Roth, Nirukta, p. 210, note. F. 104 (= f. 82 of the original) is out of place.

The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has occasionally made a few corrections. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines in ff. 1-61; in ff. 62-130 it is bounded by three or four black or red lines very carelessly drawn. The MS. seems less accurate than MS. Wilson 488 (1082). It was not used for Roth's edition.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+130+i blank. In the original the parts have 61 and 69 leaves.

Date: f. 61<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1772 (= A. D. 1716) varșe miti jyeşțhavadi daśami somavāsare i F. 130: svasti śrīsamvat 1771 (= A. D. 1715) varșe caitravadi 5 camdravāsare i

Scribe: f. 61<sup>v</sup>: li | dī | Ratnadeveņa | śubhaṃ | F. 130: di | Hariharasunuratnadeveṇa likhitam |

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 63 is torn, and has been mended. In part 2 most of the pages are blurred through the use of chemicals.

# 1081-M88. Mill 144.

#### Yāska's Nirukta, A. D. 1730.

Contents: the Nirukta of Yaska, complete in thirteen adhyāyas. These adhyāyas are divided into pādas thus: Adhyāya I begins on f. IV: its (6) pādas end on ff. 3, 4V, 7v, 9, 10, 12. Adhyāya 2 begins on f. 12: its (7) pādas end on ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 16<sup>v</sup>, 18, 19, 21<sup>v</sup>, 22, 24<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 3 end on ff. 27, 30v, 33, 36. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 4 end on ff. 38<sup>v</sup>, 41<sup>v</sup>, 44, 47. The (5) pādas of adhyāya 5 end on ff. 50,  $51^{\circ}$ ,  $53^{\circ}$ ,  $56^{\circ}$ ,  $60^{\circ}$ . The (6) pādas of adhyāya 6 end on ff. 63v, 65v, 69, 72v, 75, 78. The (6) pādas of adhyāya 7 end on ff. 80, 84, 85°, 86°, 89, 92<sup>v</sup>. The (3) pādas of adhyāya 8 end on ff. 94, 98, 100. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 9 end on ff. 103, 106, 109<sup>v</sup>, 112. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 10 end on ff. 115<sup>v</sup>, 118, 121, 123<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 11 end on ff. 126, 128**v**, 131**v**, 135. The (4) padas of adhyāya 12 end on ff. 137<sup>v</sup>, 140, 143, 146<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 13 (corresponding to adhyāyas 13 and 14 of the other recension) end on ff. 150, 159, 161, 164. The MS. is carefully written, with considerable accuracy, by two hands, the one extending up to f.  $112^{\circ}$ , the latter thence to the end. Lacunae are marked on ff. 32, 35, 59, 116, 164. The text is bounded on either side by three (up to f. 112"), or two, red lines. The Vedic lines are accented in red ink.

This is the MS. 'M' which was used by Roth for his edition of  $Y\bar{a}ska's$  Nirukta, Göttingen, 1852. It has a different recension of the text from the ordinary version, and is probably more original, see Roth, pp. iv sq., 211 (for the pāda division).

Size:  $10 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 164 + iii blank.

Date: though written by different hands, there is no reason to suppose that the two parts are of different dates. The date in the handwriting of the second scribe is given on f. 164: svasti saṃvat 1786 (= A. D. 1730) varṣe vaiśāṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe pratīpudā budhavāre saṃpūrṇa 1

Scribe: the name of the second hand is given on

f. 164: lişitam Amadāvādamadhye rājapuramāmhe vaidyamīpolavāstavyam ity udīcyasahasrajñātīmetārāmacamdrātmajakṛṣṇacamdena i ābhyamtaravṛddhanagarānāgarabrāhmaṇacīramjīvivohorāśrīharīrāmasutajoitārāmasya gṛhe putrapautrādipaṭhanārtham vānyeṣām paropakārāya paṭhanārtham idam pustakam likhitam iti i The owner, Harīrāma, has written his name in a very careless hand on f. 164° and on f. 1, in the latter case with the date: saṃvāt 1787 (= A.D. 1731) vaiśā.kṛ. di. 10 guru i On f. 164° are the usual remarks of the scribe, to which others have been added by a later hand. A yet later hand gives tro-veṇīrāma as owner.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1082—MS. Wilson 488 Yāska's Nirukta, A. D. 1768.

Contents: the Nirukta of Yaska, in the shorter recension, containing thirteen adhyāyas, the two pariśistas being treated as one, see Roth, Nirukta, p. 210. The work is divided into adhyāyas and pādas thus (cf. Roth, l.c., note): adhyāya I has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 3v, 6v, 9, 11, 12v, 15v. Adhyāya 2 has 7 pādas, which end on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23, 24, 25, 26<sup>v</sup>, 29. Adhyāya 3 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 31<sup>v</sup>, 35<sup>v</sup>, 37<sup>v</sup>, 41. Adhyāya 4 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 43°, 46, 49, 51°. Adhyāya 5 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 54v, 57, 59v, 63. Adhyāya 6 has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 65, 68, 70°, 74, 76°, 79°. Adhyāya 7 has 7 pādas, which end on ff. 82<sup>v</sup>, 84<sup>v</sup>, 87<sup>v</sup>, 89, 90<sup>v</sup>, 93, 96<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 8 has 3 pādas, which end on ff. 98v, 102v, 105. Adhyāya 9 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 1087, 1117, 116, 118. Adhyāya 10 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 1227, 126, 130, 133. Adhyāya 11 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 136, 139, 143<sup>v</sup>, 148. Adhyāya 12 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 1517, 154, 158, 1627. Adhyāya 13 has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 167, 171, 177, 180, 183. The MS. consists of three separately-foliated parts, adhyāyas 1-6, 7-12, and 13, the pariśista. The accents are added in red ink by a later hand, which has also frequently punctuated the text by strokes above the line. Yellow pigment is freely used for erasures. The text seems fairly accurate. Ff. 144, 163, 173 are blank. Ff. 80, 161 were originally so, but have been written on. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 183 + ii blank. In the original foliation the parts have 79, 83, 21 leaves.

Date: f. 183: samvat 1824 (= A. D. 1768) varșe kārttikamāse śuklapakṣe 14 caturdaśī guruvāsare i Scribe: f. 183: likhitam Gamodhacāturvedījñātīyatripāṭhīpuruṣottamājadhaneśvara śubham bhuyāt i tripāṭhiamareśvarapaṭhanārtham i śrīkāśīviśveśvarasatyache i Cf. MS. Wilson 380 (899).

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1083-MS. Wilson 474

#### Yāska's Nirukta, A.D. 1781.

Contents: the Nirukta of Yāska, adhyāyas 7-13 (not to 14, as stated in the Bodl. catal., p. 384a). It begins on f. 1V and ends on f. 180. Adhyāya 7 ends on f. 29V: its (7) pādas on ff. 5, 8, 13, 16, 18, 22V, 29V. Adhyāya 8 ends on f. 43V: its (3) pādas on ff. 32V, 39V, 43V. Adhyāya 9 ends on f. 65: its (4) pādas on ff. 49, 54V, 61, 65. Adhyāya 10 ends on f. 91V: its (4) pādas on ff. 73, 79V, 86V, 91V. Adhyāya 11 ends on f. 118: its (4) pādas on ff. 144: its (4) pādas on f. 124V, 129, 136, 144. Adhyāya 13 ends on f. 180: its (4) pādas on ff. 152, 169V, 175V, 180. The MS. appears to be accurate. The accents are added in red ink.

This MS. was not used by Roth for his edition. It shows the shorter recension (adhyāya 13 = 13 and 14, pādas).

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Ff. 176, 178, 179 have been supplied in a modern hand. Note that adhyāya 7 has seven pādas, not six (Roth, p. 210, note).

Size:  $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+180+ii blank. In the original foliation f. 175 is repeated, so that there appear to be only 179 leaves.

Date: f. 180: samvat 1837 (= A.D. 1781) kārttikakṛṣṇa 13 budhe subhem! The older leaves must be dated about A.D. 1700.

Scribe: f. 180: imāni gatapatrāņi dvivedīśyāmadevasūno Samkarajīkena likhitam 1 i. e. ff. 176, 178–180.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 176, 178-180 have been supplied by a more modern hand. F. 1 seems to be a restoration by a third hand.

### 1084—MS. Wilson 1

Durgācārya's Niruktavrtti, about A.D. 1828.

Contents: the Niruktavṛtti, being a commentary on Yāska's Nirukta by Durgācārya. It contains thirteen adhyāyas, numbered 6—18, i.e. it omits the five adhyāyas of the Nighaṇṭu. It comments on the twelve adhyāyas of the Nirukta, and on adhyāya 1 of the parisiṣṭa.

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It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 371. Adhyāya 6 has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 19, 25, 33, 40, 47, 57. Adhyāya 7 has 7 pādas, which end on ff. 66, 72°, 74°, 77<sup>v</sup>, 80, 82<sup>v</sup>, 87<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 8 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 95, 104, 113, 124. Adhyāya 9 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 134, 1417, 1537, 163. Adhyāya 10 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 177, 186, 195, 202. Adhyāya 11 has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 2097, 2177, 225, 233<sup>v</sup>, 239, 244<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 12 has 6 pādas, which end on ff. 255<sup>v</sup>, 263, 271, 274<sup>v</sup>, 280, 285<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 13 has 3 pādas, which end on ff. 290, 297, 302. Adhyāya 14 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 305, 308, 313, 315. Adhyāya 15 has 3 pādas, which end on ff. 321, 327, 336. Adhyāya 16 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 341, 344<sup>v</sup>, 349, 353<sup>v</sup>. Adhyāya 17 has 4 pādas, which end on ff. 357, 360, 364, 368. Adhyāya 18 ends on f. 371<sup>v</sup>.

The original foliation is much confused by two errors: ff. 218-226, 255-283 are omitted. The MS. is a modern and very inaccurate copy, full of very bad blunders. Lacunae are marked on ff. 14, 20, 46, 69, 72, 73, 73, 75, 92, 106, 125, 132, 186, 196, 245, 246, 246, 247, 248, 330, 337, 360, 361, 366, 367, 371.

Edited by Satyavrata Sāmāśramin, Bibl. Ind., Calc., 1886 sq. Cf. Barth, Ind. Ant., XXVII, 356 sq.

Size:  $16\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: European paper, water-marked 'V. E. I. C.,' and with the names 'J. Wise' or 'Balston & Co.'

No. of leaves: iv + 372 + iv blank.

Date: the paper is water-marked in some cases '1828,' so that the copy was doubtless made in or about this year by H. H. Wilson.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1085-MS. Wilson 475

#### Durgācārya's Niruktavrtti, A.D. 1887.

Contents: the Niruktavṛtti of Durgācārya, being a commentary on Yāska's Nirukta. This MS. contains only the commentary on adhyāyas 7–12 of the Nirukta (not 6, as stated in the Bodl. catal., p. 384b), which are numbered (as in MS. Wilson I [1084], Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 151) consecutively from the five books of the Nighaṇṭu as 12–17. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 150. The (7) pādas (compare for the number MS. Wilson 474 [1083]) of adhyāya 7 end on ff. 7, 22, 31, 36, 37<sup>v</sup>, 43, 50. The (3) pādas of adhyāya 8 end on ff. 56, 65, 70<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 10 end on ff. 74, 78, 83<sup>v</sup>, 86<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 10 end on ff. 93<sup>v</sup>, 100<sup>v</sup>, 107<sup>v</sup>, 112. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 11

end on ff. 118, 122<sup>v</sup>, 127<sup>v</sup>, 132<sup>v</sup>. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 12 end on ff. 138, 141, 145<sup>v</sup>, 150. It ends on f. 150: saptadašasya caturthah pādah 1 abhilāse yathā kāmī karoty aṃgaviceṣṭitaṃ 1 strīsamakṣaṃ tathā kuryād ayam śṛṃgāraṇakriyāṃ 111 11

The MS. is carefully written, and appears to be accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The whole of f. 1 has been supplied by a later hand. Ff. 2-6 have been torn in two, and the right-hand side supplied by another hand. There are hardly any corrections. A figure is drawn on f. 67<sup>v</sup>.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 150 + ii blank.

Date: f. 150: samvat 1443 (= A. D. 1387) varse śrāvaņaśudi 8 astamyām gurudine! The date is no doubt genuine, as the writing is consistently in the old style, and the paper appears to be ancient.

Scribe: f. 150: adyeha śrīnamdapadre mahārāņaśrīdurgasimhavijayarājye māhāmāttimahamśrīkarmmasīpratipattau (?) ābhyamtaranāgarajñātīyadīkṣitakalhanasutadīkṣitaśrīrāmasya śrīniruktabhāṣyam śrībhṛgude ratre (?) liṣitam 1 The Bodl. catal., p. 384b, gives Rāma as the scribe. The ordinary use of language would make him the owner.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1086-Ms. Mill 142

### Durgācārya's Niruktavṛtti, A.D. 1839.

Contents: the Niruktavrtti of Durgācārya, a commentary on Yāska's Nirukta. This MS. does not contain the commentary on the parisista. The adhyayas are numbered 6-17 as usual, counting the five books of the Nighantu as having preceded. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1v: its (6) pādas end on ff. 19, 24, 31, 37v, 43, 51. The (7) padas of adhyaya 2 end on ff. 59, 65°, 67°, 71, 73, 76<sup>v</sup>, 81. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 3 end on ff. 88<sup>v</sup>, 96, 105, 115. The (4) padas of adhyaya 4 end on ff. 125<sup>v</sup>, 132<sup>v</sup>, 144<sup>v</sup>, 154. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 5 end on ff. 168, 177, 185, 192. The (6) pādas of adhyāya 6 end on ff. 199, 206<sup>v</sup>, 214, 221<sup>v</sup>, 227, 232<sup>v</sup>. The (7) pādas of adhyāya 7 end on ff. 243, 250, 257, 261, 262, 266<sup>v</sup>, 272. The (3) pādas of adhyāya 8 end on ff. 277, 284, 289. The (4) padas of adhyaya 9 end on ff. 292, 295, 299<sup>v</sup>, 303. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 10 end on ff. 308v, 314, 320, 324. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 11 end on ff. 329, 332, 337, 341. The (4) pādas of adhyāya 12 end on ff. 345<sup>v</sup>, 348, 352, 355<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is divided into two parts, one (ff. 1-232") containing the first six, the other (ff. 233v-355) the second six adhyayas. Both parts are apparently by the same hand. The

colophon on f. 232<sup>V</sup> is: ekādaśo 'dhyāyaḥ I yāvaṃto maṃtrāḥ sarvaśākhāsu teṣu yāni guṇapadāni lakṣaṇod-deśatas tāni sarvāṇy eva vyākhyātāni I That on f. 355<sup>V</sup> is: saptadaśasya caturthaḥ pādaḥ I stryabhilāṣe yathā kāmī karoty aṃgaviceṣṭitaṃ I strīsamakṣaṃ tathā kuryād ayaṃ śṛṃgāraṇakriyāṃ II II samāpta graṃthaḥ I Lacunae are marked on ff. 3<sup>V</sup>, 5<sup>V</sup>, 64, 93, 100<sup>V</sup>, 113, 135, 138, 143<sup>V</sup>, 153<sup>V</sup>, 161<sup>V</sup>, 182<sup>V</sup>, 185, 204, 208<sup>V</sup>, 229, 244<sup>V</sup>, 245, 260, 272<sup>V</sup>. Ff. 301, 301<sup>V</sup> are, the former partially, the latter wholly, blank.

The MS. is carelessly written and inaccurate. It seems possible that it was copied from the same original as MS. Wilson I (1084). It is doubtless the MS. lent by Mill to Roth for his *Nirukta*, see page v.

Size:  $14 \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper. The Bodl. catal., p. 396<sup>b</sup>, says 'Charta Europ.,' but there is nothing to prove this, the paper being to all appearance of native manufacture.

No. of leaves: ii+355+ii blank. In the original foliation the MS. consists of two parts, having 232+123 leaves.

Date: f. 232<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1895 (= A.D. 1839) t Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1087—ms. mill 76

### Durgācārya's Niruktavṛtti, A.D. 1834.

Contents: the Niruktavṛtti, by Durgācārya. This MS. contains only the commentary on adhyāyas 1-6. Adhyāya 1 begins on f. 1°; its (6) pādas end on ff. 28°, 36, 47°, 58, 68, 82°. Pāda 1 of adhyāya 2 ends on f. 96°; pāda 1 of adhyāya 3 ends on f. 140°; pāda 1 of adhyāya 4 ends on f. 199; pāda 1 of adhyāya 5 ends on f. 262; adhyāya 6 ends on f. 351: ekādaśo 'dhyāyah pārvano mamtrāh sarvaśākhāsu teṣu yāni guṇapadāni lakṣanoddeśatas tāni sarvāny eva vyākhyātāni 1 The MS. is carelessly copied, and lacunae are very frequent, being marked on considerably more than a third of the leaves. Even the pādas are not carefully marked. This MS. is perhaps a copy of MS. Mill 142 (1086).

On f. i Dr. Mill has described the contents, in pencil, adding, 'Alterum codicem MS<sup>tum</sup>, qui utramque partem complectitur, priorem quidem (huius libri) foliis 232, posteriorem vero (quam aliter non possideo) foliis 123—mitto, una cum textu Nirukti Yascani in volumine huic simillimo sed minore et antiquioribus literis exarato (foll. 164), hoc mense Februarii A. D. 1847 ad virum doctissimum Rudolphum Rothum Professorem Tubingensem. Gul. H. Mill.'

Bound in a native binding, lettered 'Niruktabhāṣyam.'
Size: 10\frac{1}{2} \times 5 in. Material: Paper, European make.

No. of leaves: i + 351 + i blank.

Date: f. 351: vidhugrahavasucamdre Vikramārkasya varse rasašaramuniimdau sammite Sālivāhe likhitam amalapakse Ekadamtena rādhe sašitithiguruvāre svātisiddhe parārthe! This gives: samvat 1891 sake 1756 (= A. d. 1834).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1088-MS. Sansk. e. 44

### Pāṇinīya S'ikṣā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Pāṇinīya S'ikṣā, in sixty ślokas. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ latha Sikṣāṃ pravakṣyāmi Pāṇinīyamataṃ (kriyayā, in marg.) yathā l śāstrānupūrvaṃ tad vidyād yathoktaṃ lokāvedayoḥ līl It ends: trinayanam abhimukhaniḥṣrtām imāṃ ya iha paṭhet prayataś ca sadā dvijāḥ sa bhavati dhanadhānyapaśu (bahuputra, in marg.) kīrttimān atulaṃ ca sukhaṃ samuśnute divī (ti divīti, in marg.) l 60 l atha śikṣām ātmodāttaś cahakāsvarāṇāṃ yāthāgīty acosṛṣṭotta cāṣas tu Saṃkara ekādaśā iti Sikṣā samāptā saṃpūrṇaṃ śyaṃm śubham 11

There are some quaint drawings on f. 8v.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 13). Size:  $7\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 8 + xv blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th, possibly beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1, 2, 8 protected by transparent paper.

### 1089—MS. Sansk. c. 48

#### Yājñavalkya S'ikṣā, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Yājñavalkya S'ikṣā, a treatise on Vedic phonetics, in 209 ślokas. It begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i athātas traisvaryyalakṣaṇaṃ vyākhyāsyāmaḥ udāttasyānudāttasya svaritasya tathaiva ca lakṣaṇaṃ varṇayiṣyāmi daivataṃ sthānam eva ca i It ends: yuktiyuktaṃ vaco grāhyaṃ na grāhyaṃ gurugauruvāt sarvaśāstrarahasyaṃ tad Yājñavalkyena bhaṣitaṃ i gi iti Yājñavalkyaśikṣā samāptā ii

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 19).

Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 14 + xi blank.

Date: probably quite modern, 19th century?

Character: Kaśmīrī Nāgarī.

# B. (§§ 17-78) NON-VEDIC LITERATURE

### 17. COLLECTANEOUS

### 1090-MS. Sansk. c. 17

'The Bower MS.,' 5th cent.?

Contents: seven parts:

- 1. A medical work, professing to be by Suśruta, to whom it was declared by the Muni Kāśirāja. It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 5<sup>v</sup>. The text is well preserved on the whole, but there are lacunae on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 4<sup>v</sup>, 5, 5<sup>v</sup>. There are some 182 verses, in various metres. The work is of great importance as tending to establish much earlier dates for the Indian physicians, and illustrating the early application of the elaborate rules of the artificial kāvya to technical subjects. The whole is discussed by Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LX, 135 sq.
- 2. The Nāvanītaka, i.e. the 'cream' of more ancient works on medicine, from which this text gives approved extracts (siddhasamkarşa), Bühler, Vienna Oriental Journal, V, 304. It consists of some sixteen chapters on powders, medicated butter, medicated oils, various diseases, enema, tonics, gruels, aphrodisiacs, collyriums, hair washes, chebulic myrobalan, bitumen, plumbago, treatment of children, barrenness, women. The whole of chapters 15 and 16, with perhaps the end of chapter 14, is lost. It begins on f. 6. The introduction (of ten verses) ends on f. 6. Adhyāya 1, of 97 verses, ends on Adhyāya 2, of 153 verses, ends on f. 14. Adhyaya 3, of 143 verses, ends on f. 18. Adhyaya 4, of 214 verses, ends on f. 23. The end of adhyaya 5 is missing, the text ending at v. 648, and some 66 verses being lost. Adhyāya 6 ends on f. 26 at verse 784. Adhyāya 7, of 29 verses, ends on f. 27. Adhyāya 8, of 34 verses, ends on f. 28. Adhyāya 9, of 43 verses, Adhyāya 10, of 26 verses, ends ends on f. 29. on f. 30. Adhyāya 11, of 33 verses, ends on f. 31. Adhyāya 12, of 18 verses, ends on f. 31v. The end of adhyāya 13 is missing, the text breaking off at verse 976, and about 35 verses being lost. The end of adhyaya 14 also seems to be lost, the text ending with verse 1119. The text is very fairly preserved; the chief lacunae are on ff. 7°, 11°, 12°, 14°, 15, 17, 17°, 19°, 21, 21°, 22°, 23, 23<sup>v</sup>, 27, 27<sup>v</sup>, 28, 28<sup>v</sup>, 29<sup>v</sup>, 31<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is again

interesting for the same reasons as 1, but even in a higher degree.

- 3. A medical work, consisting of fourteen formulae for various prescriptions. It begins on f. 35 and ends on f. 38. The text is fragmentary towards the beginning. At the end is a note in a hand different from that of the main body of the work, probably identical with the hand that wrote 5.
- 4. A work on divination, consisting of some fiftynine formulae. It begins on f. 38<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 42<sup>v</sup>. The text is rather mutilated. It is written in a different hand from any of the preceding parts.
- 5. A treatise on divination by means of dice, conjectured, with much probability by Dr. Hoernle, to be one of the numerous recensions of the well-known treatise on pāśaka-kevalī or 'dice-divination' by Garga, the ancient author to whom various jyotiṣa treatises are ascribed. It is written mainly in verse, with some prose mixed. It begins on f. 43 and ends on f. 48v. The MS. is very badly written, and is full of blunders. One recension was ed. by Weber, Monatsber. der Preuss. Akad. der Wissenschaften, 1859, pp. 168-180, and trans., Ind. Streif., I, 274 sq. Cf. Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 358.
- 6. The account of a charm given by Buddha. This work is very probably the translation of a Pāli recension of the text, different in some degree from that found in the Jātaka, II, 144 (ed. Fausböll), the Cullavagga, p. 109 (ed. Oldenberg), the Anguttara Nikāya, II, 72 (ed. Morris), to which may be added the Paritta, Frankfürter's Reader, pp. 89-90. The text is fairly well preserved. It begins on f. 49 and ends on f. 52.
- 7. The account of a charm given by Buddha to the Yakşa general, Māṇibhadra. This story also occurs in 5 and 7 of the Weber MS. (see Hoernle, J.A.S.B., LXII, 26, 31), and in the Saṃyutta Nikāya, I, 208 (ed. Morris). The text is very defective and incorrect. It begins on f. 53<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 54<sup>v</sup>.

The Bower MS. was edited in facsimile, with 'nāgarī transcript, romanised transliteration, and English translation with notes,' by A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Ph.D., under the patronage of the Bengal Government, pts. i-vii, 1893-1897. A concluding part is to contain an examination of the contents, date, &c., of the MS. The facsimile is a good one, but the MS. itself is much clearer in all difficult points. For some palaeographical

information see J.A.S.B., 1891, pp. 135 sq. See also Jolly, Z.D.M.G., LIII, 374-380; Festgruss an Roth, pp. 18 sq.; Medicin (Grundriss), pp. 14, 15.

Former owner: the MS. was presented to Captain Bower, and was bought by the Bodleian Library from Quaritch, to whom Captain Bower had sold it, on Oct. 27, 1898. For an account of the locality and circumstances of the find, see Hoernle, Proceedings of the A. S. B., Nov. 1890; J. A. S. B., LX, part i, p. 93; Geographical Journal, V, 255. It was dug out of a stupa just outside a subterranean city near Kuchar.

Kept in a wooden box, with door and key.

Size of box:  $14\frac{7}{8} \times 16\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Size of MS.: the leaves are enclosed between glass, and in this shape the size is  $13 \times 4$  in. The box is divided into four sections, containing 12, 14, 15, 13 leaves respectively, while a book (containing merely a list of leaves) is inserted in the last. The size of the leaves alone is about  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: birch bark, with a hole towards the left side of each leaf. Originally it was held together by a string and wooden boards.

No. of leaves: the leaves are arranged so as to form fifty-four plates. Actually there are 5 leaves in 1, 29 in 2, 4 in 3, 4 in 4, 6 in 5, 4 in 6, 2 in 7. In 2 there were once 33 leaves (and perhaps 5 more lost at the end), but ff. 20, 27, 30 (of Hoernle's enumeration in the facsimile) are lost, and ff. 16, 17 are contained on one plate. The references above are to the ff. as they are numbered in Hoernle's plates.

Date: the MS. may with fair probability be placed about the middle of the 5th century. See Hoernle's discussion of the matter in the J. A. S. B., LX, 81 sq., which result is accepted by Bühler, Palaeographie, p. 47, who had arrived independently at similar conclusions. 5, 6, 7 may be as old as A. D. 425, while the main body of the MS. is probably about A. D. 475.

Scribe: 1, 2 and 3 are doubtless by the same hand. So are 6 and 7. 5 may possibly be by that hand also. 4 is in a distinctive hand.

Character: the North-Western variety of the North Indian, or Gupta, type of writing. See Bühler, Palaeographie, pp. 45 sq.; Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LX, 80 sq.; Ind. Ant., XXI, 29 sq.

Injuries: ff. 20, 21, 30 of 2, and several (? 5) ff. at the end are lost. At the time the MS. was written the leaves were already in some cases damaged, and the bark used is of bad quality.

1091 (1-8)-MS. Sansk. e. 23 (P)

'The Weber MS.,' 5th-7th cent.?

Contents: eight separate works, and several fragments which cannot be assigned certainly to these works.

- 1. An astronomical work of a very ancient type. As it is based on the old system of the Nakṣatras, Hoernle assigns it to the period between the 3rd century B.C. and the 2rd century A.D. There remain only ff. 7-15, all mutilated on the right-hand side. The leaves are numbered on the recto. See Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LXII, 9-17.
- 2. Hoernle now divides this into three parts, with 2+2 leaves, and one leaf numbered 9. Part  $2^a$  contains a stotra, in the manner of the Purāṇas, to Pārvatī, while parts  $2^b$  and  $2^c$  appear to be on ritual; but part  $2^b$  is for the most part hardly legible. There are nine lines to the page in part  $2^a$ , six in parts  $2^b$  and  $2^c$ . The leaves are badly mutilated on the left-hand side. See Hoernle, l.c., pp. 17-21.
- 3. Hoernle now divides this into five parts, with 2+1+1+1+1 leaves. The last four,  $3^b$  to  $3^e$ , are the merest fragments, and differ from one another considerably in appearance and style of writing. Part  $3^a$  appears to be a fragment of some Buddhist work on sorcery. F. 2 of it is given by Hoernle, l. c., pp. 21-23.
- 4. A single fragmentary leaf treating of the Muni Angirasa, evidently by a Buddhist. See Hoernle, l. c., pp. 23, 24.
- 5. An account of a charm given by Buddha to the Mahāyakṣa Māṇibhadra. This subject is a favourite one with Buddhists, see 7. The leaves are mutilated on both sides, and it is not quite clear whether ff. 6-8 are part of the same work, though they probably are. Another leaf of this MS. appears to exist in the Petroffski collection, no. 7 in Dr. von Oldenburg's paper, Journ. Imp. Russian Archaeological Society, vol. VIII. See Hoernle, l. c., pp. 24-26.
- 6. A fragment of some vocabulary. Ff. 1-3 contain parts of ślokas 24-40 and 41-57 of chapter 2 (?) of the work. The next two leaves appear to be on a different subject. About one-third of each leaf on the right-hand side is missing. See Hoernle, l. c., pp. 26-31.
- 7. An account of a charm given by Buddha to the Mahāyakṣa Māṇibhadra. This MS. consists of six leaves, the seventh perhaps not belonging to this work, and is a part of a larger MS. of which eight leaves are in the Petroffski and thirty-five in the Macartney collection, see J. A. S. B., LXVI, 242. For the story see 5 and the Bower MS., 7 (1090), (p. 236 of Hoernle's edition.)

8. A brief fragment in four leaves on medical charms, written in the mixed Sanskrit which was used as a literary language in North-Western India for several centuries after the Christian era. The leaves are mutilated on the right-hand side, and the seventh and last line on each page almost wholly obliterated. See Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LXII, 32-34.

The ninth of these MSS. is written in some non-Sanskrit language, though many Sanskrit names of medicinal plants or drugs appear in mutilated and unusual forms: Hoernle, *l. c.*, pp. 34-40.

Former owner: these MSS. were dug out of the stūpa or vihāra near Kuchar (from which the Bower MS. came), by an Afghan Bildār Khān, who gave them to Munshī Aḥmed Dīn, whence they passed to the Rev. F. Weber, a Moravian missionary in Leh in Ladak, who sold them to Dr. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, see J. A. S. B., LXII, pt. i, p. 1; LXVI, pt. i, pp. 239, 240. The Bodleian Library purchased them from Dr. Hoernle in May, 1902.

Kept in three wooden boxes, with doors and keys. Box 1 contains 1-5, leaf 1; box 2 contains 5, leaf 2 to 9, leaf 1; box 3 contains 9, leaves 1-42.

Size of boxes:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{2} \times 10\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Size of MSS.: the leaves are enclosed between glass, and in this shape the size in  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 4$  in. Originally the sizes were:  $1 = 7\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$  in.;  $2 = 6 \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in.;  $3 = 6\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.; 4 (uncertain: only one fragment exists);  $5 = 8\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.;  $6 = 7\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$  in.;  $7 = 5 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.;  $8 = 5 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper, of Nepalese manufacture; Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LXII, pt. i, p. 3. The leaves were originally held together by a string passing through a hole in the side of each leaf: an old Indian custom, Bühler, Vienna Oriental Journal, VII, 261.

No. of leaves: 1 has 9 leaves; 2 has 2+2+1 leaves; 3 has 2+1+1+1+1 leaves; 4 has 1 leaf; 5 has 5+3 leaves; 6 has 3+2 leaves; 7 has 6+1 leaves.

Date: it appears probable that 1-3, which are in North-Western Gupta characters, are practically contemporaneous with the Bower MS., i. e. belong to the 5th century A. D. See Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LXII, pt. i, p. 8; LXVI, pt. i, pp. 257, 258. The remainder, 4-8, in Kucharī writing, belong to the 6th or 7th cent. A. D.

Character: 1-3 are in the North-Western Gupta characters. 4 shows a transition to the Central Asian Brāhmī or Kucharī, as Hoernle proposes to call it; 5-8 are in Kucharī. See Hoernle, J. A. S. B., LXII, pt. i, pp. 5-7; Bühler, Palaeographie, and Vienna Oriental Journal, VII.

Injuries: these are noted above.

## 1092 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. g. 3

Lolambarāja's Vaidyajīvana, &c., 19th cent.?

Contents: four pieces, three medical, the fourth a collection of letters.

- 1. The Vaidyajīvana of Lolambarāja, with the commentary of Harinatha, a treatise on medicine (pathology). The work of Lolambarāja (spelt elsewhere Lolimbaraja, Lolimmaraja, &c.) is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 317, Weber, Catal., I, 302. It begins, on f. 1, with the words: om namo gurave 1 om namo Dhanvantaraye i atha Vaidyajīvanam tīkāsahitam likhyate i The text proper begins on f. 2: prakṛtisubhagagātram prītipātram ramāyā i dišatu kim api dhāma syāmalam mamgalam ca 1 The text corresponds pretty closely with the specimens given in the Bodl. catal. The (5) chapters end on ff. 37°, 45, 56, 70°, 77°. Chapter 4 has 43 verses only. The whole ends on f. 77°: ili śrīmahākavilolambarājaviracite Vaidyajīvane pañcamo vilāsaļ. 1 The date is uncertain; A.D. 1633 according to Sinh Jee, but a MS. of 1608 appears to exist, Jolly, Medicin, p. 2. Ff. 25<sup>v</sup>, 39<sup>v</sup> are half blank. There are many marginal notes. There seem to be traces of two hands at least in the original text, the first from ff. 1-38, the second from f. 30 to the end. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 946; Sesagiri, Report on Sanskrit and Tamil MSS., 1896, 1897, pp. 26, 163. Both text and commentary were printed at Benares in 1868.
- 2. The S'ārīrasthāna of Suśruta, a part of the Suśruta Saṃhitā, which was edited at Calcutta, 1835–1836 and in 1889. See *Bodl. catal.*, p. 303. It extends from ff. 78–120°. Cf. Eggeling, p. 927. For his date see Jolly, *Medicin*, pp. 9, 10.
- 3. The Bhāvaprakāśa of Miśra. The MS. contains only a very small fragment of this work, which is fully described in the *Bodl. catal.*, pp. 309 sq. The contents point to its being a fragment of the third chapter. It occupies ff. 121-126. Ff. 126, 127, 127 are blank. Edited, Calcutta, 1875, and 1883-1888, and 1887. Dated before 1558-1559 and after 1535 by Jolly, *Medicin*, p. 3.
- 4. The letters of the Pandit Sahebram. He was the father of the Pandit Damodar, and grandfather of Dayaram, who sold MSS. to Dr. Hultzsch during his visit to India (see his account, Z.D.M.G., XL, 6). They occupy ff. 128-142. Ff. 128, 129, 140 are blank.

The MS. ends with three blank leaves (ff. 143-145). All by different hands, and 1 by two hands.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 346, 349, 368, 391). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iv), 'K 31-34.' They were doubtless bought at Srinagara (see Z. D. M. G., l. c.).



Size:  $4 \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. The leaves are arranged as in an English book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 145 + i blank.

Binding: the MS. is bound in boards covered with cloth with a flap, native work.

Date: about the middle of the 19th cent.

Character: Sarada, modern.

#### 1093 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. e. 65

#### Manusmrtidharmāh, and Extracts from Bhāgavata Purāṇa, &c., 18th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. Manusmṛtidharmāḥ (ff. 1–14), being extracts from the twelve books of the Mānavadharmaśāstra, intended to give the laws of Manu in a nutshell (saṃkṣepeṇa). Beginning: oṃ namaḥ i śrīsarasvatīrthapāya paramāgurave ii svasty astu ii prajābhyaḥ ii oṃ namo vighnahantre ii śreyase ii śrībhavānyai namaḥ ii atha Manusmṛtidharmāḥ ii ii prathamādhyāye ii ii oṃ āsīd idaṃ ii &c. From adhyāya i, verses 5–10, 86, and 88–92 are given. End (f. 14): iti śrīmanusmṛtidharmāḥ saṅkṣepeṇoktāḥ likhitāḥ ceti subhaṃ bhavatv asmākaṃ sarveṣāṃ ii
- 2. Extracts from the Bhāgavata Purāṇa and other works (ff. 14-23°). It begins on f. 14: ataḥ paraṃ śrībhāgavatāntare vivicya sārabhūtāḥ ślokā likhyante u dvitīyaskande u catuślokī likhyate u śrībhagavān uvāca u aham evāsam evāgre i &c. See the Catuḥślokibhāgavata, in Hariprasāda's Stotraratnākara, prathamo bhāgaḥ (Bombay, 1883), pp. 106 sq., which is, however, different. F. 14° ends: itīyaṃ catuślokī śrībhāgavatarahasyotpattiḥ u u atha śrībhāgavataślokāḥ likhyante u F. 16: Viṣṇupurāṇe u F. 19° begins: oṃ śrībhāgavate u F. 20 begins: atha Mahābhārataśāntiparvādiślokāḥ u F. 23: atha ṣaṭtrimśattattvāni i

The abridged title in the margin of ff. 14-20 is Bhāvaślo (for Bhāgavatādiślokāh?).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 189). Size:  $6\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. The leaves are arranged as in an English book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 23 + ix blank.

Date: appears to be modern, probably 18th cent.

Character: Sāradā.

Injuries: ff. 1 (protected with transparent paper), 12, 22, and 23 are slightly damaged.

BODL, SANS. CATAL, II,

1094 (1-12)-MS. Sansk. d. 27

Gadādhara's Sāmānyanirukti, and Minor Law-books (Hārītasmṛti, &c.), 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents :

- 1. The Sāmānyanirukti, by Gadādhara (ff. 1-33). It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ I Sarasvatyai namaḥ I Bālakṛṣṇagurave namaḥ I hetvābhāsanirūpane prasaṃgasyāpi saṃgatitvaṃ saṃbhavati II vyāptipakṣadharmatā viśiṣṭahetunirūpane vyāptipakṣadharmatā virodhitadvirahavato duṣṭahetoḥ smaraṇād atas tad alpradaśanena mūlasya nyūnatāṃ parijihīrṣuḥ I &c. See f. 2V in the lithographed edition, Benares, 1874. It ends: atrāyaṃ doṣa ity ādau svaviṣayakaniścayāvyavahitottarānumitiniṣṭhatā dṛśo bhayā bhāvādhikaraṇatā prayojakādhikaraṇatā prayojakādhikaraṇatātvavyāpakavirodhiviṣayatā prayojyatākadharma eva doṣapadārtha iti dik II II iti Gadādharī Sāmānyaniruktiḥ samāptā I See f. 16V in the edition.
- 2. The Hārītasmṛti (ff. 34-39). It begins: śrīganeśāya namaḥ I Hārītenaivam ākhyātaṃ lokānāṃ hitakāmyayā I prāyaścittaṃ cikitsārthaṃ me tat prāhur
  manīṣinaḥ I It ends: pitṛprasādād bhuṃjaṃte dhanāni
  nidhanāni ca sthāvaraṃ na bhujyeta prasāde sati paitṛkel
  sthāvaraṃ dvipadaṃ caiva yady api svayam arjitaṃ
  asaṃbhūya sutān sarvāṃ na dānaṃ na ca vikrayaḥ I iti
  śrīhārītapraṇītaṃ Dharmaśāstraṃ samāptaṃ I Different from the Laghu and Vṛddha Hārītasmṛtis printed
  in the Calc. Dharmaśāstra-saṃgraha and Bombay Dharmaśāstra-saṃgraha, Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 147, but
  corresponding to the work described by Eggeling, India
  Office catal., p. 404 (no. 1372). Cf. Mitra, Notices, VIII,
  250; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 65.
- 3. The Viṣṇusmṛti (ff. 40-44). It begins: śrīga-neśāya namaḥ i Viṣṇum ekāgram āsīnam śrutismṛtividām varam i paprachur munayah sarve Kajāyagrāmavāsinah ii kṛtayuge hy apakṣīṇe lupto dharmah sanātanah i tena caiśvara mohena dharmo na pratimārgitah ii It ends: āśramās tu trayah proktā vaiśyarājanyayos tathā i pārivrajyāśramaprīti brāhmaṇasyaiva coditā ii āśramānām ayam dharmo mayā proktah sanātanah i yad atrāviditam kimcit tad anyebhyo gamiṣyatha ii iti śrīviṣṇuproktam Dharmaśāstram samāptam i This corresponds to the Laghu Viṣṇusmṛti, described by Eggeling, pp. 394 sq.
- 4. The Atrismṛti, in nine adhyāyas (ff. 45-50). It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i hutvāgnihotram āsīnam Atrim vedavidām varam i prachamti jātasamdehā rṣayaḥ samsitavratāḥ ii bhagavan kena dānena japyena tapasaiva ca i mucyamte pātakair yuktās tan no brūhi mahāmune ii It ends: pratyāhāras tathā dhyānam prāṇāyāmo 'tha dhāraṇā i tarkaś caiva samādhiś ca ṣaḍamgo yoga ucyate ii yas tv idam paṭhate śāstram

viprebhyaś ca prayachati i mucyate sarvapāpebhyo bramhmalokam sa gachati ii ity Ātrīye Dharmaśāstre navamo 'dhyāyaḥ ii 9 ii This is the Ātreya Dharmaśāstra in mixed prose and verse, described by Eggeling, pp. 380 sq.; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 124a; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 57.

- 5. The Yājñavalkyasmṛti, in three adhyāyas (ff. 51-95). It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i yogīśvaraṃ Yājñyavalkyaṃ saṃpūjya munayo 'bruvan i varṇāśrametarāṇāṃ no brūhi dharmān aśeṣataḥ i Mithilāsthaḥ sa yogīṃdraḥ kṣaṇam dhyātvā 'bruvan munīn i yasmin deśe mṛgaḥ kṛṣṇaḥ tasmin dharmān nibodhata ii 2 ii Adhyāya i (369 ślokas) ends on f. 67°; 2, on f. 81; 3, on f. 95°. In adhyāyas 2 and 3 the ślokas are numbered separately in each prakaraṇa. It ends: śrutvaitad Yājñavalkyo 'pi prītātmā munibhāṣitaṃ i evam astv iti hovāca namaskṛtya svayaṃbhuve ii 84 ii ti śrīyājñyavalkyāye Dharmaśāstre tṛtīyo 'dhyāyaḥ ii 3 ii samāptā iyaṃ Yājñyavalkyasmṛtiḥ i Edited by A. F. Stenzler, Berlin, 1849, and in the Calc. Dh., I, 410-496, also printed several times in India.
- 6. The S'ātātapasmṛti (ff. 96-103). It begins: śrīganeśāya namah i S'ātātapasya maharşe Dharmaśāstram vyākhyāsyāmah i brāhmaṇam hatvā tasya śirahkapālam ādaya tīrthāmtaram samcared ātmanah i pāpakīrttanam kurvan dvādaśābdair viśudhyati i &c. It ends: achidram iti yad vākyam vadamti kṣitidevatāh i pranamya śirasā grāhyam agniṣṭomaphalaih saha ii S'ātātapam iti khyātam dharmaśāstrottamottamam i etat jñātvā dvijah samyak yāti bramhma sanātanam ii iti śrīśātātapamaharṣiproktam Dharmaśāstram sampūrnam samāptā i This is the treatise in mixed prose and verse, described by Eggeling, pp. 398 sq. (no. 1361). Cf. Bendall, I. c., p. 64.
- 7. The Vrddha S'ātātapasmṛti (ff. 104-107). It begins: om namah śriganeśāya namah I Vrddhasātātapaproktam smrtītamtraviniścayam i samksepeņa pravakşyāmi yāvad arthopalabdhaye IIIII nadītīreşu gosteşu punyeşv ayataneşu ca ı tatra gatva sucau dese bramhma kūrcam samācaret 11211 palāsam padma patram vā tāmram vātha hiranmayam tatra bhumkte vratī nityam tat pātram samudāhrtam 11311 It consists of 72 ślokas, and ends: śvah kāryam adya kuvati pūrvāhne cāparāhnikamına hi pratikşatikşate mṛtyuh kṛtam cāsya bhavārūtam 117011 ya strīņām na tyajed roge rattarottāralolubhih 1 puro dirghām padanyāsai sthāyām sāyamtanām iva 117 I 11 suchamdadhanajātena śākenāpi pramucyate iti budhvā samastādyaih kah kuryād asamamjasam 117211 iti Vrddhaśātātapah smrtih sampūrna samāpta I This is different from, though similar to, the Vrddha Satatapasmrti described by Eggeling, p. 398 (no. 1360).
- 8. The Prajāpatismrti, in 197 ślokas (ff. 108-117), a treatise on śrāddhas. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaļ 1

- pitur vākyāthakārī ca rūciķ pramlocayā saha i namasyovāca devešam Bramhmānam jagatah patim 1111 Brahman vidhe viramceti dhātaḥ sambho prajāyate \ tvatprasādād imam dharmam jagrāha pitrvākyatah 11211 anayā saha tīrtheşu mayā śrāddhāny anekaśaḥ \ kṛtāni pitṛtuṣṭyartham dhanārtham putrakāmyayā 11311 It ends: pārvanāni mayoktāni viparītāni tāni te \ atharvaņās tarpayamti tadvedoktamatam yathā 119311 atithim śrāddharakṣārthamm amte Vişnum svarūpiņam 1 nivešaye Vişnusamam brāhmaṇaṃ vedapāragaṃ ١١٩4١١ kavyavālādayo yamī vidyaṃte yaś ca pūrvajāḥ i sarveṣām eva varnānām śrāddhe tṛpyaṃti devatāḥ 119511 sākṣāt Viṣṇuḥ dharmarājaḥ śrāddhadevaš ca kathyate i višve devā pitrtithisarvam Vișņur iti sphuțam 119611 pūrvajās tușțim āyāmti sarvadātā bhoktā na saṃśayaḥ ı iti śrīprajāpatiḥ smṛtiḥ samāptā ı See Weber, Catal., II, 337 sq. (no. 1757).
- 9. The Vedavyāsasmṛti, or the Dharmaśāstra of Vyāsa, in four adhyāyas (ff. 118-128). It begins: śrīganeśāya namaḥ i Vārāṇasyām sukhāsīnam Vedavyāsam taponidhiḥ i paprachur munayo nyetya dharmān varṇavyavasthitān ii sa pṛṣṭaḥ smṛtimān smṛtvā smṛtivedārthagarbhitām i uvācātha prasannātmā munayaḥ śuyatām iti ii Adhyāya i (brahmacāryadhikāraḥ) ends on f. 120; 2 (stryadhikāraḥ), on f. 122<sup>V</sup>; 3 (gṛhasthāhnikaḥ). Adhyāya 4 ends: yonisamkarasamkīrṇā viyonim yāmti mānavāḥ i pamktibhedī vṛthāpākī nityam brāhmaṇanimdakaḥ ii ādeśā vedavikte tāpam caite brahmaghātakāḥ i iti Vedavyāsaproktam Dharmaśāstram sampūrṇamḥ i This is the Vyāsasamhitā printed in the Calc. Dh., II, 321-342, and Bombay Dh., pp. 651-664. See also Eggeling, p. 395; Bendall, l. c., p. 64.
- 10. The Bṛhaspatismṛti (ff. 129–132). It begins: srīgaņeśāya namaḥ i iṣṭvā kratuśataṃ rājā samāptavaradakṣiṇaṃ i bhagavaṃtaṃ guruśreṣṭaṃ paryapṛcha Bṛhaspatiḥ III II bhagavan kena dānena sarvataḥ sukham edhate i yad akṣayamahārthaṃ ca tato brūhi mahātapa II t ends: adhitya sarvavedān vai sadyo duḥkhāt pramucyate i pāvanaṃ carate dharmaṃ svargaloke mahīyate II Bṛhaspatimataṃ puṇyaṃ ye paṭhaṃti dvijātayaḥ i catvāri teṣāṃ varddhaṃte āyur vidyā yaśo balaṃ II iti śrībṛhaspatipraṇītaṃ Dharmaśāstraṃ saṃpūrṇaṃ i This is the treatise printed in the Calc. Dh., I, 644–651, Bombay Dh., pp. 433–437. Cf. Bendall, l. c., p. 60.
- 11. The S'ankhasmṛti, in 73 ślokas (ff. 133-136). It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i iṣṭāpūrttau tu karttavyau brāhmaņena viśeṣatah i iṣṭena labhate svargam mokṣam pūrttenāvadaṃti ii i ii ekāham api Kauṃteya bhūmistham udakam kuru i kulāni tārayet sapta yatra gaur viṭṛṣā bhavet ii 2 ii bhūmidānena ye lokā godānena ca kīrttitāh i tān lokān prayayur marttyāh pādapānām praropaņe ii 3 ii It ends: divā kapitthachāyāsu rātrau dadhiśamīṣu ca i dhātrīphaleṣu saptamyām ala-

kṣmīr vasate sadā 117011 sūrpavātanakhāgrāmtakešabamdhaghatodakam 1 mārjanīrenusamsparše hamti puņyam divākṛtam 117111 arddhavāsas tu yaḥ kuryāj japahomakriyādvijaḥ 1 tat sarvam rākṣasam vidyād bahir jānucayakṛtam 117211 yatra yatra ca samkīrņa paśyaty ātmany asamśayam 1 tatra tatra tilair homo gāyatryā varttanam tathā 117311 iti Samkhakṛtam Dharmaśāstram sampūrṇam 1 This treatise, though ascribed to Sankha, is the shorter recension of the Likhitasmṛti, described by Eggeling, p. 391 (no. 1337). Cf. Calc. Dh., II, 375–382, Bombay Dh., pp. 683–688; Bendall, l.c., p. 62.

12. The Samvartasmrti (ff. 137-147). It begins: śriganeśaya namah i Samvarttam ekam asinam sarvavedāmtapāragam i rsayas tum upāgamya paprachu dharmakāmkşiņah 11 bhagavan śrotum ichāmo dvijānām bramhmasādhanam i yathāvat dharmam ācakşva subhāśubham vivecanam II It ends: mamdalam brāhmanam rūdrāh śukāklāś ca vrhad yathā I vāmadevyam vrhat sāma sarvapāpaiķ pramucyate II dharmaśāstram idam punyam Samvarttena tu bhāsitam i adhitya brāhmano gachet bramhmanah padma śāśvatam II cāmdrāyanam tu sarveşām pāpānām pāvanam varam i krtvā śuddhim avāpnoti paramam sthānam eva ca 11 iti śrīsamvarttapranitam Dharmaśāstram samāptam ! This is, with numerous various readings, the text printed in the Calc. Dh., I, 584-603, and Bombay Dh., pp. 386-400. Cf. Eggeling, p. 401; Bendall, l. c., p. 65.

2-12 are written by one and the same hand, while 1 is really a separate MS., only accidentally bound in the same volume with the others.

Bought in Oct. 1892 from Quaritch's Rough List 128 (no. 488).

Size:  $11\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 150.

Date: both 1 and 2-12 seem to be scarcely older than A. D. 1800.

Scribe: 1 was written by Vişnubhaţţa Bāpaţa. Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1095 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. d. 72

Bilvamangala, S'rāddhadvāsaptatikālāh, &c., and Kāvyaprakāśasanketa, 17th cent.?

Contents:

1. A fragment of the Bilvamangala, a poem on the life of Kṛṣṇa, by Bilvamangala (ff. 23-28). It begins: ratnas sākam hṛdy āsīnah i yatra vā tatra vā deva yadi viśvasimas tvayi i nirvāṇam api du [ska?]ram arvācīnāni kim punah i F. 23°: iti Gokulacaritam samāptam ii F. 24°: iti śrīmathurācaritram ii F. 26: iti Dvārakācaritram samāptam i F. 28: iti śrībilvamangala-

kṛtau śrīnārāyaṇastutiķ II samāptaṃ Bilvamaṅgalaṃ nāmaṃ II śrīmathurānāthāya Kṛṣṇāya II tataķ kaumāra-caritraślokaṃ 69 pogaṇḍa 45 vayassandhi 25 kaiśoraṃ 23 tāruṇya 17 Gokula 91 (?) Dvārakāca 20 Nārāyaṇastuti 25 Mathurā 5 (or 15?) ceti ślokāķ 330 II (f. 28, l. 7).

- 2. Three short treatises on S'rāddha rites (ff. 28–29°), beginning (f. 28, l. 8): atha madhyāt (?) prasangataś śrāddhadvāsaptatikālāḥ 11 amāvasyā dvādaśa syus tathā sankrāntayo raveḥ aṣṭakānvaṣṭakāṣ ṣaṭ ca catasro nantikās smṛtāḥ 1 &c. F. 29, l. 5: atha brahmala-kṣaṇaṃ 11 F. 29, l. 15: iti brahmalakṣaṇam atha saptajanmalakṣaṇaṃ 11 F. 29°, l. 8: iti saptajanmalakṣaṇaṃ samāptam 11 11
- 3. The Kāvyaprakāśasanketa, a commentary on the Kāvyaprakāśa of Mammaţa and Alaka, by Rājāna Rucaka (ff. 29<sup>v</sup>-48). It begins (f. 29<sup>v</sup>, l. 9): om namo Nṛsiṃhāya II om Kāvyaprakāśasanketaḥ raseti I śṛṅgārahāsyakaruṇaraudravīrabhayānakāḥ bībhatsādbhutaśāntāś ca nava nāṭyarasā smṛtāḥ iti kāvyarasāḥ IF. 31: iti Kāvyaprakāśasankete prathama ullāsaḥ IIF. 34<sup>v</sup>: Kāvyaprakāśasankete dvitīya ullāsaḥ IIF. 35<sup>v</sup>: Kāvyaprakāśe sankīte tṛtīyollāsaḥ II It ends: iti Rājānarucakakṛtā Kāvyaprakāśavivṛtir iyatyevom II śubham astu II Probably this Rājāna Rucaka is identical with Rājānaka Ruyyaka, the author of the Alankārasarvasva, see Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 208.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 68, 215, 174). Doubtless purchased in Srīnagara.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Birch bark.

No. of leaves: 26.

Date: probably about the same age as MS. Sansk.

d. 65, i. e. about A. D. 1650.

Character: Sarada.

#### 1096 (1-4)—MS. Sansk. f. 12

Vālmīki's Rāmāyaṇa (I, 1), Amarakośa, &c., end of 17th cent.?

Contents:

1. The first Sarga of the Bālakāṇḍa of Vālmīki's Rāmāyaṇa (ff. 1-57). It begins: śrīsītārāmārppaṇaṃ i śubham astu i śrīsarasvateṃ nnamah i śrīsītārāmalakṣmaṇabharataśatṛghnahanumatsametāya namaḥ ii &c. F. 2: namaḥ Sīvāyaḥ siddhaṃ namaḥ iii Then follows (ff. 2-15) a list of the Sanskrit alphabet with all the vowel and many consonantal combinations. F. 15<sup>v</sup> is in Telugu. F. 16: yaṃ braṃhmavedāṃttavido vadaṃtti i paraṃ pradānaṃ puruṣanṃ ttadhanye i viśvodgateḥ kkāraṇam īśvaraṃ vvā i tasmin nnamo vighnavināyakāya ii ii śuklāṃbbaradharaṃ Viṣṇuṃ i śaśivarṇnaṃ cetu bhujaṃ i prasaṃnnavadanaṃ dhyāye i tsarvavighnopaśāṃttaye ii 2 ii F. 21<sup>v</sup> ends: maṃggalan mahāśrīśrīṃ jeyunu ii

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F. 22 begins: śubham astu i śrisarasvatem nnamah ii küjamttam Rāma Rāmeti i madhuram madhurāksaram i ārumhya kavitāśākhām I vamdde Vālmīkikokilam II 16 II Then follow some more verses (17-21) of similar purport. F. 23<sup>v</sup>: tapasvādhyāyaniratam 1 &c. . . . 11 22 11 ends (f. 52): vaņigjanaķ (f. 52<sup>v</sup>) puņņyabhalatvam īyāt 1 janaś ca śūdro 'pi mahatvam īyāt 11 120 11 ity ārșe 1 śrīrāmāyaņe | ādikāvye | śrīmadbālakāmḍḍe | Nāradavākye i Vālmīkipokte i śrīsaṃkṣepo nāmaḥ i prathamas sarggah | | 121 | (f. 53) | | | caritam Raghunādhasya | śatakoţipravistaram ı yekaikam akşaram proktam ı mahāpātakanāśanam 11 122 11 Rāmāya Rāmabhadrāya 1 Rāmacamdrāya vedhase i Raghunādhāya nādhāya i śilāyāh ppatiyem (f. 53") nnamah 11123 11 Vālmīkigirisambhūta 1 rāmasāgaragāmini 11 punātu bhuvanam pumnyam 1 śrīrāmāyaņamahān api 11 124 11 mamggaļamahāśrīśrīśrīm  $m{jjeyunar{u}}$  11  $Bar{a}larar{a}mar{a}yaar{n}am{m}$  sam $ar{a}ptam{m}$  11  $m{s}rar{i}srar{i}$  1  $m{F.}$  54: pūrvam Rāmatapovanānugamanam hatvā mṛgam kāmccanam I Vaidehiharanam Jatayumaranam Sugrīvasambhāşaṇam I Vālinigrahaṇam samudrataraļam Lāmkkāpuridahanam i paścād Rāvaņakumkarnnavadanam yetathyarāmāyaṇam II śrīsītārāmārppaṇam II śubham astu I śrisarasvetem nnamah II Then follow some Telugu verses, ending on f. 57 with: śrimate Rāmānujāya namah 11 Then follow the Telugu numerical signs from 1 to 20.

- 2. Ff. 58-62<sup>v</sup> contain a list of numerals in some (Telugu?) dialect, and in figures, beginning: yākaya-kaṃyakka 111 yākabiyyaṃbeṃnna 122 yākatiyyaṃtiṃna 133 l&c., and ending: dāhanavveṃnavavvati 10990 dāhadādaṃśataṃ 1010100 l
- 3. Ff. 63, 64 contain the names of the years of the sixty-year cycle of Jupiter (Bṛhaspatisaṃvatsaracakra): prabhava | vibhava | śukla | &c. F. 64° contains the names of the week-days or vāras, viz.: ādivāraṃ | somavāraṃ | maṃggaļvāraṃ | budhuvāraṃ | bṛhaspativāraṃ | śukravāraṃ | sanivāraṃ |
- 4. Ff. 65-115, the Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Amarasimha, vargas 1-4 of kāṇḍa 1, and beginning of kāṇḍa 2 (2, i, 1-15). It begins: śubham astu śrīsarasvatem nnamaḥ 1 Amaśiṃhvaṃ 1 yasya jñānadayāśiṃddo 1 ragādhasyaṃnnakhā guṇāḥ 1 sevyatām akṣayo dhirā 1 ssa śriyai camṛtāya ca 1 samāhṛtyānyataṃtrāṇi 1 saṃkṣiptaiḥ pratisaṃskṛtaiḥ 1 saṃpūrnnam utacyate varggai 1 rnnāmaliṃggānuśāsanaṃ 1 &c.

The svargavarga and vyomavarga end on f. 90°, the digvarga on f. 102°, and the kālavarga on f. 111: cittaṃ ttu ceto hṛdayaṃ svāṃttaṃ hṛnmānasaṃ nnanah 11 iti kālavarggaḥ 11 11 śrīsītārāmaṃ nivādhapadaṃ s bhute gatih 11 Ff. 112—115 contain 2, i, 1—15.

The rest of the MS., ff. 116-190, is in Telugu.

? Given by Alexander Browne, Aug. 10, 1698.

Kept in cloth box.

Size of box:  $6\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $5\frac{1}{2} \times 1$  in. Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string going through one hole.

No. of leaves: ii + 192. (From four to six lines on a page.)

Date: appearance quite modern.

Character: Telugu.

## 1097 (1-7)—MS. Sansk. e. 54

Bālarāmāyaṇa, Uttararāmacarita, Mādhavānalakāmakandalākathā, Nalacampū, &c., 17th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. F. v, a fragment of Paṇḍit Madhusūdana's Janmapatrī, beginning: oṃ śrīsūryādibhyo gaganacarebhyo namo namaḥ om ity antar nadati niyataṃ yaḥ i &c. Line 16: Madhusūdanapaṇḍitasya janmapatrīyaṃ śubhe bhavatu i The leaf is  $21\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in., written on paper in Devanāgarī.
- 2. Ff. 1-206 (=ff. 10-112, 114-216 original foliation), the Bālarāmāyaṇa, a drama in ten acts, by Rājaśekhara. About one half of the first act (nine leaves at the beginning) is missing. F. I (=f. 10 orig. fol.) begins: Janakah II yan mīmāmsayatah śru . . . . brahmaņo viśvāmitramahāsunara . . . . The first act ends on f. 8v. In the sixth act, after f. 103, there is a lacuna, beginning after verse 50 and extending to verse 55. It ends: iti śrīmahākavirājaśekharaviracite Bālarāmāyaņe Rāghavābhyudayo nāma dasamo 'nkaḥ 🛚 yo jyāyaḥ kavirājasabdam avahat kṛtsne 'pi bhūmaņdale srotasvinya ivāsvadhīnadhigatā yasyojjvalāķ kīrtayah I tasyeyam bhuvi Rājašekharakaveh kalāmṛtodgāriņī kalpāntam kavirājapankajavane hamsīyatām Bhāratī II II samāptam cedam Bālarāmāyaṇākhyaṃ nāţakam II
- 3. Ff. 206V-267 (=ff. 216V-277 original foliation), the Uttararāmacarita, a drama in seven acts, by Bhavabhūti, with numerous glosses both in the margins and between the lines. It begins: om svasti II śriganeśāya namaḥ II II śreyo 'stu om idam kavibhyaḥ pūrvebhyo namo vaḥkam śāsmahe (with a gloss: pra...?) vandema hi satām vācam asya tām ātmanaḥ kalām II tends: śabdabrahmavidaḥ kaveḥ pariṇataprajñasya vānīm api II II iti parikramya niṣkrāntāḥ sarve II II ity Uttararāmacarite mahānāṭake saptamo 'nkaḥ samāptaḥ II samāptam cottararāmacaritābhidham mahānāṭakam II kṛtir iyam mahākaver Lakṣmaṇakāśyapasya Bhavabhūter iti śubham II...

- 4. Ff. 267\(\nabla\_-283\(\nabla\_1\) (= ff. 277\(\nabla\_-293\(\nabla\_1\)), the Mādhavānalakāmakandalākathā, a love story. It begins: om svasti 11 namo Gaņeśāya 11 praņaumi parayā bhaktyā haṃsayānāṃ Sarasvatīm 1 yasyāḥ prasādam āsādya kariṣyāmi kathām imāṃ 11 asti saṃsāratilakabhūtā Puṣpāvatī nāma nagarī 11 It ends: ratnākaraḥ kiṃ kurute padārthair Vindhyācalaḥ kiṃ karibhiḥ karoti 1 śrīkhaṇḍakhaṇḍair Malayācalo vā paropakārāya satāṃ vibhūtiḥ 11 iti Mādhavānalakāmakandalākathā samāptā 11
- 5. Ff. 283<sup>v</sup>-405 (= ff. 293<sup>v</sup>-330, 313-390, 393-399) original foliation), the Nalacampū (or Damayantīkathā), in seven ucehvāsas, or ullāsas, by Trivikrama Bhatta. It begins: om jayati girisutāyāh 1 &c. Between ff. 398 and 399 two leaves are missing: the lacuna extends from p. 262, l. 2 (īṣadviṣādavilakṣasmita) to p. 265, l. 9 (kanda iva nirgato niśā°) in the Nirnaya Sāgara Press edition by Durgaprasāda, &c., Bombay, 1885 (śake 1807). It ends: iti vivicara cakṣuṣo mṛgākṣī rajanir iyam ca na yāti naiti nidrā 1 praharati madano 'pi duḥkhitānām bata bahuśobhimukhībhavanty apāyāḥ 11 11 iti śrītrivikramabhatṭaviracitāyām Nalacampvām saptama ucehvāsaḥ samāptaḥ 11 11
- 6. Ff. 405<sup>v</sup>-406<sup>v</sup>, the S'ivarātrinirṇaya (?), a fragment (?). It begins: om atha śivarātrinirṇayam trayodaśyas tage (?) marye (?) catasṛṣv eva rātriṣu i &c.
- 7. F. 407 seems to be a fragment of some (lexicographical or grammatical) treatise on prepositions and particles. It begins: adhih samuccaye prasne tathā pakṣāntare 'pi ca punah sahārthayoh śaśvatsākṣāt pratyakṣatulyayoḥ || 2 || It ends: vārtā (?) sambādhyayoḥ kila || 2 || The fragment is modern, and written on paper.

With the exception of 1, 6, and 7, the whole of the MS. is written by one hand,

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 100, 95, 112, 64). Memorandum on f. 1: 'K 15-18.'

Size:  $7\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Birch bark (except ff. v and 407, which are on paper).

No. of leaves: v + 407 + ii blank.

Date: it is not clear whether sam. 63 on f. 4067, l. 11, is meant for the date of the MS. If so, it would be A.D. 1687, a very likely date for this MS., though it may belong to the earlier part of the 17th century.

Character: Sāradā (except f. v, which is Devanāgarī). Injuries: the MS. has suffered much; seriously damaged are ff. v, 1-26, 37-73, 214, 233, 264, 406; slightly damaged are ff. 29-36, 74-104, 174, 175, 196.

#### 18. DICTIONARIES

#### 1098—MS. Sansk. d. 117

## Amarasimha's Nāmalingānusāsana, A.D. 1512?

Contents: the Nāmaliṅgānuśāsana, by Amarasiṃha. Kāṇḍa I and the first verse of kāṇḍa 2 have been added by a more recent hand on ff. I-22 which supply the lacuna caused by the loss of ff. I-38 of the original MS. Ff. 22<sup>v</sup>-32 (2, i, 5 to 2, iv, Io3)¹ and f. 36 (2, iv, I45-158) have been added by a still more recent scribe, who only saw that some folios were missing without noticing that f. 39 joined on to f. 22. F. 40 has been supplied by a modern hand, different from the two hands already mentioned. It begins: 11 60 11 svasti śrīgaṇeśāya nama 11 yasya jñānadayāsiṃdhor agādhasya anaghā guṇā 1 &c. Kāṇḍa I ends on f. 22: ity Amarasiṃhakṛtau Nāmaliṃgānuśāsane svarādikāṇḍaprathamaḥ sāṇga eva sarthitaḥ 11 Kāṇḍa 2 ends on f. 126. Kāṇḍa 3 ends on f. 184<sup>v</sup>. The colophon is effaced and scarcely legible.

There are numerous marginal notes by various hands.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 158). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+184+ii blank.

Date: though the date is much effaced, the words sanvat 1568 (= A. D. 1512) seem to be discernible, though it is not impossible to read 1668.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 181<sup>v</sup> and 182<sup>v</sup> are slightly, and f. 184<sup>v</sup> is much, defaced.

#### 1099—MS. Sansk. e. 60

#### Amarasimha's Nāmalingānuśāsana, 16th cent. P

Contents: the Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Amarasimha, a fragment comprising 1, vi, 20 to 3, v, 40, with numerous glosses between the lines and in the margins. Kāṇḍa 1 ends on f. 32<sup>v</sup>: kṛtāv Amarasimhasya Nāmalingānuśāsane svarādiḥ prathamaḥ kāṇḍas saṅga eva samarthitaḥ 11 ity ācāryāmarasimhakṛtau Nāmalingānuśāsanam svarādikāṇḍaḥ prathamaḥ 11 Kāṇḍa 2 ends on f. 120<sup>v</sup>. End of the fragment: aucityam aucitī maitryam maitrī vuñ prāg udāhṛtāḥ 11 ṣaṣṭhya 1

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 156). Memorandum on f. 21: 'K 41.'

Size:  $6\frac{1}{3} \times 8\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Birch bark.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In quoting from the Amarakośa, in describing this and the following MSS., Chintamani Shastri Thatte's ed. (Bombay, 1882) is followed.

No. of leaves: ii + 181.

Date: probably 16th century, if not older.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: seriously damaged are ff. 32, 33, 44, 87, 146, 166-176; and of ff. 177, 178 only small fragments are left.

#### 1100-MS. Sansk. d. 118

#### Amarasimha's Nāmalingānusāsana (2 and 3), A. D. 1833.

Contents: the Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Amarasimha, kāṇḍas 2 (ff. 152) and 3 (ff. 60), with numerous glosses written between the lines in red ink. Kāṇḍa 2 begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II II śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ II II śrīsam vaṃde II II vargāḥ pṛthvīpuraḥkṣmābhṛdvanauṣadhimṛgādibhiḥ II &c. Kāṇḍa 3 ends (f. 59): iti liṃgasaṃgrahavargaḥ II 5 II ity Amarasiṃhakṛtau Nāmaliṃgānuśāsane sāmānyakāṃḍas tṛtīyaḥ sāṃga eva samarthitaḥ II II There is an ornament on the last page, and a rough drawing of Gaṇeśa on the first page of kāṇḍa 3.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 159). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii): 'Nasik, no. 2.'

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 152 + 61.

Date: samvat 1889 (= A. D. 1833).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1101-MS. Sansk. d. 119

# Kṣīrasvāmin's Commentary on the Amarakośa, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Amarakośodghātana, a commentary on Amarasimha's Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Kṣīrasvāmin, a fragment of kända 1 only. It begins: 11 05 11 o nama śriganeśāya i diśyāchivāni śivevayos tilakāyamānagorocanārucilalāļavilocanam vaķ i anyonyagādhaparirambhanipidanena pimdibhavan bahir iva sphuțito 'nurāgah II I II adyāpy abhinnamudro yo 'rthārthibhir amakośa eva budhah II uddvacyate yathecham I grhnidhvam nāmaratnāni 11211 prakrtipratyayā vākyair vyastasamastai niruktanimadābhyām \ iti sabdāghaih pārthibhir nāmnām pārāyaņam kuru 11311...jātā visvasrjā krameņa munibhih samskāram āpāditāh i sabdāh samvasanād asādhubhir apatrastā stha bho bhrātarah u vāgdevyā kṛtamādakaśaraṇā mātrā yato 'smān mayā nyāyye vartmani varttamānāya bhavatā şad vrttayah kalpitāh 11811 yasya jñāna° &c. . . . yasya bhagavato jñānadayayor bodhakaruṇayoh siṃdhoh samudrasyeva gambhīrasyāgādhasya 1 &c. Ff. 34 (= 1, iv, 23-28) and 37, 38 (= 1, v, 7-16) are missing. On f. 42, l. 2, after the explanation of āmreditam dvis trīr uktam (1, vi, 12), there follows the explanation of sūnrtam priye (1, vi, 19), but f. 43 (again foliated as 42 in the original foliation) contains the missing passage 1, vi, 12-19, written by the same hand. It breaks off at the end of the commentary on 1, vii, 33: gharmmo nidāghah sveda syāt 11 jaghartty anenāmgamdharvā 1 nidahyatenena nidāghah 11 nyamkvādi 11 cha 11 pralayo naṣṭaceṣṭatā pralīyate kriyātra pralayah 11 sātviko bhāvah 1 mūrchety arthah 11 yad āhuh 11 stambhe 'pi cetanatvam ata eva 11 sahasaiva nipatanam bhuvi bhavati bhūtaśaithilyāt 11 cha 11 ava 1

See on this commentary, Aufrecht, Z. D. M. G., XXVIII, 103 sq.; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 45; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 270. Mitra, Notices, no. 861, II, 266 sq., though described as Rāyamukuṭa's commentary, is, according to the introductory verses, also Kṣīrasvāmin's. An edition of Kṣīrasvāmin's commentary was begun by Anundoram Borooah (Amarasinha's Namalinganushasana, with the commentaries of Xirasvami and Raya Mukuta Vrhaspati, ed. by A. B., London, 1887, 1888), but was not finished.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 160). Size:  $11\frac{5}{9} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 52.

Date: probably the end of the 17th or beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 34, 37, 38 are missing.

#### 1102-MS. Sansk. c. 68

#### Bhānujīdīkṣita's Commentary on the Amarakośa, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Vyākhyāsudhā or Subodhinī, a commentary on Amarasimha's Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Bhānujī Dīkṣita, or Bhānudīkṣita, a fragment of (Neither the title nor the author's name is to be found in the MS. But see Bodl. catal., pp. 182 sq.; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 46; and Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 274.) It begins: 11 śriganeśabhāratībhyām namaḥ \\ vargāḥ pṛthvīpurakṣmābhṛdvanauşadhimrgādibhih i nrvrahmakşatraviţśūdraih sāmgopāgair ihoditāķ II II iha dvitīyakāmde vargā uktā vaditum āradhvā 🗤 ādikarmaņi ktaķ karttari vā 🛊 kīdṛśāķ sāmgopāgai purādibhir upalaksitāh i tatrāmgāni mṛdādīni i upāmgāni vilādīni āpaņādīni vipanyādīni i &c. There is a lacuna after f. 56<sup>v</sup> (atra trutitapatram ekam), 2, iv,  $61^{b}-63$  being lost, and f. 86 (= 2, iv, 109, 110) is missing. The vanausadhivarga ends on f. 121, the simhādivarga on f. 151. The MS. breaks off in the middle of 2, ix, 88 (in the explanation of kārṣāpaṇa).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 161).

Size:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 302 (f. 86 is lost). Date: probably about A. D. 1700.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1103-MS. Sansk. c. 69

#### Bhānujīdīkṣita's Commentary on the Amarakośa, A. D. 1793.

Contents: the Vyākhyāsudhā, a commentary on Amarasiṃha's Nāmalingānuśāsana, by Bhānujīdīkṣita, the son of Bhaṭṭojīdīkṣita, kāṇḍa i only. It begins: II śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II vallavīvallabhan natvā giraṃ Bhaṭṭojidīkṣitaṃ II Āmare vidadhe vyākhyāṃ munitroyamatānugāṃ II III prāripsitaṃ pratyūhāya nuttaye kṛtaṃ maṃgalaṃ śiṣyaśikṣārtham ādau nivavaṃdha II śrī II yasya jñānao I &c. The text is distinguished from the commentary by being written in red ink, as far as f. 55. It ends: iti śrīvaghelavaṃśodbhavaśrīmahīdharabiṣayādhipaśrīkīrttisiṃhadevājānyā śrībhaṭṭojīdīkṣitātmajaśrībhānujīdīkṣitaśrīviracitāyām Āmaraṭīkāyāṃ Vyākhyāsudhākhyāyāṃ prathamakāṃḍaḥ saṃpūrṇatām agāt I

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 162). Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 69.

Date: samvat 1849 (= A. D. 1793) māha vadi 13.

Scribe: Paṇḍit Bhaṣatarāma, who gives the following account of himself: paṇḍitottamapaṇḍitajīśrīśrīśrīśrīśrīśrī 108 śrī coṣacaṇḍaji tatśiṣyapaṇḍitajīśrīnāniyadāsajī tatśiṣyapaṇḍitabhaṣatarāma svapaṭhanārthaṇ lipikṛtaṇḥ 11

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1104—MS. Sansk. d. 120

#### Bhānujīdīkṣita's Commentary on the Amarakośa, 18th cent.?

Contents: a fragment of kāṇḍa 1 of the Vyākhyāsudhā, Bhānujīdīkṣita's commentary on Amarasiṃha's Nāmaliṅgānuśāsana. It begins: 11 śrīrāmāya namaḥ 11 vallavīvallabhan natvā 1 &c., like MS. Sansk. c. 69 (1103). The fragment contains the text (which is kept distinct from the commentary) and the commentary on Amarakośa 1, i, 1-27 (verses 23-27 corresponding

to 24-28 in the edition, the verse jalasayī, &c., being omitted).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 163).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 11 + xxvi blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1105-MS. Sansk. d. 116

#### Dhanamjaya's Nāmamālā, A.D. 1646.

Contents: the Nighantusamaya or Nāmamālā, by Dhanamjaya, in two parts. (See on the different titles of this glossary, Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 266, s. v. Dhanamjaya.) It begins: 11 om namah siddhebhyah II tan namāmi param jyotir avānmanasagocaram i unmūlayaty avidyām yad vidyām unmīlayaty api 11 1 11 yugmanāma 11 dvayam dvitayam ubhayam yamalam yugalam yugam yugmam dvamdvam yamam dvaitam pādayopānujainayoh 11 2 11 pūtkurvamti Dhanamjayasya ca bhiyā śabdāḥ samutpīditāh 11 204 11 11 iti śrīdhanamjayakrtau Nirghamtasamaye sabdasamkinaprarupanam nāma prathamah parichedah 11 cha 11 Pariccheda 2 begins (f. 16v): gambhīram ruciram citram i vistīrņņārthaprasādhakam i śabdam manāk pravakṣāṇi kavīnām hitakāmyayā 11 1 11 It ends: arhadādīn api prāhu saraņottamamamgalāt 1146 11 cha 11 11 iti anekārthe dvitīyah parichedah samāptaḥ II cha II II śrīr astu II

See MS. Sansk. d. 109 (2) [1111].

There are many marginal glosses on ff. 1 and 2, and a few on ff. 11<sup>v</sup> and 12.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 154). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 19 + xxii blank.

Date: samvata 1702 (= A. D. 1646) varse jyestaśudi 3 ravau ilaprākāre śrīsambhavanāthacaityālaye!

Scribe: Brahmalālajīṣṇu, who gives the following account of himself: śrīmūlaseṃghe Sarasvatigache śrībalātkārarāṇe śrīkuṃdakuṃdācāryānvaye bhaṭṭārakaśrīsakalakīrttitadanvaye bhaṭṭārakaśrīrāmakīrttitatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrīpadmanaṃdīdevā tatgurubhrātā muniśrīdevakīrttitatsīṣya ācāryaśrīkalyāṃṇakīrttitatsīṣyavrahmalālajīṣṇunā svahastena likhitaṃ II He adds: II vadvatāṃ jinaśāsanaṃ II II śrīkalyāṃṇarastu II II śrī II II frī II The last line, paṃditavacharājapaṭhanārthaṃ II seems to be added by a later hand.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the marginal note on f. 2 is damaged.

## 1106 (1, 2)-MS. Sansk. d. 124

#### Maheśvara's S'abdabhedaprakāśa, 18th cent.?

Contents:

1. The S'abdabhedanirdeśa, i.e. nirdeśa 1 of the Sabdabhedaprakāśa, by Maheśvara (ff. 1-4). It begins: 11 śrīgurugaṇapatiśāradābhyo namaḥ 11 prabodham ādhātum aśābdikānām kṛpām upetyāpi satām kavīnām 11 kṛto mayā rūpam avāyya Sabdabhedaprakāśo 'khilavākyabodhaiḥ 11 11 It contains 133 ślokas, and ends: tathā hy apaśyad adrākṣīd ity atrārthe kriyāpadam 11 ayaḥ payas tanūkurvad ity anyatra padadvayam 11 133 11 11 iti Sabdabhedanirdeśaḥ 11

See on this glossary, Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 633, Bodl. catal., pp. 188 sq., and especially Weber, Catal., II, 262 sq. A shorter recension of this work (57 ślokas) is the first Dvirūpakośa in the Dvādaśakośasamgraha (Benares, 1865). Another edition in Anundoram Borooah's Comprehensive Grammar of the Sanskrit Language, vol. III, pt. i, pp. 486-520 (see Preface, pp. 48 ff.).

2. A corrected copy of a part of the above MS., made by Dr. Hultzsch (ff. 5-8), containing ślokas 1-53<sup>a</sup> and 59-66<sup>a</sup>. The variants are given in the margin.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 167).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 8 + xxvi blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1107-MS. Sansk. d. 112

#### Hemacandra's Abhidhānacintāmaņi, A.D. 1604.

Contents: the Abhidhanacintamani, in six kandas, by Hemacandra. It begins: om namah siddham 11 pranipatyā 'rhatah siddha | sāmgašabdānušāsanah | rūdhayaugikamiśrāṇām I nāmnām mālām tanomy aham II I II vyutpattirahitā (h, sec. m.) śabdā rūdhā ākhamdalādayah vyogo 'nvayah sa tu gunakriyasambamdhasambhava (h, sec. m.) 11 2 11 Kānda I ends on f. 4v; 2, on f. 15<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 41<sup>v</sup>; 4 and 5, on f. 59<sup>v</sup>; 6, on f. 67. It ends: virodhoktināma 11 nanu ca syād virodhoktau pakṣāmtaranāma 11 pakṣāmtare tu ced yadi mamdanāma II sanair mamde avaranāma 'vare tva 'rvāg roşoktināma 11 roşoktāv um namaskāranāma 11 natau namah (nammamah, pr. m.) 11 78 11 ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracitāyām Abhidhānacimtāmaņau nāmamālāyam samanyakamdah sasthah II sampurnnah II

There are many marginal glosses, and numerous corrections with yellow pigment in the text.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 148). Size:  $10^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 5^{\frac{1}{2}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 67 + 1 blank.

Date: samvat 1660 (= A. D. 1604) varşe uttarāyanagate śrīsūrye laukīka phālugnamāse śuklapakṣe dvitīyāyām tithau bhūmavāsare i

Scribe: Leśa Rbhīmavijaya, who says of himself: śrīstambhatīrthe Tapāgachādhirājagachanāyakapuramdaraśrīśrīśrīśrīśrīśrīśrīdevaratnasūrīdrānām śisyagachādhirājaśrīśrīśrīśrīśrīśrījayaratnasūrīsvaravijayarājye tatsisyaleśarbhīmavijayena lipīkṛtam abhidhānapustakam rośrībhāṇavijayapaṭhanārtham svaparopakārāya 11

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1108 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 113

#### Hemacandra's Abhidhānacintāmaṇiṭīkā, 16th or 17th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. A fragment of six lines (f. iii), being the end of a Prākrit work called Ratnacūdacaṭhapahī. It begins: caudahapūraha ikhāraha aṃga i and ends: caṃda sūrajaṃ i nirmmalatapaï i ratnacūda taŭ carita esāra i śrī saṃgha nadra (?) jayarakāra ii 40 ii iti śrīratnacūdacaṭhapahī ii samāptaḥ ii śrīkalyāṇa ii
- 2. The Abhidhānacintāmaņināmamālāṭīkā, being a commentary on his own Abhidhanacintamani, by Hemacandra. It begins: 11 om namah śrijināyah 11 arham 11 dharmmatīrthakṛtām vācam natvā tattvābhidhāyinam 11 svopajnanāmamālāyā vivrtim vidadhāmy aham 11111 śreyo 'rtham ayam ārambhah kim tatrā . . . vikachanaih i parātmanimdāstotre hi nādriyamte manīşinah 11 2 11 prāmānyam Vāsuker Vyāder vyutpattir Kanda I ends on f. 16v: ity ddhanapālatah 1 &c. ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracitāyām svopajñābhidhānacimtāmaņināmamālāţīkāyām devādhidevakāmdah prathamah chah i gramthagra 550 chah i Kanda 2 ends on f. 70<sup>v</sup> (gramthägra 1900); 3, on f. 172<sup>v</sup> (gramthägra 3708); 4, on f. 247<sup>v</sup> (gramthagra 2630); 5, on f. 248<sup>v</sup> (gramthagra 37).

The MS. is very imperfect, the following leaves being lost, according to the edition of the Abhidhānacintāmaņi by O. Boehtlingk and Charles Rieu (St. Petersburg, 1847):

In kāṇḍa 2: ff. 25-32 = verses 112-155; 36 = 167-171; 38 = 175-180; 51 = 222-225; 56 = 245-248; 59 = 261-267; 61 = 276-281; 63-65 = 286-303.

In kāṇḍa 3: ff. 92-93 = verses 460-471; 117 = 606-611; 141 = 747-753.

In kāṇḍa 4: ff. 185 = verses 1006-1012; 187 = 1017-1022; 189-190 = 1028-1038; 194 = 1056-1063; 201 = 1092-1096.

It breaks off (f. 279°) in the commentary on the last words of kāṇḍa 6: natau namah 11 namanam namah 1 asi tyas 1 &c., the last words being: avyayanām anamtatvāt 1 digmātram iha daršitam 1 yadāhuh 1 As a comparison of MS. Wilson 404 (see Bodl. catal., p. 185) shows, only one leaf, containing one more śloka and the colophon, is missing at the end. Written in the usual Jaina style.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 149). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 281 (for omissions, see above).

Date: probably end of the 16th, or beginning of the 17th century.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 33 and 126 are more seriously, ff. iii, 1, 14, 24, 62 (soiled), 113 are slightly, damaged. Ff. 198-204, 212-216, 273, &c., are partly illegible owing to the separation of leaves which had stuck together.

#### 1109 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 110

Hemacandra's Abhidhānacintāmaņi and S'eṣasaṃgrahasāroddhāra, A. D. 1564.

Contents:

1. The Abhidhānacintāmaņi in six kāṇḍas, by Hemacandra. It begins: arham praṇipatyā 'rhataḥ siddha —— (damaged) mnām mālām tanomy aham II II vyutpattirahitāḥ śabdā rūḍhā ākhamḍalādayaḥ II yogo 'nvayaḥ sa tu guṇṇakriyā sa ... bhavaḥ II 2 II Kāṇḍa I ends on f. 3<sup>V</sup>; 2, on f. 10<sup>V</sup>; 3, on f. 24<sup>V</sup>; 4 and 5, on f. 35<sup>V</sup>; 6, on f. 39<sup>V</sup>. It ends: roṣoktāv uṃnatau namaḥ II 178 II ity ācāryaśrīhemacaṃdraviracitāyāṃm Abhidhānaciṃtāmaṇau nāmamālāyāṃ sāmānyakāṃḍaṣaṣṭaḥ samāptaḥ II cha II II śriye 'stu II

There are numerous marginal glosses by a second hand.

2. The S'esasamgrahasāroddhāra, a supplement to the preceding work, by Hemacandra (ff. 39<sup>V</sup>-44). It begins: pranipatyārhatah siddhasāmga śabdānuśāsanah i śeṣākhyanāmamālāyā nāmāni pratanomy aham ii ii nirvāņe syāc chītībhāvah i &c., like MS. no. 1701 in Weber, Catal., II, 258. It ends: prayojanavaśād ete i nipātyamte padepade ii 10 ii ty ācāryaśrīhemacamdra° seṣasamgrahasāroddhārah ii cha ii

Both 1 and 2 are written in the usual Jaina style.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 146).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 45.

Date: samvatu 1620 (= A.D. 1564) varse caitrasudi 4 sanivāsvare likhitā ||

Written at Sārangapur, in the Mālava country in the kingdom of Akbar. F. 44<sup>V</sup>: (one or two akṣaras lost) Hemavijayapathanārtham śriye 'stu śrīr astu māmgalyam bhavatu ciramm idam pustam nadatu II II śrīsāramgapuranagaramadhye likhitā Mālavadeśasuratāṇaakkabararājye II

Character: Jaina Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1 and 2 are seriously damaged.

#### 1110 (1, 2)-MS. Sansk. d. 111

Amara's Ekākṣaranāmamālā and Hemacandra's S'eṣasaṃgrahasāroddhāra, A.D. 1397.

Contents:

- 1. The Ekākṣaranāmamālā, by Amara (f. 1). It begins: viśvābhidhānakośāni pravilokya prabhāṣyate 1 Amareṇa kavīṃdreṇaikākṣaranāmamālikā 11 11 11 aḥ Kṛṣṇa āḥ svayaṃbhūr iḥ Kāma īḥ śrīr ur īśvaraḥ 1 ū rakṣaṇam ṛṛ jñeye devadānavamātarau 11 211 It ends: sā Lakṣmyāṃ ho nipāte ca haste dāruṇi śūlini 1 kṣaḥ kṣetre rakṣasīty uktā mālā prāk sūrisammatā 1 nāmnām ekārthanānārthekākṣarāṇām iyaṃ mayā 11 20 11 ity Ekākṣaranāmamālā samāptā 11 cha 11
- 2. The S'eşasamgrahasāroddhāra, a supplement to Hemacandra's Abhidhānacintāmaņi (ff. 1-4"). It begins: pranipatyārhatah 1 &c., see above, MS. Sansk. d. 110(2) [1109]. It ends: nipātyamte padepade 111011 ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracitāyām Abhidhānacimtāmaņau nāmamālāyām Sesasamgrahasāroddhārah samāptah 11 cha 11 atha gramthāgram 11 204 11 cha 1

Both 1 and 2 are written in the usual Jaina style.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 151, 147).

Size:  $10\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 4 + xxx blank.

Date: samvat 1453 (= A. D. 1397) varse jyestavadi trtīyām Siddhapure likhitā i

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī, very small and neat.

#### 1111 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 109

Hemacandra's Anekārthasaṃgraha with an Avacūri, and Dhanaṃjaya's Nāmamālā, 18th cent.?

Contents:

1. The Anekārthasamgraha in six kāṇḍas, followed by the Anekārthaśeṣa, by Hemacandra, with an

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Avacuri. There are from seven to nine lines of text on each page, surrounded by about as many lines of commentary. The text begins: arham 11 dhyātvārhatah 1 &c. In verse 2 the MS. reads: akārādikramośadaukākādi (okrame dau kakārādi, sec. m.) kramo intataļ I In verse 5<sup>b</sup>: kam śirsepsu sukhe iti kāntāh kham svah samvidi vyomani priye (kham samvidi vyomanīdriye, sec. m.). No important variations from Prof. Zachariae's excellent ed. (Vienna, 1893) occur in kāṇḍa 1 (ending on f. 2). Kāṇḍa 2 ends on f. 34<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 79; 4, on f. 98; 5, on f. 100; 6, on f.  $100^{\circ}$ ; and the Anekārthaśeşa, on f. 103v. End of the text: ity ācāryaśrīhemacaṃdraviracite 'nekārthasaṃgrahe 'nekārthaśeşah samāptah 11 7 11 The Avacūri begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i kṛta ekārthasabdasaṃdohasya nāmamālāyāḥ samgraho yena anenaikārthānekārthasabdakosayor ekakartrivam ukiam eka(h, sec. m.) svaro yeşām te ekasvarā(h, sec. m.) šabdās tatpratipādakam kāmdam apy ekasvaram tadādir yasyāḥ şaţkāmdyāḥ vyamjanasya vahutve 'pi svarasyaiva prādhānyāt saptamāvyayakāmdasya tu şaţkāṃdyā eva seşabhūtatvāt anekārthā arthāc chabdās tesām samgraha ekatra samuccayah tam 1111 F.2: iti prathamakāmda vacūri I F. 79: ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracite 'nekārthasamgrahatrisvarakādāvacūri 1 End of the Avacuri (f. 102<sup>v</sup>, after VII, 28): prā<sup>o</sup> parāvṛttam sainyamo gao putram parāśum anutiraskāre parair aparyā° hi° parāsanam yuktāni samvaddhāni teşām arthā yuktapadārthās tata ye pakşiņah prathamam amvunidham gatās te yepīmdrapāņi nulitāyudhalūnapakşāḥ ityādyūdāharaṇāni gramthāmtareşu hyāniḥ II śrī 11 śrī 11 śrī 11

There are some marginal notes in a small hand on ff. 1-15; also many corrections in the text with yellow pigment, especially in the first half of the book.

2. Ff. 103<sup>v</sup>-104<sup>v</sup>, the Nāmamālā, by Dhanamjaya, pariccheda 2. It begins: Dhanamjayaracitanāmamālāyā dvitīyaparicchedo lipigamyah kriyate praņamya śrīpār-śvam | gaṃbhīraṃ ruciraṃ yatra vistīrṇārthaprasādha-kaṃ śabdaṃ manāk pravakṣyāmi kavīnāṃ hitakāmya-yā || 1 || It ends: arhatsiddhāv iti dvāv apy arhatsiddhābhidhāyinau | arhadādīn api prāhuh śaraṇottama-maṃgalān || 46 || iti śrīdhanaṃjayakṛtau Nighaṃtusamaye śabdasaṃkīrṇṇasvarūpanirūpaṇo nāma dvitīyah paricchedah ||

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 145, 155).

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 107.

Date: probably about A. D. 1700-1750.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

## 1112—MS. Sansk. d. 123 Medinī, 19th cent.

Contents: the Medini, or the Anekārthakośa, by Medinikara (circa A.D. 1400). It begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namah śrīgurubhyo namah śrīsarasvatyai namah vṛṣāṃkāya namas tasmai yasya maulivilaṃbinī jaṭāveṣṭanajāṃ śobhāṃ vibhāvayati Jāhnavī 1111 pūrbācāryakṛtīr vīkṣya śabdaśāstraṃ nirūpya ca nānārthah śabdakośo 'yaṃ liṃgabhedena kathyate 11211 prāyaśo rūpabhedena 1 &c. It ends: he hai saṃvodhane hūtau hohauśabdas tathaitayoḥ ha trih ahahety adbhute khede parikleśaprakarṣayoḥ 119211 saṃvodhane 'pi cotāho paripraśnavicārayoḥ ity avyayānekārthavargaḥ Utpalinīśabdārnavasaṃsārāvarttanāmamālākhyān Bhāgurivararuciśāśvadvopālita-

ramtidevaharakoşān II II . . . . şaţśatagāthākoşapraṇaya-

navikhyātakauśalenāyam Medinikareņa koṣaḥ Prāṇaka-

rasūnunā racitah 11 6 11 iti Medinikarakrtānekārthakoşah

Marginal glosses and corrections on ff. 1-20.

samāptaķ subham bhavatu II II II II

Ed. by Somanātha Mukhopādhyāya, Calcutta, 1869, and Jīvānanda Vidyāsāgara, Calcutta, 1872. See also Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 288; Bendall, *Brit. Mus. catal.*, p. 169; Winternitz, *R. A. S. catal.*, pp. 289, 291.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 166).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 111.

Date: quite modern, perhaps A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1113-MS. Sansk. d. 115

#### Vararuci's Ekākşaranāmamālā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Ekākṣaranāmamālā, or Ekākṣaranighaṇṭu, by Vararuci. It begins: 11 om namaḥ 11 Gaṃgām Umām umaumāmaṃ saṃnamya vyāharāmy ahaṃ 11 kāvyakauśalasiddhyartham Ekākṣaranighuṭukaṃ 11 11 akāro Vāsudevaḥ syād ākāras tu pitāmahaḥ 11 ikāra ucyate Kāmo Lakṣmīr īkāra ucyate 11 2 11 It ends: hiḥ syād dheto vitarane tathā hir avadhāraṇe 11 hetuḥ saṃvodhane proktaḥ kṣaḥ kṣetre rākṣase 'pi ca 11 37 II iti vākrucaṃ proktaṃ yo vetty enaṃ nighaṃṭukaṃ 11 vāgarṇave yathākāmaṃ tasya svāṃtaṃ pravarttate 11 38 II iti śrīekākṣaranāmamālā vidvadvararucikṛtā samāptā 11

See MSS. Sansk. d. 91 (1132) and Sansk. d. 114 (1114).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 152).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 2 + xxvi blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1114-MS. Sansk. d. 114 Ekāksarakośa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Ekākṣarakośa, apparently a shorter recension of Vararuci's Ekākşaranāmamālā. It begins: n śriganeśaya namah kah Prajapatir uddistah ko bayur iti savditah kas cātmani samākhyātah kas sāmānya udāhrtah II II Sloka 24: hāteti hah prakathito ho vişkumbhah prakīrtitah kşaś ca kşatram kşavaś ca syāt kļo vakļasi ca kathyate 11 2411 Sloka 25: akāro Vāsudevaķ syād ākāras ca pitāmahaḥ ikāra ucyate Kāmo Lakṣmīr īkāra ucyate 112511 It ends: okāraś ca bhaved Vrahmā aukāro 'nanta ucyate añ ca syāt paramam vrahma as tathā parameśvaraķ 11 28 11 ity Ekākşarakośas samāptāķ 11 śrīrāmacandrāya namaḥ II śrīnṛsiṃhāya namaḥ II Ekākṣarakośa, lithographed in the Dvādaśakośānām Samgraha, Benares, 1865, consists of 38 slokas. also Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 296; the Bodl. catal., p. 189; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 171.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 150). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 3 + xxvi blank.

Date: about A.D. 1750-1800.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1115-MS. Sansk. d. 122

#### Mahīdāsa's Mātrkānighaņţu, A.D. 1825.

Contents: the Matrkanighantu, a glossary explaining the mystic meaning of the letters of the alphabet, by Mahīdāsa (generally called Mahīdhara). śrigaņeśāya namaķ i śrinrsimham gaņeśānam Bhāratīm īśvaraśivām natvā vakşye mātrikāyā nighamtam vālavuddhaye II II dhuvas tāras trivṛd vrahmavedādis tārako vyayah pranavaś ca trimatro 'pi omkaro jyotiradimah 112 II śrīkamihah keśavāmkamstho nivṛttiś ca svarādikah akāro mātrikāghas caivam vāta ity api kīrttitah 11311 It ends: bhūmiraso nabhaś caiva vyāptam dāhīraņam vum ca viyatsparšaš ca hrthamsam ilāgrāsāh kramāt smrtāh mātrkāvarņasamjñāstutām jñātvāto ddhon manūn gramthān anekān ālokya Mahīdāsena dhīmatā mātrkāksarasamjñeyam vaddhā svaparavuddhaye iti śrīmātṛkānighamtah! The lithographed edition of the work in the Dvādašakošānām Samgraha, Benares, 1865, differs considerably from this MS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 165).

Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+5+xxix blank.

Date: samvat 1881 (= A. D. 1825)!

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1116-MS. Sansk. e. 12

Sanskrit and Persian Dictionary, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: a Dictionary, Sanskrit and Persian. It begins with the following Sanskrit words explained in Persian: viśvam Viṣṇuh vaṣaṭakaraḥ bhūtabhavatprabhuḥ bhūtakṛt bhūtabhṛt bhāvo bhūtātmā bhūtabhāvanaḥ pūtātmā paramātmā muktānām paramā gatiḥ 1 &c. F. 36 ends with the Sanskrit words: rathāmgapāṇiḥ akṣobhyaḥ sarvapraharaṇāyudhaḥ 1

From f. 37 it follows the Amarakośa, giving the Sanskrit words in the order of the Amarakośa, with their explanations in Persian. It begins with: svah avyayam svarga nākah tridivam tridaśālayāh suraloko dyo divau triviṣṭapam amara nirjara devah tridaśa 1 &c. F. 56: iti svargavargah 1 F. 83°: iti kālavarga samāpta 1 F. 89: iti dhīvarga 1 F. 108°: iti nāṭyavarga 1 F. 126: iti pra[tha]makāmḍa samāpta 1 F. 203: iti auṣadhīvarga samāptam 1 F. 285: iti nrvargah 1 F. 456°: iti śūdravargah 1 The last words explained are: gṛha āroha vyūha ahi parivarha 1 See Amarakośa, 3, iii, 237 sq.

Bought in 1827. Note on f. 3<sup>v</sup>: 'Nº 83. Sanscrit Dictionary. Purchd. 1827.'

Former shelfmark: Caps. Or. C. 1.

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Persian style. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 652.

Date: apparently modern, end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Persian and Devanagari. Injuries: ff. 47-95 are badly injured.

#### 1117-MS. Sansk. d. 36

#### Chinese-Sanskrit Vocabulary, 19th cent.?

Contents: a Chinese-Sanskrit Vocabulary, in five volumes, described by Bunyiu Nanjio, Catal., p. 28 (no. 64).

Given in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller, to whom it was sent by Shuntai Ishikawa in the same year.

Kept in a folding cloth cover.

Size of folded cover:  $9\frac{8}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Size of MSS.:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: thin Japanese paper.

No. of leaves: vol. I = 61; II = 58; III = 42; IV = 61; V = 58.

Date: very doubtful, but probably of the 19th century.

Character: Chinese, and the Sanskrit in an alphabet similar to that of the Horiuzi palm-leaves.

Injuries: much damaged by insects.



## 19. GRAMMAR—PĀŅINĪYA

#### 1118-MS. Sansk. e. 16

Pāṇini's Aṣṭādhyāyī, A.D. 1780.

Contents: the Aṣṭādhyāyī, or eight books of grammatical aphorisms, by Pāṇini. It begins: 11 śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 11 yenākṣarasamāmnāyam adhigamya Maheśvarāt 11 kṛtsnaṃ vyākaraṇaṃ proktaṃ tasmai Pāṇinaye namaḥ 11 yena dhautā giraḥ puṃsāṃ vimaļaiḥ śabdavāribhiḥ 11 tamaś cājñānajaṃ bhinnaṃ tasmai Pāṇinaye namaḥ 11 11 a i uṇ 11 &c.

Adhyāya I ends on f. 12; 2, on f. 21; 3, on f. 41; 4, on f. 57; 5, on f. 72; 6, on f. 92<sup>v</sup>; 7, on f. 104<sup>v</sup>; 8, on f. 115<sup>v</sup>. Each pāda is again subdivided, e. g. adhyāya I, pādas I and 2 into 4 paragraphs, pāda 3 into 5, pāda 4 into 6.

It ends: a a iti 11411 raṣābhyām ubhau ṣṭunaudasthāṣṭau 11 11 ity aṣṭamādhyāyasya caturthaḥ pādaḥ 11

Marginal notes by a second hand on ff. 35, 60°, 77°.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 16.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 117.

Date: śake saº 1702 (= A. D. 1780) śarvarīnāmasaṃ-vatsare pauṣaśuddhatrayodaśyāṃ iṃduvāsare \

Scribe: Dājībhaṭṭa, son of Themṭe (ity Upaśarma-bhaṭṭa) Jayarāmabhaṭṭa, for whom see above p. 106.

Character: Devanāgarī,

#### 1119-MSS. Sansk. c. 19, 20

#### Patañjali's Mahābhāṣya with Kaiyaṭa's Commentary, A. D. 1767-1777.

Contents: the Vyākaraņa Mahābhāṣya, by Patañjali, with the Bhāṣyapradīpa, the commentary of Kaiyaṭa, or Kaiyyaṭa, the son of Jaiyaṭa, or Jaiyyaṭa. Two volumes, 19 containing adhyāyas 1-3, and 20 containing adhyāyas 4-8.

The text begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah yogena cittasya padena vācām malam śarīrasya ca vaidyakena yo'pākarot tam pravaram munīnām Patamjalim prāmjalir ānato'smi 11 11 atha śavdānuśāsanam 11

The commentary begins: śrīganeśāya namah om namo bhagavate vakratumdāya Pāṇinipatamjalikātyā-yanebhyo namah sarvākāram nirākāram viśvādhyakṣam atīmdriyam sadasadrūpatātītam adrśyam māyayā vṛtaih i . . . Mahābhāṣyārṇavāvārapārīṇam vivṛtiplavam yathā-gamam vidhāṣye 'ham Kaiyaṭo Jaiyaṭātmajah ii 5 ii

Adhyāya 1 (ff. 260): pāda 1 ends on f. 145; pāda 2, on f. 183; pāda 3, on f. 207°. Ff. 10, 11, and f. 76 (end of 1, i, 5) are missing. End of the adhyāya, text: *iti* 

śrīmadbhagavatpatamjaliviracite Vyākaraṇamahābhāṣye prathamasyādhyāyasya turīyapāde turyam āhnikam pādaś cadhyāyaś ca samāptah i Commentary: iti śrīmanmahopādhyāyajaiyaṭaputrakaiyaṭakṛte Bhāṣyapradīpe prathamasyādhyāyasya caturthe pāde caturthamāhnikam ii There are marginal notes and corrections by various hands in this adhyāya.

Adhyāya 2 (ff. 98): pāda I ends on f. 44<sup>v</sup>; pāda 2, on f. 70<sup>v</sup>; pāda 3, on f. 98. Ff. 82-98 are supplied by a modern hand, and pāda 4 is missing. End of the commentary: ity upādhyāyajaiyyaṭaputrakaiyyaṭakṛte Bhāṣyapradīpe dvitīyādhyāyadvitīye pāde tṛtīyam āhnikam samāptaś cāyam tṛtīyaḥ pādaḥ 11

Adhyāya 3 (ff. 140): pāda 1 ends on f. 72\*; pāda 2, on f. 103\*; pāda 3, on f. 122\*. End of the commentary: iti Kaiyyaţe tṛtīyasyādhyāyasya caturthe pāde prathamāhnikam 11

Adhyāya 4 (ff. 118): pāda 1 ends on f. 77\*; pāda 2, on f. 96\*; pāda 3, on f. 114. End of the commentary (f. 114\*): ity upādhyāyajayyaṭaputrakaiyaṭakṛte Bhā-ṣyapradīpe caturthasyādhyāyasya caturthe pāde prathamam āhnikam 11

Adhyāya 5 (ff. 103): pāda 1 ends on f. 40°; pāda 2, on f. 66; pāda 3, on f. 92°. End of the commentary: ity upādhyāyajayyaṭaputrakaiyyaṭakṛte Bhāṣyapradīpe pamcamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 5 11

Adhyāya 6 (ff. 138): pāda 1 ends on f. 54<sup>V</sup>; pāda 2, on f. 64<sup>V</sup>; pāda 3, on f. 92<sup>V</sup>. End of the commentary: ity upādhyāyajayyaṭaputrakayyaṭakṛte Bhāṣyapradīpe ṣaṣṭasyādhyāyasya caturthapāde caturtham āhnikaṃ 11 pādaś ca samāptaḥ 11 Marginal notes and corrections by various hands occur in this adhyāya on ff. 13-27 and 97-119.

Adhyāya 7 (ff. 101): pāda 1 ends on f. 35; pāda 2, on f. 67, pāda 3, on f. 87. End of the commentary: ity vpādhyāyajayyaṭaputraṃkaiyyaṭakṛte Mahābhāṣyapradīpe saptamādhyāyasya caturthe pāde prathapamāhnikaṃ pādaś ca caturthaḥ adhyāyaś ca samāptaḥ saptamo adhyāyaḥ 11 There are marginal notes and corrections by various hands in this adhyāya.

Adhyāya 8 (ff. 72): pāda I ends on f. 25; pāda 2, on f. 48; pāda 3, on f. 64. End of the text: ekaśeṣanirdeśād vā svarānunāsikabhinnānām bhagavataḥ
Pāṇineḥ siddham I ekaśeṣanirdeśād vā bhagavataḥ
Pāṇiner ācāryasya siddham I ekaśeṣa I nirdeśo 'yam I
a a iti II II iti śrīmadbhagavatpatamjaliviracite Vyākaraṇamahābhāṣye aṣṭamasyādhyāya caturthe pāde prathamam āhnikam pādaś ca caturthaḥ adhyāyaś cāṣṭamaḥ II śrīrāmacamdrāya namaḥ II śrīrāmāya namaḥ II śrīsivāya namaḥ II śrīvrahmāya namaḥ II End of the commentary: ity upādhyāyakaiyaṭaputrajaiyaṭakṛte śrīmadbhagavatpatamjaliviracite Vyākaraṇamahābhāṣyapradī-

pe 'şṭamasyādhyāyasya caturthe pāde prathamam āhnikam pādaś caturtho 'dhyāyas cāṣṭamaḥ samāptaḥ \

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 19 = i + 504; 20 = i + 533. The omissions are noted above.

Date: the following dates are given: (1) saṃvat 1823 (= A. D. 1767), at the end of adhyāya 1. (2) Colophon at the end of adhyāya 5: samāptaśrīsaṃvat 1 1832 (= A. D. 1776) 11 mītipuśaśudīś caturadaśīrojavṛpa (sya in marg.) tī 11 daśaṣatajailālakāsthasākīmūrudahā 11 (3) saṃmat 1832 phālgusū, at the end of adhyāya 6. (4) saṃbhavat 1833 (= A. D. 1777) sana 1183 sāla, at the end of adhyāya 7. (5) Colophon at the end of adhyāya 8: śrīsaṃvat 1833 mīti (mītī, sec. m.) aṣāḍha-śuklapakṣe sanīvāsare līḥ Jailālakāyasthasākīnahiṇma-nīpuṇyarīganāko laṣusavāsamurudahā 11

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1120-MS. Sansk. d. 96

#### Rāmacandra's Prakriyākaumudī, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Prakriyākaumudī, a grammar based on Pāņini's Aşţādhyāyī, by Rāmacandrācārya. begins: namah śrisarvajñāya II II śrimadvitthalam ānamya I Pāņinyādimunīn gurūn I Prakriyākaumudīm kurmmah I Pāṇinīyānusāriņīm III II a i un I &c. The strīpratyayaprakaraņa ends on f. 23. End of the subanta on f. 56; end of the akhyata (iti lakararthaprakriyā 11) on f. 89; end of the krdantaprakriyā on f. 104<sup>v</sup>; end of the vaidikaprakriyā on f. 106. It ends: lalitatarakarābhyām sādhu samvāhayamtī 11 3 11 iti śrīrāmacamdrācāryaviracitā Prakriyākaumudī samāptā 11 mīmāmsā yugalāksapādakaņabhuk proktajna sadvākyadā i durjneyasvanašāstrataptamanasām šabdādhike chāvatām 1 sabdādhāravisāryasādhuvacanadhvāmtābhi (?) nāśak şamā (tanyāchampururāmacamdrajanitā sā Prakriyākaumudī II I I See the Bodl. catal., p. 350b; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 164 sq.

Written in the usual Jaina style.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 129).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 11 + 106 + 11 blank.

Date: probably early 18th century, possibly older.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: many leaves were sticking together and have been injured by being separated, especially ff. 41-45, 65, 77, 103-106.

#### 1121-MS. Sansk. d. 97

Bhattoji Dīksita's Praudhamanoramā, A.D. 1669.

Contents: the Praudhamanoramā, a commentary on the author's Siddhāntakaumudī, by Bhattoji Dīkṣita, son of Lakṣmīdhara Sūri. The beginning (ff. 1-17) is missing. F. 18 begins: prāptā samjñā niṣidhyate iti tad api na i vigrahavākyam hi laukikam alaukikam vā vivakṣitam i nādyaḥ prakriyāvākyeyam niṣedhaḥ na tu laukika iti i &c. See Paṇḍit Rāma Sāstrin Mānavallī's edition, Benares, 1885, p. 117. Part i (ff. 97) ends: yathāyatham iti i na loketi ṣaṣṭhīniṣedhaḥ ii siddhāmtakaumudīvyākhyā seyam Praudhamanoramā i samāvtam tatra pūrvārddham tena tuśyatu Samkaraḥ ii i i iti śrībhaṭṭojidīkśitaviracitāyām Siddhāmtakaumudīvyākhyā-yām pūrvārddham samāptam ii śrīḥ i

Part ii (ff. 45) begins: śrīgaņeśatripurāśivebhyo namo 'stu II II graṃthamadhye kṛtuṃ maṃgalaṃ śiṣyaśikṣārtham upanivadhnāti II śrautreti I hāyanāṃtayuvādibhyo I &c. It ends: iti lakārārthaprakriyā II II iti śrībhaṭṭojidīkṣitaviracitāyāṃ Siddhāṃtakaumudīvyākhyāyāṃ Praudhamanoramāyāṃ tinaṃtakāṃḍaṃ samāptaṃ II śrī

Part iii (ff. 45 [really 46]) begins: svasti śrīgaņeśāya namo 'stu II II śrībhavānīśaṃkarāya namah II
II dhātoh I yady api dhātor ekāco halāder iti sūtrād
dhātor ity anuvarttata eva tathāpi I &c. It ends: iti
Siddhāṃtakaumudīvyākhyāyāṃ Praudhamanoramāyāṃ
kṛdaṃtaprakriyā samāptā II II graṃthāgraṃ 2461 I
sarvasaṃmīlane 10615 II śrīr astu I &c.

Part iv (ff. 15) begins: om namah śrītripurātripurāribhyām II utha vaidikaśabdeşu viśeşam āha II şaşthīyukta iti I vṛṣann iti II It ends: Siddhāmtakaumudīvyākhyā seyam Praudhamanoramā I Bhattojidīkṣitakṛtir bhūyād viśveśatuṣṭaye II 2 II iti śrīpadavākyapramāṇajñaśrīlakṣmīdharasūreḥ sūnunā Bhattojidīkṣitena viracitāyām Praudhamanoramāyām uttarārddham samāptim agāt II sarvasammīlane gramthāgramtha 12000 II

There are corrections and annotations by two different hands.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 132). Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 203 (ff. 1-17 missing) + ii blank. Date: saṃvat 1725 (= A. D. 1669) mārgaśiravadi caturthyām gurau!

Scribe: Chajja.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1122-MS. Sansk. d. 100

#### Nāgešabhaṭṭa's Laghuśabdenduśekhara, between A. D. 1810–1815?

Contents: a fragment of the Laghusabdendusekhara, a commentary on the Siddhantakaumudī, by Nageśa-It begins: śrigaņeśāya namah 11 Pātamjale Mahābhāşye kṛtabhūripariśramaḥ II Sivabhaṭṭasuto dhīmān Satīdevyās tu garbhajah II II . . . natvā phaņīśam Nāgešas tanute 'rthaprakāšakam 11 manoramomārdhadeham Laghusabdemdusekharam 11 3 11 F. 28 : iti paribhāṣāprakaraṇam 11 F. 54: iti halsamdhih 11 F. 56v: iti visargasamdhih II F. 61v: iti svādisamdhih II F. 111: ity ajamtā napumsakalimgāh 11 F. 169v: iti strīpratyayāh II F. 202: iti vibhaktyarthāh samarthah pavidhisabdah karmasādhanah 1 &c. It breaks off (f. 202<sup>v</sup>) with the words: sādhikaranyam drstvānumānād gamtamvyam prakrter api tat bhavatīti tatra kai. See the lithographed edition, Benares, 1883, obl. folio, f. 108, 1. 5. The whole of the work to the end of the vibhaktyarthah was published, with commentaries, at Benares in 1866. See also the Bodl. catal., pp. 164 sq.

Marginal notes by a second hand on ff.  $4^{\nabla}$ , 38, 42,  $44^{\nabla}$ , 48, 49.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 135). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 202 + ii blank.

Date: the handwriting and paper are the same as those of MS. Sansk. d. 98 (1128), dated samvat 1868. This MS., therefore, must have been copied about the same time, probably between A.D. 1811 and 1813.

Character: Devanagarī.

#### 1123-MS. Sansk. d. 10

#### Indradatta's Siddhāntakaumudīgūḍhaphakkikāprakāśa, A. D. 1853.

Contents: the Siddhāntakaumudīgūḍhaphakkikāprakāśa, a kind of commentary on Bhaţţoji's Siddhāntakaumudī, by Indradatta Upādhyāya, containing the tinantaprakriyā in 115 paragraphs (ff. 1-112), and the kṛdantam in 24 paragraphs (ff. 112-125). It begins: oṃ śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ raṃjanam aditisutānām ajjanadalinaṃ ca vairināṃ yuvateḥ raumi dahaṃtaṃ śaśvatsaṃṣrtivījaṃ Hariṃ svabhaktānāṃ ratha pugaṃtety atra vahuvrīhigarbhadvaṃdve sārvadhātukāder iko viśeṣaṇatvena pugaṃtalaghūpadharūpāṃgāvayavasyeko guṇaḥ syāt sārvadhātukārdhadhātukayor avyavahitayoḥ parayor ity arthād bhinattīty ādau vyavahite guṇābhāve 'pi bhettety ādāv api na syād ata āha yeneneti atra najaddhayaṃ prakṛtyarthadārdyavodhakaṃ tena nityaṃ vyavadhānam ity arthaḥ respectives.

api phakkikā vyākhyātā 33 iti bhvādayah I F. 607: iti nyamtaprakriyā I After f. 61 one leaf is missing (the end of § 67). F. 69<sup>v</sup>: iti sannataprakriyā I F. 70<sup>v</sup>: iti yanamtaprakriyā । F. 78 : iti yanlugamtaprakriyā ı F. 89: iti nāmadhātuprakriyā i F. 89<sup>v</sup>: iti kaṇḍvādayahı F. 90: etena pratyānbhyām ity atra vakşyamāṇāpi phakkikā vyākhyātā 92 1 F. 93: evam bhāsamānopasambhāsety atrāpi phakkikā vyākhyātā 95 t F. 97 : iti padavyavasthā I F. 105: bhāvakarmmaprakriyām vyutpādya karmakartrprakriyām vyutpādayitum ārabhate | F.110: iti karmakatrprakriyā | F.112: iti lakārārthaprakriyā 115 iti śrīmadupādhyāyendradattakrte Siddhantakaumudīgūdhaphakkikaprakase tihutam samāptamaķ I subham astu II II athāco yad ity atrājgrahaņam halamtān mā bhūd ity etad atha tu 1 &c. After f. 113 one leaf is missing. F. 117: iti kṛtyāh

It ends: pūrvottarakālatvasamvamdhenāvāhanādiviśiṣṭetteṣām karatvād iti sarveṣṭasiddhiḥ N 24 N Indradattena viduṣā kṛtto yas samgraho mudā N śrīkṛṣṇaḥ prīyatām tena bhagavān bhaktavatsalaḥ N iti śrīmadupādhyāyendradattakṛte Siddhāntakaumudīgūḍhaphakkikāprakāśe kṛdantam samūptam N

For another MS. of this work see Mitra, Notices, V, 89.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 127.

Date: samvat 1909 (= A. D. 1853) mäghamäse site pakse candraväsare i

Scribe: Yogarāja of Lavapura (Lavapure likhatam Yogarājena svapathanārtham i °rājena by correction, the original reading being illegible).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1124-MS. Sansk. c. 2

#### Varadarāja's Madhyasiddhāntakaumudī, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Madhyasiddhantakaumudi, an abridgement of Bhattoji Dīkṣita's Siddhāntakaumudī, by Vara-It begins: om śriganeśaya namah natva Varadarājah śrīgurūn Bhaţţojidikşitān karoti Pāṇinīyānām Madhyasiddhāmtakaumudīm a i un 1 &c. F. 2: iti samjñāprakaraṇam \ F.3♥: iti svarasamdhiḥ \ F.5º: iti visargasamdhih 1 F. 13: iti halamtā napumsakalimgāh I F. 427: iti tinamtaprakriyā II iti lakārārthaprakriyā II F. 53<sup>♥</sup>: iti kṛtprakriyā 1 F. 57: iti F. 69: iti samāsāśrayā vidhayaļ 1 vibhaktyarthah l F. 71: ity apatyādhikārah I F. 80°: iti matvarthīyāh I F. 84<sup>v</sup>: iti taddhitaprakriyā i F. 85: iti dvirukta-F. 88: iti strīpratyayāḥ 1 F. 89♥: iti prakriyā I vaidikaprakriyā I It ends (f. 90°): iti svaraprakriyā II eşā Varadarājena vālānām upakārikā akāri Pāṇinīyānām Madhyasiddhāmtakaumudī \ kṛtā Varadabhaṭṭena śrīdurgātanayasūnunā Devadattapravcśūya Madhyasiddhāmtakaumudī \\ 2\\ kṛtir Varadarājasya Madhyasiddhāmtakaumudī tasyāḥ saṃkhyā tu vijñeyā khavāṇakaravahnibhiḥ \\ 3\\\ iti śrīcaviṭikamṭivaradarājabhadraviracitā Madhyasiddhāmtakaumudī \\

There are numerous marginal glosses and corrections. Edited by Pandit Viśvanāthaśarman, Benares, 1884. See also the *Bodl. catal.*, pp. 165 sq.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 90 + ii blank.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 49-53 are damaged.

#### 1125-MS. Sansk. c. 4

# Varadarāja's Madhyasiddhāntakaumudī, with the Madhyamanoramā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Madhyasiddhantakaumudī, by Varadarāja, with a commentary, called Madhyamanoramā, by Brahmaprakāśa, the pupil of Rāmadāsa. It begins with the chapter on the Krt suffixes, and ends with the chapter on the feminine suffixes. The Madhyasiddhantakaumudī (in the middle of the page) begins: om śriganeśaya namah dhatoh 3 1 1 1 91 1 a trtiyadhyayāntam ye pratyayā(uktā, sec. m. in marg.)s te dhātoḥ pare syuh krd atin 3 | 1 | 93 | iti kṛtsamjñā || The Madhyamanoramā begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namaļ Pāṇinyādimunīn natvā gurum Gaṇapatim Sivam I vālavyutpādanāyātha kṛtām vyākhyām samārabhe II I II punaruktir na codbhāvyā gramye'smin sūribhih kvacit \ paunahpunyena välänäm vyutpattir jäyate yatah 11 2 11 atha paramakāruniko vālavyutpādanecchuh śrīvaradarājah kṛd atinn iti tinbhinnapratyayasya kṛtsamiñākaranāt kṛtām tinjñānādhīnajñānatvāt tinnirūpaṇānantaram eva kṛtām nirūpaṇam ucitam iti tino nirūpya kṛto nirūpayitum sakalakrdvisayam adhikārasūtram ādatte dhātor iti I F. 1387: iti śrimadrāmadayāluvidyāvamśāvatamsaśrīmadrāmadāsaśiṣyavrahmaprakāśaviracitā Madhyamanoramāyām krtām vivrtiķ samātim agāt i F. 314°: ili śrimadrāmadāsodāsīnavaraņašaraņāgatavrahmaprakāśodāsīnakṛtāyāṃ Madhyamanoramāyāṃ samāsāśrayāvasānasamāmāsaprakriyā samāptim agāt 11 F. 379▼: iti śrimadhyamanoramāyām thakprakaraņam agāc caranavarnadhvamsam 1 F. 383: iti śrimadhyamanoramāyam chayatprakaranam aqac caramavarnadhvamsam 1 F. 392: iti . . . nañsrayor adhikāro 'gāc caramavarnadhvamsam I F. 422: iti ... prāgivīnām vivītir agāc cao I

F. 430°: iti . . . taddhitavyākhyā samāptim agāt 11
F. 434°: iti . . . dviruktaprakriyāvyākhyānapadavīm agāt 11
End of the text: vahuyuvā śālā yuvatīte yauteh śatrantān ñīpi vodhyam iti strīpratyayah samāptam 1
End of the commentary: iti śrīmadhyamanoramāyām strīpratyayāvyākhyānapadavīm agah 11 purāṇapuruṣaṃ natvā tatparamadgurūn vaidike svaraprakaraṇān na madhyā vyākhyānam ārabhe 11 11 iyatā pravaṃdhena lokavedasādhāraṇaśavdeṣv anvyākhyāneṣv api kevalavaidikaśavdānām aṇvā vyākhyānam avasiṣyate na ced idam aprayojanaṃ rakṣohāgamalavdhvasaṃdehāprayojanam iti vadatā bhāṣyakāreṇa vedarakṣāṃ yā eva vyākaraṇāraṃbhasya prayojanatvena mukhyatayābhidhānāt vrāhmaṇena niṣkāraṇaḥ ṣaḍaṃgo vedo 'dhyāyo 11 11

F. 125 is missing.

According to Mitra, Notices, II, 225 (no. 820), the Madhyamanoramā was composed by Rāmaśarman, by order of Sivānanda Bhaţţa.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 467.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750.

Character: Kāśmīrī Nāgarī.

## 1126—MS. Sansk. d. 92 Pāṇini's Dhātupāṭha, A. D. 1721.

Contents: the Dhātupāṭha, belonging to Pāṇini's grammar. It begins: śrīganeśāya namah II II bhū sattāyām I udāttaḥ parasmai bhāṣā II edha vṛddhau II &c. It ends: iti svārthe jyāṃtāś curādayaḥ samāptāḥ II iti dhātavaḥ samāptāḥ II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 125).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 16 + xviii blank.

Date: samvata 1777 (-A.D. 1721) 6 varșe jețha

sudī 7 (?) amāvase likhitam 'vārašukre dine l

Scribe: Vadyārthi Laksmīrāma.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1127—MS. Sansk. d. 95

#### Vyādi's Pāṇinīyaparibhāṣāḥ, 18th cent.?

Contents: Pāṇinīyaparibhāṣāḥ, or Paribhāṣāḥ for Pāṇini's grammar, by Srīpada Vyāḍi. Beginning: oṃ svasti śrīgaṇapataye namaḥ II II arthavadgrahaṇenānarthakasya II lakṣaṇapratipadoktayoḥ pratipadoktasyaiva grahaṇaṃ na tu lākṣaṇikasya II End: jñāpakajñāpitā vidhayo hy anityāḥ II II II iti Srīpadavyāḍiviracitāḥ Pāṇinīyaparibhāṣāḥ samāptāḥ II II II oṃ namo gurave II śrīḥ II

## 128 § 19. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—GRAMMAR—PĀŅINĪYA (1127–1130)

A vṛtti in Weber, Catal., II, 204. This work is a mere modern forgery, see Kielhorn, in Bühler's Kaśmīr Report, p. 69; and ib., pp. cxxxix sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 128). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'Benares, no.12.' Size:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 3 + xxxviii blank.

Date: probably early 18th century, possibly older. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1128—MS. Sansk. d. 98

(Gopāladeva's) Laghubhūṣaṇakānti, A. D. 1812.

Contents: the Laghubhūṣaṇakānti, a commentary on the Vaiyākaraņa [siddhānta] bhūṣaṇasāra, by Gopāladeva, surnamed Manudeva. Ff. 1, 2, and 5 are lost. F. 3 begins: sādhyatvenābhisopamānam kriyā ghatah kriyate ity ādau 1 &c. F. 50: iti Laghubhūşaņakāmtau dhātvākhyātārthanirņayaḥ \ F. 62♥: iti . . . lakārārthanirnayah II F.89: iti ... suvarthanirnayah II F.1017: iti . . . nāmārthanirņayaḥ W F. 132♥: iti . . . samārthā (read samāsārtha) nirņayah 11 F. 138: iti . . . śaktinirnayah | F. 143: iti ... najarthanirnayah | F. 152": iti . . . nipātānām dyotakatāvācakatānirņayah 11 F. 161: iti . . . devatāpratyayārthanirņayaļ 11 F. 164: iti . . . abhedaikatvasamkhyānirnayah 11 F. 168: iti . . . samkhyāvivakṣā 'vivakṣānirṇayaḥ 🛭 It ends: iti Laghubhūşanakāmtau ktvādyarthanirnayah II See Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 614 (sub voce Vaiyākaraņasiddhāntabhūṣaṇasāra); Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 189 sq.; and Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. 47.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 133). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 174.

Date: iti sammvat 1868 (= A.D. 1812) mīti bhādramāse sukulapakṣe pamcamyā II

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1129-MS. Sansk. d. 99

#### Haridīksita's Laghusabdaratna, A.D. 1791.

Contents: the first part of the Laghusabdaratna, a commentary on Bhattoji Dīkṣita's Prauḍhamanoramā, by Haridīkṣita, the grandson of Bhattoji Dīkṣita, containing the saṃjñāprakaraṇa (ending on f. 7), the paribhāṣāprakaraṇa (ending on f. 8<sup>v</sup>), and the pañcasandhiprakaraṇa. It begins: u śrīsākṣivināyakāya namaḥ u u śeṣavibhūṣaṇam īḍe śeṣāśeṣārthalābhāya u dātuṃ sakalam abhīṣṭaṇ phalam īṣṭe yat kṛpādṛṣṭiḥ u u

u dhyāyam dhyāyam iti u dhyātvā dhyātvety arthah u namulamtam etat u &c. It ends: iti śrīdīkṣita-bhaṭṭojipautraharidīkṣitakṛte Laghuśabdaratne Manoramāvyākhyāne pamcasamdhiprakaraṇam u u samāptam idam pamcasamdhiprakaraṇam u See ff. 1-90 in the lithographed edition, Benares, 1854, obl. folio. Haridīkṣita lived about A. D. 1680, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 51.

Marginal notes on ff. 3-14.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 134). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 21 + xviii blank.

Date: samvat 1847 (= A. D. 1791) nā kārttikakṛṣṇa-darśa tithau ravivāsare \

Scribe: Ohuāmūlajit (?... likhitam Ohu(? odga or ada)āmūlajitā).

Character: Devanāgarī, with some of the Jaina characteristics.

#### 20. GRAMMAR—KAUMĀRA

1130-MS. Sansk. c. 24 (R)

Kātantra and Dhātupāṭha, 13th cent. A.D.?

Contents: this MS. contains the greater part of the Kātantra grammar and a Dhātupāṭha. The numbering of the leaves is fairly correct from ff. 7-31; the other leaves have been arranged in their proper order, and numbered conjecturally. F. 2 contains padas 3 and 4, with part of 5, on Sandhi. F. 4 contains the ending of pāda 1, on Declension. Pāda 2 ends on f. 5; pāda 3, on f. 5"; pāda 4, on f. 6, on Case-construction. The Samāsasūtrāņi ends on f. 6v, and the Taddhitasūtrāņi on f. 6 b v. The Akyāta, pāda 1, ends on f. 7v; pāda 2, on f. 8; pāda 3, on f.  $8^{\vee}$ ; pāda 4, on f.  $9^{\vee}$ ; pāda 5, on f. 10; pāda 6, on f. 11v; pādas 7 and 8, on f. 12v. The Kṛt, pāda 1, ends on f. 14; pāda 2, on f. 14<sup>v</sup>; pāda 3, on f. 16; pāda 4, on f. 17; pāda 5, on f. 18<sup>v</sup>; pāda 6, on f. 20. The Paribhāṣāsūtrāņi ends on f. 21; the Balābalasūtrāņi, on f. 21 v; the Samkhyāsūtrāņi, on f. 21 v. Then follows, on ff. 217-31 and two odd leaves, a Dhātupātha, beginning: bhū sattāyām 1 &c.; see Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 204, 205; Westergaard, Radices, p. iv.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in cloth box; size of box:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{8}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 2$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole, and two cardboard boards.

No. of leaves: 32.

Date: probably 13th century (Dr. Hoernle).

Character: Nepalese.

Injuries: several leaves at the beginning and end are missing.

## 1131 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. b. 29

Kātantra with Durgasimha's Commentary, &c., 16th or 17th cent.?

Contents:

1. Ff. 1-132, the Kātantra, with the commentary of Durgasimha, the fourth part, treating of the Krt suffixes. It begins: om namas tāriņyai 11 vrkṣādivad amī rūdhāh kṛtinā na kṛtāh kṛtah I Kātyāyanena te sṛṣṭā vivuddhiprativuddhaye 11 siddhir ijvad ñṇānuvandhe 11 ñānuvandhe nānuvandhe ca kṛti pare dhātor icīva kāryyasya siddhir atidiśyate 1 &c. F. 24 (from the end of 4, i, 81, to the beginning of 4, ii, 1) is missing. Pāda 2 ends on f.  $39^{\text{v}}$ ; pāda 3, on f.  $62^{\text{v}}$ ; pāda 4, on f. 78; pāda 5, on f. 100; pāda 6, on f. 132. It ends: avarņņād ūţo vṛddhiḥ II . . . dhāvu dhautaḥ dhautavān ava ūtiķ paţasyotiķ paţotiķ janānavatīti janauķ janāvau ūța iti kim adyodhā sodhā i aur iti siddhe vrddhigrahanam mangalārtham II II iti Daurgasimhyām vṛttau kṛtsu şaşthah pādah samāptah II

There are numerous marginal glosses.

- 2. Ff. 134-136, the text of the Kātantra, 4, vi. It begins: alamkhalvoh pratisedhayoh ktvā vā 1 It ends: avarnnād ūto vṛddhiḥ 🛚 iti kṛtsu şaṣṭhaḥ pādaḥ samāptaḥ 🕦
- 3. Ff. 1377-1397, fragment of the Rtusamhara, by Kālidāsa, from I, 1-25. It begins: om namah Kāmadevāya II višesasūryyah sprhanīyacandramāh sadāvagāhakşatavārisancayah I It ends: dhvanati pavanaviddhah parvvatānān darīşu sphuļati paļuninādaķ śuskavaṃsasthalisu i prasarati trnamadhye lavdhavrddhih kşanena glapayati 11
- **4.** Ff. 137<sup>r</sup>, 140–148, odd fragments of works, which it has not been possible to identify.

Bought in 1880 from Quaritch.

Former shelfmark: Sansk. 29.

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $18\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $17\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper, imitating palm-leaves in shape and colour, with central hole like the Bengālī palm-leaf MSS., the leaves being held together by two boards.

No. of leaves: 148 (4 lines on a page).

Date: the MS. appears to be very old, and it is more likely to belong to the 16th than to the 17th century.

Scribe: his patron was Rāmakiśoraśarman; see f. 132: om śrigurave namah i śrirāmakiśoraśarmmanah pustakam idam.

Character: Bengālī.

#### 1132 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 91

#### Kātantra, 3, vii, and Ekākşarī Nāmamālā. 18th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. Ff. 1-6, the Katantra by Sarvavarman, with the commentary of Durgasimha, pada 7 of the third division (the verb, Akhyāta, see pp. 270—285 in Professor Eggeling's edition). It begins: idāgamo 'sārvadhātukasyāvivyajanāder ayakārādeļ I dhātor vihatasyāsārvadhātukasya vyamjanāder ayakārāder ādir idāgamo bhavati II It ends (f. 6, l. 5): upaskṛtaṃ II jalpati I vākyādhyāhāram jalpatīty arthaḥ II ity ākhyāte sūtrataḥ saptamah pādah samāptah II cha II II śrī II cha II
- 2. Ff. 6-7<sup>v</sup>, the Ekākṣarī Nāmamālā, or the Ekākṣara (by Vararuci?), in 37 ślokas. It begins (f. 6, l. 6): abhidhānam pravaksyāmi nānāsabdārthavistaram sāmkhyavārurucam yat tad ekākşaram udāhṛtam II I II akāro harirudrau vām (or cām, or ca ?) ākāras ca pitāmahah i ikāra ucyate Kāmo Lakşmīr īkāra işyate 11 2 11 It ends: ākārādikşakārāmtā varņņānām pṛthak 112 11 abhidhānam samäsena kathitam budhasamstutam 11 27 11 ity  $oldsymbol{E} k$ ākṣa $oldsymbol{r}$ ī Nāmamālā samāptā 11 śrī 11 cha 11 śrī 11 Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 115 (1113).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 124, 153).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{3} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 7 + xxxviii blank.

Date: probably early 18th century.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1133-MS. Sansk. d. 105

#### Ugrabhūti's S'işyahitānyāsa, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'işyahitānyāsa, a grammar based on the Kātantra, by Ugrabhūti. Author and work are mentioned by Alberûni, see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 62; Alberûni, India, transl. by E. C. Sachau, I, 135 sq. His pupil Anandapāla of Kabul reigned from A.D. 1001-1013; Duff, Chronol. of India, pp. 105, 303 sq.

The beginning (introductory verses with their commentary, and part of the discussion on the first sutra) is written twice, on f. vii and on f. I, with various readings.

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#### Beginning on f. vii:

om śrigurave namah om śrīḥ namo gurave Sarasvatīrūpāya namaķ Sarasvatyai 11 śrīr astu 11 11 11 11 om śrīkanthāya jagajjanmasthitidhvamsaikahetave namah samsāragambhīramakarākasetave w vṛttau Sişyahitāyām nyasārambhe 'sti phalatā yasmāt i manyupare mṛdumatayo yeşām eşāpi yatnāgamyaiva II nyāyalavo 'pi cana tathā vṛttāv asyām samastitantram ca i te apy abhidhātum idam cāpalam adhunā viracyate 'smābhiḥ॥ abhimatudevatāpraņāmapūrvikā pravrttir iti satām ācā - - nupālayan vṛtikṛtramas karoti II II śrikanthāyeti i asyāyam arthah i &c.

#### Beginning on f. 1:

(In marg.: śrīkanthāya mahāmohadhvāntavidhvamsabhānave i bhuvanārambhasamhārakāraņāya namo namah 1) om namah Sarasvatyai II śrisarasvatīrūpāya II om śrīkanthāya jagajjanmasthitidhvamsaikahetave namah samsāragambhīramakarakarāsetave vṛttau Sişyahitāyām nyāsārambhe (in marg.: nyāsārambhe prayojanatrayam āryatrayenāha) 'sti saphalatā yasmāt mantyapare 'pi mṛdumṛtayo yeṣām eṣāpi yatnagasyaiva I nyāyalavo 'pi cana tathā vṛttāv asyām samastitantram ca I te apy abhidhātum idam cāpalam adhvanā viracyate 'smābhih abhimatadevattāpraņāmapūrvikā pravṛttir iti satām ācāram anupālayan vṛttikṛtramas karoti I śrīkanthāyeti asyāyam arthah 1 &c.

Then follows a commentary on these verses, and a lengthy discussion on the sūtra siddho varṇasamāmnāyaḥ. The work is almost a commentary on the Kātantra. Sūtra after sūtra of the Kātantra is profusely explained by Ugrabhūti, though he sometimes omits a sūtra and sometimes supplies one or two sūtras from Pāṇini. After the chapter on Sandhi there follows a Nipātapāda, and after the chapter on Taddhita suffixes there is a Strīpratyaya. These two chapters are not in the Kātantra.

F. 11: Bhattograbhūtikṛte śiṣyālokābhidhāne sandhipādaḥ prathamaḥ II II om samānas savarņe dīrghībhavati paraś ca lopam II F. 14\bar : Bhattaśrīābhūti (sic) kṛte Siṣyahitānyāse Bhattotsavalikhite dvitīyas sandhipādaḥ II F. 16\bar : Bhattograbhūtikṛte Siṣyahitānyāse śiṣyālokābhidhāne tṛtīyas sandhipādaḥ II F. 18\bar : Bhattograbhūtikṛte Siṣyahitānyāse sandhiprakarane vargapādaś caturthaḥ II F. 21\bar : pañcamas sandhipādaḥ II cavāhā II &c. F. 23: nipātapādaṣ ṣaṣṭhaḥ II II II om dhātuvibhaktivarjam arthaval lingam II &c. F. 34: Bhattograbhūtakṛte Siṣyahitānyāse śiṣyālokābhidhāne nāmaprakarane prathamaḥ pādaḥ II II F. 44\bar : sakhipādo dvitīyaḥ II F. 51: iti . . . yuṣmatpādas tṛtīyaḥ II F. 60: kārakapādaś caturthaḥ II F. 66: pañcamaḥ

pādah II F. 75<sup>V</sup>: tabhita (sic) pādas saṣṭhah II II striyām II &c. F. 79: Siṣyahitānyāse strīpratyayah pādah II II om namas Sarasvatyai II om atha parasmaipadāni II &c. F. 84<sup>V</sup>: iti Siṣyahitānyāse parasmaipādah prathamah II II 3, ii ends on f. 94; 3, iii, on f. 98; 3, iv, on f. 106<sup>V</sup>; 3, vi, on f. 110<sup>V</sup>; 3, vii, on f. 119; 3, viii, on f. 122 (ākhyātaprakarane dhvajpādo'ṣṭamah II); 4, i, on f. 128; 4, ii, on f. 133; 4, iii, on f. 139; 4, iv, on f. 142<sup>V</sup>.

The MS. is incomplete, breaking off (on f. 144<sup>v</sup>) in the middle of a long discussion on the sūtra bhāve (4, v, 3). There are numerous marginal glosses.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 140). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. v), 'K 30.' Also, '50 Mark.'

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: vii + 149.

Date: perhaps about A. D. 1700.

Character: Sarada, small and difficult to read.

## 21. GRAMMAR—SĀRASVATA

1134-MS. Sansk. c. 67

Anubhūtisvarūpa's Sārasvatī Prakriyā, A. D. 1518.

Contents: the Sārasvatī Prakriyā, by Anubhūtisvarūpa, parts I (ff. 71) and II (ff. 67), surrounded by a commentary, filling the whole of the broad margin. Part I begins: śrīvāgbādinyai namo namah II II śrīgurubhyo namah I pranamya paramatmanam I baladhiveddhisiddhaye I Sārasvatīm rjum kurve I Prakriyām nātivistarām II II F. 527: iti vibhaktiprakriyāḥ samāptāḥ II II cha II śrigurubhyo namah II atha vibhaktyartho nirūpyate 11 cha 11 F. 65: iti samāsaprakriyā samāptāh 11 | | śrīḥ | | | | śrīgurubhyo namaḥ | | atha taddhito nirūpyate | | cha II It ends : tayāyadau saṃkhyāyāṃ II cha dvitayaṃ I tritayam I dvayam I trayam II cha II alpe samīkuļīsumdābhyo raḥ II cha II alpā śamī samīraḥ I kuṭīraḥ I śuṃḍāraḥ I strīpuṃsābhyāṃ naṇsnanau II cha II straiṇaṃ pauṣṇaṃ II cha ditasya śeṣā ni (a later hand adds: pātyā 1) katyādayah kati II II iti Sārasvatavyākaraņasyādiprakriyā II The commentary begins: Il śrigurubhyo namah II pranamanam pūrvam pranamya I nam prahvatve śabde I nam I ādeṣṇaḥ snaḥ nam I nam I pra upapade I samāse kyap 1 &c. Ff. 55-71 have no commentary, but there are a few glosses in the central space on ff. 55, 58v, 62<sup>v</sup>, 63.

Part II begins: śrīgurubhyo namaḥ II II athākhyātapratyayā nirūpyaṃte II cha II dhātoḥ II &c. Ff. 3-9, 15,
19, 26, 27, and 30 are missing. It ends: īṣa I iyeṣa II
iṣiva I īṣima II cha II dhātūnām anamtatvān nānārthatvāc
ca sarvvathā I abhidhātum aśakyam ity alam ākhyāpanena (ākhyāpanonena, pr. m.) II II II II ity ākhyātaprakriyā II samāptāḥ II cha II The commentary begins: II śrīgurubhyo namaḥ II iha loke dvividhaṃ padaṃ prayugyate I
syādyaṃtaṃ tivādyaṃtaṃ ca I tatra syādyaṃtaṃ padam
uktaṃ II II athāthānaṃtaraṃ taddhitasaṃjñikapratyayasamūhakathanānaṃtaraṃ ākhyātaprakriyānirūpyate II &c.
It ends: īṣa I iyeṣa I sadṛśarūpadvayāt II ekarūpanirdarśanaṃ kāder ṇṇāde I savarṇne I īṣiva I īṣima II cha II
There is a blank space in the centre of each page,

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 141). Size:  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 71 + 67 + ii blank.

Date: samvat 1574 (= A.D. 1518) varse || phālgunasudi || daśamīdine | vṛhaspativāsare ||

Scribe: he wrote for the use of the pupils of Sāgaramiśra (?); II śrīupākaśagacche II mahopādhyāya-śrīmatisāgaramiśrāh I śişyavācanācāryaśrīkṣamāmerūnām II

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī, the text in large, the commentary in very small, characters.

Ornamentation in the centre of f. 37, and two pictures of Sarasvatī, one (much damaged) in part I, f. 1, and the other in part II, f. 1,

Injuries: in part I many leaves, which were sticking together, were damaged when separated, especially ff. 12-14, 16<sup>v</sup>, 20-23, 28, 59<sup>v</sup>, 60, 61<sup>v</sup>, 62, 69<sup>v</sup>, 70.

#### 1135-MS. Sansk. d. 106

#### Anubhūtisvarūpa's Sārasvatī Prakriyā, A.D. 1705.

Contents: the Sārasvatī Prakriyā, by Anubhūtisvarūpa, parts I and II. Part II (ff. 1-12) begins: paṃditaśrī 5 śrījinavijayagaṇicaraṇakamalebhyo namaḥ II athākhyātaprakṛyā nirūpyate dhātoḥ II II II tends: īṣu iyeṣitha iyeṣṭa ityādi dhātunām anaṃtatvān nānārthatvāc ca sarvathābhidhānam aśakyaṃ ity alam ākhyāpanena II Part III (ff. 12-15) begins: atha kṛdaṃtaprakriyā nirūpyate kṛt karttari vakṣyamāṇaḥ pratyayaḥ kṛtsaṃjñakaḥ sa ca karttari bhavati I &c. It ends: rakārādīni nāmāni rāmānus tasya rāvaṇaḥ I ratnāni caramaṇyaś ca saṃtrāsaṃ janayaṃti me II II lokāc cheṣasya siddhi yathā mātarādeḥ II II svarupāṃto'nubhūtyādiḥ śabdo'bhūd yatra sārthakaḥ samaskarī śubhāṃ cakre prakriyāṃ caturocitāṃ II 2 II avatād vo hayagrīvaḥ kamalākara īśvaraḥ surāsuranarākāraḥ madhupāpī tapatkajaḥ II 3 II iti paramahaṃsa-

parivrājakānubhūtisvarūpācāryaviracitā Sārasvatī Prakriyā samāptāḥ 1 There is a blank space in the centre of each page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 142). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+15+xxvi blank.

Date: samvat 1761 (= A. D. 1705) varse kāmtivadi 4 dine vrhasapatavāre 1

Scribe: Mṛgendra Sujāṇavijaya, pupil of Paṇḍit Rūpavijaya, who was a pupil of Paṇḍit Jinavijaya: Paṇḍitaśrī 5 śrījinavijayagaṇitatśiṣyagaṇipaṃo-śrīrūpavijayagaṇitatśiṣyagaṇimṛgemdrasujāṇavijayalikhatam 11

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1136-MS. Sansk. d. 107

#### Candrakīrti's Sārasvatadīpikā, A.D. 1608.

Contents: the Sārasvatavyākaraņadīpikā, a commentary on Anubhūtisvarūpa's Sārasvatī Prakriyā, by Candrakīrti Sūri, the first copy of which was written down by Harşakirti, the pupil of Candrakirti. It begins: 11 om namah 1 Sarasvatyai 11 namo 'stu sarvvakalyāņa i padmakānanabhāsvate i jagattritayanāthāya i parāya paramātmane II I II namaḥ śrīguruve cāru I buddhaye dattasiddhaye \ matipradānasīlāyai \ Sarasvatyai namo namah 11 2 11 atha śriparamahamsaparivrājakācāryah śrianubhūtisvarūpo 1 &c. F. 68: iti Nāgapurīyatapāgachādhirājabha°-śrīcaṃdrakīrttisūrikṛtāyāṃ Sārasvataṭīkāyām prathamavrttih II II F. 1177: iti alam ākhyātacimtāyā ity ākhyātadīpikā 11 Subodhikāyām kṛptāyām \ sūriḥ śrīcamdrakīrttibhiḥ \ ākhyātaprakriyā divyā I sampūrņā samajāyataķ II I I teşām eva hi sişyeņa I sādhunā Harşakīrttinā | rūnāyām prathamādarše | likhitākhyātadīpikā 11 2 11 F. 133♥: iti kṛtprakriyāvyākhyā 11 II Subodhikāyām kṛptāyām I sūriśrīcaṃdrakīrttibhih . . . gariślānvite \ . . . dhunāḥ \ sphūrjjadbhūriguṇānvitā gaṇadharah śreni . . . Padmaprabhusūrirāt i tatpatte prathitaprasannaśaśi (śaśa, sec. m.) bhṛtsūriḥ . . . °saguruḥ . . . śuddhakriyo dyo (ta in marg.) kah 1... Ratnaśekharaguruḥ...Pūrṇacaṃdraprabhūḥ ١١4١١ tatpaṭṭe 'jani Hemahamsasaguruḥ . . . prabhuḥ Somaratnaguruvaḥ ١ . . . ºnvayā i alamkārah kalikāchadarppadamanah śrīrājaratnaprabhuh 1 . . . ºguruvo gāmbhīryadhīryāśrayā 11 6 11 . . . obhyarthanā kṛtā I subhā . . . budhaiś ciram II 9 II svalpasya siddhasya subodhakasya I Sārasvatavyākaraņasya tīkām | Subodhikākhyām racayām cakāra | sūrīśvaraśrīprabhucamdrakirttih II 10 II iti śrimannāgapurīyatapāgachādhirājabha°-śrīcamdrakīrttisūriviracitāyām śrīsārasvatavyākaraņasya dīpikā sampūrņā 11 The passages represented by dots in the above extract agree literally

with the extract given from MS. no. 1639 by Weber, Catal., II, 207 sq. See also Mitra, Notices, no. 2630, VIII, 89.

A few marginal notes by a second hand on ff. 1-14. There is a blank space in the centre of each page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 143). Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 138.

Date: śriahmadāvādamadhye samvata 1664 (- A. D. 1608) varse kārttikasudi pūrņamāsyām sampūrņā II

Scribe: the name of the scribe has been obliterated with yellow pigment.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1137-MS. Sansk. d. 108

#### Candrakīrti's Sārasvatadīpikā, A. D. 1610.

Contents: the Sārasvatavyākaraņadīpikā, a commentary on Anubhūtisvarūpa's Sārasvatī Prakriyā, by Candrakīrti Sūri. It begins: śrīsarasvatīgurubhyām namaḥ II namo 'stu sarvvakalyāṇapadmakānanabhāsvate I &c. F. 8: iti samjñāprakriyā II II F. 64: iti kārakaprakriyāvivaraņam samkņepatah samāptam iti 11 F. 787: iti Subodhikāyām samāsadīpikāh II F. 907: iti śrīnāgapurīyatapāgachādhirājābhattārakaśrīcamdrasūrikrtāyām \ Sārasvataţīkāyām prathamavrttih I sampūrnnah II II F. 129: iti Nagapuriyatapagachiyacamdrakirttisüriviracitāyām Sārasvatadīpikāyām ņabādeh bhūtārthāmtasya vibhaktişatkasya karttari prakriyā II II II F. 155: iti Nāgapurītapāgachaśṛṃgārahāra \ bhaṭṭārakaśrīrājaratnasūripatte \ bhao-śrīcamdrakīrttisūribhih krtāyām śrisārasvatadīpikāyām ākhyāprakriyā sampūrņņaļ 11 2 11 It ends: ajñānadhvāmtavidhvamsa \ vidhāne dīpikānibhā I dīpikeyam vijayatām II vācyamānā budhais ciram II 9 II iti śrīmannāgapurīyatapāgachādhirājabhaţţarakaśrīcaṃdrakīrttisūricitā \ śrīsārasvatavyākaraṇasya dīpikāh II sampūrnņā jātā II See MS. Sansk. d. 107 (1186).

F. 1 is supplied by a modern hand, and ff. 169-174 are missing.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 144). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 172.

Date: samvat 1666 (= A.D. 1610) varșe śrāvaņavadi 5 some 11

Scribe: Munirayana, who gives the following genealogy of gurus: Amcala I gache I vāo-śrīpunyacamdraganih I tatpaṭṭālamkārahāravācanācāryavanārīsa I śrīmāmnikyacamdraganih II tātśiṣyapamo-saubhāgyacam-

dragaņih II tacchi syamunirayaņaneyam lipīkṛtā dīpikā II svavācanāya II He wrote at Patna: (śrīpattananagare II)

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1138—MS. Sansk. d. 94

#### Harşakirti's Dhātupātha, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Sărasvatīya Dhātupātha, by Harşakīrti. It begins: om namah siddhebhyah 11 śrīsarvvajñam jinam natvā smṛtvā Sārasvatam mahah 11 Sārasvate dhātupātham vakşye samkşepatah sphutam II II svarāmtās ca hasāmtās ca prakāsyamte kramād iha 1 &c. F. 5": śrīmannāgapurīyatapāgacchāo-śrīharşakīrttyupādhyāyaviracite Sārasvatīye Dhātupāthe bhvādigaņah sampūrņņah 11 F. 15v: ity ādayo yathāsambhavam śrīmannāgapurīyatapogacchīyaśrīharṣakīrttiupādhyāyabiracite Sārasvatīye Dhātupāţhe nāmadhātvadhikārah sampūrņah II athaitesām kaścid viśeso darśyate upasargasya I &c. . . . niviśādayah II II ātmanepadino'py eva 1 &c. ... otyādayo yathyā 11 2 11 karmoktau cāpi bhāve cātisaye yanipratyaya \ himsādīn vinā karma vyati (here the MS. breaks off, about 24 ślokas or two and a half pages being lost).

Numerous glosses in the margins and between the lines in ff. 1-12.

Contrast the work described by Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 259.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 127). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 15 + iii blank.

Date: probably written in the second half of the 18th century.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1139-MS. Sansk. d. 98

#### Harşakirti's Dhatutarangini, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Dhātutaraṅgiṇi, a commentary on the author's Sārasvatīya Dhātupāṭha, by Harṣakīrti Sūri. It begins: śrīvighnachide namaḥ II namaskṛtya maho 'naṃtaṃ nityaṃ satyaṃ cidātmakaṃ svopajňadhātupāṭhasya kriyate paṃjikā mayā IIII tatrādau śiṣṭācārapratipālanārthaṃ cikīrṣitasya graṃthasya nirvighnaparisamāptyarthaṃ ceṣṭadevatānamaskāram āha I śrīsarvajňaṃ jinaṃ natvā smṛtvā Sārasvataṃ mahaḥ I Sārasvate dhātupāṭhaṃ vakṣye saṃkṣepataḥ sphuṭaṃ II 2II F. 21: ityādi bhvādigaṇādhikāraḥ prathamaḥ III F. 34: iti Sārasvatīye Dhātupāṭhe svādigaṇādhikāraḥ paṃcamaḥ II F. 46: śrīmannāgapurīyatapāgachādhipaśrīharṣakīrttisūriviracite svopajňadhātupāṭhavivaraṇe curādigaṇādhikāro daśamaḥ samāptaḥ atha svārthe sapratyayāṃtāḥ kecid

ucyamte II tends with seven stanzas in which the author speaks of himself and his teacher Candrakīrti. Stanza 6: dhātupāṭhasya ṭīkeyam nāmnā Dhātutaramginī I Colophon: iti śrīmannāgapurīyatapāgacchādhipatibhaṭṭārakaśrīharṣakīrttisūriviracitam svopajñadhātupāṭhavivaraṇam pūrṇaṃm II See Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, pp. 42, 227. Harṣakīrti's date is about A. D. 1550.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 126). Size:  $10^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{2}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 52.

Date: probably written in the first half of the 18th century.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 22. GRAMMAR—HAIMA

1140 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 103

S'abdānuśāsanavṛtti and Nyāyavṛtti (Haima), 17th or 18th cent. ?

Contents:

1. Ff. 1-47, Hemacandra's own commentary on his Sabdānuśāsanavṛtti, adhyāyas 5-7. "It begins: gṛhātacedīšakara iti Pāmdavabhīmapakņe vedīšo Duķšāsanas taddhasto hi bhāmena kṛttaḥ dvitīyapakṣe tu vedīśo ḍāhīlīyah II I II Karņņah sa grhītakaro grhītarājā dayabhāgah I tasmād vimālavešasuvarņņamamdivikām Bhīmadeva ānināya II gramthāgram 1600 II cha II arham II ātumo 'tyādikṛt \ ghanaghātya iti \ atra kṛtsamjñāyām kārakam kṛteti samāsah i udake višīrņņam iti atra kleneti smāsah tatpurușo krtīty alup godāya ity atra nudaspha (or syu?) ktam krteti sah 11 cha 11 bahulam 1 &c. F. 3 : ity ācāryaśrihemacamdraviracitāyāh Siddhahemacamdrābhidhānasvopajňašabdānuśāsane vṛtteḥ paṃcamasyādhyāyasya nyāsa prathamah pādah sampūrņņah 11 cha 11 Adhyāya 6 begins on f. 117: om namo vītarāgāya 11 taddhito 'nādiḥ tasmai laukikavaidikaśabdasamdarbhāya tābhyah 1 &c. Adhyāya 7 begins on f. 31: yaḥ prakṛtisāmānyeti 1 prakrti i sāmānyam visayo yasya ata evānupānnah i &c. It ends (f. 47): nañ ity anenāsāmarthyo 'pi bāhulakād bhavatīty arthaḥ II cha II vyākaraņasya sāroddhāraprakaraņe saptamasyādhyāyasya caturthah pādah samāplah 11 cha 11 See Weber, Catal., II, 243-245. Then follows: āsīd vādidviradapṛtanāpāṭane paṃcacakraś Cāmdre gacche 'cchataradhişanādharmmasūrir munimdrah patte tasyājani janamano nokahānamdakamdah i sūrih samyagunagananidhih khyātibhāg Rannasimhah III II yasyāparāgasīmāyām udayah parabhāgabhāg \ Devemdrasūrisūtyādṛ (or °sūt paṭṭe?) jajñe navyo nabhomaṇiḥ || 2 || itaś ca || nivīrā dhanam muktiśāstraracanā jīvā vadhotsarppaṇā śrīkaumāravihāramaṃḍitamahībhūpapravodhādikāḥ || kṣīrododadhimudrite 'vanitalo yasyorjitāḥ kolayaḥ || so 'bhūt tīrthakarānukāricaritaḥ śrīhemacaṃdro guruḥ || 3 || kiṃca || bhūpālamaulimāṇikyamālālālitaśāsanaḥ || darśanaṣaṭkanistaṃdro Hemacaṃdro munīśvaraḥ || cha || taṣām Udayacaṃdro 'sti śiṣyasaṃkhyāvatāṃ varaḥ || jāvajjīvam asūd yasya vyākhyānāmṛtaprapā || 5 || tasyāpadeṣād Deveṃdrasūreḥ śiṣyalavo vyadhāt || 1 || nyāsasārasamuddhāraṃ || manīṣī Kanakaprabhaḥ || cha || 6 || taddhitāvacūrṇṇikā samāptāḥ || cha || cha || See Weber, Catal., II, 237.

2. The Nyāyavṛtti, belonging to Hemacandra's grammar (ff. 47-50). It begins: svam rūpam śabdasyāśabdasamjñā i svarūpam śabdasya gṛhyate i yathā samaḥ i khyo 'tra khyo 'tra khyeti rūpam gṛhyate i &c. It ends: prajñām vṛddhim nayatītyādau lopāt svarādeśa iti nyāyo 'pi bubhutsyate i jugupsyate ity ādau dīrghaś cī (?) ti dīrghaghayenotsahate i jñāpakam tatra tatra viśeṣaṇānupādānam eva ii 56 ii Nyāyavṛttiḥ samarthitāḥ ii ślokasaṃkhyā ii 1751 (?) evaṃ śloka 2400 ii

There is a blank space in the centre of each page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 138). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 50 + ii blank.

Date: appears to be later than MSS. Sansk. d. 101 (1143) and 102 (1142); perhaps A. D. 1650-1700.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

## 1141—MS. Sansk. d. 104 Nyāyavṛtti (Haima), 15th cent.?

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 139). Size:  $11 \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 3 + xxx blank.

Date: probably about the same as that of MSS. Sansk. d. 101 (1143) and 102 (1142), that is, between A.D. 1460 and 1500.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1142-MS. Sansk. d. 102

#### A Commentary on Hemacandra's S'abdānuśāsana, 15th cent.?

Contents: a commentary on Hemacandra's S'abdānuśāsana, 1, i to 3, ii. It begins: arham 11 pranamya kevalālokā \ valokitajagatrayam \ Jineśam śrīsiddhahemacamdraśabdānuśāsane IIIII śabdavidyāvidām vamdyodayacamdropadeśata II nyāsata I katicidurgga (?) padavyākhyābhidhūyate 11211 iha nistuşasemuşī samunmeşanirmmitānekavidvajjanamanas camatkārakārisāstranikaravismāpitavišadaprajñarddhimaharddhikānekasūrih 11 nişpratim apratibhāsam bhārāpahastitatridasasūri \ śrīkumārapālakşmāpālapratibodhavi 11 dhānanikhilakşoņimamdalābhyapradānaprabhrtisamkhyātikrāmtaprabhāvanāni maņismṛtigocarasamcariṣṇūkṛtaciramtanavairasvāmyādipravarasūriķ \ sugrhītanāmadheyaķ śrīhemacamdrasūrirnirvidajadimagrastam samastam api višvam avalokya tad anukampāparītacetāh sabdānusāsanam kartukāmah i prathamam mamgalārtham a i bhidheyādipratipādanārtham cestadevatānamaskāram āha praņamyeti i nanu pra 11 yogo 'yam bhave karmmani va 11 ucyate 1 &c. Adhyāya I ends (f. 16): prathamasyādhyāyasya caturtha I pāda prathamo 'dhyāyah 11 Adhyāya 2 ends (f. 44): ity ācāryadvitīyasyādhyāyasya caturtha I pādah sampūrņņah i It ends: tadanusaraņād anyad api sarvam siddham 115411 ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdrao-tṛtīyasyādhyāyasya dvitīyah pādah sampūrņņah 11 cha 1 śrīr astu 1

Marginal notes from ff. 2-31. There is a blank space in the centre of each page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 137). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 65.

Date: appears to be as old as MS. Sansk. d. 101 (1143), that is, about A. D. 1460.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī, very small and neat, but often difficult to read.

Illumination: pictorial ornamentation of f. 17, with two figures, one representing, it seems, a Mahāvīra, the other, perhaps, Sarasvatī.

Injuries: the two figures on f. 1 are slightly damaged.

#### 1143-MS. Sansk. d. 101

#### Hemacandra's Commentary on his Linganusasana, A.D. 1459.

Contents: the Lingānuśāsanavivaraņoddhāra, a commentary on his own Lingānuśāsana, by Hemacandra. It begins: namah śrīsarvajñāya u śrīsiddhahemacaṃdra uyākaraṇaniveśitāni lingāni uācāryahemacaṃdro uvivṛnoty arhaṃ namaskṛtya uu u pullingam kaṭaṇa-

thapabhamayaraşasasnvam \ tamimanalaukistiv \ nanadau ghaghadau daḥ ki ı rbhāve khokarttari ca kaḥ syāt 💵 🖽 ka ta na tha pa bha ma ya ra sa sa s u n i amtam i imana ı al ı kistiv ı na nad ı gha ı ghad ıı kādir varņām ma amtāmtam i imādipratyayāmtam ca i nāma i pullimgam syāt i &c. F. 5: pumlimgavrttih samāptā ii F. 9: iti strīliṃgavṛttiḥ samāptāḥ u F. 13<sup>v</sup>: iti napuṃsakalimgā vēttih samāptāh 11 F. 15: iti pumstrīlimgavēttih samāptāķu F. 18<sup>v</sup>: iti pumnapumsakavīttiķ samāptāķu F. 19<sup>v</sup>: iti strīklīvalimgavrttih samāptāh 11 F. 20: iti svatah strilimgavrttih 11 samāptāh 11 It ends: smrtā kapațiśrmgyām ca mahāghoşā manīşibhih II ityādi II 4 II niķšesanāmalimgānušāsanāny abhisamksepāt 1 ācāryahemacamdrah samadrbhadanuśāsanāni limgāni 11 5 11 śrī II ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracitasvopajñalimgānuśāsanavivaraņoddhāraķ II śrī II iti Liṃgānuśāsanasūtravrtti samāptā I

This commentary differs both from that printed in Professor Franke's edition of Hemacandra's Lingānu-sāsana, Göttingen, 1886, and from the MSS. described by Mitra, Notices, no. 2654, VIII, 117, and Weber, Catal., no. 1693, II, 251, which bear the same title, but are ascribed to Jayānanda Sūri. Cf. Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 154.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 136). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 21 + xviii blank.

Date: samº 1515 (= A. D. 1459) varse jyeşthavadi 5 dine somavāsare likhitā i

Scribe: likhitā Dharmabhadragaņi Siddhapure mahānagare.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 28. GRAMMAR—VOPADEVA

1144 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. c. 34

Vopadeva's Mugdhabodha, and Notes by Sir William Jones, A.D. 1787-1790.

Contents:

- 1. Ff. iv-vi, xiv-xiiiv: sundry notes on Sanskrit grammar, on Sanskrit poetry, on Kālidāsa (ff. vv, xiiv), on the Kalāpa (f. xiii), and quotations (with English and Latin translations) from the Kirātārjunīya (f. ivv), from Durgasimha's commentary on the Kalāpa (f. vi), &c.
- 2. The Mugdhabodha, by Vopadeva, Sanskrit text, with interlinear Latin version, and English marginal notes by Sir William Jones (ff. 1-102<sup>v</sup>). Note on f. 1: 'W. Jones. Mugdhabódha: or The Beauty of

## 66 28, 24. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—GRAMMAR—VOPADEVA (1144, 1145) 185

Knowledge, or The Recovery of one Entransed.— An excellent Grammar, comprehensive, methodical, and The version was written hastily, when the translator was a mere beginner, & must not be relied The Sanskrit text begins: śrī namo Gaṇādhipataye i mukumdam saccidānamdam praņipatya praņīyate i &c., like O. Böhtlingk's edition, St. Petersburg, 1847. It ends (differing from Böhtlingk's edition): tad vaidikaprayogavyutpattau lakşanam bahulam jñeyam i kvacid vihitam na syāt II kvacin nişiddham syāt II kvacid vikalpitam syāt 11 kvacit tato 'nyatrāpi syāt 11 pūrvebhir brāhmanāsaha (corrected to onās by W. Jones) ity ādau vedasiddhe \ brahmasabdo mangalārthaḥ \\ itīṣṇvādipādaḥ kṛtprakaraṇaṃ saṃpūrṇaṃ 🛚 ślokaḥ 🕦 gīrvāṇavāṇīvadanaṃ 🗈 &c. (= Böhtlingk's edition, p. 176, with the following various readings) . . . °bodhān na labhyate tat pathanīyam etat II I II vidvaddineśvarachātro . . . °spadam II 2 II ... śeṣāhinevābhavat tenaikena ... °parvatapariḥ (corrected to oparvatapavih) śrivopadevah kavih 11 3 11 yasya vyākaraņe varenyaghatanāh sphītāh prabamdhā daśa prakhyātā nava vaidyake 'pi tithinirddhārārtham eko 'dbhutaḥ \ sāhitye traya eva bhāgavatatattvoktau trayas tasya bhuvy antar vāņi siromaņer iha gunāh ke kena lokottarāķ 11 4 11 iti ācāryyacūdāmaņiśrīvopadevaviracitam Mugdhabodhavyākaraņam sampūrņam 1

3. Ff. 103-107 contain again sundry notes, on Vopadeva (f. 103), on the Grammar of Pānini' (f. 105), a Sanskrit verse 'spoken by Góverdhana 30 June 1787' (f. 105), a list of Sanskrit prepositions compared with Greek and Latin (f. 106), and some Sanskrit quotations. F. 110\(^v\) contains the following quaint 'Rules to abridge the acquisition of knowledge.—

1. Never read translations, when the originals are accessible. 2. Never read the works of anonymous writers. 3. Never read compilations. 4. Study texts; not comments, unless wanted. 5. Pass over all ostentatious marginal notes.'

Given in 1833 by Julius Hare, M.A., and Rev. Aug. Hare from Sir W. Jones' Library. See R. H. Evans' Catalogue of the Library of the late Sir William Jones, no. 448, p. 19.

Former shelfmark: Caps. Or. D. 26.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{8} \times 14\frac{8}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, water-marked 'J. Whatman,' G. R.,' and 'I. Taylor.'

No. of leaves: xiii + 114.

Date: the initials of Sir William Jones, with the date I May, 1787, are found at the bottom of f. v, and in the margin of f. 17<sup>v</sup> there is an entry, 'Left off II Oct., 1790.'

Scribe: the Sanskrit text of the Mugdhabodha was

written by Lālā Mahatābarāya (see MS. Sansk. c. 32). The rest is in Sir William Jones' handwriting.

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanāgarī, beautifully and carefully written.

#### 24. MINOR GRAMMARS

#### 1145-MS. Sansk. e. 58

#### Prabodhacandrikā, A. D. 1656?

Contents: the Prabodhacandrika, by Ramacandra (?), said to have been composed by King Vaijala for the benefit of his son Hirādhara. It begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II śrīgurave namaḥ II śubhaṃ oṃ atha Prabodhacandrikā likhyate 11 om 11 om 11 om Hariharagurubhaktas sarvalokānuraktas tribhuvanagatah kāntikandarpamūrtih raņaripuna (or ga?) rakālo Vaijalaksoņipālo jayati jagati dhātā sarvakarmāvadhātah 🗤 candrāvatīvadanacandracakoravikramādityākhyadaivatanayo nayatantravettā Cauhāṇavaṃśatilakaḥ paṭalādhinātho rājā paraṃ jayati Vaijalaveda (sic) nāmā 11 F. 6: Prabodhacandrikāyām tu krtau Vaijalabhūpateh Prabodhacandrikāyām tu samāptā syādicandrikā 11 11 F. 7 T. . . . vibhakticandrikāmadhye samāptā tyādicandrikā II F. 107; ... samāptā ślāghyamāneyam kārakaracandrikā II F. 14:...ityuktacandrikā samyak samāpteyam manoharā 11 F. 16: . . . samāsacandrikā hy eṣā samāptā viśvakāminī 11 F. 18: ... samāptā śeşaviruddhiślāghyā taddhitacandrikā 11 F. 20: ... candrikā tu samāpteyam sarvābhīṣṭārthasādhakā II t ends (f. 23): Prabodhacandrikāyām tu kṛtau Vaijalabhūpateh 11 eşā viśeşasutagā samāptā sandhicandrikā 🗤 iti śrīrāmacandrācāryaviracitā Prabodhacandrikā samāptā 11

Marginal notes on ff. 1-11 and 23v.

See Bodl. catal., p. 166b; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 249 sq.; and Weber, Catal., no. 1635, II, 202 sq., where Viśvaśarman is given as the author's name.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 130). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 57.'

Size:  $7\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper (white, glossy). No. of leaves: ii + 23 + xxvi blank.

Date: the scribe (who writes more than a page about his work) began to copy in samvat 31 (= A.D. 1655), and finished in samvat 32 (= A.D. 1656): om samvat 31 māghavati pratipadi likhanasyārambham kṛtaṃ 11 . . . samvat 32 māghaśuti daśamyām samāptā 11

Character: Sarada.

#### 1146—MS. Sansk. e. 59

#### Prabodhacandrikā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Prabodhacandrika, ascribed to King Vaijala. It begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 Hariharagurubhaktah sarvalokānuraktas tribhuvanagatakīrttih kāttikamdarppamūrttiķ 11 &c. Chapter 1 (ending on f. 18: ... vibhakticamndrikāmadhye samāptā syādicamdrikā) has 92 ślokas. Ch. 2 (ending on f. 23: ... tyādicamdrikā) has 30 slokas. Ch. 3 (ending on f. 32<sup>v</sup>: ... kārakacamdrikā) has 55 ślokas. Ch. 4 (ending on f. 43: Prabodhacamdrikāyām ca krtau Vaijalabhūpateh uktacamdrikā samyak samāptātimanoharā) has 65 ślokas. Ch. 5 (ending on f. 50: ... saptā sacamdrikā hy eşā samāpti viśvakāśini) has 38 ślokas. Ch. 6 (ending on f. 56<sup>v</sup>: ... taddhitacamdrikā) has 38 ślokas. (ending on f. 63: ... kṛdaṃtākhyā sarvābhīṣṭārthabodhikā) has 35 ślokas. Ch. 8 has 70 ślokas. It ends (f. 75) : Prabodhacaṃdrikāyāṃ kṛtau Vaijalabhūpateḥ eṣa višeșataț sușțu samāptā saṃdhicaṃdrikā 🛚 🖠

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 131). An entry on f. 75 in Dr. Hultzsch's hand says: 'Nasik, 9. Dec. 84 Rs. 1. - . - . '

Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 77.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, bold characters. Ornamentations on the title-page (f. 1).

#### 1147—MS. Sansk. d. 31 (R)

#### Rāmasūri's Linganirņayabhūşaņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: fragments of the Linganirnayabhūşana, an elementary treatise on the gender of nouns, by Rāmasūri, the son of Torūrivispu. It begins: vānīm praņamya sirasā bālānām jñānasiddhaye i strīpumnapumsakam svalpam varnyate sästraniscitam 11 11 Torūrivisnuvidusas sūnunā Rāmasūruriņā viracyate budhaślāghyam Limganirnayābhūşanam 1 ādau tāvat strīlimgā ucyamte 1 &c.

As the leaves are not properly foliated, and as no other copy was available for comparison, the leaves are arranged and foliated quite conjecturally.

F. 5<sup>v</sup> ends: īkārāmtastrīlimgālu 11 On f. 6<sup>v</sup> sarvā is declined; dvitīyā, on f. 7; mati, on f. 7v; gaurī, on f. 8; strī, on f. 8v; grāmanī, on f. 9. F. 9v: ukārāmtah pullimgo Vienusabdah I F. 10: ukārāmtah pullimgaḥ kroṣṭuśabdaḥ \ F. 10♥: ūkārāṃtaḥ pulliṃgaḥ jalapūśabdah i On f. 11 go is declined.

It is doubtful whether ff. 12 and 13 belong to the same work. They may be fragments of some astronomical treatise, as astronomical terms occur in them. But they are partly in Telugu.

For other MSS. of the Linganirnayabhūşana, see Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 41b ('by Rāmasūri, son of Viṣṇu'); Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., no. 113; Gov. Or. Library Madras, 81; Taylor, I, 95, 397 sq. ('by Rāmacandra').

Formerly included in MS. Sansk. c. 42 (R).

Kept in cloth box.

Size of box:  $11 \times 2 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Palm-leaves, fastened together by a string going through two holes.

No. of leaves: 13.

Date: probably early 18th century.

Character: Telugu.

Injuries: ff. 3 and 11 are damaged.

## 1148—MS. Sansk. b. 31 (R)

#### Vādirāja's Sārāvalī, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Saravali, an elementary Sanskrit grammar, by Vādirāja. It begins: om namo Gaņeśāya II mudrām (?) sudhām pustakam akşamālām tungastanau candrakalām vahantīm i pranamya vidyām višadām trinetrām Sārāvalīm āha sa Vādirājah 11 akşare caturddaśa svarāķ 11 a ā i ī u ū r r ļ ļ e ai o au 11 &c. + ķ 11 daśa samānāḥ 🛮 a ā i ī u ū ṛ Ṭ ļ ļ 🖂 dvau dvau savarņau 🕦 a ā i ī u ū ṛ ṛ ļ ļ pūrvvo hrasvaḥ 11 &c. F. 4: iti sandhiprakaraṇaṃ 11011 atha syādyantaprakriyā 11 F. 9. iti sub(?)antaprakriyā II II atha kārakaprakriyā II F. 10<sup>V</sup>: iti kārakaprakaraņam 11011 atha samāsaķ 11 F. 117: iti samāsaprakaraņam 11011011 atha taddhitam 11 F. 12V: iti taddhitaprakaraṇaṃ 11 dhātoḥ pare 11 - It ends: ity ākhyāte caturthah pādah samāptah 11 + kṣādivat kṛdantā rūdhāh 11 . . . 11 iti Vādirājakṛtasārāvalī samāpta 11

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $17\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{8}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $15\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string going through one central hole.

No. of leaves: ii + 26 (four or five lines on a page). Date: appears to be modern, probably of the 18th century.

Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: many letters have become illegible, or nearly so, on ff. 1-4, 7-10, 24<sup>v</sup>, 26.

## 1149—MS. Sansk. c. 35 (R) Sanskrit Primer, 19th cent.?

Contents: a Sanskrit Primer for the use of Sinhalese students, in verse. It begins on f. 1: namas santabhadrāya sarvvagocāracakṣuse I Karuṇāmṛtakallolasiddhave sūryyabaṃdhave II Carelessly and inaccurately written.

Presented perhaps by Dr. Mill.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 35.

Kept in wooden box. Size of box:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $13 \times 1^{\frac{7}{9}}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves held together by a string passing through two holes in the MS.

No. of leaves: 2 boards and 4 leaves.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Sinhalese.

#### 1150-MS. Wilson 419

## Lālakavis Dhātupāṭha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Dhātupāṭha, being a collection of Sanskrit roots, arranged according to the last letters, with a version in Hindustānī by Lālakavi. It begins on f. 1: śriganeśāya namah 1 atha dhātu likhyate 1 akārāntaḥ l anka anga amsa amsa artha l &c. The roots are written in the centre of the page in red ink in Devanāgarī; on the left-hand side they are transcribed in Hindustānī characters, while in many cases below each root in black Devanāgarī letters, is written a Hindi translation of the meanings, &c., assigned to it by the ordinary Dhātupāṭha. The roots are arranged within the series according to the first letter, but within each of these sub-series there appears to be no fixed order. The roots in a end on f. 10; in  $\bar{a}$ , on f. 13; in i, on f. 14 $\nabla$ ; in  $\bar{i}$ , on f. 17 $\nabla$ ; in u, on f. 20 $\nabla$ ; in  $\bar{u}$ , on f. 21 $^{\circ}$ ; in r, on f. 24; in  $\bar{r}$ , on f. 26; in e, on f. 26 $^{\circ}$ ; in ai, on f. 28; in o, on f. 28 $\forall$ ; in k, on f. 34; in kh, on f. 35; in g, on f.  $37^{\vee}$ ; in gh, on f.  $39^{\vee}$ : in c, on f.  $44^{\vee}$ ; in ch, on f. 46; in j, on f.  $53^{\circ}$ ; in jh, on f. 54; in t, on f. 61; in th, on f. 64 $\nabla$ ; in d, on f. 72; in dh, on f. 72; in n, on f.  $76^{\circ}$ ; in t, on f. 79; in th, on f. 82; in d, on f.  $89^{\circ}$ ; in dh, on f. 93; in n, on f.  $95^{\circ}$ ; in p, on f. 101; in ph, on f. 101 $\nabla$ ; in b, on f. 104 $\nabla$ ; in bh, on f. 107 $\nabla$ ; in m, on f. 110 $^{v}$ ; in y, on f. 113; in r, on f. 116; in l, on f. 124<sup>v</sup>; in v, on f. 130; in s, on f. 133<sup>v</sup>; in s, on f. 144<sup>v</sup>; in s, on f. 151<sup>v</sup>; in h, on f. 156. Then, on ff. 156-159, follow some odd roots and meanings, which apparently have been omitted by oversight in

the general list. The work ends on f. 159°: iti śrilālakavikṛtadhātupāṭhakaum bhāṣārthas samāpta | samvat | 1 mitīvai — mitībhādraśudī | śukravāra | iti śubham | The author has left a blank for the rest of the date. It seems that he was the scribe of this MS. Probably his date is the earlier part of the 19th century. The MS. is written with some care. Ff. 81, 82, 113, 114 are reversed in the binding. F. 47° is blank. Kṣ is included under s. V is always written for b. Perhaps the author was the scribe also of MSS. Mill 108 (998), 109 (1007), but the latter peculiarity is not always found in those MSS. Is he the Munshī Lallū Lālakavi of A. D. 1811 in Blumhardt's Catal. of Hindi, &c., MSS. in the British Museum, p. 23?

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$  in. The MS. is arranged like a European book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+159+i blank. In the original ff. 1-148 are foliated as ff. 1-149, f. 95 being counted by an error as ff. 95, 96, and the rest is left unfoliated.

Date: beginning of the 19th century.

Scribe: Lalakavi, the author.

Character: Devanāgarī and Hindustānī,

## 1151-MS. Sansk, a. 2 (R)

#### Sanskrit Alphabet in Grantha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Sanskrit Alphabet in the Grantha character. The title-page (f. 1): || Har h | om-nna-monā-rā-ya-ṇā-ya-si-ddhaṃ || F. || Contains the vowels, viz.: a,  $\bar{a}$ , i,  $\bar{i}$ , u,  $\bar{u}$ ,  $\bar{r}$ ,  $\bar{r}$ , l, l, e, ai, o, au, am, ah | F. 2, the consonants, viz.: ka, kha, ga, gha, na, ca, cha, ja, jha, na, ta, tha, da, dha, na, ta, tha, da, dha, na, pa, pha, ba, bha, ma, ya, ra, la, va, sa, sa, sa, ha, la, ksa, ska, spa, an, itih || F.  $2^v$ : ka,  $k\bar{a}$ , ki,  $k\bar{i}$ , ku,  $k\bar{u}$ ,  $k\bar{r}$ ,  $k\bar{l}$ ,  $k\bar{l}$ , ke, kai, ko, kau, kam, kah | Similarly, each consonant (ending with spa) is given in combination with all the vowels on ff. 3-20.

Former shelfmark; MS. Tam. a. 5 (R).

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $22\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $22 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves.

No. of leaves: 20.

Date: apparently quite modern, 19th century.

Character: Grantha,

Digitized by Google

#### 25. METRIC

#### 1152-MS. Sansk. c. 72

## Kālidāsa's S'rutabodha with Vāsudeva's Commentary,

Contents: the S'rutabodha, ascribed to Kālidāsa, with the S'rutabodhaprabodhini, a commentary by Vasudeva. The text (in the middle of the page) begins: om chamdasām laksaņam yena srutamātreņa vudhyate tam aham sampravakşyāmi Srutabodham avistaram 1 The commentary begins: om śriparamātmane namah 1 natvā gurupadam dvamdvam bālānām sukhavrddhaye i kriyate Vāsudevena Srutabodhapravodhinī ı śrotujanapravṛtaye svavikīrşitugram . . . (three akṣaras lost) yathārtham nivadhana pratijānīte chamdasām iti i &c. The text consists of 43 verses; it ends: mo bhūmis trigurāśriyam (meant for ogunaśriyam) ya udakam vrddhim dadāty ādilo ro madhye laghu ram tam agnir anilo deśāţanam sotgaguh to vyomām'yalaghur dhanāpaharanam jor kvo rujam madhyagurbhascamdro yasa ujvalam mukhagurur no nākam āyus trilaķ 11 43 11 iti śrīmahākavicakracūdāmaņiśrīkālidāsakrtaśrutavodhachamdagramtha samāptaḥ 11 The commentary ends: ujvalam yasa dadāti na gaņasya nākam svargasvāmī trilah trilaka 11 sāyur dadati 1143 11 iti śrīkālidāsakṛtau śrutabodhavidhānachamdogramtha samāptāḥ II

There is a diagram on f. 1r.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 182). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 25.'

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 7 + x lix blank.

Date: probably early 18th century.

Character: Kāśmīrī Nāgarī.

Injuries: f. 1 is slightly damaged, and protected with

transparent paper.

#### 1153-MS. Sansk. d. 131

#### Kedāra's Vrttaratnākara, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Vṛttaratnākara, by Kedāra, the son of Pavveka or Pabbeka. It begins: 11 śrīnārāyanāya namaḥ 11 sukhasaṃtānasiddhyarthaṃ natvā vrahmācyutārccitaṃ 1 Gaurīvināyakopetaṃ Saṃkaraṃ lokaśaṃkaraṃ 11 11 vedārthaśaivaśāstrajñaḥ Pavveko 'bhūt dvijottamaḥ 1 tasya putro 'sti Kedāraḥ Sīvapādārccane rataḥ 11 211 tenedaṃ kriyate chaṃdo lukṣyalakṣaṇasaṃyutaṃ 1 Vṛttaratnākaraṃ nāma vālānāṃ sukhabuddhaye (°seddhaye, sec. m.) 11 3 11 It ends: iti śrībhaṭṭavarīyapavvekaputrakedāraviracite Vṛttara!nākarākhye chaṃdolakṣane

şadpratyayaprarûpano nāma şaşto'dhyāyah 11611 subham astu 11

There are many glosses in the margins and between the lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 179).

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+4+xxxvii blank.

Date: probably 17th century.

Character: Devanagari, with some of the Jaina characteristics.

#### 1154-MS. Sansk, d. 132

#### Somacandra's Commentary on Kedāra's Vṛttaratnākara, A.D. 1586.

Contents: the Vrttaratnākaravrtti, a commentary on Kedāra's Vrttaratnākara, composed in A.D. 1273 by Somacandra. It begins with adhyaya 2: śrīānamdavimala . . . (three akṣaras illegible) ragurubhyo namaḥ II yad uktam mātrāvarņavibhedenety 'tah prathamam mātrāchamdovyākhyānāvasarah \ tatrādāv evāryāprakaranam | laksmaitat sapta | &c. F. 7": savr[read sadvro]ttaratnākaranāmadheyaśāstrasya vṛttau prathametaro 'tra 1 prakīrņakākhya 'jani Somacaṃdravinirmitāyām adhikāra eşaḥ 11 Adhyāya 3 ends on f. 13♥; adhyāya 4, on f. 14; adhyāya 5, on f. 17; adhyāya 6, on f. 18. End: sadvṛttaratnākaranāmadheyaśāstrasya vṛttāv adhikāra eşaḥ ı prastāranaṣṭādivarṇṇano 'tra ı Somoditāyām ajanişta şaşthah 11 cha 11 . . . vrttim Somo 'bhirāmām akrta kṛtimatām Vṛttaratnākarasya 11 111 . . . 11 2 11 yāvac camdramasas chalena viladīprapradīpāmcite i ramye tu kṣipam amtarikşaphalake baddhotsavam khelati i tārāsāradurodareņa nikhidikkāminīmamdalam i jīvāt tāvad iyaņ manoharapadā vṛttiḥ prasādāt satā 11311 śrīvikramanṛpakāle i namdakarakṛpītayoniśaśisamkhye i samajani rajotsavadine i vrttir iyam mugdhabodhakari ii 411 sarvägragramthämkena rudram iti satäni navatiyuktäni! atrānustubgaņana II yogāj jātāni kiṃcidadhikāni II5II ili Vrttiratnākaravrttih sampūrnnā 11

A complete MS. of the same commentary is described by Mitra, Notices, no. 2886, VIII, 318. The author is there called Somacandra Gaṇi. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 597, gives Soma Paṇḍita and Somacandra Gaṇi as two commentators, but they are probably identical. Somacandra wrote his commentary in the Vikrama year 1329 (= A.D. 1273), and is therefore one of the oldest, if not the oldest, commentator on Kedāra's work

There are numerous marginal glosses and corrections.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 181).



Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 18 + xiv blank.

Date: saṃvat 1642 (= A. D. 1586) varşe vaiśākhamāsi śuklapakṣe 'kṣayatṛtīyāyāṃ II rohiṇīramaṇavāre I Jāvālipure sāc-acalasyālaye . . . śrīmatśramaṇasaṃghabhaṭṭārakasya ca I śrīghṛtakallolapārśvanāthaprasādāt II

Scribe: Amīsundara, who says of himself: ¹gaṇi-¹ maṃḍalīmaṃḍanāyamānāmāna¹ mānavijñānajñānani-dhānasamāna¹gaṇi¹śrīśrī 18 śrī ¹ manūṛṣi¹ vineyāṇunā-yaṇi Amīsumdareṇālekhi svavācanakṛte pareṣām upa-kṛtihetave ca 11

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the MS. is illegible in many places owing to the separation of leaves which had stuck together. Especially bad are ff. 10<sup>v</sup>, 11, 15<sup>v</sup>, and 16.

#### 1155—MS. Sansk. e. 62

#### Cintāmaṇi's Commentary on Kedāra's Vṛttaratnākara, A. D. 1654.

Contents: the Sudha, a commentary on Kedara's Vṛttaratnākara, by Cintāmaņi Daivajña, son of Govinda Jyotişavid. It begins: om svasti om śrīganeśaya namah 11 om śrimadgaņeśam śivamukhyadevaih svakāryasiddhyarcitapādapadmam sindūrapūrāruņagaņdayugmam namāmi Gaurihrdayāmbujātkam [11] daivajñavaryaparisevitapādapadmam Govindatātam ahi (?) nāthagavīpradīpam [11] Cintāmanih prakurute pranipatya Vrttaratnākarasya vivṛtam (read otim) sa (read su?) laghum sudhākhyām [11] tatra tāvat Kašyapamunir vamsāvatamsapavvekācāryasūnur anekajanmārjitaduritasambhūtavighnadhvamsakāmo granthakrt Kedārasarmā brāhmaņo visistācārānumitaśrutibodhita katta vyā(?)tākam śankarapraṇāmarū(?) pamangalam ācaran Vrttaratnākarākhyacchandogranthaprakaranam anustuptrayena pratijanite 11 om namo bhagavatyai om sukhasantānasiddhyartham 1 &c. The text is given in full. F. 11: iti Cintāmanidaivajñaviracitāyām Sudhākhyāyām Vrttaratnākaraţīkāyām samjinādhyāyah prathamah 1111 Adhyaya 2 ends on f. 24b; adhyaya 3, on f. 35°; adhyāya 4, on f. 37°; adhyāya 5, on f. 43°; adhyāya 6, on f. 52. End: iti śrīvidvaddaivajñamukutabhūsaņagovijyotisavitsūnu \ Cintāmaņidaivajñavira-Vṛtnaratnākaraṭikāyām Sudhākhyām prastārādyadhyāyah şaşthah I Then follows a new paragraph, telling the story of Pingalanaga: pūrvam nāgabhakşanodyatena garunmatā Vārānasyām manuşavesena yuptah sthitah sesunāgo dhrtah tena ca laukikabhāsayā 'pabhramśākhyayā vañcitaḥ yathāsmābhir ekacchandogranthah krto 'sti tatra şadvimsatyakşaraprastāram

paśya yady ekam gaṇam dvitīyasthāne paśyasi tadā mā bhunkṣveti garuḍasvīkṛtavyavasthām āśritya Vārāṇasīto dakṣiṇasamudram yāvat prastārāparisamāptisamaye eva jale magnah śeṣa iti kathā ata evoktam Pingalaśāstrārambhe saṅgaśloke paḍhamam bhāsataraṇḍo nāo so pingalo jaai i prathamabhāṣayā taraṇḍo nāgah pingalo jayati prathamabhāṣā 'pabhraṃśabhāṣā sā eva taruṇḍā naukā yasya apabhraṣṭabhāṣayā ādikaviḥ pinga eveti prasiddhih ii sarva sanja (sic) nopayoginī śubhāya bhavati (?) tadā mo tat sad brahma bhadram paśyema pracarema bhadram ity alom (sic) ii See Paṇḍit Viśvanātha Śāstrin's introduction (p. 1) to his edition of Pingala's Chandaḥsūtra (Bibl. Ind.).

After the date, on f. 52<sup>v</sup>, there follow some lines written by a different hand, beginning: atha prajana-kramah om prajayā vipulam rājyam naivedyam mokṣa-sādhanam alakṣmīṣamanam 1 &c. They are not connected with the work.

The same Cintāmaņi wrote (in A.D. 1630) the Prastāracintāmaņi, an elaborate treatise on prosody. See Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 306 sq. (no. 1103).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 180). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 63.'

Size:  $6 \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 53.

Date: saṃvat 30 kā vati amadhvamyāṃ (or syāṃ?) kāvyavārānvitāyāṃ . . . likhitaṃ | This would correspond to A. D. 1654.

Scribe: Nānaka. Character: Saradā.

#### 1156-MS. Sansk. d. 128

#### S'ambhūrāma's Chandomuktāvalī, A. D. 1788.

Contents: the Chandomuktāvalī, by Sambhūrāmamiśra, the pupil of Srīnivāsa Ārya. The beginning, ff. 1-5, is missing. F. 6 begins: sā priyamvadā samuditā sukavišīrṣamamdanaih 16 dviṣaṣṭamahibhug yadāṣṭamayutam bhaved gurumathāmtyamam yadi yatih rasair guhamukhyais tadā kavijanā jaloddhṛtagatim vadamti khalu tām 17! F. 6v: atijagatyām trayoda-śākṣarāni 13! Then follow the metres Sakvarī, Atiśakvarī, Atyaṣṭi with sixteen, and Atyaṣṭi with seventeen syllables, Dhṛti, Atidhṛti, Kṛti, Prakṛti, Ākṛti, Vikṛti, Saṃskṛti, Abhikṛti, and Utkṛti. F. 11v: iti varṇajātiprakaraṇam atha daṃḍakā nirūpyaṃte! and further on: iti daṃḍakaprakaraṇam adhunā samārddhasamaviṣamavṛttānām lakṣaṇah puraḥsaram udāharaṇāny

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is some correction here.

ucyamte I It ends: iti padyagadyodāharaņaprakaranam śrīprastārādayas tu Vrtaratnākarādau vodhyāh... iti Srīnivāsāryaśiṣyeṇa Sambhūrāmamiśreṇa viracitā Chamdomuktāvalī samāptā I

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 176). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{6}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 13 (ff. 1-5 are lost) + xxvi blank.

Date: saṃvatsare vedayugāṣṭabhūmite (i. e. saṃvat
1844 = A.D. 1788) jyeṣṭe ca sukle pratipattithau kavau
vāre mayeyaṃ likhitā subhasthale Muktāvali Viṣṇuguruprasādatah 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 26. RHETORIC

1157 (1, 2)-MS. Sansk. d. 126

Jayadratha's Alamkārodāharaņa, &c., A. D. 1668.

Contents:

1. The Alamkarodaharana, a collection of examples illustrating Rajanaka Ruyyaka's Alamkarasarvasva, and based on Jayaratha's Alamkāravimarsinī, by Jayadratha. It begins: svasty astu II prajābhyah II śrīguruvaracaranakamalaparāya pumjebhyo namaļ II II . . ṣālankārodāharanam liklyate 11 om namaskrtya parām vācamm alikhad bālasammatam i ko'py alankārasūtrāņām udāharanamātrakam 11 ihārthapaunaruktyam sabdapaunaruktyam sabdarthapaunaruktyam ceti trayah paunaruktyaprakārāķ II II tatrārthapaunaruktyam prarūdham doşaķ II yathā 11 harinanayanām sārangāksīm 1 &c. See Alamkārasarvasva (Kāvyamālā 35), p. 16. On f. 17 the beginning is written over again by a more recent hand. The sutras are given in full, and from f. 6 they are numbered, the sūtra sadrśānubhavād vastvantarasmrtis smaranam 1 (p. 32 in the edition) being counted as the 10th, and the last sutra (nanalankarasamsṛṣṭiḥ sankaraḥ 11) as the 104th. The original MS. ended on f. 29, where the sutra rasabhāvatadābhāsatatpraśamānām 1 &c. (ed. p. 185) is illustrated: ff. 30-32 are supplied by a modern hand. F. 31 is marked 35. It ends: pratijñāmātram evaitad ity upckşyam vicakşanaih I Alankaravimarsinyam yuktir uktacarātra yat 11 Sangakam uddisya nijam saty api bālye śrutārthinam pautram II alikhan nikhilālankṛtisiddhāntam Jayarathah sphuţā (rtha, added sec. m.) padam 11 paripūrņam idam Alankārodāharaņam 11 kṛtir vipaścidvarašrījayadrathasya 🗤

There are many marginal glosses and corrections by a second hand.

Jayadratha is also given as the author of the work in Bühler's Report, p. xvi. Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. 59, gives the name Jayaratha, adding that the other name Jayadratha is also found at the end of the book. Jayadratha was the brother of Jayaratha, see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 200.

2. Ff. 32, 33 contain a number of disconnected fragments too short to be of much value. F. 33 begins with quotations of Alamkara authorities: nubhavabhyam puşipratītiyogyatve kāryo rasa iti Laulajah 10 bhogyo rasa iti Bhattanāyakaḥ 11 abhidhāvyatirekeņa śabdasyārthapratipādane vyāpārāntaram nāstīti Mahimamatānusāriņaķ 12 iti dhvane dvādaša vipratipattayaķ 11 11 ekaprayatnenānekopakaraņam tantram 11 11 F. 33V, ll. 1-7, contains the end of Mukulabhatta's Abhidhāvṛttamātṛkā, differing somewhat from MS. Sansk. c. 70 (1164). It reads: vivarttamānam vāktattvam dašadhaivam vilokyate samhrtakramabhede tu tasmims tesam kuto gatih 111611 ity etad abhidhāvṛttam daśadhātra vivecitam padavākyapramāņeşu tad etat pratibimbitam yo yojayati sahitye tasya Vani prasidati 11 Bhattakallataputrena 1 &c... to Abhidhāvrttamātrkā 11 śrīh 11 Then follows: ity Abhidhāvrttamātrkārikās (read ctrkākārikās?) samāptāķ II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 171). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 52.'

Size:  $9\frac{1}{3} \times 7$  in. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Material: Paper (of the colour of birch bark).

No. of leaves: ii + 35.

Date: sam 44 phā vati 5 gurau 1 This corresponds, according to the Saptarşi era, to A. D. 1668.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: ff. 1, 2, 19-22, 28, 29, 31, 32 are slightly damaged, and have been repaired.

#### 1158—MS. Sansk. c. 71 (R)

#### Mammata's Kāvyaprakāśa, A. D. 1568.

Contents: the Kāvyaprakāśa, by Mammata and Alaka, complete in ten ullāsas. It begins: om namo mahāgaņeśāya u granthārambhe vighnavighātāya samuciteṣṭadevatām granthakṛt parāmṛśati u niyatikṛta° 1 &c. A collation of the first three stanzas, with pp. 1-3 in Maheśa Candra Nyayaratna's edition, Calcutta, 1866, yields only the following various readings: Ed., p. 2, l. 11: °purānādītihāsebhyaś ca, the MS. omits the ca; ed., p. 3, l. 10: °jangamātmakaloka°, the MS. has °jangamātmaloka°; ibid., l. 13: vicārayituñca, the MS. omits the ca; ibid., l. 14: paunahpunyena pravṛttir iti, the MS. has punahpunahpravṛttih iti i F. 3\*: iti Kāvyaprakāśi-

kāyām prayojanakāraņasvarūpanirņayo nāma prathama ullāsah II II Ullāsa 2 ends on f. 9°; 3, on f. 11; 4, on f. 28°; 5, on f. 38°; 6, on f. 39; 7, on f. 68; 8, on f. 72°; 9, on f. 78°; 10, on f. 113. It ends: tad ete 'lankāradoṣā yathāsambhavam anye 'py evamjātīyakāh pūrvvoktayaiva doṣajātyā svīkṛtā na pṛthakpratipādanam arhantīti śivam II iti Kāvyaprakāśikāyām arthālankāro nāma dašama ullāsah II śrīr astu II

The name of the author is not mentioned. But as to the authorship, see Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, pp. 21 sq., 1883, 1884, pp. 10 sq.; Bühler, Ind. Ant., XIII, 30 sq.; Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 101 sq.; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 324; Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. 59, no. 459; Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 183.

Corrections and marginal notes in ink occur on ff. 1-7, 31-37, 45, 76-82, 84-109. Ff. 112, 113 are wrongly numbered as 113, 114, but nothing is missing after f. 111. Ff. i-v and 114, 115 are used as covers. The contents of these leaves cannot be made out, but ff. v (marked as f. 117) and 114 (marked as f. 118) are evidently fragments of the same work.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 173). Memorandum on original wrapper (inside box), 'Benares, no. 15.'

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $14\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{4} \times 2$  in. Size of MS.:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string going through one central hole.

No. of leaves: v + 115.

Date: śāke navativedendau (i. e. śāke 1490 = A. D. 1568) i

Scribe: Hṛdayānandaśarman.

Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: the covering leaves, ff. iii, iv, 114, 115, are damaged. A few lines of ff. 82<sup>v</sup>, 83 have become illegible through damp.

## 1159—MS. Sansk. e. 61

#### Mammata's Kāvyaprakāśa, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Kāvyaprakāśa, by Rājānaka Mammataka and Alaka, in ten ullāsas. The older part of the MS. begins with f. 15<sup>b</sup>, i. e. at the end of adhyāya 2 (=pp. 32 sq. of Maheśa Candra Nyayaratna's edition). Ff. 2-14 and 15<sup>a</sup>-18<sup>a</sup> are two supplements, f. 17<sup>a</sup>v and f. 18 being a duplicate of f. 15<sup>b</sup> and part of 16<sup>b</sup> (f. 19 is a duplicate odd leaf marked f. 80). Ff. 1 (= ed. p. 1) and 25 (= ed. p. 65, l. 5-p. 69 beginning) are missing. Ullāsa 1 ends on f. 5; 2, on f. 14<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 17<sup>a</sup>v

and again on f. 15<sup>b</sup>; 4, on f. 37<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 51; 6, on f. 52; 7, on f. 94<sup>v</sup>; 8, on f. 101; 9, on f. 110<sup>v</sup>. After f. 140 follows 142, but nothing is missing. End of ullāsa 10 and of the work (f. 168<sup>v</sup>): iti śrīkāvyaprakāśe 'rthālankāranirnayo nāma daśama ullāsah uity eṣa mārgo vidusā(?) vibhinno 'py abhinnarūpah pratibhāsate yat na tad vicittram yad amutra samyag vinirmitā sanghaṭanaiva hetuḥ u iti Kāvyaprakāśābhidham kāvyalakṣaṇam samāptam kṛtiś śrīrājānakamammaṭakālakayoḥ u subham u

There are numerous glosses upon the whole of the text, some of them very long. Ff. 21<sup>b</sup>, 37<sup>b</sup>, 45<sup>b</sup>, 148<sup>b</sup> are glosses.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 172). Memorandum on f. 11, 'K 43.'

Size:  $6\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 169.

Date: probably 17th century.

Character: Sarada, except ff. 2-14 and 19, which are in Kaśmīrī Nāgarī. The glosses on ff. 2-14 are partly in Nāgarī and partly in Sarada. The wrapper is part of an Indian police form in Urdū, lithographed.

Injuries: ff. 2, 3, 14, 15<sup>b</sup>, 16<sup>b</sup>, 26, 27 are damaged and repaired; ff. 11, 12, 78-140 are all more or less damaged by insects, and many of the leaves protected with transparent paper. The marginal notes are frequently damaged in other places also.

#### 1160-MS. Sansk. d. 130

# Bhānudatta's Rasataraṅgiṇī, 18th cent. (?) and A. D. 1826.

Contents: the Basatarangini, by Bhanudatta. begins: śrigaņeśāya namah 11 Lakşmīm ālokya lubhyan nigamam upahasan śocayan yajñajamtūn kṣatram śonāksi pasyan samitidasamukham viksya romāmcam amcan II hrtvā haiyamgavīnam cakitam apasaran mlecharaktair digamtān simcan dantena bhūmim tilam iva tulayan pātu mām pītavāsah (°vāsāh, pr. m.) 11 11 Taranga 1 ends on f. 6, 2, on f. 11; 3, on f. 16; 4, on f. 20; 5, on f. 39<sup>v</sup>; 6, on f. 52; 7, on f. 61<sup>v</sup>; 8, on f. 69<sup>v</sup>. It ends: yāvad bhāno kṛtā kāpi kālimdā bhuvi namdane tāvat tistatu me bhānor iyam Rasataramginī subham śrīr astu 11 śu 11 bha 11 mastu iti śrīkavikalāsanāthagaņanāthananayamaithilasrībhānadattaviracitāyām Rasataramgiņyāmm astamas taramgah samāptā Rasataramgiņī 🛚 Ff. 53-62, 63-69 have been supplied by two modern hands. The latter supplement is very incorrect. The old part contains a large number of marginal notes and glosses, written in a neat small hand, on ff. 1, 2, 5<sup>v</sup>,

6-9, 13-16, 20-25, 31-37, 40. In the modern part, there is a note on f. 53. Ff. 50-69 were wrongly foliated as 40-59. See the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 213.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 178). Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 71.

Date: f.  $69^{\text{V}}$ : saṃvat 1882 (= A. D. 1826) māghaśudi pratipadyāṃ bhaumavāsare || This is, no doubt, the date of one of the modern supplements. The old part (ff. 1-52) is probably about 100 years older.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1161-MS. Sansk. d. 127

#### Appadīksita's Kuvalayānanda, A.D. 1646 (?).

Contents: the Kuvalayānanda, by Appadīkṣita. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ u amarīkavarībhārabhramarīmukharīkṛtaṃ dūrīkarotu duritaṃ Gaurīcaraṇapaṅkajaṃ u i u It ends: amum Kuvalayānandam akarod Appadīkṣitaḥ niyogād Venkaṭapater nirupādhikṛpānidheḥ u Candrāloko vijayate śāradāyamasambhavaḥ hṛdyaḥ Kuvalayānando yatprasādād abhūd ayam u iti śrīmadadvaitavidyācāryaśrībharadvājaśrīmaddvijakulajaladhikaustubhaśrīraṅgarājadhurīndravaradasūnor Appadīkṣitasya krtiḥ Kuvalayānandaḥ samāptaḥ u

There are numerous glosses written in the margin, and sometimes between the lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 175). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 59.'

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. The leaves are arranged as in a European book.

Material: glossy white paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 58.

Date: samvat 22 vaisākhavadi caturdasyām! This would correspond to A.D. 1646, but the date was probably copied by the scribe from the original MS., for the appearance of the MS. is quite modern, both paper and writing being much like those of MS. Sansk. c. 70 (1164), which is dated A.D. 1882.

Character : Sarada.

#### 1162 (1-5)—MS. Sansk. d. 87

#### S'obhākareśvaramitra's Alankāraratnākara, &c., A.D. 1676 (?).

Contents:

1. A fragment of the seventh act of Kālidāsa's Abhijāānasakuntala (ff. 42-49). F. 44 begins: yāni śreyāmsi dakṣinīkṛtya bhagavantam gantum icchāmi i

- F. 27: tatah pravisati yathanirdiştakarşa tapasibhyam anubadhyamano balah i jimbha jimbha le singa kadanta ide ganaissam i End: mamapi daksayantu nilalohitah punarbhavam parigatabhaktir atmabhuh i iti niskrantas sarve saptamo 'nkah i samaptam idam Abhijnanasakuntalam nama natakam i
- 2. The Alankāraratnākara, by Sobhākareśvaramitra, the son of Trayiśvaramitra (ff. 49<sup>v</sup>-156). It begins: om svasti 11 om namas Sarasvatyai 1 āmukhaikārthapadam punaruktābhāsam 1 āmukhe ekārthe vastuto 'bhinnārthe pade yatra tat kāvyam punaruktābhāsam 1 &c. It ends: pradarsitavyāptikā viseṣoktiḥ paripohakṛd ity eva jyāyaḥ 11 11 samāpto 'yam Alankāraratnākaraḥ 11 11 iti rmahopādhyāyapanditabhaṭṭaśrītrayīśvaramittraputrasya tatra bhavataḥ panditabhaṭṭaśrīsobhākareśvaramittrasya 11 iti subham śrīr astu aśuddhatvam ādarśadoṣāt śrīganeśāya namaḥ om namas Sarasvatyai 1
- 3. A fragment of Vātsyāyana's Kāmasūtra, with a commentary (ff. 157, 158), beginning: saṃyoge yoṣitāṃ puṃsā kaṇḍūtir apanudyate..bhimāna... sṛṣṭa.kham ity abhidhīyaten See Durgāprasāda's edition, p. 80. Last line: nakhadasanacchedyam iti madhyakapolamaṇḍalam i
- 4. A fragment of some treatise on logic (ff. 158\(^159\)\, beginning: om Ganapataye namah \(^1\) iha he yo pāde... ne pramānād eva \(^1\) tac ca niścayātmatayā... niścayaś ca śabdamāhinye \(^1\) Line 8: jāti(r guṇa ?) kriyāguņas samjñāvācyo 'rthas samitaśvanih \(^1\)
- 5. A fragment of some treatise on poetics (Alam-kārodāharaņa?) (ff. 160\(^{1}-163\)), beginning: om 11 pratīpālankāre 11 muddhe kim vidma 11 mugdhe kim iva kriyate kuvalayakalikayā etayā 1 &c. F. 161, l. 2: utprekṣāyām 11 pari 11 parirambha 1 &c.; l. 15: pratyanīke 11 maha 11 mama vallabhena rājāā nūnam yaśobhih khalīkṛtaś candrah . . . . 11 37 11 Verse 65 on f. 162\(^{1}. End: udreke 11 udgacchata 11 udgacchatu dinanāthah 1 astam etu śaśī kim iha vicchinnam 1 etat punar mama duhkham yat prāptā pankajaih śrīh 1

1 and 2 are written by one hand, 8 and 4 by another, and 5 again by another hand. Ff. 61, 62, 66, 73, 77-79<sup>b</sup>, 149, 151, 162, 163, and a few lines of ff. 65, 74, 75 have been supplied by a more recent hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 93, 170). Memorandum on original outer leaf (f. 44), 'K 36-38.'

Size:  $8\frac{8}{4} \times 9\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Birch bark, except ff. 61, 62, 66, 73, 77-79<sup>b</sup>, 149, 151, 162, 163, which are on white and reddish paper, the latter being of the colour of birch bark.

No. of leaves: iii + 163 (ff. 1-41 are missing) + iv blank.



Date: at the end of the first fragment, f. 49, the date sam 52 pausuti 11 gurau is given. If we compare the date of MS. Sansk. d. 65, viz. samvat 24=saka 1570=A. D. 1648, sam 52 would seem to correspond to A. D. 1676.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: of ff. 42-44 only fragments are left; ff. 74, 75, 98, 99, 116, 117, 133, 158, 159 are seriously damaged.

#### 1163-MS. Sansk. d. 83

#### Dharmadasa's Vidagdhamukhamandana, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Vidagdhamukhamaṇḍana, a poem consisting of riddles, by Dharmadāsa. It begins: śrīgopālajaya 11 sidhrauṣadhāni bhavaduḥkhamahāgadānāṃ puṇṇātmanāṃ paramakarṇṇarasāyanāni 1&c. Pariccheda 1 (59 verses), ends on f. 10; 2 (69 verses), on f. 19<sup>V</sup>; 3 (77 verses), on f. 32; 4 (73 verses), on f. 40. End: iti śrīvidagdhamukhamaṇḍane Dharmadāsakaviķīte caturthaḥ parichedaḥ 1 samāptaṃ Vidagdhamukhamaṇḍanaṃ kāvyaṃ 11 śrīr astu 11 śrīgopālajaya 1 śrī 1

Printed in Haeberlin's Sanscrit Anthology, pp. 269-311, and with a commentary in the third number of the Kāvyakalāpa, published by Haridas Hirachand, Bombay, 1865. See Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 5.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 83).

Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 41.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1164-MS. Sansk. c. 70

#### Mukulabhatta's Abhidhāvrttamātrkā, A.D. 1882.

Contents: the Abhidhavrttamatrka, by Mukulabhatta. It begins: om namo gurave Sarasvatīrūpāya 11 iha khalu bhogāpavargasādhanabhūtānām tadviparyayaparivarjanaprayojanānām ca padārthānām niścayam antareņa vyavahāropārohitā nopapadyate tathā hi sarvāņi pramāņāni prameyāvagatinibandhanabhūtāni niścayaparyavasāyitayā prādhānyam bhajante 1 &c. It ends: idānīm prakaraņārtham upasamharati ity etad abhidhāvṛttam daśadhātra vivecitam mukhyasyābhidhāvṛttasya prakārāc catvāro lāksanikasya tu sad ity evam dasavidhaprakāram abhidhāvṛttam atra nirūpitam adhunā phalam etasya darśayati padavākyapramāņeşu yad etat pratibimbitam yo yojayati sāhitye tasya Vāņī prasidati... anena vyākaranamīmāmsātarkasāhityātmakeşu caturşu śāstreşūpayogāt taddvāreņa ca sarvāsu vidyāsu sakalavyavahāramūlabhūtāsu pramānād asya dasavidhasyābhidhāvṛttasya sakalavyavahāravyāpitvam ākhyātam iti śubham Bhaṭṭakallaṭaputreṇa Mukulena nirūpitā sūriprabodhanāyeyam Abhidhāvṛttamātṛkā iti śrībhaṭṭakallaṭaputramukulabhaṭṭaviracitābhidhāvṛttamātṛkā samāptā I

A MS. of the same work is described by Mitra, Notices, no. 2438, VII, 198 sq. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 24, gives Abhidhāvṛttimātṛkā as the title of the work. This title appears in Bühler, Report, p. xv (no. 224); Kielhorn, Report, 1881, p. 86 (no. 63); and Stein, Kaśmār catal., p. 58. But the quotations given above from the MS. leave no doubt that abhidhāvṛtta° is meant. Abhidhāvṛtta seems to mean 'change or development of meaning.'

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 168). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 47.'

Size:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 5 + xxxvii blank.

Date: Vikrama era 1938 (= A. d. 1882), given in the following lines: rājye śrīraṇavīrasiṃhanṛpate (dribāṇāṅkabhū)¹ rvasvagnigobhūmite vatve (?) Vikramabhūpateh surabhisaṃjñāttau (or °saṃjñāntau?) punar mādhave śukle pañcamite tithau kujadine sa!sūrituṣṭyāḥ kṛte saṃpūrṇā bhavatāc chubhāya paṭhatāṃ seyaṃ lipiḥ sarvadā i

Character: Sarada.

#### **27. EPIC**

#### 1165-MS. Sansk. c. 18

Mahābhārata, Udyoga Parvan, with Nīlakaṇṭha's Commentary, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Udyoga Parvan of the Mahābhārata, with Nīlakaṇṭha's commentary. The text begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II Nārāyaṇaṃ namaskṛtya naraṃ caiva narotamaṃ devīṃ Sarasvatīṃ caiva tato jayam udīrayet II III Vaisaṃpāyana uvāca II kṛtvā vivāhaṃ tu I &c. The commentary begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II śrīmadgopālam ānamya śrīlakṣmaṇapadānugaḥ II Nīlakaṃṭho bhāvadipaṃ karot Udyogaparvaṇi Gopālanārāyaṇalakṣmaṇāryā dhīreśagaṇgādharanīlakaṃṭhāḥ II Ciṃtāmaṇiḥ Sāṃvaśivaś ca pūjyā diśaṃtu sarve guravo matiṃ me II 2 II F. 190b (containing adhyāya 89, verses 41-65) is a duplicate of f. 190a. The text ends: tatra bherīsahasrāṇi śaṃkhānām ayutāni ca II nyavādayata saṃḥṛṣṭāḥ sahasrāyutaśo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The parentheses are meant to be crossed out in the MS.

narāḥ || 34 || i!i śrīmahābhārate sahasāhā ryām samhitāyām Vaiyāsikyām Udyogaparvaņi senāniryānam samāptam vedam Udyogam parvaḥ || asyānamtara Bhīścaparva bhavisyati tasyāyam pratisamdhiḥ || Janamejaya uvāca || katham yuyudhīre vīrāḥ Kurupāmḍavasomakāḥ || pārthivā sumahātmāno nānādeśasamāgatāḥ || I || The commentary ends: kośo dhanam | koṣṭo dhānyā hi sāmagrī samyrhya ekīkṛtya || 26 || 34 || adhyāyaḥ ||

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 18. Size:  $14 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 306 (f. 190 is repeated). Date: probably beginning of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1166-MS. Sansk. a. 1

#### Vālmīki's Rāmāyaņa, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Rāmāyaṇa, in seven kāṇḍas, by Vālmīki. It begins: śrīrāmacaṃdrāya namaḥ II śuklāmbaradharaṃ Viṣṇuṃ śaśivarṇaṃ caturbhujaṃ prasaṇnavadanaṃ dhyāyet sarvavighnopaśāṃtaye II kalyāṇādbhutagātrāya kāmitārthapradāyine I śrīmadveṃkaṭanāthāya śrīnivāsāyamā (?) II Rāmāya Rāmabhadrāya Rāmacaṃdrāyavedhase I Raghunāthāya nāthāya Sītāyāḥ pataye namaḥ II kūjaṃtaṃ Rāma Rāmeti madhuraṃ madhurākṣaraṃ I āruhya kavitāśākhāṃ vaṃde Vālmīkikokilaṃ I &c. (similar to MS. Sansk. b. 28 [1167]).

The Bālakāṇḍa (77 sargas) ends on f. 19: tayā sa rājarşisuto 'bhirāmayā sameyivān uttamarājakanyayā latīva rājas susubhe 'tikāmayā vibhu śriyā Viṣṇur ivāmareśvaraḥ li ity ārṣe śrīmadrāmāyaṇe ādikāvye śrīmadvālmīkīyye caturviṃśatsāhasrikāyāṃ saṃhitāyāṃ śrīmadbālakāṃḍe saptasaptatitamas sargaḥ li

The Ayodhyākāṇḍa (119 sargas) ends on f. 56v: itīvataih prāmjalibhis tapasvibhih dvijaih kṛtah svastyayanah paraṃtapah vanaṃ sabhāryah praviveśa Rāghavah salakṣmaṇas sūrya ivābhramaṃḍalam II ity ārṣe... śrīmadayodhyākāṃḍe ekonaviṃśatiśatatamas sargah II

The Āraṇyakāṇḍa (75 sargas) ends on f. 82\*: ity evam uktvā madanābhitas salakṣmaṇaṃ vākyam ananyacetasaṃ u viveśa Paṃpāṃ nalinīṃ manoramāṃ Raghūttamaś śokaviṣādayaṃtritaḥ u tato mahad vartma ca dūrāsaṃkramaṃ krameṇa gatvā pratilokayan vanaṃ u dadarśa Paṃpāṃ śubhadarśanānām anekanānāvidhapakṣisaṃkulāṃ u iti śrīmadrāmāyaṇe . . . śrīmadāraṇyakāṃṭṭe paṃccasaptatimas sargaḥ u

The Kişkindhākāṇḍa (67 sargas) ends on f. 107°: rṣibhis trāsasaṃbhrāṃtais tyajyamānaśiloccayaḥ \ sādan mahati kāmtāre sārthahīna ivādhvagaḥ \(\mathbf{u}\) sa vegavān vegasamāhitātmā haripravīraḥ paravīrahaṃtā \(\mathbf{m}\) manas

samādhāya mahānubhāvo jagāma Laṃkāṃ manasā Hanūmān II iti śrīmatkiṣkiṃdhākāṃ**d**e saptaṣaṣṭis sargaḥ II Kiṣkiṃdhākāmḍas samāptaḥ II

The Sundarakāṇḍa (68 sargas) ends on f. 135<sup>v</sup>: tato mayā vāgbhir adīnabhāṣiṇī śivābhir iṣṭābhir abhiprasāditā i uvāca śāṃtiṃ mama Maithilātmajā tavāpi śokena tathāpi pīḍitā ii ity ārṣe... śrīmatsuṃdarakāṃḍe 'ṣṭaṣaṣṭitamas sargaḥ ii

The Yuddhakānda (135 sargas) ends on f. 194v: āyuşyam ārogyakaram yaśasyam saubhrātrkam buddhikaram varistham i śrotavyam etan niyamena sadbhir vyākhyānam ūrjasvaļam rddhikāmaih II evam etat purāvrttam ākhyānam bhadram astu vaķ i pravyāharata visrabdham balam Vișnoh pravardhatăm II punas ca sarve tuşyamti grahāņā chravaņāt tathā (Rāmāyaņasya śravaņe tuşyamti pitaras tathā 11 bhaktyā Rāmasya ye cemām samhitām reiņā krtām ( ye lekhayamtīha narās tesām vāsas trivistape \(\mathbb{R}\) Rāmeti yat param brahma tad Visnoh paramam padam i tusmād dhi pāvakaśrotā muklibhājo na samsayah 11 yas srņoti naro yasmā tasmai pūjām ca kārayet ı goratnam dhanadhānyāni vastram grāmādikāni ca II annāna ca nu mṛṣṭāni vastramālyāyutāni ca I śrotā samarpayed vidvān śrāvakasyātibhaktitah II purāņasya ca vaktāram pūjayed bhaktitas tathā i Rāmāyaņasya vaktāram pūjito mṛddhim āpnuyāt 11 Rāghavam kalpayitvā tu śrutvā budhyā prayatnataḥ \ itihāsasya vaktāraṃ pūjilo muktim āpnuyāt 🗤 Rāmāyaņe samāpte tu vācakaņ yo na pūjayet i mūko navatijanmāni sapta caiva sa mānavah II tasmāt sarvaprayatnena Rāghavapriyakāmyayā vācakam pūjayed bhaktvā vastralamkārabhūsaņaih 🛚 tena prīto Harir Vișņur ātmanā yujyam ānayet 11 ity ārşe . . . śrimad-yuddhakāmde śrirāmābhişeko nāma pamcattrimsottarasatatamas sargah II Rāmāyanasya vaktāram vivākşa (?vaivāhya?) kāmā samarcayet i vastrair ābharaņais cuiva ratnair gobhūdhanair api I sarvadā pūjaye chrotā phalakāmā samāhitah II śrīsītālakşmaņabharatasatrughnahanumatsametasrirāmacam drārpaņam

Given in 1864 by Mrs. Edmund Ffoulkes, daughter of Sir Thomas Strange, who brought the MS. from India,

Size:  $20\frac{1}{9} \times 2\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, gilt edged, held together by two ivory-covered plates of stone (instead of the usual boards), and a green silk cord going through one of the two holes in the leaves.

No. of leaves: ii + i + 225. From 16 to 20 lines on a page, the lines being numbered at both ends.

Date: the MS. appears to be fairly old, perhaps of the 17th century.

Character: Telugu, very small.

Illumination: the two covering plates are ornamented with thirty-two neatly executed drawings, illustrating the story of the Rāmāyaṇa.

To the MS. belong a leaf-cutter with ivory handle,  $6\frac{3}{4}$  in. long, an iron stilus pointed like a needle,  $8\frac{3}{4}$  in. long, and a sheath, 6 in. long, fitted to hold the leaf-cutter and stilus: all three of beautiful antique workmanship.

## 1167—MS. Sansk. b. 28 Vālmīki's Rāmāyaņa, A. D. 1726?

Contents: the Rāmāyaṇa, by Vālmīki, kāṇḍas 1-6. It begins: śrīsītārāmābhyān namah ı yasya - rada ntrādyāķ pārişadyāķ parāś śutam i vighnan nighnunti satatam vişvakşenan tam āśraye (Rāmāya Rāmabhadrāya Rāmacandrāya vedhase (Raghunāthāya nāthāya Sītāyāḥ pataye namaḥ ----- kūjantaṃ Rāma Rāmeti madhuram madhurāksaram \ āruhya kavitāśākhām vande Vālmīkikokilam \Vālmīker mmunisimhasya kavitāvanacāriņah i srņvan Rāmakathānādam ko na yāti parām gatim 11011 piban satatam Rāmacaritāmrtasāgaram \ atrptas tammunistandaprācetasam akalmaşam \ . . . śṛṇvan Rāmāyaṇam bhaktyā yaḥ pādaṃ padam eva vā 🛚 sa yāti brahmana sthānam brahmaņā pūjyate sadā \ Vālmīkigirisamvṛtā Rāmasāgaragāminī \ punāti bhuvanam --Rāmāyanamahānadī  $\ldots$ , param vyākhyāntam Bharatādibhih parivrtam Rāmam bhaje syāmaļam II subham astu II om II tapasvāddhyāyaniradan tapasvī vāgvidām varam I &c. F. 3: ity ārşe śrīrāmāyaņe ādikāvye śrīmatbālakānde śrīnāradavākye śrīsamksepo nāma prathamas sargah II

The Ayodhyākāṇḍa has 119 sargas, and ends on f. 123: vanaṃ sabhāryyaḥ praviveśa Rāghavas sala-

kṣmaṇas sūryya ivābhramaṇḍalam II ity ārṣe śrīmadrāmāyaṇe ādikāvye śrīmadayoddhyākāṇḍe śatādhike ekonaviṃśas sargaḥ II Hariḥ om II

The Āraṇyakāṇḍa has 76 sargas (sarga 76 corresponding to sarga 75 in the Bombay ed. = 78 Gorresio), and ends on f. 164v: ity evam uktvā madanābhipīḍitas salakṣmaṇaṃ vākyam ananyacetasaṃ viveśa Pampān naļinīm manoramāṃ Raghūttamaś śokaviṣādayan!ritaḥ vato mahad vatma ca dūrasaṃkramaṃ krameṇa gatvā pratilokayan vanaṃ vadarśa Pampāṃ śubhadarśakānanām anekanānāvidhaghupakṣisaṃkulām viiti śrīmadrāmāyaṇe ādikāvye śrīmadāraṇyakāṇḍe ṣaṭsaptatis sargaḥ va hariḥ oṃ vamāptam idam Āraṇyakāṇḍaṃ vabham astu v

The Kişkindhākāṇḍa has 66 sargas (sarga 66 corresponding to sarga 67 in the Bombay ed.), and ends on f. 203<sup>v</sup>: sa vegavān vegasamāhitātmā haripravīraḥ pavanātmajaḥ kapiḥ 1 manas samādhāya mahānubhāvo jagāma Laṃkām manasā manasvī 11 ity ārṣe śrīmadrāyane ādikāvye śrīmatkişkindhākānḍe ṣaṭṣaṣṭis sargaḥ 11 samāptam idam Kiskindhākānḍam 11

The Sundarakāṇḍa has 68 sargas, and ends on f. 247: tato mayā vāgbhir adīnabhāṣiṇā śivābhir iṣṭābhir abhiprasāditā i jagāma śāntim mama Maithilātmajā tavāpi śokena tathābhipīḍitā ii ity ārṣe śrīmadrāyaṇe ādikāvye śrīmatsundarakāṇḍe 'ṣṭaṣaṣṭis sargaḥ ii Hariḥ oṃ ii samāptam idaṃ Sundarakāṇḍaṃ ii

The Yuddhakanda has 132 sargas (sargas 119-132 corresponding to sargas 117-130 in the Bombay ed. with the Tilaka), and ends on f. 354v: ayuşyam arogyakaram yasasyam saubhrātrkam buddhikaram varistham i śrotavyam etan niyamena satbhir ākhyānam ojaskaram rddhikāmaiḥ ı evam etat purāvṛttam ākhyānam bhadram astu vā pravyāharata visrabdham balam Visņo i pravarddhatām i devāś ca sarve tuşyanti grahaņāc chravaņāt tathā i Rāmāyaņasya śravaņe tuşyanti pitaras tathā i bhaktyā Rāmasya ye cemām samhitām ṛṣiṇā kṛtām t lekhayantīha ca narāķ likhanti ca mahātmānas teşāņ vāsas trivistape II ity ārse śrīmadrāyane ādikāvye śrīvālmīkīye caturviņsatsahasrikāyām samhitāyām śrīmadyuddhakande śrīrāmābhiseko nāma śatādhike dvāttṛmśacchatatamas sargaḥ II Hariḥ oṃ II śubham astu II Rāmāya Rāmabhadrāya Rāmacandrāya vedhase i Raghunāthāya nāthāya Sītāyāh pataye namah 11 caritam Raghunāthasya satakoţir pravistaram II ekaikam akşaram proktam mahāpātakanāśanam II śrīsītārāmābhyān namah II śrīmato Rāmānujāya namaķ II

It will be seen that the MS. follows generally, though not entirely, the recension called 'C' by Prof. Jacobi, see his Râmâyana, Bonn, 1893, pp. 220 sq.; Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., pp. 64-67.

The covering leaves, ff. 355, 356, contain part of

U

sarga 125 of the Yuddhakānda (Bombay ed. = Gorresio, VI, 108).

Given on October 27, 1698, by the Rev. George Lewis, Chaplain of the English merchants at Fort St. George.

Kept in cloth box. Size of box:  $19\frac{1}{4} \times 9\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $18\frac{1}{9} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, kept together by two boards, a string going through one hole, and a small iron rod through the other.

No. of leaves: i+358 (from 10 to 13 lines on a page). Date: parābhavasaṃvatsaraṃ śrāvaṇamāsaṃ śrīmadrāmāyaṇaṃ sampūrṇaṃ II (f. 354\*). Taking into account the fairly old appearance of the MS., the parābhava year of the cycle of Bṛhaspati, in which this copy of the Rāmāyaṇa is said to have been finished, may be A. D. 1666, or 1726, or 1786. The year A. D. 1726 is the most probable. If it is the northern Bṛhaspati cycle, the date is A. D. 1656 (cf. date of donation), Sewell and Dīkṣit, Indian Calendar, p. xc.

Scribe: Kṛṣṇa, pupil of Rāmacandra, who writes: śrīrāmacandrapādābjaṣaṭpadībhṛtacetasā \ Rāmāyaṇam idaṃ śrīmatkṛṣṇena likhitam mudā \\ \cdot\ \cdot\ \cdot\ \sir\ \text{maty Ayoddhyānagare sabhāyāṃ siṃhāsane mantragaṇābhiṣiktaḥ \\ Saumitrisītāhanumatsametaḥ śrīkāmacandraḥ śriyam ātanotu \\

Character: Grantha, very small.

Injuries: a corner of f. 301, and a large piece of f. 348, are lost; f. 356 is damaged. The top and bottom lines are very frequently discoloured and damaged by breaks, as on ff. 1-14, 30, 45, 95, 120-124, 137, &c.

#### 28. PURĀNA

1168—MS. Sansk. c. 50 Garuḍa Purāṇa, 18th cent.?

Contents: fragments of the Garuṇa Purāṇa or Mahā Garuṇa Purāṇa, foliated from 105 to 272, but containing only the following leaves: 105-111 old foliation = 5-11 new foliation; 114 old = 13 new; 116, 117 old = 15, 16 new; 119-142 old = 18-41 new; 144 old = 43 new; 151, 152 old = 45, 46 new; 159-161 old = 48-50 new; 165-173 old = 52-60 new; 175-188 old = 62-75 new; 192 old = 77 new; 194 old = 79 new; 196, 197 old = 81, 82 new; 252, 253 old = 84, 85 new; 255 old = 87 new; 257 old = 89 new; 259 old = 91 new; 262-266 old = 93-97 new; 268-271 old = 99-102 new; 271, 272 old = 103, 104 new (added by a modern hand).

Beginning (f. 5): [ity ādi mahāpurāņe Gārude Yāgyavalka uvāca vakşye šamkarajātyādigrhasthādividhiparam viprānrmūrdvātisikto hi ksatriyāņām in margin, written by the same hand which supplied ff. 103, 104 viśastriyām jātoruppus cas camdrāyām nisādah pārsvato 'pi vā II māhişye 'gnau prajāya viţśūdrām gaṇayor nnṛpām 11 &c. F. 16: ityādi mahāpurāņe Gārude Parāśaroktadharmmah II II Sūta uvāca II II nītisāram pravaksyāmi I &c. F. 30v: ityādi mahāpurāņe Gārude nītisāre samāptā II II Vrahmovāca vratāni Vyāsa vaksyāmi I &c. F. 317: ityādi mahāpurāņe Gāruļe II akhamdadvādasīvratam II F. 84: ityādi mahāpurāņe Gāruģe caturyugadharmma 11 and last line: ityādi mahāpurāņe Gārude naimittikapralayah II F. 85\*: ityādi . . . karmmavipākah II F. 97: ityādi . . . Viņustotram samāptam 11 F. 102 v : ityādi . . . vrahmagītāsāre II II śrībhagavān uvāca II End (f. 104): namas teśvenagadāgastivinajānamdivarddhana supakṣapātanirrūtadānadaityaviraksitam parasya parasya śāpena supratīkavibhāvasū II

F. 104 is in Hindustānī.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 33). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in.

Material: Paper. Ff. 103, 104 stamped, 'Stamp Office, one anna,' in English and Bengālī.

No. of leaves: 107.

Date: probably about A.D. 1750-1800.

Character: Devanagari.

## 1169—MSS. Sansk. c. 21, 22 Padma Purāṇa, A.D. 1777, 1789–1791.

Contents: some sections of the Padma Purāṇa, in two volumes. 21 contains: (1) the Ādikhaṇḍa (ff. 75) in 62 adhyāyas. It begins: 11 śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 11 11 śrīgurugaṇapatisarasvatyai namaḥ 11 namāmi Goviṃdapadāraviṃdaṃ saṃdedir ānaṃdam amutam ānibhaṃ 11 jagajjanānāṃ hṛdi saṃniviṣṭaṃ mahājanaikāyanam uttamottamaṃ 11 11 ekadā munayaḥ sarve jvalajjvalanasaṃnibhāḥ 11 &c. It ends: śṛṇudhvaṃ he lokā vadata Harināmaikam atulaṃ 11 yad iched vīcīnāṃ sukhataraṇam iṣṭāni labhatāṃ 11 11 iti śrīpadmapurāṇe Ādikhaṃḍe dviṣaṣṭītamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 62 11 śubhaṃ samāptaṃ Ādikhaṃḍaḥ 11

(2) The Sṛṣṭikhaṇḍa (ff. 223) in 42 adhyāyas. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ 11 śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ 11 svacham caṃdrāvadānam karikastabhakarakṣobhasam-jātapheṇam vrahmodbhutiprasaktair vrataniyamaparaih sevitam vipramukhyaiḥ 11 omkārālamkṛtena tribhuvanaguruṇā vrahmaṇā iṣṭipūtam sadbhogābhogaramyam jalam aśūbhaharam pauṣkaram va punātu 11 Ff. 92-101 form only one leaf, but nothing is missing. F. 193<sup>v</sup>:

ity ādimahāpurāņe Pādme Sṛṣṭikhaṃḍe surasaṃgrāmatārajayo nāmādhyāyaḥ II 4I II The khaṇḍa ends: mātṛnaṃdāṃ sunaṃdāṃ ca viḍālāṃ śakuniṃ tathā II revatī ca mahāraktāṃ tathaiva pilitsikāṃ II iti śrīmāhāpurāņe Pādme Sṛṣṭikhaṃḍe sa samāptaḥ II A second hand has added: Sṛṣṭikhaṃḍapūrbārddha samāpta II

(3) The Bhūmikhaṇḍa (ff. 77). F. 1 gives the title: 

"Padmapurāṇabhūmikhaṇḍapūrvārddhapatra 77 uttarārddhaprāraṃbhaḥ II (i. e. pūrvārddha corrected to 
uttarārddhaprārambhaḥ II) It begins (f. 1<sup>v</sup>): II 60 II śrīganeśāya namaḥ II Veṇa uvāca II bhāryyātīrthaṃ samākhyātaṃ sarvatīrthottamottamaṃ II pitratīrthaṃ sāmākhyāhi pitṛṇāṃ tāraṇaṃ paraṃ II It ends: śrotavyaṃ 
hi prayatnena Padmākhyaṃ pāpanāśanaṃ prathamaṃ 
Sṛṣṭikhaṇḍaṃ hi dvitīyaṃ Bhūmikhaṃḍanaṃ II pro gopradānasahasrasya phalaṃ prāpnoti mānavāḥ II II iti 
śrīpadmapurāṇe Bhūmikhaṃḍaṃ samāptaṃ II

22 contains: (4) the Māghamāhātmya (ff. 33), from the Uttarakhaṇḍa, in 10 adhyāyas. It begins: 11 oṃ śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 11 oṃ namo bhagavate Vāsudevāya 11 Nārāyaṇa namaskṛtya naraṃ caiva narottamaṃ 11 devīṃ Sarasvatiṃ Vyāsaṃ tato jayam udīrayet 11 11 It ends: param itihāsaṃ pāvanaṃ tīrthabhūtāṃ vṛjinavilayahetuṃ yaḥ śṛṇotīha nityaṃ sa bhavati rava 11 lapūrṇaḥ sarvakāmair abhīṣṭair jayati ca suralokaṃ durllabhaṃ dharmahīnaiḥ 11 36 11 iti śrīpadmapurāṇe Uttarakhaṃḍe Vaśiṣṭadilīpasaṃvāde Māghamāhātmye paiśācamocanaṃ nāma daśamo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 0 11 śubham astu 11 kalyāṇam astu 11 A different recension of this part, in 25 adhyāyas, was published in a lithographed edition, at Bombay in 1861 (śake 1783).

- (5) The Uttarakhanda (ff. 143) in 131 adhyāyas. It begins: śrīganeśāya namah II II śrīmate Rāmānujābhyā namah II Nārāyaṇaṃ namaskṛtyaṃ naraṃ caiva narottamaṃ II devīṃ Sarasvatīṃ Vyāsaṃ tato jayam udīrayet II ajñānatimirāṃdhasya jñānāṃjanasilākayā II cakṣur milataṃ yena tasmai śrīgurave namah II III atra śrīumāpatināradasaṃvāde Uttarakhaṃḍe II Umāpatir uvāca II śrṇu Nārada vakṣyāmi purāṇaṃ vedasaṃmitaṃ II yat śrutvā sarvapāpebhyo mucyate nātra saṃśayaḥ II It ends: eva paṃcaparaṃ tīrthaṃ Nṛsiṃhākhyaṃ suvistaraṃ II yaṃ śrutvā mucyate pāpāt narās te vai na saṃśayaḥ II II śrīpadmapurāṇe Uttarakhaṃḍe paṃcapaṃcāśatasahasrasaṃhitāyāṃ Vaiyāśakyāṃ Umāmaheśvarasaṃvāde nṛsiṃhāt patir nṛsihavrataṃ saṃpūrṇaṃ II nāmādhyāyaḥ II II II II II
- (6) The Bhāgavatamāhātmya (ff. 16), from the Uttarakhaṇḍa, in 6 adhyāyas. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ I vrahmānandavinodinīm anupalaṃśubhrāṃ jagadvyāpinīm āghāṃ vidhāyinīm abhayadāṃ jādyāṃdhakāṇyahāṃ I vīṇāpustakadhārinīṃ vimalapākāṃtyālasaṃtīṃ mudā bhaktānām anumodinīṃ pratidinam vagdevatām

āśraye I Naimise Sūtam āsīnam abhivādya mahāmatim I kathāmṛtarasāsvādukuśalah Saunako 'vravīt II II Saunaka uvāca I &c. It ends: Kṛṣṇapriyam sakalakalmakhanāśanam ca muktyaikahetum iha bhaktivilāsakārī I santah kathānakam idam pūṭatādarene loke hitārthapariśīlanasevayā kim II 100 II iti śrīpadmapurāne Uttarakhamḍe śrībhāgavatamāhātmyanirūpane ṣaṣṭo 'dhyāyaḥ II 6 II This portion is written by a different hand, it being part of an older MS. than the rest. A lithographed edition of this Māhātmya was published at Bombay in 1861 (śake 1783).

(7) The Kriyākhaṇḍa (ff. 24) in 26 adhyāyas. It begins: 11 om namo bhagavate Vāsudevāya 11 Saunaka uvāca 11 kalau samāgate Suta prāṇinām kena karmaṇām 11 uddhāro vaibhave tasmāt kathayasva mamāgratah 11 Sūta uvāca 11 &c. It ends: vacanam laṃghayed yas tu dharma teṣāṃ vilaṃghati 11 nṛpāgnitaskarair vipra satyam sasyam suniścitaṃ 11 11 11 iti śrīpadmapurāṇe Kriyākhaṃḍe Sūtaśaunakasaṃvāde ṣaḍviṃviśo'dhyāyaḥ 11 26 11

Former shelfmarks: (1) MSS. Bodl. Sanscr. 36, 37. (2) MSS. Bodl. Sanscr. 21, 22.

Size:  $14\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves:

21 = ii + 75 + 223 + 77 + ii blank.

22 = ii + 33 + 143 + 16 + 24 + ii blank.

Date: the following dates are found in the colophons:

- (2) mitibhādravā śuklapakṣe tithau 1 \(\)\ samvat 1847 (= A. D. 1791) \(\)\
  - (3) samvat 1845 (= A.D.1789) || mitiphālgunasudī 5||
  - (4) varşe kārttikavadī 5 samvat 1846 (=A.D. 1790) ||
- (5) samvat 1846 II varşe mītī āśvanasudim I ravivārena likhitam II
- (6) saṃvata 1833 ke śāke 1689 āśvine masi kṛṣṇapakṣe dvitīyāyām pustakam samāptam 11 Saṃvat 1833 being A.D. 1777, śāke 1689 (= A.D. 1767) must be a mistake for 1699, though the figures 1689 are quite clear.
- (7) saṃvat || 18 || 46 || (= A. D. 1790) varșe miti āśvasudī 13 gurudine ||

Scribe: Travāḍi Mathurānātha (?). Compare the following colophons:

- (1) li° vrāhmaņaudīcyasahasraļodānīsampradāya avaskam mahatā Devanātha vā Travādī Mutharānātha lekhakapāṭhayo śubham II
- (2) likhyatam vrāhmasambhu Oḍapurāmadhyavastu subham mastu \(\)
- (3) līkhatam Travādi Mathurānātha udīcyasahasralekhakapāṭhakayo śubham II
  - (4) lekhaka Travādī Mutharānātha 11

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- (5) likhatam udicyasampradātodānijānī śrīrāmena pustakam pamdatajī śrīlālājīkasya (
- (7) pustakam likhitvā Namdagrāmamadhye jāāti udicyasampradāļodānījānī śrīrāmaņa likhīm tvā pustakam Kriyākhamdenah u

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1170-MS. Sansk. c. 53

Padma Purāņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Padma Purāṇa, a fragment, beginning with f. 2 and ending (abruptly) with f. 152, containing adhyāyas 2-27 of the Sṛṣṭikhaṇḍa; f. 33 also is missing. The first line is: tunīn gatyā yat tuṣṭachatti tad vada vadantu bhagavanto māṃ kathayāmi kathān nu yām purāṇa cetihāsaṃ vā dharmān atha i F. 7: ityādi mahāpurāṇe Pādme sṛṣṭikaraṇo nāmādhyāyaḥ Bhīṣma uvāca nirgguṇasyāprameyasya śuddhasyātha mahātmanaḥ i &c. F. 16v: ityādi mahāpurāṇe Pādme lakṣmīsamutpattir nnamādhyāyaḥ ii F. 150v: taḍāgārāmapratiṣṭāvidhiḥ ii F. 151v: iti vṛkṣaropanavidhiḥ ii See the Bodl. catal., p. 12b.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 39).

Size:  $13\frac{3}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 152 + iii blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 3, 46, 81, 117, 118, 120-122, and 152 are damaged.

#### 1171—MS. Sansk. e. 28

#### Dvārakāmāhātmya, A. D. 1462.

Contents: the Dvarakamahatmya from the Prahlāda Samhitā (of the Skanda Purāņa?). om nama Purușottamāyah II tasminn evārņņave ghore I naște sthāvarajamgame (camdrārkapavane naște) yonişipralayam gate 11 11 evam banodake kale 1 Naradah pariprechati i dvāravenyām suṣāsīnam i bhagavamtam Janārddanam 11211 keşu keşu ca rūpeşu 1 draşţavyo'si mayā prabho I tam me kathaya ta – na I anugrāhyo yadāhare II 3 II śrībhagavān uvāca 1 &c. F. 3": pāpam nāśaya mohām ca i sarvapāpaiķ pramucyate ii 49 ii iti śrīskamdapurāņe i śrīvasudevajanmarahasya \ daśāvatārastuti sampūrnnam \\ cha II śubham bhavatu kalyānam astu II cha II anye ca punyaśailāś ca i sa lokālokamānasā i dvārakā paritaķ samti I paryupāsamti te svaham II II F. 6<sup>v</sup> ends: dadarśa pathi rākṣasam 114811 rākṣasam krūrakarmāṇam 1 dṛṣṭvā bhakṣitum āgatam ı yad iṣṭaprā ı Here there is evidently a lacuna, for f. 7 begins: tesam janmakrtam pāpam dahyate nātra samsayah 11111 F. 7 · iti Prahlādoktasamhitā Dvārakāmāhātmye II II II Sūta uvāca II punah papraccha Prahlādam i daityarājo Balir dvijāh i Dvārakāyāś ca māhātmyam i cakratīrthasamudbhavam 11 12 11 Prahlāda uvāca 1 &c. F. 10: Dvārakāvāsinah sarve yāsyamti paramām gatim 11 58 11 iti Prahlādoktasamhitāyām Dvārakāmāhātmye II cha II Prahlāda uvāca II etat te kathitam sarvam 1 &c. F. 16: iti Prahlādoktasamhitāyām Dvārakāmāhātmye II cha II Prahlāda uvāca I śamkhoddhäram tato gachet tīrtham pāpapranāśanam i tatra tistati devešah šamkhī pāpapranāšanah 117111 F. 16°: iti Prahlādoktasamhitāyām Dvārakāmāhātmye 11 cha 11 (f. 17) Prahlāda uvāca II pimdārakam tato gachet tīrtham trailokyaviśrutam ( &c. F. 19<sup>v</sup> : iti Dvārakāmāhātmye śamkhodvāramahimā II cha II Prahlāda uvāca II gamtavyam tato bhūma Mādhavo yatra tisthati 11 36 11 F. 22: iti Prahladoktasamhitäyäm Madhavadevamahatmyam 11 cha II Prahlāda uvāca II trertāyuge dvitīve tu Raivato nāma pārthivaļ 🗤 Dāmodara iti khyāta 🛚 stenārcā sthāpitā bhuvi 11 93 11 F. 26: iti Prahlādoktasamhitāyām 1 Raivatīkuṃḍamāhātmyaṃ II cha II Prada uvāca II atraivodāharamtīmam itihāsam purātanam 1 &c. F. 29: iti Prahlādoktasaṃhitāyāṃ Mādhavadevamāhātmyaṃ 🛚 cha 🕦 Prahlāda uvāca 11 tato Dāmodaram gachet 1 &c. F. 347: iti Padmapurāņe (sic) Dvārakāmāhātmyam 11 saptatīthamahimā 🗤 rṣaya ūcuḥ \ katham ārādhyate devaḥ \ paramātmā janārddanaķ 1 &c. It ends: tena dvāreņa vaiyāmti narā nirdhūnakilbişāh i tasmin kşetre sthitā ye ca ı kṛmikī!apataṃgakāḥ 11711 te sarve caturbhujā bhūtvā ı yāmti Viṣṇoḥ param padam \ etad dha kathitam sarvam rahasyam paramam Hareh 11811 yathā samtoşam āyāti 1 tatha ca jñāyate vibhuh i iti Prahlādoktasamhitāyām Dvārakāmmāhātmya samāptam iti 11 cha 11

This is quite different from the work described under the same title in the *Bodl. catal.*, pp. 72 sq. (MS.Walker 144 a) and p. 348 (MSS. Fraser 15 and 40).

Bought in 1880 from Quaritch.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 28.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 39.

Date: svastisamvat 1518 (= A.D. 1462) varșe aśvina-

vadirasome II likhitam idam II

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1172-MS. Sansk. d. 62

Rāmāśvamedha from the Padma Purāņa, A. D. 1797.

Contents: the Rāmāśvamedha, in 69 adhyāyas, from the Pātālakhaṇḍa of the Padma Purāṇa. It begins: o namo bhagatye śrīmārttaṇḍāya namaḥ u śrīrībha (?)

vaktrāya namaḥ II śrīrāmacaṃdrāya namaḥ II Hari oṃ Nārāyaṇaṃ namaskṛtya naraṃ caiva narottamaṃ II devīṃ Sarasvatīṃ Vyāsaṃ tato jayam udīreyet II II It ends: goghnaś ca sutaghnaś ca surāpo gurutalpagaḥ II kṣaṇāt pūto bhavaty evam acireṇa dvijarṣabhā II 38 II iti śrīpadmapurāṇe Pātālakhaṃḍe Seṣavātsyāyanasaṃvāde śrīmadrāmacaṃdrāsvamedhasamāptir nāma navaṣaṣṭitamo 'dhyāyaḥ II 69 II

An edition of this text (in 68 adhyāyas) was printed (obl. fol.) at Bombay in 1857 (sake 1779).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 43). Size: 10×6 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 234.

Date: saṃvata 1853 (= A. D. 1797) varşe phālguṇaśuklapakṣe 12 śukre Vārāṇasīmadhye jāṃnī śrī 5 yajñapuraṣavīṣṇucaṃdajīnāsadanamadhye metā Amaracaṃdajīkaniṣṭasūtavarṣa 76 me lakhi vīśveśvaranāgrakāpeṣṭalakule śrīvīśvasvarasamipe vāṃce sāṃbheleteneśāṣṭāṃ pramya avadhārajo śrīrāmacaṃdraprītyarthaṃ N śubhaṃ bhatu kalyāṃnam astu N

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1173-MS. Sansk. d. 40 (R)

Pasupati Purāņa, Vāgmatīmāhātmyaprasamsā, A.D. 1578.

Contents: the Vagmatīmāhātmyapraśamsā, of the Pasupati Purana, incomplete. Out of 49 ff. only 24 Apparently the original contained some remain. fourteen chapters (no numbers are given in this MS.). F. 6 contains vv. 55-57 of chapter 1, vv. 1-7 of chap. 2; f. 7, vv. 1-19; f. 9, vv. 20-34, which ends the chapter (Vibhiṣaṇaprasiddhiḥ). Chap. 3 is lost; f. 13 contains the third verse of chap. 4 (tirthajātaḥ). Of chap. 5, vv. 1-10, 37-61 remain; of chap. 6 (Pradyumnavijaya), vv. 1-6 (f. 21<sup>v</sup>), 16-25 (f. 23), 50-65 (ff. 29-30<sup>v</sup>), but probably the end of a chapter is lost between ff. 24-28. Chap. 7, 24 verses, ends on f. 32<sup>v</sup> (śuṣāntakavanavarnanī). Chap. 8, 31 verses, ends on f. 35" (Hariņeśvarasidagrahanam). Of chap. 9, vv. 1-15 (f. 36), 26-42 are left. It ends on f. 40: iti Vāgmatiprasamsāyām Harineśvaravākyam I Chap. 10 begins: Sanatkumāra uvāca i tašya tat vacanam šrutvā brahmā lokapitāmahah i abravīd idršam vākyam namah krtvā punah punah II II It has 12 verses, ending on f. 41. Of chap. 11 only vv. 1-22 remain; of chap. 12 (sokarņe pratisthāpanā) only vv. 9-15 (f. 45); of chap. 13, vv. 1-3, 15-20 (f. 47): iti sarvarthatirthapraśamsasāsāyām tirthānanyana purāne pūrvvārddhaṣandaḥ; of chap. 14, vv. 1-8, 22-24: iti Paśupatipurāņe Pulastyabhā(illegible)vāgmatī(illegible)prasamśāyām Paśupatipurāņa samāptah 1

Probably this Pasupati Purāṇa is identical with that mentioned in the List of rare Nepalese Works, Khatmandoo, 1888, p. 1. The same subject—the sacred places along the river Vāgmatī—is treated in adhyāyas 160, 161 of the Skanda Purāṇa, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1385. The speakers are Bhīṣma and Pulastya, and Sanatkumāra and Bhagavat. The MS. is very inaccurate, and the scribe's knowledge of Sanskrit may be gauged by the following on f. 49: jādṛṣṭa likitaṃ dṛṣṭvā tādṛṣṭa likhitam mayā jadi śuddham aśuddham vā mama doṣo na dayayate!

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves held together by a string passing through a central hole and two boards.

No. of leaves: 24 out of 49.

Date: f. 49: samvat 698 (Nepal era) (= A.D. 1578); samvat 698 --- śanau dine lişitam īdam i the rest is illegible, the letters being rubbed.

Scribe: Kahna; see f. 49<sup>v</sup>: ida Kānaracārasyā mūṣikāśve tathaiva ca \ caṣyatavyam prajatnena maya Kahnena liṣitaḥ \\

Character: Nepalese. Short i is very frequently used for  $\bar{i}$ .

Injuries: ff. 1-5, 8, 10-12, 14-18, 22, 24-28, 37, 42, 44, 46, 48 are lost. The rest is in fairly good preservation.

#### 1174—MS. Sansk. d. 57

#### Apāmārjanastotra, A. D. 1648.

Contents: the Apāmārjanastotra, in 135 ślokas, from the Karmavipāka (belonging to the Bṛhaddharma Purāṇa). It begins: om namaḥ śrīnṛsiṃhāya || Dālabhya uvāca || bhagavan prāṇinaḥ sarve viṣarogādyupadravaiḥ || duṣṭagrahopaghātaiś ca sarvakālam upadrutaḥ || 1 || It ends: apāmājjanakaṃ japtvā japed rudro samāhitaḥ || prāpnoty akhilāṃ kṣemā Viṣṇulokaṃ sa gachati || 135 || iti śrīkarmavipāke mahārṇave Pulastyokte 'pāmārjjanastotra saṃpūrṇaṃ || Cf. Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 55.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 27). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 8 + xi blank.

Date: samvat 1704 (= A. D. 1648) varșe 1

Scribe: Bhāratīkurukşatralikhitam prasādāt Rāmabana 1

Character: Devanagari.

## 1175—MS. Sanek. c. 23 Adhyātmarāmāyana, A. D. 1792.

Contents: the Adhyatmaramayana from the Brahmānda Purāna. It begins: 11 śrīganeśāya namah 11 om namo bhagavate Vāsudevāya II Sūta uvāca II kadācin Nārado yogī parānugrahavāmchayā 11 paryatan sakalāml lokān satyalokam upāgamat 11111 The Bālakāņda ends (f. 18): iti śrīmadadhyātmarāmāyaņe Umāmaheśvarasamvāde Vālakāmde astamasargah 11811 Vālakāmda samāptah II II saptaiva śambhunādisthāh sastyuttarakhamde trimsataslokā moksadā nrņām 11 11 The Ayodhyākāṇḍa (9 sargas, 700 ślokas) ends on f. 44; the Āraņyakāņda (10 sargas), on f. 63v; the Kişkindhākāṇḍa (9 sargas, 555 ślokas), on f. 84♥; the Sundarakāṇḍa (5 sargas), on f. 97v. The Lankākāṇḍa ends (f. 143): iti śrīmadadhyātmarāmāyaņe Umāmaheśvarasamvāde Lamkākāmde sodašah sargah 111611 Lamkākāmda sampūrnah 116 11 Lamkākāmde'dhyātmake trayodaśa śatāni astatrimsattamah slokāh vrjinaharā Pārvatyai Sivenoktāļ II śrīharaye namaļ II śrīrāmacamdrāya namo namah 11 11 The Uttarakānda ends (f. 167<sup>v</sup>): Maheśvarenāpi bhavişyadartham . . . śrīśamkarenābhihitam Bhavanye 117311 bhaktya pathed yah . . . Ramah 117411 atiprasannaś ca . . . śrnuyāt sa nityam Vişno prayāti sadanam sa viśuddhadehah 117511 iti śrīmadadhyātmarāmāyane Umāmaheśvarasamvāde Uttarakāmde navamah sargah 11 Adhyātmottarakāmde grahasamkhyayā parikşiptā II rtusatasamkhyāslokāh purānasamkhyās ca pura Harenoktāh II ślokah Pāravatyai Parameśvarena gadite hy Adhyātmarāmāyaņe kāmdaih \\\ saptabhir anvitetisubhade sargāh \ catusastikāh \ ślokānām śatadvayena sahitāny uktāni catvāri sāhasrāņy eva samāsatah sunisātarām tesüktäni tatvärthatah 11

There are numerous corrections and marginal notes (many of them in pencil, and evidently written by some European scholar), some containing Latin and Greek quotations (see ff. 23°, 31°, 44, 53°) and Biblical references. Ff. 153-156 are very much corrected.

Bought in 1870.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 23.

Binding: ornamented (blind-tooled) leather binding.

Size: 13×7 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 169 + ii blank.

Date: lipikṛtaṃ rāmasukhasaṃvat 1848 (= A.D. 1792)

bhādrapadaśukla 3 gurau i

Character: Devanagari.

### 1176—MS. Sansk. e. 13 (R) Adhyātmarāmāyaṇa, 19th cent.

Contents: the Adhyātmarāmāyaṇa, from the Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa, in 7 kāṇḍas. It begins: oṃ śrī-

gaņešāya namaḥ II om Sūta uvāca I kadācin Nārado yogī parānugrahavāmchayā paryaṭan sakalān lokān satyalokam upāgamat I &c. It ends: Rāmāyaṇam janamanoharam ādivyāvyaṃ vrahmādibhiḥ suravarair api saṃstutaṃ ca II śraddhānvitaḥ paṭhati yaḥ śrṇuyā tu nityaṃ Viṣṇoḥ II prayāti sadanaṃ sa viśuddhadehaḥ II 72 II iti śrīmadadhyātmarāmāyaṇe Umāmaheśvarasaṃvāde Uttarakāṃḍe navamaḥ sargaḥ II 9 II Adhyātmottarakāṃḍe sargāḥ grahasaṃkhyaṇā parikṣiptāḥ II rtuśatasaṃkhyāḥ ślokāḥ purāṇa II saṃkhyāś ca purā Hareṇoktāḥ II Pārvatyai Parameśvareṇa gadite hy Adhyātmarāyaṇe kāṃḍaiḥ saptabhir anvitetiśubhade sargāḥ ṣaṣṭhikāḥ ślokānāṃ tu śatadvayena sahitāny uktāni catvāri sahasrāṇy eva samāsataḥ śrutiśateṣūktāni tatvārthataḥ I

The number of sargas in each kāṇḍa is the same as in the edition published at the Nirṇayasāgara Press, Bombay, 1880.

Executed for Sir T. Strange, and given in 1864 by his daughter, Mrs. Edmund Ffoulkes.

Size:  $5\frac{3}{4} \times 47$  ft.  $4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper, roll.

Scribe: Ghāsīrāma of Kaśmīr, who wrote at Benares. The colophons at the end of each kāṇḍa run as follows: likhitaṃ mayā Ghāsīrāmapaṇḍita Kāśmīreṇa Kāśyāṃ madhye! At the end of the roll: li Ghāsīrāma Kāśmīreṇa!

Character: Devanāgarī, very small characters.

Illumination: splendidly illuminated, with numerous mythological pictures illustrating the story of the poem.

## 1177—MS. Sansk. d. 56 Adhyātmarāmāyaṇa, A.D. 1833.

Contents: the Adhyātmarāmāyaṇa. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya naḥ śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ om namo bhagavate śrīrāmāya Sītālakṣmaṇānvitāya Sūta uvāca ekadā Nāradaḥ śrīmāl lokānugrahavāṃchayā paryaṭan sakulān lokān satyalokam upāgamat 11111 The Bālakāṇḍa ends on f. 21; the Ayodhyākāṇḍa, on f. 48; the Āraṇyakāṇḍa, on f. 68°; the Kiṣkindhākāṇḍa, on f. 89°; the Sundarakāṇḍa, on f. 104; the Yuddhakāṇḍa, on f. 149°; the Uttarakāṇḍa, on f. 176. It ends: sa nityaṃ Viṣṇoḥ prayāti sadanaṃ saviśuddhadehāḥ 1177 11 śrī iti śrīmadadhyātmarāmāyaṇe Umāmaheśvarasaṃvāde Uttarakāṃḍe navamaḥ sargaḥ 119 11 śrīrāmacamdra prasanno 'stu 1

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 26). Size:  $10\frac{1}{3} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 176 + iii blank.

Date: samvat 1889 (= A.D. 1833) śrāvaņavaļļī 3

(or vadī?) gurau vāsare samāptaļ i Scribe: Vyāśabhāï Saṃkara.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1178-MS. Sansk. d. 19

#### Kulāntapīthamāhātmya from the Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Kulantapithamahatmya from the Brahmānda Purāņa, in 7 adhyāyas. It begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 om Nārāyaņam namaskṛtyam naram caiva narottamam \(\) devīm Sarasvatīm Vyāsam tato jayam udīrayet 11 1 1 tatraiva Gaṃgā Yamunā ca Veṇī Godāvarī Sīmdhu Sarasvatī ca 11 sarvāņi tīrthāņi vasamti tatra II yatrācyutodārakathāprasamgaļ II 2 II śrīvrahmovāca II athātah sampravaksyāmi kulāmtapītham uttamam II yatpīthe samāsrtya munayo siddhim āgatā 11111 yatra pithe Mahadevo Bhavanya saha Naradah 11 Arjunasya prasādāya dadhānā savaram vapu 11 2 11 . . . Nāradovāca 11 kulāmtapītham ākhyātam tvayoktam ca pitāmahah 11 kasmin deśe sapiś ca kim pramāņam ca tat punah 11811 ... kimartham tatra pīthe ca savarīrūpapārvatī \\ tat sarva śrotum ikṣāmi vistareņa pitāmaha 11 11 11 Vrahmovāca 11 srnusvāvahito putra kulāmtapītham uttamam 11 Jalamdharasya caiśāne Hemakūţasya dakṣine 11 12 11 &c. F. 2. iti śrīvramhmādapurāne Vramhmanāradasamvāde Bhūtanāthaksetravarņanāma prathamo 'dhyāyaḥ II II F. 47: iti śrīvraº Vraº maņikarņavarņanāma dviº 11 2 11 F. 7: iti śrīvraº Vraº maņikarņikāvarņo nāma tṛº 11 3 11 F. 9": iti śrīvra° Vra° śavarīmahātme ca° 11411 F. 11: iti śrīvraº Vraº vaśistāśramavarņa nāma paº 11511 F. 127: iti śrīvra° Vra° kulāmtamahātme vipāsāvarna nāma şa° 11611 It ends: iti śrīvrahmāmdapurāņe Vrahmanāradasamvāde Kulāmtamahātmye savarīmahātmapīţhavarņanāma saptamo 'dhyāyaḥ II kṣamā tirtham tapas tīrtham tīrthamm idriyanigrahah II sarvabhūtadayātīrtham dhyānatirtham anuttatam II III etäni pamcatīrthāni satyasrstāni dehinām 11 vasamti sarvadeheşu teşu snānam samācaret 11 2 11

Bought in 1885 from Dr. Emil Schlagintweit. An entry on f. v says, 'Buch, gekauft von einem Brahmanen in Manikoern in Kullu. Es soll Erzählungen, Sagen, &c., über die heissen Quellen zu Manikoern enthalten. Juni, 1856.'

Former shelfmarks: (1) MS. Malto f. 1. (2) MS. Sansk. f. 2.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 14 + xix blank.

Date: probably not very much older than A.D. 1856. Character: Devanāgarī, large characters.

#### 1179-MS. Sansk. f. 14

#### Lalitāsahasranāmastotra from the Brahmāṇḍa Purāna, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Lalitāsahasranāmastotra from the Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa, in 36 adhyāyas. It begins: śrī-

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 45). Size:  $6\frac{1}{8} \times 4$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 58.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1180-MS. Sansk. c. 54

#### Bhāgavata Purāņa, A. D. 1642.

Contents: the Bhāgavata Purāṇa; the first three skandhas imperfect owing to the defective state of the MS. (see below), otherwise complete.

Part I contains skandhas 1-7. Skandha 1 ends on f. 23<sup>v</sup> (one leaf at the beginning and ff. 19-21 missing); skandha 2, on f. 35; skandha 3, on f. 74<sup>v</sup>; skandha 4, on f. 115; skandha 5, on f. 146<sup>v</sup>; skandha 6, on f. 171; skandha 7, on f. 193<sup>v</sup>, with the words: carācarāh 11 11 titi śrībhāgavate mahāpurāņe saptamaskandhe Yudhisthiranāradasamvāde Prahlādānucarite pāramahamsyām samhitāyām pañcadaso'dhyāyah 11 samāptas cāyam saptamaskandha iti subham 11 11 athāto'sṭamaskandho bhaviṣyati 11 11 śrīgaņeśāya namah 11

Part II contains skandhas 8–12; skandha 8 ending on f. 30°; skandha 9, on f. 58°; skandha 10, on f. 177°; skandha 11, on f. 215; skandha 12, on f. 231, with the words: praṇāmo duḥkhaśamanas taṃ namāmi paraṃ Harim 11 11 ti śrībhāgavate mahāpurāṇe pāramahaṃsyāṃ saṃhitāyām aṣṭādaśasāhasryāṃ dvādaśaskandhe purāṇasaṅkhyākalanaṃ nāma trayodaśo 'dhyāyaḥ 11 samāptam idaṃ śrībhāgavataṃ nāma mahāpurāṇam iti śubham astu lekhakapāṭhakaśrotṛdātṛṇām 11

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 40). Memorandum on f. 2<sup>v</sup> 'K 42.'

Binding: Indian blind-tooled leather binding (repaired).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{5} \times 11$  in. Material: Birch bark.

No. of leaves: i + 194 + 239.

Date: sam 18 bhā bati 11 gurau! If we compare the date of MS. Sansk. d. 65 (1234), this seems to be meant for A. D. 1642.

Scribe: Dāmodaraka. Colophon: Haribhaktisudhāsārasamāsvādavṛtaspṛhaḥ śrīdāmodarakākhyo lekhako 'ham dvijottamah 11

Character: Sāradā.

Injuries: the first part of the MS. (ff. 1-74) is much damaged. Of the first fifty leaves there are only fragments left. Most of the leaves are protected by transparent paper, and slight injuries, causing illegibility, occur on ff.81-87, 98-102, 119, 123-128, 130, 134-137, 153, in part II on ff. 106, 116-119, 121-129, 135-138, and of a more minute character in other places.

#### 1181—MS. Sansk. a. 10 (R)

Bhāgavata Purāņa with Bhāvārthadīpikā, 15th cent.?

Contents: skandha I of the Bhagavata Purana, with Sridhara's commentary, the Bhavarthadipika, imperfect. In place of ff. 1-8, which are lost, is a leaf apparently from a different MS. Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 12<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 15<sup>\naggree</sup>; 4, on f. 18<sup>\naggree</sup>; 5, on f. 22, which is lost; 6, on f. 27<sup>v</sup>; 7, on f. 32<sup>v</sup>; 8, on f. 37<sup>v</sup>; 9, on f. 42; 10, on f.  $45^{\circ}$ ; 11, on f. 49; 12, on f.  $51^{\circ}$ ; 13, on f.  $56^{\circ}$ ; 14, on f. 59; 15, on f. 63; 16, on f. 68; 17, on f. 71; 18, on f. 75; 19, on f. 79. Each page contains an equal number of verses, with commentary above and below, and numbers these verses separately. The commentary is briefer than that in the Bodl. catal., p. 36. colophon of the text is: iti śrībhāgavatamahāpurāne prathamaskandhe ekonavimsah samāptah ı That of the commentary is: iti prathame Bhāvārthadīpikāyām tīkāyām ekonavimšatitamo 'dhyāya ţīkāḥ prathamaskandhasya samāptāķ i

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Former owner: f. 79▼: śrībālagopālapādhyāyasya ı Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $26\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{8}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$  in. Size of leaf:  $24\frac{8}{4} \times 2$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole and two wooden boards.

No. of leaves: i + 66.

Date: probably 15th century (Dr. Hoernle).

Character: Nepalese (not hooked writing), like MS. Sansk. d. 41 (R) [1228].

Injuries: ff. 1-8, 22, 30, 50, 64, 65 are lost. Ff. 9-11, 25, 26, 28, 63 are badly injured. In all cases the ends of the leaves are worn away.

#### 1182—MS. Sansk. c. 55

Bhagavatasamdarbha, 18th cent.?

Contents: skandhas I and 2 of the Bhagavatasam-

Bhāgavata Purāņa, by Jīvaka (or Jīva Gosvāmin), intended to supply the omissions and deficiencies in the commentary on the Bhagavata Purana, by Sridhara See Mitra, Notices, nos. 1657, 1659, IV, Svāmin. 231 sq., 235.

Skandha i begins: śrīrādhākṛṣṇābhyām namaḥ ii II tau samtoşayatā samtau śrīlarūpasanātanau II dāksiņātyena bhattena punar etad vi [vi, marg.] cyate i tasyāgham gramthanālekham krāmtavyutkrāmtakhamditam \\ paryyālocyātha paryyāyam krtvā likhati Jīvakah 11 . . . atha pramaskamdhasyaKramasamdarbhah(janmādyasyetyasya kramasamdarbhah marked to be crossed out) janmādyasyety atra śrisvāmicaranānām ayam abhiprāyah 🗤 param parameśvaram iti na punar abhedavādinām iva cinmātram vrahmety arthah \ &c. It ends (f. 22): turistemeyahsviti ca tṛśabdasya lopah syāt II tato nimittābhāve naimittikasyāpy abhāvāt ter lopāc ca siddhyati 11011 prathame unavimsah 11011 samāptas cāyam prathamaskamdhasamdarbhah II Ff. 1-6 are full of marginal corrections and additions by a second hand. The first page and f. 22<sup>v</sup>, which are written by a different hand, do not belong to the text.

Skandha 2 begins: śriganeśaya namah 11 11 atha dvitīyaskamdhasya Kramasamdarbhah ı varīyān 11 4 11 52 11 yadvā II yah prašno 'pi śrotavyādisu parah I yasya praśnasyāpi śravanādau paramapuruṣārthaḥ 1 &c. It ends (f. 13): vāsanatvāt i tathā ca trtīyeh vaksate i kutra kṣattur bhagavat ityādi iti dvitī daśamaś ca samāptaḥ II iti śubham astuķ 🛚

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 41). Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 22 + 14.

Date: possibly the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1183-MS. Sansk. c. 7

#### Mārkandeya Purāņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Markandeya Purana, in 86 adhyayas. It begins: om śriganeśaya namah om Narayanam namaskrtya naram caiva narottamam devīm Sarasvatīm caiva tato jayam udirayet II I II prapadye devam īšānam šāšvatam dhruvam avyayam mahādevam mahātmānām viśvasya jagatah patim tapahsvādhyāyasampannam Mārkamdeyam mahāmunim Vyāsasisyo mahātejā Jaiminih paryapṛcchata 11311 F. 3: iti Mārkamdeyapurāņe sāvarņike Manvamtare Mārkāmdeyoprasthānam nāma prathamo'dhyāyah 11 11 F. 117: iti Markamdeyapurane savarnikavarnanam nāma saptasastitamo'dhyāyah 1167 11 Mārkamdeyovāca sāvarņih sūryatanayo yo Manuh kathyate 'stamah \&c. darbha or Kramasamdarbha, an illustration of the | F. 119; iti Mārkamdeyapurāņe sāvarņike Manvamtare



Devīmāhātmye madhukaiṭabhavadhaḥ prathamaḥ 1 F.135♥: iti Mārkamdeyapurāne sāvarnike Manvamtare Devimāhātmye surathavaisyayor varapradānam nāma trayodaśah 11111 F. 137: iti Mārkamdeyapurāņe Raucyamanvamtaram nāmo 'dhyāyaḥ \ It ends: śrutvā caritam etad dhi sarvapāpaih pramucyate śrnuyād dhārayed vāpi sarvapāpaih pramucyate II iti Mārkamdeyapurāņe sāvarnike Manvamtare Rājyavardhanopākhyānam samāptam 11 om 11 samāptam cedam Mārkamdeyapurāņam purāņasyāsya samkhyānam kathitam tatvavuddhinā asīti sat tathādhyāyāh purāņe 'smin prakīrttitāh astau ślokasahasrāņi astau ślokaśatāni ca ślokāś ca caturāśītih śāstre 'smin parikīrttitāķ dvācatvārimsad vrttāmtāķ kathitās tatva-Mārkamdeyajaiminisamākhyānapraśnākhyā**vuddhin**ā nam (Durvāsasāpsaraļsāpaļ) (Kamkavamdhaļ) (Tārksyotpattih \ tasyā vivāhah \ pakṣiṇām utpattih \ praśramohyah Hariccamdropākhyānam \ Vasistavisvamitrayoh krodhah \ ādīvakayuddham \ pitāputrasamvādah \ narakavarnanam \ Dattātreyotpattih \ kuvalayāsvīyam \ madālasāprāptih \ tadvipattih \ Rtadhvajacaritam \ kamvalā śvatarīyam \ punar madālasotpattiķ \ adarkādijanma \ ācārādhyāyaḥ śrāddhavidhih i yogasthitih Manvamtarakathā i vamsānuvamśacaritam ( Duḥsahotpattiḥ ) Jamvudvīpavarņanam ( karmaniveśah i svārocisam i auttamam i vrāhmaņabhāryānayanam I tāmasam raivatam I camdrādityamāhātmyam Rājyavardhanacaritam ity evam 42 samāptam idam Mārkamdeyapurānam II etat pavitram āyuşyam punyam pāpapraņāśanam Dronaputraiś ca kathitam Vyāsaśisyāya Jaimine 1 &c.... iti satyam mayā proktam purānam pāpanāśanam śravanāt kīrttanād vāpi śatayajñaphalam labhet iti śrīmārkamdeyapurāņe dharmapakşijaiminisamvāde Mārkamdeye makrostukipratyuktam śrīmārkamdeyapurānam samāptam II

Marginal glosses by a second hand on ff. 8 and 53. F. 124 is missing.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $13\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 152 + i blank.

Date: the day and month are given, but not the year: taişasya kṛṣṇapakṣe tu aṣṭamyāṃ śanivāsare Dātārāmeṇa lipitam śuddhāśuddhavicārataḥ II The MS. seems to have been written about A.D. 1750.

Scribe: Datārāma. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1184-ms. Sansk. d. 18 (R)

Devimāhātmya from the Mārkaņdeya Purāņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Devimahatmya from the Markandeya Purana, in 16 adhyayas. As the MS. begins with f. 14, the Devimahatmya must have been preceded by

some other treatise. F. 14 begins: tapasvamtam mahātmānam Mārkamdeyam mahāmatim (Vyāsaśisyo mahātejā - ai - - - - - ruvāca \ Mārkamdeya mahāprājña sarvaśāstraviśārada \ śrotum icchāmy aśeṣeṇa Devīmāhātmyam uttamam \ Mārkamdeya uvāca \ sāvarnis sūryatanayo yo Manuḥ kathyate 'ṣṭamaḥ ı niśāmaya tadutpattim vistarād vadato mama 1 &c. F. 30 (part of adhyāya 3) is missing. Adhyāya 13 ends (f. 66): sūryāj janma samāsādya sāvarņi bhavitā Manuh II iti śrīdevīmāhātmye varapradānam nāma trayodaso 'dhyāyah II Adhyāya 14 begins: jayam te devi Cāmumde jaya bhūtaprahāriņi i jaya sarvagate devi kālarātri namo 'stu te i śridevy uvāca i &c. Adhyāya 16 ends (f.  $74^{\circ}$ ): idam rahasyam paramam na vācyam kasyacin nṛpa l vyākhyāta divyamūrtināṃm adhisthānaṃ calāccaraṃ 🗤 iti Mārkamdeyapurāņe sūryasāvarņike Manvamtare śrīdevīmāhātmye Camddikārahasye sodaso 'dhyāyah u

The editions have only 13 adhyāyas.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $10 \times 2\frac{8}{4} \times 2$  in. Size of MS.:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{8}{3}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves held together by two boards in the South Indian fashion.

No. of leaves: ii + 75 (ff. 1-13 and 30 are missing) + vii blank. Six lines on a page.

Date: apparently modern, probably end of the 18th century.

Character: Telugu.

Injuries: ff. 14, 27, and 57 are slightly damaged.

#### 1185-MS. Sansk. c. 51

Devīmāhātmya with Nāgojībhaṭṭa's Commentary, A. D. 1839.

Contents: the Devimahatmya (or Saptasatī) from the Mārkandeya Purāņa, together with the Saptasatīvyākhyāna, the commentary of Nāgojībhatta, in 13 adhyāvas. The commentary begins (f. 17): śriganeśāya namah Mārkaṃdeyena kroṣṭu kiṃ Bhāguriṃ prati uktam stotram Jaiminim pratipaksirūpai muniputrair uktam Mārkamdeyapurāne tat tathāmati vyācaksmahe | &c. The text begins (f. 6v): om saptaśatiprathamacaritrasya Brahmā rşih Mahākālī devatā gāyatrī chamdah namdajā šaktih raktadamtikā bījam agnis tatvam Mahākālīprītyartham jape viniyogah om Mārkamdeya uvāca sāvarņih 1 &c. Both text and commentary end on f. 66, but the latter is followed by the Candistotraprayogavidhi, which ends on f. 827: iti śrimadupādhyāyopanāmakaśivabhaţţasutasatīgarbhajanāgojibhaţţakṛte Mārkamdeyapurānāmtargatasaptasatyākhyam Camdīstotravyākhyāne Camdīstotraprayogavidhih u samāptah śubham astu i See the edition of the work (Saţīkā Saptaśatī), Bombay, 1862 (śake 1784), ff. 49<sup>v</sup>, 59<sup>v</sup>.

From f. 32 a new hand begins.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 36). Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 82 + iii blank.

Date: samvat 1895 (= A.D. 1839) i

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1186-MS. Sansk. e. 18

Epitome of the Linga Purana, A. D. 1864.

Contents: Linga Purāṇa sūcaka, or a short epitome (a kind of table of contents) of the two parts of the Linga Purāṇa. The contents of adhyāyas 1-104 (pūrvabhāga) are given on ff. 3-20; the contents of adhyāyas 105-160 (uttarabhāga) on ff. 20\(^v-25\). It begins: 1. adhyāyah i sivakṣetrayātrāṃ kṛtvā Naimiṣaṃ prati Nāradāgamanaṃ i Nāradasya ṛṣibhiḥ pūjanaṃ i &c.

Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Arranged in European fashion. Material: English paper, water-marked.

No. of leaves: ii + 23 + xx blank.

Date: the paper is water-marked '1863' and '1864,' hence the MS. must have been written about that time.

Character: Telugu.

#### 1187-MS. Sansk. d. 58

#### Gayāmāhātmya from the Vāyu Purāņa, A. D. 1789.

Contents: the Gayāmāhātmya, in 8 adhyāyas, from the Vāyu Purāṇa; imperfect. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 11 oṃ namo bhagavate śrīgadādharāya namaḥ 11 ii 11 Sūta uvāca 11 Saunakādyair mmahābhāgair devarsiḥ saha Nāradaḥ 11 &c. It ends: svam āśramaṃ punyavaner upetaṃ tiṣṭhagīta guru jagāmaṃḥ (sic) 11 11 iti śrīvāyupurāṇe śvetavārāhakalye Gayāmāhātmye aṣṭamo adhyāyaḥ 11 śubham astu 11

The work was printed at Benares in 1876 (samvat 1932), obl. fol.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 32). Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 36 (ff. 2-4, 20, 28, 29, 34-40 are missing).

Date: saṃvat || 1796 || sāke 1660 (= A. D. 1739) caitramāse kṛṣṇapakṣe amāvāśyāṃyāṃ likhitaṃ sukravāsare Sevakarāmakāyastamokāmakasavaigayāsaharamoh || Character: Devanagari. The Anusvara is expressed both by a dot and by a small circle. The ra is always written  $\exists$ .

Ornamentations at the end of the adhyayas. See ff. 15, 21, 30, 42.

#### 1188-MS. Sansk. d. 61

Māghamāhātmya from the Vāyu Purāṇa, A. D. 1877.

Contents: the Māghamāhātmya, in 30 adhyāyas, from the Vāyu Purāņa. It begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II śrīnārada uvāca II saṃsārektiśyamānānāṃ jaṃtūnāṃ pāpakāriṇāṃ II karmaṇā bhrāmyamānānāṃ kā gatiḥ kamalodbhava II II F. 3<sup>v</sup>: yathā Gaṃgā nadīnāṃ tu devānāṃ ca yathā Hariḥ II vṛkṣāṇāṃ ca yathāśvatthaḥ paśūnāṃ gaur yathā mune II tathā vai māghamāso 'yaṃ māsānām uttamottama II vedānāṃ ca yathā sāmaṃ maṃtrāṇāṃ praṇavo yathā II gāyatrī chaṃdasāṃ yadvat pakṣiṇāṃ garuḍo yathā II Vaiṣṇavānāṃ yathā Rudra rtūnāṃ mādhavo yathā II māsānāṃ pravaro māso māghamāsa udāḥṛtaḥ II tends: saṃtoṣam atulaṃ prāpur vismayotphullalocanāḥ II Sūtaṃ paurāṇikaṃ taṃ tu pūjayām āsur aṃjasā II II iti śrīvāyupurāṇe Māghamāhatmye Vrahmanāradasaṃvāde triṃśo 'dhyāyaḥ II

F. 1<sup>r</sup>, written by a different hand, does not belong to the work.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 42). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 107 (f. 16 is missing).

Date: śriśāke 1799 (= A. D. 1877) caitravadi 3 vudhavāre dina likhitam idam pustakam 11 The MS. looks rather older.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1189 (1-4)—MS. Sansk. c. 57 S'iva Purana, 19th cent.?

Contents: four different fragments of the Siva Purāṇa, viz.:

- 1. One page (f. 4<sup>v</sup> = f. 1 old foliation) containing the beginning (adhyāya 1 and two ślokas of adhyāya 2) of the Jūānasamhitā of the Siva Purāṇa.
- 2. Ff. 5-88 (= ff. 1-8, 10-18, 21, 23-68, 73-92 old foliation), containing adhyāyas 1-53, 80 of the Jāānssamhitā of the Siva Purāṇa. It begins: śrīgoviņdadevau jayati 11 11 jagatah pitaram Sambhūm jagato mātaram Sivam tata putram ca Gaṇādhīśam natvaitad varṇayāmy aham 1 vāgīśā yasya vadane Lakṣmīr yasya ca vakṣasi 1 yasmāsti hṛdaye samyak tam Nṛsihamm aham bhaje 1 &c. F. 22: iti śrīśivapurāne Pārvatīvarapradāno nāmah 141 F. 57. iti śrīśivapurāne gaṇayud-

dhabhamgo nāmādhyāyah 33 1 F.85°: iti śrīśivapurāņe viśvaśvaramahimānirūpeņo nāmādhyāyah 50 1 End of the fragment, f.88°: namaś cākāra deve śamgo tamo lokakāmyayā tatah stu Samkaram devam pṛthivyāś ca divaś ca sah sāravaiva samu 1 See the edition of the Siva Purāṇa, f. 143.

3. Ff. 89-126 (=ff. 30-67 old foliation), containing adhyāyas 15, 73 to 36, 17 of the Jūānasamhitā of the Siva Purāņa. Beginning: vam vacanam ākarnya rsayas te praharsitāḥ (See ed., f. 40°.) F. 90: iti Sivapurāņe Sivamamtraņo nāmadhyāyaḥ 22 1 F. 97°: iti śriśivapurāņe Pārvatīvivāhavarņano nāma 25 1 F. 109°: iti śrīśivapurāņe pūjāvidhiau 33 1 F. 122: iti śrīśivapurāņe guņayuddhabhamgo nāmādhyāyaḥ 40 1 F. 126: iti śrīśivapurāņe śavacane nāma 42 1 End (f. 126°): pitrbhyām kriyate ced vai anyaḥ kim na karoti ca asam 1 See ed., f. 95.

4. Ff. 127-223 (= ff. 51-147 old foliation), containing adhyāyas 16, 12 to 64 (end) of the Dharmasamhitā of the Siva Purāṇa. Beginning: yas tu vāhyārthasaṃyogaḥ ktiyāyoga sa ucyate pradhānakāraṇaṃ yogo vimukter munisattama 1 &c. (See ed., f. 64\*.) F. 129: iti Sivapurāṇe nityanaimitikavidhi 11711 F. 170: iti Sivapurāṇe vrahmāṃdakathano nāma 34 1 F. 200\*: iti Sivapurāṇe maṃtrayoge nāma 52 1 F. 223: iti Sivapurāṇe 63 1 End of the whole (f. 223\*): yo 'syā cārtham ime dhyāyan pavec cainachaṇoti vā mucyate sarvapāpebhyo mokṣa yāti na saṃsayaḥ iti Sivapurāṇe durvicititastata 11 pṛthvīdānam 11 See ed. (last part), f. 167.

Fragments 2 and 4 are written by one hand, and fragments 1 and 8 by another.

The edition referred to above is the large oblong folio printed at Bombay (Ganpat Kṛṣṇāji's Press) in 1884 (śake 1806). The numbering of the adhyāyas in this MS. differs from that in the edition.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 48).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 224.

Date: probably about A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanagari.

## 1190-MS. Sansk. d. 55

Agastyasamhitā, A.D. 1645.

Contents: the Agastyasamhitā (from the Skanda Purāņa?), in 32 adhyāyas. It begins: śrīrāmajaya II Magastyo nāma devarsisattamo Gautamītaţe I kadācid Damdakāranye Sutīksņasyāśramam yayau I pratyujjagāma tam bhaktyā gamdhapuspāksatodakaih I pādyārghyāgharhanām cakre tasmai vrahmavide munih I &c. F. 39.

ity Agastyasamhitāyām paramarahasye āsanavidhi aṣṭādaśo 'dhyāyaḥ II t ends: sannāhabhājam puruṣam yuddhāya parasainikaḥ I yātrākāle Hanūmamtam smaran yas tu svakān gṛhān I nirgachati sa vegena iṣṭārtham adhigachati I svāpakāle smaran nityam caurabhūtādikāñ jayet II II II ity Agastyasamhitāyām dvātrimśo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaḥ II II subham astuḥ II

F. 4 is missing.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 25). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 71 + iii blank.

Date: samvat 1701 (= A. D. 1645) || || lişitam (or likhītam) purana |

Character: Devanāgarī. Ornamentation on f. 17.

#### 1191-MS. Sansk. e. 46

#### Utpalāranyamāhātmya, 19th cent.

Contents: the Utpalāranyamāhātmya from the Brahmasamhita (of the Skanda Purana), a fragment consisting of ff. 1, 2, 15-17, 28-71, breaking off in the middle of adhyāya 21. Title on f. iii: Utpalāranyamāhātmyam tru. Brahmapurānāntargatam. tru! Title on f. 1: atha Brahmāvarttamāhātmyaprārambhah 1 work begins: śriganeśaya namah Krenam krenagrajam Rādhām lalitām lalitekşaņām Namdam Yasodām gopīms ca vamde mürtdhnā miramtaram IIII Vyāsam Vaiyyāsakim Sūtam Saunakādīn munīsvarān Girijām Girijākāmtam pranamāmi sadaiva hi 11 2 11 F. 15; iti śrībrahmasamhitāyām Utpalāraņyamāhātmye Gamgāvataraņam nāma pamcamo 'dhyāyaḥ 5 1 F. 32: iti śrībrao-tmye jñānatīrthavarņanam nāma dašamo 'dhyāyah 101 F. 69: iti śribrao-tmye 'statirthiphalakathanam nāma vimšatitamo 'dhyāyah 201 End of the fragment: śarvānyāh pamcamūrttīnām kathām etām śrņoti yah prāpnoti sakalān kāmān sa Bhavānyāh prasādatah purākṛtayu I

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 28).

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 71 (ff. 3-14, 18-27 are missing) + iii blank.

Date: quite modern. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1192-MS. Sansk. c. 15 (R)

Kāśīkhanda from the Skanda Purāņa, 14th cent.?

Contents: the Kāśīkhaṇḍa from the Skanda Purāṇa, chapters 1-51 complete. The text seems to differ very little from that of the edition, see the Bodl. catal., p. 68°, and is accurate. The chapters end on ff. 4, 8, 12, 16,

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21, 23°, 28°, 33, 36°, 41°, 47°, 51°, 57, 60, 62°, 67, 72, 73, 77°, 81, 85°, 89°, 92, 95°, 98°, 103°, 110, 115, 122°, 127°, 133, 140, 143°, 151°, 160°, 164, 169°, 173°, 177°, 183°, 190°, 193, 197, 200, 202, 204°, 207, 209, 213, 218°, 223. The MS. has been a good deal corrected by a later hand, which has numbered the chapters with figures, usually wrongly. The colophon on f. 223 is: iti śrīskandapurāņe Kāśīkhande arunavrddhakeśavamimalaganigoyamārdityavarņņanam nāma ekapañcāśo 'dhyāyah samāptah 1

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13 \times 2\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in. approximately.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two wooden boards and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 223.

Date: probably latter half of 14th cent. (Dr. Hoernle). With this agrees the fact that the t is formed exactly as in the Cambridge MS. 1704 in Bendall's Buddhist Sanskrit MSS. See the table at the end.

Character: Nepalese (not hooked writing), very neat, though not very accurate.

Injuries: the MS. is a good deal worm-eaten, especially f. 32.

#### 1193—MS. Sansk. b. 1

## Kāśīkhaṇḍa with Rāmānanda's Commentary, A. D. 1718 or 1778?

Contents: the Kāśīkhanda from the Skanda Purāna, together with a commentary by Rāmānanda. commentary begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i Kāśīnātham namaskrtya somam sagaņam īśvaram i yatra te sarvato labhyā sampado martvadurlabhāh (III) Mādhavam Girijām Dhumdhim Bhairavam damdanayakam ı manikarnim guham Kāśīm udaksrotovahām numah 112 11 &c. Vyāsokte Skāmda samjneyam purāņe Kāśikāśrayah i khamdo yas tasya fikeyam likhyate gurvanugrahāt 11711 The text is always in the middle of the page, separated from the commentary. The beginning of the text (f. 2) is lost; the first words are on f. 4: bhūmişthāpi na yātrabhūs tridivato 'py uccair adhaḥsthāpi yā yāvaddhā bhuvi muktidā syur amṛtam yasyām mṛtā jamtavaḥ 11 &c. The first part (ff. 413) ends with adhyaya 50. End of the text: iti śriskamdapurāņe Kāśīkhamde khakholkagarudeśayo varnanam nāmāma pamcāśattamo dhyāyah 115011 samāptam pūrvārddham 11 The second part (ff. 251) includes adhyāyas 51-100. The text ends: sarvvesām mamgalanam ca mahamamgalam uttamam 11 grhe 'pi likhitam pūjyam sarvvamamgalasiddhaye II II iti śrīskamdapurāņe Kāśīkhamde anukramanikā nāma śatatamo 'dhyāyah | 100 | The commentary ends: āsīt Kaśyapavaṃśabhūṣaṇamaṇir mānyo muktaṃdapriyo vipro Dāragadādharasya tanayaśuklāṃbaraḥ sanmatiḥ | Gaṃdharvījaṭhare tataḥ samabhavat śrīrāmanāmā sutas teneyuṃ vihitā hitāya viduṣāṃ ṭīkā budhair vīkṣatāṃ || || tit Kāśīkhaṃḍaṭīkāyāṃ śatatamo 'dhyāyaḥ || 100 || iti śrīmatparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryyaśrīmadbha gavat pūjya pādaśiṣyaśrīrāmeṃdra vanaśiṣyeṇa caitanyavanāparaparyyāyeṇa Rāmānaṃdena kṛtā Kāśīkhaṃḍaṭīkā samāptāḥ ||

In part I, ff. 2, 142, and ff. 270-328 (adhyāyas 31-35, and part of 36) are missing; ff. 14, 15 are missing, and one leaf is supplied by a modern hand; ff. 73, 74 are missing, and one leaf is supplied by a modern hand; f. 201 is supplied by a modern hand; ff. 255, 256 (smaller size) are supplied by a more recent hand, but not so modern as the other supplements.

In part II, ff. 2, 17, 18, 113, 114, 116-119, 121, 123-135, 150, 212, 214-222 are missing, adhyāyas 69-73 and 91-96 being defective.

There are many marginal corrections by a second hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 29). Size:  $16 \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 413 (really 353) + 254 (really 230).

Date: at the end of part I the following date is given: vilambasamvachare māghasudhapāḍivā II As the MS. appears to be fairly old, this may be A.D. 1778, or 1718, or 1658 (see C. P. Brown's Carnatic Chronology): probably it is A.D. 1718. By the Bṛhaspati cycle, which is in use in the north, it would be A.D. 1708—1709, Sewell and Dīkṣit, Indian Calendar, p. xciv.

Scribe: Kṛṣṇāji Viṣṇu of Benares, who wrote it for Viśvanātha Bhārathī.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the MS. has been repaired with transparent and brown paper in many places; parts of the text are lost, in part I, on ff. 11-13, 28, 29, 59, 98, 256, 257, 413; in part II, on ff. 101-103, 108, 115, 120, 122, 159, 160, 162-200, 240, 241, 243, 251.

#### 1194-MS. Sansk. b. 34

Purusottamamāhātmya from the Skanda Purāņa, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Purusottamamāhātmya from the Skanda Purāṇa, in 48 adhyāyas. F. iv: śrījagannāthāya namah 11 Nārāyanam namaskṛtya naram caiva narottamam 11 devīm Sarasvatīm Vyāsam tato jayam udīrayet 11 11 bhagavatsarvaśāstrajña sarvatīrthamahatva-

vit 11 kathitam ya tvayā pūrvam prastutam tīrthakīrttanam | | | | | | The beginning (f. 1) is fragmentary: (beginning of line lost) h II II Nārāyaņam namaskrtya naram caiva narottamam 11 devīm Sarasvatīm caiva tato jayam u (the rest of line 1 and beginning of line 2 lost) Ruşottamākhyam sumahat kṣetram paramapāvanam 11 yatrāste dāravatanuķ śrīśo mānuşa (the rest of line 2 and beginning of line 3 lost) bhagavān sākṣān Nārāyanah prabhuh 11 katham darumayam brahmann aste paramapūruşah II śrotum icha (the rest of line 3 and beginning of line 4 lost) r uvāca 11 11 śrņudhvam munayah sarve rahasyam paramam hi tat 11 avaisnavānām śravane bhaktis tatra na jāyate 11 &c. F. 4: iti śrīskamdapurāņe caturasītisāhasre Purusottamamāhātmye Jaiminisamvāde prathamo 'dhyāyah II Adhyāya 5 ends on f.  $21^{\circ}$ ; 8, on f.  $33^{\circ}$ ; 11, on f.  $53^{\circ}$ ; 17, on f. 82; 23, on f. 103<sup>v</sup>; 28, on f. 122<sup>v</sup>; 32, on f. 144; 38, on f. 168. It ends: dhanyam yasasyam āyuşyam punyam samtānavarddhanam II svargapratisthāgatidam sarvapāpāpanodanami II etad rahasyam ākhyātam purāņeşu şugopitam II Vaisnavebhyo vinānyeşu na tu vācyam kadācana II kutarkopahatā ve ca duradhītaśrutāgamāh 11 nāstikā dāmbhikā nityām paradosopadarsinah 11 avaisnavā moghajīvās tebhyo gopyam sadaiva hi II iti śrīska[m]dapurane Purușottamamāhātmye caturasītisāhasre Jaiminirsisamvāde astacatvārimso 'dhyāyah II srī II 48 II II srījagannāthāya namaḥ 🛚 🖠

Acquired probably about 1870.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 34.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $16\frac{3}{4} \times 5 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $16 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two red painted boards and a string going through one central hole.

No. of leaves: i+188. Four lines on a page.

Date: very uncertain; perhaps about A. D. 1700.

Character: Devanāgarī, clearly written.

Injuries: the greater part of f. 1, one half of f. 58, and part of f. 66 are lost; f. 99 is slightly damaged.

#### 1195—MS. Sansk. e. 14 (R)

Vaišākhamāhātmya from the Skanda Purāņa, A. D. 1747?

Contents: the Vaisākhamāhātmya from the Skanda Purāṇa, in 25 adhyāyas. The beginning (ff. 1-22 and 24-65) is lost. F. 23 begins: snānam kuryāt prātar bhrgudaye i saptajanmārjitah pāpaih i &c. The leaf contains verses 12 to 21 of adhyāya 4. F. 66 begins at the end of verse 11 of adhyāya 9: parāyaṇā i

bhavişyati ca te patyur 1 &c. F. 76: iti śriskamdapurāņe Vaišākhāmāhātmye navamo 'dhyāyah 11 Adhyāya 10 ends on f. 86°; 11, on f. 100°; 12, on f. 105°. The end of this adhyāya is not marked by a colophon, but f. 106, containing two lines of benedictions, subham astu i śrīrāmāya namaķ i &c., was evidently inserted to show that the adhyaya is ended; nevertheless, the following adhyāyas 13-25 are described in the colophons as adhyāyas 12-24. Adhyāya 13 ends on f. 115; 14, on f. 121; 15, on f. 131; 16, on f. 138<sup>v</sup>; 17, on f. 145<sup>v</sup>; 18, on f. 152<sup>v</sup>; 19, on f. 160<sup>v</sup>; 20, on f. 170; 21, on f. 177; 22, on f. 188<sup>v</sup>; 23, on f. 193<sup>v</sup>; 24, on f. 203<sup>v</sup>; 25, on f. 210. It ends: Sūta i ya idam paramākhyānam pāpaghnam pumnyavardhanam i śrunuyāt śrāvayād vāpi so 'pi yāti parām gatim i likhitam pustakam yesām he tişthati mānadāh i teşām muktih karasthā hi kim u ha śravanātmanām 11=11 iti śrīskamdapurāne Vaiśākhamāhātmye caturvimšo 'dhyāyah  $|| = || \hat{s}r\bar{i} || = || = || \hat{s}r\bar{i} ||$ 

The two leaves, ff. 211, 212, contain some Tantric mantras. Ff. 212<sup>v</sup>, 213<sup>v</sup> are in Telugu characters.

A lithographed edition of the Vaiśākhamāhātmya was published at Bombay in 1861 (śake 1783).

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{7}{8} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$  in. Size of MS:  $8 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a board and a string going through one central hole.

No. of leaves: i+213 (ff. 1-22 and 24-65 are missing). Four or five lines on a page.

Date and Scribe (f. 210<sup>V</sup>): prabhāve 'smin caitramāśi paurņamyām sitapakṣake I Vasamtadharmma likhim Vemkkanānyāmanīṣiṇā Tīrumalākhye Tuṭasya putrasya ca mahātmanah II śrīvemkaṭeśārpaṇastu II The Prabhāva year may be A. D. 1807, or 1747, or 1687: probably 1747.

Character: Nāndīnāgarī. The leaves are numbered with the Telugu figures. See Burnell, South Indian Palaeography, pp. 56 sq.

Injuries: ff. 23, 130, 131, 202, 207, 208, 211, 212 are more or less damaged.

#### 29. TRANSLATIONS

General Remarks on the MSS. Wilson 541-571, Nos. 1196-1220.

H. H. Wilson tells us in the introductory remarks to his 'Analysis of the Purānas' (see Works of H. H. Wilson, III, 5-7), what extensive preparations he had made, during the latter years of his residence

in India, for an examination of the contents of all the Purāṇas. The Translations and Indices contained in the MSS. Wilson 541-571 belong to these preparations. The Translations must have been made between 1823 and 1832, by Paṇḍits, and copied by young natives. As some of the MSS. are dated 1827 and 1828, and the copyists are always the same, they were probably all written in these years. Only one of them, MS. Wilson 571 (1220), is dated 1823.

M. Jules Mohl, in his sketch of H. H. Wilson's life (Rapport Annuel, Juillet 1860, Journal Asiatique, Cinquième Série, XVI, 19), refers to these MSS., saying, 'J'ai vu à Oxford les analyses de tous les Puranas écrites de sa main (sic) et remplissant, si ma mémoire ne me trompe, dix-huit volumes in-folio.' See also Th. Goldstücker, Literary Remains, II, 94.

#### 1196-MSS. Wilson 541, 542

## Translations from the Agni Purāṇa, between A.D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Agni Purana, made for the late H. H. Wilson, and copied by various Pandits, with notes and corrections, sometimes from H. H. Wilson's own hand, sometimes by the Pandits who copied this translation. An introduction to the Agni Purana in 541, ff. 2-10, is written by H. H. Wilson himself. The translation is not complete, but omits many chapters. The numbers of the chapters do not agree with the numbers of the adhyāyas in Rājendralāla Mitra's ed. of the Agni Purāpa in Bibl. Ind.; thus, chapter 14 corresponds to adhyāya 13; chap. 15, to 14; chap. 41, to 46; chap. 137, to 154; chap. 148, to 165; chap. 173, to 190; chap. 192, to 210; chap. 308, to 345, &c. 541 ends with chap. 192 = adhyāya 210 (on the Mahādānas). 542 begins with chap. 199 = adhyāya 218 (Rājābhişeka), and ends with chap. 311 (end of the Alankara) = adhyaya 346 (ed., III, 235). There are illustrations on ff. 592, 594 of 542.

Size:  $12\frac{8}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: very thin and absorbent paper.

No. of leaves: 541 = 323; 542 = 634.

Date: as several of this series of translations were written in 1827 and 1828, it is probable that these two volumes also were written about the same time.

Scribes: in several places we find the statements, 'Copied by J. C. Roy' and 'Copied by S. C. Ghose,' or only the initials 'J. C. R.' and 'S. C. G.' See e. g. 541, ff. 88, 108, 252, &c., and 542, ff. 57, 208, &c.

Injuries: the beginning of the first volume (541,

ff. 1-79) and the end of the second volume (542, from f. 464) are slightly damaged by insects. Of the latter, ff. 295, 296 also are damaged.

#### 1197-MS. Wilson 543

## Translations from the Brahma Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: the Uttarakhaṇḍa of the Brahma Purāṇa, chapters I-4, 10-12, 14-18, 22, 23, 31 and 32, translated by or for the late H. H. Wilson, and copied for him, with many notes by the translator. From some of these notes it appears that the MS. from which the translation was made was often very incorrect, see e. g. ff. 24, 40. On f. 81 there is a note by H. H. Wilson (?): 'Translate the intermediate chapters at least to the end of the contest between Brahma and Sumridika,' which seems to be an instruction given by him to his Paṇḍit. The MS. is full of corrections, but only rarely in H. H. Wilson's own hand. On this Uttarakhaṇḍa see Wilson, Works, III, 19 sq.

Size:  $13 \times 8\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 243.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: f. 1 'Copied by Cornell (?).'

Injuries: the ends of the lines (on the verso of the leaves) are often illegible, through the carelessness of the binder. F. 56 is damaged.

#### 1198-MS. Wilson 544, 545

## Translation of the Viṣṇu Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of the Viṣṇu Purāṇa, made and copied for the late H. H. Wilson, with frequent corrections and notes from his own hand. 544 contains chapters 1-15 and 21 of Book I (ff. 1-176), and chapters 1-13 of Book II (ff. 178-280). The first page of f. 276 is written by H. H. Wilson himself. 545 contains chapters 1-7 of Book III (ff. 4-60), chapters 1-24 of Book IV (ff. 61-324), and chapters 1, 2, 18, 20, 22, 23, 26-30, 32-37 of Book V. Apart from corrections in many places, a whole section, from ff. 30° to 33°, is written by H. H. Wilson himself. Several notes, e. g. on ff. 122° and 137, are signed 'K. K.'

Size:  $13 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 544 = 282; 545 = 449.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: on f.85<sup>v</sup> of 544, we read, 'Copied F.,' on f. 178, 'Copied by J. C. R.,' the latter also on ff. 325 and 350<sup>v</sup> of 545. 'J. C. R.' are the initials of J. C. Roy, who copied parts of MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Injuries: ff. 3-122 and 184-280 of 544, and ff. 3-148 and 280-447 of 545 are slightly damaged by insects. F. 15 of the first, and f. 33 of the second volume are torn.

#### 1199—MS. Wilson 546

## Translations from the Nāradīya Purāṇa, between A.D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of the Nāradīya Purāṇa, made and copied for the late H. H. Wilson. An introduction in his own hand, ff. 3-6. The chapters translated are: 1, 3, 13, 14, 18 of part I (ff. 7-63), and chapters 8-38 of part II (ff. 65-236). There is a pencil note on f. 63 $^{\circ}$ : 'No more articles marked for translation from this Purana. Trans.'

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 9$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 238.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: there is an entry on f. 237v: 'Copied by Krishna (?).'

#### 1200-MS. Wilson 547

## Translations from the Varāha Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Varāha Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson, with introductory remarks in his own hand (ff. 2-10). Ff. 12-19, also, are in his own hand. The chapters translated are: 3, 5, 6, 11, 12, 21, 22, 24, 27, 28, 50-54, 65, 66, 68, 82-86, 89, 97, 106, B 14, B 19, B 21, B 50, B 55, C 7, C 18, C 24-C 28, C 37, C 41, C 46, C 47, C 49-C 55, C 61-C 63. A pencil note at the end of the last chapter: 'No more to be translated of this Purańa.'

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 370.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: 'Copied by R. D.,' f. 12. 'Copied by R. K. D.,' f. 20. 'Copied by Ranj Kissew,' f. 369.

Injuries: the beginning (ff. 1-131) is very slightly damaged by insects.

#### 1201-MS. Wilson 548

## Translations from the Kālikā Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Kālikā Purāṇa (really an Upapurāṇa, see H. H. Wilson, Works, VI, lxxxix), made and copied for H. H. Wilson. The chapters translated are: 1-6, 8-13, 16-18, 20, 23, 24, 28-31, 36-41, 52, 53, 59-64, 72-74, 87-91, 97, 98. At the end of chapter 73 (on f. 355) there is the following pencil note: Mr. Halcraft has translated from the next chapter. On f. 357 some lines in H. H. Wilson's own hand are crossed out. Ff. 358-360 are written by a different hand from all the rest, and have been corrected by H. H. Wilson. The greater part of f. 406 is written in his own hand.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 435.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: on the last page (f. 432): 'Copied by Ranj Kissew'(?), i.e. Kṛṣṇa.

Injuries: ff. 3, 4, 285, 299, 300, 410, 429 are torn, and ff. 88-90, 196, 205, 206, 211-217, 221 are slightly damaged.

#### 1202-MS. Wilson 549

## Translations from the Linga Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Linga Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. Of some chapters extracts only are given. The earlier chapters contain many corrections in H. H. Wilson's own hand, see e.g. ff. 2<sup>V</sup>, 49, 50. Directions for the translator, such as, 'Chapters 17 and 18 not required,' 'No need to translate that,' &c., on ff. 91, 106, 129<sup>V</sup>, 198<sup>V</sup>. On f. 11<sup>V</sup> (before the beginning of the extract from chapter 3) we read: 'This was too difficult at the time to be translated by me.' The chapters translated are: 1-8, 11-16, 19, 20, 22-24, 35-41, 45-54, 58, 63-68, 70, 71, 76, 77, 84-86 (extracts), 94, 95, 97, 98, 103-105 of part I (ending on f. 261), and 6, 8, 10, 12, 14-17 of part II.

Four leaves are missing at the beginning.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 9$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 275.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Injuries: f. 12, torn; f. 35, the last line torn away.

#### 1203-MS. Wilson 550

#### Translations from the Mahābhārata, A. D. 1827-1828.

Contents: an English translation of the Adiparva of the Mahābhārata, partly in extracts only, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. It begins with chapter 4; at the end of chapter 57 we read (f. 64<sup>v</sup>): 'End of introductory chapters marked for translation.' After this the chapters are not counted, but only the leaves of the MS. from which the translation was made, the first leaf being 136, and the last (corresponding to the end of the Adiparva), 431.

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 324.

Date: beginning from f. 68°, we find dates entered at the bottom of the page after every four or six leaves, the first date being Nov. 27, 1827; the second, on f. 74°, Nov. 30, 1827; and the last, on f. 323, February 9, 1828.

#### 1204-MS. Wilson 551

#### Translations from the Mahābhārata, A. D. 1828.

Contents: an English translation of the greater part of the Sabhāparva of the Mahābhārata, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. The translation is made from a MS. copy of the Sanskrit original, as may be seen from the references made to the incorrectness of the MS. on ff. 256,  $265^{\circ}$ ,  $284^{\circ}$ , 301, 312, 325 $^{\circ}$ , 326. There are many corrections in H. H. Wilson's hand in the earlier chapters (see ff. 42, 49, 112, 115, 121<sup>v</sup>, 123, 124), and f. 5 is written entirely by him. The chapters translated are 1-14, 17-45, 56-72, this being the end of the Sabhaparva. These numbers differ somewhat from those in the Calcutta edition of the Mahābhārata, chapters 56-72 in this MS. corresponding to chapters 63-75 in the Calcutta edition. There is a note on f. 140: 'The nineteenth and twentieth chapters are made one in the index'; and similar notes on ff. 178, 183, 251, 300v. On f. 340 there is a pencil note: 'No more of this Parva is to be translated'; and against it is written in ink, 'Go on to the end of the Parva,' which is signed by what seem to be the initials of H. H. Wilson.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: absorbent paper. No. of leaves: 358.

Date: the date July 11, 1828, is given on f. 126<sup>v</sup>, and the date Sept. 19, 1828, on the last page.

#### 1205-MSS. Wilson 552, 553

#### Translations from the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Kṛṣṇajanmakhaṇḍa of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. The first volume contains (on ff. 4, 5) an index, apparently referring to chapters and leaves of the original Sanskrit MS., and (on ff. 6-372) translations of chapters 1-3, 6, 8, 9, 13-17, 24-34, 49-51. The second volume contains translations of chapters 59, 64, 68, 70, 72, 75, 83, 86, 87, 97, 98, 102-107, 112, 114, 115, 117-119, 122, 123, 127-132.

Size:  $552 = 13 \times 8\frac{1}{3}$  in.;  $558 = 12\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 552 = 375; 558 = 303.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: in 553, f. 2, there is an entry which is not very legible, but seems to be intended for, 'Copied by Ranj Kissow Gose Goopt.'

#### 1206-MS. Wilson 554

#### Translations from the Brahmanda Purana, A.D. 1827.

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. The chapters translated are: 1-3, 5, 8-10, 22, 24, 25, 33-35, 43, 46, 98 (extract), and 100 of the Pūrvakhaṇḍa, and chapters 1, extracts of 6 and 7, chapters 8, 10, 11, 15, 17, extracts of 24 and 25, chapter 28, and an extract of 33 of the Uttarakhaṇḍa which begins on f. 188. The translator frequently refers to the defective state of the Sanskrit MS. from which he translated, see e. g. ff. 26, 37, 49, 50, &c.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 280.

Date: the date April 5, 1827, is given on f. 9, and the date September 18, 1827, on the last page.

#### 1207—MS. Wilson 555

#### Translations from the S'iva Purāṇa, A. D. 1827.

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters from the Siva Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. Of some chapters extracts only are given. From chapters 21 to 45 the chapters are not marked, but the leaves of the Sanskrit MS. are indicated by numbers, see f. 66. The Uttarakhanda begins

on f. 134. The translator frequently refers to the defective state of the Sanskrit MS. from which he translated; see e. g. ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 21<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, &c.

Size:  $13 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 258.

Date: the date February 19, 1827, is given on f. 178, and the date April 2, 1827, on f. 255.

#### 1208-MS. Wilson 556

#### Translations from the Vayu Purāṇa, between A.D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Vāyu Purāṇa, made and copied for H. H. Wilson. It begins with an introduction to the Vāyu Purāṇa, on ff. 2-16, in Wilson's own handwriting. Then follow (ff. 18-502) translations of chapters 1-8, 12, 18-21, 23, 26-28, 31-51, and (ff. 504-516), in Wilson's hand, of chapters 30 and 54. There are references to the original Sanskrit MS. on ff. 234, 234, 281, 296, 366.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, some of it absorbent.

No. of leaves: 517.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: there is an entry, 'Copied,' on f. 2, and 'Copied by R. D.,' on f. 508.

#### 1209—MS. Wilson 557

## Translations from the Padma Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Pātālakhaṇḍa of the Padma Purāṇa. The chapters translated, either in full or in extracts, are: 1, 2, 4, 7, 10, 34, 35, 40, 41, 65-80, 96-102. On f. 74<sup>v</sup> there is an entry signed with H. H. Wilson's initials: 'The 75th chapter is required to connect the story.' References to the original Sanskrit MS. occur on ff. 86<sup>v</sup> and 142<sup>v</sup>. See Wilson, Works, III, 22, 45 sq.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 166.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

BODL, SANS, CATAL, II,

#### 1210—MSS. Wilson 558-560

#### Translations from the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa.

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Brahma, Prakṛti, and Gaṇeśa khaṇḍas of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa. 558 contains the Brahmakhaṇḍa, ending with chapter 28; 559, the Prakṛtikhaṇḍa, ending with chapter 62; 560, the Gaṇeśa- or Gaṇapatikhaṇḍa, ending with chapter 46. The chapters as marked in these MSS. do not agree with the chapters in Jīvānanda Vidyāsāgara's ed. of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa, Calcutta, 1888.

There is a note in H. H. Wilson's hand on f. 159<sup>v</sup> in 559, and various corrections in several places are also in his hand.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in.;  $560 = 13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 558 = 138; 559 = 227; 560 = 315. Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1198).

#### 1211-MS. Wilson 561

#### Translations from the Brhan Naradīya Purāņa, between A.D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of some chapters of the Vṛhan Nāradīya or Bṛhan Nāradīya Purāṇa, with an introduction (ff. 3-6) in H. H. Wilson's own hand. The chapters translated are: 1, 3-5, 8, 11, 38. At the end of chapter 11 (f. 94) there is a pencil note: 'No more articles of this Purāṇa marked for translation.' See on this Purāṇa, Wilson, Works, VI, li-liii.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 114.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

#### 1212-MS. Wilson 562

#### Translations from the Adi Purana, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of five chapters (viz. 1, 2, 10, 23, 25) of the Adi Purāṇa (really an Upapurāṇa), with an introduction in H. H. Wilson's own hand on ff. 4, 5. There is a pencil note on the first page: 'Translated by A M G.'

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 50.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Y

Scribe: both on the first and on the last page there is an entry in red ink: 'Copyed(sic) by S. G.,' perhaps meant for S. C. Ghose, see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

#### 1213-MS. Wilson 563

## Translations from the Kurma Purana, between A.D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Kūrma Purāṇa or Kaurma Purāṇa, with an introduction in H. H. Wilson's own hand on ff. 3-12. The chapters translated are: 1, 2, 7, 8, 11, 12, 19-23, 27, 28, 31-39, 44-54; then follow (from f. 363) chapters 9, 36, 44, 45 (of an Uttarakhaṇḍa?).

See on this Purāņa, Wilson, Works, VI, lxxvi-lxxx.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 385.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribe: 'Copied by R. D.,' ff. 3, 13. 'Copied by Ranj Kissow Doss,' f. 384v.

#### 1214-MS. Wilson 564

#### Translations from the Padma Purāņa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Bhūmi- or Tīrthakhaṇḍa, i.e. the second division, of the Padma Purāṇa. The chapters translated are: 1, 7, 13, 15-17, 24-26, 29, 30, 38, 39, 62, 63, 66, 67, 80-82, 84-87, 97-106, 108-112, 123, 124, 128-131. See Wilson, Works, III, 22, 30-39.

Size:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper, some of it absorbent.

No. of leaves: 397.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Injuries: ff. 3-5, 147-152, 159, 160, 170, 198, 253, 254, 268, 394, 495 have been repaired, and a few letters or words, here and there, are lost.

#### 1215—MS. Wilson 565

#### Translations from the Padma Purāṇa, between A. D. 1825 and 1830?

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Svargakhanda, i. e. the third division, of the Padma Purāṇa. The chapters translated are: 1-7, 10-15, 23, 25, 26, 29, 32, 37-39. There is a note

referring to the original Sanskrit MS. on f. 40°. See Wilson, Works, III, 22, 39-45.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 296.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

#### 1216-MS. Wilson 566

#### Translations from the Bhavişya Purāṇa, A.D. 1827.

Contents: an English translation of selected chapters of the Brahmaparvan of the Bhavisya Purāṇa. The chapters translated are: 1, 3, 5, 6, 8-13, 15, 16, 20, 25, 27-30. The translator very frequently refers to the defective state of the original Devanāgarī MS. from which he translated, see e. g. ff. 14, 19, 25, 26, 49, 59, 60, &c. On f. 265 there is a note: 'Ten or twelve original stanzas that follow this place, and contain an account how the mental consigning of the letters of the Pranava are to be accomplished, are left out in the translation. The Pandit makes a secret of those lines, in veneration for the mysterious Gayatri.' Against this Wilson wrote: 'He is a blockhead.'

A leaf has been torn out after f. 306, but nothing seems to be wanting.

See on this Purana, Wilson, Works, VI, lxii-lxiv.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 9$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 402.

Date: the date February 16, 1827, is given on f. 236<sup>v</sup>, and the date May 31, 1827, on the last page.

#### 1217 (1-8)—MS. Wilson 568

#### Indices to Vāmana Purāņa, &c., about A.D. 1827, 1828?

Contents:

- 1. Table of contents of the volume (f. 1<sup>v</sup>).
- 2. Two odd leaves of an index, from chapter 6 to chapter 12 (ff. 2, 3).
- 3. An Index to the Vāmana Purāṇa (ff. 4-49), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 125 leaves. There is a note on f. 13: 'A few leaves have been lost from the 24th to the 47th; consequently no index has been made.' See MS. Wilson 127 (102); Bodl. catal., pp. 45 sq.
- 4. An Index to the Karmavipāka (ff. 50-75), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 118 leaves, with 78 chapters. See MS. Wilson 214 (659); Bodl. catal., p. 281.
- 5. An Index to the Kriyāyogasāra of the Padma Purāņa (ff. 76-101), giving chapter, leaf, and page

according to a MS. of 126 leaves, with 25 chapters. See MS. Wilson 116 (55); Bodl. catal., p. 14.

- 6. An Index to the Bhavişyottara Purāṇa (ff. 102–107), giving chapter and leaf according to a MS. of 237 leaves, with 182 chapters.
- 7. An Index to the Harivamsa, 'in the Nágari character' (ff. 108-181), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 684 leaves. See MS. Wilson 144 (19); Bodl. catal., p. 2.
- 8. An Index to the Pātālakhaṇḍa of the Padma Purāṇa (ff. 182-241), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 255 leaves, with 110 chapters. Ff. 217-241 contain a repetition of the index for leaves 188-255.

N.B.—What are called 'Indices' above are not alphabetical indices, but rather tables of contents of the works mentioned.

Size:  $13 \times 8\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 243.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

Scribes: 'Copied by Krishna (?),' f. 49"; 'Copied by Ghosala,' f. 242.

#### 1218-MS. Wilson 569

#### Index to Vālmīki's Rāmāyaņa, about A.D. 1827, 1828?

Contents: an Index, or rather a detailed table of contents, to Vālmīki's Rāmāyaņa, in seven kāndas.

The Index to the Ādikāṇḍa (82 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 82 leaves, ends on f. 59.

The Index to the Ayodhyākāṇḍa (127 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 133 leaves, ends on f. 111<sup>v</sup>.

The Index to the Āraṇyakāṇḍa (80 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 84 leaves, ends on f. 159.

The Index to the Kişkindhākāṇḍa (64 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 76 leaves, ends on f. 188.

The Index to the Sundarakāṇḍa (94 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 113 leaves, ends on f. 243.

The Index to the Lankākāṇḍa (118 chapters), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 193 leaves, ends on f. 378<sup>v</sup>.

The Index to the Uttarakāṇḍa, giving the pages only, and referring to a copy of 168 pages, ends on f. 469.

Size:  $13 \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Paper, some of it absorbent.

No. of leaves: 470.

Date: see above, MSS. Wilson 541, 542 (1196).

### 1219 (1-9)—Ms. Wilson 570

Indices to the Mārkaṇḍeya Purāṇa, &c., A. D. 1827.

Contents:

- 1. Table of contents of the volume (f. IV).
- 2. Index to the Mārkaṇḍeya Purāṇa (ff. 2-95), giving chapter (only as far as chapter 92), leaf, and page according to a MS. of 158 leaves.
- 3. Index to the first part of the S'iva Purāṇa (ff. 96-147), giving leaf and page according to a MS. of 112 leaves.
- 4. Index to the Uttarakhanda of the S'iva Purāna (ff. 148-212), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 88 leaves, containing 36 chapters.
- 5. Index to the first part of the Ganesa Purāna (ff. 214-231), giving leaf and page according to a MS. of 98 leaves.
- 6. Index to the Uttarakhanda of the Ganesa Purāna (ff. 232-256), giving leaf and page according to a MS. of 208 leaves.
- 7. Index to the first part of the Brahmāṇḍa Purāṇa (ff. 258-354), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 218 leaves, containing 124 chapters.
- 8. Index to the Uttarakhanda of the Brahmanda Purana (ff. 356-403), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 78 leaves, containing 33 chapters.
- 9. Index (not complete) to the Vratārka (ff. 404—414), giving leaf, page, and line of a MS., the last leaf mentioned being 452. The first two items are: 'The meaning of the word Vrata,' and 'When a person should observe a Vrata, and when not'; the last two items: 'The rules of placing a Siva Linga,' and 'Of the marriage of a Tulasi tree.' See Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, s. v. vratārka.

N.B.—These 'Indices,' too, are very full tables of contents of the works mentioned, and not alphabetical indices.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 416.

Date: the date April 28, 1827, is given on f. 359°; and the date June 7, 1827, on the last page (f. 414).

Scribe: 'Copied by R. D.,' f. 214. R. D. is Ranj Kissow Doss, see MS. Wilson 563 (1218).

Injuries: ff. 258-260 and 312 are slightly damaged.

### 1220 (1-14)-MS. Wilson 571

Indices to the Brahma Purāņa, &c., A.D. 1823.

Contents:

- 1. Table of contents of the volume (f. ii \*).
- 2. Index to the Uttarakhanda of the Brahma Purāņa, by Govindarāma Upādhyāya (ff. 1-17), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 180 leaves, containing 37 chapters.
- 3. Index to the Vāsiṣṭha Liṅga Purāṇa, by Govindarāma Upādhyāya (f. 18), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to the fragment of 4 leaves (4 chapters). See MS. Wilson 119<sup>b</sup> (141); Bodl. catal., p. 83<sup>b</sup>.
- 4. Index to the Adi Purāṇa (ff. 19<sup>b</sup>-23<sup>v</sup>), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 66 leaves, containing 25 chapters.
- 5. Index to the Brahmakhanda of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa (ff. 24-29), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 67 leaves, containing 30 chapters.
- 6. Index to the Prakṛtikhaṇḍa of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa (ff. 30-38<sup>v</sup>), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 176 leaves, containing 63 chapters.
- 7. Index to the Gaņeśakhanda of the Brahmavaivarta Purāņa (ff. 39-47), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 96 leaves, containing 48 chapters.
- 8. Index to the Kṛṣṇakhaṇḍa of the Brahmavaivarta Purāṇa (ff. 49-73), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 399 leaves, containing 132 chapters.
- 9. Index to the Varāha Purāņa (ff. 74-85°), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 388 leaves, containing two parts of 60+64 chapters.
- 10. Index to the Viṣṇu Purāṇa, by Govindarāma Upādhyāya (ff. 86-98°), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 231 leaves, containing six parts of 22+15+18+24+37+7 chapters. Examined H. H. W., f. 86.
- 11. Index to the Vāyu Purāṇa (ff. 100-119), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 162 leaves, containing 56 chapters.
- 12. Index to the Kālikā Purāṇa (ff. 120-169<sup>v</sup>), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 316 leaves, containing 98 chapters.
- 13. Index to the Bhūkhaṇḍa of the Skanda Purāṇa (ff. 170-187), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 37 leaves, containing 24 chapters.

14. Index to the Nāradīya Purāṇa (ff. 188-199), giving chapter, leaf, and page according to a MS. of 29 leaves, containing two parts of 20+25 chapters.

N.B.—These 'Indices' again are really tables of contents.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 201.

Date: the dates April 30, 1823, and May 22, 1823, are given on ff.  $99^{\circ}$  and 119.

Scribes: 'Copied by S. C. Ghose,' ff. 119, 169; 'Copied by Ranj Kissow Goopt,' f. 199.

### 1221 (1-9)—MS. Wilson 572

Indices Verborum to the Hitopadesa and other Sanskrit Works, between A.D. 1820 and 1832?

Contents: Indices Verborum to the following Sanskrit works:

- 1. The Hitopadesa (ff. 4-63). The Index refers to page and line.
- 2. The Bhagavadgītā (ff. 64-67, col. 2). The Index refers to leaf, page, and line.
- 3. The Amarusataka (ff. 67, col. 2-70, col. 3). The Index refers to leaf and sloka.
- 4. The Gitagovinda (ff. 70, col. 3-75, col. 3). The Index refers to leaf, page, and line.
- 5. The Durgā, i. e. the Durgāmāhātmya (or Devīmāhātmya, or Caṇḍī, or Saptaśatī), from the Mārkaṇḍeya Purāṇa (ff. 75, col. 3-78, col. 3). The Index refers to leaf, page, and line.
- 6. Māgha's S'isupālavadha (ff. 78°, col. 3-96). The Index refers to sarga and sloka.
- 7. Bhāravi's Kirātārjunīya (ff.  $97^{v}-129^{v}$ ). The Index refers to sarga and śloka.
- 8. Manusamhitā, or the Law-book of Manu (ff.131–180°). The Index refers to adhyāya and śloka.
- 9. Adhyāya 1 of Vijñāneśvara's Mitākṣarā (ff. 181-223<sup>v</sup>). The Index refers to page and line.

A letter from Prof. Max Müller to the Librarian, dated November 5, 1882, is prefixed to the MS.

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 224. No. of columns: 3.

Date: from the paper and general appearance of the MS. one may conclude that it was written in India, that is before Prof. Wilson came to Oxford, or between the years 1820 and 1832.

Character: Devanagari.

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### § 80. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—EPISODES AND FRAGMENTS (1222–1224) 165

### V. EPIC AND PURĂŅA FRAGMENTS

#### 80. EPISODES AND FRAGMENTS

#### 1222-MS. Sansk. d. 63

Viṣṇusahasranāmastotra with S'aṅkarācārya's Commentary, A.D. 1753.

Contents: the Visnusahasranāmastotra, or the thousand names of Vișnu, from the Mahābhārata (Anuśasanaparvan, 6936-7078), with the commentary, Vișnusahasranămavivrti, of Sankarācārya. The text is in the middle of the page. It begins: śrīvaiśampāyana uvāca 11 śrutvā dharmān ašeşeņa pāvanāni ca sarvasah 11 &c. The commentary begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 saccidānamdarūpāya Kṛṣṇāyākliṣṭakārine II namo vedāmtavedyāya gurave vuddhisākşine II I II F. 83: iti śrīmahābhārate śatasāhasrām samhitāyām Vaiyāsikyām Sāmtiparvaņi dānadharmottamānuśāsane śrīvisnor nāmasahasram samāptam u Of the last line of the commentary (written in the margin of f. 84<sup>v</sup>) only śrī [śam ?] karācārya --- - nāma vivṛtiḥ samāptā is legible.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 46). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 85.

Date: samvat 1809 (= A. D. 1753) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the margin of f. 84<sup>v</sup> is damaged, and part of the colophon is thereby lost.

#### 1223—MS. Sansk. c. 56

#### S'ankarācārya's Visņusahasranāmabhāsya, 18th cent.?

Contents: Sankarācārya's Visņusahasranāmabhāsya, or commentary on the Visnusahasranāmastotra (see MS. Sansk. d. 63 [1222]), imperfect, beginning with f. 2 and ending with f. 53. Two or three leaves are probably lost at the end, and ff. 7, 15, 19, 26, 29, 39, 42, 44 are also missing. The lost f. 1 seems to have contained the introduction, for on f. 2 we find the explanation of the first śloka: śrīvaiśampāyana uvāca II Vaikampāyano Janmejayam praty uvāca II śrutvā dharmmāśeşeņa pāvanāni ca sarvaśah II Yudhişthirah Sāmtanavam punar evābhyabhāşata 1111 F. 33♥: iti śrīparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryaśrīśaṃkarabhagavatpādaviracite Vișnor nāmasahaśrābhāṣye paṃcaśatīvivaraņam 11 500 11 F. 53v: iti nāmnām dašamam šatakam vivṛtam 100 śavdātigo vītabhayaḥ &c....ya idam śrnuyan nityam yaś capi parikirttayet 11 nasubham

prāpnuyāt kimcit so 'mutreha ca mānavah 1112611 prakrame kim jayan mucyate jam i Here it breaks off. The MS. is written by two different hands.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 47). Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 53 (for omissions see above) + i blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: half of ff. 6 and 8 is lost; f. 20 is damaged in one place.

#### 1224-MS. Sansk. d. 22 (R)

#### S'eşadharma from the Harivamáa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'eşadharma from the Harivamśa, or Aścaryaparvan, of the Mahābhārata, incomplete. In the margin of f. 1 the title is given as Seşadharmmam Upapurāņam. It begins: Harih mārggāņi narakāṃbhodheḥ pāpināṃ durigāmināṃ [1] pathi bhogañ ca yānāni mārgāņi svarggagāminām [1] etān dharmmān mahābhāgo dharmmaputras sahānujaḥ [١] Draupadyā saha dharmmātmā Yādavendrāt prasusruve i devatānām ṛṣīṇāñ ca dvijānāṃ yajñagāmināṃ ı maddhye dharmmān praśuśrāva Kṛṣṇe vadati dharmmavit \ Janamejayajayaḥ \ kadā provāca bhagavān kasmin dedeše yadūttamah vetad ācakşva viprendra Kṛṣṇavākyāmṛtam hi me \ vaisanvāya namah i rājyabhrasto mahātejāh dharmmaputras sahānujaḥ [1] Pāñcālyā saha dharmmātmā Kāmyakam vanam āviśat \ duḥkhite samanuprāpte dharmmaputre mahāvanam [1] etat jñātvā Yaduśreştho hy antaryyāmī jagatppatiķ [1] patnīnām satasāhasraiķ kāñcanādyer (read onāḍhyair?) mahārathaiḥ [ɪ] niyutaiḥ pātakasaṃyuktaiḥ kiṃkiṇībhāmaśobhitaiḥ [1] saptahis saptasāhasrair aśvaih Kāśmīrajair yutah [1] nīlajīmūtasamkāśair mmattadviradakoţibhih [1] sainyais tu samvrtantrīmān sārvamuktipratāpavān [1] āyayau Hastinapuram Vidureņa samāgatah | &c. F. 167: iti Sesadharmme sastho F. 28: iti Harivamśe Seşadharmme na-'ddhyāyah i vamo 'ddhyāyah I F. 37: iti Hao Seo dvādasoo I F. 39: iti Hao Seo trayodaśoo 1 F.497; iti Hao Seo saptadaśoo 1 F. 60: iti Ha° Se° viméo° 1 F. 68: iti Ha° Se° dvāviméo° 1 F. 72: ity Aścaryyaparvvani Harivamse Sesadharmme trayovimśo 'ddhyāyahı F. 81: ity Āo Hao Seo pañcavimśo° I F. 100: ity Āścariyaparvaņi Ha° Sé° Kāverimāhātman nāma dvātrimso 'ddhyāyah 1 F. 103: ity Aścaryapaº Haº Séº catustrimśoº 1

It breaks off in the middle of adhyāya 35 with the following words (f. 104): Rāghavendrasya tad vākyaṃ śrutvā paramapāvanaṃ [1] Paulastyapramukhās sarve sasnu(or sannṛ?)śvakapirākṣasāḥ [1] Vaidehī ca mahābhāgā snātvā datvā vasūni ca [1] kāntim lebhe syakān

tatra sarvatejomayīm subhām [1] etasminn antare dhīmān munīnām agraņī prabhuḥ [1] munīnām api sarveṣām Agastyo bhagavān ṛṣiḥ [1] sevyamāno ṛṣigaṇair āyayau Rāmasannidhau [1] Bodhāyanas tu bhagavān Āpastaṃbo 'tha Gānmavaḥ (?) [1] Sātātape Yamaḥ Saṃkhaḥ Kātyāyanabṛhaspatī [1] Saṃvartte Yamakarṇau (?) ca Gautamaḥ Pulahaḥ kṛtaḥ [1] Viśvāmitraḥ Sthūlaśiro-kacaśyapanabhārggavau [1] Satyāṣāḍhaḥ Satānando Devalo Romaśaḥ prabhuḥ [1] Vyāsaḥ Parāśaraś caiva Yājñyavatkyaś ca Bhārata [1] evam ādyā mahātmāno munayas saṃśitavratāḥ [1] Rāmam ālokituṃ Bhṛguḥ darśanān muktidaṃ prabhuṃ [11]

F. 105 contains the following lines, which may or may not belong to the Sesadharma: dharmmajñānām gatim vakşye tava prītyai mahīpate [1] nibodhitām surair jjuştām sukhām tatra ca śāśvatīm [1] sadharmmam ye naraśreşthāh dānaśīlā subuddhayah [1] atīva sukhasanpannāḥ prayānti Yamamandiraṃ [1] annadā ye naraśrestha bhunjantah svādu yānti vai [1] niradā ye ca sukhi(?)naḥ pibanti kṣīram uttamam [1] bu(or dvṛ?)tado madhudas cai [va?] kṣīradas ca narottama [1] madhupānam prakurvantah prayānti Yamamandiram [1] śākadaḥ pāyasam bhuñjan dīpadā prajvalan diśaḥ [1] vastrado 'nuvaśād mū(?)ladivyāṃbaradharo yayau [1] alaṃkāraṃ priyā yānti pūjyamānah sadāmaraih [1] godānaniratā yānti sarvakāmasamanvitāķ [1] bhūmido grhadaś caiva vimāne sarvasampadā [1] atyarogan na sa kīrnnah krīdan yāti Yamālayam [1] hayado gajadas caiva yānadas ca nṛcottama [1] Yamālayam vimānena yāti bhogasamanvitah 1

A MS. of the S'eşadharma, mentioned by Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 184, contains 57 adhyāyas.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards and a string passing through two holes.

No. of leaves: i+106 (8 or 9 lines on a page).

Date: apparently modern, probably 18th century.

Character: Tulu.

# 1225 (1-7)-MS. Sansk. c. 49 Gangāmāhātmya, end of 18th cent.?

Contents: a collection of Gangāmāhātmyas from the Mahābhārata and the Purāṇas, viz.:

1. From the S'āntiparvan of the Mahābhārata, in 111 ślokas. It begins: svasti śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ u śrīgaṃgāyai namaḥ u Nārāyanaṃ namaskṛtya naraṃ caiva narottamaṃ u devīṃ Sarasvatīṃ Vyāsaṃ tato jayam udīrayet u u Vaiśāṃpāyana uvāca u u Bṛhaspatisamaṃ buddhyā kṣamayā brahmaṇaḥ samaṃ u &c. It ends

(f. 6): kilvişaih II II iti śrīmahābhārate śatasāhasryām samhitāyām Sāmtiparvvaņi uttamānuśāsanike dānadharmmeşu Gamgāmāhātmyam II

2. From the Āraņyakaparvan of the Mahābhārata, in 126 ślokas. It begins (f. 6): athāraņyake parvvaņi 11 ll Pulastya uvāca 11 11 rṣibhiḥ kratavaḥ proktā vedeşv api yathākramam 11 &c. It ends (f. 11): Mādhavasevanam 11 126 11 11 iti śrīmahābhārate Gamgāmāhātmya 11

- 3. From the Brahma Purāņa, in 58 ślokas, ff. 1 1-13v.
- 4. From the Visnu Purana, in 17 slokas, ff. 13v-14v.
- 5. From the Matsya Purāṇa, in 168 ślokas, ff. 14<sup>v</sup>-22.
- 6. From the Kūrma Purāņa, in 48 ślokas, ff. 22-24.
- 7. From the Skanda Purāṇa, incomplete. There is a lacuna on f. 24, immediately after the first words: atha Skamdapurāṇe II II Sanatkumāraḥ II praṇipatya mahādevaṃ vi I after which about 16 ślokas are wanting; and the work breaks off immediately after the first words of śloka 61: utpalākṣī kāmadā ca rddhi(?)dā I

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 30). Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 29.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 26 has been repaired, and part of the text is lost.

#### 1226 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. e. 47

Gajendramokṣaṇa and Saptaślokī, 18th cent.? Contents:

- 1. The Gajendramokṣaṇa from the Santiparvan of the Mahābhārata. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ śrīgurubhyo namaḥ oṃ asya śrīgajedramokṣalikhyaṃ II Satānika uvāca II mayā hi deva devasya Viṣṇor amitatejasaḥ śrutvāḥ saṃbhūtayaḥ sarvādigaditastavasuvrataḥ II II breaks off (on f. 11°) in the middle of śloka 141 with the words: Gajendramokṣaṇaṃ puṇyaṃ sarvapāpapraṇāśanaṃ śrāvayet prātar utthāya dīrgham ā I The complete work (as found in MSS. Mill 111 (36), 112 (35), see Bodl. catal., p. 5°) consists of 161 ślokas.
- 2. The Saptaśloki (ff. 12, 13), seven ślokas from the Bhāgavata Purāṇa (II, 9. 31-37) with a commentary. It begins: śrībhagavān uvāca i jūānam paramam guhyam yad vijūānasamanvitām i sarahasyam tadamgam ca grhāṇa gaditam mayā i jūānam śāsrottham vijūānam anubhavaḥ rahasyam bhaktiḥ sugopyam api vikṣāmīty ādibhir deśāt tasyāmgam sādhanam ii i ii It ends: iti śrīsaptaślokī bhāgavatabrahmānārāyaṇasamvāde dvitīyaskamdhe sapūrṇaḥ ii Then follow five lines more, with two lines in the margin, beginning: Viṣṇoḥ pādam-

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mamtikām guņavatīm madhyastakāmcī purī nābhau Dvāravatī pathamti 1 &c.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 31).

Size:  $7\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 13 + xi blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanagarī.

### 1227 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. b. 5 (R)

#### Mahābhārata and Visnu Purāna Fragments, 15th cent. P

Contents: the following fragments all belong to much the same date, and perhaps are by the same hand.

- 1. A fragment of the Mahābhārata, beginning: om namah Sivāya I Vaišampāyana uvāca I šaratalpagatam Bhīşmam vṛddham śakapitāmaham \mūrddhnā praṇamya dharmmato papracchedam Yudhişthirah u Yudhişthira uvāca i bhagavan śrotum icchāmi i &c.
- 2. Part of a dialogue between Bhişma, Vatsa, and Vadanā.
- 3. Fragments, probably of the Visnu Purāna, beginning: om namah śrikrsnāya i Nārāyanam namaskṛtya narañ caiva narottamam \ devīm Sarasvatīñ caiva tato jayam udīrayet 11 evam samstuyamānas tu bhagavān kamaleksanah | ujjahara | &c. Later on, a leaf contains the end of adhyaya I of Amsa V: iti śrīviṣnupurāne pañcame 'mśe prathamo 'dhyāyah I
- 4. Fragment of a dialogue between Siva and Parvati from a Sivaic Puraņa or Tantra.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $16\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of leaf:  $14\frac{1}{3} \times 1\frac{8}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 17 odd leaves.

Date: about 15th or 16th century.

Character: Bengālī.

#### 1228-MS. Sansk. d. 41 (R)

#### Hariścandropākhyāna, 15th cent.?

Contents: the Hariscandropakhyana from the Aranyakanda of the Aryaramayana, incomplete. Ff. 1-3 are lost, and the MS. opens on f. 4 with the words: satyena phalati kṛṣiḥ satyena tiṣṭhati lokaḥ 1 &c. Ff. 6, 10, 11 are also lost. The colophon on f. 29" is: ity Āryarāmāyaņe Āraņyakāņde Hariścandropākhyānaņ sampūrņņam i iti subham astu i subham astu i The MS. is beautifully written, though not very accurate. The following verses from f. 27 will give a fair idea of the state of the MS.: Indratvam nāham icchāmi i na hi śivatvan eva ca 11 icchāmi ca pūrī ramyām 1 antarīkșe surālaye II sarvvakāmasamāyuktām I sarvvalokaprapūritām II ajarāmaraņam caiva I sarvvakilvisavarjjitām II evam śrutvā tato vākyam devaih satyavasīkrtaih i etad vanam tu samprāpya i Hariścandro narādhipah ii āruhya puspakadivya I vine svarggagāmināh II sūvahpatnīsurābhyāñ ca I gandharvvair apsarogaņaih II tridašais ca samāyuktā I Ayodhyām āgatam purīm II kṛtābhiśeko dharmmātmā i bhūyo rājye pratisthitah ii akşayatvam vyayā caiva i jarāmṛtyuvivārggitāh ii evamvidhā purī ramyā I samjātasvarggagāminī II lokapālasamāyuktā I vāmavadhvatisobhitā 11 sarvve tatraiva tisthanti 1 kāmarūpā sušobhanāḥ II īdršāś ca purī ramyā I trișu lokeșu viśrutāḥ II svarggaloke martyaloke I nāgaloke na drśyate II samastaguņasampūrņņā I Hariścandrapurī šubhāh II sarvve prakṛṣṭamanasaḥ I sarvve caiva nirāmayāḥ II tatrā so 'vasata rājā i mahāsatyakriyah sucih ii Hariscandro mahātmāsau 1 (f. 27<sup>V</sup>) trisu lokeşu viśrutah 11 tasmā tvam api rājendra ı mā viṣādo manaḥ kṛtā ıı (the most of the next line is illegible) rapşyasi Jānakā II ānāya Jānakī Sītā 1 jitvā Lankā mahāpurī 11 yuddhaparavimānena (illegible) pratiyāsyasi II ity Agastyavacaķ śrutvā I Rāmabhadro mahāvanah u prakṛṣṭair vvānaravalair Llankārvvipitaye (read oādhipataye?) yayau 11

There are many mistakes, and the h is used indiscriminately, as often in Nepalese MSS.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12 \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11 \times 1\frac{3}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two pieces of cardboard and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 23.

Date: probably 15th century (Dr. Hoernle).

Character: Nepalese (not hooked writing).

Injuries: 6 ff. are lost, and the edges of the outer leaves are a good deal worn away.

## 1229-MS. Sansk. c. 52

#### Nāsiketopākhyāna, A.D. 1829.

Contents: the Nasiketopakhyana, or the legend of Nāsiketa (or Nāsiketu), in 18 adhyāyas. It begins: śriganeśaya namah II o namah paramatmane śripuranapuruşotamāyah 11 Nārāyaņam namaskrtya naram caiva narotamam devīm Sarasvatīm Vyāsam tato jayam udīrayet II II I I ends: dharmarthim apnuyad dharmo dhanarthī dhanam apnuyāt Nāsiketasya māhātmyam ye śrnvamti pathamti ca 115711 sarvapāpavinirmukto yāmti

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A Hindī version of the same legend is to be found in MS. Wilson 526 (ff. 41-96). There the title is Nāsiketūpākhyāna (not Nāchiketūp°, as in the Bodl. catal., p. 388°). The same MS. has repeatedly Nāsaketūvāca (sic), and at the end of adhyāya I the title is written Nāśaketūpākhyāna.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 38). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 22 + iii blank.

Date: saṃvat 1885 (= A. D. 1829) āṣāḍhaśudi 8 ravau ghaṭī 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 2 is protected by transparent paper, and part of the text is lost.

### 31. KĀVYA

#### 1230-MS. Sansk. d. 82

Kālidāsa's Raghuvamśa, A. D. 1670.

Contents: the Raghuvamsa, by Kālidāsa, complete in 19 sargas. It begins: 1160 11 svasti śrigaņeśāya namah 11 vāgarthāv iva samprktau 1 &c. The number of verses differs considerably from that in Sankar Pandit's ed., as the following list will show: Sarga I, ending on f. 7, contains 96 verses (95 in S. P. ed.); II, f. 13, contains 75; III, f. 19, contains 71 (75 in S. P. ed.); IV, f. 25, contains 94 (88 in S. P. ed.); V, f. 32, contains 76; VI, f. 39, contains 86; VII, f. 45, contains 71 (68 in S. P. ed.); VIII, f. 52, contains 87 (94 in S. P. ed.); IX, f. 59, contains 92 (82 in S. P. ed.); X, f. 64, contains 88 (86 in S. P. ed.); XI, f. 70<sup>v</sup>, contains 94 (93 in S. P. ed.); XII, f. 76, contains 107 (104 in S. P. ed.); XIII, f. 817, contains 83 (79 in S. P. ed.); XIV, f. 877, contains 88 (87 in S. P. ed.); XV, f. 93, contains 104 (103 in S. P. ed.); XVI, f. 99v, contains 88; XVII, f. 103<sup>v</sup>, contains 81; XVIII, f. 108, contains 55 (52 in S. P. ed.); XIX, f. 112, contains 57 verses. End: iti śrīraghuvaṃśe mahāvye śrīkālidāsakṛtau rājñīrājyābhişeko nāma ekonavimsah sarggah 11 19 11

Ff. 44-61 are supplied by a modern hand. There are many explanatory notes added in the margins and

inserted between the lines. These notes are old, as is proved by their absence in the supplement, ff. 44-61.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 80). Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 113.

Date: saṃvat 1726 (= A. D. 1670) mārgaśiraśukla 7 bhrgudine 1

Scribe: Tikamaśarman. (The first syllable is corrected from To, and kama also is a correction, but the original reading cannot be restored.)

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the margin is damaged, and a few letters of the marginal notes are lost on ff. 1-3, 5, 17, 22, 68.

## 1231—MS. Sansk. d. 37 (R) Kālidāsa's Raghuvamśa III–VII, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Raghuvamśa, by Kālidāsa, fragments of sargas III—VII. It begins: adhīpsitam bhartṛrupasthitodayam sakhijanodvīkṣaṇakaumudimukham i nidānam Ikṣvākukulasya saṃtates Sudakṣiṇā dauhṛdalakṣaṇam dadhau ii ii = III, i. F. 7° ends with III, 63 (Saṅkar Paṇḍit's ed.), and f. 8 is missing. F. 9 begins with IV, i. Sarga IV ends on f. 13°: iti śrīkāṭidāsasya kṛtau Raghuvaṃśe mahākāvye caturthas sargaḥ ii F. 18° ends in the middle of V, 75, and f. 19 is missing. F. 20 begins with VI, i. F. 23° ends in the middle of VI, 41, and f. 24 is missing. F. 25 contains VI, 51—61, and f. 26 is missing. F. 27 begins with salendrāḥ ii 71 ii = VI, 71 end. Sarga VI ends on f. 28. The MS. breaks off in the middle of VII, 16: udbhāsitaṃ maṃgaļasaṃvidhā i

Formerly included in MS. Sansk. c. 42 (R).

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12 \times 1\frac{7}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string going through two holes.

No. of leaves: i+30 (for omissions see above).

Date: appears to be old, probably 17th century.

Character: Telugu.

Injuries: the MS. is in a decaying state, and broken in several places. A piece of f. 22 is broken off, and ff. 1, 4, 27, 28 are more seriously damaged.

#### 1232-MS. Sansk. d. 66

Kālidāsa's Kumārasambhava, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Kumārasambhava, by Kālidāsa, sargas I-VIII. Sarga I, 62 verses, ends on f. 15<sup>v</sup>; II, 64

verses, on f. 27°; III, 76 verses, on f. 44°; IV, 46 verses, on f. 53°; V, 87 verses, on f. 71; VI, 95 verses, on f. 83°; VII, 97 verses, on f. 101; VIII, 91 verses, on f. 117. End: samadivasanišītham samginas tatra śambhoh śatama (vijayāni, obliterated with yellow pigment) dratūnām sāgram ekā niśeva 1 na ca suratasukheşu chinnatṛṣṇo babhūva jvalana iva mamudrāmtargatas tajjaleṣu 11 11 91 11 iti śrīkumārasaṃbhave mahāvye śrīkālidāsakṛtau suratavarṇṇano nāmāṣṭamaḥ sargaḥ 11 śubham astu 11

Marginal glosses by a more modern hand on almost every page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 54). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 118.

Date: probably from A. D. 1700-1750.

Character: Devanāgarī. Large characters with some of the Jaina characteristics.

#### 1233-MS. Sansk. d. 67

Kälidäsa's Kumärasambhava, 17th or 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Kumārasambhava, by Kālidāsa, sargas I-VII. Sarga I, 62 verses, ends on f. 7°; II, 64 verses, on f. 14°; III, 76 verses, on f. 23; IV, 47 verses, on f. 28°; V, 87 verses, on f. 40 (ff. 34, 35 by another hand); VI, 95 verses, on f. 49; VII, 95 verses, on f. 62 (ff. 58, 59 missing). It ends: pramathamukhavikārair hāsayām āsa gūdham 1195 11 11 iti śrīkumārasambhave mahākāvye Kālidāsakṛtau Gaurīpariṇayo nāma saptamaḥ sarggaḥ 117 11

There are numerous marginal glosses and corrections both on the margin and in the text. The first page contains three verses written in Hindi vernacular.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 55), to whom it had been presented by Voudhyeśvarīprasād in Benares, on December 31, 1884. (See entry on f. 1.) Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 63.

Date: probably the end of the 17th or beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1234 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 65

Jonarāja's Commentaries on Bhāravi's Kirātārjunīya and Mankhaka's S'rīkanthacarita, A.D. 1648.

Contents:

1. Bhāravi's Kirātārjunīya, together with the commentary by Jonarāja (ff. 4-157). The first three leaves, containing I, 1-5, with the beginning of verse 6, are missing. F. 40, containing V, 5-11, is also missing.

Otherwise the text is complete. The last verse is: asamhāryotsāham jayinam udayam prāpya tarasā i &c. (= the last verse but one in Jīvānanda Vidyāsāgara's ed.). It ends (f. 157): tathā svadhāmnā lokānām satyādīnām upariṣṭhāt kṛtāvasthitiḥ tathā lakṣmyā sarvābhibhāvukayā śriyā dīptam prakāśamānam iti bhadram ii 47 ii iti śrīnonarājasūnupanditabhaṭṭajonarājakṛtāyām Kirātārjunīyaṭīkāyām aṣṭādaśas sargaḥ ii ii samāptam idam śrīkirātārjunīyam nāma mahākāvyam ii kṛtir mahākaver Bhāraveḥ ii ii śrīganeśāya namaḥ ii śubham astu sarvajagatām ii Composed under Zainul Abuddin (Jainollābhadena) in A. D. 1448, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 54.

2. Mankhaka's S'rīkanthacarita, together with the commentary by Jonarāja (ff. 157\(^\mathbb{V}\)-361\(^\mathbb{V}\)). It begins: svasti II II śrīganeśāya namah II om namas Sarasvatyai II śrīgurubhyo namah II udeti yasyām prakatībhavantyām tirohitāyām galatīva viśvam I&c., as in the ed., published in the Kāvyamālā, no. 3, Bombay, 1887. F. 161, containing I, 25\(^-33\), ff. 202, 203, containing VI, 29 (= 31 in ed.) to 43 (= 45 in ed.), and ff. 218, 219, containing VII, 64 (= 65 in ed.) to VIII, 12, are missing. The two fragments, numbered as ff. 202, 203 and 218, 219, do not seem to belong to the book at all.

The last verse, numbered 147 in the MS., is identical with the last verse (152) in the edition. ends: kandalayati 11 maheśvaralokasthasya pitur ājñayā svapne śrutayā i vibudhastutam tacchrīkanthacaritam kāvyam i śrībhayavate nivedya i sa Mankhako manasi i kam apy ānandam prakāśayati 11 147 11 santo nayanti guņatām khalu doşajātam i jāteti cāpalakalāsu mama pravrttih vārām patis tyajati cet svakrtām vyavasthām 11 kīrtiķ krayam (?) 1 śrayati kasya jagat prasiddhā 11 śrīkanthakāvyavivrtim viracayya Jonarājas sato namati santam atipratisthah i helā tu vas tad api yatnam akārşam asyām i dīpo bilāndhyaharaņāt taraņes samaļ kim n kurvantu tatskhalitayojanam atra santah śrikanthabhaktirabhasāt khaladarsanāc ca i setum khananti salilāni hi randhralābhāt tan (or obhāntar?) mārgam uñcati jano 'tha cirāyāyatam 11 iti śrīpanditabhattaśrīnonarājātmajaśrījonarājakrtāyām \ śrikanthacaritatīkāyām I pañcaviṃśas sargaḥ II II lekhayanti ca likhanti ye 1 &c. . . . samāptam cedam śrīkanthacaritākhyam mahākāvyam iti subham astu lekhakapāthakayoh 11 Then after the benedictions and the colophon of the scribe: kāvyakartā ca Kāśmīraś śrīmadviśvāvartasūnuśśrīmankhaka iti śubham II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 53, 88). Memorandum on f. 4: 'K 61, 62.'

<sup>1</sup> Perhaps kṣayam, but certainly not sthitim, as in the edition.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 11$  in. Material: Birch bark.

No. of leaves: 362 (for omissions see above).

Date: samvat 24 kārtikavati trayodaśyām budhe II srīśākah 1570 (= A.D.1648) i See Hultzsch, Z.D. M.G., XL, 9.

Scribe: Dāmodaraka, who signs in the same way as in MS. Sansk. c. 54 (1180).

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: of ff. 4, 16-33, 202-203, and 218-219, only fragments are left. Ff. 5, 6, 12-15, 41, 119, 160, 180, 200, 201, 204, 221-223, 260 are damaged (one or two lines lost). The leaves are protected by transparent paper, and some words are lost or injured on ff. 7-11, 45, 120, 140-142, 181, 182, 188, 189, 206-217, 224-237, 279, 280, 300, 322, 336, 341-343.

#### 1235-MS. Sansk. d. 84

#### Māgha's S'isupālavadha, A.D. 1474.

Contents: the S'isupālavadha, by Māgha, complete in 20 sargas. It begins: svasti śrigaņeśāya namah 11 śriyah patih śrimati 1 &c. It ends: iti śriśiśupālavadhe mahākāvye kaviśrīmāghakṛtau māyuyuddham nāma vimsah sargah 11 The number of verses agrees with that in the edition printed at Calcutta, 1869 (samvat 1925), except in the following sargas: sarga II (ending on f. 14") has 117 verses; VI (on f. 42) has 80; XIII (on f. 92) has 70; XV (on f. 107<sup>v</sup>) has 102; XVI (on f. 114") has 86; XVII (on f. 121") has 70; XIX (on f. 136 $^{v}$ ) has 125 verses. From ff. 1-15 $^{v}$  (= I, 1-III, 13) the whole of the margin is covered with explanatory notes written in small characters by a Jaina. F. 44 is blank (VII, 17-30 missing). F. 120 (XVII, 53-63) is supplied by a modern hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 84). Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 146.

Date: saṃvat 1530 (= A. D. 1474) varse māghavadi 1 somavāsare!!

Written by order of His Majesty the Prince Sūryasena (mahārājakumāraśrīsūryasenadevalikhāpitam 11). The entry was afterwards deleted.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the marginal notes on ff. 2-15 are slightly damaged in places. The last line of f. 118 is obliterated. A few words on f. 144<sup>v</sup> are illegible, and the colophon is partly erased.

#### 1236-MS. Sansk. b. 2

## Māgha's S'isupālavadha with Vallabhadeva's Commentary, 17th cent.?

Contents: fragments of the Samdehavişauşadhi, or S'isupālavadhasāratīkā, a commentary on Māgha's Sisupālavadha, by Vallabhadeva, son of Ānandadeva, giving also the text of Magha's poem in full. first fragment, ff. 1-5, contains I, 1-5, supplied by a more modern hand. It begins: śriganeśaya namah 11 yasya bhramgāvalikamthe 11 dānāmbhorāji rājate 11 bhāti rudrākşamāleva II sa naḥ pāyād guṇādhipaḥ II I II abhīstaphalasampattihetu smrtvā Sarasvatīm 11 Sisupālavadhe kāvye sāratīkā vidhīyate 11211 Then after two more verses: abhilaşitasiddhyartham mamgalādi kāvyam karttavyam iti smaraņāt kaviķ śrīśabdasyādau prāyumkta 11 śriyah patih 1 &c. (text of I, 1). The second fragment is f. 6 (=42 old foliation), containing III, 15 end to 21 beginning. The next fragment is ff.7-39 (= 106-136 old fol.), containing VIII, 2 to X, 25. F. 20: iti Vallabhadevaviracitāyām Samdehavişauşadhyabhidhānāyām Sisupālavadhaţīkāyām jalakelivarņanam nāmāsţamus sargah II Then follows the fragment, ff.  $38-89^{b}$  (= 167-219 old fol.), containing XII, 44 end to XVI, 40. F.43v: ity Ānamdadevāyanivallabha levaviracitāyām Māghakāvyaśiśupālavadhasāraţīkāyām Samdehavişavyākhyāyām senāprayāņo nāma dvādašas saryah 11 The next fragment, f. 90, contains XVI, 82 to XVII, 2 beg. Then follows the fragment, ff. 91-111 (= 2-22 old fol.), containing XVII, 9 to XVIII, 80 beg. The last fragment, ff. 112-136 (= 25-49 old fol.), contains XIX, 16 end to XX, 81 beg. F. 136b: iti śriānamdadevātmajaśrimadvallabhadevaviracitāyām Samdehavişauşadhyākhyāyām Sisupālavadhaţīkāyām śrībhagavadabhyudayam nāma vimsas sargah II II adhunā kavih lāghavena nijavamšavarņanam cikīrşur āha II II sarvādhikārī I &c. It breaks off in the middle of the commentary on the verse kale mitam 1 &c., with the words: nety āha vinānurodhāt uparodhābhā i For the controversy on Māgha's date, see Vienna Orient. Journ., III, 121, IV, 61, 236. Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, p. 5, takes Siddha's date as a Vira date, i.e. A. D. 436 (cf. p. cxxix), but (Report, 1884-1886, p. 3) Haribhadra, Siddha's teacher, died A.D. 479. Peterson, indeed, gives Siddha's date as A.D. 536, and Haribhadra's date as A.D. 529; this is inconsistent with its being a Vīra date, but the later date is probably correct, Weber, Catal., II, 1204. For Vallabha, 10th century, see references in Weber, p. 1204.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 86). Size:  $15\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 138.

Date: probably about A.D. 1700.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: part of f. 6 lost; ff. 89b and 136 are slightly damaged.

#### 1237-MS. Sansk. d. 69

#### Ksemendra's Darpadalana, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Darpadalana, by Kṣemendra Vyāsadāša. It begins: om namo bhagava[t]e [k]āmadevāya II śrīśārikābhagavatyai namaḥ II śrīgurave namaḥ II om praśāntāśeṣa — ghnāya darpasarpāpasarpaṇāt I namaḥ śamanidhānāya svaprakāśavikā — — saṃsāra° I &c. F. 13, containing IV, 43-70, is missing. It ends: iti Darpadalane tapovicāras saptamaḥ [samāp]tam idaṃ Darpadalanaṃ [kṛ]tir mahākaveḥ Vyāsadāsāparanāmnaḥ Kṣe[me]ndra [syet]i [śi]vam astu sarvajagatāṃ II

Marginal additions on ff. 7, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15<sup>v</sup>, 20.

This is the MS. H used by Dr. B. A. Hirszbant in his paper, Über Ksemendra's Darpadalana, St. Petersburg, 1892. See pp. 2, 4. Dr. Hirszbant used the MS. before it was acquired by the Bodleian Library.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 63). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 40.'

Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 20 + ix blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1700.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: ff. 1, 2 are much damaged; there are holes in ff. 3, 4, and ff. 16-20 are slightly damaged.

#### 1238-MS. Sansk. d. 71

## S'rīharṣa's Naiṣadhīyacarita with Narahari's Commentary, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Naisadhīyacarita, by Srīharsa, with a commentary by Narahari, nearly complete, with the exception of the last sarga. The commentary begins: om namah Sarasvatyai 11 om pāram prabandhāmbunidheh prayātum yatnah kila svānta tavaisa hanta niśvāsalīlānihitantarayaherambam alambananı asrayethah แบบ The text begins: om nipīya yasya kşitirakşiņah kathām 1 &c. Sarga I ends on f. 36<sup>v</sup> (ff. 1-5 supplied by a modern hand A); II, on f. 61; III, on f. 78 (ff. 70-116 supplied by the modern hand A); IV, on f. 89; V, on f. 131 (ff. 124-129 supplied by the modern hand A); VI, on f. 152v; VII, on f. 172v; VIII, on f. 188 (ff. 166-173 supplied by a different modern hand B); IX, on f. 209 (ff. 197-204, 206, 207 containing IX, 54-125, 134-150 are missing); X, on f. 227°; XI, on f. 247° (from f. 247 to the end written by a different hand C); XII, on f. 262 V; XIII, on f. 272 (f. 271 is supplied by the modern hand A); XIV, on f. 283\* (after f. 274, verses 17-33 are missing; f. 282 supplied by the modern hand A); XV, on f. 296\*(f. 286 supplied by the modern hand A); XVI, on f. 313\*; XVII, on f. 333\*; XVIII, on f. 348; XIX, on f. 359\*; XX, on f. 372; XXI, on f. 393\*. It breaks off (f. 393\*) with the beginning of the fourth verse of sarga XXII: uccaistarādamba (here the MS. is damaged).

There are many marginal notes in the first half of the MS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 67). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iii), 'K 27.'

Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 9\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, white and reddish. (The reddish paper apparently intended to resemble the birch bark.)

No. of leaves: iii + 394 (for omissions see above).

Date: the oldest parts of the MS. probably belong to the 17th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: damaged by insects and otherwise in many places. Several of the damaged leaves are protected by transparent paper. More serious injuries occur on ff. 27-31, 55, 186-196, 265-270, 337, 338, 357, 358, 367, 384-393. Parts of the marginal notes are lost on ff. 6, 12-14, 16, 24, 43, 44, 53, 56. Ff. 30, 31, 66, 117, 130, 147, 186, 188, 221, 222, 250, 252 have been patched, and the writing completed by a modern hand.

#### 1239—MS. Sansk. c. 61 (R)

### S'rīharṣa's Naiṣadhīyacarita, 16th cent.?

Contents: fragments of Sriharşa's Naişadhiyacarita. F. 2 is difficult to read, and written by a different hand from the rest. It does not contain the beginning. F. 3 begins with XII, 13: h sarasvatīvānmayavismayotthayā 1 &c. Sarga XII ends on f. 17; XIII, on f. 23v; XIV, on f. 32. After f. 24 one leaf, containing XIV, 5-19, is missing. After f. 40 another leaf, containing XV, 89-XVI, 4, is missing. Sarga XVI ends on f. 50, and XVII on f. 56v. It ends with the first syllable of XVIII, 123 with the words: prositādharasayāluyāvakam sāmiluptatilakam kapolayoh 11 hrī (here the leaf is broken). But the last three sargas are very incomplete, there being omissions after f. 42, XVI, 25-36 lost; f. 44, XVI, 58-67 lost; f. 47, XVI, 100-110 (beg.) lost; f. 52, XVII, 39 (end) to 129 lost; f. 53, XVII, 142-158 lost; f. 54, XVII, 173-189 lost; f. 55, XVII, 202-216 lost; f. 56, XVIII, 4-108 lost.

There are marginal notes on ff. 3-15.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 66).

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $14 \times 2\frac{1}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $13 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in., 4 lines on a page.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string going through one central hole.

No. of leaves: 58.

Date: the MS. much resembles the facsimiles on Plates III, IV, and V, in vol. III of Mitra, Notices, from MSS. nos. 1165, 1273, and 1274, dated respectively sake 1453, 1436, 1494 (= A.D. 1531, 1514, 1572). The old and decayed appearance of the MS. also justifies us in referring it to the 16th century. Probably its date is nearer the beginning than the end of the 16th century. Compare also the still older facsimiles in vol. V of Mitra, Notices. See also MS. Sansk. c. 71 (R) [1158].

Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: the MS. is in a decaying state; all the corners are rubbed off, but the writing itself is only injured in the following places: ff. 1-8, 13-15 (marginal notes), 52-57.

#### 1240-MS. Sansk. d. 67\*

#### Khandaprasasti, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Khandaprasasti, or Dasāvatārakhandapraśasti, by Hanumat Kavi. It begins: [In margine sec. m.: kṛtakrodhe yasminn amaranagarīmaṃgalaravā I na vātam kālam kāmam ajani vanam vrašcati sati i sadā sītākāmtapraņatir iti vikhyātamahimā \ Hanūman avyād vah kapikulasiromamdanamanih II II atha da I savataranāmāny āha 11] 1180 11 namaķ śrīsarvajñāyaķ 11 matsyaķ kūrmo vārāhas ca nārasimho tha vāmanah Rāmo Rāmas sa Kṛṣṇaś ca budhaḥ kalkī ca te daśaḥ 11 The work is complete in 145 verses. It ends: yasyaurvāgnir ivābhava tad yu tu sa vah kalkāni kalkī harih 114511 iti kalkīvatārah 11 cha 11 10 11 iti Khamdaprasastikāvyāni samāptam iti || cha || 80 || Then follow five verses in praise of Siva, ending: yasyā janena krtinā prati meti mene 11511 māṃdhātṛnayareśvarapraśastikāvyāni cha 1

The poem was lithographed at Bombay in 1860 (sake 1782). The text, which has 183 verses, differs considerably from this MS.

There are marginal glosses on ff. 1 and 2.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 57).

Size:  $10\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 6 + ix blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Ornamentation: figure of the lotus on f. 6v.

#### 1241-MS. Sansk. c. 63

Sürya's Rāmakṛṣṇakāvya, with his own Commentary, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Rāmakṛṣṇakāvya, a vilomākṣarakāvya (artificial poem to be read both ways), by the astrologer and poet Paṇḍit Sūrya Bhaṭṭa, with a commentary by the author himself, which begins: II śrīgaṇeśāya nama II śrīmanmaṃgalamūrti [mārtti in marg.] śamanaṃ natvā viditvā tataḥ śavdavrahmamanoramaṃ sugaṇakajñānādhirājātmakaḥ yaḍgaṇthādhyayanair vinayanivahothācāryacā(°ca° sec. m.)ryyām agāt so 'haṃ Sūryakavir vilomaracanākāvyaṃ karomy adbhutaṃ II III The text begins: taṃ bhūsutāmuktim udārahāsaṃ I &c. The text has 36 verses. Verses 37 and 38 are given as part of the commentary. End: iti śrīmadaivajñapaṃḍitaviracitaṃ Sūryabhaṭviracitaṃ Rāmakṛṣṇākhyaṃ kāvyaṃ saṃpūrṇa I See the Bodl. catal., p. 132a.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 82).

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 18 + vi blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 32. ROMANCES

## 1242—MS. Sansk. e. 55

### Subandhu's Vāsavadattā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Vāsavadattā, a romance, by Subandhu. It begins: om svasti II śrīgaņeśāya namah II om namas Sarasvatyai II om karabadarasadṛśam akhilam bhuvanatalam yatprasādatah kavayah paśyanti sūkṣmamatayas sā jayati Sarasvati devī II It ends: tatah Kandarpaketus samāgatena Makarandena tayā Vāsavadattayā ca samam svapuram gatvā hṛdayābhilaṣitāni suratasukhāny anubhavann utsavam ca kurvan nirantaram kālam ativāhayām āsa II II iti śrīmahākavisubandhuviracitah Vāsavadattā nāmākhyāyikā samāptā II śubham II

Numerous explanatory notes by a second hand have been written between the lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 113). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iii), 'K 60.'

Size:  $7\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+60.

Date: probably early 18th century, possibly the end of the 17th century.

Character: Sarada.

#### 1243-MS. Sansk. d. 70

Trivikrama's Nalacampū, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: fragment of the Nalacampū or Damayantīkathā, by Trivikrama Bhaṭṭa, containing ucchvāsas I—IV, and the beginning of V. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II II jayati girisutāyāḥ kāmasaṃtāpavāhiny urasi rasaniṣekaś cāṃdanaś caṃdramauliḥ II tad anu ca vijayaṃte kīrttibhājāṃ kavīnām asakṛd amṛtaviṃduspaṃdino vāgvilāsāḥ II III F. 69: iti śrītrivikramabhaṭṭaviracitāyāṃ Damayaṃtīkathāyāṃ caturtha ucchvāsaḥ II End of the fragment: te'pi rājahaṃsāḥ śaśāṃkadhareṣu saprapamcapamcāma I

Trivikrama was the author of the Nausarī grants of Indra III, Rāṣṭrakūṭa, A. D. 915; see Weber, Catal., II, 1205; Epigr. Ind., I, 349.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 65).

Size:  $11\frac{8}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 74.

Date: probably about A.D. 1800.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 33. COMEDIES

1244 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. c. 37

Kālidāsa's Abhijñānasakuntala, with Sir William Jones' Translation, A.D. 1788.

Contents:

- 1. Sundry notes on Sanskrit dramatic poetry, by Sir William Jones, on ff. ii, iv, ix, and on the inside of the cover. F. iii has the following title-page: 'Sacontalá, or, The Fatal Ring: an INDIAN DRAMA, written in the first Century before CHRIST, by CALIDASA: translated from the original Sanscrit and Prácrit by Sir WILLIAM JONES. M.DCC.LXXXVIII.'
- 2. Ff. 1-109, the Abhijñānaśakuntala, a drama in seven acts, by Kālidāsa, Sanskrit and Prākrit text, with an interlinear Latin version by Sir William Jones. The prologue ends on f. 2°; Act I, on f. 18°; Act II, on f. 29; Act III, on f. 44°; Act IV, on f. 59; Act V, on f. 72°; Act VI, on f. 94°; Act VII, on f. 109. The text ends: iti niṣkrāṃtāḥ sarve II iti kavirājaśrīkālidāsaviracitābhijñānaśakuṃtalākhyanāṭakaḥ (°nāṭake Sakuṃtalāmilano nāma, added by W. Jones) saptamo 'nikaḥ II samāpto 'yaṃ graṃthaḥ II śubham astu II As to the Latin version, Sir William Jones remarks in the preface to his famous English translation: 'I soon procured a correct copy of it [the Sakuntala]; and, assisted by my teacher Rámalóchan, began with trans-

lating it verbally into Latin, which bears so great a resemblance to Sanscrit, that it is more convenient than any modern language for a scrupulous interlineary version.'

- 3. Ff. 110-166° contain the English translation of Kālidāsa's Abhijānaśakuntala, by Sir William Jones. This seems to be the translation to which he alludes in the preface: 'I then turned it word for word into English,' the printed translation being more polished and idiomatic. F. 110 has the following title: 'SACONTALA', or, The FATAL RING: an INDIAN DRAMA written by CALIDA'SA in the first Century before CHRIST, and translated from the original Sanscrit and Pracrit by.' Entry on f. 166°: 'This translation was finished at my gardens on the Ganges 17 Aug. 1788. W. Jones.'
- 4. F. 167 contains a verse (in Sanskrit and English) omitted in the text (p. 57<sup>v</sup>).

Given in 1833 by Julius Hare and the Rev. Aug. Hare, from Sir W. Jones' library. See R. H. Evans, Catalogue of the Library of the late Sir William Jones, no. 447, p. 19.

Former shelfmark: Caps. Or. D. 27.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 8\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, water-marked 'W. J.' and 'G. R.'

No. of leaves: ix + 167 + xxix blank.

Date: the text was probably written in the same year in which the English translation was finished, i.e. A.D. 1788 (see above).

Scribe: as the Sanskrit text is written in the same beautiful handwriting as the texts in MSS. Sansk. c. 32 and c. 34 (1144), it must have been written by the same Lālā Mahatābarāya. The Latin and the English are in Sir William Jones' handwriting.

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanagari.

#### 1245-MS. Sansk. d. 86

Murāri's Anargharāghava, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Anargharāghava, by Murāri, Acts V-VII. It begins: tataḥ pravišataḥ Sravaṇājāṃbavaṃtau I Jāṃba II tatas tataḥ n Sravaṇā II tato Mithilāyā niṣkramya maṃtharā kalevaram avakīrya māruti pratyavekṣitaṃ ca svaśarīram adhiṣṭhāya Gaṇgāyāṃ śṛṃgaberaṃ puraṃ nāmāgatya bhūtāsmi II t breaks off (f.19<sup>V</sup>) after verse I I 5 (= verse I 18 in the ed. of the drama published in the Kāvyamālā, no. 5, 1887, see p. 308) with the words: Rāmaḥ II saharṣaṃ I gaurīvibhajyamānārddhasaṃkīrṇe haramūaurddhani I aṃca dviguṇagaṃ-

bhīra Bhāgīrathi namo 'stu te 11 1511 Sītām prati 1

Written in the usual style of Jaina MSS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 92). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21.

Date: probably the first half of the 17th century, judging from appearance.

Scribe: Udayanandi Sūri (śriudayanamdisūrirājahastalikhitā pratir iyam).

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Ornamentation in the central space of f. 17 v.

### 1246 (1,2)—MS. Sansk. c. 65

Hanumannāṭaka with Mohanadāsa's Commentary, 19th cent.

Contents:

- 1. The Hanumannāṭaka, or Mahānāṭaka, by Dāmodara Miśra, with Miśra Mohanadāsa's commentary, the Hanumannāṭakadīpikā (ff. 1-20). The text (in the middle of the page) begins: kalyāṇānām nidhānam kalimalamathanam pāvanam pāvanānām pātheyam 1 &c. The commentary begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah hrdaye yatpreranā samutyato 'ham vimūdhataravuddhih 1 &c., as in the lithographed ed., published at Bombay in 1864 It is incomplete, ending with stanza 21 (śake 1786). of Act III. F. 16: iti śrimiśramohanadāsabiracitāyām Hanumannāmanāţakadīpikāyām Jānakīvilāso nāma dvitīyo 'mkah 21 End of the fragment: Rāmah drstveti baneşu damdakasamjñeşu 22 1
- 2. Fifteen verses in praise of Durgā (f. 21), beginning: om pāra (?) iti pūjā om jvālāparvatasamsthitāms trinayanām pīţhatrayādhişţitām jvālādambarabhūşitām suvadanām nityam adrsyām janaih i satcakrāmvujamadhyagām varaśarām bhojābhayā vibhratīm cidrūpām sakalārthadīpanakarīm jvālāmukhīm naumy aham II I II Verse 15 is added in a later hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 104). Size:  $13 \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 23.

Date: probably the beginning of the 19th century. Character: Devanagari.

1247 (1-15)—MS. Sansk. d. 88

Fourteen Natakas, Prabodhacandrodaya, &c., A.D. 1693-1694.

Contents: a collection of fourteen Natakas, viz.:

six acts, by Kṛṣṇamiśrācārya, with an interlinear or marginal Sanskrit version of the Prakrit passages. It begins: om svasti II II prajanyah II śriganeśaya namah II om madhyāhnārkamarīcikāso iva payah pūro prajñānatah 1 &c. It ends: iti nişkrantah sarve u jivanmuktir nama şaştho 'nkah II II II samāptam idam Prabodhacandrodayam nāma nāţakam II II kṛtiḥ śrīkṛṣṇamiśrācāryapādānām II śubham astu sarvatra II

2. Ff. 47-97, the Hanumannāṭaka, or Mahānāṭaka, a drama in fourteen acts, by Damodara Miśra. It begins: om śrīrāmāya salaksmanāya sasītāya sahanumate namah 11 subham astu 11 bhadram om kalyānānām nidhānam kalimalamathanam jīvanam sajjanānām . . . eyam yac ca divyam sapadi parapadaprāptaye prasthitasya I It ends: caturdaśabhir evānkair bhuva[nān]i caturdasa i srīrāmanāļakam dhatte kevalam brahmanirmalam 11 racitam Anilaputrenātha Vālmīkinābdhau nihitam amrtabuddhyā prān Mahānāţakam yat I Sumatinrpatibhojenoddhrtam tat krameņa grathitam avatu viśvam Miśradāmodareņa 11 11 11 iti Hanumannāţake śrīrāmavijayo nāma caturdaso 'nkah 11 samaptam idam Mahanatakam 11 Compare the lithographed ed. of the Hanumannāţaka with Commentary, Bombay, 1864 (sake 1786).

There are many corrections and marginal glosses, also an interlinear version of Prākrit passages, from ff. 47-62. From ff. 64-97 the MS. seems to be quite modern.

- 3. Ff. 98v-164, the Vidagdhamādhava, a drama in seven acts, by Rūpa Gosvāmin (see the Bodl. catal., p. 145a). The beginning is damaged, only the following being legible: ... nī dadhānā ... dhanasāraiḥ su ... tām sama . . . ntāpodgama vi . . . sa . . . raņīpraņītām te tṛṣnām ha . . . rilīlāśikhariņī II api ca II anarpitacarīm I &c. End: iti nişkrāntās sarve 11 Gaurītīrthavihāro nāma saptamo 'nkaḥ u samāptam idam Vidagdhamādhavābhidhānam nāṭakam \\ Rādhāvilāsavītānkam catuṣṣaṣṭikalādhanam Vidagdhamādhavam sāśu śīlayantu vicakṣaṇāḥ II nandasinduravaņāndusāmdhye samvatsare gate i Vidagdhamādhavam nāma nāţakam Gokule krtam 11 śrīmanmahākavirūpaviracitam nāṭakam idam 11 subham bhavatu 11
- 4. Ff. 165v-216, the Mālatīmādhava, a drama in ten acts, by Bhavabhūti. It begins: om śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ oṃ cūḍāpīḍakapālasaṅkulamilanmandākinīvārayo vidyutkāśalalāţalocanaśikhijyotir vimiśratvisah 1 &c. It ends: kāma evam etat iti nişkrāntās sarve dasamo 'nkaḥ 11 samāptaṃ cedaṃ Mālatīmādhavaṃ nāma nāṭakam II krtir mahākaver vividhabudhacakranīrājitapādadvayāmbhojasya śrībhaṭṭabhavabhūter iti bhadraṃ w
- 5. Ff. 216-279, the Abhijñānaśakuntala, a drama 1. Ff. 1v-46, the Prabodhacandrodaya, a drama in | in seven acts, by Kālidāsa. It begins: śrīsarasvatyai

namah ı yā sraştus sṛṣṭir ādyā pibati vidhihutaṃ ı &c., like the text printed by Dr. Burkhard in his paper, 'Die Kaçmîrer Çakuntalâ-Handschrift' (Sitzungsberichte d. k. Akademie der Wiss., phil.-hist. Classe, CVII Bd., 2 Heft, Wien, 1884, pp. 497 sq.). It ends: punarbhavaṃ parigatabhaktir ātmabhūḥ u iti niṣkrāntās sarve u saptamo 'nkaḥ u u u samāptaṃ cedam Abhijāānaśakuntalānāma nāṭakaṃ u u u kṛtir mahākaveḥ Kālidāsasyeti śivaṃ u From ff. 216–223, an interlinear Sanskrit version of the Prākrit passages is given. Ff. 224 and 226 are wrongly bound; 224 ought to follow 226 (225 is blank).

- 6. Ff. 280<sup>v</sup>-405<sup>v</sup>, the Bālarāmāyaņa, by Rājaśekhara, with an interlinear Sanskrit version of the Prākrit passages. It begins: om svasti 11 śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ 11 śrīśāradāyai namaḥ śreyase 11 pramatter yaḥ pātram tilakayati yas sūktiracanām ya ādyas svādūnām śruticulakalehyena madhunā 1 &c. F. 372<sup>v</sup>: iti kavicakravartirājaśekharaviracite Bālarāmāyaņe nāṭake asamasāhaso nāma saptamo 'nkaḥ 11 It breaks off in the middle of the fifty-third stanza of the tenth act: ayam sa te caṇḍi Sikhanḍiputrako gires taṭāt tatkṣaṇamūrdhdhakandharaḥ nirīkṣya naḥ sneha. (See p. 297 of Paṇḍit Govinda Deva Sāstrin's ed., Benares, 1869.) F. 309<sup>v</sup> is blank, but nothing is missing.
- 7. Ff. 407-461<sup>v</sup>, the Venīsamhāra, a drama in six acts, by Mṛgarājalakṣman Bhaṭṭa Nārāyaṇa. It begins with two Nandi verses, the first of which is: om kalindījalakālakāliyakulakrīdāvināśaisinā rusthāristhakathorakanthavalanāviślisthakanthasrajā rohatkeśikiśoradantapadavīkṛṣṇena puṣṇātu vo doṣṇā durdaradaityadarpadalanadvāreņa dāmodaraķ II The second Nāndī is: uttisthantyā 1 &c., see J. Grill's ed. (Leipzig, 1871), p. 129. On f. 423, in the third act, there is a lacuna after l. 3, sāmiņie hidimbadevi 11 (Grill, p. 35, l. 1), extending to bhīravah 11 katham evam 1 &c. (Grill, p. 38, l. 2). It ends: kāvyālāpasubhāsitavyasaninas te rājahamsā gatā goşthyas tāḥ kṣayam āgatā guṇalavaślāghāpravādaḥ sa tān sālankārarasoktivakramadhurāyās satkavīnām giras tāsām prājnāmīte guņāntaravidaķ ke mlecchitānām iva II iti nişkrantas sarve I şaştho 'nkah II II samaptam cedam Venīsamhāram nāma nāṭakam 11 kṛti kaver Mṛgarājalaksmaņo Nārāyaņasya II
- 8. Ff. 462<sup>v</sup>-478<sup>v</sup>, the Bālabhārata, or Pracaņdapāņdava, a drama in two acts, by Rājašekhara. It begins: om svasti u śrīgaņeśāya namah u u om namah Sarasvatyai u u om namaš Sivāyau &c., as in the edition published in Kāvyamālā, no. 4, 1887. F. 472: iti Bālabhārate Pracandapāndavāparanāmni rādhāvedho nāma prathamo 'nkah u It ends: maukharyena u iti niṣkrāntāḥ sarve u udvitīyo 'nkah u ukṛtir mahākave Rājasekharasya u A Prākrit version is sometimes inserted

above the Sanskrit speeches of females. Ff. 462-467 have been repaired (in India), and a few syllables supplied by a modern hand.

- 9. Ff. 479<sup>V</sup>-514, the Vikramorvaśī, a drama in five acts, by Kālidāsa, with an interlinear Sanskrit version of Prākrit passages. It begins: om svasti ii śriganeśāya namaḥ śrīśāradāyai namaḥ ii vedānteṣu i &c. In the fourth act, this MS. has the additions found in Sankar Paṇḍit's MSS. K., U., see his edition, Appendix I. It ends, like the MSS. K., U., with the verse sarvas taratu durgāṇi i &c. Colophon: iti śrīkālidāsakṛtir Vikramorvaśīnāma nāṭakaṃ samāptaṃ i
- 10. Ff. 514<sup>V</sup>-548<sup>V</sup>, the Ratnāvalī, a drama in four acts, by Srīharṣa, or Harṣadeva. From ff. 514<sup>V</sup>-527 (Act I and part of II), there is an interlinear Sanskrit version of Prākrit passages. It begins: om namo vighnahantre 11 om pādāgrasthitayā 1 &c. . . . pātu nah 11 11 It ends: ākalpantam ca sasyā bhavatu samucitam saṃgatam sajjanānām nirviśleṣavaka(?)śaṃ piśunajanavacovarja (?) nād vajralepah 11 iti niṣkrāntās sarve gataś caturtho 'nkah 1 iti śrīharṣaviracitā Ratnāvalī nāma nāṭikā samāptā 1 śubham bhavatu jagatām 1
- 11. Ff. 549<sup>v</sup>-654<sup>v</sup>, the Anargharāghava, a drama in seven acts, by Murāri. It begins: om svasti 11 śrīgaņe-śāya namaḥ śrīgurave namaḥ om nispratyūham upās-mahe 1 &c. F. 653<sup>v</sup> ends: samunmīlatsūktistavakamakarandaiḥ 1 &c. . . . guṇadoṣau racayatu (i.e. stanza 151 in the ed., Kāvyamālā, no. 5) iti niskrāntās sarve 11 ity Anargharāghave śrīrāmarājyābhiṣeko nāma saptamo 'nkaḥ 11 samāptam idam Anargharāghavam nāma nāṭakam 11 F. 654 contains five verses in praise of the poet Murāri, and ends again: Anargharāghavābhidhānam nāṭakam sampūrṇam samāptam 11 kṛtir iyam Murārikaver iti śivaṃ 11 There are marginal and interlinear Sanskrit versions of Prākrit passages, and glosses written by another hand.
- 12. Ff. 655<sup>v</sup>-670, the Kṛṣṇabhakticandrikāvidhāna, a drama, by Ānandadeva, the son of Āpadeva. It begins: om svasti i śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i śrīgurubhyo namaḥ i Sarasvatyai namaḥ ko 'pi sa gopakumāraḥ sphurati samāje vrajastrīnām navajaladhara iva madhye taḍitām paritaḥ sphurantīnām i It ends: iti śrīmatā-padevasūnunā 'nandadevena kṛtam śrīkṛṣṇabhakticandri-kāvidhānam nāma nāṭakam samāptam iti bhadram i śrīkṛṣṇajayakṛṣṇajayajayakṛṣṇeti mantramaulim dhyayet i nīlotpalānandakarī kavīnām Ānandadevena kṛtā Murāreḥi sānandadhanā paritovalakṣam bhaktyā yaśodāsuta candrikeyam i The name of the author is generally given as Anantadeva, see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, s. v.

There is a long marginal note, sec. manu, on f. 660°, and short glosses in other places.

13. Ff. 671V-717V, the Nagananda, a drama in five

acts, by S'rīharṣa, or Harṣadeva. It begins: om svasti II śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II II śreyo 'stu II om dhyānavyājam upetya cintayasi kam unmīlya cakṣuḥ kṣaṇaṃ paśyānaṅgaśarāturaṃ janam amuṃ trātāpi no rakṣasi I It ends: 'pramodāḥ prajāḥ II iti niṣkrāntāḥ sarve II pañcamo 'nkaḥ II II samāptam cedaṃ Nāgānandanaṃ nāma nāṭakaṃ II II kṛtiś śrīharṣadevasya II Then follows a benedictory stanza. From f. 712 to f. 716 there is an interlinear Sanskrit version of Prākrit passages.

14. Ff. 718<sup>V</sup>-737<sup>V</sup>, the Hanumannāṭaka, or Mahānāṭaka, by Dāmodara Miśra. It begins: om namaḥ sarasvatyai II II śrīrāmāya namaḥ II śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II (so far Devanāgarī) śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ II om namaḥ śrīrāmacandrāya II II II om kalyāṇānām nidhānam kalimalamathanam pāvanam pāvanānām pātheyam yanmumukṣoḥ sapadi parapadaprāptaye prasthitasya II It is incomplete, ending with verse 5 of the sixth act. F. 737<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīhanumadviracite mahānāṭake Sītāviyogo Rāmapañcamo 'nkaḥ II

A few notes and corrections are inserted between the lines.

15. F. 739, fragments containing only a few syllables of which nothing can be made (probably bits of waste paper originally used as lining by the native binder).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 99, 102, 108, 105, 94, 101, 109, 98, 107, 106, 91, 110, 97, 103). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. 1), 'Srīnagar, K. No. 1-14.'

Size:  $9\frac{5}{4} \times 7$  in.

Binding: stamped red leather, with flap, in the Persian style. Repaired.

Material: Paper, partly of the reddish colour of birch bark.

No. of leaves: iv + 743.

Date: the bulk of the MS. must have been written in the (Saptarşi) samvat years 69 and 70 (= A.D. 1693 and 1694). This appears from the dates given in the colophons of nos. 3, 7, and 9. F. 164: sam 69 caitra vati tṛtīyāyām likhitam 1 F. 461<sup>V</sup>: sam 70?? cuti 1 śukre likhitam mayā 1 F. 514: samvat 70 vai śuti caturdaśyām bhaumavāsare likhitam mayā Rājānalasakena 1

Scribe: Rājānalasaka, who gives his name in the colophons of nos. 3, 7, 9, and 11. With the exception of no. 2, and probably no. 14, the other Nāṭakas are clearly written by the same hand.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: ff. 1, 57, 98, 99, 108, 109, 726, and 727 are damaged, and ff. 100, 104-107, 110-112, 114-128, and 133 are slightly injured.

#### 34. LYRIC

#### 1248-MS. Sansk. e. 51

Ghatakharparakāvya with tīkā, A.D. 1670.

Contents: the poem Ghaṭakharpara, 22 verses, with a commentary. Ff. 4 (verses 4 and 5) and 9 (verse 11) are missing. The commentary begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ 11 11 proṣitapramadayedam ucyateti ṣaṣṭhaślokenānvayaḥ 1 proṣitapramadayā videśagatabhartṛkayā sakhyā agrataḥ idaṃ nicitam ityādi vakṣyamāṇaṃ cocyate 1 he sakhi 1 &c. End of the text: jīyeta jena kavinā yamakaiḥ pareṇa tasmai vaheyam udakaṃ ghaṭakharpareṇa 11 11 22 11 11 iti Ghaṭakharparakāvyaṃ saṭīkaṃ samāptaṃ 11 11 śubham astu 11

Jacobi, Rāmāyaṇa, p. 124, no. 1, regards this poem as anterior to Kālidāsa on stylistic grounds.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 61). Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 14 + ix blank. Ff. 1-8 are blank on the recto.

Date: samvatu 1726 (= A.D. 1670) varaşa pauşa vadi 5 pamcamyām 1

Written at Govāhadī for Risīkesa Prohita Ciramjī Harivadana.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: a few letters are lost on f. 14.

#### 1249-MS. Sansk. d. 76

#### Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Meghadūta, by Kālidāsa, complete in 112 verses. It ends: iti śrīkavicakravartikālidāsaviracitam Meghadūtam samāptam 11 11 śubham astu 11

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 72). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 15 + xiii blank.

Date: probably the second half of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1250-MS. Sansk. d. 81

#### Commentary (avacūri) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, A. D. 1623?

Contents: a commentary (avacūri) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, complete in 125 verses. It begins: om jināya 11 kaścit anirdişṭanāmā yakṣaḥ 1 Rāmagiryāśrameşu Citrakūṭācalatapovaneşu vasatim cakāra 1 āvāsam



cakāra I yakṣasya nāma kiṃ noktaṃ svāmidrohakatvāt I āśrameṣu vahuvacanaṃ kiṃ kṛtaṃ I &c. It ends with verse 125: śrutvā vārttāṃ o II dhaneśo 'pi dhanado 'pi tāṃ I &c... ata eva kīdṛśau hṛṣṭacittau II 25 II iha yady api girinagarasaritsarovarakamalākaravasaṃtotsavamalayānilajalakrīḍāpuṣpāvacayacaṃdrasūryodayastemayasvarggabaṃdhādīnāṃ mahākāvyalakṣaṇānām abhāvāt tathāpi mahākaviśrīkālidāsaviracitatvāt I idaṃ mahākāvyam ucyate II iti Meghadūtamahākāvyasyāvacūriḥ saṃpūrṇā II śubhaṃ bhavatu II

Written in the usual style of Jaina MSS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 79).

Size:  $11 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 12 + ix blank.

Date: Mnamdasvarakalāvarse madhumāsi sitau tathā pamcamyām sukuje vāre Yasavamto 'likhan nudā M1M This is the (samvat or saka?) year 1679 (either A.D. 1623) or 1757): probably the samvat year (i.e. A.D. 1623) is meant, according to the usual custom.

Scribe: Yasavanta (?).

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī. Injuries: f. 12 is damaged.

#### 1251-MS. Sansk. d. 80

#### A Commentary (avacuri) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, 17th cent.?

Contents: a commentary (avacūri) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, by a Jaina author, complete in 126 verses. It begins: 11 kaścid iti 1 kaścit anirdistanāmā yakşah Rāmagiryāśrameşu Citrakūtāśrameşu vasatim nivāsam cakre akarot 1 Rāmagireh āśramāh Rāmagiryāśramāh teşu anāmagrhya iti katham 11 mitradrohī 1 &c. It ends with verse 126: śrutveti 1 dhaneśo'pi yakṣarājo'pi 1 &c. . . . avirataśukham yathā bhavati tathā 11 126 11 iti sampūrnnā Meghadūtamahākāvyasyāvacūrih 11

Extracts from Lakṣmīnivāsa's Pañjikā are given as marginal notes. This is the reason why the title, 'Meghadūtakāvyasya pañjikā Lakṣmīnivāsaḥ,' appears on f. ii and at the bottom of f. 23<sup>v</sup>. It is apparently identical with the Meghalatā in Mitra, Notices, IX, 163.

Written in the usual style of Jaina MSS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 78).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 24.

Date: probably about A. D. 1650-1700.

Scribe: Vinayasoma, who wrote it for Ciramjīvī Somajī.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

BODL, SANS. CATAL. II.

#### 1252-MS. Sansk. d. 78

## Lakṣmīnivāsa's Commentary on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'iṣyahitaiṣiṇī, a commentary (pañjikā) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, by Lakṣmīnivāsa. It begins: II rhaṃ II śrīgaṇeśāṃbikābhyāṃ namaḥ II śrīmadvīraṃ dharādhīraṃ karmasīraṃ manoharaṃ II jagantāraṃ guṇādhāraṃ duṣṭābāraṃ stuve hāraṃ II II Kālidāsakṛtiḥ kutra kutra me buddhivaibhavaṃ I tad idaṃ veśmaratnaṃ na kurbe biśvābalokanaṃ II 2 II Meghadūtābhidhe kāvye kariṣye yakaṃjām imāṃ II śrīmallakṣmīnivāso'haṃ nāmnā S'iṣyahitaiṣiṇīṃ II 3 II It breaks off in the middle of verse II4, which begins: bhitvāsādya iti III14 II he guṇavati te prasiddhāḥII&c. See Weber, Catal., no. 1545.

In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 76). Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+42.

Date: probably about A.D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī, with some of the Jaina characteristics.

#### 1253-MS. Sansk. d. 79

#### A Commentary on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, 18th cent.?

Contents: an anonymous commentary (vivaraņa) on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta. It begins: arham 11 śrīpārśvanāthāya namah 11 atra kāvyam kila rasavad upādeyam ratyāh śrgārādayah 1 yato naganagarasaritsāgarattucamdrārkodayodyānajvalakelimadhupānasuratamamtradyūtaprayāṇāddūtavijināya kābhyudayavivādavipralambhakumāravarṇṇanair vispaṣṭair amībhir aṣṭādaśabhir lakṣaṇair lakṣitam mahākāvyam ucyate iha yathāpy eteṣām lakṣaṇānām abhāvas tathāpi mahākavi 1 śrīkālidāsaviracanād idam api mahākāvyam ucyate kaścit anirdiṣṭanāmā yakṣo Rāmagiryāśrameṣu vasatim cakre nivāsam akarṣyīta Rāmo manojño girih 1 &c. The last verse is 122, beginning: śrutvā vārttām iti dhaneśo 'pi dhanado 'pi tau daṃpati bhāryābharttārau 1 &c. End: iti Meghadūtakāvyasya vivaraṇam samāptam 11

In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 77).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 19 + xii blank.

Date: probably beginning of the 18th century.

Scribe: Padmānanda, pupil of Srīharṣāṇandagaṇi.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

Injuries: a few letters are lost on ff. 18<sup>v</sup>, 19 by the two leaves sticking together.

Aa



#### 1254-MS. Sansk. d. 77

#### A Commentary on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, 19th cent.?

Contents: a commentary on Kālidāsa's Meghadūta, called Meghadūtatīkā Kathambhūtī on the title-page, but different from MS. Sansk. c. 62 (1255). It begins: śriganeśāya namaḥ\\kaścit kāmteti\kaścid anirdiṣṭanāmadheyo yakşah Rāmagiryāśrameşu vasatim sthānam cakre i akār sīt \ kimvi śi stesu Rāmagir yā śramesu \ Janakatanayā \ &c. 126 verses are explained, the last verse beginning: sakrpacittah i kim krtvā i pūrvam jaladakathanānamtaram eva sadyah 1 &c. End: madakāmto bhavanatatagaih syād amuddharttulokair iti bhadram 1126 11 iti śrimeghadūtāţikā (cţikā sec. m.) sampūrņa (nā sec. m.) śūbham II śrīvrasnārppaņam astu II II cha II II śrībhavānyai namahı The text of the verse, itthambhūtam sucaritamatam Meghadūtam ca nāmnā 1 &c., is given on the margin of the last page as verse 127, with the addition, vahuşu prācīnapustakeşu ayam apyaśloko dṛṣṭaḥ II

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 75). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), Benares, no. 6.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 31.

Date: probably not older than the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1255-MS. Sansk. c. 62

## Kālidāsa's Meghadūta with Commentary (Kathambhūtī), A. D. 1853.

Contents: the Meghaduta, by Kalidasa, with an anonymous commentary called Kathambhūtī, on account of the constant use of the interrogative pronouns. The text is in the centre of the page, in larger The number of verses is 126, the last characters. verse being: itthambhūtam sucaritapadam Meghadūtam ca nāmnā kāmakrīdāvirahitajane viprayukte vinodaļ meghasyāsminn atinipuņatā vuddhibhāvah kavīnām na tvāryyāyāś caraņakamalam Kālidāsaś cakāra 11 126 11 iti śrīkālidāsakṛtau Meghadūtakāvyaṃ samāptaṃ 11 śubham astu II The commentary begins: II śriganeśaya namaḥ II kaścid yakṣaḥ anarṇītanāmā gaṃdharvaḥ Rāmagiryyāsrameşu Rāmagiriparvatāsramam tusya āsramāh teşu vasatim nivāsam cakre vidadhe 11 kathambhūto yakşah bhartuh Kuverasya sāpena 1 &c. It ends: kathambhūtah dhaneśah sadayahrdayah kṛpāsahitahrdayah punah kathambhūtah dhaneśah astakopah gatakopa ity arthah 11 125 11 iti Kathambhūlī 1 fikāyām samāptam śubham bhūyāt 1

There are marginal glosses on ff. 1-7.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 73).

Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 32.

Date: samvat 1909 (= A. D. 1853) mārgašukladvi-

tīyā candravāsaraņ I

Scribe: Paņdit Sukhadeva.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the text is damaged on ff. 9,12,14,16; the injuries were caused by the separation of leaves which were sticking together.

#### 1256-MS. Sansk. d. 85

#### Mayūra's Sūryasataka, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Sūryaśata Kāvya or Sūryaśataka, by Mayūra. F. 1 is missing. It begins in the middle of verse 7 with the words: pūrayamtas tato 'pi 1 &c. It ends: devah kim bāmdhavah 1 &c. . . . evam nirnnīyate tah ka iva na jayatām sarvyathā sarvvadāsau sarvākāropakārī dišatu daša šatābhīšur alparthitam vah 110011 iti śrīsūryašatakāvyam samāpi 11

Written in the usual style of Jaina MSS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 90).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+9+xi blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1650.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

## 1257—MS. Sansk. c. 31 (R) Mayūra's Sūryasataka, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Sūryaśataka, a stotra in praise of the sun in 100 verses, accompanied by a translation into Siñhalese, and a commentary in that language. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 61. It seems practically identical with the famous Sataka of Mayūra, see the Bodl. catal., p. 348b. Edited in Haeberlin's Sanscrit Anthology, and, with the commentary of Tribhuvanapāla, by Durgaprasāda and K. P. Paraba, Bombay, 1889. The text and Siñhalese commentary were edited by A. de Silva Devarakkhita of Batuvantudāve, Colombo, 1883, according to Bendall, Sanskrit, &c., Books, p. 231b. Cf. also Wickremasinghe, Catal. of Simhalese MSS., p. 101, and Bendall's Brit. Mus. catal., p. 101. The text is not very accurate.

Presented in 1859 by Dr. Mill, who purchased it at Calcutta in February, 1835.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 31.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $14\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{5}{8} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $13\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards, and a string passing through two holes.

No. of leaves: 62.

Date: perhaps 18th century, but may very well be later.

Character: Siñhalese.

#### 1258-MS. Sansk. c. 64

#### Bhartrhari's S'ringarasataka, 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'ringāraśata, no doubt meant for Bhartrhari's S'ringāraśataka, though the name of the author is not mentioned, and the arrangement of the verses is quite different from that in the editions. It begins (after the Jaina diagram): śubhram sadma savibhramā yuvatayah śvetātapatrojvalah lakṣmīr ity anubhūyate sthiram iva syūte śubhe karmaṇi &c. It contains 110 verses, the last verse being: siṃho valī dviradaśūkaramāṃsabhojī saṃvatsarena kurute ratam ekavāraṃ pārāpatakharaśilā kaṇa (tṛṇa sec. m.) bhojino 'pi kāmī bhavaṃty anudinaṃ vada ko 'tra hetuh 111011 iti Sṛṃgāraśataṃ saṃpūrṇaṃ 11111 11 śrīrāmāya namaḥil 11

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 87). Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper (absorbent).

No. of leaves: iii + 10 + x blank. The MS. is written only on the recto of the leaves.

Date: probably about A.D. 1750-1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injury: the paper has suffered from damp, but the text is always legible.

#### 1259—MS. Sansk. c. 59

#### Amarusataka with Commentary, 18th cent,?

Contents: fragment of the Amaruśataka, with a commentary, containing verses 1-43. The MS. seems to belong to what Dr. Simon calls the fourth recension (see R. Simon, Das Amaruçataka, Kiel, 1893, pp. 72 sq.). It reads jyākṛṣṭivaddhakhaṭkā° and °valitoṃvikāyāḥ in verse 1, ādadāno in verse 2, and svedāmbhasaḥ śikaraiḥ in verse 3. Verses 1-3 in this MS.=verses 1-3 of Simon's edition; 4-12=5-13 Simon's edition; 13=11 in the second recension (Simon, p. 122); 14=56 Simon's edition; 15, 16=14, 15 Simon's edition; 17=17 in the fourth recension (Simon, p. 138); 18-20=16-18 Simon's edition; 42,43=36,37 Simon's edition. Compare the synopsis in Simon's edition, pp. 149 sq. The commentary begins: srīgaņešāya namaḥ 11 jyākṛṣṭeti 11 pārvatyāḥ kaṭākṣaḥ vaktrāvalokanaṃ tvāṃ pātu rakṣatu 11 kathaṃbhūtaḥ 1&c.

For an ingenious hypothesis as to the origin of this

poem see Pischel, Rudrața, pp. 9-11. It is anterior to Anandavardhana (A. D. 850).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 50). Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 7 + vii blank.

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th century, perhaps older.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1, 4, 5, 7 are slightly damaged.

#### 1260-MS. Sansk. c. 58

#### S'ankarācārya's Aparādhasundarastotra, A. D. 1837.

Contents: the Aparadhasundarastotra, in 14 stanzas, by Sankarācārya, together with a commentary (by him-The text begins: ādau karmmaprasamgāt kalayati kalaşam mātrkukşau sthitam mām tanmutrā-The commentary medhyamadhye vyathayati 1 &c. begins: śriganeśaya namah II śam astu II viśveśvaram namaskrtya sarvvapratyayakāraņam II sundarasyāparāsya ţīkeyam likhyate mayā śam sukham bhavaty asmād iti sambhur visvanāthas tasya samvodhanam i &c. The text ends: laksmīs toyataramgabhamgacapalā vidyuccalam jīvitam tasmān mām saraņāgatam saraņada tvam rakşa rakşādhunā 1114 11 End of the commentary: jagadbhakşakah II iti śrimacchamkarācāryyaviracitam Aparādhasudana (ona corrected from ora) stotra samūptam II On f. ii the title is given as follows: Aparādhamadhusūdanastotram satīkam Samkarācāryah i The text of this work has been printed under the title, Aparādhakşamāpanastotra, Bombay, 1861 (chāpilem 1783), obl. 16°.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 49).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 7 + xxv blank.

Date: abhabhasamvat 1894 śāke 1759 (= A.D. 1837) māsottame māse māghamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe tithau 141

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1261-MS. Sansk. d. 64

## S'ankarācārya's Ānandalaharī with Commentary, early 18th cent.?

Contents: the Anandalaharī, or Saundaryalaharī, a poem by Sankarācārya, with a commentary by Gaurīkānta Sārvabhauma. It begins: om (?) 11 svasti śrīgaņe-śāya namaḥ 11 11 omkārottamaramyaharmyanilayām prā-sādamadhyasthitām kāmākhyām bhuvaneśvarīm nir ... mām...hmādibhir vaṃditām 1 &c. Then follows: para-

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mātmā pṛthagbhūtām praṇamya parameśvarīm i Ānamdalaharīţīkā Gaurīkāmtena tanyate 11 3 11 Gaurīkāmtasärvabhaumabhattācāryah sudhīr imām \ Ānamdalaharītīkām tanute viduṣām mude 11411 The text begins: śivah śaktyā yukto yadi bhavati śaktah 1 &c. Three leaves at the beginning, one after f. 3, one after f. 4b, and one after f. 6 (= ff. 2, 5, 8 of the original foliation), and the last leaf are missing. F. 47 contains text and commentary of the last verse (102), beginning: 11 pradīpajvālābhir 1 &c., and ending: vācām stutir iyam 1 (In the text, as printed in Haeberlin's Sanscrit Anthology, one verse more is given. But in MS. Walker 179a (169) text and commentary end in the same way as in this MS.) Then follow some ślokas by Gaurikanta. MS. Walker 179a (169) there are four slokas; this MS. breaks off in the middle of the third sloka, with the words: pūjām bhūrimahībhujām sadasi yo lebhe 'tidhīmān ka t

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 51). Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 1+48.

Date: unfortunately the last leaf, containing the colophon, is lost. The MS. appears to be old, and was probably written at the beginning of the 18th century, perhaps even earlier.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 3, 4<sup>a</sup>, 4<sup>b</sup> are slightly damaged (a few letters lost).

#### 1262-MS. Sansk. d. 74

## Puspadanta's Mahimnahstotra with Commentary, early 18th cent.?

Contents: the Mahimnahstotra, by Puspadanta, with a commentary. Anterior to A.D. 1431, since it is quoted by Rayamukuta, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p.63, and to A.D. 1140, since it is quoted by Vardhamana, Aufrecht, Z.D.M.G., XXVIII, 115. The text (in the centre of the page) begins: II śriganeśaya namah II mahimnah param te param aviduşo yady asadrsī stutir vrahmādīnām api tadavasannās tvayi giraķ i The commentary begins: II śrīgaņeśāya namaļ II sāmbaļ šivo jayati I mahimna iti I he bhagavan i te tava mahimnah param pāram i avidusah pumso jānatam purusasya stutiķ yadi asadršī syāt tarhi ananurūpā i ayogyā bhavet i tadā vrahmādīnām api giro vāņyah tvayi visaye avasannā nihphalās tadavasannā bhaveyuh i nihphalā bhavamti i End of the text: tad api tava guņānām īśa pāram na yāti 11 32 11 iti śrīmahimnah satīkam stotram sampūrņam i lekhakapāthakayor mmamgalamālikāstutamām \ End of the commentary: iti śrīmahimnaḥ stotrasya ţippaṇaṃ samāptam idaṃ t lekhakapāthakayor mmamgalamālikā bhavatutarām i śrīb i See the next MS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 70). Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 9 + xxi blank.

Date: probably middle of the 18th century, if not older.

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

#### 1263-MS. Sansk. d. 75

#### Puspadanta's Mahimnahstotra with Commentary, A. D. 1786.

Contents: the Mahimnahstotra, by Puspadanta, with a commentary. The text (in the centre of the page) begins: mahimnah param te param aviduso yady asadṛśī | &c. The commentary begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namah || mahimna iti | he bhagavan te tava mahimā tasya mahimnah param param avasānam paryamtam avidusah 'jānatah puṃso yady asadṛśī syāt stutir ananurupā bhavet || yadi vrahmādīnām api tvayi viṣaye vāco 'vasannāh niṣphalāh bhaveyuh | The text ends: tad api tava guṇānām īśa pālaṃ na yāti || 32 || The commentary ends: kathaṃbhūtā ṛhiḥ guṇātīllaṃghīnī guṇatrayātīnā || 31 || ili Mahimnākhyam stotraṃsya ṭikā likhyate ||

A lithographed edition of this poem appeared at Bombay in 1863 (sake 1785), and another with Madhusūdana's commentary in 1865 (sake 1787).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 71). Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 18.

Date: saṃvata 1842 (= A.D. 1786) nāvarṣe vaiṣākhavīdi 11 (vāraśukaralakhitaṃ ga) jñāti audumara I Jothrā Keśavarāṃmu idaṃ pustakaṃ II

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: part of the text on f. 9 has been obliterated by damp.

#### 1264-MS. Sansk. d. 68

## Jayadeva's Gītagovinda with Nārāyaṇa's Commentary, A. D. 1649.

Contents: the Gītagovinda, with the commentary, called Rasakandalī, by Nārāyaṇa Vyāsa, son of Srītejā or Tejā (?). The commentary begins: svasti śrīrādhādhavo jayati 11 śrīvighnahartte namaḥ 11 11 pūrṇṇacaṃdraprabhāpadmāṃ vidyutpadmā 'tisannibhāṃ 1 śrīrādhikāṃ namaskṛtya kriyate Rasakaṃdalī 11 11 Then follow four more introductory verses, after which we read: atra śrīmadgītagoviṃdābhidhe pravaṃdhe tāvat saraṇasvādhīnabhartṛkā varṇṇanīyā 11 tallakṣaṇaṃ ca 11 &c.

Then further on: medhair iti II II Rādhāmādhavayoḥ kelayo jayamti jayayuktā bhavamti 1 &c. It ends: iti śrīrāmānujaviśuddhasampradāye Vālmīkianamtadrīgaraparicārakānām pādapadmamakaramdamattamadhupena i rasikaśri pravod hagamgaliśrikarācāryyaharidāsaharivaṃśarūpapramukharasikebhyaḥ prāptarasasāgareņa śrīvṛmdāvanasthena I vidremdrarājavaryyagautamagotraśrīvyāharūnaradevavīlhākalāsāgaņakahārikāsuvamsodbhavena śrītejāputreņa Nārāņavyāsena viracitāyām Jayadevakrtaśrīgītagovimde Rasakamdalīnāmni (sic) ţīkāyām dvādaśah sargah | | | | | 12 | | | | he vivudhāḥ vimatsarāḥ bhavadbhir mama kşamyatāṃ 🛚 🖠 yuşmākam eva agratah vālakasya vidamvatam II I II II iti śrīgītagovimde kavinṛpajayadevakṛtau suprītapītāmvarastānaśrenīmuktāphalā nāma dvādaśamaḥ sargaḥ II II vamde padmapalāśāksam śrīrādhādharamādhurī I madhupānamadonmattam vrmdāranyavihāriņam 11 11 krtāsurasyā Rasakamdalīyam Nārāyaņenātivinodavācā 11 vidagdharādhāratikelibhāsā śrīkṛṣṇabhaktān paritoṣakās tu 11 2 11 iti śrīvṛmdāvane prāravdheyam śrīgītagovimdābhidhasya pravaņdhasya śrīrasakaņdalī nāmnī ţīkā samāptā 'tisuśubhadāstu II

Something is written in Hindī vernacular on ff. 1 and 73<sup>v</sup>.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 60). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 74.

Date: samvatu 1705 (= A.D. 1649) varse pausakrsnapakse navamyām bhaumadine

Scribe: Raghunātha, son of Miśra Srīparamānanda. Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1265—MS. Sansk. e. 58

Govardhanācārya's Āryāsaptasatī, A.D. 1852.

Contents: the Aryāsaptasatī, or Saptasatī, by Govardhanācārya, in 756 verses. It begins: 11 śrīganeśāya namah 11 pānigrahe pulakitam vapur aiśam bhūtibhūsitam jayati 11 amkurita iva manobhūr yasmin bhasmāvasese 'pi 11 II It ends: haricaraṇavāmalīlām vāmana iva kavipadam lipsuh 11 akṛtāryyāsaptasatīm etām Govarddhanācāryah 11 56 II iti śrīmahāmayopādhyāyaśrīgovarddhanācāryaviraciteyam Saptasatī samāptā 11 11 śubham bhūyāt 11 The edition printed at Benares in 1868 (saṃvat 1924), contains 754 verses, and the edition in the Kāvyamālā, no. 1, only 702.

Marginal notes on ff. 60°, 77°.

A work of the 11th or 12th century, Weber, Ind. Lit., p. 211.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 89). Size:  $8\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 80.

Date: samvat 1908 (= A. D. 1852) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1266-MS. Sansk. d. 73

#### Jagannātha's Bhāminīvilāsa, A.D. 1822.

Contents: the Bhāminīvilāsa, by Paṇḍitarāja Jagannātha. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ II digamte śruyaṃte madamalina gaṇḍākaraṭinaḥ kariṇyaḥ I &c. See the Bodl. catal., p. 130. The first vilāsa has 101 verses, and ends on f. 5<sup>V</sup>; the second, has 102 verses, and ends on f. 9; the third, has 19 verses, and ends on f. 9<sup>V</sup>; the fourth, has 32 verses, and ends on f. 10<sup>V</sup>, thus: dhuryair api mādhuryair drākṣākṣīre kṣumākṣikasudhānāṃ vaṇḍyaiva mādhurīyaṃ Paṇḍitarājasya kavitāyāḥ II 31 II dūrvāttā jārajanmāno hariṣyaṃtīti śaṃkayā madīyapadyaratnānāṃ maṇjūṣaiṣā mayā kṛtā II 32 II iti śrīkhilaghuveṇgināvikulāvataṃsapaṇḍitarājajagannāthanirmmite Bhāminīvilāse śāṃ caturtho vilāsa samāptaḥ I

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 69).

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 10 + ix blank.

Date: saṃvat 1878 (= A. D. 1822) māse phā . śu . 15 guruvāsare l

Character: Devanāgarī, with some of the characteristics of Jaina writing.

## 1267—MS. Sansk. e. 50

Jagannātha's Gangālaharī, A.D. 1800.

Contents: the Gangālaharī, or Pīyūṣalaharī, a poem in 54 verses, by Jagannātha. It begins: śrīgangādevyai namah samrddham saubhāgyam sakalavasudhāyāh kim api tan mahaiśvaryyam līlājanitajagatah khamdaparaśoh! &c. It ends: imām Pīyūṣalaharīm Jagannāthena nirmitām yah paṭhet tasya sarva sarvatra jāyamte jayasampadah!! 53!! yais tvam dṛṣṭā tair na dṛṣṭah kṛtāmto yais tvam pītā tair na pītas tanāmbhah yair vā magnam tair na magnam bhavāvdhau mātar Gamge yair mṛtam no mṛtam taih !! 54!! iti śrīmanmahāpamditatriśūlijagannāthena nirmitāyām Gangālaharī saṃpūrṇam samāptam!

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 58). Size:  $8\frac{8}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 11 + v blank.

Date: savat 1856 (= A.D. 1800) jyeştakrşna ekādaśyām gurau (

Scribe: Vārāma Brāhmaņa, who wrote it for Miśre

Sankaravallabha: me Vārāmavrāhmaņena likhi śrīmiśreśamkaravallabhasya pāṭhārtham \

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1268-MS. Sansk. c. 60

#### Jagannātha's Gangālaharī with Commentary, A.D. 1839-1840.

Contents: fragments of Jagannatha's Gangalahari, or Pīyūṣalaharī, with the Bālabodhinī, a commentary by Dalapati Rāma, son of Durgārāma Sūri, containing verses 1-5(ff. 1-4), 9-21 (ff. 6-12), and 50-53 (ff. 13-15); f. 5 and fourteen leaves after f. 12 are lost. The commentary begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ 11 Bhāgīrathī tridašasevitapādapadmā abjābhayāmṛtakarī ravarāṭyahastā II muktāvibhūśaņavirājitacārudehā pāpam vināśayatu me sukrtapravāhā II II Durgārāmam aham pranamya pitaram Govimdarāmātmajam Sāhityālayaramganāthatanayam śrīkṛṣṇabhaṭṭam gurum II ţīkām vālamude karomi virādām Gamgālaharyyāh parām tuņyamtu pratibhājuşaś capalatām vīkṣyārbhakasya sphuṭām 11 2 11 atha cikīrsitasya Pīyūsalaharyyākhyastavarājasya nirvighnasamāptikāmanayā Jagannāthābhidheyah pamditavaryyah stavādhişthātrīm devatām stauti 🛚 samṛddheti 🔻 End of the text: imām Pīyūşalaharīm Jagannāthena nirmitāmm \\ yah pathe tasya sarvatra jāyamte jayasampada 11 53 11 iti śrijagannāthaviracitā Pīyūşalaharī samāptā II II śrīgamgāyai namaļ II II End of the commentary: iti śrīdargārāmasūrisūnudalapatirāmaviracitā Gamgālaharīţīkā Bālabodhinīnāmnī samāptā tayā Bhāgīrathī prīyatām u

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 59). Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 16 + vii blank.

Date: samvat 1896 śake 1761 (= A. D. 1839) śādhārananāmasamvatsare phālguna 14 camturdaśyām camdravāsare

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1269-MS. Sansk. e. 49

#### Līlāśuka's Karņāmṛtastotra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Karnāmṛtastotra, in 112 verses, by Līlāśuka Bilvamangala. It begins: śrīrādhāgobiṃdadevau jayataḥ II ciṃtāmaṇir jayati somagirir gurur me II śikṣāguruś ca bhagavān śikhipicchamauli II yatpādakalpatarupallavaśekhareṣu II līlāsvayaṃvararasaṃ labhate jayaśrīḥ II II It ends: anugrahaṃ dviguṇaviśālalocanai Ir anusmaran mṛdumuralīracāmṛtaiḥ I yato yataḥ prasarati me dvilocanaṃ I tatas tataḥ sphuratu tavaiva

vaibhavam || || 12 || || iti srīlīlāsukavilvamamgalaviracitam Karņāmmṛtastotram sampūrņam ||

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 52). Size:  $7\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 14.

Date: probably written at the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, beautifully written.

Peculiarity: there are nine lines on each page, carefully written in groups of three.

### 1270 (1, 2)-MS. Sansk. e. 52

Nāgadeva's Cittasaṃtoṣatriṃśikā, 17th cent.?

- 1. Ff. 4, 5, containing a fragment (verses 20–31) of Rājāna Nāgadeva's Cittasaṃtoṣatriṃśikā, beginning: sṭhyādyanirbhayam amandam udāram āste 111911 nityaṃ yad etad abhavad 1 &c. End (f. 5<sup>v</sup>): Nāgābhidho vyadhād enāṃ Cittasantoṣatriṃśikāṃ 113111 iti śrīmadrājānanāgadevaviracitā Cittasantoṣatriṃśikā samāptā 11 oṃ namaḥ Sivāya 11 Then follows
- 2. Another fragment (ff. 5<sup>v</sup>-7) of the same, beginning with verse 1: om āhlādahetur ubhayor api lokayos tvam 1 &c., and ending in the middle of verse 19: cintām tatāna karuņam pralālāpa pūrvam yat samkucatsthitibhayam ravijād vicārya 1 cetas tadadvayam idam nijatthapam īkṣyad i 1

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 62). Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 1+7 (ff. 1-3 are missing) + xvii blank. Date: apparently 17th century.

Character: Sarada.

### 85. NĪTIŚĀSTRA

#### 1271-MS. Sansk. f. 15

Cāṇakya Rājanītiśāstra, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Cāṇakya Rājanītisāstra, in eight adhyāyas. The beginning, 1, 1-3 (= f. 1), is missing. 1, 4 (f. 2) is: tad aham sampravaksyāmi yaj jñātvā puruso 'cirāt 11 labhate vipulām kīrtim na cārthena viyujyate 118 11 Adhyāya 1 contains 47 verses. Adhyāya 2 begins (f. 10<sup>V</sup>): om āpadartham dhanam raksyam dārā raksyā dhanair api 11 It contains 62 verses. Adhyāya 3 begins (f. 23): om yo pūrvāni parityajya tv apūrvāni

nișevate II It contains 68 verses. Adhyaya 4 begins (f. 38): om pārthivasya pravaksyāmi bhrtyānām caiva lakşanam 11 It contains 49 verses. Adhyaya 5 begins (f. 48): om parīkşya prathamam bhṛtyān uttamādhama-It contains 48 verses. madhyamān II Adhyāya 6 begins (f. 57): om dadadhvam dānam anisam mā bhūta kṛpaṇā janāḥ II It contains 62 verses. Adhyāya 7 begins (f. 60°): om na kaścit kasya cin mitram na kaścit kasyacid ripuh 11 It contains 86 verses. F. 81 is supplied by a modern hand. Adhyāya 8 begins (f. 86): om dharmah pravrajitas tapah pracalitam satyam 1 &c. 8, 117-122 (=f. 109) are missing. It contains 144 verses, and ends: pitā vivekaḥ svamatir janitrī svasāpy ahimsā dayitā dayaiva II dharmaḥ sahāyas tanayā sukīrtih sūnuh satām dīnajanopakārah 1114311 Cāņikyamāņikyam idam kanthe bibhrati ye budhāh 11 grathitam Bhojarājena bhuvi taiķ kim na prāpyate 11 144 11 iti śrīcāņikye Rājanītiśāstre 'stamo 'dhyāyah II II samāptam cedam Rājanītiśāstram samāptam II II should be Cāṇakya. A considerable number of verses correspond to verses in the Hitopadesa, and hence it is possible that this is the Nītiśāstra from which a part of the contents of that work (cf. the grantha anya of its preface) is derived. Cf. Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 133, 134. On f. iv there are five lines treating of the syllable om.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 81). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 26.'

Size:  $3\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 116 (ff. 1 and 109 are missing). There are six lines on each page.

Date: 17th or 18th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: ff. 68-70, 108, 110 are slightly damaged.

#### 36. FABLES

#### 1272—MS. Walker 154

Vișnusarman's Pancatantra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pancatantra, ascribed to Visnusarman, rendered into Marāthī couplets. The Sanskrit verses are prefixed to the vernacular, but the text is most inaccurate; verse I appears on f. IV in this form: sakalaśāstrasāram jagatī i samālokyam Viņņuśramenenade i tatra pamcabhī tulam kāra I sumanşaraśāstra yat II II This is hardly Sanskrit, and the other verses are no better. Book I contains 746 verses of translation, ending on f. 78v. Book II, with 253 verses, ends on f. 97. Book III, with 601 verses, ends on f. 143v. Book IV, with 505 verses, ends on f. 1827. Book V, with 473 verses, ends on f. 227 : iti śrīpamcopākhyānarājanītisāstre śrīviṣṇuśrameņa viracitāyām tamtra paṃcamo samāptaḥ i saṃpūrṇaṃ i śubhaṃ bhavatu i śrīr astu i kalyāņam astu i śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu i cha i cha i chaichai Like this passage, the colophons of the several books are written in the worst possible Sanskrit. The text is bounded on either side by two yellow lines.

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 227 + ii blank. In the original each book has a separate foliation, 78 + 19 + 46 + 45 + 39

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1273—MS. Walker 153

Vișnuśarman's Pañcatantra, A. D. 1810.

Contents: the Pañcatantra, by Vișnuśarman, rendered freely into Gujarātī, the verses being, as a rule, given both in Sanskrit and Gujarātī. It begins on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ \ sakalārthaśāstrasāraṃ \ jagati samālokya Vişņušarmedam ı tatra pamcabhir etac ı cakāra sumanoharam śāstram II II arthah I Then follows the vernacular rendering. A fair specimen of the inaccuracy of the Sanskrit is verse 2, on f. 1v: ajatamṛtamūrşebhyo mṛto jāto suto varam i yatas tau svalpaduḥkhāya jāvajīvam jado dahet 11 2 11 It ends on f. 176\*: iti śrīpamcākhyānaśāstra sampūrņathayum I cha I śrīr astu i śubham bhavatu i kalyāmnam astu i lekhakapāthakayoh subham bhūyāt ı cha ı In this case the scribe does not appear to have been the author of the version. The text is bounded on either side by three or four yellow lines.

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 177 + ii blank.

Date: f. 176: samvat 1866 (= A. D. 1810) nā varse āśvinamāse śuklapakṣe tṛtīyāyām tithau budhavāsare t

Scribe: f. 171: śrikachadeśe śribhujanagaramadhye likhatam travādīchaganajīsutasīmajī tenedam pustakam I Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

## 1274 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. c. 66 Pañcatantra, A.D. 1750.

Contents:

1. Ff. 1-103<sup>v</sup>, the Paficatantra, by Vișnusarman, books I and II, and nearly the whole of book III. It begins: 116011 (meant for the Jaina diagram) om namah 11 śao śrimati Ratnagurubhyo namah II II bamde Sarasvatim nityam bāgmanaķkāyakarmmabhih I vāksamudrā yayā naddho dustaras tridaser api IIIII Manave Vācaspataya Sukrāya Parāsarāya sasutāya 11 Cāṇākyāya viduse namāstu sarvaśāstrakarttṛbhyaḥ 11211 praṇamya vighnaharttāram ganādhyaksam Umāsutam II nītašāstram idam bukşye kathāmārganibamdhanam 11 3 11 tad yathānuśrūvata 11 asti daksinātve janapada Mahilaropyam nāma nagaram i tatra sakalaśāstrakalpadrumah pravaranypamukatamanimarīcicayacarccitacaranāh sakalakalāpāramgato Damaraśaktir nāma rāmarājā babhūva II Book I ends on f. 50°; book II, on f. 82. The fragment of book III ends (f. 103<sup>v</sup>) with the words: evam śatrūn anihśeşatām nītvā bhūyo'pi Meghavarņas tam eva nyagrodhapādapaļuga jagāmaļ \ tataļ \ sihāsanasthau bhūtvā sabhāmaṃdhye pramuditaḥ \ manāsthirajīvinam apṛchat \ tāta : See Bühler's edition, B. S. S., no. III, p. 84, l. 6. Both this and the next fragment differ considerably from Bühler and Kielhorn's edition.

2. Ff. 104-144, the Pancatantra, or Pancakhyanaka, by Visnusarman, the second half of book III with books IV and V. This part is written by an entirely different hand from 1. It begins: dyā pādayamti ite mugdhāḥ śrute paramārtham na jānamti yac ca kenacid uktam ājair yastavyam iti tatra ajā vrīhavam saptivārşikā ucyate na jāyamta ity anvarthavalāt uktam ca vṛkṣān chitvā 1 &c. See Bühler's edition, p. 68, l. 4. Book III ends on f. 118; book IV, on f. 129v. Book V ends (f. 144): evam uktvā suvarņasiddhas tam andra(?)jñāpya svagrham prati nivrttih samāptam cedam aparīkşākāritam nāma pamcamam tamtram yasyāyam ādyah ślokah kudrstam kuparijñātam kukrstam kuparīksitam tan narena na karttavyam nāpi teneha yat kṛtam etatsamāptau samāptam Pamcatamtrā 'paranāmakam Pamcākhyānakam iti nītiśāstrakam kathānvitam satkavisūktayuktam śrīvisnuśārmā nṛpa nītisāstram cakāra yo neha paropakārasvargāya jāyeta vudhā vadamti 11 111 śrisomamamtrivacanena viśirnavarnahm alokya śastram akhilam khalu Pamcatamtram 11 2 11 śripūrņabhadraguruņā guruņādareņa samsodhitam nrpatinītivinecanāya pratyaksaram pratipadaprativākyam pratikatham pratiślokam i śripūrnabhadraśūriś ca(?) śodhayām āsa śāstram idam 11311 yad yat kimcit kimcid api mayā neha samyak prayuktam tat karttavyam nipunadhisanaih jñāmtimamto hi samtah śriśricamdraprabhuparivytah pātu mām pātakebhyo yasyādyā vibhramati bhuvane kīrttigamgāpravāhah [11411] ya smārttam vacah kvacana yat samayopāyāgi proktam samastaviduşām tad draşanīyam Somasya manmathavilāsavišesakasya kim nāma lāmchanamraah kurute na laksmim 11511 pratyamtaram na punar asya mandakramena kutrāpi kimcana jagaty api niśrayo me kim tvāghasaktavipadākṛtabījamuşţih siktā mayā matijalena jagāma vṛddhiḥ 11611 catvāri hi sahasrāṇi tatparam şaţ śatāni ca gramthasyāsya mayā mānam ganitam ślokasamkhyayā 11711 śaravānataranivarse ravikaravadi phālgune trtīyā jīrnoddhāra ivāsau pratisthito 'yam savikrdhaiḥ 11811 mūlapratilakṣamā na samti cha iti śrīpamcākhyānakam nāma nītisāstram sampūrnam 1

This is, of course, the text as revised in the year 1255 (= A.D. 1199 probably) for the minister Soma. See Bendall, *Brit. Mus. catal.*, pp. 110-114.

3. F. 145, a fragment (eight lines only) of some work on Alamkāra, treating of pūrņopamā and luptopamā. It begins: śrīgurubhyo namah i Govimdam saccidānamdam pranamyābhīṣṭasiddhaye i alamkṛtpumbhih sāmdraś camdrālokah prakīrttyate ii i ii

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 111). Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 145 + ii blank.

Date: 2 is dated (f. 144<sup>v</sup>): mittī saṃvata 1806 (= A. D. 1750) vaiśākhe śuklapakṣe tṛtīyāśanivāśare 1 1 is probably not quite so old.

Scribe: 2 was written by Rādhākṛṣṇa, in the town of Karṇakuṇḍala, for Saṅkararāma, Sambhūrāma, Ṣu-śpālīrāma, and Savāīrāma (if these are names of different persons in the colophon: Karṇakuṇḍalapuryyām vai Rādhākṛṣṇo vyalīlikhat ciraṃjīvasvātmajaśaṃkararāma-śaṃbhūrāmaṣuśpālīrāmasavāīrāmapaṭhanārthaṃ).

Character: Devanagari, 1 with Jaina characteristics. The diagrams on ff. 1<sup>v</sup> and 83, and the blank space in the centre of f. 27<sup>r</sup>, also show the Jaina hand.

Injuries: f. 2 is damaged, and part of the long marginal note is lost.

## 1275—MS. Sansk. e. 56 Hitopadeśa, 17th cent.?

Contents: fragments of the Hitopadesa. A fragment of f. 2 contains part of the Prastavana, from verse 12 to 26 (according to Peterson's edition, B. S. S., 33). Ff. 3, 4 are lost, and f. 5 begins in verse 14 of the Mitralābha:...jñānabhāraḥ kriyā...ārātmake viśvāsaḥ kṛtaḥ tathāpy uktam 1 &c. The Mitralābha ends on f. 22 : iti Hitopadeśe nītiśāstropadeśe mitralābho nāma prathamah kathā...h II F. 57° ends after verse 97 of book III (Vigraha) = Peterson's edition, p. 114. F. 58 is missing. F. 59 begins: ... dhyamāh sa . . . vanti II cakro brūte II yo'kāryam kāryavac chāsti I &c. (III, 101), and ends: hantum sārasādayas senāpatayo niyojyante ı tathā coktam ıı dirghavartmapa (III, 105 beginning). Ff. 60, 61 contain fragments of book IV (Sandhi), beginning: ... stān matsyān ekaikaśo nītvābhakşayat 11 anantaram kulirah tam uvāca 1 (after IV, 16 =

Peterson's edition, p. 135), and ending after verse 24 (Peterson's edition, p. 138, l. 11).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 117). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iv), 'K 50.'

Size:  $8\frac{1}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Birch bark.

No. of leaves: iv + 63.

Date: probably first half of the 17th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: of ff. 2, 61 only fragments are left; ff. 5-21, 40, 41, 57 are seriously, and ff. 22-33, 39, 42 are slightly damaged.

# 87. FAIRY TALES

### 1276-MS. Sansk. d. 89

Simhāsanadvātrimsatkathānaka, A.D. 1655.

Contents: the Simhasanadvatrimsatkathanaka (or Vikramādityacarita, or Vikramacarita). It begins: 11 om namah 11 yam vrahma vedāmtavido vadamti 1 param pradhānam puruşas tathānye i viśrodgateh kāraņam īśvaram vā 11 tasmai namo vighnavināśanāya 11 11 It then continues (though with many errors and various readings) like MS. S in Weber's treatise on the work, Ind. Stud., XV, 209 sq., up to the end of verse 5. Verse 6 begins: ānamdā syamdinī ramyā i madhurā rasamedurā 1 i then there is a lacuna to the end of verse 7: kathām kathaya deveśa i mamānumaha (?) kāmyayā 11711 It seems to belong to a recension similar to that given in MS. S in Weber's treatise, but it is very brief, when compared with Weber's extracts, and yet entirely different from the 'recensio brevior' of MS. Marsh 328b [326] (see the Bodl. catal., p. 152). It is certainly not the Jaina recension, though the MS. is written by a Jaina. It ends: tarhi tava prasādena šāpamokšah samjātah i samprati vayam tubhyam prasannāsma i rājan varam vṛṇu i rājābhojenoktam i mama kasminn api vasuny abhilāso nāsti i tataķ putrikābhir uktam i yaķ yaķ ko 'pi manobuddhipūrvakam etat kathānakam śrosyasi sa dhairyaśaurya praudhi pratā palak smī putrapautrak īrttivi jayavā di bhavişyati iti varam dattvā 2 tū 2 snībhūtāh i Bhojarāje tasmin simhāsane Gaurīśvarau pratisthāpya mahotsavam kṛtvā rājyam cakārah 11 iti Simhāsanadvātrimśatkathānakam samāptam 11 32 sampūrņņamh 1

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 116). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + x blank.

Date: samvat 1711 (= A. D. 1655) varșe poșavadi 12 budhe!

Scribe: Gaņi Uttamacandra, pupil of Vidyācandra Gaņi. He wrote in the town of Vījā (or Srīvīja (?) srīvījāpure).

Character: Jaina Devanāgarī.

# 38. PŪRVA-MĪMĀMSĀ

# 1277-MS. Sansk. d. 150

### Laugākṣibhāskara's Pūrvamīmāṃsārthasaṃgraha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pūrvamīmāṃsasaṃgraha of Laugākṣibhāskara, a short manual of the Pūrvamīmāṃsa system according to Jaimini's sūtras. It begins, on 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i Vāsudevaṃ Ramākāṃtaṃ natvā Laugākṣibhāskaraḥ i kurute Jaimininaye praveśāyārthasaṃgrahaṃ ii It ends, on f. 18: iti śrīmahopādhyāyalogākṣibhāskaraviracitā Pūrvamīmāṃsārthasaṃgrahanāmakaṃ prakaraṇaṃ agāram avarṇadhvaṃsaṃ i

There are many notes and glosses by a later hand, and f. 15 seems not to be by the first hand. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-6<sup>v</sup>. See Mitra, Notices, III, 131, IV, 92; Bhandarkar, Bombay catal., p. 155; Hrsīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 132. Edited and translated by G. Thibaut, Benares, 1882.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 225). Size:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 18 + i blank.

Date: perhaps the beginning of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 39. VEDĀNTA-SŪTRA

### 1278-MS. Sansk. c. 88

### Vācaspatimiśra's Bhāmatī, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Bhāmatī of Vācaspatimiśra, a commentary on Sankarācārya's Sārīrakamīmāmsābhāṣya. The MS. consists of four parts (A, B, C, D), each containing an adhyāya with its four pādas. A. Ff. 1v-65 contain adhyāya 1, pāda 1; ff. 65-76, pāda 2; ff. 76-108v, pāda 3; ff. 108v-126, pāda 4. B. Ff. 1v-19 contain adhyāya 2, pāda 1; ff. 19-52, pāda 2; ff. 52-65, pāda 3; ff. 65-71v, pāda 4. C. Ff. 1v-8v contain adhyāya 3, pāda 1; ff. 8v-22, pāda 2; ff. 22-57, pāda 3; ff. 57-68, pāda 4. D. Ff. 1-10v contain adhyāya 4, pāda 1; b

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is verse 10 in MS. Marsh 328<sup>b</sup> (326).

<sup>2</sup> tū looks almost like 3: what is meant is 23 tūṣṇiṃ bhūtāḥ.
BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

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ff. 10<sup>v</sup>-14, pāda 2; ff. 14-20, pāda 3; ff. 20-24, pāda 4. The work ends on f. 24: iti śrīvācaspatimiśraviracite śrīmachamkarabhagavatpādabhāsyavibhāge Bhāmatyām caturthādhyāyasya caturthah pādah samāptah 1

Vācaspatimiśra is anterior to 1350, as he is quoted in the Sarvadarśanasamgraha (Bodl. catal., p. 247a) and is assigned to the 12th cent. by Barth, see Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 120. On this work see the Bodl. catal., p. 237 (570); cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 87; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 719 sq.; published at Benares in 1880.

Corrections by a later hand occur: A, ff. 47<sup>v</sup>, 53, 104; B, ff. 36, 38<sup>v</sup>; D, f. 2. Yellow pigment is used in the text for corrections. The following ff. are coloured yellow: A, 125; B, 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, 36, 41, 71; C, 1; D, 1, 24.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 240). Memorandum on original wrapper (f.iv), 'Benares no. 20.'

Size:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 126 + 71 + 68 + 24 + iii blank.

Date: probably quite modern, first half of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1279-MS. Sansk. c. 43

### Rāghavendra's Tantradīpikā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Tantradipika, a commentary on Jayatīrtha's commentary, the Tattvaprakāśikā, Anandatīrtha's Bhāṣya on Bādarāyaṇa's Brahmasūtras (cf. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 222, 384), by Rāghavendra Yati. Ff. 1-40, containing adhyāya 1, are missing. F. 41 (end of adhyāya 1): amtyā svātamtryato 'nye tu tadgatatvāc ca viṣṇugāḥ \ adhyāyapādasaṃgatyādigurupādakṛtanyāyasamgrahe bodhyam II II II iti śrīrāghavemdrayatikrtāyām Tamtradīpikāyām prathamādhyāyasya caturthah pādah 11 Adhyāya 2, pāda 1 ends on f. 52<sup>v</sup>; pāda 2, on f. 63<sup>v</sup>; pāda 3, on f. 76; pāda 4, on f. 81. Adhyāya 3, pāda 1 ends on f. 87°; pāda 2, on f. 99; pāda 3, on f. 122v; pāda 4, on f. 135v. Adhyāya 4 is also missing. F. 135 (end of adhyāya 3 and beginning of 4) ends: iti śrīrāghavemdrayatikṛtāyām Tamtradīpikāyām tritīyādhyāyasya caturthah pādaļ II II cha II II śrī II śubham astu II II om evam atha brahmajijñāsāpadārthān nirūpyātrādhyāye ataḥśabdoktam karmakşayotkrāmtimārgabhogātmakamokşasvarūpam nirūpyate \ ādyapāde prāthamyāt karmakşayākhyam phalam pradhanyena vicaryate i tatra saptabhir nayair atyamtāva (yambhāvi sādhanam vicāryate 11 11 om āvrttir asakṛdupadeśāt II II atra śravaṇādeśavṛttiḥ kāryeti sādhyate jñānārtham śravaņādīnām āvṛttiḥ kāryeti śeṣaḥ ١

kṛtaḥ i sa ātmā tatvam asīty Uddālakena Svetake i Here the MS. breaks off. On ff. 65°, 81°, and elsewhere, the title, Sūtrārthasamgraha, occurs.

There are numerous marginal notes and corrections by a second hand.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 43.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 137 (ff. 1-40 are missing).

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 135" is partly illegible.

# 40. VEDĀNTA-ŚANKARA

### 1280-MS. Sansk. d. 152

S'ankarācārya's Upadeśasāhasrī, with Mokṣasādhanopadeśavidhi, A.D. 1636.

Contents: the Upadesasāhasrī of Sankarācārya (circa A.D. 788), a famous Vedantic treatise. In this MS. it begins on f. 1 with the usual verse: caitanyam sarvagam sarvam sarvabhūtaguhāsayam i yat sarvavisayātītam tasmai sarvavide namah 11 There are 671 verses, and it ends on f. 14": iti jvaranāśaprakaraņam i śrīparamātmane namah i cha i Then begins on f. 14<sup>v</sup> the prose part of the work: atha moksasādhanopadeśavidhim vyākhyāsyāmo mumukṣūṇām śraddadhānānām arthinām arthāya i Then follows a disquisition on mokṣa. The whole ends, on f. 21: ātmanaś cādvayatvaviṣayām dvayasyāsatvārthām ca sarvāņy upanisadvākyāni vistarataķ samīksitavyāni samīksitavyāni I cha I iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīgovindabhagavatpādapūjyaśişyasya Samkarabhagavatah kṛtih Sakalopanişatsāra Upadeśasāhasrī samāptā i

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 731-733; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 99. Edited in Pandit, III-V, Bombay, 1886. The verse portion is sometimes regarded as the whole.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 227). Size:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21 + i blank.

Date: f. 21: samvat 1693 pārthivasamvatsare šake 1558 (= A. D. 1636) dhātāsamvatsaramārgašīrṣašuddkaṣaṣṭībudhavāsare dhaniṣṭhānakṣatrašubhayoge! The year is dated by both cycles.

Scribe: f. 21: śrīmadvārānasīksetre Viśveśacaranān-

tike svastiśrīmatparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryaśrīrāmabhadrāśramabhagavatpādapūjyaśiṣyeṇa Janārdanaśrameṇa svasvāmino 'rthaṃ granthaḥ svahastena likhitaḥ samāptaḥ I

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1281-MS. Sansk. d. 153

### Rāmatīrtha's Upadeśasāhasrītīkā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Upadeśasāhasrīṭīkā of Rāmatīrtha, a commentary on the Upadeśasāhasrī of Sankarācārya. The MS. contains only a part of the work, but is complete as far as it goes. It begins, on f. 1\*: Harih 1 om 1 namah 1 śrīrāmacandrāya namah 1 śrīgurubhyo namah 1 samastabrahmavidyā saṃ pradāyapravarttakācāryebhyo namah 1 om namo bhagavate sarvātmane Vāsudevāya namah 1 praṇamya Rāmābhidham ātmadhīpradaṃ jagatprastutikṣitisaṃyamāyanaṃ 1 tadātmakāṃ chaṃkarapūrvakān gurūn mayopadeśārthavibhāga ucyate 11 It ends, on f. 39\*: Upadeśasāhasryāh sahadyabaṃdho yathāmati vyākhyāto Rāmatīrthena bhaktasvijāānasiddhayoh 1 śrīmatranganāthabhaṭṭagosāviyāṃ saśrīkāśyāṃ Viśveśvararājadhānyāṃ dattaṃ 1

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. F. 8v is half blank.

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 732; Mitra, Notices, IV, 74. Edited in Pandit, III-V. Rāmatīrtha was a pupil of Kṛṣṇatīrtha, a contemporary of Jagannāthāśrama, guru of Nṛṣiṃhāśrama (circa A.D. 1550, see addenda to the Bodl. catal., no. 556), and therefore lived about A.D. 1550.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 228). Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 39 + i blank. Ff. 1-39 were originally numbered 104-142.

Date: middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1282—MS. Sansk. c. 86

### Pañcikaranapañcaprakarani, A. D. 1842.

Contents: the Pañcīkaraṇapañcaprakaraṇī, a commentary on the Pańcīkaraṇa, identified by Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 318, with the Pańcīkaraṇaprakriyā of Saṅkarācārya, a work treating in five chapters of the main doctrines of the Vedānta. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīrāmaṃ Sītayā sārddhaṃ natvā sarvahrdisthitaṃ i tat sukhānubhavaṃ graṃthaṃ kurve vuddhiviśuddhaye ii i ii saccidānaṃdarūpaṃ tat pūrṇaṃ Viṣṇoḥ paraṃ padaṃ i yat prāptaye samārabdhā vedāṃ-

tāḥ sakalā api 11 2 11 yasya deve porā bhaktir yathā deve tathā gurau i tasyaite kathitā hy arthah prakāśamte mahātmanaḥ 11311 aham vaddho 'smi saṃsāre mama muktih katham bhavet \ kimcid vairāgyasampannah so 'smim cchāstre 'dhikāravān 11411 The first part of the text is: atha samkşepenātmavrahmatatvam pratipādyate tatra tāvat I The text is mixed up with the commentary, usually standing in the centre of the page. F. 5<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīpaṃcaprakaraṇyāṃ vrahmātmajñānaviveko nāma prathamaprakkarnam 11 11 F. 9: iti śripamcikaranapaṃcaprakaraṇyāṃ adhyāropakathanaṃ nāma dvitīyaḥ prakarnam 11 2 11 F. 10 : iti śrīpamcīkaranapamcaprakaraņyām adhyāropasya apavādanirūpaņam nāma tratīyaprakaraņamm 11 3 11 F. 13♥: iti śrīpaṃcīkaraṇapaṃcasaptamahāvākyapaṃcaprakaraṇyāṃ sādhanaprakāranirūpaņam nāma caturthah 11411 F. 16v: iti śrīpamo kao pamo prao ātmaprakāśanirūpanam nāma pamcamaprakaranam 11 5 11 pamcakaranim eteşam satsukhānubhavapradām uccarayamti ye nityem ātmārāmā bhavamti te 1 F. 17 is blank.

For Gangadhara's commentary see Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 70; Garbe, Tübingen catal., p. 89.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 231). Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+17+i blank.

Date: f. 17<sup>V</sup>: samvata 1899 śāke 1764 (= A.D. 1842) māsa caitavudi 4 ravivāreņa sampūrņam lipyakrtam 1

Character: Devanagari.

# 1283-MS. Sansk. d. 155

### Sureśvarācārya's Pancīkaraņavārttika, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pañcīkaraṇavārttika of Sureśvara, being a metrical paraphrase of the Pañcīkaraṇaprakriyā of Saṅkarācārya. The work is fully described in the Bodl. catal., p. 226. In this MS. also it consists of 64 verses, showing only slight variants, of which verse is a good example: oṃkāraḥ sarvavedānām sāras tatvaprakāśakaḥ i tena cittasamādhānaṃ mumukṣūṇāṃ prajāyate ii

The text is bounded on either side by a black line. See Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 139; Mitra, Notices, I, 174; Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., II, xi. As the pupil of Sankara, Suresvara must be assigned to about A. D. 850.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 232).

Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 7 + ix blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanagari.

в b 2



# 1284-MS. Sansk. d. 160

### S'ankarācārya's Bhagavadgītābhāşya, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Bhagavadgītābhāṣya of Sankarācārya, a Vedāntic commentary on the Gītā. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 3b. The MS. is fragmentary, and consists of three parts. Part A contains in ff. 71–101 the commentary on adhyāyas 3.21 to 6.8, adhyāya 4 ending on f. 82, 5 on f. 97. Part B contains in ff. 111–161 the commentary on adhyāyas 6.38 to 11. 27, adhyāya 6 ending on f. 113, 7 on f. 122v, 8 on f. 132, 9 on f. 143, 10 on f. 154. Part C contains the commentary on adhyāyas 12. 12 to 15. 2, adhyāya 12 ending on f. 179, 13 on f. 204, 14 on f. 213.

Lacunae are marked on ff. 113, 114<sup>v</sup>, 116, 135, 142<sup>v</sup>, 180<sup>v</sup>, 207.

Last edited in the Anandāśrama Series, Poona, 1897.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 237).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 144 + iii blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-70, 102-110, 162-175, and some at the end are missing.

# 1285-MS. Walker 151

### S'ankarācārya's Maņiratnamālā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Maniratnamālā, a philosophical tract, ascribed (but without sufficient grounds) to Sankarācārya, with a commentary in Gujarātī. To the first verse are prefixed, on ff. 107v-108v, twenty-five verses of introduction in Gujarātī. Verse 1, on f. 109, is: apārasamsārao; in illustration is quoted: guruviśveśvarasākṣāt tārakam brahma niścitam i śirahpādāmkitam bhūtvā gayā sā hy akṣayo vaṭaḥ 11 Verse 3, on f. 109<sup>v</sup>, is: baṃdho hi ko yo vişayanuragi ı ko va vimukto vişaye 'nuraktah ı ko vāsti ghoro narakah svadehah i tṛṣṇākṣayah svargapadam kim asti 11 The work is not of great length, containing only thirty-two slokas, and giving the main outline of the Vedanta metaphysics, but the commentary (probably a translation of a Sanskrit original) is prolix. It ends on f. 215 v: kaṃṭhaṃ gatā vā śravaṇaṃ gatā vā i Praśnottarākhyā Maņiratnamālā I tanotu modam viduşām prayatnāt 1 Rāmeśagaurīśapadau susevyau 113211 A copāī in nine verses ends the commentary. The colophon on f. 216v is: iti śrīśamkarācāryaviracitām Maņiratnamālā samāptim abībhajat nin Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 4218, has not noticed that this work is simply the |

Praśnottararatnamālā under a new heading. The text is edited in the *Bṛhatstotraratnākara*, p. 329, and (attributed to Śrīśuka Yatīndra) in the *Journ. As. Soc. Bengal*, 1847, p. 1233. Cf. also Mitra, *Notices*, II, 355, and contrast the *Praśnottarī*, Lucknow, 1882, in Bendall, *Sanskrit*, &c., *Books*, p. 366<sup>a</sup>.

The text is fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by three yellow lines.

Many Sanskrit ślokas are cited, usually with te ūpara sākṣya prefixed.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+216+ii blank. The part containing the Maniratnamālā was originally foliated 1-110.

Date: probably the end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th century. Cf. f. 216<sup>v</sup>: śuklapakṣane saptamī i saṃvata solabāhotaropramāṇa i jeṣṭate māsa chethayo graṃthaprakāśa ii

Scribe: f. 216\(\nabla\): laşa nārānummodhumbhāgyajene sadgurunām modhānokahyo nokṣamārgano gramtha te teņe laṣyo māṭhete sadgurunī kṛpāthī te hane paṇa gurumokṣa āpase \(\nabla\)

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1286-MS. Sansk. d. 165

### S'ankaracarya's Saptasutra, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Saptasūtra, Aśramaviveka, of Sankarācārya. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīganeśāya namah 1 Hari om ı avikārāya śuddhāya nityāya paramātmaņe ı śabdaikarūparūpāya Viṣṇave prabhuviplave 11 11 jagadamkurakamdaya saccidanandamayine I galitakhilabhedāya namah śāntāya vedhase 11 2 11 yad bodhād idam bhāti yad bodhād vinivarttate i namas tasmai parānandeva purușe paramātmane 11 3 11 anātmabhūtadehādāv ātmabuddhis tu dehinām i sāvidyā tatkrto bamdhas tannyāso moksa ucyate 11411 atha paramahamsānām samādhividhim vyākhyāsyāmahı It ends, on f. 12v: iti Asramavivekasamāptam \ śrīmacchamkarācāryaviracitam Saptasūtram samāptam I It contains an account of the duties of a hermit. Verse 4 is cited by Dya Dviveda (A.D. 14941?) in his Nītimanjarī (see Keith, J. R. A. S., 1900, pp. 135, 796) from the Atmavrtti. It occurs also in the Ajñānabodhinī, verse 4, Bodl. catal., p. 225a; Weber, Catal., II, 1171. The Saptasūtra Upanișad described in Aufrecht's Leipzig catal., p. 22, is quite different.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This date is given in a MS. formerly belonging to Max Müller and in a Benares MS. See J. R. A. S., 1902, p. 956.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 247). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+12+iii blank.

Date: the end of the 18th century.

Character . Devention

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1287—MS. Sansk. d. 164

# Samnyasagrahanapaddhati, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Saṃnyāsagrahaṇapaddhati, a brief tract on the state of a saṃnyāsa. It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ ı atha Saṃnyāsagrahaṇapaddhatiḥ ı prathamaṃ gṛhe mātṛpitṛbhrātṛbhaginībhāryāputrakalatrāṇi prārthayati ı he sarve parivārāḥ ahaṃ saṃnyāsaṃ karomīty ājñāṃ prārthayati ı It ends in the middle of a sentence on f. 18<sup>V</sup>: hṛdayakamalamadhye dīpavad vedasāraṃ praṇavamayaṃ ata ı

The MS. is imperfect and unfinished. Yellow pigment is used for corrections. Attributed to Sankarācārya in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 470, III, 78. Cf. Mitra, Notices, IV, 12, but not VI, 295; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 56; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 523, who points out Vaiṣṇava characteristics.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 246). Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 18 + xi blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1288-MS. Sansk. d. 166

### Madhusudanasarasvatī's Siddhāntabindu, A.D. 1751.

Contents: the Siddhāntabindu of Madhusūdanasarasvatī, being a commentary on the Cidānandadaśaślokī, attributed to Sankarācārya. It begins, on f. IV: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i śrīśaṃkarācāryanavāvatāraṃ i Viśveśvaraṃ viśvaguruṃ praṇaṃya i Vedāntaśāstraśravaṇālasānāṃ i bodhāya kurve kam api prayatnaṃ ii i ii iha khalu sākṣāt paraṃparayā vā sarvānaiva jīvānaṃ samudidhīrṣur bhagavān śrīśaṃkaro 'mātmāvivekenātmānaṃ nityaśuddhabuddhamuktasvabhāva saṃkṣepeṇa bodhayitu daśaślokīṃ praṇināya i It ends, on f. 43V: iti śrīmatparamahaṃsaparivrājakācāryaśrīviśveśvarasarasvatībhagavatpādaśiṣyamadhasūdanasarasvatīviracitaḥ Siddhāntabindu nāma gramtha samāptaḥ i

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 734; Hall, *Bibliogr. Index*, p. 108; Mitra, *Notices*, IV, 80; Weber, *Catal.*, I, 182; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 100. Printed, with Brahmānanda's comm. in the Advaitamañjarī Series, 1893.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 248). Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+43 (f. 6 is missing) + iii blank.

Date: f.  $43^{\circ}$ : samvat 1807 (= A. D. 1751) miti aṣādhaśudi 8 śanivāsare 1

Scribe: f. 43♥: likhitam rājatkularaghupatisutena Rāvalaānamdarāmeņa svārtham \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 6 is missing, and f. 5 is half blank. There is a hole in f. 15.

# 1289-MS. Sansk. e. 71

# S'ankarācārya's Hastāmalakaṭīkā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Hastāmalakaṭīkā, attributed to San-karācārya, a commentary on a work in twelve verses expounding the Vedānta. The work has been frequently printed. In this MS., f. 8v, the colophon is: iti śrīmacchamkarācāryaviracitam Hastāmalasya ṭīkā samāptam iti i śrī i śrī i śrī i

The text is in the centre, the commentary at the top and bottom. The text is not very accurate.

See Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 107; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 740.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 250).

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 8 + xi blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 41. VEDĀNTA—GENERAL

# 1290 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. c. 41

Änandatīrtha's Brahmasūtrānuvyākhyānyāyavivaraņa and Bhagavadgītābhāşya, 18th cent.?

Contents:

1. Ff. 1-9°, the Brahmasūtrānuvyākhyānyāyavivaraņa (also briefly called the Nyāyavivaraņa or Anuvyākhyānyāyavivaraņa), an epitome of the Brahmasūtras, by Ānandatīrtha. It begins: śrīvedavyāsāya namaḥ u cetanācetanajaganniyaṃtre śeṣasaṃvide u namo Nārā-yaṇāyājaśarvaśakrādivadita u u kṛtvā bhāṣyān - bhāṣye'ham api ve --sa ---ṣ-sya -ū -- khyāsaṃnyāyavivṛttiṃ sphuṭaṃ u 2 u Cf. Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 102. F. 1, l. 10: iti śrīmadānaṃdatīrthabhagavat-

# 190 § 41. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—VEDĀNTA—GENERAL (1290-1292)

pādaviracite śrīmadbrahmasūtrānuvyākhyānyāyavivaraņe prathamādhyāyasya prathamah pādah II It ends:
yasya trīņy uditāni vedavacane rūpāni divyāny alambaṭdarśanam ittham eva nihitam devasya bhargo mahat II
vāyorāmat conayam prathamakam pṛkṣo dvitīyam vapur
matdhvo yat tu tṛtīyam etad amunā graṃthah kṛtaḥ
keśave II namo jabhavabhūr yakṣapuraḥsarasurāśraya II
nārāyanāranam mahyam mā pate preyasām priya II cha
iti śrīmadānamdatīrthabhagavatpādaviracite śrīmadbrahmasūtrānuvyākhyānyāyavivaraņe caturthātdhyāyasya caturthaḥ pādaḥ cha śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu śrī II

2. Ff. 14-33, the Gītābhāṣya, or Bhagavadgītābhāṣya, a commentary on the Bhagavadgītā, by Ānandatīrtha. The beginning (four leaves) is missing. It starts in the middle of adhyāya 4 with the words: śayavānāha 1 karmaṇa iti 1 tac coktaṃ 1 ājñātvā bhagavān kasya karmākarmavikarmakaṃ 1 darśanaṃ yati hi mune kuto muktiś ca tadvineti 1 F. 14<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmadānaṃdatīrthabhagavatpādācāryaviracite śrīmadgītābhāṣye caturtho 'tdhyāyaḥ 11 It ends: yas tu karmaphalatyāgīty abhidhīyata iti coktaṃ pūrṇādoṣaṃ mahāviṣṇor gītamāśritya leśataḥ 1 nirūpaṇaṃ kṛtaṃ tena prīyatāṃ me sadā vibhuḥ 11 cha 11 iti śrīmadānaṃdatīrthabhagavatpādācāryaviracite śrīmadbhagavadgītābhāṣye aṣṭādaśo 'tdhyāyaḥ 11

Former owner: the book belonged to one Samātyasthāpati (?) Narisimbhada, unless we read amātyasthāpati 'minister and governor' in the statement on f. 33<sup>v</sup>: śrīmadgītābhāṣyam samātyasthāpatinariśimbhadasyedam pustakam u An entry on f. 1 (giving the title of the work) is signed with the initials 'A. B.' (Arthur Burnell?).

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 41. Size:  $13 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 35.

Date: probably the first half of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 1 is partly illegible.

### 1291-MS. Sansk. d. 157

# Jayatīrtha's Prapancamithyātvānumānakhaṇḍanavivaraṇa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Prapancamithyātvānumānakhaṇḍanavivaraṇa of Jayatīrtha, a treatise on Vedāntic metaphysics. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīrāmāya namaḥ 1 oṃ natvā viśvodayasthemalayahetum patiṃ śriyaḥ 1 kurmaḥ Prapancamithyātvamānakhaṃḍanapanjikāṃ 11 The work is a commentary on Ānandatīrtha's Prapancamithyātvānumānakhaṇḍana. It ends, on f. 9<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmadānandatīrthabhagavatpādācāryaviracitaprapancamithyātvānu

mānakhamdanavivaraņam Jayatīrthabhikşukṛtam parisamāptam (

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. Cf. Burnell, *Tanjore catal.*, p. 105; Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 700: Hultzsch, *South Indian MSS.*, II.

Office catal., p. 799; Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., II, 144. Jayatīrtha died in A.D. 1268, Bhandarkar, Report, 1882-1883, p. 203, but see Epig. Ind., VI, 261 sq. Ed. Kumbakonam, n.d., obl. 8°.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 234). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+9+i blank.

Date: perhaps the first half of the 18th century. Character: Devanagari.

### 1292-MS. Sansk. c. 85

Bhāratītīrtha and Vidyāraņya's Pañcadaśī with Rāmakṛṣṇa's Commentary, A.D. 1830.

Contents: the Pañcadaśī of Bhāratītīrtha and Vidyāraņya, i.e. Mādhava, brother of Sāyaṇa, who was minister of Bukka, rāja of Vijayanagara, and abbot of Sṛṅgeri (about A.D. 1350), with the commentary by Rāmakṛṣṇa, being a general sketch of Vedāntic philosophy. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 222. The authorship is made clear by the beginning of the commentary on f. 1\*: oṃ svasti śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 natvā śrībhāratītīrthavidyāraṇyamunīśvarau 1 pratyaktattvavivekasya kriyate padadīpikā 11 It ends on f. 114: iti śrīmatparamahaṃsasavidyāraṇyabhāratītīrthakṛto Brahmānande pañcamo 'dhyāyaḥ 1

For the authors see Klemm, Gurupūjākaumudī, p. 41. This corrects the older view, still held by Aufrecht in his Leipzig catal., p. 277, for which see reff. in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 746. The date must be about A.D. 1340, Klemm, p. 42. Edited, with English translation, Bombay, 1895.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 230). Size:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 114 + i blank.

No. of columns: written in three rows, under one another, separated by lines in red ink.

Date: f. 114: saṃvat 1886 (A.D. 1830) bhādrapraviṣṭe 5 bhādrapadamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe pañcamyāṃ tithau bhaumavāsare nagnakoṭakāgaḍāvajreśvarīsamīpe \

Scribe: f. 114: likhitam idam vedāntaprakaraņam brāhmaņavākaņasivadyālena likhitam svapathanārtham subham 1

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: through tearing of the edge a few letters are lost on ff. 20°, 27, 35, 35°, 42.

### 1293—MS. Sansk. d. 163

### Sadānanda's Vedāntasāra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vedāntasāra of Sadānanda, a compendium of Vedāntic doctrine. The work has been often edited, best by Böhtlingk in his Sanskrit Chrestomathie, ed. 3, 1897, and by Jacob, 1894. This MS. has a well-written and accurate text. The name of the author does not actually appear in the MS. The date is before A.D. 1500, as Kṛṣṇatīrtha's commentary must be dated about A.D. 1520, and Nṛṣiṃha's was written in A.D. 1589, Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 278.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 245). Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: vi + 12 + iii blank.

Date: quite modern, middle of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1294—MS. Sansk. d. 159

### Bhagavadgītāgūḍhārthadīpikā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Bhagavadgītāgūdhārthadīpikā, a commentary on the Bhagavadgītā, interpreting it according to the Vedanta system of philosophy. It is identical with Madhusudana's work of the same name (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, II, 89a). The MS. is very fragmentary. In all it contains 154 ff., but these are numbered from 45-425 in the original, thus: ff. 45-48, 55, 62–66, 76–79, 92, 93, 95, 97, 101, 102, 104–115, 118, 123, 124, 127, 135, 136, 138, 139, 145–147, 150, 151, 154, 155, 161–163, 169, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 186–192, 194–198, 208–211, 216–252, 262, 263, 267– 271, 273–275, 297, 314, 316, 317, 319, 324, 325, 329, 330, **3**32, 336, 345, 349, 353, 362, 364, 369, 370, 372, 373, 376, 377, 382, 384, 396, 397, 401, 423–425. All the rest are missing. F. 56 is imperfect. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. On f. 243<sup>v</sup> chapter 8 ends: iti śrīmadbhagavadgītāgūdhārthadīpikāyām astamo 'dhyāyah I

Cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 119; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1164; Mitra, Notices, IV, 5, 70. Edited, Bombay, 1881. Madhusūdana lived before A.D. 1550, as he is quoted by Purusottama, Bodl. catal., p. 38; see on MS. Sansk. d. 156 (1296), which corrects Weber, Ind. Stud., I, 1. See also Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 124.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 236). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 154 (numbered as above) + iii blank. Date: about the latter half of the 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: these are given above.

### 1295-MS. Sansk. d. 161

#### Rāma's Sarvatobhadra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Sarvatobhadra, a commentary on the Bhagavadgītā, by Rājānaka Rāmakantha, interpreting it according to the principles of the Spandakārikā and Spandasūtra, the text-books of Kaśmīr Saivism, which is practically pure Vedantism, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 79, correcting Bühler. The beginning, containing part of the introduction, is missing, ff. 1 and 2 being lost. The commentary on adhyāya 1 ends on f. 7: Rājānakarāmaviracite vākyārthānvayamātre Sarvatobhadranāmni Bhagavadgītāvivaraņe prathamādhyāyaḥ t Adhyāya 2 ends on f. 31<sup>v</sup>; adhyāya 3, on f. 48<sup>v</sup>; adhyāya 5, on f. 72; the MS. breaks off at the beginning of the commentary on verse 3 of adhyaya 6. The verses commented upon are cited in full throughout. For this commentary see Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 1167 sq., who quotes verses at the end calling the author son of Nārāyaņakaņtha and younger brother of Muktākaņa (cf. Mitra, Notices, III, 97). He was also pupil of Utpala (Eggeling, p. 835), and so belongs to the latter half of the 10th century, Bühler, Report, p. 79.

The MS. appears to be accurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 238). Memorandum on original wrapper, 'K 38.'

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Birch bark pasted on stout paper.

No. of leaves: 3-73.

Date: probably the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: ff. 1, 2, 20, 74, &c. are lost. Ff. 3-8, 18, 60, 61, 63 are very badly injured.

### 1296-MS. Sansk. d. 156

### Purusottama's Panditakarabhindipāla, A. D. 1826.

Contents: the Panditakarabhindipāla of Purusottama, a polemical manual of Vedāntic philosophy. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīkṛṣṇāya namaḥ i vividheşu vividhapuṣṭadaḥ śivādirūpaiḥ sahāścaryatvaguṇaḥ i bhakteṣu nirguṇatvaṃ kurvan Harir uttamo jayati ii i ii nanu kuta etad avagamyate i sarvavedetihāsasārabhūtāt i The work ends, on f. 35: iti śrīvallabhacaraṇaikṣatānaśrīmadviṭhthalakramatāmarasamaraṃdapītāmbaratanujapuruṣottamaviracitaḥ Panditakarabhiṃdipālaḥ saṃpūrṇaḥ i

The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines.

The author, being son of Pītāmbara, and pupil of Vallabha's son, Vitthala, is not to be distinguished from the well-known author (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum,

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 233). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 35 + i blank.

Date: f. 35<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1882 (= A. D. 1826) varşe māghe māse suddhe pakṣe pratipatkurmavārghrābhaume vāsare yāmaseṣe dine i

Scribe: f. 35<sup>V</sup>: vyalikha Govarddhana Dharpādābja-bhṛṃgaviśālanagaravāstavyanāgarabhāvānīśaṃkaraputrajyeṣṭavivudho Gurjaramaṃḍale 'hillaṇapattanamadhye \ śrīḥ \ idaṃ pustakaṃ \ śrīḥ \ Jyeṣṭārāmasya \ śrīḥ \ On f. 35 he gives the verse: drikavasuvasucaṃdraiḥ saṃmite 'bde sumāghe pratipadi Dharaṇīsunor dine yāmaśeśe \ vyalikhad idam anarghyaṃ pustakaṃ jyeṣṭasūriḥ praṇamati Haripādāṃbhoruhaṃ ślokayuktyā || 1 ||

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1297-MS. Sansk. c. 91

# Dharmarājadīkṣita's Vedāntaparibhāṣā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vedāntaparibhāṣā of Dharmarājadīkṣita, a work in eight sections on the elements of the Vedāntic philosophy. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 yadavidyāvilāsena bhūtabhautikaṣṭayaḥ 1 taṃ naumi paramātmaṇaṃ saccidānandavigrahaṃ 11 Paricheda 1, pratyakṣa, is contained in ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-14<sup>v</sup>; 2, anumāna, in ff. 14<sup>v</sup>-17; 3, upamāna, in ff. 17-17<sup>v</sup>; 4, āgama, in ff. 17<sup>v</sup>-24; 5, arthāpatti, in ff. 24-25<sup>v</sup>; 6, anupalabdhi, in ff. 25<sup>v</sup>-30; 7, viṣaya, in ff. 30-41<sup>v</sup>; 8, prayojana, in ff. 41<sup>v</sup>-48. The work ends, on f. 48: iti Vedāntaparibhāṣāyā Dharmarājadīkṣitaviracitā samāptim agamat 1

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. Corrections and additions by a probably later hand are found on ff. 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 13, 14, 15, 17, 17, 17, 18, 18, 19, 19, 19, 21, 21, 24, 28, 28, 30, 31, 31, 32, 32, 32, 33, 33, 34, 34, 34, 35, 37, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46; also, perhaps in the same hand, on ff. 1, 2, 2, 3, 4. The author's date is about A. D. 1650, Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 90. Edited, with translation, by Venis, Pandit, n. s., IV, &c. Cf. Hṛṣikeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 74, 75; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 277, 278.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 244).

Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 48 + ii blank.

Date: quite modern, middle of the 19th cent.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1298—MS. Sansk. d. 158 Jaqubharata's Praśnāvalī, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Praśnāvalī of Jadubharata, a little work which gives an outline of the Vedāntic system in the form of replies to fifty-two questions supposed to be put to his teacher by a student. It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: śriharih i saccidānandam ātmāna yad vayākhamdam acyutam dhyātvā Praśnāvalī samyak kriyate moksasidhaye i tatra kāny anubandhāni ii ii kā prakṛtiḥ ii 2 ii kā māyā ii 3 ii and so on to 52. It ends, on f. 12<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīmatparamahamsaparivrājakācāryaśrīmunimādhavānamdasya śikhyajadubharataviracitā Praśnāvalī samāptam i śrīkṛṣṇāya namaḥ i śrīharih i

There are some additions in a very recent hand on f. 12<sup>v</sup>. As for the name of the author, the form Yadubharata, which appears on the original wrapper (f. ii), and hence in Hultzsch's list, and in Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 359<sup>a</sup>, has no authority, as it is simply a misreading of the MS. The Lahore MS. (Aufrecht, l. c.) seems to give Jadabharata, as does a Cambridge MS. (Aufrecht, II, 81). Jadu° is, no doubt, a prākritism for Yadu°.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 235). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 12 + i blank.

Date: quite modern, 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1299-MS. Sansk. d. 167

# Svātmasamvittyupadeśaprakaraņa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Svātmasamvittyupadešaprakaraņa, a Vedāntic treatise, mainly on the ātman. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīparamātmane i yenedam pūritam sarvamātmany evātmanātmani i nirākāram katham vande abhinnam sivam avyayam ii 111 pañcabhūtātmakam viddhimarīcījalasannibham i kasyāpy aham namaskāram aham eko niramtaram ii 211 Prakaraņa i, containing 73 ślokas, ends on f. 5; 2, containing 48 ślokas, on f. 8; 3, containing 23 ślokas, on f. 13; 5, containing 23 ślokas, on f. 13; 6, containing 5 ślokas, on f. 13; 7, containing 8 ślokas, on f. 13<sup>v</sup>. The work ends, on f. 13<sup>v</sup>, with 8. 1: ātmānam amṛtam viddhi abhinnam mokṣam avyayam i mano hi kutsitaḥ i

Corrections in a later hand are made on ff. 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>. Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 249).

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+13+iii blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the MS. is incomplete.

# 42. VEDĀNTA-PAURĀŅIC

### 1300-MS. Sansk. c. 89

Yogavāsistha, Nirvāņaprakaraņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Nirvāṇaprakaraṇa, being the sixth prakaraṇa of the Yogavāsiṣṭha, attributed to Valmīki, and counted as an appendix of the Rāmāyaṇa, whence it bears the alternative title Mahārāmāyaṇa. In this work, under the form of a dialogue between Vāsiṣṭha and Rāma, the main topics of Vedāntism are discursively treated, legends being explained according to the exoteric form of that philosophy.

Ff. 1-3 being nearly all lost, sargas 1 and 2 are missing, except verses 38 sq. of the latter, which are partially preserved. Sarga 3 begins on f. 4: Vasisthah i bhavibhuritaranganam payovindam ivambudhau i yācid vahaty anantāni jaganty anaghaso bhavān 11 ends on f. 4v. Sargas 4-28 end on ff. 5, 5v, 7, 9, 10, 10v, 12,  $15^{\circ}$ , 16,  $16^{\circ}$ , 17, 18, 18, 19, 20,  $21^{\circ}$ ,  $22^{\circ}$ , 24,  $25^{\circ}$ ,  $26^{\circ}$ , 27v, 29, 30, 31, 33v. Sarga 29 of the edition is here split into four, ending on ff. 36, 37, 38, 39 respectively. Sargas 30-113 end on ff. 42°, 44, 45°, 46°, 47°, 48°, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 57°, 58°, 61, 61°, 62°,  $63^{\text{v}}$ ,  $65^{\text{v}}$ , 67,  $68^{\text{v}}$ , 70, 71,  $72^{\text{v}}$ ,  $72^{\text{v}}$ , 73,  $74^{\text{v}}$ ,  $75^{\text{v}}$ ,  $76^{\text{v}}$ , 77°, 79°, 80°, 81, 81°, 82°, 83°, 85, 85°, 86°, 86°, 87, 88,  $88^{\text{v}}$ , 89,  $90^{\text{v}}$ , 92, 93, 95,  $98^{\text{v}}$ ,  $99^{\text{v}}$ ,  $100^{\text{v}}$ , 102, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 110<sup>v</sup>, 111, 112<sup>v</sup>, 114, 116, 117, 118<sup>v</sup>, 119, 120, 120°, 121°, 123°, 124, 125°, 127, 128°, 130°, 131, 132, 134<sup>v</sup>, 135<sup>v</sup>, 136<sup>v</sup>, 137<sup>v</sup>, 138, 138<sup>v</sup>. Corresponding to the remaining fifteen of the edition to a certain extent, but with considerable variations of text, sargas are marked on ff. 140, 141, 141, 142, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149°, 151, 152, 152°, 155, 156, 157, 157°, 158°, 159,  $160^{\text{v}}$ , 161 (= 125 in ed.),  $163^{\text{v}}$ ,  $164^{\text{v}}$ , 166, 166, 167,  $167^{\circ}$ ,  $168^{\circ}$ ,  $169^{\circ}$ , 171,  $171^{\circ}$ ,  $172^{\circ}$ , 173,  $173^{\circ}$ , 176,  $176^{\circ}$ , 177<sup>v</sup>, with which the pūrvārddha in the edition ends.

Uttarārddha, sarga 1, ends on f. 178°. Sargas 2–14 end on ff. 180, 181, 182°, 183, 184°, 185, 186, 186, 186°, 187, 188°, 189, 190. Sarga 15 of the edition is not counted as a sarga here: it ends on f. 190°. Sargas 16—143 end on ff. 191, 191°, 193, 194, 194°, 194°, 196°, 197, 198, 199, 200, 200°, 201°, 203°, 204°, 205°, 206, 207°, 209, 210, 211, 213°, 214°, 215°, 216, 216°, 218, 219°, 221, 223°, 224°, 225, 225°, 227, 228, 229, 230°, 231, 232, 232°, 233°, 234°, 235, 237, 238°, 239°, 240°, 241°, 243°, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250°, 251, 252°, 253°, 255°, 256°, 257°, 258°, 259°, 261, 264°, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269°, 271°, 272, 272°, 273°, 275°, 277, 279°, 281°, 282°, 283°, 285°, 285°, 287, 288°, 289°, 291, 293°, 293°, 295, 296°, 297, 298°, 299°, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 307°, 311, 313, 314, 315, 316, 316°, 317°,

 $318, 318^{\circ}, 320^{\circ}, 321^{\circ}, 322, 323, 324^{\circ}, 325^{\circ}, 326^{\circ}, 327^{\circ},$ 328, 329<sup>v</sup>, 331, 331<sup>v</sup>, 332<sup>v</sup>, 334<sup>v</sup>, 336, 337<sup>v</sup>, 338, 339, 340v. Sarga 144 of the edition is divided into two, ending on ff. 341v, 342. Sargas 145-193 end on ff. 343v, 344, 345, 345<sup>v</sup>, 346<sup>v</sup>, 347<sup>v</sup>, 348, 348<sup>v</sup>, 349, 349, 350<sup>v</sup>,  $35^{2}$ ,  $35^{2}$ ,  $353^{7}$ , 355, 356,  $356^{7}$ , 358, 358,  $358^{7}$ , 359, 359<sup>v</sup>, 360<sup>v</sup>, 361<sup>v</sup>, 362<sup>v</sup>, 363<sup>v</sup>, 364<sup>v</sup>, 365<sup>v</sup>, 366<sup>v</sup>, 367,  $368^{\circ}$ , 369, 370,  $371^{\circ}$ , 372, 373,  $373^{\circ}$ , 375,  $376^{\circ}$ ,  $377^{\circ}$ , 378, 380, 381<sup>v</sup>, 382, 382<sup>v</sup>, 384<sup>v</sup>, 385, 385<sup>v</sup>, 386. Sarga 194 of the edition is divided into two at verse 33, ending on ff. 387, 387 respectively. Sargas 195-215 end on ff. 388°, 389°, 389°, 390, 391°, 393, 394, 394, 395°, 396, 397, 397<sup>v</sup>, 398<sup>v</sup>, 399, 400, 400<sup>v</sup>, 401<sup>v</sup>, 402, 403, 404, 404<sup>v</sup>, where, in this MS., the work ends with sarga 215, omitting 216 of the edition: bālakānde moksopāyeşu Nirvāņaprakaraņam samāptam ! Then follow the khilas, beginning: śriganeśaya namah i atah param khila likhyante ı yeşām ayam pratisandhih ı Valmīkih ı nirvānārthād udārārthād udārārthād asmāt prakaraņāt param i jīvasvabhāvāh śrūyantām moksopāyāh khilā ime II In the colophons of the sargas it is usually called Nanapraśnah. The fourteen sargas end on ff. 406, 407°, 408°, 410, 410°, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 416°, 417, 418, 418 respectively. F. 418 contains a fragment of a summary of the Yogavāsistha. The end is missing, but probably only one or two leaves are lost.

The MS. is not very accurate: especially at the beginning, numerous lacunae are marked, and corrections have been made in a very careless modern hand. From f. 103 the style of writing changes slightly, lacunae are less frequent, and corrections become rare. The sargas are usually not numbered.

For the work see Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 121; Mitra, Notices, VI, 204; Bodl. catal., pp. 353-355; and especially Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 776 sq., who gives the titles of the chapters of the work itself, and, on pp. 781 sq., the titles of the chapters of the khilas. This prakaraṇa, excluding the khilas, was printed, with Ānandabodhendra's Tātparyaprakāśa, at Bombay (Gaṇapata Kṛṣṇaji's press, n. d., oblong), occupying half the volume.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 241). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. i), 'K 30.'

Size:  $11\frac{8}{4} \times 9\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Birch bark, now pasted on strong paper.

No. of leaves: ii+418+iv blank. Arranged like
a European book.

Date: does not look older than the end of the 18th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: only fragments of ff. 1-3 remain; ff. 400 sqq.

СС

are somewhat badly damaged, and one or two leaves are missing at the end. Most of the leaves are injured by small holes.

### 1301-MS. Sansk. d. 162

# Pūrņānanda's Yogavāsisthasāravivaraņa, A. D. 1797.

Contents: the Yogavāsiṣṭhasāravivaraṇa of Pūrṇānanda, a commentary on the Yogavāsiṣṭhasāra, an abridgement in ten chapters of the Mahārāmāyaṇa (see MS.Sansk. c. 90 [1302]). It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: oṃ namaḥ Sivāya saśivāya saccidānandavigrahāyoṃ namaḥ I oṃ Umāmaheśvaraṃ natvā Ganeśaṃ ca Sarasvatīṃ I Vāsiṣṭasāravyākhyānaṃ Pūrṇānandair viracyate III II Brahmaṇo jyeṣṭaputreṇa Vasiṣṭena mahātmanā I Yogavāsiṣṭagraṃthaṃ vai Rāmāya kathitaṃ mudā II 2 II It ends, on f. 45<sup>V</sup>: iti Yogavāsiṣṭasāravivaraṇe Pūrṇānandaviracitaṃ daśamaṃ prakaraṇaṃ samāptam iti śivoṃ namo namaḥ I

Ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 3, 4, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13<sup>v</sup>, 14, 15<sup>v</sup>, 16, 17<sup>v</sup>, 18, 19<sup>v</sup>, 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 22, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24, 27, 28<sup>v</sup>, 29<sup>v</sup>, 30, 31<sup>v</sup>, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 40<sup>v</sup>, 41<sup>v</sup>, 42, 42<sup>v</sup>, to the end (f. 46), are coloured red or blue, and the writing is sometimes in yellow ink.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 242).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 46 + ii blank.

Date: f. 45<sup>v</sup>: samvat 4873, 1854 śāke 1719 (? 1718 perhaps) (= A. D. 1797) śrāvaņaśuklā ekādaśyām gurau i Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1302—MS. Sansk. c. 90

### Yogavāsiṣṭhasāra, with the commentary of Mahīdhara, A. D. 1782.

Contents: the Yogavāsisthasāra, a collection of verses selected from the Mahārāmāyaṇa, with a commentary by Mahidhara. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 232. It is divided into ten chapters. Chapter 1, vairagya, 27 verses, is contained on ff. 1-5; 2, (jaga)-nmithyatva, 28 verses, on ff. 5-9; 3, jīvanmuktalakṣaṇa, 25 verses, on ff. 9-11v; 4, manalaya, 25 verses, on ff. 11v-14v; 5, (no title), 16 verses, on ff.  $14^{\nabla}-17$ ; 6, ātmamanana, 10 verses, on ff.  $17-18^{\nabla}$ ; 7, buddhinirūpaņa, 15 verses, on ff. 18v-21; 8, ātmārcana, 10 verses, on ff. 21-22v; 9, ātmanirūpaņa, 32 verses, on ff.  $22^{V}-26^{V}$ ; 10, (no title), 34 verses, on ff.  $26^{V}-30^{V}$ . The work ends, on f. 30°: iti śrīyogavāsisthavivaraņe Mahīdharakṛte daśamam prakaranam I On Mahīdhara see MSS. Wilson 64-66 (981).

F. 30<sup>r</sup> was originally blank, but a few lines have been written upon it by a late hand.

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 783; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 122; Weber, Catal., I, 186.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 243).

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 30 + ii blank.

No. of columns: the writing is arranged in three rows, one below the other, the middle row containing the text, the top and bottom the commentary.

Date: f. 30°: samvat 1839 varse śāke 1704 (= A.D. 1782) samayapauşakṛṣṇatrayodaśyām cāndrivāsare l

Scribe: Harinanda.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1303-MS. Sansk. d. 151

### Aşṭāvakra, with Viśveśvara's commentary, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Aṣṭāvakra, with the commentary of Viśveśvara, a compendium of Vedāntic philosophy as in the Purāṇas. The work is fully described in the Bodl. catal., p. 227. In this MS. it has 307 ślokas divided into twenty chapters, only two of which have over twenty verses, viz. the second with 25, and the seventeenth with 100. The commentary begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: oṃ śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i saccidānandam advaitaṃ sarvādhiṣṭānam uttamaṃ i natvaṣṭāvakrasūktasya dīpikā tanyate parā ii It ends, on f. 54: iti śrīmadviśveśvaraviracitāyām Aṣṭāvakraṭīkāyāṃ saṃkhyākramādivyākhyāna samāptaṃ i Can we identify the author with Viśveśvara Sarasvatī, guru of Madhusūdana?

The text is bounded on either side by two double lines in dark red enclosing a broad single line of light red.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 754-756; Mitra, Notices, VII, 246; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 125. Edited, Bombay, 1888. This MS. corrects Eggeling, p. 755b. Cf. Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 15; Weber, Ueber zwei Vedānta-texte, Sitzungsberichte Berl. Akad., 1889; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 285; Garbe, Tübingen catal., p. 43.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 226). Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 54 + i blank.

No. of columns: the text is arranged in three rows, one below the other, the middle row containing the text proper, the top and bottom the commentary.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1304 -MS. Sansk. d. 154

Jñānadīpaka, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Hariharasaṃvāda section of the Jñā-nadīpaka, a brief Vedāntic work. It begins, on f. 1: oṃ namaḥ bhagavate Vāsudevāya | praṇamya Saṃkaraṃ devaṃ maheśvaraṃ parāt paraṃ | uttimālayalīnasya dhyānalīnasya madhyamā | adhamā jayamevasya | tatha pūjādhamādhamaḥ | śrībhagavān uvāca | kiṃ dharma sarvvadharmmāṇāṃ | sarvvatīrtheṣu kiṃ phalaṃ || I | I | kiṃ jajñaṃ sarovajajñeṣu | kiṃ puṇyaṃ kāyaśodhanaṃ | I ends, on f. 4°: iti śrīhariharasaṃvādaṃ Jñānadīpakaṃ samāptaḥ |

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. In the centre of each page there is a blank space.

Cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 126 (MS. of A.D. 1680).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 229).

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+4+xvii blank.

Date: perhaps the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, with very slight traces of Jaina influence.

# 43. YOGA

### 1305—MS. Sansk. c. 84

Gherandasamhitā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Gheraṇḍasaṃhitā, a Tāntrika work, treating of Hathayoga, in the form of a dialogue between Caṇḍakāpāli and Gheraṇḍa. The text begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i ādīsvarāya praṇamāmi tasmai yenopadiṣṭā haṭhayogavidyā i virājate pronnatarājayogam ārūḍham icchan avidhiyoga eva ii There are seven sections, named ṣaṭkarmasādhanaṃ (f. 3), āsanaprayogaḥ (f. 4), ghaṭasuyogaprakaraṇaṃ (sic, f. 6), pratyāhārasuyogaḥ (f. 6<sup>v</sup>), prāṇayāmaprayogaḥ (f. 8), dhyānayogaḥ (f. 10), samādhiḥ (f. 10<sup>v</sup>). Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

The text agrees on the whole with that of the edition published at the *Tatvavivechaka press*, Bombay, 1895, by Tookaram Tatya. Also edited, with Bengālī prose translation, Calcutta, 1886.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 223). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'Benares, no. 8.' Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+10+i blank.

Date: probably quite modern, 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1306-MS. Sansk. d. 149

### Svātmārāma's Hathapradīpikā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Hathapradīpikā of Svātmārāma, a treatise on hathayoga. The work is fully described in the Bodl. catal., pp. 233 sq., and in Aufrecht's Leipzig catal., pp. 287-288. In this MS., chapter 1, containing 64 verses, ends on f. 5; 2, containing 77 verses, on f. 9; 3, containing 119 verses, on f. 15; 4, containing 114 verses, on f. 20. The chapters thus differ considerably in length from those in the other MSS. Because of their importance, the first nine verses, enumerating the authorities, are here given in full, showing several variants from the names as given by Aufrecht. F. 17: śriganeśaya namaḥ \ śrīādityanāthāya namo 'stu tasmai yenopadisṭā hathayogavidyā i vibhrājate pronnatarājasaudham ārodhum icchor adhirohaṇīva II II praṇamya śrīgurunāthaṃ Svātniārāmeņa yoginā i kevalam rājayogāya hathavidyopadiśyate 11211 bhrāntyā bahumatadhvānte rājayogam ajānatām \ Hathapradīpakām datte Svātmārāmakrpākaraḥ 🗤 ʒ 🕦 haṭhavidyāṃ hi Matsyendro Gorakṣādyā vijānate \ Svātmārāmo 'thavā yogī jānīte tatprasādataļ 114 II śrīādināthamaśendraśāmvarānamdabhairavāh I Caurangī Mīnagorakşavirūpākşabileśayāh 11511 Mamthāmnabhairavo yogī riddhag vudhaś ca Kaṃṭhaḍī I Koraṃṭhīkaḥ Surānandah Siddhapādas ca Carpaţī 11611 Kaņerī Pūjyapādas ca Nityanātho Niramjanah i Kapālī Vimdanāthas ca Kākacamdīśvarāhvayah 11711 Alasthah Prabhudevaś ca Godācūlī Camtamtraņi Bhālukir Nāgadevas ca Khamdah Kāpālikas tathā 11811 ityādayo mahāsiddhā hathayogaprasādataķ i khamdāyitvā kāladamdam brahmāmde vicaranti te 11911 Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 600, 601. Edited, with Brahmananda's Jyotsna, Burdwan, 1890; translated into German by H. Walter, Munich, 1893; into English by Srinivas Jyangar, Bombay, 1893. Cf. Mitra, Yogasūtra, pp. lxxxiii sq. It ends, on f. 20": iti śrīsahajānamdasamtānacintāmaņinā Svātmārāmayogendreņa viracitāyām Haţhapradīpikāyām yāsanā nāma caturthopadeśah sampūrnam 1

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. There are additions in red ink, perhaps by the first hand, on ff. 10<sup>V</sup>, 11<sup>V</sup>, 12. There are later corrections on ff. 0<sup>V</sup>, 10, 12<sup>V</sup>.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 224).

Size:  $12 \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 20 + i blank.

Date: about the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

CC2



# 44. NYĀYA—GENERAL

#### 1307-MS. Sansk. d. 170

### Keśavamiśra's Tarkabhāṣā, A.D. 1557.

In the centre of each page there is a blank space. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 605 sq.; Mitra, Notices, III, 72; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 118; edited, with English notes, Poona, 1894. The date of the work is between A.D. 1200 and A.D. 1400.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 256). Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+15+iii blank.

Date: f.  $15^{\circ}$ : atha samvatsare 'smin śrīnṛpativikramādityasamvat 1613 (= A.D. 1557) varśe pauṣaśudi dvitāyātithau guruvāsare \

Scribe: f.  $15^{\nabla}$ : maharşiśrījīvarşiśişyasomarşitacchişyamolṛnāmnātmārtham alekhīdam grantham Takkabhā-şākhyam 1

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1308—MS. Sansk. d. 173

### Bhaṭṭācāryacūḍāmaṇi's Nyāyasiddhāntamañjarī, A. D. 1813.

Contents: the Nyāyasiddhāntamañjarī of Jānakīnātha Bhaṭṭācāryacūḍāmaṇi, a Nyāya work on logic. In this MS. the work contains four sections. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i praṇamya paramātmānaṃ Jānakīnāthaśarmanā i kriyate yuktimuktābhir Nyāyasiddhāntamañjarī ii i ii Pariccheda i, treating of pratyakṣa, ends on f. 11; 2, treating of anumāna, on f. 18v; 3, treating of upamāna, on f. 19v; 4, treating of śabda, on f. 40v: iti śrībhaṭṭācāryyacūḍāmaṇiviracitāyāṃ Nyāyasiddhāntamaṃjaryyāṃ śabdaparicchedaḥ samāptaḥ i

On ff. 2-6 there are many comments written in red ink, perhaps by a different hand. So also on ff. 13<sup>v</sup>, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15. Yellow pigment is used for corrections. F. 16 is blank.

See the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 240<sup>a</sup>; Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 638 sq.; Mitra, *Notices*, V, 175; Weber, *Catal.*,

I, 207; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 119. The work is posterior to the Cintāmaņi (12th cent.?) and Tarkabhāṣā.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 262). Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+40+i blank.

Date: f. 40<sup>v</sup>: sāmvat 1870 šāke 1735 (- A. D. 1813) jyeşţaśudī 15 ravivāsare 1

Scribe: f. 40%: lipīkṛtaṃ Miśramotīrāmaśaṃḍajñātīyena brāhmaṇena putrasya paṭhanārthaṃ i

Character: Devanagari.

# 1309-MS. Sansk. d. 174

### S'rīkaņļha's Nyāyasiddhāntamañjarīdīpikā, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Nyāyasiddhāntamañjarīdīpikā of Srīkaṇṭhadīkṣita, being a commentary on the preceding work (MS. Sansk. d. 173 [1308]). The MS. is in two parts, containing the upamāna and anumāna sections respectively. The pratyakṣa and śabda paricchedas are missing. Part A begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ lanumānanirūpaṇenānumānajijñāsānivṛttau avaśyavaktavyatvam upamāne 'stīty avasarasaṃgatyā upamānaṃ nirūpyate 1 It ends on f. 8. Part B begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 pratyakṣanirūpaṇānaṃtaraṃ upajīvyopajīvakabhāvasaṃgatyā 'numānaṃ nirūpayan pratijānīte atheti 1 It ends, on f. 58v: iti śrīdīkṣitaśrīkaṃṭhaviracitāyāṃ Nyāyasiddhāntamaṃjarīdīpikāyāṃ Anumānaparichedaḥ samāptaḥ 1

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. There are additions in B on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 9, 13<sup>v</sup>, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15<sup>v</sup>, 16, 18<sup>v</sup>, in a late hand in red ink. There are also passim, e.g. on ff. 15-17, notes in a very small and neat hand.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 639; Weber, Catal., I, 207; Mitra, Notices, V, 176; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 24; Garbe, Tübingen catal., p. 51. Edited, Benares, 1884. Srīkaņtha was son of Viśvanātha of Benares.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 263). Former owner: there is a note, in red ink, in the same hand as the corrections noted above, on B, f. 1, giving probably a former owner's name: Gayātālagrāmavirājamānasomanāthāvitaśrīsomeśvarātmajaraghunāthasyedam pustakam 1

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 8 + 58 + i blank. In the original 1-58 preceded 1-8.

Date: it is probably earlier than the end of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 45. NYĀYA—SPECIAL

### 1310-MS. Sansk. d. 176

### Raghudeva's Viṣayatāvāda, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Viṣayatāvāda of Raghudeva, being a Nyāya discussion as to the nature of the object. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīkṛṣṇāya namaḥ i viṣayatā ca svarūpasaṃbaṃdhaviśeṣo jñānādīnāṃ viṣaye na tv atiriktā mānābhāvād iti prāṃcaḥ i tad asat i tatha hi viṣayatāyāḥ jñānasvarūpatve ghaṭavad bhūtalam ityādijñānanirūpitānāṃ ghaṭabhūtalādivṛttiviṣayatānām abhedāpattyā tādṛśajñānāmtaraṃ ghaṭaprakārakajñānavān aham iti pratyadi pratītivad bhūtalaprakārajñānavān aham iti pratyayaprasaṃgaḥ i It ends, on f. 19<sup>v</sup>: iti Viṣayatāvādaḥ samāptaḥ i In a later hand, however, some remarks are added, ending: iti śrīraghudevabhaṭṭācāryaviracito Viṣayatāvādaḥ samāptaḥ i

There are notes in two later hands: one very small and minute, possibly the same as that in the preceding MSS.; one in red ink, possibly also the same as in the preceding MSS.

The beginning is nearly identical with that of Harirama's similar treatise, Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 646; cf. Hall, *Bibliogr. Index*, p. 42.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 271). Former owner: note on f. 1: Govindasarman.

Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 19 + i blank. Date: early part of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1311—MS. Sansk. d. 181

### Raghudeva's Sāmagrīvāda, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Sāmagrīvāda of Raghudeva, a Nyāya work on logic. It begins, on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namah i samāne vişaye ekadā laukikapratyakṣasāmagrīsatve 'numitisāmagrīsatve ca laukikapratyakṣam evopapadyate i It ends, on f. 187: iti śrīraghudevabhaṭṭācāryaviracitaḥ Sāmagrīvāda saṃpūrṇaṃ i

There are comments throughout in a later hand. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

Cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 648. *Ibid.*, p. 647, he points out that Harirāma's treatise has the same beginning; cf. MS. Sansk. d. 176 (1310).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 276). Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 18 + i blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1312—MS. Sansk. c. 101

### Raghudeva's Viśiṣṭavaiśiṣṭyabodhavicāra, 17th or 18th cent. P

Contents: the Viśiṣṭavaiśiṣṭyabodhavicāra of Raghudeva, a Nyāya work on viśeṣa. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīviśveśvarāya namaḥ i śrīveṇimādhavāya namaḥ i śrīnivāsāya namaḥ i śrīsarasvatyai namaḥ i śrīr astu i viśeṣaṇatāvachedakaprakārakanirṇayaśūnyakāle vaiśiṣṭyabodhāpattivāraṇāya viśiṣṭavaiśiṣṭyabudhau viśeṣaṇatāvaveka(?) prakārakanirṇayatvena hetutā kalpyate i It ends, on f. 22: iti śrīmahopādhyāyabhaṭṭācāryaraghudevaviracito Viśiṣṭavaiśiṣṭyabodhaviracāraḥ samāptim agamat i

The work is not identical with the anonymous works in Mitra, Notices, III, 121; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 652. Cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 42.

There are corrections by a later hand on ff.  $3^{\nabla}$ ,  $5^{\nabla}$ , 21.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 270). Size:  $13\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 22 + i blank.

Date: apparently at least as early as A.D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1313-MS. Sansk. d. 177

### Gadādhara's Vişayatāvicāra, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Viṣayatāvicāra, being a portion of Gadādhara's commentary on the Tattvacintāmaṇidīdhiti of Raghunātha, which is a commentary on the Tattvacintāmaṇi of Gaṅgeśa (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 145 sq.). It begins, on f. 1v: śrīganeśaya namah i buddhir nāma kaścid ātmaviśeṣaguṇas tadvyasthitir ghaṭam ahaṃ jāmītyākārakā sādhāraṇānubhavatnād eva sā ca saviṣayikānuktadharmigrāhakapratityā ghaṭādiviṣayakatvenaiva tadavagāhanād ghaṭādiniṣṭaṃ tadviṣayatvaṃ ca tād pratiyogikasaṃbaṃdhaviśeṣaḥ i It ends, on f. 18v: iti śrīgadādharaviracito Viṣayatāvicāraḥ samāptim paprāna i

There are many corrections in a small neat hand, probably the same as in the preceding MSS. Yellow pigment is used for corrections and erasures. The MS. is rather inaccurate.

The beginning is identical with that in Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 648; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 316; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 41. Ibid., p. 55, he states that Gadādhara was a pupil of Harirāma. His

date is probably the 17th century, Haraprasāda, Notices, I, pt. iii, p. xviii. Edited, Benares, 1876.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 272). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'C 73.'

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 18 + i blank.

Date: probably the early part of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1314-MS. Sansk. c. 100

# Gadādhara's Vidhisvarūpavādārtha, A. D. 1798.

Contents: the Vidhisvarūpavādārtha of Gadādhara, a Nyāya treatise on vidhi. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīga-jānanāya namaḥ \ vidhinişedhārthavādabhedena vākyaṃ trividhaṃ tatra pravartakaṃ vākyaṃ vidhiḥ \ It ends, on f. 16°: iti śrīgadādharacakravarttibhaṭṭācāryaviracito Vidhisvarūpavādārthāḥ \

Cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 60; Mitra, Notices, II, 61; Stein, Kaśmīr catal., p. 152; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 64.

There are no corrections in the MS.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 269).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 16 + i blank.

Date: f. 16": samvat 1854 (= A. D. 1798) 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 46. NYĀYA—GRAMMAR

1315 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 179

Jagadīśa's S'abdaśaktiprakāśikā, 19th & 17th cent.?

Contents:

1. The S'abdaśaktiprakāśikā of Jagadīśa, a Nyāya logical work on language. It begins, on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namah i Tarkam tamtram ca viduṣā viduṣām toṣakārikā i kriyate Jagadīśena Sabdaśaktiprakāśikā II III The MS. contains merely a fragment of the work, and ends abruptly on f. 19, thus: dharmikakāryatājñānajanyatvam prasādhyagavānayanagocaratajjñānam i

Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

See Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 654. Edited by Jīvānanda Vidyāsāgara, Calcutta, 1878. Jagadīśa is of the 17th century, Haraprasāda, *Notices*, I, pt. iii, p. xvii.

2. The S'abdaśaktiprakāśikā. The MS. is nearly complete, and ends, on f. 154<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmahāpādhyāyaśrī-jagadīśatarkālaṃkārabhaṭṭācāryakṛtaśaṣṭaśaktiprakāśikā samāptā \ śrīmahālakṣmyai namah \ Then, in perhaps a later hand: śrīgurave Rādhāgoviṃdajicharmane namah \

Then follows a page marked 78, and sodhapatram, which does not seem to belong to any particular place in the MS.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 274<sup>a</sup>, 274<sup>b</sup>).

Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 1 = iii + 19; 2 = ii + 155 + i blank.

Date: perhaps 1 is of the early part of the 19th century, and 2 of the middle of the 17th century, but they may be more modern.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 2-9 of 2 are lost, and presumably 1 was intended to supply this loss.

# 1316—MS. Sansk. d. 178 Vyutpattivāda, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Vyutpattivāda, a comprehensive Nyāya work on language. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śābdabodhe ekapādārthe 'parapadārthasya samsargah sambandhamaryādayā bhāsate! There were originally no subdivisions marked in the work, but they have been added by a later hand, and are partially enumerated on f. 1. The abhedānvayanirūpanam ends on f. 16; the bhedanvayabodhanirupanam, on f. 32; the samkhyarthanirūpaņam, on f. 53; the dvitīyārthanirūpaņam, on f. 130; the trtīyārthanirūpaṇam, on f. 160; the caturthārthanirūpaṇam, on f. 181; the pañcamyarthanirūpanam, on f. 196; the sastyarthanirupanam, on f. 2007; the saptamyarthanirūpaņam, on f. 204; the sambodhanaprathamārthanirūpaņam, on f. 205; the strīpratyayārthanirūpanam, on f. 207; the taddhitārthanirūpanam, on f. 212; the ākhyātasāmānyārthanirūpaņam, on f. 224v; the whole ends on f. 254<sup>v</sup>, thus: iti Vyutpattivādaķ samāptaķ i

There are numerous notes in the first eighteen leaves by a later hand in a careless writing. F. 254 is followed by a leaf numbered 198 in the original, but it does not seem to fit into any part of the text. The subject matter is mainly the philosophy of grammar.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and grey pigment is used for erasures.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 655, whose second copy gives Gadādhara as the author; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 55; Hultzsch, South Indian MSS., II, nos. 812, 888, 980a, 1373; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 134; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 297. Srīpatidatta is quoted. Ed. Benares, 1878, with the commentary of Kṛṣṇa Bhaṭṭa Arde.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 273). Former owner: note on f. 1: Vaidyanāthaśarman.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 255 (39 is repeated) + i blank. Date: probably the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: some letters on ff. 47<sup>v</sup>, 83<sup>v</sup> are illegible.

### 1317-MS. Sansk. c. 92

# Raghunātha S'iromaņi's Ākhyātavādārtha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Akhyātavādārtha of Raghunātha Siromaņi, a brief treatise on predication, of the Nyāya school. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīrāmāya namah i ākhyātasya yatno vācyah i It ends, on f. 5<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīśiromaņibhaṭṭācaryakṛta Ākhyātavādārthah samāptah i

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. On f. 3<sup>v</sup> there is an addendum in a later hand.

See Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 58; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 657; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 295, who says that the Maṇḍanamatānuyāyinaḥ are cited.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 251).

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+5+i blank.

Date: possibly about A.D. 1800-1820.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1318-MS. Sansk. c. 93

### Raghudeva's Ākhyātavādadīpikā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Äkhyātavādadīpikā of Raghudeva, a work on predication, of the Nyāya school. It begins, on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i praṇamya nīradaśyāmam uddāmaguṇamandiraṃ i Ākhyātavādasavyākhyā Raghudevena tanyate i It ends, on f. 177: iti śrīraghudevabhaṭṭācāryanyāyālaṃkaraviracitākhyātavādadīpikā samāptā i

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. There are addenda in a very small, and probably later hand, on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 4<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12, 12<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 14, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15, 15<sup>v</sup>. It forms a commentary on Raghunātha's work, MS. Sansk. c. 92 (1317); cf. Mitra, Notices, VI, 5 (who describes it wrongly); Weber, Catal., II, 193; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 657; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 295, no. 951(1).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 253).

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + i + 17 + ii blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1840-1850.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1319—MS. Sansk. d. 168

# Ākhyātavādatīkā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Akhyātavādaṭīkā, a commentary on a Nyāya work treating of predication. It begins, on f. 1: om namah idānīm ākhyātasya śaktir vicāryyate i tatra maṇikārānām mate anuktalayane śakti taṃḍulaṃ pacatīty atra taṇḍulaniṣṭaṃ yat phalaṃ vikṛttih avayavānām praśedhilasaṃyogah i tadanuktaloyah pākah agnisaṃyogaviśeṣah i tadanuktaloyo yatnah tadvān caitrah i pacati taṇḍulam ityanvayabodhah prācāṃ mate i nāmīnānāṃ mate anukūlatvaṃ saṃsargah i It ends, on f. 27 samāpto 'yam Ākhyātavādah i Despite this title the contents show clearly enough that it is a ṭīkā, and it somewhat resembles Raghudeva's Ākhyātavādadīpikā (MS. Sansk. c. 93 [1318]).

Ff. 12 sqq. have a blank space in the centre. Yellow pigment is used for corrections. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 252). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 27 + iii blank. In the original foliation f. 24 is repeated.

Date: probably the early part of the 18th century. Scribe: f. 27<sup>v</sup>: Rāmeśvarabhaṭṭārcāṇāṃ sannidhau paṃditarājasamudreṇa śrīmadugrasenapuri (

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: on ff. 22<sup>v</sup>, 23 several letters are illegible.

## 1320-MS. Sansk. d. 172

### Raghunātha S'iromaņi's Nañvāda, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Nañvāda of Raghunātha Siromaṇi (for whom see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 485), a treatise on the negation in logic. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i saṃsargābhāvo 'nyonyābhāvaś ca naño 'rthaḥ i It ends, on f. 2v: iti śrīmanmahopādhyāyatārkikaśiromaṇikṛto Nañvādaḥ saṃpūrṇaṃ i

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

The heading and colophon are in red ink.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 658; Mitra, Notices, III, 179; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 79, Leipzig catal., p. 296; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., III, 226. Siromaṇi's date is the 16th century, Haraprasāda, Notices, I, pt. iii, p. xvi.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 260).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 2 + ix blank.

Date: perhaps about A. D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1321-MS. Sansk. c. 96

### Raghudeva's Nañvādaṭippaṇi, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Nañvādaṭippaṇī of Raghudeva, a commentary probably on Raghunātha's Nañvāda, a work treating of the negation in logic. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīmahāgaṇapataye namaḥ i S'ivaṃ praṇamya tatatpaścāt Tarkavāgīśvaraṃ guruṃ i kriyate Raghudevena Nañvādārthavivecacanaṃ ii It ends, on f. 21: iti śrīraghudevabhaṭṭācāryaviracitā Nañvādaṭippaṇī samāptā i Raghudeva was thus the pupil of the great logical writer Mathurānātha, who was the pupil of the Raghunātha on whose work this is a commentary (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 423<sup>a</sup>). It is identical with the work of the same name in the Bodl. catal., p. 245<sup>b</sup>, no. 617; different from 616 b.

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. A lacuna is marked on f. 18v. F. 16v is only three-quarters filled.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 261).

Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{3}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21 + i blank.

Date: perhaps A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī, with some Jaina peculiarities, evidently copied from a Jaina MS.

### 1322-MS. Sansk. d. 180

# Samāsavāda, A. D. 1784.

Contents: the Samāsavāda, a discussion of the logical implication of compounds. It begins, on f. 17: śrīrādhākṛṣṇābhyām namah i atha Samāsavādo likhyate i nanu bahuvrīhau citragum ānayetyādau citragosvāmino bodhah i It ends, on f. q: iti Samāsavādah sampūrnah i

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

Apparently this is the work of Rāmabhadra Sārvabhauma noticed by Mitra, Notices, VII, 124.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 275).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+9+i blank.

Date: f. 9: āyujamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe lipiḥ kṛtā saṃvat 1840 (= A.D. 1784)!

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 47. VAIŚESIKA

# 1323-MS. Sansk. c. 94

### Anumānapariccheda of the Tarkasamgrahadīpikāprakāśa, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Anumāna section of the Tarkasam-grahadīpikāprakāśa, a commentary on the commentary of Annambhaṭṭa on his Tarkasamgraha, a Vaiśeṣika work on logic. The author is not mentioned in the MS., but Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 226a, assigns it to Nīlakaṇṭha Sāstrin. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīdakṣiṇā-mūrttigurave namaḥ ı anumānam lakṣayatīti ı It ends, on f. 11v: iti Tarkasamgrahadīpikāprakāśe bhagavadarpite 'numānaparicchedaḥ ı

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. There are corrections in a later hand on ff. 3, 11<sup>v</sup>.

For editions, &c., see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 672; Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 69.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 257).

Size:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 11 + i blank.

Date: quite modern, 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1324-MS. Sansk. c. 97

### Viśvanātha Pañcānana's Bhāṣāpariccheda, A.D. 1832.

Contents: the Bhāṣāpariccheda of Viśvanātha Paūcānana, an exposition of the Vaiśeṣika philosophy. This work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 239. In this MS. it consists of 153 ślokas, numbered from 1 to 100 = ff. 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)- 6\(\frac{1}{2}\), and 1 to 53. It ends, on f. 9: iti śrīviśvanāthapañcānanaviracito Bhāṣāparicheda samāptam 1

Edited by Roer, *Bibl. Ind.*, 1850, and by Vindhyeśvarīprasāda Dube, Benares, 1882, who puts Viśvanātha as not later than A.D. 1400.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 264).

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + i blank.

Date: f. 9: samvat 1888 (= A.D. 1832)1

Scribe: f. 9: lişitama Vrajagopāladāsa śrīvṛṃdāvanamadhye cīraghāṭasthāne vrajakī sorajīkī pustaka lişi

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1325—MS. Sansk. d. 175

### Viśvanātha Pañcānana's Siddhāntamuktāvalī, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Siddhantamuktavalī of Visvanātha Pancanana (called in the MS. Siddhanta Pancanana),



being a commentary on his own work, the Bhāṣāpariccheda (MS. Sansk. c. 97 [1324]). The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 239. Verse I, given there 'in marg.,' is wanting in this MS., as in Weber's (Catal., I, 206). The work ends, on f. 70: iti śrīyutamahāmahopādhyāyasiddhāntapaṃcānanabhaṭṭācāryyakṛtā Siddhāntamuktāvalī saṃpūrṇā I

There are later notes in two styles of hand; one in red ink (e. g. f. 43<sup>v</sup>) seems to be identical with that of Raghunātha in MS. Sansk. d. 174 (1309); the other, very small and neat, is probably identical with the small hand of the same MS.

See Weber, l. c. Edited, with Rudra and Dinakara's commentaries, Benares, 1896.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 265). Former owner: as mentioned above, it would appear to have once been in the hands of Raghunātha, the owner of MS. Sansk. d. 174 (1809).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 70 + i blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1326—MS. Sansk. c. 98 Mahādeva's Dinakarī, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Dinakarī of Mahādeva and his father Bālakṛṣṇa, a commentary on Viśvanātha's Nyāyasid-dhāntamuktāvalī, which is a commentary on his own work, the Bhāṣāpariccheda. This work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 239b. This MS. contains only a fragment of the work. It ends, on f. 61v: sarvadaiveti i dhyānāghabhāve 'pītyarthaḥ i

Ff. 1, 6, 11, 16, 23, 28, 33, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60 are coloured yellow, and yellow pigment is used for corrections. The MS. is frequently corrected in a very small hand, which, however, seems to be identical with the first hand. There are late additions on ff. 36, 56, 59. The authors are very modern, as another pupil of Nīlakaṇtha, Gaṅgārāma, wrote a commentary on Jagadīśa's Tarkāmṛta (probably in A. D. 1625).

On the joint authorship see Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 74; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 674, 675. Published at Calcutta in 1883.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 266).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 61 + i blank.

Date: at least as old as A.D. 1780.

Character: Devanāgarī.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

# 1327-MS. Sansk. c. 99

### Mahādeva's Dinakarī, A. D. 1793.

Contents: this MS. contains a portion of the same work as the preceding MS. The beginning is lost, and the MS. begins abruptly in the middle of a discussion of sāmānyaviṣayajñānam. It ends, on f. 183: tena saṃtoṣam āyātu Nīlakaṃṭhaḥ satām priyaḥ! The title is not mentioned, except on the wrapper which is modern.

The MS. is occasionally corrected in yellow pigment. There are additions on ff. 63, 64, 74<sup>v</sup>, 89, 89<sup>v</sup>, 91, 92, 92<sup>v</sup>, 93 in a small hand much resembling that in which the corrections in MS. Sansk. c. 98 (1826) are made. Later corrections occur on ff. 93, 93<sup>v</sup>, 94<sup>v</sup>, 95, 127.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 267).

Size:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 125 (foliated as 60 - 183) + i blank. F. 102 is repeated.

Date: f. 183: samvat 1849 (= A.D. 1793) varşe māghamāse śukladvādaśyāyām tithau \

Scribe: līṣitaṃ brāhmaṇaharasuṣa Dadhīcajñāti līṣā-yatam (

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1-59 are missing.

#### 1328—MS. Sansk. e. 72

#### Sadāsiva's Muktāvalīvyāptivādadīpikā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Muktāvalīvyāptivādadīpikā of Sadāsiva, being a treatise on vyāpti. It begins, on f. 1:
śrīgaņeśāya namah vyāptih sādhyavadanyasminn asambaṃda udāhṛtah sādhyavadanyāvṛttitvaṃ vyāptih vahnīmān dhūmād ity atra sādhyavatah parvatāder anyasmin jalahṛdādau hetor dhūmasyāvṛttitvaṃ vyāptih v
dhūmavān vahner ityādau tu sādhyavatah parvatāder
anyasminn ayogolake vahnirūpasya hetor vṛttivān nātivyāptih v It ends, on f. 14: anyat sarvaṃ saṃbaṃdhāṃtaraṃ pūrvavad vācyam iti śreyah v iti śrīsadāśivaśarmaviracitā Muktāvalīvyāptivādadīpikā samāptim agamat v

F. 1V is blank. Ff. 1 and 2 have been bound in wrongly, being reversed. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

The work seems to be a commentary on the vyāpti section of the Siddhāntamuktāvalī.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 268).

Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 14 + i blank.

Date: about the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

рd



## 1329-MS. Sansk. c. 95

## Jagadīśa's Tarkāmṛta, 19th cent.

Contents: the Tarkāmṛta of Jagadīśa, a brief treatise on logic. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīganeśāya namah i brahmādyā nikhilārcitās tridaśasamdohāh sadābhīṣṭadā svājñānapraśamāya yatra manaso vṛttīh samastā dadhuh i śrīviṣṇoś caraṇāmbujam bhavabhayadhvaṃsaikavījaṃ paraṃ hṛtpadme vinidhāya tan nirupamaṃ Tarkāmṛtaṃ tanyate i It ends, on f. 10°: iti śrīmajjagadīśabhaṭṭā-cāryaviracitam Tarkāmṛtam samāptim agamat i

Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

According to Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 194<sup>a</sup>, the author was a pupil of Bhavānanda, and lived at Navadvīpa about the first quarter of the 17th century; according to Mitra, Notices, IV, 225, a pupil of his wrote in A. D. 1647 (not 1649). See Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 76; Mitra, Notices, IV, 103, 55; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 676; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 291.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 258). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 10 + i blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1330-MS. Sansk. d. 169

# Udayanācārya's Kiranāva!ī with the author's Commentary, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Kiranavali, a treatise on Prasastapāda's commentary on the Vaiseşikasūtra, of Udayana, with a commentary by the author. The MS. is fragmentary, and contains only the Dravyapadartha section. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namah i vidyāsamdhyodayo ekād avidyārajanīksaye i yad udeti namas tasmai kasmaicid višvatastviņe II II yato dravyam gunāh karma tathā jātih parāparā i višesāh samavāyo vā tam īśvaram upāsmahe 11 2 11 arthānām pravivecanāya jagatām antastamasšāmtaye I sanmārgasya vilokanāya gataye lokasya yātrārthinaḥ i tattāttāmasabhūtabhītaya imām vidyāvatām prītaye i vyāttene Kiraņāvalīm Udayanaķ sattarkatejomayīm 11311 work proceeds as usual to the end of f. q. Then follows a page of which the number is illegible. The recto contains only the words: iti dravyapadārthah i The verso begins: yogāt manah satyam ātmendriyārthasāmnidhye sukhādīnām abhūtvotpattidaršanāt kāraņāmtaram anumiyate: Thence the text seems to be continuous to f. 517: iti śrimahopādhyāyaśrimadudayananyāyācāryaviracitāyām Kiraņāvaliţīkāyām dravyapadārthah samāptah | F. 52 contains fragments.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. For another MS. of the tikā by Udayana cf. Peterson, Report, 1883, 1884, no. 134. For his date cf. Keith, Ind. Inst. catal, pp. 11, 91.

For the text cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 662 sq.; Burnell, *Tanjore catal.*, p. 112<sup>b</sup>. Edited in the *Benares Sanskrit Series*, 1885 sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 254). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 59 + i blank. In the original the leaves are numbered 1, 3 - 9, no number, 2 - 51, 112.

Date: probably about A. D. 1800, and ff. 1-6 a little earlier.

Scribe: f. 51v: Prītimān alikhat i Ff. 1-6 are by an older and different hand.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 2 is missing; some leaves are lost after f. 9; ff. 52-111 are missing, and an uncertain number after f. 112.

# 1331—MS. Sansk. d. 171

# Dravyapadārtha, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Dravyapadārtha, a Vaiśeṣika work on the category dravya or substance. The beginning is lost; the text begins on f. 2: ty evam caturvim-śatir guṇāḥ i It ends, on f. 11v: pṛthaktvam apy ata eva i tadabhāvavacanād aṇuparimāṇaṃ i apasarppaṇopaplarppaṇakarmmavacanāt saṃyogavibhāgau i mūrttatvāt paratvāparatve saṃskāraś ca i asparśavatvād dravyānārambhakatvaṃ i kriyāvatvāt mūrttaṃ i sā dhāraṇair grahavatvaprasaṃgād ajñaṃ i svayaṃkaraṇabhāvāt parārthaṃ i guṇavatvād dravyaṃ i prayatnād dṛṣṭapargrahavasād āśusaṃcāri iti Dravyapadārthaḥ i śubham astu i śubham bhavatu i

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Yellow pigment is used for corrections and additions.

Cf. Hall, Bibliogr. Index, p. 79, no. 59, but not Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 665.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 259). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 10 (foliated as 2 - 11) + i blank. Date: probably the middle of the 17th century.

Scribe: there is a note on f. 11V (in a later hand!): bhāṣyamāna 1501 the meaning of which is obscure, but cf. Hall, l. c.: 'ślokas 150.'

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 1 is missing. The writing on f. 2 is somewhat rubbed.

# 48. BHAKTI

### 1332-MS. Sansk. c. 87

Viṣṇupuri's Bhagavadbhaktiratnāvalī with a Commentary, A.D. 1749.

Contents: the Bhagavadbhaktiratnāvalī of Visnupuri, a collection of verses on bhakti, culled from the Bhagavatapurana, with the commentary called Kantimālā. This work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 37. Ff. 1v-16 contain book I, in 111 stanzas, mostly ślokas; ff. 16-22<sup>v</sup> contain book II, in 63 stanzas; ff. 22v-26 contain book III, in 33 stanzas; ff. 26-32v contain book IV, in 45 stanzas; ff. 32<sup>v</sup>-40 contain book V, in 57 stanzas; ff. 40-43 contain book VI, in 24 stanzas; ff. 43-47 contain book VII, in 31 stanzas; ff. 47<sup>v</sup>-49 contain book VIII, in 7 stanzas; ff. 49-49<sup>v</sup> contain book IX, in 4 stanzas; ff. 40<sup>v</sup>-50<sup>v</sup> contain book X, in 4 stanzas; ff. 50v-51 contain book XI, in 2 stanzas; ff. 51-51 v contain book XII, in 2 stanzas; ff. 51 v-54 contain book XIII, in 13 stanzas. Book XIII ends the whole, on f. 54, thus: iti śrimatpurusottamacaraṇāravindakṛpāmakaraṃdavindupronmīlitavivekatairabhuktaparamahamsavişnupurigrathitāyām śrībhāgavatāmṛtābd hilabdhaśrīmadbhagavadbhaktiratnāvalyām sakāntimālā sampūrņā \

Red ink is freely used both in the text and, half ornamentally, on the margins. F. 10<sup>v</sup> has been completely covered with yellow pigment. On f. 14<sup>v</sup> the writing is upside down. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 393, ascribes the commentary to Vișnupuri himself. The commentary mentioned in the Bodl. catal., p. 37b, is the Kantimala. Cf. Mitra, Notices, I, 240; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 76, who gives the author's date as A. D. 1634 at Benares. But Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1272, gives the date of a MS. of this work as A.D. 1595, which seems to be its age. Bhandarkar, Report, 1887-1891, p. lxxx, however, gives the words as mahāyajñaśaraprāṇaśaśānkagaṇite śake which certainly ought to mean A.D. 1634. His colophon shows clearly that the author wrote the Kantimala. With this also agrees the Leipzig MS., Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 246, no. 724. S'ridhara wrote the first copy, as Vişnupurī was svaracanālubdha.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 239). Size:  $13 \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 54 + ii blank.

No. of columns: the writing is arranged in three rows, one below the other, the text occupying the centre, the commentary the top and bottom.

Date: f. 54: samvat 1806 varşe śāke 1671 (= A. D. 1749) pravarttamāne māsottamamāse pausamāse kṛṣṇa-pakṣe tithau 9 vamyām śukravāśare lisitam idam Svāmīsādhucaraṇadāsena svapaṭhanārtham cāparopa-kārārtham 1

Scribe: Sādhucaraņadāsa. Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1333-MS. Sansk. c. 81

### Bhagavadbhaktivilāsa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Bhagavadbhaktivilāsa, a work of devotion by a follower of the school of Caitanya (16th century). The MS. contains only a small part of the work. It begins, on f. 51: Bhagavadbhaktivilāse Mūrtiprādurbhāvo nāmāṣṭādaśo vilāśaḥ i cha i śrīcaitanyaṃ praviṣṭo 'smi śaraṇaṃ suṣṭu yena hi i āviṣṭo yāti duṣṭo 'pi pratiṣṭāṃ sadabhiṣṭutaṃ ii atha śrīmūrtipratiṣṭā i

There is a double foliation which runs as follows: new 51-56 = old 28-33; 58=35; 59=36; 507=34; 510-529=37-56; 530-552=2-24; 553=24 (repeated); 554-562=25-33; 563=33 (repeated); 564=34. The MS. ends abruptly on f.  $564^{\circ}$  thus: devarca naiva sancalya munmayapi bhayavaha i haima -1

Several letters on f. 558 are rubbed. Probably the author was Gopāla Bhatta, Mitra, Notices, I, 239; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 587. Published at Calcutta in 1845.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 209). Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{5}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 64 (foliated as 51 - 56, 58, 59, 507, 510 - 564) + iii blank.

Date: perhaps about A.D. 1800, but it may be more modern.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-50, 57, 60-506, 508, 509 are lost, and the MS, is unfinished.

# 49. COMMENTARIES ON JAINA CANONICAL WORKS

1334—MS. Sansk. c. 121

S'īlānkācārya's Ācārāngavṛtti, A.D. 1589.

Contents: the Ācārāṅgavṛtti of Silāṅkācārya (as it is better spelt), a commentary on the first aṅga of the Jaina sacred canon, the Ācārāṅgasūtra. It begins, on f. IV: namaḥ sarvavide i jayati samastavastuparyā-yavicārāpastatīrthikam i vihitaikaikatīrthanayavādasa-

D d 2

mühavaśāt pratistitam i bahuvidhabhamgisiddhisiddhāmtavidhünitamalamalimasam i tīrtham anādinidhanagatam anupamam ādinatam jineśvaraih ii i ii It ends, on f. 135<sup>v</sup>: ity ācāryaśīlāmgaviracitāyām Ācāratīkāyām dvitīyah śrutaskamdhah parisamāptah i cha i samāptam Ācārāmgam iti i gramthāgram 12000 i śrīh i cha i ācaratīkākarane yad āptam puņyam mayā moksāgamaikahetu i tenāpanīyāsubharāśīm uccair ācāramārgrah pravaņo 'stu lokah ii i ii

The MS. is carefully written and fairly accurate. Two hands appear to have been employed, (1) ff. 1 $^{v}$ -65 $^{v}$ ; (2) f. 66 to end. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines up to f. 65; thence to the end generally by three single black lines. F. 82 $^{v}$  is partially covered with yellow pigment. A lacuna is marked on f. 93.

The work is very fully described by Weber, Catal., II, 361 sq.; edited, with the text and a Gujarātī commentary, Calcutta, 1880.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 369). Size:  $14\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 130 + ii blank.

Date: f. 130♥: saṃvat 1645 (= A. D. 1589) varșe vaïśākhaśudi 6 śukravāradine (

Scribe: f. 1307: śrīpūjyaparamapūjyaparamaguruyugapradhānāvatārajagadguruśrī 6 śrīharavijayasūrīśvaravijayarājye | Bhaṇasālīgotre Saṃghavīpāsavīrasutasaṃ °-cāṃpā (?) likhitaṃ |

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: the text is badly rubbed on ff. 67, 71, 73, 74, 124, 130. F. 46 has been torn, and mended with grey paper.

Ornamentation: on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2 there are pictures of the Jina. In the centre of each page is the usual figure.

#### 1335-MS. Sansk, d. 230

# Abhayadevasūri's Samavāyāngavṛtti, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Samavāyāngasūtravṛtti of Abhayadevasūri, a commentary on the fourth anga of the Jaina canon. The work is described fully in Weber, Catal., II, 418. It begins, on f. 1\(\nabla\): om namo Vītarāgāya i śrīvardhamānam ānasya Samavāyāmgavṛttikā vidhīyate 'nyaśāstrāṇām prāyaḥsamupajīvanāt ii I ii It ends, on f. 77\(\nabla\): Samavāyākhyam caturdham angam vṛttitaḥ samāptam i Then follow nine verses by Abhayadeva, which are even more corrupt than the version in Weber.

The MS. has in the centre of each page for ornament the usual Jaina diagram, with a circle of red pigment

in the centre. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines, smeared over with red. A small lacuna is marked on f. 40<sup>v</sup>.

For Abhayadeva's date cf. Weber, l. c., p. 453. Published at Benares in 1880.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 371). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 78 + ii blank.

Date: possibly of the same date as MS. Sansk. d. 227, i.e. the end of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1336-MS. Sansk. d. 232

### Abhayadevasūri's Bhagavatīvrtti, A. D. 1566.

Contents: the Bhagavatīvṛtti of Abhayadevasūri, being a commentary on the fifth anga of the Jaina canon, the Bhagavatīsūtra (MS. Prākrit, d. 3). The work is fully described by Weber, Catal., II, 453 sq. It begins, on f. 1V: oṃ namo jināya i sarvajāam īśvaram anantam asangam agryaṃ sārvvīyam asmaram anīśaṃ anīham iddhaṃ i siddhaṃ sīvaṃ śivakaraṃ karaṇavyapetaṃ śrīmarjinaṃ jitaripuṃ prayataḥ praṇaumi ii iii As may be seen even in this verse, and still more by a comparison of the rest cited by Weber, the MS. has a fairly good text, but one usually inferior to the MS. used by Weber. It ends, on f. 343V: iti Bhagavativṛtti saṃpūrṇaḥ i graṃthāgraṃ 18616 i In verse 15, which immediately precedes, it reads simply Uptadhanīvasatau, see Weber, l. c., p. 401.

The text is bounded on either side by four black lines. In the centre of each page is the Jaina diagram. Edited, with Megharāja's Gujarātī commentary, Benares, 1882.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 373). Size:  $11 \times 4\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 343 (in the original foliation 215 is repeated) + ii blank.

Date: f. 343♥: saṃvat 16 āṣādhādi 22 varşe likhitaṃ (= A.D. 1566) l

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1337—MS. Sansk. d. 296 Paffcanirgranthi with avacuri, A.D. 1598.

Contents: the Pañcanirgranthī, being a saṃgrahaṇi of the Bhagavatī, XXV, 6, the fifth aṅga in the Jaina canon (Weber, Catal., II, 420), with an avaoūri in Sanskrit. It treats in 106 Prākrit āryās of the five sorts of niggaṃthas. In this MS. it begins on f. 1: pannavaṇa 1 veya 2 rāge 3 1 kappa 4 caritta 5 paḍisevaṇā 6 nāṇe 7 1 titthe 8 limga 9 sarīre 10 1 khitte 11

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kāla 12 1 gai 13 samjama 14 nigāse 15 11 11 It omits entirely verse 1 as given by Weber, l. c., p. 464, but has 106 verses, verse 70 being supplied on f. 6 in the margin, and verse 101 being marked in the margin of f. 8v. It ends, on f. 8v: bhagavaïpaṇavīsasayassa i chaddhauddesagassa samgahanī i esā u niathānam i raïā bhāvatthasaraṇattha 11 6 11 iti śrīpaṃcanirgraṃthī samāptah 1 The commentary, which is brief, being little more than a gloss, begins on f. 1v: namah sarvajňāyah i pannavaņeti gāthātrayam prajňāpanā prakarsena samsītyapanodena svarūpasamkhyābhedādiprakārena jāāpanā prajāāpanā II III vedaķ stryādi II 2 II rāgaķ prasiddhaķ 11 3 11 kalpaķ sthavirakalpajinakalpādi 11411 cāritram sāmāyikādi 11511 pratikūlā sevanā pratisevanā virādhanā 11611 jñānam ābhinabodhikasrutādi 117 11 tirtham prasiddham 118 11 limgam svalimgādi 119 11 \$arīrakam ūdārikādi || 10 || kṣetram karmabhūmyādi || 11 || kāla nusarpinyādi 1112 11 gatiķ pamcasu sādhuşu kā gatih 11 13 11 samyamah samyamasthanani 11 14 11 nikase nikarsah sannikarsah IIIII yogah manoyogādi III6 II The explanations are usually sensible, and the text appears to be better than that of the MS. with a bhāṣā commentary described by Weber, l. c. It ends, on f. 8v: koţisatamānam iti na vīrodhaḥ tebhyaḥ kaṣāryaṇaḥ saṃkhyeyaqunāh koţiśahasrapṛthaktvāt teṣām 11 5 11 iti śripamcanirgramthisamgrahanyavacūrih sampūrnnāh 1 There is no comment on verse 6, probably because its meaning is spaşţa. The avacūri is anonymous, and possibly this is an autograph of it.

The text proper is written in the centre of each page, the commentary at the top and bottom. There are corrections in text and commentary apparently written by the first hand only. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina space, partially filled up with a dot of red pigment, and six other such spaces on each page contain letters. On the verso there is a red spot on either side, in the margin. The writing is bounded on either side by a broad red line within two dark red ones.

A Pancanirgranthi (M. S.), Yasovijaya author (of the Sanskrit?), is mentioned in Bühler, Report, 1871, 1872, no. 210.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 445). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 8 + xlvii blank.

Date: f. 87: samvat 1654 (= A. D. 1598) varse āsādhavudi 8 ravau 1

Scribe: f. 8♥: pamo-śrīvastāganigao-śrīyādavaśiṣyagaojīvavijayapathanārtham I Sīravādāgrāme I Cf. perhaps the Yādavakula in Weber, Catal., II, 718, no. 1905, samvat 1644.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

1338 (1-5)-MS. Sansk. d. 238

Abhayadevasūri's Upāsakadaśā-, Antakrtadaśā-, Anuttaraupapātika-, Praśnavyākaraņa-, Vipākavivarana, 17th cent.?

Contents: commentaries by Abhayadevasūri on five parts of the Jaina sacred canon.

- 1. The Upāsakadaśāvivaraņa, being a commentary on the seventh anga. This work is described by Weber, Catal., II, 490. It begins, on f. 1♥: śrīvarddhamānam ānamya vyākhyā kācid vidhīyate \ Upāsakadaśādīnām prāyo gramthāntareksitā i The text is very like that given by Weber and by Hoernle, Bibl. Ind., 1885. It is undoubtedly Abhayadevasūri's, like the other commentaries comprised in this volume (cf. Weber, l. c., pp. 490, 491, notes; Hoernle, l. c., p.x). It ends, on f. 49, with the ninth adhyayana. This MS. was used by Hoernle, before Hultzsch's collection was acquired by the Bodleian Library. Also published at Calcutta in 1876.
- 2. The Antakrtadaśāvivaraņa, being a commentary on the eighth anga. This work is described by Weber, Catal., II, 502 sq. It begins, on f. 49: athamtakrtadaśāsu kimapi vivriyale \ tatrāmto bhavāmtah krto yais te 'mtakrtās tadvaktavyatā pratibaddhā daśāh daśādhyayanarūpā i gramthapaddhataya iti i Amtakṛtadaśāh i The text is very similar to that in Weber. It ends on f. 65<sup>v</sup>. The author is Abhayadeva, for the same reason as above.
- 3. The Anuttaraupapātikavivaraņa, being a commentary on the ninth anga. This work is described by Weber, Catal., II, 507 sq. It begins, on f. 66: athānuttaropapātikadaśāsu kimcid vyākhyāyate 1 It is a very accurate MS., and compares favourably with the text in Weber. As in the Calcutta edition (sam. 1931), the three vittis, i. e. the two preceding and this, are definitely attributed to Abhayadevasūri in the colophon, f. 71 v.
- 4. The Praśnavyākaraņavivaraņa, being a commentary on the tenth anga. The work is described by Weber, Catal., II, 521 sq. It begins, on f. 72: namah sarvajñāya I śrīvarddhamān amya vyākhyā kācid vidhīyate I Praśnavyākaraņāmgasya vrddhanyāyānusāratah I The commentary ends on f. 303. Then follow the nine verses given by Weber. The gramthagram is 5630, f. 304. The text seems to be fairly accurate. Edited, with text, Calcutta, 1877.
- 5. The Vipakavivarana, being a commentary on the eleventh anga. The anga is described by Weber, Catal., II, 524 sq. There is an edition of the commentary, Calcutta, 1876. It begins, on f. 304: namah śrutadevatāyai i natvā śrīvarddhamānāya varddhamānaśrutā-

dhvane i Vipākaśrutaśāmuşya vṛttikeyam vidhasyate ii It ends, on f. 349\*: samāptam Vipākaśrutākhyekādaśāmgapradeśavīvaranam i The text seems to be correct.

The writing is bounded on either side by three red lines. The Jaina diagram as usual occupies the middle of the page.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 379). Size: 11 × 5 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 349 + ii blank. Ff. 342, 343 are missing, and the original foliation has 351 leaves.

Date: probably the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style. Injuries: ff. 342, 343 are lost.

# 1339-MS. Sansk. c. 126

# Vinayacandra's Kalpasütravivaraņa, A. D. 1480.

Contents: the Kalpasūtravivarana of Vinavacandra. being a commentary on the Kalpasūtra, a part of the fourth chedasūtra of the Jaina sacred canon, written, according to Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 16, in sam. 1325 (= A. D. 1269). This MS. does not appear to contain the commentary in quite its original form, to judge from the introductory verse and the colophon (vid. infra), as compared with the citations in Peterson, l. c., pp. 302, 303. It begins, on f. 1: om namo Gaņeśāya I sauvarņņaķ sūtrakrdbhir vyaraci śucikalaih śriguror ājñayā yah I sampūrņņo 'rthāmrtoghaih suviśadasumanahśrenipūjyah suvrtah i patrādhāro 'dhunorddhvam śivaphalakalitaḥ satkriyāśrīśirasthaḥ ١ śrīkalpaḥ pūrṇṇarkabho bhavatu bhavabhṛtām bhāvikalyāņasiddhyai II II praņamya śrīmahāvīram dvādaśāmgīm gurūn api i kalpādhyayanasastānām paryāyān kāmścana bruve 11 2 11 It ends, on f. 12": iti śrīsaiddhāmtikaśrīvinayacamdrasūrikṛtakalpaṭippanād alekhi i arhanmulah sudharmmadikaganadharajaskamdhabamdhabhirāmah i sphrhamtaśrīsamghaśākhā sthaviravaradalaś cāruvāritrapuşpaķ dānādyair narasūraiķ sakalasuravāraiķ samtatam sicyamānaķ sachāyāpāstapaķ sivagatiphaladah kalpakalpadrumo vah i gramthagram 685 evam ślokāh i śubham bhavatu i Kalpavivaraņapatra 12 gr. 800 i Kalpa° is in a much later hand, but as it also appears in the margin of the page, in a hand that may be original, it has been adopted as a title. The MS. is fairly

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. In the centre of each page is a square, with a very minute hole in the centre.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 422). Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 12 + lvii blank. Date: f. 12<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1536 (= A. D. 1480)! This is in a much later hand than the original writing, but it is a probable enough date for the MS.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1340-MS. Sansk. d. 274 Kalpasūtrāvacūri, 16th cent. ?

Contents: the Kalpasūtrāvacūri, a commentary on the Kalpasūtra of Bhadrabahu. The above is the title given in the MS., but from the quotations given by Jacobi, Kalpasūtra, pp. 99 sq., it is possible to identify it with the Pañjikā, called Samdehavişauşadhi, of Jinaprabhamuni, who completed his work at Ayodhyā, samvat 1364 (= A.D. 1308), see Jacobi, Intr., p. 25, n. 2; Weber, Catal., II, 652. This MS., however, omits the introduction, given by Weber, l.c., and the commentary on the Paryuşanākalpaniryukti, and therefore the closing verses giving the date. The author's name is not mentioned. It begins, on f. 1: arham 1 namo arihamtāņam i teņam kāleņam i iti prākrtašailīvašāt tasmin kāle varttamānāvasarpiņyāś caturnārokalakṣaņe 1 On f. 39 the Jinacaritra ends; on f. 41v, the Sthavīrāvali; on f. 49°, the Samacari: iti bravimi i iti śribhadrabahusvāmīśisyān pratibrute nedam svamanīşikayā bravīmi i cha i kim tu tirthakaraganadharopadesena i anena ca gurupāratamtryam abhihitam i cha i iti \$rīkalpasiddhāntasyāvacūriķ i cha i śubham bhavatu kalyāņam i The MS. appears to be fairly accurate.

The text is bounded on either hand by two double black lines, and in the centre of each page appears the ordinary Jaina diagram.

Selections from the Samdehavişauşadhi are given in the notes to Jacobi's edition of the Kalpasütra of Bhadrabāhu in the Abhand. für die Kunde des Morgenlandes, vol. VII.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 423). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 49 + xxxi blank.

Date: can scarcely be later than A.D. 1550, and may be earlier.

Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

Injuries: some letters are lost on ff. 1°, 2, 3, 5, 12°, 13, 20, 29, 33, 37, 39, 41, 43, 43°, partly through abrasion, partly because the paper is torn.

### 1341-MS. Wilson 263

### Lakşmīvallabha's Kalpadrumakalikā, A. D. 1783.

Contents: the Kalpadrumakalikā of Lakṣmīvallabha, being a commentary on the first part of the Kalpasūtra of Bhadrabāhu, the Jinacaritra. The MS. con-

tains only the life of Mahāvīra. It begins, on f. 1v: śriparamātmane namaļ i śrivarddhamānasya jineśvarasya i jayamtu sadvākyasudhāpravāhāh i yesām śrutisparšanajaprasatter i bhavyā bhaveyuḥ vimalātmalāsah II I II śrigautamo gaṇadharah prakaṭuprabhāvah I sallaścisiddhinidharamcitavākprabamdhah \ viqhnāmdhakāraharaņe taraņiprakāśah II sāhāyyakrd bhavatu me jinavīrašişyaḥ 🛚 🕽 🐧 kalpadrukalpasūtrasya sadarthaphalahetave i kraturājyeva sadyogyā kalikeyam prakāśyate 11 3 11 śrikalpasūtrasya gambhīrārthasya śriguruprasādāt artha kriyate i yathā caitramāse kokilā madhuraņ vakti i tatra sahakāramamjarīkāraņam i yac cu rajaķ sūryamamdalam āchādayati I tatra pavanasya mahātmyam i yac ca mamdūko mahābhujamgasya vadanam cumbati tatra maņeh prabhāvah i tathā mādrso mamdabuddhih śrikalpasiddhāntārtham prakatam vadati i tatra jñānadātṛṇāṃ guruṇām eva prasādaḥ ৷ The introduction, which contains three adhikaras in Prakrit, ends only on f. 12<sup>v</sup>, when the Jinacaritra begins. It is divided into five vācanās, the first of which ends on f. 15: iti śrikalpasūtrakalpadrumakalikāyām Lakşmīvallabhaviracitāyām prathamavyākhyātum samāptam i No. 2 ends on f. 66; no. 3, on f. 93; no. 4, on f. 129; the whole ends, on f. 2017, thus: śrikalpasūtravaranāmama hāgamasya gūḍhārthabhāvasahitasya manoharasya lakşminidher vihitavallabhakābhitasya vyākhyānam āpa kīla paṃcamam atra pūrtti 5 iti śrīmahāvīraprabhusaṃvamdha sampūrņam i The work frequently, e.g. on ff. 93, 129, alludes to the other parts (the Sthavīrāvalī and Sāmācārī), and doubtless this MS. is only part of a whole, of which these also formed part. It is not very accurate.

The text is bounded on either side by two or three red lines, and red and black ink are used indiscriminately in the text, except at the end where black prevails. The whole of the relevant text is incorporated in the commentary.

The Kalpasūtra was edited, with an introduction and notes and a Prākrit-Sanskrit glossary, by Hermann Jacobi in Abhandlungen für die Kunde des Morgenlandes, Band VII, no. 1, Leipzig, 1879. It was translated by the same author in Sacred Books of the East, vol. XXII, 1884. To this commentary he refers in his Kalpasūtra, p. 26, as being of little value, and modern.

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 202 + ii blank.

Date: f. 202: samvat 1839 (= A.D. 1783) madena vaisāśasudi: A few traces of the old style of writing the e make it probable that this is a direct copy of a fairly old MS.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1342—MS. Sansk. d. 275 Kalpāntarvācya, A.D. 1464.

Contents: the Kalpāntarvācya, being a collection of legends illustrative of the Kalpasūtra of Bhadrabāhu, written partly in Prākrit, partly in Sanskrit. The text presented by this MS. is most closely related to the recension called 'C' by Weber, Catal., II, 651, 666, which is an abbreviated form of that contained in Weber's 'B,' but it does not contain a list of teachers at the end, as that recension does. It begins, on f. 1: arham I kalyānāni samullasamti vilasaty uddāmabhāgyālayas tāḥ sampanmahilā vilāsabahulāḥ snehojjvalā vṛṇvate I tāmti śāmtim upaiti bhītitatibhiḥ sākam na kim kim bhaved yad vā mamgalam ujalam suvipulam yasyānubhād bhuvi II II It ends on f. 30° with the list of contents as printed by Weber, p. 666, without any important variation. The MS. is inaccurate, though old.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. There are a good many marginal notes, mainly by the first hand. Ff. 15<sup>b</sup>, 15<sup>c</sup> have the verso half blank. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 424). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 30 + ii blank. Really 32 as f. 15 is trebled.

Date: f.  $30^{\circ}$ : sam 1520 (A. D. 1464) varșe i It looks more recent.

Scribe: f. 30<sup>v</sup>: Sumatihemaganinā i Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1343—MS. Sansk. d. 276 Kalpāntarvācya, A. D. 1623.

Contents: a different recension of the Kalpantarvācya (see MS. Sansk. d. 275 [1342]), corresponding to recension 'A' of Weber, Catal., II, 655 sq. It is written in a mixture of Sanskrit and Prakrit. Hemacandra is cited by the author, who therefore lived later than the 12th century. It begins, on f. 17: om putrāķ pamcamatiśrutāvadhimanaķkaivalyasamināvibhos tanmadhye śrutanandano bhagavatā samsthāpitah sve pade amgopāgamayah svapustakagajādhyārohalaşvodayah siddhamtabhidhabhūpatir ganadharamātyaś ciram namdatāt II I II śrīkalpasiddhāmtasyādau etanmadhyagatādhikāratrayavācakeyam gāthā purima carimāņa kappo maṃgalaṃ Vaddhamānatitthamiņi toyari kahim Jinaganaharāi therāvali carittam 31 Thence it continues much as in Weber, but there are some deviations throughout. On f. 69<sup>v</sup> occur the words: tatah Kālikācāryakathāgurvāvalyau 1 cha 1

# 208 ∮49. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—JAINA CANONICAL WORKS (1843–1346)

Nothing follows, the reader being expected apparently (Weber, p. 665, n. 5) to supply a kathā. Then comes the āśīrvāda, containing nineteen verses numbered consecutively as in Weber's 'B,' ending on f. 70°. Then an account, in nine sections, of the contents of this work (not of the Kalpasūtra, as stated by Jacobi, Kalpasūtra, p. 25, n. 1). These are both practically identical with the text of Weber.

The MS. is not very accurate. It has been much corrected with yellow and white pigment, and a later hand has written notes on the margin. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. According to f. 70°, the gramthagra is 2000. There are diagrams on ff. 51, 52°, 58°.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 425). Size:  $10 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 70 + ii blank.

Date: f. 70°: samvat 1679 (= A. D. 1623) varse dvitīyāṣāḍhavadi 9 ravau 1 But it must be noted that in this date the '79' and the month are corrections for something erased.

Scribe: his place of residence is given on f. 70°: Varahānnapuranagare lasitam!

Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

# 1344-MS. Sansk. d. 250

#### Malayagiri's Nandyadhyayanatīkā, A. D. 1617.

Contents: the Nandyadhyayanaṭīkā of Malayagiri, being a commentary on the Nandīsūtra, a Jaina canonical work (MS. Prākrit, d. 19). It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: om namo jināya i jayati bhuvanaikabhānuḥ sarvatrāvihotakevalālokaḥ i nityoditaḥ sthiras tāpavarjito Vardhamānajinaḥ ii The text varies considerably from that of MS. Sansk. d. 251 (1345). It ends, on f. 224: iti śrīmalayagiricitā Nandyadhyayanaṭīkā samāptā i

The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines. There is the Jaina diagram in the centre. The gramthagra is given on f. 224 as 8000.

See Peterson, Report, 1884–1886, p. 35; Report, 1886–1892, p. lxxxviii. He lived about A. D. 1150, under Kumārapāla, Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, p. 46. Cf. Mitra, Notices, VIII, 135. Edited, with text and Hindī commentary, Calcutta, 1880.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 392). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 224 + ii blank.

Date: f. 224: samvat 1683 (= A.D. 1617) varșe śrāvaņaśudi 5 guru namdi | In a later hand, samvat 1683 varșe is repeated.

Scribe: on f. 224, in a probably later hand, is the note, partly illegible: śrīamcalagache śrīgatasūgarasūris tatsisyaüpādhyāyaśrīguņasūgaraśisyapamo-latitasūgarapathanārtham i Kumaragirivāstavyavīravamsajñātīyadhīllavālaśākhāyām i śrestikṛṣṇāsutahāsāśreo-kīkāhāsāsutacāpākīkāsutakaramaṇaāṇaṃdayutena eṣā pustikā i pamo-latitasāgarasya vācanārtham dattā svaśreyase punyārtham subham bhavatu i

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: the top right-hand corner of the later pages is injured, and from f. 217 to f. 223 it is torn off.

### 1345-MS. Sansk. d. 251

#### Malayagiri's Nandyadhyayanatīkā, 17th or 18th cent. P

Contents: as in MS. Sansk. d. 250 (1844). The text in this MS. varies considerably from that of the preceding, and has an entirely different proem. It is carefully written. It ends, on f. 136: iti śrimalayagirisūriviracitā Namdiadhyayanatīkā samāptāh i cha i mamgalam mahāśrīh i gramthāgram ślokā 7732 amkato 'pi i dvātrimśadadhikāni saptaśatāni saptasahasrāh i cha i

The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line over two double black ones. In the centre of each page and on the margins of the verso there is a red circle within the Jaina diagram.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 393). Size:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 136 + ii blank.

Date: probably, from its handwriting and ornament, contemporary with the other MSS. of the late 17th century containing this work.

Scribe: a late hand has written on f. 136: sāo-hakūākena pratir iyam muktā I Akabbarapurabhamdāre I svajñānavrddhaye I

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1346—MS. Sansk. d. 253 Uttarādhyayanakathā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Uttarādhyayanakathā, being a collection of kathās from the commentary of the Uttarādhyayasūtra, probably that of Sāntyācārya, rendered into Sanskrit. These kathās appear also in Lakṣmīvallabha's Dīpikā, ed. Calcutta, 1880. Jacobi, who edited the Prākrit originals, used a MS. similar to this, see his Ausgewählte Erzählungen in Māhārāsh!rī, p. viii. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgurubhyo namaḥ 1 praṇamyaḥ śrīmahāvīram namrākhaṃḍalamaṃḍalaṃ 1 ārabhyaṃte kathāḥ karttum Uttarādhyayanasthitāḥ 11 11 Uttarādhyayanavrhadvṛtti-

gatāh kathā saṃskṛtāh karttum ārabhyaṃte i āṇā aniddesakare 11311 gāthāyām Kūlavālakakathā yathā 1 ekasya ācāryasya ksullako 'vīnītah ı tam ācāryah siksārthe tādayati i sa kşullako roşam vahatih i anyadā ācāryah tena kşullakena samam siddhasailam vamditum gatah i tata uttaratah ācāryasya badhāya tena pṛṣṭisthitena kşullakena silā muktā i āyāmtī ācāryeņa dṛṣṭā i svapādau prasāritau i anyathā sa ācāryo mṛto abhavişyat i ācāryena sāpo 'smai kşullakāya dattah i he durātman tvam strīto vinamkļasi 1 &c. F. 2: iti Kūlabālakaśramanakathā samāptāh I F. 4: eva Vinayādhyayanakathā samāptāķ \ F. 4: Ujjāyanyām Hastametraśresţī varttate i tasya Hastibhūtanāmā bālako'sti i &c. F.4 v: Rājagrhe catvāro vayasyā vaņijah 1 F. 5: Campāyām Jitaśatrunępasya putrah Sramaņabhadro yuvarājā i F. 6: Acalapure Jitaśatrungpaputrah i Aparājitanāmā Rohācāryapāršve dīksitah 1 F. 7: Pāţaliputranagare navamo 'namdarājā tasya rājyacimtākārakaḥ Sakaṭālanāma mamtrī varttate 1 F. 9: Kollāgapure samgamasthavirā bahuśrutā yathāsthitotsargāpavādanipuņāh \ &c. F. 9. Hastināgapure Ibhyaputrah Kruradattanāmā pravrajitah 1 &c. F. 10: yathā kaścit ksapako (above the line yatih) devatayā guņair āvarjjitayā satatam abhivaṃdyate 1 &c. Below: yathā Rājagṛhe nagare Arjjunanāmā māliko 'sti | The MS. ends abruptly at the end of f. 10: śrīvīras tatra gatrā vamdanīya eveti viciņtya tanmārgge calitaķ taṃ dṛṣṭvā — I

The pratikas of the verses illustrated are quoted, and here and there an extremely corrupt Prakrit verse.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 397). Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 10 + lxi blank.

Date: about the beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 17, 2, 27 are damaged at the left-hand bottom corner.

# 1347-MS. Sansk. d. 254 Uttarādhyayanalaghuvrtti, A.D. 1569.

Contents: the Uttaradhyayanalaghuvrtti, being a commentary on the first mulasutra of the sacred canon of the Jainas. The mulasutra is described by Weber, Catal., II, 716 sq. As far as can be judged from the extracts there given, this commentary is not identical with any in the Berlin Library. It begins, on f. 14: namah sarvajñāya i praņamya vighnasamghātaghātinas tīrthanāyakān i siddhāms ca sarvasādhūms ca srutvā ca śrutadevatām II II II ends, on f. 309v: iti śriuttarādhyayanalaghuvrttim samāptim gramthāgram 14000 l The MS. is carefully written and fairly correct.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines. In the centre of each page is the Jaina diagram. On f. 273 v is a smaller diagram. Lacunae are marked on ff. 187<sup>v</sup>, 188, 270.

This is the work of Devendragani, based on that of Santyacarya (died A.D. 1040), see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 129, 440-442; Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 71, Report, 1886-1892, p. lix, A. D. 1073; Mitra, Notices, VIII, 154; Weber, Catal., II, 1213, 1214. Jacobi has a MS., Ausg. Erzählungen in Maharashtri,

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 398).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 309 + ii blank.

Date: f.  $309^{\circ}$ : samvat 1625 (= A. D. 1569) varse bhādravā śudi 13 vāraravau I

Scribe: f. 309<sup>v</sup>: Tapāgaṃcharājye bhaṭārakaśrīvijayadānasurīšvaratat pāda śrīrahīravi jayas ūrītat sik şepaņditaudayaharşaganitatsişyeupaparbataganipathanārtham 1 laşitam Upāvaņīdāsa ( cha ( śubham bhavatu (

Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

Injuries: there are holes in ff. 262, 263, 264, 269, 270, 283, 284, 285, 288. Ff. 281, 282 are torn in consequence of the separation of the leaves which were sticking together.

# 1348-MS. Sansk. d. 255 Uttarādhyayanāvacūri, 16th cent.?

Contents: the Uttaradhyayanavacuri, a commentary on the Uttarādhyāyanasūtra. This commentary is identical with that in MS. Sansk. d. 256 (1849), and that in Weber, Catal., II, 716; the above title has, therefore, been adopted, although none is given in the text of the MS. itself. It begins, on f. 1: śripamcajñānebhyo namah 1 samyogān mātrādikasāyādibāhyābhyamtarābhedāt vivāpteh prakārair jñānabhāvanādibhir vinayamūlatvād dharmasyādāv adhyayanam 1 &c. It differs considerably in some places from MS. Sansk. d. 256 (1349). It ends, on f. 53: sattriņšad apy uttarādhyayanāni kimcid vivṛtāni \ cha \ sampūrṇṇāni \ cha \

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. In the centre of each page is a blank square.

For another MS., probably of this work, see Bühler, Report, 1871, 1872, no. 165.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 399).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 53 + xxxvii blank. Date: probably 16th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

E'e



# 1349-MS. Sansk. d. 256

### Uttarādhyayanāvacūri, A.D. 1425.

Contents: the Uttarādhyayanāvacūri, being a commentary on the Uttarādhyayanasūtra. This commentary is identical with that described by Weber, Catal., II, 716 (no. 1902). It begins, on f. 1: \$\frac{\sir}{i}\)ināgamāya namah i samjogāya i samyogān mātrādikasāyādibāhyāsyamtarabhedād vividhaih prakārair jūānabhāvanādibhih vinayamūlatvād dharmmasyādāv adhyayanam sādhyacāram i It ends, on f. 34\sqrt{\sir}: jīvājīvavibhaktih ii 36 ii cha i The text is very inaccurate.

In the centre of each page is the Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by three red lines. See MS. Sansk. d. 255 (1348).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 400).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 34 + xxxvii blank.

Date: f.  $34^{\nabla}$ : sam 1481 (= A.D. 1425) varșe vaiśāsavadidvādašīm lisite i

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1350-MS. Sansk. d. 259

#### Jñānasāgara's Āvasyakāvacūrņi, A.D. 1402.

Contents: the Avasyakāvacūrņi of Jnanasagara, being an abridgement of Haribhadra's commentary on the Avasyaka, for which see Weber, Catal., II, 763 sq. It begins, on f. 1: namah śrisarvajñāya i prārabhyate 'yaṃ śrīāvaśyakānuyogaḥ ı atra ca nirvighnaṃśāstrārthapāragamanādyartham mamgalādīni vācyāni i yady api cedam arhad uktavān sarvam api mamgalam tathāpi jñānapamcakarūpam tat sūtrakrd āha i ābhio i arthābhimukho niyato bodho 'bhinibodhah sa evābhinibodhikam tac ca taj jūānam cābhinibodhikajūānam matijūānam ity arthahı The chief sections end on ff. 5, 15, 17, 19, 23<sup>v</sup>, 26, 28<sup>v</sup>, 29, 32, 33, 35, 37, 38, 40, 40<sup>v</sup>, 43, 47, 50<sup>v</sup>. It ends, on f. 50°: ācāryaśrīharibhadrakṛtavṛttyanusāreņa śrīāvaśyakāvacūriķ samāptāķ I sam 1458 (= A. D. 1402) varșe vāo ravau i śrīmattapāgananabhoganabhāskarābhaśrīdevasumdarasugottamapādukānām śikṣair jināgamasudhāmbudhilīnacittiķ \ \sirijnānasāgaragurūttamanāmadheyaih II II khāsthiyugemdumite 'bde 'vacūrnir Avasyakasya jayiniyam ı vidadhe vrhadvivaranāt ı śrutabhaktyā svaparahitahetoh 11211 śrīāvaśyakāvacūrņiprašasti 1

This passage, though not very legible, is sufficient to show that this is the Jñānasāgara of the Tapāgaṇa, pupil of Somasundara, already known; see Weber, Catal., II, 805, 819. If Klatt, Ind. Ant., XI, 255, is

right in assigning him to the years samvat 1405–1460, this must be one of his latest works. Possibly the MS. is an autograph. Hultzsch assigns to it the date sam 1485, but this must be merely a slip, as the reading is very plain, though what khāṣthio means is doubtful. Cf. Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. xlvii; Weber, Catal., II, 809 sq.

The MS. is very accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. In the centre is the usual Jaina diagram, with a small hole usually in the centre.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 403).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 50 + xxxii blank.

Date: f.  $50^{V}$ : sam 1458 (= A. D. 1402)1

Scribe: Jñānasāgara? See above.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style, very minute characters, which are sometimes difficult to read.

# 1351—MS. Sansk. d. 260 Ṣadāvaśyakavidhi, A.D. 1643.

Contents: the Ṣaḍāvaśyakavidhi of an anonymous author, being a commentary on the so-called Ṣaḍāvaśyakasūtra, which is the second mūlasūtra in the sacred canon of the Jains. The Ṣaḍāvaśyakasūtra, properly the Pratikramaṇasūtra, is printed by Weber, Catal., II, 739 sq. The commentary begins, on f. 1v: om i śrīśāradāyai namaḥ i vamdāruvṛmdārakavṛmdavaṃdyam i praṇamya vīraṃ jitamāravīraṃ i upāśakānām upakārahetoḥ i vakṣyāmy anuṣṭhānavidhiṃ subodhaṃ ii i ii On f. 9v, after 225 stanzas, the namaskāraphaladṛṣṭānta ends. The rest of the work is in short sections. It ends, on f. 56: Ṣaḍāvaśyakavidhiḥ saṃpūrṇam iti graṃthāgraṃ 2700 i srīr astu śubham astu śrījinaśāsanāya i The text seems to be fairly accurate.

In the centre of each page is the Jaina diagram, with letters within it. The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines.

Probably identical with the Sadavaśyakavrtti (2700 gr.) in Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, p. 79; Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 130, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 29. Different from Mitra, Notices, X, 50.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 404). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 56 + ii blank.

Date: f. 56: samvat 1699 (= A.D. 1643) varse āsosudi pūrņamāsīdine sampūrņāh

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1352-MS. Sansk. d. 261

# Şadāvasyakavidhi, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Ṣaḍāvaśyakavidhi, as in MS. Sansk. d. 260 (1351). It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: oṃ i sarvavide namaḥ i The words in the first line are carefully glossed in a more recent hand; vakṣyāmi = kathayiṣyāmi, &c. On f. 13 the namaskāraphaladṛṣṭānta ends, but has 219 verses only. The whole ends, on f. 87<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīṣaḍāvaśyaka i The text shows in some points considerable divergencies from that of MS. Sansk. d. 260 (1351).

The words in the text are usually separated by a perpendicular stroke above the line. F. 1 has two columns. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. The text is bounded on either side by two double red or black lines. There are occasional corrections and additions in a later hand, and yellow pigment is frequently used for erasures.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 405). Size:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv +87+ii blank.

Date: at least as early as the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1353-MS. Sansk. d. 263

### S'rītilakācārya's Daśavaikālikatīkā, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Daśavaikālikaṭīkā of S'rītilakācārya, being a commentary on the Daśavaikālikasūtra. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīvītarāgāya namah i praṇamya parayā bhaktyā i śrīvītam śrutadevatām i Daśavaikālikasyāham i tabārtham kīrttaye mudā ii i ii The principal sections of the commentary end on ff. 5°, 11°, 22, 26, 30°, 35°, 41°, 46, 47°, 49, 52°, 56°, 59. It ends, on f. 59: iti śrīśrītilakācāryavīracitāyām śrīdaśavaikālikaṭīkāyām uttaracūlikāyoṣ ṭīkā samāptā i śubham bhavatu i kalyāṇam astu i śrī i The text seems to be fairly accurate.

In the centre of each page, up to f. 3<sup>v</sup>, is the Jaina diagram. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines.

Cf. Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 49, Report, 1892-1895, p. 65, which seems to be a larger work than this. For his date, about A. D. 1200, see Report, 1886-1892, p. xlviii.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 407). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 59 + xiii blank.

Date: the writing probably about A.D. 1650, but the paper looks more modern.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: many small holes throughout the MS.

### 1354-MS. Sansk. d. 264

#### Haribhadra's Daśavaikālikatīkā, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Daśavaikālikaṭīkā, a commentary on the Daśavaikālikasūtra, for which see Weber, Catal., II, 807 sq. It is attributed by Hultzsch to Haribhadra, doubtless on account of the heading in the margin of f. 193<sup>v</sup>: Haribhadrasūrikṛta Daśavaio vṛo i This is not conclusive evidence, as the Haribhadrasūrikṛta seems to have been added by a later hand, but it probably is identical with the tika of Haribhadra, mentioned by Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 165. It is not identical with any of those in Weber, Catal., II, 807. It begins, on f. 1v: jayati vijitā-1-nyatejāh surāsurādhīśasevitaḥ śrīmān \ vimalas trāsavirahitas trilokacintāmaņivīra II II ihārthatas tatpraņītasya sūtrato gaņadharopanibaddhasya pūrvagatoddhṛtasya śārīramānasātikaduḥduḥkhasamtānavināśahetor Daśakālikābhidhānasya śāstrasyātiśūkṣmamahārthagocarasya vyākhyā prasūyate\ It ends, on f. 193: samāptā Dašavaikālikaţīkā 1 The text appears to be fairly accurate.

The work described by Mitra, Notices, IX, 177, seems to be a copy of the laghuvrtti; its beginning is identical with that given above. For Haribhadra see Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, pp. cxxxvii sq. Cf. MS. Sansk. c. 124 (1355).

The usual Jaina diagram appears in the centre of each page. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 408). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 193 + ii blank. There are really 194 leaves, as f. 169 is repeated.

Date: probably about the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1355-MS. Sansk. c. 124

### Haribhadra's Daśavaikālikāvacūri, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Daśavaikālikāvacūri of Haribhadra, called in the MS. an avacūri. It is not identical with the commentary on Haribhadra mentioned by Weber, Catal., II, 807, nor even with that on p. 814. It is a briefer version of the ţīkā contained in MS. Sansk. d. 264 (1354), cf. Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 165.

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It begins, on f. 1: arham 1 jayati vijitānyatejāh 1 surā-surādhīśasevitah śrīmān 1 vimalas trāsavirahitas 1 trilo-kacimtāmaņir Vīras 11 11 dhammo mamgalam ityādi 1 ahimsā samyamo taporūpo dharmma utkrstam mamgalam 1 tends, on f. 21°: śrutaskamdho 'py adhīyamānatvād adhyayanam 11 19 11 vicāraņā cirakālavijayitā vi 11 20 11 śrīdaśavaikālikāvacūrih samāptā 1 The name of the author is not given, but it may be inferred to be Haribhadra, if MS. Sansk. d. 264 (1354) is his work. Probably this is an avacūri on his laghuvṛtti, see Weber, l. c., p. 987, Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. cxxviii (8), as it seems to be shorter than the work in Mitra, Notices, 1X, 177.

In the centre of each page is the Jaina diagram with a small hole in the centre. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines. There are numerous corrections in the margin by a later hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 409).

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 2i + xvii blank.

Date: the MS. is probably at least as old as A.D. 1600-1650.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1356—MS. Sansk. d. 270

# Oghaniryukti, with Jñānasāgara's avacūri of Droņa's vrtti, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Oghaniryukti, a semicanonical work of the Jains in Prakrit, with a commentary, here anonymous. It begins, on f. 1 v: śrīgurubhyo namah 1 śrīvītarāgāya namaļ \ prakrāmto 'yam Āvaśyakānuyogas. tatra sāmāyikādhyayanam anuvarttate tasya catvāry anuyogadvārāņi 1 &c. It ends, on f. 128: nijjuttī samattā! In this MS. there are 1164 verses cited and explained. The text agrees very closely indeed with the specimens in Weber, Catal, II, 817 sq., though that MS. has only 1132 verses (cf. ibid., p. 816, n. 2). The name of the author of the vitti is given by Bühler, Report, 1872, 1873, p. 11, and by Mitra, Notices, X, 14, as Dronācārya, who lived, according to Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. lxi, 79, about A.D. 1064. The author of this avacuri is said in MS. C, in Weber, p. 819, to be Jñanasagara, and the date A. D. 1383.

The text is arranged in three columns. It begins in the second column, is continued in the third, and then in the first. The niryukti itself is confined to the middle of the second column. The columns are separated from one another by two double lines in red or black, and are bounded on the outer edges by two

black or red lines. In the centre of each column is the usual Jaina diagram.

There are many corrections in a later hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 417). Size:  $10\frac{1}{3} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 128 + ii blank. In the original foliation f. 128 is wrongly numbered 129.

No. of columns: 3.

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th or end of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 50. COMMENTARIES ON JAINA NON-CANONICAL WORKS

1357-MS. Sansk. d. 272

Karmagranthaşatkāvacūri, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the above is chosen as a convenient title for the contents of the MS. It contains commentaries on the five Karmagrantha of Devendrasūri, and the Saptatikā of Candramahattara. These commentaries are described by Weber, Catal., II, 837 sq. The MS. begins with the commentary on the Karmavipāka: namah śrīdevendrasūraye sirivīrao karmanām vipāko 'nubhavas tam vaksye 1 &c., as in Weber. It ends on f. 15v. Then follows the Karmastava, with 34 verses as against the 60 of the Karmavipāka. Then, on f. 25<sup>v</sup>, begins the Bandhasvāmitva, with 25 verses. It ends, on f. 31: śridevendrasūrikṛtā Baṃdhasvāmitvavrttih kālena vyuchinnā tenādhunikācāryakrtatadavacūrnnyā parilikhitam idam I The Sadasītikā, with 86 verses, begins on f. 31, and ends on f. 56v. The S'ataka, with 100 verses, begins on f. 56<sup>v</sup>, and ends, on f. 101♥; iti Satakāvacūriķ samāptā 1 samāpto ca śridevendrasūrikṛtakarmagraṃthapaṃcakāvacūriḥ samāptāh i śrī i The Saptatikā begins, on f. 1017: atha Camdramahattarakṛtā Saptatikā vyākriyate 1 It stops, on f. 144<sup>v</sup>, at verse 65 (cf. Weber, l. c., p. 828, n. 3). To this tract Devendra added 19 gathas, bringing the whole up to 89. He wrote vrttis as well as the text, which is called navyakarmagramthapamcaka to distinguish it perhaps from the next MS., and on those vrttis the avacuris are based. Cf. Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, p. lvii; Weber, Catal., II, 1009. For his date see below, no. 1384. The text shows very close agreement with the specimens printed by Weber. Contrast MS. Sansk. d. 271 (1358).

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. In the centre of each page is the Jaina

diagram. Yellow pigment is freely used for corrections, &c. There are diagrams on ff. 18, 19, 19, 19, 43, 45, 52, 55, 57, 67, 69, 70, 75, 77, 80, 88, 99, 100, 102, 110.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 420). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 144 + ii blank. There are really only 143 leaves, as f. 61 is missing.

Date: probably about A. D. 1700. Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

Injuries: f. 61 and several leaves after f. 144 are lost.

# 1358 (1-4)-MS. Sansk. d. 271

## Karmagrantha, with Commentary, 17th cent.?

Contents: four parts of a Karmagrantha.

- 1. Ff. 1V-20V contain the Karmavipāka of Garga Rṣi, with the commentary of Paramānanda. The text of this MS. agrees fairly well with that printed in Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, pp. 6, 7; it confirms his three conjectures. But the number of gāthās is, of course, 168, not 1688. The gramthāgra is 922.
- 2. Ff. 20<sup>V</sup>-42<sup>V</sup> contain the Karmastava, in 55 verses, beginning namiūna jinavarimde 1 &c., with the commentary of Govindagani. The text in this MS. closely agrees with that in Peterson, l. c., pp. 5, 6, and confirms his conjecture. Cf. also Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, p. 25.
- 3. Ff. 42<sup>v</sup>-55<sup>v</sup> contain the Bandhasvāmitva, in 54 verses, beginning namiūņa Vaddhamāņam 1 &c., with a commentary. The latter begins: śrījināya [nama]hı gatyādimargreņāsthānabamdhasvāmitvadešakam \ natvā vīram jinam vaksye Bamdhasvāmitvavrrttikām WIW iha svaparopakārāya yathārthābhidhānam vamdhasvāmitvaprakaraņam āripsur ācāryo mamgalādipratipādamkam gāthāsūtram idam āha I The comment on the last gāthā is: iti śabdaḥ samāptau | pūrvasūrikṛtaprakaraņeşu Karmmaprakrtyādişu vişaye jadabuddhinā 1 svālpamatinā maya tti gramthakāra ātmānam nirdisati i racitam nivaddham yad vā vibhaktivyatyayāt pūrvasūrikrtaprakaranan ---- (five akṣaras illegible) dacimtam svalābatah punar jadamatineti šeşah \ tathaivetti vamdhasvāmitvam idam prastutaprakaraņam etac ca jñeyam boddhavyam i kim krtvā i srutvā ākarņya kam karmma stavam prakarmma stavaprakaranam iha bahuşu sthāneşu taduktabamdhanirdeśadvāreņa bamdhābhidhānād iti gāthārthah I cha II 54 II vamdhasvāmitvaprakaranavrrttih samāptah i gramthāgram 650 i cha i śrī i cha i
- 4. Ff. 55<sup>v</sup>-79<sup>v</sup> contain a portion of the Ṣaḍaśītikā, with a commentary. The text begins: nichinnamohapāsaṃ i &c. The commentary begins: praṇamya siddhiśāstāraṃ karmavaicitryadehinaṃ i jineśaṃ vidadhe

vṛttim Ṣadaśītir yathāgamam nīn iha śiṣṭāḥ kvacid iṣṭe vastuni pravarttamānās saṃta iṣṭadevatāstavābhidhānapurassaram eva pravarttaṃte i na cāyam ācāryo na śiṣṭa iti tatsamayaparipālanārthaṃ i tathā śreyāṃsi bahuvighnāni bhavaṃti i uktam ca i śreyāṃsi bahuvighnāni bhavaṃti mahatām api i aśreyasi pravṛttānāṃ kvāpi yāṃti vināyakā iti i It ends abruptly, on f. 79°, with the words: tasminn eva ca samaye saṃjvalanalobhāsya baṃdhavyavachedaḥ i vādarakaṣāyodayodīraṇāvyavachedaḥ i anivṛttiguṇa— i

There are diagrams on ff. 22<sup>v</sup>, 23.

For Paramananda see Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 31.

All four parts must be distinguished from the works in MS. Sansk. d. 272 (1357).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 419). Size:  $11 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 79 + xix blank. There are really only 74 leaves, as ff. 15-18, 29 are missing.

Date: probably about A. D. 1650.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 15-18, 29, and many at the end are missing. On ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 22<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24, 35<sup>v</sup>, 36, 59<sup>v</sup>, 65<sup>v</sup>, 66<sup>v</sup>, 67<sup>v</sup>, 68 many letters are illegible, and one or two on nearly every leaf.

### 1359-MS. Sansk. d. 280

#### Mativardhana's Gautamaprechāvrtti, A. D. 1744.

Contents: the Gautamapṛcchāvṛtti of Mativardhana, being a commentary in Sanskrit on the 64 verses of the Gautamapṛcchā, with the Prākrit text of the Gautamapṛcchā itself incorporated in it. See the description under MS. Wilson 390 (1) [1360]. Though in this MS. the beginning and the greater part of the contents are identical with those of the other MS., the lines at the end, giving the authorship, &c., are wanting. Verses 63, 64 are not explained, except partially in bhāṣā, and the MS. ends, on f. 39°: iti śrīgautamapṛc-chā saṃpūrṇṇaṃ! It appears to be rather inaccurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 429). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 39 + xix blank. There are really only 38 leaves, as f. 27 is missing.

Date: f. 39<sup>v</sup>: saņvat 1800 (= A.D. 1744) varņe miti vaišāṣavadi \ vāra ādītavāra \

Scribe: f. 39\*: śrīrūpanagaramadhye lişitam pam l gyānara śrīmāhārājāśrīrājasīmghajīvijairājye l

Character: Devanāgarī, with some Jaina characteristics.

Injuries: f. 27 is lost.

1360 (1-7)—MS. Wilson 390

Gautamaprechā, &c., A.D. 1701, &c.

Contents: seven MSS. united by community of subject as being all Jaina books.

- 1. The Gautamaprochā, a Jaina work in 64 Prākrit āryās, with an elaborate commentary by Mativardhana, who cites at considerable length illustrative stories to enforce the teaching of the verses. The name of the book in the MS. is Gotamaprechā, but the above form has been adopted for the sake of consistency, cf. Weber, Catal., II, 839. The commentary begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: aim nama i vīram jinam praņamyādau balānām susabodhakām śrīmadgotamaprcchāyāh kriyate vrttim adbhūtām nin Then follows verse i of the Prākrit, and then the Sanskrit commentary. Neither Prakrit nor Sanskrit is at all accurate, and the commentary is tediously prolix. The author gives the following account of himself, and the date of his work, on f. 31v: atah bhavyalaukair iyam Gotamaprechā pathanīyā śrotavyā eva i śrījinaharsasūrīnām suśisyāh pāvakāvarāh i śrīmatsumatihamsāś ca tacchişyair Mativardhanaih III II pāvakah padasamyuktaih krtā ceyam kathānikā i śrīmadgotamaprechāyāḥ sugamāḥ sukhabodhakā 11 2 11 siddhodharamena munau 7 cemdre 1 varșe 'smin margeśīrṣake jagatārinyām nagaryām ca śubhe dine 11 iti śrigotamaprechāyā sugamā vṛtti sampūrņā i grāmthāgram samkhyā 1682 l The date here given corresponds to samuat 1738, which gives A.D. 1682 as the year of the composition of the work. The text at the beginning is bounded on either side by three red lines. F. 6 is bound in upside down.
- 2. The Navatattva, a Prākrit poem, in 30 āryās, treating of the nine tattvas enumerated in the first verse, together with the Sanskrit commentary of Sādhuratnasūri. The commentary begins, on f. 32: jayati śrīmahāvīraḥ śreyaḥśrīśreṇisaṃśrayaḥ I sanıyag jīvāditatvānām avabodhanibamdhanam 11 11 Navatatvasūtrasya parimitaparimāmnasya prabhūtatarārthasyātīvagambhīrasya mugdhojanāvabodhāya vicārah kimcid ucyate 1 It ends, on f. 41 : amtar muhūrttamātram api kālam yaih samyaktvam spastam bhavati tesām apy ardho api gatārddho 'rddhapudgalāvarttarūpah samsāro bhavati āsātanā ladulānām api nādhikasamsārah syāt i śuddhasamyaktvarādhanena kecana tenaiva bhavena sidhyamti kecana tṛtīye saptāstabhavān nātikrāmamti kim tu siddhatvam sīghram prāpnuvamti i Navatatvavivararaņam bālābavodharūpam śrīsādhuratnasūribhiķ -- tam ! This commentary is practically identical with the anonymous avacurni given by Weber, Catal., II, 841, 842, but is in a better state of preservation.

Neither has anything to do with the Navatattvaprakarana, of which Peterson, Report, 1884–1886, p. 280, gives a specimen. The Navatattva has been often printed; e.g. in the Laghuprakaranasamgraha, pp. 4-8 (60 verses), and at Bombay in 1874, 1877, 1884. A version, full of inaccuracies, was made by Stevenson, Kalpa Sútra and Nava Tatva (London, 1848), pp.115–129. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

- 3. The Navatattvabālāvabodha, being a commentary on the Navatattva, by Somasundara, of the Tapā family. It begins, on f. 42♥: namaḥ śrījinapravacanāya 1 Navatattvagāthābālāvabodho likhyate i The Navatattva here also has only 30 verses. The text and commentary are in Prakrit and Gujarati respectively. It ends, on f. 60: iti Navatatvabālāvabodhah sarvabhavyajīvahitārtham śritapāgacchānāyakaprabhusomasumdarasūripādair viracitahı śrīl In various Jaina pattāvalīs we find this work attributed to Somasundara, e.g. in Dharmasāgaragaņi's Gurvāvalīsūtra, in Weber, Catal., II, 1012. Somasundara's date is from samvat 1430 to 1499, i. e. A. D. 1374-1443. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line, or two double red lines. the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, partially filled with a circle of red pigment; and on the margins of the verso there are also circles of red pigment. The MS. seems to be fairly accurate.
- 4. The Navatattva, text in 49 verses, not 30 as above, with an interlinear gloss in Sanskrit extending only over f. 61, and with Sanskrit notes on the various topics. It begins, on f. 61: jīvatattvam 1 ajīvatattvam 2 puņyatattvam 3 pāpatattvam 4 āśravatattvam 5 saṃvaratattvam 6 nijjarātattvam 7 baṃdhatattvam 8 mokṣatattvam 9 tathā etāni nava tattvāni bhavaṃti 1 It ends, on f. 64: iti śrīnavatatvaprakaraṇaṃ samattaṃ 1 śrī 1 As may be seen from the specimens quoted, the Sanskrit tends to relapse into Prākrit. The text is usually bounded on either side by three broad red lines. The numbering of the verses has been corrected, and is very untidy.
- 5. S'rāvakavrata (ff.  $64-69^{\circ}$ ), and 6. Karmagranthaprathamavicāra, described on f.  $72^{\circ}$  as Pārasnāthastavanam (ff.  $70-72^{\circ}$ ), are in Hindī.
- 7. Kriyāsthānakavicāra, a Prākrit treatise on the subject of Anga II, 2, 2 (Weber, Catal., II, 384), with an interlinear commentary in bhāṣā, and a few glosses in Sanskrit, mainly on f. 73. It begins on f. 73 and ends on f. 75.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+75+ii blank. In the original each MS. has a separate foliation.

Date: for that of 1, see f.  $31^{\circ}$ : sam° 1757 (= A.D. 1701) varse posavadi 9 dine imduvāsare  $li^{\circ}$  1

For that of 2, see f. 41<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1785 (= A.D. 1729) vaisāşasuditrayodasyām tithau 1

- 8 is undated, but it clearly must belong to the end of the 15th or beginning of the 16th century.
- 4 is dated, on f. 64: samvat 1658 (= A. D. 1602) varșe śrāvaņavadi 1 dine laşitam 1 After the 1 a figure which looks like a 4 has been deleted.

7 is of about the middle of the 18th century.

Scribes: for that of 1 see f. 31<sup>v</sup>: śrīrayamallajītaśiṣyapūjyakaśrīmanoharajītaśiṣya lipīkṛtaṃ munijagarāma ātmāarthe i subhaṃ bhavatu kalyāṇaṃ astu śrīr
astu i śrīdilīnagre śrīḥ i The name is very curious.
Is he the same as the Jagarāma (so the MS.) who
composed a Satacaṇḍīvidhānapaddhati (Weber, Catal.,
II, 1193, end)? If so, the date of the latter work can
be determined.

For that of **2** see **f**.  $41^{\text{V}}$ : Padmasāgareņālekhi ci °dayāsāgaraci° mahā — -pāṭhāya 1

No name is given for 3.

For 4, the name of the man for whom it was written is given, on f. 64, as Aṇaṃdasāgara (muº Āṇaṃdasāgarakṛte) t

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1361—MS. Sansk. d. 293

### Navatattva, with the Commentary of Sädhuratnasūri, A.D. 1479.

Contents: the Navatattva, a Jaina Prākrit work in 29 gāthās, with the Sanskrit commentary of Sādhuratnasūri; this work is fully described under MS. Wilson 390 (2) [1360]. The text is given in full, followed by the commentary. It begins on f. 1, and ends, on f. 9, with a fuller colophon than the other MS.: Navatatvavivaranam bālāvabodharūpam śrīsakalasūrimamḍalacakravarttibhiḥ śrīsādhuratnasūribhiḥ kṛtaṃ 1 cha 1 Who this Sādhuratnasūri was, is not clear. The date of the MS. would suit well enough for an identification with the author of the Yatijītakalpavṛtti, who wrote in samvat 1456 (= A. D. 1400): see Peterson, Report, 1884–1886, p. 29, App., p. 279, and the correction of the date in Weber, Catal., II, 1210, with Klatt, Ind. Ant., XI, 256.

The whole is written neatly and with considerable accuracy, in red ink. A probably later hand, in ink which looks black, has marked off the separate words with small strokes above the line. Yellow pigment is occasionally used for erasures. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and in the centre of

each page is the usual Jaina diagram. All corrections seem to be by the first hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 442). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 9 + lv blank.

Date: f. 9: samvat 1535 (= A. D. 1479) varse caitraśuddha 9 gurau 1

Scribe: he and his patron are given on f. 9: Mahīśāsanapure paṃº-caṃdrayaśogaṇinā likhāpitaṃ śiṣyavargāṇāṃ paṭhanārthe 1 likhitaṃ ācāryaviśvanāthena 1

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: worm-eaten in some places.

### 1362-MS. Sansk, d. 292

### Navatattva, with the Commentary of Sādhuratnasūri, A. D. 1759.

Contents: the Navatattva, a Jaina Prākrit work in 29 verses, with the Sanskrit commentary of Sādhuratnasūri, as in MS. Wilson 390 (2) [1360] and MS. Sansk. d. 293 [1361]. In this MS. the text is in the centre of each page, and the commentary is neatly arranged at top and bottom. It begins on f. IV, and ends, on f. 8V: Navatattvavrttih samāptā kṛtā śrīmatsādhuratnasūribhih!

The MS. is fairly accurate, though modern. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines enclosing a yellow, and the outer edge of the leaf by a yellow and a red line. Yellow pigment is used for erasures.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 441). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 8 + xlix blank.

Date: f. 8v: samvad işvemdudamtirüpamite varşe maghau māse sitetarapakṣe paṃcamyāṃ karmmavādyāṃi ravivāre i This means saṃvat 1815 (= A.D. 1759); Hultzsch, Z. D. M. G., XL, 25, gives 1816 as the date, but Bühler, Palaeographie, p. 81, gives işu as meaning 5 only.

Scribe: f. 87: Mumukşamoţāhvayo lilekha Navatat-tvasukhabodhikām vṛttim 1

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1363-MS. Sansk. d. 294

Navatattvāvacūri, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Navatattvāvacūri, a commentary on the Navatattva. It begins, on f. 1: vīram viśveśvaram natvā navatatvāvacūrņikām i vaksye svā-

nyopakārāya gramthāmtaravilokanāt IIIII tatrādyayāthām āha I jīvā I jīvas cidvān I ajīvo niscetanah I
puņyam subhaprakṛtirūpam I viparītam pāpam I āsravati āgachatī karmmānenety āsrava imdriyādih I tannirodhah I samvarah I nirjarā vipākāt tapasarvo (?)
karmaparisāṭah I bamdho jīvakarmanor atyamtāśleṣah I
mokṣah I sarvakarmamuktasyātmanah I sthitih I cāśabda
evārthe I etāny eva navatatvāni I tathā siddhāmtoktaprakāreṇa jñātavyāni I It ends, on f. 67: jīvā° spaṣṭā II 25 II sugho° sugamāh I amto° I 'pagatam arddham
yasmāt asāv apārddhah apārddhaś cāsau pudgalaparāvarttas ca apārddha° I pudgalaparāvarttasvārūpam pūrvasūrikṛtagāthābhyo yathā jñeyam I iti Navatatvāvacūrih I cha' I śubham bhavatu I śrī I cha I

The MS. appears to be rather inaccurate; a lacuna is marked on f. 4. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by three red lines. On f. 6 a modern hand has written a note, now partially obliterated.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 443). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 6 + xlix blank.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style, small, 19 lines on a page, 73 akṣaras in a line.

# 1364—MS. Sansk. c. 310 Yatipratikramanavrtti, A. D. 1663.

Contents: the Yatipratikramanavrtti, being a commentary on the Pratikramanasūtra, a somewhat more complete recension of the work of the same name, which forms the Sadavasyakasūtra, see Weber, Catal.. II, 739, 843. Only the pratikas of the text are cited. No author's name is given. It begins, on f. IV: atha Pratikramaņam iti kaķ šabdārthaķ ity ucyate pratiśabdah pratipādyarthe tatah śubhayogebhyo 'śubhayogāṃtaraṃ krāṃtasya śubheṣv eva pratīpaṃ pratikūlaṃ kramanam nivarttanam pratikramanam iti tac ca pratikramaņam yāvajjīvam itvaram ca tatra yāvajjīvam vratādilaksaņam i It ends, on f. 13v: evam devasikam pratikramaņam uktam rātrikam apy evam bhūtāmavanavaram yatra daivasikāticāro lihitas tatra rātrikāticāro vaktavyaḥ I āha I yady evam itthāmi padikkamium gocasiyāe ityādikam sūtram anarthakam rātrāv asyāsambhavāt iti ucyate svapnādau tatsamchavād ity adosah sādhur evety arthah i iti samāptā Yatipratikramaņavrttih i gramthagram 600 i śrir astu i

The MS. appears to be fairly accurate. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. The text is

bounded on either side by two double red lines. A late hand has added a few words on f. 6v.

For other MSS. see Weber, p. 843; Peterson, *Report*, 1892–1895, p. 294, no. 402.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 459). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 13 + xlvii blank.

Date: f. 13<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1719 (= A.D. 1663) varșe vaiśāṣavadi 3 dine buddhavāre (so) 1

Scribe: f. 13<sup>v</sup>: lişitam Sāmtikuśalamuninā 1 Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1365-MS. Sansk. d. 278

### Ratnaśekhara's Laghuksetrasamāsa, with Commentary, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Laghuksetrasamāsa of Ratnasekhara, with the commentary composed by himself, treating in 263 āryās of mythical geography, and derived, according to the introductory verses prefixed to the work in the MS. described by Weber, Catal., II, 859, from the Ksetrasamāsa of Jinabhadra and Malayagiri (see Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, pp. 11, 12). In this MS. these verses are wanting, and the commentary begins, on f. 17: aham kşetravicārāņum 1 samayakşetravicāraņālavam ucchāmi i grhītadhānyāvasistakaņādānam iva stokam 2 grhņāmi kim krtvā Vīram Vārddhamānam jīnam i jagasthovarapratistita trelokyamolikalpasthānamiciniścala pranamya namaskrtya na kevalam jayasesarapadapratistitam sugurum ca tatpratītam eva tathā kimartham kşetravicaranum pucchami I svasmaranartham I atmanah smrtaye kim ita yato 'ham mamdo jada iti I Compare Weber, p. 859, n. 2. The whole MS. is written in this very barbarous style, and is full of blunders. On f. 22 the first section ends: iti Laghusamāsavicaraņe Jambudvīpādhikāra prathama samāsaptaķ i sampūrņņaķ i atha dvitiyo lavaņņasamudrādhikāro bhaņyate 1 The whole ends on f. 31v, where the author gives his name and authorities in five verses, without any considerable variation from the form in which they appear in Weber, p. 860. Though the work has 263 āryās (no. 263 = no. 264 in Weber), the commentary ends with arya 261.

The text proper is arranged in the centre of each page, bounded on either side by two double lines of black. The commentary is arranged so as to fill with the text the top and bottom of the pages and the two margins. The order is (1) top of middle column, (2) right hand margin, (3) left hand margin, (4) foot of middle column. In the centre of each column is the

usual Jaina diagram. There are a few glosses and corrections in a quite late hand.

The text of this work is printed in the Laghupra-karanasamgraha, Bombay, 1876, pp. 38a-56a.

Weber, p. 858, n. 1, conjectures that the author is identical with the fifty-second head of the Tapāgaccha (born A.D. 1401, died A.D. 1461: A.D. 1457—1517 in Weber is a slip), but this is apparently incorrect, as in the prefixed verses, no. 5, he calls Hematilaka his guru. Now the pupil of Hematilaka was Ratnaśekhara, the author of the Srīpālacaritra, who dedicated that work in saṃvat 1428 (= A.D. 1372) to his pupil Hemacandra, and who is mentioned as a notable of the Nagpore branch of the Tapāgaccha in a list quoted by Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 43, and who flourished under Firoz Shah (1351—1388). See Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. ciii. There can be no doubt that these are identical.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 427). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 3i + ii blank.

Date: very possibly the middle of the 17th century. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1366-MS. Sansk. d. 320

S'rāddhapratikramaņasūtra, with the Commentary of Ratnaśekharagaṇi, 17th cent.?

Contents: the S'raddhapratikramanasutra in fifty Prākrit āryās, on the duties of laymen of the Jaina sect, with the Sanskrit commentary of Ratnasekharagaņi, in five adhikāras. It begins, on f. 1: jayati satatodayaśriķ śrīvīrajineśvaro 'bhinavabhānuķ \ kuvalayabodham vidadhati gavām vilāsā vibhor yasya II I II The first adhikāra, the samyaktvādhikāra, ends on f. 19<sup>v</sup>; the second, the anuvratapamcakādhikāra, ends on f. 57°; the third, the gunavratādhikāra, ends on f. 79; the fourth, the sikṣāvratādhikāra, ends on f. 101; the fifth, the śeṣādhikāra, ends on f. 107v: varacūrṇṇivividhavṛttyādy anusṛtya kṛteyam alpamatināpi i utsūtram atra vibudhaiḥ śodhyam jīyād iyam cīram 11 15 11 iti śrītapā°-śrāddhapratikramaņasūtravrttau śeṣādhikāraḥ pamcamah I cha I gramo 411 I samāptā ceyam Arthadīpikānāmnī Srāvakapratikramaņasūtratīkā 1 gramo 6644 1 cha! The author's name is given in full on f. 19": iti śrītapāgachanāyakaparamaguruśrīsomasumdarasūriśişyaśrībhuvanasumdarasūrivineyopodhyāyaśrīratnaśekharaganiviracitāyām Arthadīpikānāmnyām Srāddhapratikramaņasūtravṛttau samyaktvādhikāraḥ prathamaḥ \

The MS. is very carefully and accurately written. A later hand has added a few words on f. 3, and has

also supplied ff. 13, 14, 19, very carefully. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Text proper and commentary follow continuously on each other.

This MS. must, from the closeness of its agreement in text, be nearly allied to that fully described by Weber, Catal., II, 883–890; see also Peterson, Report, 1884–1886, pp. 226 sq., Report, 1886–1892, pp. cii, ciii. The work was written (see verse 11 on f. 107°) on abde sadamkaviśva 1496 mite (= A. D. 1440), where viśva is = 14. The details of the author's spiritual descent are given in Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 156, 157, 464–466. The other name of the work is Srāvaka°, Mitra, Notices, X, 44, 45.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 470). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 107 + xvii blank.

Date: probably the first half of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 13, 14, 19 of the original are supplied in an old hand.

# 1367-MS. Sansk. d. 323

Candrasŭri's Saṃgrahaṇī, with a Commentary, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Samgrahani of Candrasuri, in 277 Prākrit āryās, on Jaina doctrine, with a Sanskrit avacūrņi, based on the vivaraņa of Devabhadrasūri, It begins, on f. 1v: namio i ādau sāstrakāro abhīstadevatānamaskāram āha I sa ca śāstrānurūpaḥ samyogaucityavān šāstram ca caturthā alpākṣaramahorthādi idam ca śāstram ādyabhede 'sti i tato namaskāram apy alpākşaramahārtham āha I natvārham āha I natvārhadādīn ādeķ siddhādayaś catvāro 'pi jneyāķ i tistaņti narakādibhave sīmkhalabaddhā iva 1 It ends, on f. 26": iti Samgrahanih v sūtrakāraśrīśrīcamdrasūriśisyaśrīdevabhadrasūrivinirmitavivaraņānusāreņa Saṃgrahaņyavacūrņņih samāplā | sampūrņa | śrī | Of the text, the first verse, on f. 17, is: namium arihantāi thibhavaņogāhaņā ya patteyam i suranārayāņa vuccham i naratiriyāņam vine bhavaņam 11 Verse 277, on f. 26, is: Maladhārihemasurīņa sīlaleseņa sūriņā raīyam \ Samghayanam eyam namdaü jā Vīrajinatittham 11 77 11 277 11 iti Laghusamgrahaņī samāptā (

The MS. is fairly correct, both in text and commentary. In the centre of each column is the usual Jaina diagram. The columns are bounded by double red lines. The text proper occupies the centre of the second column, the rest is filled by the commentary.

As usual, the writing goes from the second to the third and then to the first column.

For the Samgrahani see Weber, Catal., II, 892-895, who gives specimens of Devabhadra's commentary; Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. xxvii and reff.; Report, 1886-1892, pp. xxvii, xxviii, who gives A.D. 1166, 1172 as dates of two of Candra's works; Bhandarkar, Deccan Coll. catal., pp. 11, 40, 64, 335; Bhandarkar, Report, 1887-1891, pp. 98, 99; Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 30.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 473). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 20 + xlix blank. Originally 26, but ff. 4-9 are missing.

No. of columns: 3.

Date: perhaps the end of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 4-9 are lost, containing verses 17-77, text and commentary.

# 1368-MS. Sansk. d. 324

### Samgrahanyavacūrņi, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Samgrahanyavacūrni, being the commentary described under MS. Sansk. d. 323(1367), without the Prakrit text. It begins, on f. 1, with a slightly better text: arham i namiumo i ādau śāstrakāro 'bhīṣṭadevatānamaskāram āha i sa ca śāstrānurūpah samyogaucityavān i šāstram caturdhālpāksaramahārthā — i idam ca śāstram adyenodvarttate i tato namaskāram api 'lpākṣaramahārtham āha i natvārhadādīn ādiḥ siddhādayah I catvāro 'pi jneyāh I tişthamti nārakādibhave śrmkhalābaddhā iva jamtavo yayā karmmanariņatyā sā sthitir āyur jīvitam ity ekārthāh i bhavamti varttamte devādaya eşv iti bhavanāni ālayāḥ \ avagāhamte 'vatisthamte jīvā 'syām ity avagāhanā sarīram ( casabdād varnnacihnādikam cavākya 11 11 It ends, on f. 23, with the commentary on verse 276 (as in the other MS., no comment is made on verse 277): iti Samgrahanisūtrakāraśrīśrīcaṃdrasūrisiṣyaśrīdevabhadrasūrikṛtavṛttyanusāreņa Samgrahaņe vacūrņņi sampūrnnā 1

This MS. is on the whole more accurate than MS. Sansk. d. 323 (1367), though not so well written. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and in the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. There are a few corrections by a later hand. On f. 9 is a diagram in black.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 474). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 111 + 111 iii + 111 Hunk.

Date: about the middle of the 18th cent. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

## 1369-MS. Sansk. d. 304

Pindavisuddhiprakaranāvacūrņi, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Pindavisuddhiprakaranāvacūrni, a commentary on the Piṇḍaviśuddhiprakaraṇa of Jinavallabhagani, a work in 102 (so this MS.) Prākrit verses concerning suitable foods. It begins, on f. 1: devih 1 šobhanam vihitam anuşthānam yeşām te suvihitās teşām upakāriņām pimdo 'tra samayasamjnayā caturvidho 'śanādyāhāras tasya vividhā śodhir udgamādidoṣarahitā yā nirmalatā tadarthābhidhāyinī śāstrapaddhatir api pimdavišodhir ity ucyate i atha jīvānām šivasukhabādhi piṃdadoṣabhaṇanenaiva prastāvayann āha 11 1 jīvā° 1 It ends, on f. 5<sup>v</sup>: 102 icce° 1 ity etat pūrvoktam Jinavallabhākhyena ganinā \ udvyūdhabhagavatyamgādiyogena yat piṃḍaniryuktito mūlagraṃthāt kiṃcit svarūpamātram pimdavidhānajñānakrte āhāravidhiparijñānahetoh i keşām bhavyānām yogyānām sarveşām api sādhuśrāddhādīnām \ vuttamtiprakaraņarūpatayā viracyoktam i kimvisistena sūtraniyuktamugdhamatinā i siddhāmtavyāpāritānipuņamatinā ( auddhatyaparihārārtham idam uktam i kayoktam bhaktyā pravacanabahumānena i šaktyā ca svabuddhyanusāreņa i tat sarvam maduktam i bhavyam yathā bhavaty evam i amavamkurā adveşinah ı śrutadharā yathārthāgamavedino bodhayamtu svašisyān i jūāpayamtu i šodhayamtu ca i utsūtrāpanayanena nirdoşam kurvamtu ı iti yogah 11 103 11 iti suvihitasiromanisrisrijinavallabhaganiviracitapimdaviśuddhiprakarannāvacūrņnih I cha I śrī I cha I śu(bha)m bhavatu | On the strength of the colophon, Hultzsch, Z. D. M. G., XL, 25, sets down the author as Jinavallabhagani (on f. ii of the original wrapper is written, Pimdaśuddhih Vallabhaganih), but the inference is quite unnecessary, the colophon simply meaning 'Commentary on Jinavallabhagani's Pindavisuddhi.'

Only the pratikas of the original text are cited in the commentary. The MS. is on the whole accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and the usual Jaina diagram appears in the centre of each page.

For MSS. of Jinavallabhagaṇi's work see Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, pp. 63, 71, 101, Report, 1884–1886, pp. 9, 31, Report, 1892, 1895, pp. 67, 68; Bhandarkar, Report, 1887–1891, pp. 92, 93; Bhandarkar, Deccar Coll. catal., p. 47, no. 118, p. 328, no. 302, mentions a commentary by Udayasimha, which must be of about the same length as this one; Jinavallabha's ṭīkā (ibid., p. 328) is too long, as is also Yaśodevasūri's (see Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, p. 30). Jinavallabha died in A. D. 1111, see Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. xli.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 453).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 5 + xlix blank.

Date: the middle or beginning of the 17th century. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style, very small, 24 lines a page.

### 1370-MS. Wilson 458

Kundakundācārya's Pañcāstikāyaprābhṛta, with the Commentary of Brahmadevajī, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Pancastikayaprabhṛta, a treatise on Jaina metaphysics, by Kundakundācārya, with the commentary of Brahmadevajī. The latter's name is not given in this MS., but occurs in the copy used by Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, p. 154. It was written at the request of Sivakumāra Mahārāja. It begins, on f. 1v: om namo vītarāgāya i svasamvedanasiddhāya i jināya paramātmane į śuddhajīvāstikāyāya į nityānamdacite namah 11 atha śrikumāranamdisaiddhāmtadevaśişyaih prasiddhakathānyāyena pūrvavideham gatvā vītarāgasarvajñaśrīśīmamdharasvāmitīrthamkaraparamadevam drstvā ca tanmukhakamalanirgatadivyavāņīśravaņād avadhāritapadārthasamūhād buddhvātmatatvādisārārtham grhītvā punar apy āgataih i śrīmatkumdakumdācāryadevaih Padmanamdyādyaparanāmābhidhayair atas tatvavahistatvagaunamukhyapratipatyartham l athavā Sivakumāramahārājādi- 1 samkseparucisisyapratibodhanārtham viracite Pamcāstikāyaprābhrtaśāstre yathākramaņādhikāraśuddhipūrvakam tātparyārthavyākhyānam kathyate i The text proper is in Prākrit, the commentary in Sanskrit. There are in all 181 The work ends, on f. 109\*: samudāyenaikāśityurattaraśatagāthābhih I cha I iti Pamcāstikāyaprābhṛtaḥ samāptaḥ i cha ii 161 ii It should be 181. Then follows a sort of gurvāvalī of the patron who had the work written, in 18 verses, ff. 109\(^v-110\)\(^v\); the most important verses are these: Bālusādhoś ca bhāryā hi susīlā guņašālinī i Cāmdījyotsnāsamā proktā Cāmdāmhīty abhidhānakaḥ 111311 tatputrāḥ paṃca vikhyātā upakāraparāyiņāķ i gurucaraņāravimdeşu şadpadakriyayā samā 111411 prathamah Sādhumeghākhyas tatparo hi Muṇāhvayaḥ \ tṛtīya Dvirūpo(?) nāma Vālupūnāhv(ay)āv ubhau 11 15 11 Meghābhāryā Savīrīti tatputro Varasimhakah i dvitīyo Mamdanākhyās ca mamdano nijasadmani 111611 Kahlūr iti Muņābhāryā Padārtho hi tadātmajah i etanmadhye viśuddhāsīt Cāmdāhī dharmavatsalā 111711 tayedam leşayitvā tu sāstram Pamcāstikāyikam 1 Bhavyāhūbaņe (?) tadarthakhyāyane yasya matir atyamtavistarā \ tasmai dattam parambhaktyā sādhāraņāya vāgmine 111811 subham astu 11 The earlier genealogy runs: Kāsthāsamgha, Devasena, Vimalasena, Dharmasena, Bhavasena, Sahasrakīrtti, Guņakīrtti,

Yaśaḥkīrtti, Malayakīrtti, Malayakīrtti, Lelākhya, his wife, and his son Bālū (?).

As may be seen from the extracts, the MS. is very inaccurate, the scribe apparently being quite ignorant of Sanskrit. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and in the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

On Kundakundācārya see Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, pp. xix, xx, 153, 154, Report, 1892—1896, p. xi. Bhandarkar, Report, 1887—1891, p. 78, no. 1015, mentions a commentary on this work by Amrtacandra.

Size: 11×6 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+110+ii blank. In the original there are 111 ff., but f. 55 is omitted, none of the text being lost.

Date: doubtful, but possibly the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1371—MS. Wilson 261 Gāthās, 19th cent.?

Contents: a collection of gathas, setting forth especially the metaphysical and moral tenets of the Jaina system. As far as can be seen, no title is given either in the Prākrit or the Sanskrit, but on f. 216v has been written (by Wilson?), 'The Panchásat Gathas, fifty verses, exposition of Jain tenets same as,' whence the title given in the Bodl. catal., p. 3728, is derived. As a matter of fact, the work consists of 174 stanzas in Prākrit, accompanied by 172 verses of Sanskrit translation, and a very prolix commentary in Persian, which is evidently the essential part Consequently, the MS. is arranged of the work. in reverse order, beginning on f. 216 and ending on f. 2. The Jaina Prakrit verse comes first; then the Sanskrit, numbered successively, so that the translation of verse I counts as verse 2; then the Persian commentary. The Sanskrit begins, on f. 216: idam tu śatavamditebhyas tribhuvanamhitamadhuraviśadavākyebhyah v amtātītaguņebhyo namo jinebhyo jitabhavebhyah 11211 śrīrāma śrīrāma śrīrāma śrīrāma Verse 4, on f. 2117, is: śramaņāmukhodgatārtham caturgatinivāranam i eşa pranamya sirasā samaryām imam sranuta vakṣyāmi II As may be seen sufficiently from these specimens, the MS. is very incorrect, and the translation careless. With verse 6 begins the text proper: samvādaķ samavāyo vā pacānām samaya iti jjinottamai prajnaptam i sa eva ca bhavati lokas tato mito lokah ii Verse 100 is on f. 1377, verse 200 on f. 79, verse 300 on f. 29; the last Sanskrit verse is 344 on f. 8: tasmān Ff2

nirvṛttikāmo rāgum sarvatra karotra mā kimcid i sa tena vītarāgo bhavyo bhavasāyaram tarati ii

Comparison with the preceding MS. shows that this is a Sanskrit version of Kundakundācārya's Pañcāstikāyasaṃgrahasūtra to the end of the third mahādhikāra, see *Prākrit catal.*, no. 52.

Size:  $10 \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. The MS. is arranged like a European book.

Material: Paper, glazed.

No. of leaves: iv + 216 + iii blank.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: the Prākrit and Sanskrit are in Devanāgarī, the Persian in Nasta'lîq. The former shows some Jaina characteristics.

# 1372 (1-4)-MS. Wilson 371

Kşamākalyāņa's Jīvavicāraprakaraņavṛtti, &c.,
A. D. 1821, 1782 ?

Contents: four Jaina tracts.

1. The Jivavicāraprakaraņavrtti of Kşamākalyāņa, pupil of Jinalabhasuri, who was pupil of Jinabhaktisūri, being a commentary on the Jīvavicāra of S'āntisūri (part 2), composed in A.D. 1794. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīsiddhacakrāya namaḥ i dhyātvā jainam mahaḥ śrīmat sadgurum pranipatya ca i vrttim Jivavicārasya kurve samkşepatah sphutām 11 11 iha hi samsārasāgare nimajjatām jamtūnām upakārāya pravahaņakalpam tattvopadešam dātukāmah śrīšantisūris tāvat svestadevapraņatipūrvikām abhidheyādisūcikām ādimām gāthām āha i Then follow the gatha in Prakrit, and the commentary. There are 51 gathas, and the commentary ends, on f. 21 v: iti Jīvavicāralaghuvṛttiḥ i vṛhadvṛtyādikam tv asya yady apy asti purātanam i tathāpi sukhabodhārtham vṛttikeyam vinirmitā 11 11 pramādād vā mater māmdyāt proktam utsūtram atra yat i tan mithyā duşkṛtam me 'stu śodhanīyam ca dhīdhanaih 11211 samvad vyomaśilimukhāṣṭavasudhā 1850 (= A. p. 1794) samkhye i nabasye site pakse pavanasaptamisudivase Vīkādinerābhidhe iṃge śrīmati pūrņatām abhajata vyākhyā subodhany asau samyak śrījinacamdrasūrimunipe gacheśatām vibhrati 113 11 śrīmamto Jinabhaktisūriguravaś Cāmdre kule jajnire tachişyā Jinalābhasūrimunipāh śrīprītitaķ sāgarāķ tachişyā mṛtadharmavācakavarās teṣām vineyaḥ Kṣamākalyānaḥ svaparopakāravidhaye 'kārşīd imām vṛttīkām 11 4 11 iti śrījivavicāraprakaranavrttih sadbhir vācyamānā ciram namdātāt i As may be seen from the above quotation, the MS. is by no means accurate. The ślokasaṃkhyā is given as 354. There are many glosses in English, perhaps written by Wilson. The Jīvavicāra is mentioned by Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, App., pp. 65, 71, and the text, besides being given with the commentary here, occurs also in 2. See Mitra, Notices, X, 152, 153, and another commentary in MS. Sansk. d. 285 (1373). Kielhorn, Report, 1880, 1881, p. 79, no. 404, mentions a commentary by Kṣamā-kalyāṇa on the Srīpālacaritra.

- 2. The Jīvavicāraprakaraṇa, consisting of 51 verses in Jaina Prākrit, complete, fairly accurate. It begins on f. 23 and ends on f. 24<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. It is in a different hand from 1.
- 3. The Jinadharma, a very short manual of Jaina metaphysics and ethics. It begins, on f. 25: om namah 1 kramdanavilepanādilaksaņam ārttam i vadhādilaksaņam raudram i ayodhyāne (in a later hand) i vadhyate 'ştavidhena hetubhûtena tad bamdhanam ragadveşarûpam snehābhyaktaśarīrasya reņunā sisyate yathā gātraņi rāgadveṣāktinasya karmabaṃdho bhavaty evaṃ 11 2 11 The work then proceeds to give lists of meanings of technical terms of the Jaina philosophy. It ends, on f. 29": sādhvādīnām guņaslāghayā akaraņam 11511 navapratibuddhaśrāddhādeh sthiratāyā akaraņam 11611 sādharmikāņām vātsalyasyā 'karaņam 117 11 sati sāmarthye jinaśāsanasya prabhāvanāyā akaraņam 11811 It is to some extent corrected in red ink by a later hand, which supplies the title, and makes various efforts to render the text intelligible, by dividing the words with small strokes at the top, restoring lost syllables, &c., but notwithstanding all this it must be confessed that the MS. is very inaccurate. Probably the work is quite recent. The MS. is written in a hand different from that of either 2 or 4.
- 4. The Paryūsanāstāhnikāvyākhyā, being a commentary in Hindustānī on the Paryūşanāstāhnikā. The text is not quoted at length, so that practically the Sanskrit is reduced to the beginning and end. It begins, on f. 30: smrtvāPārśvasahasr $\check{a}$ msubhavyapamkajabodhakam $\iota$ Paryūşaņāşļāhnikāyā vyākhyānam likhyate mayā IIIII iha ca yathā hatasakalakathinakarmamarmaņi ihāmutravihitaprabhūtašarmaņi dhṛtalokottaranarmani śrīparyūsanāparvani samāgate 112 11 artha 1 Then follows the commentary in Hindustani. The chief sections are marked, on f. 39: iti Sayyambhavasūrikathā karpūraprakaranamı on f. 41 v: iti Rohineyakathā śrīkarpūraprakaranagramthat jneyam | Cf. the Rauhineyacaritra in Weber, Catal., II, 1098. It ends, on f. 48: iti sampūrņam samvat 1838 (= A. D. 1782) mati phāgumņasumdī caitrah 1 This is perhaps the date of the composition of the commentary, but it may, of course, be merely that of the copying

of the MS. Its contents are borrowed from the Karpūraprakaraņa.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+48+i blank.

Date: for 1 see f. 22: samvat 1877 (= A.D. 1821) āṣādhe kṛṣṇe pakṣe amāvāsyāṃ! 2 and 3 are undated: probably both belong to the close of the 18th, or more likely the beginning of the 19th century.

Scribe: none is given for 1, 2, or 3. At the end of 4, on f. 48, there is this notice: līṣataṃ Jatīsaṭīta-sobhāgajī ajīgaṃjamadhye gaṃgakināre i śrīciṃtāmaṇa-jīprasādataḥ dasakatjatīsuṃdaravijaiyakena liṣā satya-chaiḥ i This Cintāmaṇijī can hardly be identical with the one in Weber, Catal., II, 788.

Character: Devanāgarī; 4 has all the Jaina characteristics.

#### 1373-MS. Sansk. d. 285

# S'āntisūri's Jīvavicāra, with the Commentary of Bhāvasundara, 16th cent.?

Contents: the Jīvavicāraprakaraņa of Santisūri, a work in Prakrit in 51 stanzas, with the Sanskrit commentary of Bhavasundara. For the Prakrit text see MS. Wilson 371 (1, 2) [1372]. The commentary begins, on f. 1v: aim namah 1 bhuvanapaiavam viramo 11 11 aham kimcid api jīvasvarūpam bhanāmi kathayāmīty anvayaviseşah ı katham bhanāmi yathā pūrvasūribhih sudharmasvāmyādibhir bhaņitam svāgameşu prakaţīkṛtam i tatheti sambamdhah i kīm krtvā śrīvīrasvāminam natvā pratipatya kimbhūtam 1 &c. The commentary is not very long, consisting mainly of a translation of the Prakrit into Sanskrit. The commentary on verse 51 is on f. 6v: eşa Jīvavicārah samkşeparucīnām sakşepabuddhinām sthāpanāhetu samkşiptah samkşiptah samkşeparacito bauddhāddanekasūcārtham gahanarūpāt śrutasamudrāt siddhāmbhonidher uddhṛtaḥ sakalasamghāya śreyase 'stv iti 11 52 11 The whole ends: iti śrijivavicāraprakaraņasya śrīiśvarācāryakrtāyā vrtteh samuddhṛtākṣarārthaḥ dīpikāyā Bhāvasuṃdareṇa vilokyamānā ciramdatv iti | cha | śrī | The text proper has been added at the very top and bottom of the page in ordinary Devanāgarī, and the commentary is written in the usual Jaina style. The text is in a much more modern hand than the commentary. In the commentary itself only the first words of each verse are cited.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and at the top and bottom by two. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, partially filled up with a round red mark, and on the verso there are also

such red marks in the margins. Neither text nor commentary is at all accurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 434). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 6 + xxxvii blank.

Date: rather doubtful: the commentary may be as old as the 16th century, and the text 50-100 years later.

Scribe: none is mentioned for the commentary, but the copyist of the text gave his name, which has been carefully deleted by a later hand, leaving only  $--n\bar{a}m$  bhojamānasaukah -- yatinā likhitam l legible. The second illegible portion probably contained the name Jīvavicāram (sic) to judge from the traces visible.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1374—MS. Sansk. d. 297

# Yogīndradeva's Paramātmaprakāśa, with a Commentary, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Paramatmaprakasa of Yogindradeva, a Digambara Jaina work, in 346 verses, on the Jaina system, with an anonymous Sanskrit commentary. The commentary begins, on f. 1v: siddhih i om namo vītarāgāya i cidānamdaikarūpāya jināya paramātmane i paramātmaprakāśāya nītyam siddhātmane namah 11 śrīyogemdradevakrtaparamātmaprakāśābhidhāne dohakachamdogramthe praksepakān vihāya vyākhyānārtham adhikāraśuddhi kathyate 1 tad yathā 1 prathamatas tāvat pamcaparamestinamaskāramukhyatvena i cha i je jāyā jhāṇaggiyae ityādisaptadohakasūtrāṇi bhavaṃti 11711 tadanamtaram vijñāpanamukhyatayā 1 &c. The introduction ends on f. 4v. The Prakrit text is always prefixed to the Sanskrit commentary. The MS. is not quite complete, coming to an end in the explanation of verse 346. The explanation of verse 345 begins, on f. 179: iti caturvvimsatisūtrapramitamahāsthalamadhye sūtratrayena saptamam amtarasthalam gatam i cha i evam saptabhir amtarasthalais caturvvimsatisūtrapramitam makāsthalam samāptam i cha i athaikavrttena protsahanārtham punar api phalamd aršayati i cha i The explanation of verse 346 begins, on f. 180v: atha gramthavyāvasāne mamgalārtham āśīrvvādarūpeņa namaskāram karoti | Probably one leaf only is missing.

The MS. seems to be not very accurate. It has been much smeared over with a white pigment, which has greatly disfigured it. Other hands appear on ff. 31, 39<sup>v</sup>, 109, 150<sup>v</sup>. The original hand has marked lacunae on ff. 161, 161<sup>v</sup>, 163, 164<sup>v</sup>, 165<sup>v</sup>, which have been partially filled up. Several leaves at the end have split in

two, and the recto halves of ff. 176, 177, 179 appear as ff. 177, 179, 176. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, with a spot of red pigment in the middle from f. 129 onwards. Throughout, the verso of each page has a red spot in each margin. Ff. 7°, 10°, 11°, 12° are blank. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line within two thin double black lines.

This is probably the work, certainly so far as the text is concerned, described by Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. 155. The author's name is Yogindradeva, see ff. 2, 12, &c. The work has a verse more than in Peterson's MS. The commentary is anonymous. It appears to be recent; on f. 20 Kundakundācārya's Mokṣaprābhṛta is quoted. A Laghuparamātmaprakāśavyākhyā is mentioned by Bhandarkar, Report, 1887—1891, p. 79, no. 1027. See also Bhandarkar, Deccan Coll. catal., p. 472, no. 271, p. 63, no. 165, p. 110, no. 633, for other copies of this commentary. For an analysis of its contents see Prākrit catal., no. 56.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 446). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 180 + ii blank. Really 198 leaves, as ff. 27, 76 are doubled; f. 37 is numbered 37, 38; and ff. 133, 134, 136, 145, 146, 162, 164, 165, 166, 168, 171, 173-177, 179 are split, and so are double.

Date: perhaps the end of the 17th century, but it may be later.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: a leaf is missing at the end; a corner of f. 92<sup>v</sup> is lost. The MS. has suffered from abrasion.

#### 51. JAINA SANSKRIT TREATISES

#### 1375—Ms. Wilson 270

Guṇabhadra's Ātmānuśāsana, A.D. 1821.

Contents: the Atmānuśāsana of Guṇabhadra, pupil of Jinasena, being a manual of Jaina metaphysics and ethics, with a commentary in Hindī. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: om namah i śiddhebhyah i śrīvītarāgāya namah i atha Ātmānuśāsanagraṃthakī bhāṣāṭīkā liṣyate i Then follows an invocation in bhāṣā. The first gāthā begins, on f. 2<sup>v</sup>: lakṣmīnivāsanilayaṃ i vilīnavilayaṃ nidhāya hṛdi Vīraṃ i Ātmānuśāsanam ahaṃ i vakṣye mokṣāya bhavyānāṃ ii iii The verses are regularly followed by a somewhat prolix commentary. There are in all 272 verses, of which the last is on f. 104<sup>v</sup>: Jinasenācāryapādasma- i raṇādhīnacetasāṃ i Guṇabhadrabhadaṃttānāṃ i kṛtir Ātmānusāsanam ii 227 ii It is really

272. The whole concludes, on f. 104<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīātmā-nusāsanagraṃthabhāṣāvacanikā saṃpūraṇa samāptaṃ 1 graṃthā graṃthaślokasamkhyā 4200 1

This MS. was doubtless written, and very probably the Hindī commentary composed, by the same hand as MS. Wilson 269 (1379).

Jinasena, the teacher of Guṇaprabha, wrote in śaka 705 the Harivaṃśa Purāṇa, see Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, pp. xliii, 176, verse 52; Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 118. He and Guṇabhadra are well known as founders of a school of Jaina Sanskrit writers, J. B. R. A. S., XVIII, 221 sq.

The headings are usually in red ink as in MS. Wilson 269 (1379).

Size:  $13\frac{8}{4} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 104 + ii blank.

Date: f.  $104^{\circ}$ : saṃvat 1877 (= A. D. 1821) phālgunaśuklapakṣe titho 5 l

Character: Devanagari, with some Jaina characteristics.

#### 1376-MS. Sansk. d. 311

Hemacandra's Yogaśāstra, I-IV, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the first four prakāsas of the Yogasāstra of Hemacandra (A.D. 1089-1173), being the portion of that work which treats of ethics. It has been edited with a translation by E. Windisch, Z.D. M. G., XXVIII, 185-262. With the text there given, from the India Office MS. 1992, this MS. agrees fairly closely. In the first prakāśa there are 56 verses, a line being inserted after verse 28a, thus: ālocyāvagrahayācnābhīkṣṇāvagrahayūcanam i etävanmätram evaitad ity avagrahadhäranam 112811 samānadharmikebhyas ca tathāvagrahayācanam 1 anujñāpitapānānnāśanam asteyabhāvanā 112011 Prakāśa I begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and ends on f. 3<sup>v</sup>. In prakāśa II, verse 85, omitted by Windisch, runs: prāptam pāramapārasya pārāvārasya pāryate i strīņām prakṛtivaktāṇām duścaritrasya no punah 118511 It has, therefore, 115 verses, correctly numbered, ending on f. 8. Prakāśa III, 154 verses, ends on f. 14<sup>v</sup>. Prakāśa IV has 136 verses: after verse 48 it reads: asvatamtrair ata pumbhir nirvānapādakāmksibhih \ vidhātavyah samatvena rāgadvesadvişajjayah 1149 11 amandanandajanate samyavarini majjatām i jāyate sahasā pumsām rāgadvesamalaksayah ii 50 ii The cause of the confusion in Windisch is hence clear. The following readings are noteworthy: I, 39, pratilikhya; 43, juşo; 45, the second pāda has paripālanāt as an ending; II, 24, namtayen; 26, ucyamāno; 30, śrestah; 35, pitrye daivatakarmaņi; 38, prakata°; 110, vanitā; III, 30, yad ucire; 58, bhuktam; 75, pāpopadašo; 96,

#### § 51. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—JAINA SANSKRIT TREATISES (1876–1878) 228

bhisavas; 108, dalatailasya ca kṛtir; 117, sicitti; 127, sāstrārtha; 130, amgasatatvam; 141, spṛśan; IV, 1, vāyateḥ; 25, dhīraiḥ, kaiḥ kair; 42, manaḥśuddhi; the gramthāgram is given at 470. The numbering of the verses is very inaccurate.

The MS. is very correct and carefully written. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line within two double lines.

For other MSS. see Weber, Catal., II, 913, 914.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 460). Former owner: there is a note in a late hand on f. 20: rsilalatasāgarapathanārtham!

Size:  $10\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 20 + xxxiii blank.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1377—MS. Walker 125

Ratnasekhara's Guṇasthānakramārohaṇaprakaraṇa, with a Commentary, A. D. 1706.

Contents: the Guṇasthānakramārohaṇaprakaraṇa, a treatise on the fourteen stages of the path to moral virtue, by Ratnaśekharasūri, with the commentary of an anonymous writer, probably Ratnaśekhara himself. It begins, on f. 157\*: arhate namaḥ ı arhaṃ padaṃ hṛdi dhyātvā guṇasthānavicāraṇāṃ ı anuṣṭubhāṃ iyaṃ vṛttir likhyate hy avacūrṇṇivat || 1 || tatrādau maṃga-lārtham abhīṣṭadevatānamaskārasya saṃbaṃdhāvirbhāvakaṃ ādyaṃ padyam āha guṇasthāneti | The text of verses 1-5 and 132 is given in the Bodl. catal., p. 397a. The commentary reckons verse 132 as verse 134. The colophon of the text is: iti Guṇasthānaprakaraṇaṃ samāptaṃ | That of the commentary is, on f. 187: iti śrīguṇasthānavṛttiḥ samāptāḥ | The title given above is more descriptive, and so has been adopted.

The author is described by the scholiast as the pupil of Hematilaka, and his predecessor Vajrasena. He is, therefore, to be identified with the author of the Srīpālacaritra (A.D. 1372), not distinguished as by Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, p. ciii. Cf. above, p. 217.

For other MSS. of text and commentary see Mitra, Bikaner catal., pp. 677 sq., 711; Deccan Coll. catal., p. 61, no. 146 (the title is given as the Guṇasthānavṛtti of Ratnaśekhara, but no proof is offered that the commentary is his); Jacobi, Z. D. M. G., XXXIII, 695 (who also assigns the commentary to this author); against these stands the fact that Peterson, Report,

1884-1886, f. 214, mentions a MS. of the text only, with 134 ślokas, but Mitra, *Notices*, VIII, 174, seems decisive for Ratnaśekhara's authorship.

The MS. is written fairly accurately. The text is placed in the centre, the commentary at the top and bottom of the page. The writing is bounded on either side by two red lines. There is a diagram on f. 176. Yellow pigment is used for erasures. For the other contents of the MS. see the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 396<sup>b</sup>.

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: the volume has ii + 187 + ii blank. This part has 31 leaves.

Date: f. 187: samvat 1762 (= A. D. 1706) varse bhā-dravāsudi 11 ravivāre sampūrņņam 1 kalyāņam astu 1

Scribe: perhaps the text was written by a different hand from the commentary.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: the top of each page has been injured by damp.

#### 1378-MS. Sansk. d. 295

Dharmabhūşana's Nyāyadīpikā, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Nyāyadīpikā of Dharmabhūşana, a Digambara Jaina work, treating (at least in the part preserved in this MS.) of the epistemological basis of Jaina metaphysics, in a superficial manner. It begins, on f. 17: om namah siddhebhyah i śrīvarddhamānam arhamtam i natvā vālapravuddhaye i viracyate mitaspastasamdarbbhanyāyadīpikā II II pramāņanayair adhigama iti mahāśāstratatvārthasūtram i tat khalu paramapuruşārthanihsreyasasādhanasamyagdarsanādivişayabhūtajīvāditatvādhigamopāyanirūpaņaparam pramānanayābhyām hi vivecitā jīvādayah I samyag adhigamyamte i tadvyatirekena jīvāditatvādhigame prakārāmtarāsambhavāt \ tata eva jīvādyadhigamopāyabhūtau pramāņanayāv api vivektavyau 1 tadvivecanaparāķ 1 prāktanagramthāh samty eva tathāpi kecid vistṛtāh l kecid gambhīrā iti na tatra vālānām adhikāra i tatas teşām suşopāyena pramāņanayātmakanyāyasvarūpaprativodhakaśāstrādikārasampattaye prakaraņam idam ārabhyate i iha hi pramāņanayavivecanam uddešalakṣananirdesaparīkṣādvāreņa kriyate \ anudiṣṭasya lakṣaṇanirdeśānupapatteh \ anirdistalaksaņasya parīksatum asakyatvāt i aparīksitasya vivecanāyogāt i lokasāstrayor api tathaiva vastuvivecanaprasiddheh 1

Section 1 ends, on f. 7v: iti paramārhatācāryadharmabhūṣaṇayativiracitāyāṃ Nyāyadīpikāyāṃ pramāṇasāmānyalakṣaṇaḥ prakāsaḥ prathamaḥ NIN cha 1 atha pramāṇaviśeṣa svarūpaprakāsanāya prasūyate 1 pramāṇaṃ dvividhaṃ pratyakṣaṃ parokṣaṃ ceti 1 Section 2 ends, on f. 14<sup>v</sup>: iti paramārhatācāryadharmabhūṣaṇa-yativiracitāyāṃ Nyāyapradīpikāyāṃ pratyakṣaprakāśo dvitīyah 112 11 atha parokṣapramāṇanirūpaṇaṃ prakramyate 1 The work closes abruptly on f. 38<sup>v</sup>, in the middle of a discussion on arthakriyā, with the words: tad uktam Āptamīmāṃsāyāṃ svāmisamaṃta — — 1 Doubtless the reference is to Samantabhadra's Āptamīmāṃsā, see Weber, Catal., II, 903. A Vārttikakārapādāḥ is mentioned on f. 2; who is meant does not appear.

The work is apparently quite modern, and little more than a cento of quotations, only introduced by tad uktam or tathā hi.

The MS. is fairly accurate; it is a good deal corrected by a later hand, which sometimes goes wrong. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The colophons are written in red ink. The words are separated from one another by small strokes in dark red ink above the line. V is always written for b, pointing to Bengal as the scribe's home.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 444).

Size:  $9 \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 38 + xxxiii blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1820-1840.

Character: Devanāgarī. Injuries: end missing.

#### 1379-MS. Wilson 269

Amṛtacandrasūri's Puruṣārthasiddhyupāya, with a Commentary in Bhāṣā, A.D. 1822.

Contents: the Purusarthasiddhyupaya of Amrtacandrasūri, a manual of Jaina devotion, with a commentary in Hindi. The work proper consists of 223 verses. It begins, on f. 1v: śrijināya namah 1 om nama siddhebhyah i atha Puruşārthasiddhopāyabhāsātīkī lisyate 1 Then follows an introduction of seven verses and some prose in bhāṣā, containing an invocation and the name of the author. Then, on f. 2, the work begins: atha sūtrāvatāra I taj jayati param jyoti I samam samastair anamtaparyyāyai I darppaņatala iva sakalā i pratiphalati padārthamālikā yatra III II Then the bhāṣā ṭīka. Verse 2, on f. 3, is: paramāgamasya jivam | nisaddhajātyamdhasimdhūravidhānam | sakalanayavilasitānam \ virodhamathanam namāmy anekāmtam 11211 Verse 3, on f. 47, is: lokatrayaikanetram nirūpya paramāgamam prayatnena i asmābhir ūpoddhayate vidusyām Purusārthasidhūpāyo 'yam 11211 The last verse, on f. 109, is: varņaih krtāni citraih padāni tu padaih krtāni vākyāni vākyaih i krtam pavitram i śāstram idam na purasyābhi II 223 II The MS. is very inaccurate (as the above specimens show), the subject-matter very worthless, and the commentary dull and prolix. The whole is ended by 13 verses of bhāṣā concerning the author, &c., dating him in A.D. 1771, and the colophon, on f. 110<sup>v</sup>: iti śrī-amratacamdasūrakratapuruṣārthasiddhyupāyabhāṣāṭīkā sampūrna I Red ink is used for the headings.

Cf. for other MSS. of text and commentary (?) Bhandarkar, Report, 1887-1891, p. 78, nos. 1016, 1017.

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+110+ii blank. In the original there are 111 leaves, but f. 51 is omitted, though there does not appear to be anything lost there.

Date: f. 110\*: saṃvat 1878 (= A.D. 1822) asāḍhamāse kraṣṇapakṣe tithau 9 sanivāsare śrīr astu śubham astu 1

Scribe: probably by the same hand as MS. Wilson 270 (1375).

Character: Devanāgarī, with some Jaina characteristics.

#### 52. STOTRA

#### 1380-MS. Sansk. d. 306

Guṇākara's Bhaktāmarastavavṛtti, 17th or 18th cent. P

Contents: the Bhaktamarastavavrtti, a commentary on the Bhaktāmarastotra in 44 vasantatilaka verses in honour of Rsabha (see Jacobi, Ind. Stud., XIV, 359-376, Weber, Catal., II, 938), by Gunākara, pupil of Gunacandra, written in A. D. 1370. It begins, on f. 1v: pūjājāānavaco 'pāyāpagamātisayādbhutam \ srīnābheyam namaskurve sarvakalyāņakārakam IIII mahārajamtasadvarnnam mahānamdavibhūşanam \ Mahāvīrajinam vamde mahāmohatamopaham 11211 The text bears a very close resemblance to the specimen in Weber, l. c., p. 939, verse 3 having the meaningless prathe also at the end. The commentary gives kathas practically for each verse, and so is of considerable length. ends, on f. 54v: iti catuścatvārimśadvrtārtha i cha i sapūrņņa sūtsampūttau (?) 1 sampūrņeyam Bhaktāmarastavavṛttiḥ i saprabhāvakathānakasamyuktā dho i (Perhaps a mangala, see Bühler, Palaeographie, p. 85). śricadragache śriabhayasūrivaṃśe Rudrapallīyagāchadbhavaśrigunacamdrasūriśeşya- \ śrigunākarasūrir itām cakre samvat 1426 (= A. D. 1370) varse nā nabhasyamāse śrisarasvatīpattane i cha i yad gaditam arthakūṭam yal lakşanamsabdatas ca duştam iha i tat sādhubhih sudhībhih sodhyam adya prasadya mayi 1111 Bhaktamarastavākṣaravivṛti kṛtvā yad arjitam sukṛtam I tenāsu sukṛtijano nirāmaya syāt sadedano II 2 II pamcadaśa śatāny atra dvāsaptatisamadhikāni gaṇitāni I niḥśeṣavarnavṛmdāny anuṣṭubhām prāyaśaḥ saṃti II 3 II graṃthāgraṃ 1575 II śubham bhavatu I iti Bhaktāmarastavavṛttau samāptam I This differs considerably from the verses given by Peterson, Report, 1892–1895, pp. 207, 208.

The MS. is somewhat carelessly copied. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 27°, 35.

For Guṇākara see Peterson, Report, 1895-1898, pp. v, vi, and reff.; Weber, l. c., where the name of the author can now be supplied.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 455). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 54 + xxv blank.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 18th century, but may be later.

Character: Devanagarī, Jaina style.

# 1381 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 315

#### Hemacandra's Vītarāgastotra, Dhanapāla's Ŗṣabhapañcāśatikā, 17th cent.?

Contents: two works, written continuously by the same hand.

1. The Vītarāgastotra of Hemacandra, complete in 20 prakāśas. These prakāśas contain 9 (in this MS. 8, but 9 is added by a later hand at the end), 8, 15, 14, 9, 12, 8, 12, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 9, 9, 8, 8, 8, 9 verses respectively, ending on ff. 1, 1, 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 2<sup>v</sup>, 3, 3, 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 4, 4, 4<sup>v</sup>, 5, 5, 5, 5<sup>v</sup>. The work begins, on f. 1: yaḥ parātma param jyotih paramaḥ parameṣṭhiṇām 1 Ādityavarṇaṃ tamasaḥ purastād āmananti yam 11 11

Cf. Mitra, Notices, VIII, 99, who treats it as an onymous.

2. The Rṣabhapañcāśatikā of Dhanapāla, 50 verses in Prākrit in honour of Rṣabha. It begins on f. 5<sup>v</sup>, and ends, on f. 6<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīṛṣabhapañcāśatikā samāptā i cha i See Prākrit catal., no. 59.

The MS. is carefully written. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by two double black lines, covered in ff. 1-3 with a broad red line.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MSS. 465 and 413).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 6 + lxxxv blank.

Date: about the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

BODL, SANS, CATAL. II.

#### 1382-MS. Sansk. d. 316

# Hemacandra's Vītarāgastotra, with an avacūri of Prabhānanda's Commentary, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Vitaragastotra of Hemacandra, as in MS. Sansk. d. 315 (1381), with an avacuri based on Prabhānanda's vṛtti. The commentary begins, on f. 1: atrādyasārddhaślokatrayasya padānā prathamādisaptamyamtavibhaktiprathamavacanāmtānām uttaraślokadvayasya tadamtair eva padair yathakramam kartekarmavivakşayā yojanam kāryam \ paraś cāsāv ātmā ca \ parātmā i paratvam cāsya dehātma (mta- lost in MS.)-rātmāpekṣam \ yatah kaiścid dehasyaivātmatvam kalpyate 'tah sa dehātmā 'mtarātmā ca jūānāvaraņādikarmāvrtah śarīrī samsārijīvah i etayoś ca vakyamāņaviśesanāsahatvena prakṛtānupayogitvam ataḥ paraśabdopādānam i parātmā ca vigalitasakalakarmā kevalātmaiva sāmpratam sa eva viśisyate i kim vio apratipātitvena lokālokaprakāśakatvena ca sarvotkṛṣṭaṃ i It ends, on f. 4<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīviņsatistavāvacūriķ śrīprabhānamdasūrikrtavrtter alekhih 11 20 11 It does not appear who this Prabhananda was. He may have been the author in samvat 1300 (= A. D. 1334) of the Kşetrasamgrahanivrtti, Weber, Catal., II, 593. Probably the avacuri is not by him. Cf. Peterson, *Report*, 1892–1895, p. 147.

The text proper is carefully written and accurate, like the commentary. The (20) prakāśas end on ff. 1, 1, 1<sup>v</sup>, 1<sup>v</sup>, 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 2<sup>v</sup>, 2<sup>v</sup>, 3, 3, 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 4, 4, 4<sup>v</sup>.

The text occupies the entire centre of the middle column, and is bounded on either side by three red lines. The commentary fills the top and bottom of this column and the margins, beginning as usual with the top of the second column, then right margin, left margin, foot of second column. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 466).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 4 + lxxv blank.

Date: perhaps the middle of the 17th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style. Injuries: there is a hole in f. 1.

#### 1383—MS. Sansk. d. 317

# Hemacandra's Vītarāgastotra, with an avacūri, A. D. 1778.

Contents: the Vītarāgastotra of Hemacandra, as in MSS. Sansk. d. 315, 316 (1381, 1382), with an avacūri. The latter begins, on f. 1°: jayati śrījino vīraḥ sarvajñaḥ sarvakāmadaḥ vyasyāmhriyugalam kalpapādapair yugmajātakaḥ www matvā nijagurūn sārasārasvatavibhādbhutān v

Vītarāgastavānvartham bālagamyam karomy aham 11211 tathā hi 1 pūrvam svargasahodare Pattananagare nijasahajaparākramākrāmtarājacakrah paramaprabhutānukrtašakrah durddharavirodhisimdhur abhayamkarakālakakhāladašadigmamdayā khamdamamdanakīrttivratativitānālavālah prajāpāla śrīkumārapālaś catuhsāgarāvadhidhātrīdhavatām dadhāti sma 1 The (20) sections end on ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 7<sup>v</sup>, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24. The colophon is: iti śrīvītarāgastotre āśīstavīnāma vimšatamaprakāśāvacūri sampūrnam 1

The MS. is carefully written, and fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Yellow pigment is used occasionally for erasures.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 467). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 24 + lv blank.

Date: f. 24: catustryastaikavarsesu dasamyām sucir āsvine i srīvītarāgastavasyāvacūrir likhitā subhā ii ii This probably is saṃvat 1834 (= A. D. 1778).

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1384—MS. Sansk. d. 327

#### Devendrasüri's Siddhapañcāśikāsūtrāvacūri, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Siddhapañcāśikāsūtrāvacūri, being a commentary in Sanskrit on the 50 Prākrit stanzas in praise of Siddhas, called Siddhapañcāśikā, by Devendrasūri. It begins, on f. i: siddham i siddhatthasuam iti i siddhāh pratiṣṭhitāḥ satyatvena kenāpy acālyā arthā jīvādipadārthāḥ i śrute dvādaśāṃgarūpe yasya sa siddhārthaśrutas tam i athavā siddhārthasya na yasya sutam na vamdanam ii i ii samtapayao ii 2 ii ehi oanamtarasiddhamti i na vidyate samayenāpy amtaram vyavadhānam yeṣām te 'namtarāḥ siddhatvaprathamasamayavarttina ity arthah i prākṛtatvāj jaso lopaḥ i satpadaprarūpaṇādravyapramāṇakṣetrasparśanākālāṃtarabhāvālpabahutvarūpair aṣṭabhir anuyogadvāraiḥ paramparasiddhāvivakṣite prathame samaye yaḥ siddhas tasya yo

dvitīyasamaye siddhah sa paras tasyāpi yas trītyasamayasiddhah i sa para evam anye pi vācyāh i It ends, on f. 4°: Devemdrasūriviracitasiddhapamcāsikāsūtrāvacūrih i samāptah i śrīr astu i cha i

The MS. is carefully written and accurate. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, and the text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

The name of the author of an avacūri of the Siddhā-pañcāśikā is given by Bhandarkar, Deccan Coll. catal., p. 35, no. 323, as Vidyāsāgara; this commentary is found ibid., p. 194, no. 410, p. 335, nos. 355, 356; Kunte, Lahore MSS., p. 40, no. 182.

Devendrasūri died in A.D. 1271, see Peterson, Report, 1886—1892, pp. lvii, lviii, Report, 1892—1895, p. xxx, Report, 1895—1898, p. xi; Weber, Catal., II, 1009, where he is credited with the Siddhapaūcāśikāsūtravṛtti, i. e. the Siddhapaūcāśikā and a vṛtti of which this is doubtless an avacūri. Cf. on no. 1857. Hultzsch, Z. D. M. G., XL, 26, attributes the avacūri to him, but there is no evidence for this.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 477). Size:  $11 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 4 + lxxvii blank.

Date: possibly about A.D. 1700, but may be later. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1385—MS. Sansk. d. 283 Jambüguru's Jinaśataka, A.D. 1711.

Contents: the Jinasataka of Jambuguru, of the Candragaccha, being a Jaina treatise on four special points of the Jina's excellence, in four sections, each containing 25 Sragdharā verses. It begins, on f. 1: śrīsarvavide namaḥ \ śrīmadbhir svair mahobhir bhuvanam avibhuvat tāpayaty eşa śasvat \ satsv apy asmādṛśeşu prabhuşu kim iti sammanyunevoparaktāḥ i sūryaṃ vīryād ahāryād abhibhavitum ivābhīsavo yasya dīprāh I protsarpanity amhiyugmaprabhavanakhabhuvah sa śriye syāj Jino vah IIIII Section I ends, on f. 27: iti śrīcamdragacchīyaśrījambūguruviracite Jinaśatake pādavarņņanākhyah prathamah parichedah śrih 1 Section 2 ends, on f. 4": iti śrijinaśatake hastavarnnano nāma dvilīyah parichedah 11211 Section 3 ends, on f. 6v: īti śrījinaśatake mukhavarnnano nāma trtīyah parichedah 11311 Section 4 ends, on f. 8v: iti Camdragacchīyaśrījambūguruviracite śrijinaśatake vāgvarņņano nāma caturthah parichedah sampūrņam etena Jinasatakam iti i

The text appears to be fairly correct. It is bounded on either side by two broad red lines, and in the centre of each leaf is the usual Jaina diagram, with auspicious letters inserted in it. For the work and author cf. Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, pp. 90, 91. The author is perhaps identical (cf. Peterson, Report, 1892–1898, p. xvii) with the writer of the Candradūtakāvya, Peterson, Report, 1884–1886, p. 292. See also MS. Sansk. d. 284 (1386).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 432).

Size:  $10\frac{6}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 8 + lxi blank.

Date: f. 8v: samvat 1767 (= A.D. 1711) varșe phālgunasudi 14 bhaume 1

Scribe: f. 87: likhitam Munihamsaratnena svavācanārtham paropakṛtaye vā \ śrīanahillapatane \ svasty astu śrīsamghāyety āśīh \

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: only ff. 1, 8<sup>v</sup> are easily legible: all the rest are badly rubbed.

#### 1386-MS. Sansk. d. 284

# Jambüguru's Jinasataka, with a Commentary, 16th cent.?

Contents: the Jinasataka of Jambūguru, as in MS. Sansk. d. 283 (1385), with an anonymous commentary. The name of the author of the commentary is indeed given on f. iii of the original wrapper as Sambasadhu, but the commentary bears no resemblance to that attributed to him, of which a specimen is given by Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. 90, 91. It begins, on f. 1: śrīmadbhiḥ rāgādidoşajai kṛtvā (?) Jino 'rhan śriye lakşmyai syād bhavatu vo yuşmākām iti kriyākārakasambamdhah i yasya Jinasya abhīśavah kiraņā i dīmprā bhāskarā amhiyugmāt prabhavo yeṣām te nakhāś ca 1 &c. The commentary is rather elaborate. The (4) paricchedas end on ff. 3, 5, 7, 9v. At the end of the fourth pariccheda of the text follows this verse: śrītīrtharājah padapadmasevā i hevākidevāsurakimnarešah i gambhīragīs tāratarā vareņya i prabhāvadātā dadatām śīvam vah II II This is four times repeated, four times commented upon, and is concluded in the text by: iti 24 jinastutayahı in the commentary by: ity avacūrņņihı The commentary seems to read tirtharājñah i as is necessary.

The text proper occupies the centre of each page, and is bounded on either side by three red lines; at the top and bottom of this and on the two margins is written the commentary. The order is: (1) top of middle column, (2) left-hand margin, (3) right-hand margin, (4) bottom of middle column. In the centre of each column is the usual Jaina diagram. Text and commentary appear to be rather incorrect. A Jinasatakakāvya, with an avacūri, by Jambūsādhu, is mentioned

by Bhandarkar, Deccan Coll. catal., p. 324, no. 268. Is the avacūri by the same author as the text?

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 433). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + q + xxxiii blank.

Date: very probably about the middle of the 16th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: the writing is throughout somewhat rubbed, but less so than in MS. Sansk. d. 283 (1385).

# 1387 (1-15)—MS. Ousely 136

#### Stotras, 18th cent. ?

Contents: (1) fourteen Jaina stotras in Sanskrit and Prākrit, (2) a collection of portraits of twenty-four Jinas. The whole is evidently written by one hand.

- 1. F. 2 contains the Upasargaharastotra (Upasarg-gahara° in the MS.), in five stanzas in Prākrit.
- 2. Ff. 2, 3 contain the S'rītajayapamhutastotra, in seventeen stanzas (but stanzas 14–16 are missing) in Prākrit, by Mānadeva.
- 3. Ff. 3-5 contain the Bhayaharastotra, in twenty-three stanzas in Prākrit, by Mānatunga.
- 4. Ff. 5-9 contain the S'rīajitaśāntijinastavana, in thirty-six stanzas in Prākrit.

See for these the Prākrit catalogue.

- 5. Ff. 9-12 contain the Bhaktāmarastotra, in forty-four Vasantilaka stanzas in Sanskrit. It is edited, with a translation by Jacobi, *Ind. Stud.*, XIV, 359-376, and at Bombay in 1885. On the date of Mānatunga (circa A. D. 625?), see Weber, *Catal.*, II, 932, n. 1.
- 6. Ff. 13-15 contain a praise of S'ānti, which practically consists in desiring that all the world should have śānti. No author's name or title is given, and probably it was written by the scribe of the MS. himself. It ends: upasargā kṣayaṃ yāmti i bidyaṃte vighnaval layaṃ i anaprasannatām eti pūjyamāne Jine svare 11 4 11 iti śrīśāṃ i
- 7. Ff. 16-21 contain the Kalyāṇamandirastotra of Siddhasena Divākara, a stotra in forty-four āryās, in Sanskrit, in honour of Pārśvanātha. For his date see Weber, l. c., p. 938, n. 1. The work is edited (with a translation) by Jacobi, l. c., pp. 376-391.
- 8. Ff. 21-23 contain a S'rīpārśvanāthastuti. It begins: kim karpūramayam sudhārasamayam kim camdrarocirmayam i kim lāvanyamayam mahāmanimayam kārunyakevalīmayam i viśvānamdamayam mahodayamayam śaubhāmayam cinmayam i śukladhyānamayam vapur jinapater bhavālambanam ii i ii There are eleven

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of these Sārdūlavikrīdita verses. Possibly the last contained the author's name, but only a few letters are legible, the verse being at the top of the page. It ends: iti śrīcitāmaṇapārśvanāthastotram sampūrnam!

- 9. Ff. 23, 23<sup>v</sup> contain another short stotra of Pārśvanātha. It begins: sphūradevanāgemdravṛmdāramālā-1 maramdacchaṭādhautapādāravṛmdaṃ 1 parānamdasaṃdarvalakṣmīśanāthaṃ 1 stuve devaciṃtāmaṇipārśvanāthaṃ 11 11 tamorāsivitrāsanivāsiresaṃ 1 hataḥkleśaleśaṃ śriyāṃ saṃnivesaṃ 1 kramālīnapadmāvatīprāṃṇanāthaṃ 1 stuve devaciṃtāmaniṃ Pārśvanāthaṃ 11 211 There are seven verses. It ends: iti śrīpārśvanāthastotram 1 sampūrnam 1 śrī 1
- 10. Ff. 24-47 contain portraits, of the usual conventional type, of twenty-four Jinas: Ādinātha, Ajitanātha, Saṃbhavanātha, Abhinaṃdananātha, Sumatinātha, Padmaprabha, Supārśvanātha, Caṃdraprabha, Suvidhanātha, Sītalanātha, S'reyāṃsanātha, Vāsavapūjya, Vimalanātha, Anaṃtanātha, Dharmanātha, Sāṃtinātha, Kuṃthānātha, Arahanātha, Mallinātha, Munisuvrata, Naminātha, Neminātha, Pārsvanātha, Mahāvīra, each with a laṃchana. The latter are better drawn, but the spelling of their names is as inaccurate as in the case of the Jinas. On the back of each portrait is written the name of the subject in Persian characters, on the front in Sanskrit, with the name of the lamchana.
- 11. F. 48v contains a stotra of the Jinendras. It begins: śrīgurubhyo namah i darśanam devadevasya i darśanam pāpanāśanam i darśanam svargāsaupānam i darśanam mokṣasādhanam ii iii darśanena jinemdrānām i sādhūnām vamdanena ca i na tiṣṭhatī ciram pāpam chidrahaste yathodakam ii 2 ii Indeed the effect of these portraits is so great that the writer ends: adya me kṣālitam gātra i netre ca vimalīkṛte i snāto 'ham punyatīrtheṣu i jinemdra tava darśanāt ii 6 ii
- 12. Ff. 49, 50 contain the Caityavandanā. It begins: śrīgurubhyo namah i atha Caityavandanā liṣyate i sadbhaktyā devaloke raviśasībhuvane vyamtarānām nikāye i nakṣatrānām nivāse grahagaṇapaṭale tārakāṇām vimāne i pātāle (?) pannageṃdre sphūṭamaṇikariṇe dhvastasāṃdrāṃdhakāre i śrīmattīrthaṃkarāṇām pratidivasam ahaṃ tatra caityāni vaṃde ii ii It ends with verse 9: iti śrīcaityavaṃdanā saṃpūrṇa i Different from the work in Mitra, Notices, X, 93.
- 13. Ff. 50, 51 contain the S'rīparameṣṭhīstotra of Rāmacandra. It begins: sakaladevamānavapatisahitaṃ vigatarodhabodhabalasahitaṃ i atisahītoditamahisākalitaṃ naumi Jinaṃ yaugamatiphalitaṃ i It ends: śrīhīrānaṃdacaṃdrapāvasiṣyeṇa Rāmacaṃdreṇa bhaktyā śrīparameṣṭīnityaṃ stavaṃ gocaraṃ nīta i iti śrīparamesṭīstotram i

- 14. Ff. 51-54 contain a stotra by Jayacandra. It begins: rucitaruciracaṃdranāgeṃdraleṣeṃdramartyeṃdrasadbhaktisaṃsaktanāmnī bhavanmaulinīleṃdrasaṃjātarociśriyālirujāṃ saṃkulaṃ nirmmalaṃ yasya te bhaktasatprāṇisammodakiṃjalkaśāraṃ padābjaṃ bhavāpārasaṃsāratāpāpṛhaṃ taṃ stuve haṃ sadā śrījinaṃ śobhanaṃ uiu The last verse apparently gave the author's home, but it is not fully legible. It ends: iti śrīpaṃcajineṃdradaṃdakastuti śrīpārśvacaṃdrasūreṃdrasiṣyaśrīsemaracaṃdrasūreṃdratatśiṣyaśrīrājacaṃdrasūreṃdrasiṣyeṇa śrījayacaṃdreṇa kṛtaṃ idaṃ stotraṃ saṃpūrnam
- 15. Ff. 55, 56<sup>v</sup> contain the Paramātmānandastotra (emending the MS. reading below), in twenty-five ślokas. The beginning is somewhat blurred, but it seems to be: śrīgurubhyo namaḥ i paramānamdasamyuktam i nirvikāram nirāmayam i dhyānahīnā na pasyamti i nijadehe vivasthi!am ii ii anamtasuslasampannam i jūānāmrtapayodharām i anamtavīryasampannam i daršanam paramātmanah ii 2 ii It ends: kāṣṭamadhye yathā vahni saktirūpeṇa tiṣṭhati i ayam ātmā śarīreṣu yo jānāti sa paṃḍitaḥ ii 25 ii iti Paramātmamdastotram samāptam i śrīḥ i om nama siddham i sadāyoga i Evidently the scribe purposed continuing his collection of stotras, but stopped.

In all cases the Sanskrit is very incorrect and careless. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

Size:  $6\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. The book is arranged in European style.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 56 + ii blank.

Date: none of the pieces are dated, but the end of the 18th century is the most likely period.

Scribe: all the pieces were evidently written by one hand. His name is given on f. 54<sup>v</sup>: lisatam rṣaharṣa(?)-caṃdreṇa śrīpaṭṭaṇāṃmadhye bhātṛnihālacaṃdrayutena maṃgalaṃ bhuyāt sāhajīśrīsuṣadevapaṭhanārthaṃ i

Character: Devanāgarī, some Jaina characteristics. Injuries: the first three lines of each page have been damaged by water. They had stuck together, and the separation has made many letters quite illegible.

#### 1388-MS. Walker 135

Harirāya's Jīcaraņacihnamāhātmya, 18th cent.?

Contents: Part I is the Jīcaraṇacihnamāhātmya, a treatise on the adoration of the marks on Kṛṣṇa's feet, by Harirāya. It is written in a curious jumble of Sanskrit and Hindī verses. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgurubhyo namaḥ i śrīnāthajīsatyachem i śrījīnām

padacihnam māhātmya likhyate I Then follow some verses giving the author's name. The work proper begins, on f. 2: atha āryāślokah i pranamya Brahmarudrādi-\vamdanīyapadāmbujam\varnnaye padacihnāni\ sadanāni śubhāśiṣām IIII The concluding Sanskrit verses are on ff. 9<sup>v</sup>, 10: ye bhāvayamti satatam pariśilayamti (?) ı ye vā smaramti bahuśo 'py atha kirttayamti ı cihnāni gokulapateś caranasthitāni I teṣām bhavec caranapamkajamātrabhāvah 113811 iti Harirāyanirūpitam abhavat pūrnnam padābjayoh prakatam i cihnānām varņnam iha tena Harir me prasanno 'stu 113911 Three verses in Hindī follow, and the whole ends, on f. 10: iti śrijicarnnacihnamāhātmyam i cha i śrir astu i

For the other contents of this MS. see the Bodl. catal., p. 397b.

The MS. is very carelessly and inaccurately written. The text is bounded on either side by two yellow lines.

Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 7\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 166 + ii blank. This part has ten leaves.

Date: probably A. D. 1760-1800. Scribe: f. 10: likhitam bhataharisamkarena 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 53. LEGENDS AND HISTORY

1389-mss. Mill 57, 58

Jinasena's Ādipurāņa, A. D. 1722.

Contents: the Adipurana, or Trisastilaksanamahapurāṇasaṃgraha, of Jinasena, treating of the life of Rşabha, the first tirthamkara. Only chapters 1-42 are by Jinasena, the remainder, chapters 43-47, and the Uttarapurāņa, containing the lives of the other Jinas, being added by his pupil, Gunabhadra. wrote his other great work, the Harivainsa, in A.D. 783, see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 118 sq.; Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. xli, 176. The work begins (57), on f. 1v: śrīsāradāya namaļ 1 śrījināya namah i om namah siddhebhyah i atha śrijinasenācāryyakṛtaśrīādipurāṇa liṣyate \ śrīmate sakalajñānasāmrājyapadavijuşe ı dharmmacakrabhrte bhartre namah samsārabhīmuse II II namah stamahpatachannajagadudyotahetave \ jinemdrāmsumate tatvapramātābhārabhāsine 11 2 11 jayaty ajayyamāhātmyam visāsitakusāsanam 1 śāsanam jainam udbhāsi muktilaksmyekaśāsanam 11 3 11 Parvan I, kathāmukhavyāvarnnana, in 208 verses, ends on f. 12; II, kathopadyotavarņņana, in 162 verses, ends on f. 20; III, purāņapīthikāvo, in 239 verses,

ends on f. 32; IV, Mahābalābhyudayavo, in 198 verses, ends on f. 42<sup>v</sup>; V, lalitāmgasvargabhogavo, in 296 verses, ends on f. 57°; VI, lalitāmgasvargacyavanavo, in 208 verses, ends on f. 68; VII, śrīmatīvajrajamghasamāgamavo, in 318 verses, ends on f. 84; VIII, śrīmatīvajrajamghapātradānānumvarņana, in 257 verses, ends on f. 97°; IX, śrimativajrajamghācāryasamyakdarśanotpattivo, in 195 verses, ends on f. 107v; X, śrīmatacyutemdraiśvaryavo, in 186 verses, ends on f. 118v; XI, bhagavadvajranābhisarvārthasiddhigamanavo, in 243 verses, ends on f. 129v; XII, bhagavatsvargāvataraņavo, in 243 verses, ends on f. 145; XIII, bhagavajjanmābhişekavo, in 211 verses, ends on f. 156v; XIV, bhagavajjātakarmotsavavo, in 207 verses, ends on f. 166, XV, bhagavatkumārāyasasvatīsunamdāvivāhabharatotpattivo, in 214 verses, ends on f. 177v; XVI, bhagavatsāmrājyabhogavo, in 271 verses, ends on f. 191v; XVII, bhagavatparinihkramanavo, in 257 verses, ends on f. 205; XVIII, dharanemdravijayārddhopagamamna, in 206 verses, ends on f. 216; XIX, namivenamirājyapratisthāpana, in 192 verses, ends on f. 228; XX, bhagavatkaivalye prativarnana, in 273 verses, ends on f. 242v; XXI, dhyānatatva, in 269 verses, ends on f. 256; XXII, bhagavatsamavasaraṇavineveśavo, in 306 verses, ends on f. 271v. 57 ends with parvan XXIII, verse 128.

58 begins with XXIII, 129, on f. 1. Parvan XXIII, bhagavatsamavasṛtivibhūtivo, in 195 verses, ends on f. 7; XXIV, bhagavaddharmadeśanopavo, in 186 verses, ends on f. 16v; XXV, bhavattīvihāravaraņana, in 290 verses, ends on f. 31v; XXVI, Bharatarājādigvijayodyogavo, in 149 verses, ends on f. 39; XXVII, Bharatarājavijayaprayāņavo, in 152 verses, ends on f. 46°; XXVIII, pūrvārņņavaddhāravijayav°, in 221 verses, ends on f. 60; XXIX, dakṣiṇārṇṇavaddhāravijayavo, in 169 verses, ends on f. 69v; XXX, paścimārnnavaddhāravijayavo, in 129 verses, ends on f. 76; XXXI, vijayārddhaguhādharaidyāṭanavo (or ghāṭana?), in 159 verses, ends on f. 84v; XXXII, Bharatottarārddhavijayavo, in 199 verses, ends on f. 94"; Bharatarājakailāsābhigamanavo, in 202 XXXIII, verses, ends on f. 104v; XXXIV, Bharatarājānujadīkṣāvo, in 223 verses, ends on f. 115; XXXV, kumārabāhubaliraņodyogavo, in 249 verses, ends on f. 127 ; XXXVI, bhujabalivijayavo, in 212 verses, ends on f. 137"; XXXVII, Bharateśvarābhyudayavo, in 205 verses, ends on f. 147; XXXVIII, dvijotpattau garbhānvakriyāvo, in 313 verses, ends on f. 163; XXXIX, dīkṣākarttanvakriyānuvo, in 211 verses, ends on f. 174; XL, dvijotpattau kriyāmamtrānuvo, in 220 verses, ends on f. 189; XLI, Bharatarājasvapnadarśanatyatphalopavo, in 158 verses, ends on f. 197v;

XLII, Bharatarājavarņņāśramasthitipādana, in 208 verses, ends on f. 209. Then come these lines: Rsabhāya namo 'śeṣa- \ sthitiprabhavahetave \ \ trikālagocarānamta- 1 prameyākrāmtamūrttaye 11 11 nama sakalakalyāṇa- 1 pathanirmmāṇahetave 1 ādivāyasuṃsāra- 1 sāgarottārasevate II 2 II jamtijinamṛtyavo vi- I pulavīrjabhājo jināh i jagatpramadahetavo vipadamamdakamthachidah i surāsuraširahsphuradrucirarāgaratnāvalī- vilambikiranotkarārunitacārupādadvayāh 11 3 11 iti mahākaver bhagavatah i śrijinasenācāryasyeti i dharmo 'tra muktipadam atra kavitvam atra tīrtheśinaś caritam atra mahāpurāņe I yad vā kavimdrajinasenamuşāravimda-I niryadvacāmsi na haramti manāmsi keṣām 11 ity ārṣe mahāpurāņasyādyakhamde samāpta I Then comes Gunabhadra's completion. Parvan XLIII, Sulocanasvayamvaramālāropaņakalyāņa, in 343 verses, ends on f. 227v; XLIV, jayavijaya, in 367 verses, ends on f. 247°; XLV, jayasulocanāsukhānubhavavyāvo, in 220 verses, ends on f. 260; XLVI, jayasulocanābhavāmtaravyāvo, in 368 verses, ends on f. 280; XLVII, in 403 verses, ends on f. 303: ity are bhagavadgunabhadrācāryapranīte Trişastilaksanamahāpurānasamgrahe prathamatīrthamkaracakradharapurāne saptacatvārimsattamam parva 1147 11 ity ādikhamda samāpta 1

The beginning of chapter 12 is in confusion. The first six verses are gone; then come verses 7-45, then verse 12 and onwards. Apparently the text is continuous from the verse numbered 45 to that numbered 12. There are several other errors in the numbering; the totals given above, except for parvan XII, are emended.

The MS. is not very carefully written or accurate. It was written by two hands, (1) 57, ff. 1-191<sup>V</sup>, 58, ff. 47-end; (2) 57, ff. 192-end, 58, ff. 1-46<sup>V</sup>. In the former case, the text is bounded on either side by three red lines; in the latter, by two red and one yellow. The latter hand is the more inaccurate. Ff. 81-104 have been bound up wrongly, i. e. with verso for recto. F. 323 of the original is thrice repeated, = ff. 43, 45, 46; f. 322 being incorrectly bound in as f. 44 of 58. Cf. J. B. R. A. S., XVIII, 221 sq.

Size:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. for both vols. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 57 = ii + 279 + ii blank; 58 = ii + 304 + ii blank. The original is foliated continuously, enumerating 581 leaves, really 583, as f. 323 is thrice repeated.

Date: 58, f. 303<sup>v</sup>: śubhasamvatsare 'smin śrīnṛpativikramādityarājye samvat 1778 (= A. D. 1722) kārttikamāse śukle pakse tithau navamyām guruvāsare !

Scribe: 58, f. 303<sup>v</sup>: Makṣūdāvanagare Mahimāpure śreṣṭiśrīmānikacaṃdanaṃdavāgamadhye likhitaṃ paṃ Naṃdarāmajīvācanārthaṃ sāhaśrīvulārṣīdāsajī tatpu tṛtīya prathama Kamalaneṃnajī tatputra Udayacaṃda i dutiyaputra Mānikacaṃdajī i tṛtīyaputra sā°-naiṃnasuṣajī tatpu dvau prathama Ratanacaṃda dutiya Motīcaṃda samastaparivārasya pustika idaṃ vācaṇārthaṃ liṣāpitaṃ jñānāvarṇakarmmakṣayārthaṃ i idaṃ sāstraṃ Ādināthapurāṇaṃ vācyamānaṃ vā srūyatāṃ saḥ jiraṃ jiyāt i dīryhāyastu i kalyāṇam astu i śrīr astu i leṣakapaṭhakayo śubhaṃm astu i śrījinadevaprasādāt i Then follow two verses as to the preservation of the book, then a dohā of two verses, then: saṃvat liṣāpitaṃ śrīghratamevaardharajanīviṣe i śrī i

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1390-MS. Sansk. d. 286

#### Hemacandra's Trişaşţiśalākāpuruşacarita, Parvan I, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Trișașțiśalākāpurușacarita, a mahākāvya treating of the twenty-four Jinas, the twelve Cakravartins, the nine Vasudevas, the nine Baladevas, the nine Visnudvis. This MS. contains only parvan I. It begins, on f. 17: arham i sakalārhapratistānam adhistānam sivaśriyah I bhūrbhuvahsvastraryaśānam ārhamtam prunidadhmahe IIII Sarga I, treating of the dhanādidvādaśabhava, contains 911 verses, and ends on f. 32. Sarga 2, treating of the bhagavajjanmavyavahārarājyasthiti, contains 1041 verses, and ends on f. 67. Sarga 3, treating of the bhagavaddīkṣāchadmasthavihārakevalajñānasamavasarana, contains 691 verses, and ends on f. 92. Sarga 4, treating of the Bharatacakrotpattidigvijayarājyābhişekasodaryavratagrahaņa, ends on f. 120v. Sarga 5, treating of the bāhubalisamgrāmadīkṣākevalajñāna, ends on f. 147v. It contains 798 verses as against the 848 of sarga 4. Sarga 6 and the parvan end, on f. 170, with verse 731: ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracite Trisastiśalākāpurusacarite Mahākāvye prathamaparvaņi Marīcibhavabhāviśalākāpuruṣabhagavannirvāṇa \ bharatanirvāņavarņņano nāma şastah sargah chah i samāptam ca śrīrşabhasvāmibharatacakravarttipratibamdham prathamam parva i cha i subham bhavatuh i gramtha 6500 i

The MS. is very far from accurate. It is written throughout in black ink. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines, and there is in the centre of each page the usual Jaina diagram.

This work was written by Hemacandra after he had composed the Yogaśāstra, and before the Dvyāśraya-kāvya, i. e. between A.D. 1160 and 1173. The life of Hemacandra is fully described by G. Bühler, Ueber das Leben des Jaina-Mönches, Hemacandra, in the Denkschriften der Kais. Akad. der Wissenschaften, Phil.-Hist. Cl., Wien, 1889, pp. 171-258; see especially for this work pp. 211, 255, note 89. MSS. of parvan I seem to be

rare, but Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 87, mentions one (as Vi°, a frequent error in MSS.). The Parisistaparvan has been edited by H. Jacobi in the Bibl. Ind., and the Jainarāmāyaṇa at Calcutta. Cf. also Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. cxli.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 435). Size:  $10\frac{7}{9} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 170 + ii blank.

Date: somewhat doubtful, perhaps about A. D. 1700. Scribe: f. 1707: pam śrīśivavijayaganiśişyaharşavijayamuninā bhāmdāgāre muktā pratih!

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style, ugly writing.

#### 1391-MS. Sansk. d. 287

#### Hemacandra's Trişaştiśalākāpuruşacarita, Parvan VIII, A. D. 1395.

Contents: the eighth parvan of Hemacandra's Trişaştisalākāpuruşacarita, see MS. Sansk. d. 286 (1390). It begins, on f. 1v: om namah śrīsarvajñāya i om namo Viśvanāthāya janmato brahmacāriņe i karmavallīvanacchedanemaye 'riştanemaye 11 1 11 śrīnemer arhatah Kṛṣṇavisno Rāmasya sīrinah i jarāsimdhupratihares caritram Sarga 1, containing 532 verses kīrttayişyate 11 2 11 treating of the śriaristanemipūrvabhava, ends on f. 22. Sarga 2, containing 588 verses treating of the syamadisukosalānumānuşīvidyādharīpariņayana, ends on f. 45v. Sarga 3, containing 1076 verses treating of the kanakavatīpariņayana, ends on f. 88. Sarga 4, treating in 53 verses of the Vasudevahimdi, ends on f. 90°. Sarga 5, treating in 426 verses of the Rāmakṛṣṇaariṣṭanemijanmakam sambamdhadvārikānivesa, ends on f. 107. Sarga 6, treating in 494 verses of the Rukminyādipariņayanapāmdavadraupadīsvayamvarapradyumnacarita, ends on f. 126. Through the loss of ff. 136-150 the end of sarga 7 is gone, f. 135 breaking off with verse 244. All of sarga 8 and the first 84 verses of sarga 9 are likewise missing. Sarga 9, treating in 387 verses (counting the lost verses) of Aristanemikomārakrīdādīkṣākevalotpatti, ends on f. 162v. Sarga 10, treating in 294 verses of the Draupadīpratyāharaņagajasukumālādicarita, ends on f. 173. Sarga 11, treating in 167 verses of the Dvārakādāghakṛṣṇāvasāna, ends on f. 179. The whole ends on f. 1847, with verse 128: ity ācāryaśrīhemacamdraviracite Trișașțiśalākāpurușacarite mahākāvye aşļamaparvvaņi Baladevasvargagamananeminirvvāņavarņņano nāma dvādašah sargah i cha i śrī i samāptaņ cedam aştamaparvvah ı evam gramthagram 5888 cha ı As may be seen from the sarga headings quoted above, the MS., despite its age, is very inaccurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and in the centre of each leaf is the usual Jaina diagram. Black ink alone is used throughout.

MSS. of parvan VIII are not rare, see Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 34, Report, 1884-1886, p. 144; Deccan Coll. catal., 1874-1875, no. 47, and a copy in the Royal Asiatic Society's library; Mitra, Notices, VIII, 123, whose description is not very accurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 436). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 184 + ii blank. Really, however, there are only 170 leaves, as ff. 136-150 are lost and f. 165 is double.

Date: f. 184<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1451 (= A. D. 1395) varșe kārttikasudi 10 bhaume śrīnemināthacaritram lakhitam i Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 136-150 are missing. There are a good many worm-holes in the MS., but they do not seriously damage the text.

#### 1392-MS. Sansk. d. 288

# Hemacandra's Trişaşţiśalākāpuruşacarita, Parvan X, A.D. 1583.

Contents: the tenth parvan of Hemacandra's Trișașțiśalākāpurușacarita, see MS. Sansk. d. 286 (1390). It begins, on f. 1 v: arham i namo durvārarāgādivairivāranivāriņe \ arhateyogināthāya Mahāvīrāya tāyine \\ 1 \\ athāsya devadevasya devāsuranarārcitam \ caritam kīrttayişyāmaḥ purāvārisarovaram 11 2 11 Sarga 1, treating in 281 verses of Mahāvīrapūrvabhava, ends on f. 10. Sarga 2, treating in 199 verses of Mahāvīrajanmapravrajyā, ends on f. 16. Sarga 3, treating in 627 verses of Mahāvīraprathamaşadvarşachadmasthavihara, ends on f. 36v. Sarga 4, treating in 658 verses of Mahavīradvitīyasāgraşatvārşikachadmasthavihāra, ends on f. 58v. Sarga 5, treating of Mahāvīrakevalajñānacaturvidhasamghotpatti in 183 verses, ends on f. 65. Sarga 6, treating in 435 verses of Srenikasamyaktvalābhameghakumāranamdisenapravrajyā, ends on f. 80°. Sarga 7, treating in 356 verses of ekastambhaprasādanirmāņaāmraphalāpaharaņe Sreņikavidyāgrahaņe durgamddhākathā ārdrakakunārakathā, ends on f. 92v. Sarga 8, treating in 547 verses of Ŗṣabhadattadevānamdapravrajyājamāligośālakvavipratipattivipattibhagavadārogya, ends on f. 111v. treating in 310 verses of Srenikabhādvitīrthakaracasālagautamāṣṭāpadarohaṇa, ends on f. 121 v. Sarga 10, treating in 178 verses of Dasarnnabhadrasalibhadradhanmakacarita, ends on f. 128. Sarga 11, treating in 626 verses of the Rauhineyacaritaübhayakumārāpahāraüdayanacaritapradyotabamdhanaudāyanapravrajyā, ends on f. 149. Sarga 12, treating in 440 verses of bhāvikākumārapāladevacaritaübhayaparivrajyāktanika-caritaüdayarājyaśrīmahāvīrakevalivihāra, ends on f. 163. The whole concludes, on f. 171, with verse 290: ity ācāryaśrīhemacaṃdraviracite Triṣaṣṭiśalākāpuruṣacarite mahākāvye daśamaparvaṇi śrīmahāvīranīrvāṇagamanavarṇṇano nāma trayodaśaḥ sargaḥ samāptaṃ cedaṃ daśamaṃ parva 1 5085 cha 1

The MS. is not at all correct. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. F. 144 is blank, but the text is continuous. Lacunae are marked on ff. 125°, 126°, 127°, 128, 128°, 151°. Yellow pigment is freely used for erasures.

For another MS. of this parvan see Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 35.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 438). Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 171 + ii blank. Really 172, because f. 118 is repeated.

Date: f. 171v: samvat 1639 (= A. D. 1583) posasudi 5 gurau! This seems to be added by a later hand, but it is just possible that the MS. is as old.

Scribe: f. 171v: the person for whom it was written is thus mentioned: pamo śrīvasta chaḥ go yādavaśrīḥ-śisyago jīvavijayapaṭhanārtham 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1393-MS. Wilson 264

#### Dhaneśvarasūri's S'atrunjayamāhātmya, A.D. 1598.

Contents: the S'atrunjayamāhātmya, a Jaina māhātmya, by Dhaneśvarasūri. Weber, who elaborately discussed this work in a monograph in the Abhandlungen der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, Leipzig, 1858, assigned to it the date claimed in the work itself, XIV, 284 sq., viz. samvat 477 (= A. D. 421), see ff. 1, 170 $^{\circ}$ of this MS. After defending that date against Lassen (Ind. Alt., IV, 761), he now wavers in consequence of Bühler's opinion, based on references to Kumārapāla (A.D. 1144-1174), Vāstupāla, the Mudgala (Mongols, perhaps Timur's raid), &c., and on the numerous Gujerāticisms which appear throughout (see Ind. Ant., VI, 154, note; Weber, Catal., II, 15, note, 1069, note). The style of the work and the worthless nature of its contents combine to make Bühler's date, the thirteenth or fourteenth century, by far the most probable. It begins, on f. 1: arham namo lagavate 1 śriyugādijinemdrāya i om namo Viśvanāthāya i viśvasthitividhāyine \ arhate 'vyaktarūpāya \ yugādīśāya yogine II I II Book I, containing 526 verses, ends on f. 117; II, containing 662 verses, ends on f. 23; III, containing 822 verses, ends on f. 38°; IV, containing 671 verses, ends on f. 52; V, containing 982 verses, ends on f. 71; VI, containing 296 verses, ends on f. 77; VII, containing 404 verses, ends on f. 85°; VIII, containing 724 verses, ends on f. 99; IX, containing 538 verses, ends on f. 108°; X, containing 936 verses, ends on f. 126°; XI, containing 416 verses, ends on f. 135; XII, containing 664 verses, ends on f. 148°; XIII, containing 720 verses, ends on f. 165; XIV, containing 343 verses, ends on f. 343: ity ācāryaśrīdhaneśvarasūriviracite śrīśatrumjayamahātīrthamāhātmye śrīpārśvanāthādimahāpuruṣas taccaritavarṇṇano nāma caturdaśamah graṃthah!

The MS. is not by any means very accurate. There are a good many additions by a later hand, especially to fill up lacunae, which are marked on ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 25<sup>v</sup>, 27, 40<sup>v</sup>, 47<sup>v</sup> (= IV, 456-461), 49<sup>v</sup>, 52<sup>v</sup>, 56<sup>v</sup>, 80<sup>v</sup>, 81<sup>v</sup>, 106<sup>v</sup>, 114<sup>v</sup>, 141<sup>v</sup>, 150, 170, 171. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 172 + ii blank.

Date: f. 172♥: saṃvat 1654 (= A.D. 1598) varṣe l soṣaśudi 5 dine likhitam idaṃ śrīśatrumjayamāhātmyaṃ l Scribe: f. 172♥: srījegralamejhamahādurgamadhye l vācanācāryavaryaśrīpadmahemamaṇiśiṣyeṇa Nilayasuṃdaranāmneti svavācanakṛte gaṇikṣatinā (?).

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1394-MS. Wilson 271, 272

#### Dhaneśvarasūri's S'atrunjayamāhātmya, A.D. 1821.

Contents: the S'atruñjayamāhātmya of Dhaneśvarasūri. This MS. is merely a copy of MS. Wilson 264 (1393) made for H. H. Wilson. It is bound up as two volumes, which in the original have their leaves numbered consecutively.

271 contains books I-VII, ending with verse 6 of book VIII. The books end in order at ff. 26, 54<sup>v</sup>, 92, 121<sup>v</sup>, 160, 171<sup>v</sup>, 186<sup>v</sup>. Ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2<sup>r</sup> are blank. Lacunae are marked on ff. 6<sup>v</sup>, 7, 9<sup>v</sup>, 38<sup>v</sup>, 39, 43<sup>v</sup>.

272 contains the rest of book VIII and books IX—XIV. The books end in order on ff. 29<sup>v</sup>, 50<sup>v</sup>, 87<sup>v</sup>, 106, 136, 169, 184<sup>v</sup>. Lacunae are marked on ff. 23<sup>v</sup>, 106.

The MS. is most carelessly copied by a scribe apparently quite ignorant of Sanskrit. There are a few corrections, perhaps by H. H. Wilson, at the beginning of 271, and two notes in his writing: (1) on f. 3: 'A marginal note in the original says Dhaneswara Suri flourished after the year of Vicrama 477 (A.D. 421),'

referring to a note in a later hand at the top of f. I of MS. Wilson 264 (1393), which is, of course, based on book XIV, 284 sq. of the work; (2) on f. 185 of 272: From a copy dated samvat 1654 = 1598.

Size:  $14\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. for both 271 and 272. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 271 = ii + 186 + ii blank; 272 = ii + 185 + ii blank. In the original foliation there are 369 leaves only, as f. 1 of 271 is not marked, nor is f. 185 of 272.

Date: sam 1877 (= A. D. 1821) I is given on f. 184 $^{\circ}$  for 272, and this must be the approximate date of 271 also.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1395-MS. Sansk. d. 318

#### Dhaneśvarasūri's S'atrunjayamāhātmya, 18th cent.?

Contents: books X and XI of the S'atrunjayamahātmya, in honour of the tīrtha of that name in Gujerat, by Dhaneśvarasūri, as in MSS. Wilson 264, 271, 272 (1898, 1394). This section, which is erroneously described on the wrapper (f.ii) as consisting of books IX-XI, contains the Raivatācalamāhātmya. Book X begins, on f. 1♥: sarvvajñaḥ sarvadarśī sakalasukhakaraḥ sarvvasamtāpahamtā pūjyah sarvvešvarānām anaņuguņayutah karmmasākṣī ca bhāsvān i somaḥ paṃceṣu vairī narakavimathano yogibhir dhyeyamūrttir yo 'namto 'dhyakşarūpo na nidhanakalito vītarāgah sa pātuh 11111 Book X contains 965 verses, and ends on f. 51; its title is the Bhīmasenaharivamśapāmdavotpattikṛṣṇanemīśajanmavarnnana. Book XI begins, on f. 51: namo 'stu Nemaye namraśacikammrāya tāyine I dvāvimsāyārhate pyāya Harivamsyāya yaugine 11 11 It ends, on f. 79: ity ācāryaśrīdhaneśvarasūriviracite mahātīrthaśatrumjayamāhātmyāmtarbhūtaśrīraivatācalamāhātmye Pāmdavadyūtakrīdāvanavāsādivarņņano nāma ekādasamah sargraķ II cha II

The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff.  $8^{\text{v}}$ ,  $45^{\text{v}}$ . Ff. 12, 13, 41, 48, 53, 54 are coloured with red pigment. There are various glosses by a later hand (e.g. manohara = kammrāya, vṛddhi-karttā = pyāya), which has also separated the words by strokes at the top.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 468). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 79 + xxiii blank.

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th century.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

Character: Devanāgarī Jaina style. The e, ai, o all show transitional forms of special interest.

Injuries: from f. 51 onwards the MS. is somewhat worm-eaten.

#### 1396-MS. Sansk. d. 301

Bhāvadevasūri's Pārśvanāthacaritra, A.D. 1595.

Contents: the Pārśvanāthacaritra, a legendary account of the Jina Parsvanatha by Bhavadevasuri, pupil of Jinadevasūri, written in A.D. 1356. Sarga 1 begins, on f. 1v: om namo vitarāgāya namah i Nābheyāya namas tasmai i yasya kramanakhāmsavah i maulau dadhati namrānām | mamgalyām akşataśrīyam | | I | It contains 882 verses, and ends, on f. 22v: iti śrīkālikācāryasamtānīyaśrībhūvadevācāryaviracite śrīpārśvanāthacaritre mahākāvye \ aṣṭamasargre bhāvāṃke śrīpārśvanāthaprathamadvitīyabhavavarņņano nāma prathamah sargrah | śrīh chah | Sarga 2, treating in 1062 verses of the śripārśvanāthacaturthapamcamabhava, ends on f. 46<sup>v</sup>. Sarga 3, treating in 1110 verses of the śrīpārśvanāthaṣaṣṭasaptamabhava, ends on f. 73. Sarga 4, treating in 161 verses of the śripārśvanāthāṣṭamanavamabhava, ends on f. 77. Sarga 5, treating in 254 verses of the bhavajanmakaumāravijayayātrā, ends on f. 83v. Sarga 6, treating in 1361 verses of the bhagavadvivāhadīksākevalajnānasamavasaraņadešanā, ends on f. 115v. Sarga 7, treating in 721 verses of the bhagavad(?)gunadharadeśanāśāsanadevatā, ends on f. 1317. Sarga 8, containing 228 verses, ends on f. 137: iti śrīkālikācāryasamtānīyaśrībhāvadevasūriviracite śrīpārśvanāthacarite mahākāvye astamasargre bhāvāmke i bhagavadvihāravarņņano nāma astasargraķ samāptaķ i śrī i śubham bhavatu 1

The usual name in the colophons is Pārśvanātha-caritra, which is preferable to Dr. Hultzsch's °carita, derived from f. 137.

The MS. is written with a considerable amount of care, and is fairly accurate. Lacunae are marked on ff. 111, 121<sup>V</sup>, 122<sup>V</sup>, 123, 130, 131, 134, 136. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram as an ornament, and the text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Two hands, or at least quite different styles, may be traced, the one in ff. 1-30<sup>V</sup>, the other in ff. 31-137. The gramthagram is given on f. 537 as 6200.

For Bhāvadevasūri's teachers, date, and works see Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. 106, Report, 1892–1895, p. xlix, Report, 1895–1898, p. xiii; most of the facts are derived from the verses appended to the work, quoted in Report, 1892–1895, pp. 203–206. Other MSS. are mentioned by Bhandarkar, Report, 1882,

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1883, p. 158, no. 444, Report, 1887-1891, p. 101, no. 1321, written in samvat 1481.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 450). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 137 + ii blank. Really 135, as ff. 2, 3 are missing.

Date: f. 137: samvat 1651 (= A.D. 1595) varșe phāguņaśudi 15 śukravāre lişitam i śrīpārśvanāthaprasādāt i

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 2, 3 are missing, verses 22-105 of sarga 1 being thus lost.

#### 1397-MS. Sansk. d. 302

#### Sakalakīrti's Pārśvanāthacaritra, A. D. 1741.

Contents: the Parsvanathacaritra, a legendary history of the tīrthamkara Pārśvanātha, written in ślokas in the kāvya style, by Sakalakīrti, who flourished about A.D. 1464, see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 106, 122; Peterson, Report, 1892-1895, p. lxxvi; Weber, Sarga I begins, on f. IV: om namo Catal., II, 903. paramahamsaparamātmane namah i namah śrīpārśvanāthāya viśvavighnaughanāśine \ trijagatsvāmine mūrddhnā hy anamtamahimātmane II II jitvā mahopasargrān yo dyotidevakrtāķn bhuvi i śvavīryam kevalavākram cakre cede tam adbhutam 11211 yannāmasmṛtimātreņa vighnāh kāyavināśinah I vilīyamte 'khilā nṛṇām sumamtrena vişāņi vā 11311 arayo durnnivārā hi tyaktvā vairam vrajamty aho i bamdhubhāvam satām nūnam yannāmajapanena hi 11411 ksudrā devā durācārāh pīdayamti na jātu cit \ cāhisimhādayo ho yacharanānvitacetasām 11511 This sarga contains 117 verses, and ends, on f. 8: iti śrībhaţţārakaśrīsakalakīrttiviracite śrīpārśvanāthacaritre Marubhūtibhavavarņņano nāma prathamah sargrah I cha II I II

Sarga 2, treating in 112 verses of the gajemdraśaśiprabhadevāgnivegabhavatraya, ends on f. 15. Sarga 3,
treating in 102 verses of the Agnivegakumāradīkṣāvidyutprabhadeva, ends on f. 21<sup>V</sup>. Sarga 4, treating in
108 verses of the Vajranābhicakravarttivibhava, ends on
f. 28. Sarga 5, treating in 118 verses of the Vajranābhicakravarttivairāgyotpattigraiveyakagamana, ends on
f. 35. Sarga 6, treating in 107 verses of the ahamemdrabhillanārakaḥduḥkha (sic), ends on f. 42. Sarga 7,
treating in 100 verses of the Ānamdamahāmamḍalīkabhava, ends on f. 47<sup>V</sup>. Sarga 8, treating in 121 verses
of the Ānamdamunivairāgyotpattitapas, ends on f. 55.
Sarga 9, treating in 102 verses of the Ānamtemdravibhūtisukha, ends on f. 61<sup>V</sup>. Sarga 10, treating in 112
verses of the ratnavṛṣṭiṣodaśasvapna, ends on f. 68.

Sarga 11, treating in 125 verses of the tirthamkaragarbhajanma, ends on f. 75v. Sarga 12, treating in 126 verses of the janmābhiṣeka, ends on f. 83. Sarga 13, treating in 106 verses of the Jinemdramamdananamdanātaka, ends on f. 89v. Sarga 14, treating in 137 verses of the bālakrīḍāvairāgyotpatti, ends on f. 97v. Sarga 15, treating in 138 verses of the bāraanuprekṣā, ends on f. 1c6. Sarga 16, treating in 151 verses of the dīkṣā, ends on f. 115. Sarga 17, treating in 106 verses of the kevalajñanotpatti, ends on f. 121v. Sarga 18, treating in 158 verses of the samavasarana, ends on f. 131. Sarga 19, treating in 102 verses of the gaņadharakṛtapṛchā, ends on f. 137. Sarga 20, treating in 130 verses of the tatvopadesa, ends on f. 145. Sarga 21, treating in 116 verses of the prasnottaranirupakā, ends on f. 151v. Sarga 22, treating in 104 verses of the Jinemdravihārakarmma, ends on f. 158. Sarga 23 ends, on f. 165: pamcāśadadhikāny evāstāvimsatisatāny api i ślokasamkhyā samvijneyā sarvagramthasya lekhakaih II 100 II iti bhațțārakaśrīsakalakīrttiviracite śrīpārśvanāthacaritre śripārśvanāthamokṣagamanavarṇṇano nāma trayovimsatitamah I sargrah II 23 II I srī I grathāgramthasamkhyā 3850 (sic) II

The MS. is not accurate. The words are marked off from one another by the first hand by means of small perpendicular strokes above the letters. There are several corrections by a later hand. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines, and the colophons throughout are in red ink.

For sarga 1, 28-33, see Bhandarkar, l. c., p. 433.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 451). Former owner: on f. 165<sup>v</sup> is written in a later hand: pustakam pamo-śivajīrāmaļodāhālāko ciramjīvīnemicam-dapaṭhanārtham!

Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 165 + ii blank.

Date: f.  $165^{\triangledown}$ : saṃvat 1797 (= A.D. 1741) varṣe mār-gaśirṣamāse śuklapakṣe tīthau 6 guruvāsare  $\square$ 

Scribe: f. 165<sup>v</sup>: śrīpratāpapure paṃḍitadayālajī likhitāmam idaṃ pustakaṃ śubhaṃ bhavatu l

Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

#### 1398-MS. Sansk. d. 319

#### Sakalakīrti's S'āntināthacaritra, A. D. 1615.

Contents: the S'antinathacaritra, being a life of the tīrthaṃkara S'antinatha, by Sakalakīrti, for whom see MS. Sansk. d. 302 (1397). It is divided into sixteen adhikāras. Adhikāra I begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: om namah siddhebhyah i śrīvītarāgāya namah i Sarasvatyai namah i

bhattarakaśrigunacamdraśrigurubhyo namah i namah śriśāmtināthāya jagachamtividhāyine \ krtsnakarmaughaśāmtāya śāmtaye sarvakarmmanām 11111 yo'bhūt sodaśamo loke tīrthanātho 'marārccitah | bhuvanatrayavikhyātah samsārāmbudhipāragah 11211 jātaš cakrādinātho yo naremdrah pamcamo bhuvi i vamdyo narādhipair devaih khecarais ca jinādhipaḥ 11 3 11 kāmadevo 'tivikhyāto jitamanmatha eva yaḥ ı nahārūpī jinādhīśo 'jani lokatraye guņāt 11 4 11 tasya śrīśāmtināthasya pādau śrīgaņanāyakaih I vamditau tadgunagrāmasiddhyai vamde sulaksanau 11511 namaskurve jinādhīśam vṛṣabham vṛṣanāyakam t vṛṣāya vṛṣadam loke vṛṣatīrthapravarttakam 11611 For verses 12-45 see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 430-433. Adhikāra 1, treating in 100 verses of the iştadevatānamaskārakartṛśrotṛkathāguņa, ends on f. 7. Adhikāra 2, treating in 146 verses of the vijayārddhasvayamprabhāvivāha, ends on f. 21. Adhikāra 3, treating in 186 verses of the amitatejorājyaprajāpatijvalanajaţīmuktigamanaśrīvijayavighnavināśa, ends on f. 31. Adhikāra 4, treating in 166 verses of the Amitatejādharmmapraśnakarana, ends on f. 41. Adhikāra 5, treating in 186 verses of the nṛpaśrīṣeṇādibhavacatuṣka, ends on the verso of f. 50b. Adhikāra 6, treating in 199 verses of the raviculadevaditavadvaya, ends on f. 617. Adhikāra 7, treating in 254 verses of the anamtavīryaduḥkhācyutemdrasukha, ends on f. 75. Adhikāra 8, treating in 263 verses of the anamtavīryasamyaktvalābhavajrāyudhacakravarttibhava, ends on Adhikāra 9, treating in 302 verses of the ahamimdrabhava, ends on f. 106. Adhikāra 10, treating in 301 verses of the nrpomegharattabhava, ends on f. 122v. Adhikāra 11, treating in 303 verses of the nṛpamegharathavairāgyotpattidīkṣā (the end of the title is lost), ends on f. 139v. Verses 76-258 are lost. Adhikāra 12, treating in 276 verses of the ahamimdrasukhagarbhāvataraņa, ends on f. 155. Adhikāra 12 has lost verses 190-240. Adhikāra 13, treating in 319 verses of the Samtinathajanmavataradevagamana, ends on f. 174v. Adhikāra 14, treating in 322 verses of the janmābhiṣekarājyalakṣmī, ends on f. 193. Adhikāra 15, treating in 350 verses of the bhagavannişkramanajñānakalyāṇakadvaya, ends on f. 215. Adhikāra 16 ends, on f. 240 : iti śrīśāmtināthacaritre bhattārakaśrīsakalakīrttiviracite śrīśāmtināthasamosaraņadharmmopadešamoksagamanavarnano nāma sodašamādhikārah 11 16 11 cha i iti śriśamtinathacaritram samaptam i ślokasamkhyā 43761 There are in this chapter 317 verses, of which the last runs: asya Sāmticaritrasya jñeyāḥ ślokāḥ sulekhakaih v pamcasaptatyadhikās tricatvārimsachatapramāh 11 17 11

This is a very well-written and accurate MS. The words have been separated by small strokes at the top.

The margin is formed by 1, 2, 3, or 4 red lines. There is a spot of red on the margin of the versos. A number of corrections and explanations have been added by a later hand, which has drawn figures on f. 173v. F. 240 is reversed in binding.

On this work cf. Bhandarkar, l. c., p. 121.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 469). Size:  $10^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 5^{\frac{1}{2}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+240+i blank. Really 225, for ff. 35, 198, 239 are passed over, and ff. 127-136, 150-152 are missing, while f. 50 is doubled.

Date: f. 240 $^{\circ}$ : śrīsaṃvat 1671 (= A.D. 1615) varșe śrāv(aṇa? letters lost) 2 vāra vṛspatavāsare 1

Scribe: f. 240°: Hariyāṇādese Kasūhaṇivāstavye Akabbarasutajahāṃgīrajalālādīsalamasāhirājipravarttamāne śrīkāṣṭāsaṃghe Māthurānvae Puṣkaragaṇe bhaṭṭārakaśrīvijayasenadevas \ tatpaṭṭe siddhāṃtajalasamupravivekakalākamalinīvikāśanaikadimarsābhaṭṭārakaśrīnayasena—— \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrīasvasenadevā \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrīanaṃtakirttidevā \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrīanaṃtakirttidevā \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrītidevā \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrītidevā \ tatpaṭṭe bhaṭṭārakaśrīhemakīrttidevas tatp—— \ In the margin in the same hand: liṣitaṃ kāyasthasudarśanena \

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 127-136, 150-152 are lost. The MS. has suffered very much from abrasion, especially ff. 51-93, 125-162, in which many lines are quite obliterated.

#### 1399-MS. Sansk. c. 127

#### Sakalakīrti's Sukumālasvāmicaritra, with glosses, A. D. 1823.

Contents: the Sukumālasvāmicaritra, in nine sargas, by Sakalakīrti, with marginal glosses. It begins, on f. 17: om namo paramestibhyah i namah śribiśvanāthāya pamcakalyānabhāgine \ mahate Barddhamānāya nityānamtaguņābdhaye II I II yena prakāśito dharmmas trijagachīsukhākarah i barttate 'dyāpi loke 'smin saṃghais' caturbidhair mahān 11211 yo 'traikāmtamatājñānatamojālam baco'msubhih i uchidyādarsayat pumsām mukter mārgam sivāptaye 11 3 11 āpa yo Barddhamānākhyam devaih śrīmānabarddhanāt i Bīrākhyam ca mahābīranāmāmtarbidvisām jayāt 11411 svayam sanmārgabodhāc ca param sanmatisamjñakam ı tam staumi trijagatpūjyam dharmmasāmrājyacakriņam 11511 ādau yo mugdhabuddhīnām māryāṇām śivasiddhaye I svarmuktidam dvidho dharmmam divyena dhvaninādiśat 11611 The style is very similar to that of his other caritras, see MSS. Sansk. d. 302, 319 (1397, 1398).

н h 2



Sarga 1, treating in 94 verses of the Nāgaśrīdharmalābha, ends on f. 4v. Sarga 2, treating in 139 verses of the himsanrtasteyotpannapratyakşaduhkhapraptajanakathā, ends on f. 9v. Sarga 3, treating in 89 verses of the avrahmaparigrahajātapratyakṣadoṣadarśananāgaśrībhavāmtarapraśnakaraņa, ends on f. 12v. Sarga 4, treating in 126 verses of the sūryamitradvijadīkṣāgrahaņopāya, ends on f. 17. Sarga 5, treating in 100 verses of the nagaśribhavamtara, ends on f. 20v. Sarga 6, treating in 115 verses of the nāgaśrīnāgaśarmmāditapaḥsvargagamana, ends on f. 24v. Sarga 7, treating in 131 verses of the śrisukumārotpattisukha, ends on f. 29. Sarga 8, treating in 163 verses of the Sukumāramuniśrgalikrtopasargajayanupreksacimtanasarbarthasiddhigamana, ends on f. 34. Sarga 9, with 94 verses, ends on f. 37v: Nābheyādyā jinemdrā guņagaņanidhayo biśvalokāgrabhūtāh i siddhāh karmmāmgadūrāh paramapadamitāķ amtakīnā makāmtaķ i ācāryā muktikāmā nikhilamunihitāh pāthakāh sādhavas ca i sarve bamdyā stutā me paramasutapaso maṃgalaṃ vaḥ pradadyuḥ 1192 11 amalaguņanidhānam biśvalokaikadīpam \ rahitasakaladoşam svākşapāpāri śāstram 1 śubhasukhaśivamūlam jñānatīrtham pabitram i jayatu munibaraughair etad uktram dharitryām 11 93 11 Sukumālacaritrāsyāsya ślokā pamditā budhaih i vijneyā likhakaih sarbe ekādaśaśatapramāļ 11 94 11 iti śrīsukumārasvāmicaritre bhattārakasakalakīrttibiracite Yaśobhadrādīksāgrahanayaśobhadrasuremdradattavṛṣabhāmkadhvajamokṣagamanasarbārthasiddhiahamimdrabibhūtivarnnano nāma navamah sargah 11911 sampūrnnām 1

The scribe has marked off the words by small lines at the top. He has also added in the margins and at the top and bottom of the text glosses of his own, numbered to correspond to numbers placed above the words glossed. The glosses are simple and correct. The text is fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by three red lines.

As to the name, the evidence is not decisive, but Sukumāla° seems preferable, as in the other MSS. mentioned by Bhandarkar, *Report*, 1884–1887, p. 108, no. 1131; Peterson, *Report*, 1883, 1884, *App.*, p. 28, no. 280.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 478). Size:  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 37 + i blank.

Date: f.  $37^{\nabla}$ : saṃvat 1879 (= A. D. 1823) kā māghamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe caturthyāṃ tithau bhaumavāre  $\mathbb{I}$ 

Scribe: f. 37<sup>V</sup>: śrīādināthacaityālaye śrīmūlasaṃghe Balātkāragaṇe Sarasvatīgache Kuṃdakuṃdācāryānvaye bhaṭṭārakajīśrī 108 śrīsukheṃdrakīrttijītadamnāye pam-ditajīśrīnānigadāsajītachiṣyabinayavatā Bakhatarāmena

likhitam sikhyarikhabadāsapathanārtham i subham bhūyāt i i.e. for his pupil Ŗṣabhadāsa.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1400-MS. Sansk. d. 300

S'ubhacandra's Pāṇḍavapurāṇa, A. D. 1637.

Contents: the Pandavapurana, more properly entitled the Mahābhārata, of Subhacandra, pupil of Vijayakīrti, being a Jaina version of the Mahābhārata, written in the kāvya style, mainly in ślokas, in A. D. 1552. Owing to the loss of ff. 1-91 of this MS., chapters 1 to 11, 2 are lost, and f. 92 begins with 11, 3. Chapter 11, which contains a description of the Yadavadvarikapraveśaśrinemīśvarotpatti in 105 verses, ends on f. 96. Chapter 12, treating in 367 verses of the Pāmdavalākṣāgṛhapraveśajvalanaprachannanirgamanagamgāsamuttaranakumdīnāmajaladevatāvašīkaraņa, ends on f. 109. Chapter 13, treating in 160 verses of the Pāmdavaparadeśagamanayudhişthirakanyālābha, ends on f. 11b. Chapter 14, treating in 213 verses of the Bhīmapāmdavakanyādvayaprāptighatukasutotpattigajavašīkaraņagadālābha, ends on f. 123. Chapter 15, treating in 228 verses of the Pārthadropadīvivāhapāmdavahastināpurasamāgamana, ends on f. 132. Chapter 16, treating in 154 verses of the Pāmdavadyūtakrīdākaraņavanaravāsagamana, ends on f. 137v. Chapter 17, treating in 327 verses of the Pāmdavānām kṛtyopadravavināśanavirāṭagamanadraupadīśīlarakṣaṇakīcakavināśa, ends on f. 150. Chapter 18, treating in 200 verses of the Pāmdavānām Virātanagare Kauravabhamgaprāpaņagokulavimocanābhimanyuvivāhadvārāvatīpraveśa, ends on f. 157v. Chapter 19, treating in 275 verses of the Krsnajarasamdhasamgaravarnana and the Gamgeyasanyasagrahanapamcatvapraptipamcamasvargagamana, ends on f. 1687. Chapter 20, treating in 358 verses of the Pāmdavakauravasamgrāmakauravajarāsamdhavadha, ends on f. 182v. Chapter 21, treating in 142 verses of the Dropadiharanavişuupāmdavatadvīpagamanadraupadīprāpti, ends on f. 188v. Chapter 22, treating in 101 verses of the Srīnemināthadīkṣāgrahaṇakevalotpattidvārikādahanakṛṣṇaparalokagamanabaladevadīkṣāgrahaṇa, ends on f. 193. Chapter 23, treating in 121 verses of the Pāmdavabhavāmtaradvaya, ends on f. 198. Chapter 24, treating in 94 verses of the Pāmdavadraupadībhavāmtara, ends on f. 2017. Chapter 25 ends on f. 210: śrimadvikramabhūpater dvikahataspastāstasamkhye šate ramye stādhikavatsare sukhakārabhādre dvitīyātithau \ śrīmadvāgvaranīvṛtīdam atule śriśākavāțe pure śrimachripurudhāmni vae viracitam stheyāt purāņam ciram 11 187 11 iti śrīpāmdavapurāņe Mahābhāratanāmni bhattāraśrīśubhacamdrapranīte brahmaśrīpālasāhāyyasāpekse Pāmdavopasargasahanakevalotpattimuktisarvārthasiddhigamanaśrīnemināthanirvānagamanavarnanam nāma pamcavimśatitamam parvvah 112511 śubham bhavatu 1 iti śrīmahābhāratapāmdavapurāna samāptāh 1 cha 1 cha 1 The date thus given is samvat 1608 (= A.D. 1552). Śrīpāla revised the work. Verses 67-86 of this chapter are given by Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. 156-160. There are no important variants in this MS., except that a verse is added after verse 182: śrīpāmdavapurānena ślokasamkhyā kavihkrtam 1 satsahasra budhai jūātvā punah rāmaśatāni ca 1118311 Rāma here means 3 as usual, and is so glossed in the MS., but the verse is clearly spurious.

The MS. is not very accurate, despite the fact that it was written only eighty-seven years after the composition of the work. There are a good many corrections by a much later hand throughout. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, with two more in the margin. On f. 106 the usual Jaina diagram appears in the centre, and is partially filled up with a spot of red ink. The colophons and numbers are written in red or red and black ink. On f. 128 (chap. 15. 126) a lacuna is marked. On f. 133°, if the verses are numbered correctly, chap. 16. 40–44 is missing.

For Subhacandra see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 113; Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, pp. 156 sq., Report, 1892–1895, pp. lxxii, lxxiii; Weber, Catal., II, 1090, n.4.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 449). Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 210 + ii blank. Really 120, as ff. 1-91 are missing, while f. 116 is repeated.

Date: f. 210<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1693 (= A.D. 1637) varșe asvanimăse śuklapakșe caturddaśītithau camdravāre revatīnakṣatre i

Scribe: f. 210°: Serapuranagare śrīcimtāmaṇi-(ciṃto in a later hand)-caityālaye śrīmāhārādhirājamāhārājaśrīvīṭhaladāsajīrājye śrīmūlasaṃghe Naṃdāṃnāyabalātkāragaṇe Sarasvatigache śrīkuṃdakuṃdācāryānvaye bhaṭṭārakaśrīcaṃdrakīrttidevā i tatpaṭṭe bho-śrīdeveṃdrakīrttidevā i tatpaṭṭe bho-śrīdeveṃdrakīrttidevā i tatpaṭṭe bho-śrīdeveṃdrakīrttidevā i tatpaṭṭe bho-śrīnareṃdrakīrtti i tadāmnāye khaṃḍe Lavālānveye i Bhosāgotre sāo Tejā tadbhāryā Tribhuvade tāyo putra sa Nākṣūtadbhāryā Holādeitayo putrau dvau i prathama sāo Pṛthīrāja tasya bhāryā Pāṭamade tatputra Ciraṃlālacaṃda i dvitīya sāo Kalyāṇa tadbhāryā Karaṇāde i eteṣāṃ madhye Bahupāṭamade idaṃ Pāṃḍupurāṇa bāīhariṣājogya liṣāi dattaṃ vratakalyārṇanīmati lio jodhā śubhaṃ i Sāo here is probably for sādhu, cf. Weber, Catal., II, 1015, and for the whole, ibid., p. 1028.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 1-91 are missing, and the MS. has suffered a good deal from abrasion.

#### 1401-MS. Sansk. d. 265

Vijayagani's Aristanemicarita, 17th or 18th cent.?

Contents: the Aristanemicarita, a history of a Jina, by Vijayagaņi. It is a most elaborate composition in a florid style. It begins on f. 17, and ends on f. 74. Pariccheda 1, treating of śrīnemipūrvabhavavarnnana, ends on f. 12 v. Pariccheda 2, treating of mānusīvidyādhariparinayana, ends on f. 21v. Pariccheda 3 ends on f. 36v; it treats of much the same matter as pariccheda 1. Pariccheda 4, treating of Vasudevahidivarnnana, ends on f. 37v. Pariccheda 5, treating of Aristanemi's birth, ends on f. 43v. Pariccheda 6, treating of Pradyumnakumāracaritravarņņana, ends on f. 50°. Pariccheda 7, treating of Harinegameşadevārādhana, ends on f. 53. Pariccheda 8 ends on f. 58, treating inter alia of vṛṣtibhavana. Pariccheda 9, treating of Rājīmatijanmopādāna, ends on f. 59v. Pariccheda 10, treating of kevalajñānotpattivarņņana, ends on f. 64v. Pariccheda 11 treats of various matters, including mauna; it ends on f. 69v. Pariccheda 12, treating of kṛṣṇāvasānakārttana, ends on f. 72. Pariccheda 13 ends on f. 74: iti rājādhirājaśrīmadakabbarasāhikṣoṇīpatipradattāthimānamārditānekabandījñābhimānasiddhisaudhasaupānasvakīyavacanarjitāmṛtapānasakalabhaṭṭārakabhāminībhālabhūṣaṇayamānabhaţţārakaśrī 5 śrīvijayasenasurīśvaraśişyapamditapīyūṣapāyaparamparāpuramdarapamditaśrīkanakavijayaganicaranapamkajabhramarasadréagunavijayaganiviracite śrimadaristanemicarite sulalitagadyabamdhe Nārāyanasiddhārtha devadṛṣṭānta darśanabala devapratibod ha nakṛṣṇaṃgisaṃskaraṇadīkṣādaraṇapaṃcamadevalokavrajanaśrīnemināthapaṃcapāṃḍavanicaṇivarṇṇano nāma trayodaśah paricchedah sampūrnnah i From this (which is repeated with slight variations at the end of each pariccheda) it appears that the author's guru lived under Akbar. Was Vijayasena the man who is mentioned in Weber's Catal., II, 592, as aiding S'anticandra under Akbar (A.D. 1556-1605)? Cf. on MS. Sansk. d. 299 (1402). This work was written (f. 74): samvat șodaśa 16 rasa 6 vasu 8 varșe (= A. D. 1612) 'thāṣāḍha māsi pamcamyām karttum mamditam etat i pūrņņam cābhūḥ nabhaḥṣaṣṭyām I In the prasasti, on f. 74, Ganijitavijayaka, at whose request the poem was composed and who wrote the first exemplar (likhitam etat prathamādarśe svakṛtyāya), gives us the spiritual descent of Vijayagani. He was descended from the fifth ganadhara Sudharma, then from Jagaccandra, the founder of the Tapagaccha, here dated A.D. 1229 (abde 1285). Then, jāteşu jagatīšāya tato bhūrişu sūrişu, came Anandavimala, Vijayadāna, Hīra, Vijayasena, Vijayadevasūri, Kanakavijaya, Vijayagaņi (verses 1-14), the last verse

containing the date. The place of composition was Surāṣṭra, near Surapattana.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. There are many corrections in the margin by a later hand, and yellow pigment is freely used for erasures.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 410).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 74 + ii blank.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century, but may be older.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: f. 74 is slightly torn.

#### 1402-MS. Sansk. d. 299

Vijayagaņi's Pāņdavacaritra, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Pandavacaritra of Vijayagani, being a narrative of the war of the Pandavas and their history, in the kāvya style, written under Vijayasenasūri, head of the Tapagaccha, A. D. 1548-1615. This MS. contains only sargas 1-13 with a portion of sarga 14. Sarga 1 begins, on f. 1v: om namah paramātmane i om namo vṛṣabhasvāmi \ yogine paramātmane \ kāriņe śivasaukhyasya viśvasthitividhāyine II II parabrahmasvarūpāya I jagadānamdadāyine \ śrīyugādijineśāya \ parāya paramesthine 11211 yugmam 1 sa śrīśāntijino jīyāt 1 bhavyānām bhuvi śāmtikrt i matvā mṛgo jagattrānam i sevate lämchanachalät 11311 śrinemih śreyase bhūyāt Yaduvamśaśiromanih i vämchitarthaprado loke i kalpaśakhīva dehinām 114 11 Pārśvanāthah sa vah pāyān nīlavarņņatanudyutih i phanabhrnmaniruksobhī i meghāvad vidyutāśritah 11511 Varddhamānam jinam naumi 1 varddhamānagunotkaram \ \ \(\frac{\sirisiddh\arthakul\arthaka\frac{\sirisiddh\arthakaa\frac{\sirisidh\arthakaa\frac{\sirisiddh\arthakaa\fr nim 11611 natvā śrībhāratīm devīm 1 tathā śrīmadgurum nijam v caritram Pāṇḍaputrāṇām v Ikṣvākukulajanmanām 11711 uddhrtyanyacaritrebhyah 1 gadyabamdhena sumdaram \ karomy \ \attractatatavinod\attractaya \ \ \ tatha \ karmmak\say\attractaya ca 11811 yuymam 1 asmin Jambudvipe Bharataksetre srīrşabhadevasya satam āsau sutās i teşv ekah Kurunāmāsīt i tannāmnākhyātam kņetram i Kurukņetram i This is a fair specimen of the poor and feeble style of the compilation. Perhaps one of his sources was the Pandavacaritra of Devaprabhasūri, cf. Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 132, with the verses here cited. For another, cf. MS. Sansk. d. 300 (1400). Sarga 1 ends, on f. 15°: iti śrīmattapāgachabhattārakaśrīvijayasenasūrirājye v pamditadevavijayagaņiviracite Pāmdavacaritre v Pāṃḍavapūrvajavarṇṇano nāma prathamaḥ sargraḥ 11111 A later hand has added: gachādhirāja- 1 bhattāraka- 1 śrī 5 śrīhīravijayasūripaṭṭālamkāra-bhaṭṭº 1 and, after viracite, gadyabaṃdhabaṃdhure 1 Undoubtedly Hīra-vijaya and Vijayasena are the leaders of the Tapāgaccha, the former of whom was born A.D. 1527, see Weber, Catal., II, 998, 1015; Klatt, Ind. Ant., XI, 254. The same corrections have been made in the colophons of the other sargas. After alaṃkāra they add saṃprativijayamānaº 1

Sarga 2, treating of the Kṛṣṇanemijanmadvārakāsthāpanayudhiṣṭhirajanma, ends on f. 31v. Sarga 3, treating of the Bhīmaduryodhanādijanmakumārakalāropaņakalādarsanakarņņarājyābhiseka, ends on f. 48v. Sarga 4, treating of the Draupadisvayamvara, ends on f. 61. Sarga 5, treating of the Yudhişthirarājyābhişeka, ends on f. 73. Sarga 6, treating of the Nalopākhyānadyūtavarņņaņa, ends on f. 126. Sarga 7, treating of the śrijanugrhahidambabakavadha, ends on f. 147. Sarga 8, treating of the Kirātārjunīyatalatālavadhakamalaharana, ends on f. 164. Sarga 9, treating of the Duryodhanamocanakṛtyopadravanivarttana, ends on f. 175 v. Sarga 10, treating of the Virātāvasthānagograha, ends on f. 187v. Sarga 11, treating of the Drupadapurohitasamjayavișnudūtya, ends on f. 196. Sarga 12, treating of the dutasamakanṛpāgamanapāmdavakauravaprayāņakabala, ends on f. 204v. Sarga 13, describing the events of the eighteen days of the Pāmdavakauravayuddha, ends on f. 231. The whole ends abruptly, on f. 235°, thus: iti Mātalinā procyamāno śrinemir anamtabalaparākramo dhanvam adhijyam ni - - - 1

The MS. is fairly accurate, many of the errors being probably those of the author himself. It is, however, frequently corrected with yellow pigment, probably by a later hand. On ff. 158<sup>v</sup>, 198, 213<sup>v</sup> there are diagrams. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. F. 229 is half blank. For another work by this author, cf. MS. Sansk. d. 265 (1401).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 448). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 235 + ii blank. Really 232, as ff. 89, 117 are passed over, and f. 86 is lost.

Date: probably about A. p. 1650-1700.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: f. 86 is lost, and the end is missing.

#### 1403—MS. Mill 70

Padmasundara's Pārśvanāthakāvya, A. D. 1566.

Contents: the Pārśvanāthakāvya, being a life of the Jina Pārśvanātha in the usual Jaina style, by Padma-

sundara. It is divided into seven chapters. Chapter 1, the śrīpārśvaprāgbhavasaptakaśamsana, in 85 stanzas, ends on f. 4. Chapter 2, the śrīpārśvatīrthakaragotrārijana, in 77 stanzas, ends on f. 6v. Chapter 3, the śrīpārśvajanmābhiṣekotsava, in 218 stanzas, ends on f. 12<sup>v</sup>. Chapter 4, the śripārśvajayaśrīvarnnana, in 196 stanzas, ends on f. 18. Chapter 5, the śripārśvaniḥkramaņa, in 107 stanzas, ends on f. 22. Chapter 6, the śripārśvasamavasṛtidharmmadeśanopaślokana, in 160 stanzas, ends on f. 27. Chapter 7 ends on f. 29<sup>v</sup>, with verse 66: ānamdodāyaparvvataikataraner Ānamdameror guroḥ śiṣyaḥ paṃḍitamaulimaṃḍanamaṇiḥ śrīpadmamerur guruh i tachisyottamapadmasumdarakavih śripārśvanāthāhvayam kāvyam navyam idam cakāra sarasālamkārasamdarbhitam 11 66 11 iti śrimatparāparaparamesthipadāravimdamakaramdasumdararasāsvādasamprīnitabhavyabhavye i pamo-śripadmameruvineyapamo-śripadmasumdaraviracite śrīpārśvanāthamahākāvye śrīpārśvanāthanirvvānamamgalam nāma saptamah sargāh i namah śrīvāgdevatāyai | śrīḥ | śrīḥ | The notices of his teacher show clearly that he is identical with the well-known writer of the name, who, as a member of the Nagapuriya branch of the Tapagaccha, received a village, &c., from Akbar (A.D. 1556-1605), see Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 43; Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, p. lxxv. Peterson thinks that the date, samvat 1622, given here, is the date of the composition of the work, but this is an unnecessary hypothesis, as it is given quite clearly as the date of the copying. But the MS. must have been copied directly from the autograph of Padmasundara, and is in consequence very fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The gramthagram is given as 1150 ślokamanam.

Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i + 29 + i blank.

Date: f. 29<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1622 (= A. D. 1566) varșe śrāvaņavadi 6 vrhaspativāre 1

Scribe: f. 29\*: lişitam Rāvatagorā Cauhānavamśe 1

Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

#### 1404-MS. Sansk. d. 303

#### Pärśvanāthadaśabhavacaritra, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Pārśvanāthadaśabhavacaritra, a work in prose, mixed with ślokas, on the ten bhavas of the Jina Pārśvanātha. No author's name is given. begins, on f. 17: śrigurubhyo namah i Nābheyāya namas tasmai i yasya kramanakhāmsavah i mauli dadhati nam-

rāņām i mamgalyām aksataśriyam ii i ii stumah śrīśāmtināthasya kramachāyādrumadvayam I vyasminn aśrāmtaviśrāmtai i bhavatāpo na vidyate 11 211 manodrśa yad amgāmsam ı divyājananijojanam ı kalpānanidhilābhāya ı satām Nemim tam āśreye 11 3 11 bhaktiprahvo dvijihvo 'pi I prāpoccaih padasampadam I yasminn asmi nato bhaktyā i tam śrīpārśvajineśvaram ii 4 ii tam namāmi jinam vīram i yadutthāt trimsadi nadi i kṣāmadharam gurum prāpa i viśvah vyāpāstakalmakhā 11511 samastebhyah subhajñānah vadanebhyo jagattraye \ trikālavişayebhyo'pi i jitemdrebhyo namo stute 11611 These six verses are an inferior version of the six verses at the beginning of Bhāvadevasūri's Pārśvanāthacarita, which might further be conjectured to be one of the sources of this anonymous compilation. Its narrative proper begins: iha Jambūdvīpa iha I Bharatakşetre I madhyakhamde  $m{P}$ otana $m{p}$ uram nāma nagaram  $m{v}$  tat $m{r}$ ā $m{v}$ ivi $m{m}$ do nāma  $m{r}$ ā $m{ar{a}}$ i $m{ar{a}}$   $m{v}$ purohito ca Susūtī bhāryānudvārāh i tayo sūto Kamaddhamarūbhūtinamānau susiksito adhītah sarvvasāstro kiyatāpi kāle tayo i mātāpitarau svargam gatau putrau mātrpitraviyoga \ The author and the scribe (perhaps identical) must both have been very ignorant of The punctuation of this specimen is, of course, that of the MS. It ends, on f. 39v: kevalajñānam utpannam ekasatavarasāyu pālayitvā bahūnām jatīnām tapasvīnām upāśakānām dharmam bhājakṛtvā paścātamuktīm īyayau \ iti śrīpārśvanāthadaśabhavacaritra sampūrņam 1

The MS. is apparently all written by one hand. On ff. 1-21, 23 the text is bounded on either side by three red lines, with one at the edge of the margin. On f. 17 a lacuna is marked. On f. 117 there is a correction by the same hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 452).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 39 + xxxi blank.

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th century.

Scribe: f. 39▼: Mamgalapūramadhye śrīnavapalava-

pārśvanāthaprasādāt 1

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1405 (1, 2)-MS. Wilson 267

Kranadāsa's Vimalanāthapurāņa, Asaga's S'āntipurāņa, A. D. 1816.

Contents: two Jaina Puranas.

1. The Vimalanāthapurāņa, treating of the life of Vimalanātha, by Brahmakṛṣṇadāsa, son of Harṣa and Vārikā. It is a very long, tedious, modern work,

treating of the usual subjects of such legendary histories. It begins, on f. 17: om nama i siddhebhya i śrīsarasvatyai nma ı atha Vimalanāthapurāņa lişyate ı sārveśam Samkaram siddham i varsiyāmsam prajāpatim i samūdakehakam siddhyai I lekheśādīditam Jinam II II śeṣāms tīrthakṛto naumi \ sādaram jñānabhāskarān \ karmārātīn samunmülya 1 śivasāmrājyabhūmipān 11 2 11 Vimalam Vimalam staumi i vimalajñānaśālinam i durbodharajasā kīrņa- 1 bhūtale vāridāyitam 11311 Sarga 1, treating in 595 verses of the Mahārājaśrīśreņikakṛtapraśna, ends on f. 19v. Sarga 2, treating in 148 verses of the Padmasenacarasasrāhendravibhūti, ends on f. 24. Sarga 3, treating in 130 verses of the śrīvimalanāthotpattišakravihitābhisekānamdanāţakavarnana, ends on f. 28v. Sarga 4, treating in 484 verses of the śrīvimalavāhanadīkṣājñānamadhusvayambhūvalabhadrasamṛddhivarnana, ends on f. 43. Sarga 5, treating in 113 verses of the śrīvimalanāthoktabrahmajñānatatvāmṛtarasa, ends on f. 46v. Sarga 6, treating in 112 verses of the Vaijayamtasamjayamtadīksāgrahaņasamjayamtopasargaśivaprāptijayamtadharanatvaprāptitadāgamamādityābhadevasamāgama, ends on f. 50. Sarga 7, treating in 222 verses of the Simhasenacaraśridharadevotpatti, ends on f. 57. Sarga 8, treating in 245 verses of the Rāmadattācararatsamālācyutadevapūrņacacamdracararatnāyudhācyutadevasihasenacaravajrāyudhasarvārthasiddhigamana, ends on f. 64<sup>v</sup>. Sarga 9, treating in 79 verses of the śrimerumamdadikṣāgrahaṇaśrīvimalanāthanirvāņagamana, ends on f. 67. Sarga 10 ends on f. 73v, with verse 207, here: iti śrīvimalanāthapurāņe bhaṭṭārakaśrīratnabhūṣaṇāmnāyabakāravrahmakṛṣṇadāsaviracite Vrahmamamyaladāsasahādyasāpekņe nirvāņanāţakamerudhyānopasargamerumamdanirvāņanirūpaņo nāma daśamah sargah 11 10 11 This does not enable us to determine who Kṛṣṇadāsa was. A Kṛṣṇadāsa under Akbar wrote a Pārasīprakāśa, see Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 46, App., p. 219. Mangaladasa aided in the composition.

2. The S'āntipurāṇa, a legendary account of S'āntinātha, by Aśaga. It is partially described under MS. Wilson 266 (1)(1406). In its full form the work consists of sixteen sargas. These contain 105, 101, 100, 102, 117, 123, 100, 183, 158, 138, 156, 171, 207, 212, 143, 248 verses respectively, ending on ff. 77°, 81, 84, 87, 91, 94°, 98, 103, 108°, 113, 118, 123, 129°, 136, 140°, 148°. The verses of sarga 8 are in disorder, 164 being followed by 181–183, and these by 165–180. The colophon is on f. 148°: ity Aśagakṛtau S'āmtipurāṇe bhagavataḥ nirvāṇayamano nāma ṣoḍaśaḥ saryaḥ 116 11 saṃpūrṇa samāpta 1 The author is probably identical with Aśaga, pupil of Nāganandin, writer of the Vardhamānacaritra, Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. 113.

Both the MSS. are very carelessly written, as will be sufficiently seen from the titles of the chapters cited above. The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines. Lacunae are marked on ff. 4, 5<sup>v</sup>, 18, 18<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 41<sup>v</sup>, 61.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 148 + ii blank. In the original the two MSS. are foliated separately, having 1-73 and 1-74 (f. 45 being repeated) leaves respectively.

Date: f. 73<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1872 (= A. D. 1816) kāmāhamāse šuklapakṣe 5 šanivāsare! This applies to both MSS., as they are obviously written by the same hand.

Scribe: f. 73<sup>v</sup>: lipyakṛtam mahātmāsambhurāmasarvāī Jayapuramadhye i subham astu i

Character: Devanāgarī, with some Jaina characteristics.

#### 1406 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 266

#### Laghuśāntipurāṇa, Laghulalitavistara, Gurupaṭṭāvalī, 19th cent. ?

Contents: three MSS., all probably executed specially for H. T. Colebrooke.

1. The Laghuśāntipurāna, described in Colebrooke's handwriting on f. 1 v as abridged from the original, the Santipurana of Asaga. The abridgement contains twelve chapters. Chapter 1, the aparajitavidyapradurbhava, ends on f. 4. Chapter 2, the aparajitamamtraniścaya, ends on f. 8. Chapter 3, the damitārisandarśana, ends on f. 9. Chapter 4, the paravalasandarśana, ends on f. 12v. Chapter 5, the aparājitavijaya, ends on f. 14v. Chapter 6, the aparājitācyutendrasambhava, ends on f. 18v. Chapter 7, the acyutendrakhecarendrapratibodhane amitejaḥśrīvijayayoḥ sutārāvyatireka, ends on f. 23. Chapter 8, the khecarendrameghanādasyācyutendrabhāva, ends on f. 31. Chapter 9, the vajrāyudhaprativādina, ends on f. 34. Chapter 10, the vajrāyudhasya graiveyakasaumanasyasambhava, ends on f. 40. Chapter 11, the megharathasambhava, ends on f. 47. Chapter 12, the megharathasya sarvāsiddhigama, ends on f. 53. F. 53v is blank. Ff. 54, 54v contain a list of the titles of the chapters. The form of the colophons is invariably: ity Aśagakṛtau S'āntipurāne --- sargah \ The MS. is fairly accurate, being an autograph. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. See MS. Wilson 267 (2) (1405).

2. The Laghulalitavistara, abridged for Colebrooke by one of his pandits, according to a note on f. 1. It contains a legendary account of Buddha's life, current among the so-called Northern Buddhists. The work is

compressed so as to be merely a table of contents. It begins on f. 55°; and consists of twenty-seven sections, which end on ff. 56, 56°, 57, 57, 57°, 57°, 58°, 58°, 58°, 59°, 59°, 59°, 59°, 60, 61°, 62, 63°, 65°, 66, 66, 66°, 66°, 66°, 66°, 67°, 69, 69°. The last colophon, on f. 69, is: iti laghulalitavistare Buddhapurāṇe saptaviṃśatitamo 'dhyāyaḥ samāptaṃ cedaṃ laghulalitavistarākhyaṃ Buddhapurāṇaṃ i The MS. is fairly accurate, being like 1 an autograph. It is possible that it was written by the same hand as 1, but this is not certain. The Lalitavistara has been published, but in a very poor edition, by Rājendralāla Mitra in the Bibl. Ind. It was translated by Foucaux, Paris, 1848, from the Tibetan, and by Lefmann, Berlin, 1874.

3. The Gurupațțavali (perhaps a better title than that in the Bodl. catal., p. 372b), a list of the heads of the Tapagaccha of the Jains. It begins, on f. 70v: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ ı athātra śrīparyūṣaṇāparvaṇi samāgate caturmāsakasthā munayo māmgalikam paryūşaņākalpanāmādhyayanam pamcadināni vācayamti i tadvācanād anu ca sarvaṃ hi kāryaṃ mukhamadhyātakṛtamaṃgalam sat sukhāya bhavati i The notices of the various heads correspond broadly to those in Weber's Catal., II, 651, 652, 997-1015, and in Klatt's important treatise, 'Extracts from the historical records of the Jainas,' Ind. Ant., XI, 245-256. The list omits Jñānasāgara and Kulamandana, nos. 50, 51 in Weber (see his note 4, p. 1012), and continues after Hīravijayasūri with Vijayasenasūri (1609–1672 of the Vikrama era =  $\mathbf{A}$ . D. 1553– 1616), Vijayadevasūri (samvat 1634, date of birth), Vijayasimhasūri (samvat 1644–1713), Vijayaprabhasūri (samvat 1677-1750), Vijayaratnasūri (samvat 1711-1773), Vijayakşamāsūri (samvat 1728-1785), Vijayadayāsūri, with whom it ends abruptly, giving merely his name on f. 847: tatpatte 65 tatpatte Vijayadayāsūri 1 The list is continued down to the present day in the Jainatattvādarśa, Bombay, 1884, pp. 592 sq. The list was probably compiled by the writer of the MS. for H. T. Colebrooke. The MS. is written in a different hand from that of 1 and 2. On f. 70" the text is bounded by a broad red line.

Former owner: it is clear that these MSS. were written for Colebrooke, who must have given them to H. H. Wilson.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Paper of European make.

Date: doubtless the beginning of the 19th or the end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī,

BODL SANS, CATAL, IL

### 54. DIDACTIC TREATISES

1407-MS. Sansk. d. 267

Upadeśamālāvṛtti, A.D. 1607.

Contents: the Upadeśamālāvṛtti, a commentary on the Upadeśamālā. The work is not identical with either of those described in full by Weber, Catal., II, 1082 sq. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: namaḥ sarvajñāya 1 heyopādeyārthopadeśabhābhiḥ prabodhitajanābjam 1 jinavaradinakaram avadalitakumatamitiram namaskṛtya 11111 gīrdevatāprasāditadhārṣṭyān mamdatarajamtubodhāya 1 jadabudhir api vidhāsye vivaraṇam Upadeśamālāyāḥ 11211 It ends, on f. 87<sup>v</sup>: Upadeśamālāvivaraṇam samāptam iti gr. 4000 1

The text is decidedly inaccurate. There are a few glosses by a later hand. In the centre of each page there is the usual Jaina diagram. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The author of this Upadeśamālā was Dharmadāsa, Weber, Catal., II, 1082, n. 14. This is evidently the commentary of Siddhasādhu, see Peterson, Report, 1884—1886, pp. 25, 130, 172, 184, who in Report, 1886—1892, p. cxxix, identifies him with the author of the Upamitabhavaprapañcā, which he dates in A. D. 436, taking 962 as a Vīra date. Cf. Klatt, Vienna Orient. Journ., IV, 64. It is more probably a Vikrama date, i. e. A. D. 906.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 412).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 87 + ii blank.

Date: f. 87\*; samv. 1663 (= A. D. 1607) varșe 1

Scribe: f. 87v: śrijayasomopādhyāyānām pratir iyam pradattā i śrīsamkhabālagotrīyasā°-pūmjādharmmapatnī śrā°-pūjalādanāmnī kukṣijātasam°-mānasimghadharmapatnyā śrāvikādevakīnāmnyā śrījñānabhaktyai pradattā śrīahammamdyavāde i This is written in very small and indistinct writing, and may be later than the first hand.

Character: Devanagarī, Jaina style.

#### 1408—MS. Sansk. d. 305

Hemacandra's Balinarendrākhyānaka, A.D. 1616.

Contents: the Balinarendrākhyānaka, a legend in clumsy prose, by Hemacandra. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīsarvajñāya namaķ i astīha Jambūdvīpe Meroķ paścimāyām diśi Samthilāvati nāmā vijayas tatra nivāsaķ

sarvasampadām nilayonih sesavilāsānām grham samastasadvyavahārāņām anāspadam ašeşapāpavyāpārāņām dhāma dharmakarmaṇām valayitam prāmsuprakāreņa durgākṛtam atigaṃbhīraparikhayā samagrāścaryaniketanam ativistīrņam avanivanitāsirastilakabhūtam Vijayapuram nāma nagaram i tatra cārādhyah pārthivasahasrāņām prathamah satvavātām agresaro vikraminām pātram samagrasampadām jaladhir buddhisaritām vihitabahuvismayo mahāmamtriņām kamanīyatāhitakāmavibhramah kāminīnām mahākarikumbhasthalasthulena kathinakarakeśākṛṣṭaripuramānavaratakṛtakeliḥ prabala $parabal\bar{a} calanica yanirddhalana dambholi\'s~Camdra maulir$ nāma mahānaremdrah i and so on in the same wearisome manner. It ends, on f. 64v: sarvasarīrakarmasambamdham viprahāya samjāto nirvṛtipurīyarameśvaro Balinaremdrarşikevalijivah ı iti Balinaremdrākhyānakam samāptam I cha I paripūrņeyam Bhuvanabhānukathā I cha i śubham bhavatu i kalyāņam astu i cha i A later hand has added below: tatsamāptau prathamā anityatābhāvanā samāptā i iti Maladhāragachamamdanaprabhuśrihemacamdrasūrisamdarbbhitam Bhuvanabhānukedalicaritam sampūrņam samāptam i cha i From this it would appear that the author was that Hemacandra, whose pupil, Srīcandrasūri, wrote the Munisuvratasvāmicaritra in A.D. 1065. Bhuvanabhānu is another name of Narendra, who preaches to Candramauli on the emptiness of the world. For this writer see Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. cxl, cxli, 7, 8, Report, 1892-1895, p. lxxxv and reff.; Weber, Catal., II, 799, Other MSS. in Mitra, Notices, IX, 23, X, 127; Bhandarkar, Deccan Coll. catal., p. 37, no. 366.

The MS. is written with fair accuracy. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and in the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram. There are some corrections in a later hand. Slokas are mixed with the prose on ff.  $4-7^{\circ}$ , 26, 55 sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 454). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 64 + ii blank.

Date: f. 64<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1672 (= A.D. 1616) māhasuda 8 dine: The MS. hardly looks so old, but the handwriting is old in style, and the date may therefore be correct, though the paper looks new; cf. Hultzsch, Z.D. M. G., XL, 11.

Scribe: f. 64<sup>v</sup>: śrīsāḥdhamnāparuṣāṇīḥ Vāghayāl līṣatam i Sāḥ is perhaps for sādhu, and the name may be Vādyapāl as far as the writing is concerned.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: f. 62" has suffered from abrasion.

#### 1409-MS. Sansk. d. 328

#### Somaprabha's Sindūraprakara, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Sinduraprakara or Suktimuktāvalī, an anthology in 100 verses on the chief points of the Jaina doctrine, by Somaprabha, pupil of Vijayasimhasūri, circa A.D. 1220. In this MS. it begins, on f. IV: Simdūraprakaras tapaskariširaķkrode kaṣāyāṭavī- \ dāvārecirņņicaya prabodhadivasaprārambhasūryodayah I muktiśrikucakumbhakumkumarasah śreyastaroh pallavah t prollāsah kramayor nnakhadyutibharah pātu vah 1111 It contains 100 verses, of which the last is erroneously numbered 101: Somaprabhā cāryamabhā ca yan na i puṃsāṃ tamaḥpaṃkam apākaroti i tad apy amuşminn upadeśaleśe i niśamyamāne 'nisam eti nāśam ii 101 ii iti śrīsomaprabhācāryakrtasim I The MS. here ends abruptly, a leaf being evidently lost. To remedy the loss, a much later hand has inserted this verse: abhajad Ajitadevācāryapattadayādridyumanivijayasimhācāryapādāravimde \ madhukarasamanūjas tena Somaprabheņa viraci muniparājāā Sūktimuktāvalīyam 9 11 101 11

This MS. is fairly accurate. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, partially filled up by a red spot. The margin is a broad red line over two double lines.

For the work and its author see Weber, Catal., II, 1006, 1007, 1132, 1133; add to his references Bhandarkar, Report, 1884–1887, p. 126, no. 1395.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 479). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 10 + lxiii blank. Date: probably about A.D. 1650-1700. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1410-MS. Sansk. d. 329

#### Somaprabha's Sindūraprakara, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Sindūraprakara of Somaprabha, as in MS. Sansk. d. 328 (1409). In this MS. it begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>, with Karpūra°, and ends, on f. 7, with abhajad, &c., which it counts as verse 100, omitting the verse Somaprabhā, &c., and having as verse 99 the same verse as the preceding MS.: bhavāranyam muktvā yadi jigamişur muktinagarīm 1 tadānīm mā kārşīr vişayavişabṛkṣṣu vasatim 1 yatah śreyo 'py eṣām prathayati mahāmoham acirād ayam 1 jamtur yasmāt padam api na gaṃtum prabhavati 1199 11

It is a careful and fairly accurate MS. F. 7 seems to have been written by a different hand from the rest. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines,

and the marginal title and numbers of the leaves are ornamented.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 480).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 7 + ci blank.

Date: about A. D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1411-MS. Sansk. c. 128

# Somaprabha's Sindūraprakara, with a țippaṇa, A.D. 1739.

Contents: the Sindūraprakara of Somaprabha, as in MS. Sansk. d. 328 (1409), with a tippaṇa. In this MS. the Sindūraprakara has 103 verses, beginning with Siṃdūra°, and ending, on f. 14<sup>V</sup>, with abhajad, &c. (= verses 1 and 100, in Weber's Catal., II, 1132, 1133). The colophon is: iti śrīsomaprabhasūriviracitā Sūktimuktābalī samāptā 1

The tippana, as Hultzsch (Z.D.M.G., XL, 26) calls it, is nothing but a few glosses, usually written above the words and occasionally in the margin, without introduction or colophon, by perhaps a later hand than the text proper, in ink of a reddish tinge. They are most frequent towards the beginning.

The text is carefully written; the colophons and section-headings are in red ink. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 482).

Size:  $13 \times 6\frac{5}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 14 + lxx blank.

Date: f.  $14^{\triangledown}$ : saṃvat 1795 (= A. D. 1739) varṣe mitī posasudi 9 dine 1

Scribe: f. 147: lişatam Naimnasāgara subham śreya | | 1 | |

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1412-MS. Sansk. d. 330

#### Somaprabha's Sindūraprakara, with an avacūri, A. D. 1500.

is partly in Sanskrit, partly in bhāṣā. It appears to have been used by Harṣakīrti for his commentary, to which it is anterior in time. It is possible that the scribe was the author of the bhāṣā part. It ends, on f. 17<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīsomaprabhācāryavīracitam Simdūraprakarasya sūtrāvacūrih saṃpūrṇam iti i Somaprabhācamdrasya kāmti ca kārāt sūryakāmtih lokavastuprakāśam kurute i yathā āśur śīghram tathāyam upadeśaleśa ucair atyartham śubhotsavajñānagunān tanotu i iti Somaprabhācāryakṛtasimdūraprakarasyāvacūrih i cha i Though the commentary has only five verses in the last section, yet it alludes to a sixth in the same words as Harṣakīrti's commentary on verse 99, in Weber's Catal., II, 1133, and the sixth verse appears in the text.

Text and commentary are written consecutively. Both seem to be very fairly accurate. Some omissions have been supplied by a later hand. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Either Dharmasūri, see Mitra, Notices, IX, 160, used this commentary or the author of this used Dharmasūri, to judge from the considerable resemblance shown even in so few lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 481).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 18 + xli blank.

Date: f. 18: saṃvat 1557 varșe śāke 1422 (= A. D. 1500) pravarttamāne śrīmati kārttikamāse śuklapakṣe daśimyāṃ tithau ravīvāsare uttarabhadrapadakṣatre \

Scribe: f. 18: rājādhirājaśrīsūryamallavijayani Upakeśagache śrikakkasūrīnām śi ——— canācāryacā śrīānamdasamudratatśisyamahimāśamudrena Sim——— karaṭīkām lilekhi i cha i For Kakkasūri see Weber, Catal., II, 502.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1413-MS. Sansk. d. 831

#### Somaprabha's Sinduraprakara, with a tika, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Sindūraprakara of Somaprabha, as in MS. Sansk. d. 328 (1409), with a tīkā. In this MS. it has only 98 verses, beginning with Simdūrao, verse 1, and ending with abhajad, &c., verse 98. The commentary was apparently copied from an imperfect MS., as the gloss on verses 1-10 is completely omitted though space is left vacant. Verse 11 begins, on f. 4: kadācin nātamkah kupita iva paśyaty abhimukham 1 vidūre dāridryam cakitam iva naśyaty anudinam 1 viraktā kāmteva tyajati kugatih samgam udayo 1 na mumcaty abhyarnam sūhrd iva jinārcām racayatah 11111 The commentary is: kadācin nāo 1 jinārcām racayatah purusasya ātakah ka i kupita iva 1 yathā kupitah kadācit

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abhimukham na paśyati jinārcā racayitih i puruṣasya anudinam niramtaram dāridryam vidūre naśyati i daridryam kam iva cakita iva yathā cakitah bhayatrastah anudinam niramtaram dūre naśyati janārcā racayah puruṣasya kugatih tiryaggatih saṃgam saṃsargam tyajati kugatih i keva kāmteva yathā viraktā i kaṃtā saṃgam saṃsargam tyajati i jinārcām racayatah i puruṣasya udayah i abhyudayah etāvatā ṛddhivṛddhih abhyarṇa samīpam na muṃcati i udayah ka iva suhṛd iva i yathā suhṛt mitra abhyarṇaṃ samīpam na muṃcati ii ii The colophon of both text and commentary are identical, on f. 21: iti śrīsomaprabhācāryaviracitā Sūktimuktāvalī samāptam i The ślokasaṃṣyā is given at 750.

The text occupies the centre of the page, the commentary is at the top and bottom. The pratīkas are in red ink, as are the colophons and numbers. Both text and commentary are carelessly and inaccurately, though neatly, written. A lacuna is marked on f. 20. On f. 16 white pigment is used for a correction. The commentary is omitted on ff. 1-3.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 483). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 21 + 1 blank. Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century Character: Devanagari, Jaina style.

# 1414—MS. Walker 205 Hari's Karpūraprakara, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Karpūraprakara of Hari, pupil of Vajrasena, a subhāṣitakośa. Vajrasena is probably the member of the Nāgapurīya branch of the Tapāgaccha, to whom Allauddin Khiljī presented a firman (Allauddin was ruler of Delhi, A. D. 1295-1316), see Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 43; Weber, Catal., II, 1101. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgodīpārśvanāthāya namah i Karpūraprakarah śamāmṛtarase vaktremducamdrātapah i śukladhyānatantapraśūnanicayah punyābdhiphenodayah i muktiśrīkarapīḍanāc chasicayo vākkāmadhenoh payoh i vyākhyālakṣyajineśapeśalaradojjotiścayah pātu vah IIII This MS. reckons 179 verses; for verse 179 see the Bodl. catal., p. 402a. The colophon is: iti śrīkarppūraprakāraṇam samāptam i śrīr astu i śrī

The text is fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by two dark red lines.

For the other contents of this volume see the *Bodl.* catal., l. c. For other MSS., see Bhandarkar, *Deccan Coll. catal.*, pp. 33, no. 274, 67, no. 266, 322, no. 250.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: 11 + 211 + 11 blank. This part has 9.

The seven others have 10+20+62 (really 63; f. 46 is repeated) +9+71+9 respectively.

Date: probably the beginning of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: the MS. has been considerably damaged by water, many letters being quite illegible.

#### 1415-MS. Sansk. d. 290

Jinasundara's Dīpālikākalpa, with a Commentary, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Dīpālikākalpa, called also in this MS. Dīpotsavakathānaka, a Jaina legend regarding the Dīpālī festival, by Jinasundara, pupil of Somasundara, composed in A. D. 1427. It begins, on f. Iv: garūbhyo namah i śrīvarddhamānamamgalya- i pradīpah pīvaradyutih i deyād atulakalyāņa- i vilāsam vipulam satām ii 1 ii śrīvarddhamānatīrtheśa- \ kalyānakamahotsavam \ vakşe dīpālīkākalpa- 1 puņyaphalalakşmīdrumam 11211 svaśriyā svargajayinī i nāmny asty Ujjayinī purī i sa prati bhūpatis tatra i pratāpatapanopamah 11311 The story goes on to verse 438. Then follow two verses regarding errors in the poem. Then in verses 441 sq. the date is given on f. 70: samvatsare 'gnidvipaviśva 1483 sammite Dīpālikākalpam amu virnirmaye Tapāgaņādhīśvarasomasūmdaraśrīsūriśişyo Jinasūmdarāhvayaḥ II 41 II Dīpālīparvakalpo 'yam vācyamānah suddhījanaih jīyā jeyasreyohetur ācadrārkka jagattraye 11 42 11 iti śrītapāgacchāddhirājaśrīsomasūmdariśisyabhaţţārakaprabhuśrījinasūmdarivirnirmitāyām 11 43 11 iti śrīdīpotsavakathānaka sampūrņnam 1 The date is samvat 1483 (= A.D. 1427); the use of viśva for 14 is not usual, as it properly stands for 13, Bühler, Palaeographie, p. 81. The author also wrote an Ekādaśāngīsūtrārthadhāraka, see Peterson, Report, 1886–1892, p. xli.

The text has been so written as to allow of a commentary being inserted between the lines. This interlinear commentary is in bhāṣā. It begins, on f. 1v: arhan bālabuddhīnām bodhāya janabhāṣayā kurvve Dīpālikākalpavyākhyānam ādarāt 11 111 But this exhausts the writer's Sanskrit. Bühler, Z.D.M.G., XLII, 531, no. 309, mentions a MS. with a Gujarātī gloss.

The text is bounded, on f. I only, on either side by two red lines. The MS. is not very accurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 439). Size:  $10\frac{8}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 70 + xix blank. Date: very possibly about A. D. 1775. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style. Injuries: the writing is a good deal rubbed.

#### 1416-MS. Sansk. d. 281

#### Rājavallabha's Citrasenapadmāvatīcaritra, A. D. 1596.

Contents: the Citrasenapadmāvatīcaritra of Rājavallabha, a Jaina caritra in 496 verses. No author is named in this MS., but Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 215, gives an extract from another MS. of apparently the same work, which ends with some verses giving the name of the author, and the date of the composition as samvat 1524 (= A.D. 1468). It begins, on f. 1:  $natv\bar{a}$ Jinapadam ādyam i pumdarīkam gaņādhipam i sīlālamkārasamyuktam i sāścaryām tatkathām bruve ii i ii In this MS, it ends with a praise of sīla: vāmchitā ca grhe lakşmī i ramyā strī putrapautrikān i gauravam svajane kīrttye I prāpyate śīlapālanāt II 96 II iti śīlaviśayeś Citrasenapadmāvatīścaritram sampūrnnam I The text is very inaccurate, and is carelessly written. Corrections in yellow pigment are frequent, but in most cases both original and correction are illegible. numerous marginal notes. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines, and in the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram.

For another MS. see Bhandarkar, Report, 1884-1887, p. 119.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 430). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 14 + xxv blank.

Date: f. 14: samvat 1652 (= A. D. 1596) varșe vaiśāṣaśudi 13 sukre liṣitam 1 It does not look so old.

Scribe: f. 14: Ratnasomamunibhih Ahmadanagare i Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

# 1417—MS. Sansk. d. 326 Samyaktvakaumudīcaritra, A. D. 1758.

Contents: the Samyaktvakaumudicaritra, a collection of Jaina tales in support of the Jaina tenets, especially as against Buddhism. This MS. contains yet a third recension of the text, differing from the two in the Berlin MSS., for which see Weber, Ind. Stud., XVI, 382, Catal., II, 1123-1132, Sitzungsber. der Berl. Akad., 1889, pp. 731-759. It shows on the whole most resemblance to MS. A, no. 2022. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaņeśāya namaļ \ śrīgurubhyo namaļ \ atha śrīsamyaktvakaumudīkathā likhyate i śrīvarddhamānam ānamya i jinam devam jagadgurum i vakşye 'ham Kaumudī nīņām i samyaktvaguņahetave ii i ii Then follows an introduction, beginning with a Prakrit verse, and the story begins only on f. 2. The tale of Suyodhana begins on f. 3, and has seven sub-stories, ending on f. 10. The story of Arhaddasa begins on f. 10": his first wife's name is here (cf. f. 1<sup>v</sup>) Jayaśrī: her story ends on f. 19. Candanaśrī occupies ff. 19-22; Viṣṇuśrī, ff. 22-25°; Nāgaśrī, ff. 25°-29; Padmalatā, ff. 29-31°; Kanakalatā, ff. 31°-33°; Vidyullatā, ff. 33°-39. Then the conversion of Kundalatā, narrated at somewhat greater length than in the other versions, ends, on f. 40: śreṣṭinā Caureṇa sāṃtapuraḥsaparivāreṇa dīkṣā gṛhītā i anekaśāstrasiddhāṃtāni paṭhitvā ugratapaṃ kṛtvā ke 'pi mokṣaṃ ke 'pi devaloke jagmuḥ śrīśreṇiko narake gataḥ i samyaktvatatvapratipādikām imāṃ i kathāṃ nipīya śravaṇāmṛtopamāṃ i bhavyaṃtu bhavyā jinadharmanirmalāḥ i yathā syur iṣṭārthasamṛddhayo 'khilāḥ ii ii śrīsamyaktvakaumudīcaritraṃ saṃpūrṇṇaṃ i The MS. is carefully written and on the whole very accurate. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

Besides the MSS. mentioned in Weber, p. 1123, n. 4, see Peterson, Report, 1892-1895, p. 305, no. 890; Bhandarkar, Report, 1884-1887, p. 108, no. 1129, where it is ascribed to Srutasāgaraśiṣya and described as poetry, perhaps yet another recension; Bendall, Journey, pp. 48, 50.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 476). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 40 + xxxvii blank.

Date: f. 40: saṃvat 1820 varșe śā° 1675 (= A.D. 1764 or 1753) pr° kārttikavadi 5 paṃcamītithau bhaumavāsare livīcakre i

Scribe: f. 40: likhitam püjyasthaviramahāmtaśrī 6 śrībhīmasenajittachişyapū°-jña°-srī 5 moţājittadamtevāsinā ṛṣiṇā Mahānamdena likhitā śrīprahlādanapure \

Character: Devanāgarī, some Jaina characteristics.

# 1418—MS. Sansk. d. 289 Daśadrstāntakathā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Daśadṛṣṭāntakathā, being a selection of Prākrit verses from Hemacandra's Upadeśamālā, with a paraphrase in Sanskrit, a translation and commentary in bhāṣā, and kathās in bhāṣā, whence the title. It begins, on f. 1: śrīvītarāgāya namah i śrīsomasumdarasūrigurubhyo namah i Pupphamālāgramtha Māhidhī i daśadṛśrāmtaum (sic) udāharana lasīibai I The introduction is in bhāṣā. Both beginning and end have been supplied very carelessly. After the first Prakrit verse follows the paraphrase, f. 1: vyākhyā i ratnākaraprabhrastam ratnam sudurlabham bhavati i tathā bhrastam manujajanma surdurllabham bhavati i comes the bhāṣā commentary. Then: ete daśāpi dṛşţāmtāh siddhāmtaprasiddhā mānuşajanmādidurlabhatve sūcitāh i The commentary on the last verse is lost through injury to the MS. It begins, on f. 17: vipulam

vistīrņņam rājyam cakravarttyādisambamdhi i vipulavistīrņņaniḥkamṭakarājyacakravartti ādi sambamdhīū (the bhāṣā is mixed up thus with the Sanskrit) i rogaiḥ varjitam rūpam i rogaiḥ kuṣṭādibhiḥ i varjjitam rūpapramāṇopetam sarvaśarīrāvayavātmakatvam i &c. Throughout the text is very badly mutilated. It ends: iti Daśadṛśrāmtakathā i gramo 208 i

The text is bounded on either side by a broad yellow line over two red ones. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, partially filled with spots of yellow pigment. On the margins of the verso also there are similar spots.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 438). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 4 + lv blank.

Date: quite doubtful; perhaps the latter half of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: each leaf has been nearly torn through in three places, and has been mended.

# 55. FACSIMILES OF PALM-LEAF FRAGMENTS OF BAUDDHA TEXTS

1419 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. a. 3

Facsimiles of the Kairiuwōzi Palm-leaf MS., A.D. 1880.

Contents:

- 1. F. 1, a facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Kairiuwōzi at Nara, in the province of Yamato, Japan, made from the original by two Japanese Buddhist students, K. Kanematsu and Y. Ōta, in April, 1880. It contains a fragment (one leaf, six lines on each side), the first line of which is: katham iṣām samavasaraṇatah pratisaraṇam vaktavyam u suddhendrīyād atyaṣṭo (or oṣṭeḥ) kusalapakṣe samavasaraṃti cakṣurindriyādini srīpuruṣajīvinaindriyāntāni navasavyākṛtapakṣeḥ sukhendriyād atyupekṣendriyāntāni pamcaprayo(vyo?)gataḥ u &c.
- 2. F. 2, a transcript of the above leaf in Devanagari characters, by Bunyiu Nanjio.
- 3. Ff. 3, 4, a facsimile of the above leaf, made by Mr. Kaishin Kurehito, in September, 1880, from an old copy by Ziun. In this copy the text has been corrected. The first line reads here: katham eṣām samavasaraṇataḥ pratisaraṇam vaktavyam u suddhendriyād atyaṣṭo

kuśalapakse samavasaramti caksurindriyādīni stu (?) pujasajīvišendriyāntāni navasavyadrtayakseh sukhendriyādīty upentāni ksendriyāntāni pamcaprayogātah \&c.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, nos. 51, 59; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 6, 11.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. d. 26.

Size:  $20\frac{3}{8} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. (Size of the original palm-leaf according to the first facsimile:  $10\frac{1}{9} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$  in.)

Material: ff. 1 and 3, 4, Japanese transparent paper; the rest, ordinary English paper.

No. of leaves: i+4+xxxiii blank.

Date and Scribes: see contents above.

Character: the alphabet of the facsimiles is similar to that of the Hōriuzi palm-leaves, though a few letters, e. g. ja, tha, śa, are different. Several letters, written in red ink, were doubtful to the copyists.

### 1420 (1, 2)-MS. Sansk. a. 4

Facsimile of the Kigenzi Palm-leaf MS., A. D. 1880. Contents:

- 1. F. 1, a facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Kigenzi, at Ōsaka, in the province of Settsu, Japan. It contains a fragment (one leaf, four lines on each side), treating of hell, and beginning: ame(or ami?)s sālmalīvavaḥ nadī vaitaraṇī me(?) thā pūrveṇa evaṃ dakṣiṇena paścimottareṇa me(?) thāvitīr mahānarakasya evaṃ yāvat saṃjīvasya tenāha pratyekaddho (or ṣo?) ta sotsaṃdā iti catuskaṃdhā iti caturdvārā iti āha avīcer mahānarakasya 1 &c.
- 2. F. 2, a transcript of the above facsimile in Devanāgarī characters, by Bunyiu Nanjio.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 52; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 6, 11.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. d. 27.

Size:  $20\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. (Size of the original palm-leaf according to the facsimile:  $19\frac{1}{3} \times 3\frac{3}{8}$  in.)

Material: f. 1, Japanese transparent paper; the rest, ordinary English paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 2 + xxi blank.

Date and Scribe: the facsimile was made from the original by K. Kanematsu and Y. Ōta, in April, 1880. The original MS. is said to have been brought from China to Japan by Kishio Daishi in 858.

Character: the alphabet of the facsimile is similar to that of the Hōriuzi palm-leaves, though a few letters are slightly different. A few letters, written in red ink, were doubtful to the copyists.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bunyiu Nanjio transcribes atyastho (or ostheh).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bunyiu Nanjio transcribes susendriyād.

#### 1421 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. a. 5

#### Facsimile of the Kōkizi Palm-leaf MS., A.D. 1880.

Contents .

- 1. F. 1, a facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Kōkizi, in the province of Kawaki, Japan. It contains a fragment (one leaf, four lines on each side) in corrupt and almost unintelligible Sanskrit, beginning: daśāpi dārū(or ru?)vāhām pratītya viṃśatam catvāriṃśatam paṃcāśatam dārū(or ru?)vāhaśatam dārū(or ru?)vāhasahasram dārū(or ru?)vāhaśatasahasrāni pratītyam agniskaṃdhodhyālot (lot doubtful) evam eva saptamaśya āryamaṇḍa (omañjuo, Bunyiu Nanjio) lasya loke 1 &c.
- 2. F. 2, a transcript of the above facsimile in Devanāgarī characters, by Bunyiu Nanjio.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 57; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 9, 12.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. d. 31.

Size:  $20\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. (Size of the original palm-leaf according to the facsimile:  $19\frac{1}{9} \times 3\frac{3}{8}$  in.)

Material: f. 1, Japanese transparent paper; the rest, ordinary English paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 2 + xix blank.

Date and Scribe: the facsimile was made from the original by Mr. Kaishin Kurehito of the monastery of Kōkizi, in August, 1880, at the request of Mr. E. Satow.

Character: the alphabet of the facsimile is that of the Hōriuzi palm-leaves.

#### 1422 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. a. 6

# Facsimile of the Zuisenzi Palm-leaf MS., A.D. 1880.

Contents:

1. F. 4, a facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Zuisenzi, at Kioshi, in the province of Yamashiro. It contains the following four lines (in Sanskrit?): (1) vati . dyasyate khalu bhavaptah kusalanām — — dharmmāņām samadānahetoh ālāşovyadvivarņasya sukhasya bhāgānāmā — — — micyadverya . . lām l dharmmasamādālāvantu (ntu doubtful) mahikanavame o kusalam dharmam samādālāvantu (ntu doubtful) mahe teşām evam bhavati palādobhadatuh adatā o dāli(or lā)kālām tu valām adattād (ontād, B. Nanjio) atā 1 (3) tprativirame mate adantā (ntuā, B. Nanjio) dātāt prativi o ramamti teşām adadvādātā†prativiratārām vimsate vadālā no catvātisara (vadālu, ne catvātisat, B. Nanjio) °sālājaputrajatādramotarasvagraka (4) lā (lu, or ghu, B. Nanjio) sa . pamcāsadvarsa lā (lu, B. Nanjio) sāņo manuşyāņām evam bhavati . sya te khalu kusa lā . . . samādānuhe.. lā (lu, B. Nanjio) so vyaddhi 'ca rņņasya calasya sukhasya bhogā i After the first line there is a blank, apparently one line being lost.

- 2. F. 5, a transcript of the above facsimile in Devanāgarī characters, by Bunyiu Nanjio.
- 3. Notes (f. 1) by Bunyiu Nanjio in Japanese and English, explaining the Japanese entries on ff. 2, 4<sup>v</sup>.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 58; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, p. 12.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. d. 33.

Size:  $20\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: ff. 2-4, Japanese transparent paper; the rest, English paper.

No. of leaves: i+5+xxi blank.

Date and Scribe: the facsimile was made (perhaps from a copy of the original) by Mr. Kaishin Kurehito, in August, 1880, at the request of Mr. E. Satow.

Character of the facsimile: similar to the alphabet of the Hōriuzi palm-leaf MSS.

#### 1423 (1-3)-MS. Sansk. c. 38 (R)

#### Facsimiles of three Japanese Palm-leaf MSS., A. D. 1880.

- 1. A facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Raikōzi, near the Biwa lake, in the province of Ōmi, Japan. It contains fragments of a Dhāraṇī, on four pages (six lines on each page).
- 2. A facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Hōriuzi, in the province of Yamato, Japan. It contains the parts of the Prajñāpāramitāhṛdayasūtra, and of the Uṣṇīṣavijayadhāraṇī (two pages with seven lines each), as printed in Max Müller, The Ancient Palm-leaves, pp. 5-11 ('No. III Facsimile'), and reproduced ibid., Table III.
- 3. A facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery of Onziozi, near the Biwa lake, Japan. It contains on two pages (six lines each), some portions of short Mantras; namaḥ samantabuddhānāṃ being repeated several times.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See the details in Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 45. Cf. Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 8, 10 sq.

The facsimiles are written side by side on one beautifully ornamented roll.

Size of the roll:  $90\frac{1}{2} \times 10\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Size of the originals from which the facsimiles were taken:  $1 = 8\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$  in.;  $2 = 10\frac{7}{8} \times 2$  in.;  $3 = 10\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material of the facsimiles: Paper.

# 248 §56. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—DOGMATIC AND DISCIPLINE (1423-1426)

Date of the facsimiles: A. D. 1880.

Character: the ancient alphabet of the Hōriuzi palm-leaf MSS. has been fully described by Dr. G. Bühler in Max Müller's The Ancient Palm-leaves, pp. 61 sqq.

#### 1424-MS. Sansk. b. 32

#### Prajňāpāramitāhṛdayasūtra and Uṣṇīṣavijayadhāraṇī, A. D. 1880.

Contents: a second facsimile of the palm-leaf MS. of the monastery Hōriuzi, containing the Prajñāpāramitāhṛdayasūtra and Uṣṇīṣavijayadhāraṇī, described under MS. Sansk. c. 38 (R), 2 (1423).

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 62; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, p. 8.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. e. 19.

Size:  $15\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 2 + ix blank. Date of facsimile: A.D. 1880.

Character: the alphabet of the Horiuzi palm-leaf MSS.

# 56. BAUDDHA DOGMATIC AND DISCIPLINE

#### 1425—MS. Hodgson 7

Lalitavistara, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Lalitavistara, in twenty-seven sections. It begins: om namo ratnatrayāya II II namo daśadigānantāparyyantalokadhātu pratiṣṭhitasarvvavuddhavodhisatvāryaśrāvakapratyekavuddhebhyo 'tītānāgatapratyutpannebhyoḥ II evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Srāvastyām viharati sma II jetavane Anāthapinḍadasyārāme mahatā bhikṣusanghena sārddham dvādaśabhir bhikṣusahasraiḥ II tad yathā II &c.

Section 1 ends on f.  $4^{\nabla}$ ; 2, on f. 7; 3, on f.  $14^{\nabla}$ ; 4, on f.  $18^{\nabla}$  (24); 5, on f.  $30^{\nabla}$ ; 6, on f.  $39^{\nabla}$ ; 7, on f. 57; 8, on f.  $58^{\nabla}$ ; 9, on f.  $59^{\nabla}$ ; 10, on f.  $61^{\nabla}$ ; 11, on f.  $64^{\nabla}$ ; 12, on f. 74; 13, on f.  $84^{\nabla}$ ; 14, on f. 89; 15, on f.  $104^{\nabla}$ ; 16, on f. 107; 17, on f.  $114^{\nabla}$ ; 18, on f.  $119^{\nabla}$ ; 19, on f. 127; 20, on f. 130; 21, on f. 146; 22, on f.  $151^{\nabla}$ ; 23, on f. 156; 24, on f.  $165^{\nabla}$ ; 25, on f. 170; 26, on f. 187; 27, on f. 190.

From f. 21<sup>V</sup>, l. 1, to f. 27, l. 3, the whole of f. 16<sup>V</sup>, l. 2, to f. 21, last line (= Edition, p. 36, l. 8, to p. 51, l. 7), is repeated.

The MS., though not very correct, will nevertheless prove of great importance for the restoration of the text, especially of the Gāthās. To show the relation of this MS. to Rājendralāla Mitra's edition (Bibl. Ind., 1877), two passages have been collated, and the various readings found in the MS. are as follows:

- (1) MS. f. 21 (also f. 26V) collated with Ed., p. 49 sq.: p. 49, l. 17, prītamanāḥ (prītamanā)¹; l. 18, ka (kaḥ) punyatejayaśasāṃ; ib., vivadhayituṃ (vivarddhaº); l. 19, yasyepsite; l. 20, anuvarddhituṃ; p. 50, l. 2, anubandhatāṃ; l. 3, yasyepsita; ib., nandana; l. 5, yāmādhipatyam; ib., °tair a(tha)vāpi prārthayati; ib., ceśvarato; l. 6, bhavitu(ṃ); ib., anuvandhatāmim; l. 8, manasaiva savamokkikriyā anuvandhatām ima guº (manasaiva mokkiṃ kriyā anuvandhatām iṃ guº); l. 9, māheśvaro; ib., praduṣṭamanā sarvarddhice(cye)tiyapāragataḥ; l. 11, mati yasya vrahmapuram āveśituṃ; l. 12, °pramāṇaprabhatejadharāḥ w sodyānavaddhatu mahāpuruṣā (sodyānavaddhatu mahāpuruṣā).
- (2) MS. f. 105 v collated with Ed., p. 297 sqq.: p. 297, l. 15, pravajiyāna; l. 16, śāntamanadānta iryyāvanto; l. 18, jñātvā; p. 298, l. 1, pratigrhīyamānamānasena; l. 4, lakṣaṇaṃ triśatā°; l. 5, prekṣamāṇo; l. 6, bhavate; ib., °ptirdadaśanena; l. 7, vīthīracitaratnavastradhāryya; l. 8, ravaśiriyā; l. 10, prabhāyapuram vibhāti sarva l. 11, nārigaṇāṃ; l. 12, tatha rivadvāri; l. 13, gehaśūnya; l. 14, naravarū; ib., 'nanyakāmāḥ; l. 15, vikrayaṃ karonti; l. 16, puna; p. 299, l. 1, ca pīye ra°; l. 2, nirīkṣaṃ māṇa l

It ends: sadevamānuṣāsuralokā bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti II II iti śānirgamaparivartto nāma saptāviṃśatimah II 27 II iti sarvvavodhisatvacaryyāprasthāno Lalitavistaro nāma mahāyānasūtraṃ ratnarājaṃm iti samāptaṃ II ye dharmmā hetuprabhāvā hetus teṣāṃ hevadateṣāṃ ca yo nirodha evaṃvādi mahāśramaṇaṃ II

An entry on f. 1 describes the work as 'Bauddha.—Lalita Purana.' Mentioned in the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 403<sup>a</sup>.

Size:  $17\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: thick yellow paper. No. of leaves: ii + 192.

Date: probably the second half of the 18th century. Character: Nepalese.

#### 1426-MSS. Hodgson 4, 5

Aşţasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, A.D. 1830.

Contents: the Astasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, in thirty-two parivartas. It begins: 1 om namo bhagavatyai āryyaprajñāpāramitāyai 11 nivikalpe namas tu-



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The readings given in parentheses are those occurring on f. 26<sup>v</sup> where the passage is repeated.

bhyam Prajñāpāramite 'mite \ yā tvam sarvvān avadyāmgi niravadyai nirīksase \ &c.

Parivarta I, ends on f. 18 $^{\circ}$ ; 2, on f. 26 $^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f. 50; 4, on f. 54 $^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f. 76; 6, on f. 97; 7, on f. 105 $^{\circ}$ ; 8, on f. 113; 9, on f. 117 $^{\circ}$ ; 10, on f. 131; 11, on (f. 142=) 5, f. 1; 12, on (f. 156 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 15 $^{\circ}$ ; 13, on (f. 160 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 19 $^{\circ}$ ; 14, on (f. 165=) 5, f. 24; 15, on (f. 171 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 30 $^{\circ}$ ; 16, on (f. 179 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 38 $^{\circ}$ ; 17, on (f. 189 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 48 $^{\circ}$ ; 18, on (f. 195=) 5, f. 54; 19, on (f. 203 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 62 $^{\circ}$ ; 20, on (f. 212 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 71 $^{\circ}$ ; 21, on (f. 219=) 5, f. 78; 22, on (f. 226=) 5, f. 85; 23, on (f. 229=) 5, f. 88; 24, on (f. 233=) 5, f. 92; 25, on (f. 238=) 5, f. 97; 26, on (f. 243 $^{\circ}$ =) 5, f. 102 $^{\circ}$ ; 27, on (f. 250=) 5, f. 109; 28, on (f. 259=) 5, f. 118; 29, on (f. 261=) 5, f. 120 $^{\circ}$ ; 30, on (f. 277=) 5, f. 136; 31, on (f. 285=) 5, f. 144; 32, on (f. 286=) 5, f. 145.

It ends: idam avocat bhagavān āttamanas te ca Maitreyapramukhā vodhisatvo mahāsatvā āyuşmāś ca Subhūtir āyuşmāms ca Sariputra āyuşmās canamdaļ Sakraś ca devānām indrah sadevamānusāsuragandharvaš ca loko bhagavato bhāşitam abhyanandann iti II II āryyāṣṭasāhasrikāyām Prajñāpārāmitāyām parindanāparivarivartto nāma dvātriņšattamaļ 11 39 11 11 samāptā ceyam bhagavaty āryyāstasahasrikā Prajñāpāramitā sarvvatathāgatajananī sarvvavodhisatvapratyekavuddhaśrāvakāṇām mātā dhamudrā dharmmotkā dharmmanābhi dharmmabheri dharmmanetri dharmmaratnanidhanam akşayo dharmmakośo dharmmābhityādbhutadarśananakşatramālā dharmatāparamasarvvasukhahetur iti 11 sadevamānuṣāsuragandharvvaś ca lokavanditā Prajñāpāramitā samyag udgrhya dhārayitvā paryyavāpya vācayitvā pravatyainām viharantu sadārthina iti II II

Edited by Rājendralāla Mitra in the Bibl. Ind., New Series, nos. 603 sq. (1888).

Mentioned in the Bodl. catal., p. 403.

Size:  $17\frac{8}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper, mostly yellow. No. of leaves: 4, ii + 143; 5, ii + 148. Originally foliated continuously.

Scribe: dānapatiśuvarṇṇapanārimahānagarayā sāntighatasthānayā maitrīpūramahāvihārayā karuṇāpūra sa Cānāḍā 11 śrīvajrācāryyasarvvārthasidhipramukhaṃ bhāryyā Suvarṇṇalakṣmī tasya putra śrijagadānanda tasya bhāryyā Cakralākṣmī tasya putra Ratnānanda Karunānanda 11 &c.

Character: Nepalese.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

#### 1427-MSS. Mill 187, 188

#### Aşṭasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Aṣṭasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, in thirty-two parivartas. It begins: 1 om namo bhagavatyai āryyai Prajñāpāramitāyai 11 nirvvikalpe namas tubhyam Prajñāpāramite 'mite 1 yā tvam sarvvān vandyāngī niravadyair nnirīkṣase 11 &c.

Parivarta I, ends on f. 20; 2, on f. 30 $^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f. 58; 4, on f. 63; 5, on f. 83; 6, on f. 104; 7, on f. 112 $^{\circ}$ ; 8, on f. 119 $^{\circ}$ ; 9, on f. 124; 10, on f. 137; 11, on f. 149; 12, on (f. 163=) 138, f. 1; 13, on (f. 166 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 4 $^{\circ}$ ; 14, on (f. 171 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 9 $^{\circ}$ ; 15, on (f. 179=) 138, f. 17; 16, on (f. 187 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 25 $^{\circ}$ ; 17, on (f. 238=) 138, f. 76; 18, on (f. 244=) 138, f. 82; 19, on (f. 252 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 90 $^{\circ}$ ; 20, on (f. 261 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 99 $^{\circ}$ ; 21, on (f. 268=) 138, f. 106; 22, on (f. 188=) 138, f. 26; 23, on (f. 191=) 138, f. 29; 24, on (f. 195=) 138, f. 33; 25, on (f. 201=) 138, f. 39; 26, on (f. 206=) 138, f. 44; 27, on (f. 213=) 138, f. 51; 28, on (f. 224 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 62 $^{\circ}$ ; 29, on (f. 227 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 65 $^{\circ}$ ; 30, on (f. 292 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 130 $^{\circ}$ ; 31, on (f. 301 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 139 $^{\circ}$ ; 32, on (f. 303 $^{\circ}$ =) 138, f. 141 $^{\circ}$ .

Parivartas 17-22 instead of following parivarta 16 on f. 25<sup>v</sup> are by mistake placed after parivarta 29 and foliated as ff. 228-274<sup>v</sup>=138, ff. 66-112<sup>v</sup>. The recto of f. 228=138, f. 66, is blank, the beginning of parivarta 17 (= edition, p. 323, ll. 1-13) being lost.

It ends: sadevamānuṣāsuragandharvvas ca loko bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti II āryyāṣṭasahasrikāyām Prajñāpāramitāyām parindanāma parivartto nāma dvātriṃśatamaḥ II 39 II samāptā ceyaṃ bhagavaty āryyāṣṭasahasrikā Prajñāpāramitā sarvvatathāgatajanani I sarvvavodhisatvapratyekavuddhaśrāvakāṇām ca mātā dharmmamudrā dharmmolkā dharmmanābhi dharmmabheri dharmmanetrī dharmmaratnanidhānaṃ I akṣayo dharmmakośo dharmmacintyānbhūtadarśananakṣatramālā I sarvvasukhahetunā iti II sadevamānuṣāsuragandharvvaś ca loko bhagavato bhāṣitaprajñāpāramitā samyak guhyaparā vāpya ca dhārayitvā pravarttānāṃ viharantu sadārthina iti II II ye dharmmā hetuprabhāvā hetu teṣāṃ tathāgata hy avadat teṣāñ ca yo nirodha evaṃvādi mahāśramaṇaḥ II

There are indications that the MS. is derived from a Nepalese (Newārī) copy.

Former owners: the following entries are found on f. 1 of 137: (1) 'W. Jones the Gift of Captain Kirkpatrick 15 Nov. 1793.' (2) 'S. H. Lewin to W. H. Mill, D.D., December 1838.'

Size:  $15\frac{8}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

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## 250 §56. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—DOGMATIC AND DISCIPLINE (1427-1430)

No. of leaves: 137 = ii + 164; 138 = ii + 144. Originally foliated continuously.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1428-MS. Sansk. a. 7 (R)

#### Astasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, A. D. 1095.

Contents: the Aṣṭasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, being a recension of the Prajñāpāramitā in 8000 verses, see on MSS. Hodgson 4, 5 (1426); Burnouf, Introd., p. 464; Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 188-192; Haraprasāda, Report, 1891-1895, p. 20; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., pp. 237, 238. The titles of the thirty-two parivartas are given by Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. Lit., pp. 2, 3, with the number of verses in each. The only differences in this MS. are that parivarta 3 has 729 verses, 6 has 679, 15 has 204, 22 has 190, 24 has 106, 25 has 163 instead of 728, 769, 203, 192, 17, 172 verses respectively.

Parivarta 1, ends on f.  $13^{\circ}$ ; 2, on f.  $19^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f.  $37^{\circ}$ ; 4, on f. 41; 5, on f. 54; 6, on f.  $66^{\circ}$ ; 7, on f. 71; 8, on f.  $75^{\circ}$ ; 9, on f. 78; 10, on f. 86; 11, on f. 93; 12, on f.  $101^{\circ}$ ; 13, on f. 104; 14, on f.  $107^{\circ}$ ; 15, on f.  $111^{\circ}$ ; 16, on f.  $116^{\circ}$ ; 17, on f. 123; 18, on f.  $126^{\circ}$ ; 19, on f. 132; 20, on f.  $137^{\circ}$ ; 21, on f. 142; 22, on f.  $144^{\circ}$ ; 23, on f.  $146^{\circ}$ ; 24, on f. 151; 25, on f.  $154^{\circ}$ ; 26, on f. 158; 27, on f.  $162^{\circ}$ ; 28, on f.  $169^{\circ}$ ; 29, on f. 171; 30, on f.  $181^{\circ}$ ; 31, on f.  $184^{\circ}$ ; 32, on f.  $186^{\circ}$ .

The MS. is accurate. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: namo bhagavatyai āryaprajñāpāramitāyai i nirvikalpe namas tubhyam Prajñāpāramite 'mite i &c. On f. 187 the scribe has begun to copy this out again, but has only continued as far as Prajñāpāramite.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $24\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{8} \times 4$  in. Size of leaf:  $22 \times 2\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two wooden boards and a string passing through two holes, one at either side of the central column. The whole is kept in the original cloth wrapper.

No. of leaves: 188, of which the last two are almost entirely blank.

No. of columns: three columns, separated by two spaces of about  $\frac{8}{4}$  in. Six lines in a column, the writing running horizontally, not vertically.

Ornamentation: on the inner sides of the two boards, and on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 92<sup>v</sup>, 93, 185<sup>v</sup>, 186, there are pictures of various Buddhas, and also of women apparently teaching disciples, cf. Mitra, l. c.

Date: f. 186♥: mahārājādhirājaparameśvarapava-

mabhaṭṭārakaparamasaugata(?)-śrīmadrāmapāladevapravarddhamānavijayarājye pañcādaśame samvatsare vyabhilikhyamānapatrānkenāpi samvat 15 (it looks like 315, but the other reading is better) vaišākhe dine kṛṣṇasaptamyām i This gives us probably A.D. 1095 if the date of Rāmapāla's accession is A.D. 1085, see references in Duff, Chronol. of India, p. 131.

Scribe: f. 186<sup>v</sup>: asti Magadhavişaye śrīnālandavasin (?) lekhaka Ahanakuņdena bhaţṭārakaiḥ Prajñāpāramitā likhitā 1

Character: early Kuțila, with considerable resemblance in style to Plate II in Bendall's Buddh. Sansk. MSS. The numerals are like those in Plate V.

#### 1429—MS. Sansk. a. 12 (R)

#### Astasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, 12th cent.?

Contents: a small portion, in all twenty-four leaves not continuous, of the Aṣṭasāhasrikā Prajñāpāramitā, for which see no. 1428. The colophons of chaps. 7, 9, 15, 19, and 27 are preserved. They give the usual number of verses. The MS. appears to be accurate, but many letters in each leaf have been destroyed by worms.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $22\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{8}{8}$  in. Size of leaf:  $21 \times 1\frac{8}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a hole on each side of the central column.

No. of leaves: 24, arranged conjecturally, the numbers of the original being mostly lost.

Date: perhaps 12th cent., but it may be 13th. Character: Nepalese, neat and clear, not hooked.

## 1430 (1, 2)—MS. Hodgson 1

#### Kāraṇḍavyūha, and Svayambhū Purāṇa, A. D. 1428, 1796.

1. The Kāraṇḍavyūha, a Buddhist Mahāyānasūtra (ff. 1–68). It begins: o namo bhagavate Āryāvalokiteśvarāya h II evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Srāvastyām viharati sma I Jetavane Anāthapiṇḍadasyārāme mahatā bhikṣusaṃghena sārddham arddhatrayodaśabhir bhikṣuśataih saṃvahulaiś ca vodhisatvair mahāsatvaih II tad yathā I &c. F. 7: etāni manoramāni kāṣṭhapuṣpāṇi prādurbhūtāni I sa tasmin Jetavane vihāre parisobhita eva dṛṣyante II atha tasminn eva parṣadi madhye sarvanīvaraṇaviṣkambhī nāma vodhisatva utthāyā° I &c. See Káranda Byuha, edited by Satya Brata Samasrami (Calcutta, 1873), p. 8, end of prakaraṇa I. Prakaraṇa 2, ends on f. 9 (ed. p. 12);

10 (ed. p. 26) ends on f. 17<sup>v</sup>; 12 (ed. p. 42) ends on f. 27. F. 31. ayam Kārandavyūhasya mahāyānasūtraratnarājasya prathamo niryūhah 11 (Ed. p. 50.) F. 33: the end of a chapter is marked before: 11 ebhih kulaputrāvalokiteśvaro vodhisatvo mahāsatvaķ samādhibhih samanvāgatah 1 &c. (Ed. p. 52.) F. 52: evaņ pramukham aştottarah samādhisatam pratilabhate \ ya imāṃ şaḍakṣarīmahāvidyān dhārayati I atha sarvaṇīvaranaviskambhi 1 &c. (beginning of 2, 6, ed. p. 77). F. 617: ayan kulaputramaheśvaranirvyūho nāmākhyāta iti II II (Ed. p. 91, l. 3.) F. 67 ends: ye śilavanto guņavantaķ prajñāvantas te bhikşava imāni sikşāpadāni mayā prajnaptāni i dhārayitavyāni i a (here begins f. 68, which is written in the more modern Newārī character) satparibhogena bhikşavo na paribhoktavyam 1 (Ed. p. 98.) It ends: te ca devā nāgā yakṣā gandharvvā asurā garudāh kinnarā mahoragā manuşyā manuşyāḥ sarvve te prakrāntāḥ II II idam avocat bhagavān ātmanā ste ca bhikşavo ste ca vodhisatvāh sā ca sarvvāvatī paṣatsadevamānuṣāsuragandhaś ca loko bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti II II āryyakārandavyūhamahāyānasūtraratnarājam samāptam 11

There are many marginal notes by a modern hand in Newārī, and a few in Devanāgarī characters. The last leaf (f. 68) is a modern supplement in Newārī (on palm-leaf).

2. The Gośrngaparvatasvayambhūcaityabhaṭṭārakoddeśa, by Jayacandra, in eight paricchedas (ff. 69-99). It begins: 1 om namo vuddhāya 11 11 sadharmmah śrīmatā yena trișu lokeșu darśitaḥ \ devadevādhidevāya tasmai namo 'rkkavandhave 11 natvā Gośrngaśailasya dharmmadhātusvayambhuvam \ taduddesam aham vandya lokānām puņyavrddhaye 11 11 asti Nepālavişaye Gośrnganāmaparvvataķ I tasya yugaprabhedatanāmaprabhedaķ II tad yathā 11 tretāyām Vajakūthaparvvato dvāpare Gośrngaparvvatahı kaliyuge Gopucchagirir iti 11 Pariccheda 1, ends on f. 73: iti Gosmagaparvvate Svayambhūcaityabhattārakodeśe dharmmadhātutpanno nāsaḥ paricchedaḥ 🛚 2, on f. 76: iti Gosymganāmaparvvatasvayambhūcaityabhattārakodeśa pūjāphalavarņņano nāma dvitīyaparicchedah 11 3, on f. 79: iti Gośrnganāmaparvvatasvayambhūcaityabhattārakoddeśe upacchandohaprakāśo nāma tṛtīyaparicchedaḥ 11 4, on f. 83\*: iti iti Goo . . . grāmanagaranigamajanapadarā şţrarā jadhānapravattamāno nāma caturthaparicchedaļ II 5, on f. 89: iti Gośrngaparvvata...tirthavarnnano nāmah pañcamapariccheda 11 6, on f. 94: iti Gosrngaparvvate Svayambhūcaityabhatţālakoddeśe dharmmadhātuvāgīśvarasamjñāpravattano nāmah şasthamapariccheda 11 7, on f. 96: iti Gośrngaparvvate Svayambhūcaityabhattārakoddeśe dharmmadhātuvāgīśvaragupto nāmah saptamah paricchedah 11 End: iti Gośrngaparvvata Svayambhūcaityabhaţţārakoddeśe Nepālavisayamahāprabhāvor nāmāstamaparicchedah II samāpto 'yam Gośrngaparvvatasvayambhūcaityabhattārakoddeśa iti II II kṛtir iyam mahāpanditācāryaśrīmajjayacandrasyeti II II ye dharmmā hetuprabhāvā hetut teṣām tathāgatah he vadat teṣām ca yo nirodhah evam vāhī mahāśramana II

This seems to be one of the smaller redactions of the Svayambhū Purāṇa. See Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. Lit., pp. 7-9, 121; J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 14 sq.; and Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 249 sqq.

Mentioned in the Bodl. catal., p. 403a.

Size:  $11\frac{1}{9} \times 4$  in.

Material: ff. 1-68 palm-leaves, with two holes, intended for a string to pass through them; ff. 69-99 yellow paper, cut to the shape of palm-leaves.

No. of leaves: iv + 101. (Seven lines on a page of ff. 1-67, five lines on a page of ff. 68-99.)

Date: the last leaf of 1 contains the date: samvat varṣaśatacatudaśacatunraśityadhikem. But this leaf is written in modern Newārī, and the date (samvat 1484 = A.D. 1428) is not likely to have been copied from the older original, but is probably the date of the leaf supplied, for the palaeographical evidence points rather to the early part of the 14th century for the oldest part (ff. 1-67) of the MS.

2 is dated: samvat 916 (?) śrāva kṛṣṇa 9. If the date is rightly read (though the figure for 9 in 916 is different from the usual form), the MS. would have been written in A.D. 1796, which is very likely.

Character: ff. 1-67 old Nepalese writing with hooked tops; ff. 68-99, Newārī.

Illumination: on f. 1<sup>v</sup> and f. 2 pictures of Buddhas, one red, the other green, standing upright in a shrine.

Injury: f. 68 is slightly damaged by insects.

# 1431—MS. Sansk. c. 13 (R)

Kāraņdavyūha, A.D. 1050.

Contents: the Kāraṇḍavyūha, called in the colophon on f. 70 as usual Āryakāraṇḍavyūhaṃ nāma mahāyānasūtraratnarājam, a Buddhist Mahāyānasūtra, see on MS. Hodgson I (1430); Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., p. 101; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., pp. 230, 231. It is accurately written. The beginning is lost. F. 32<sup>v</sup>: idaṃ Kāraṇḍavyūhasya mahāyānasūtraratnarājasya pra(thamo) nirvyūhaḥ 1

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

K k 2

## 252 §56. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—DOGMATIC AND DISCIPLINE (1431–1435)

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two wooden boards and a string passing through two holes at the sides.

No. of leaves: originally 70, but 4 are missing.

Ornament: there are traces of pictures on ff. 1, 70. Date: Dr. Hoernle reads it as samvat 170 (= A.D. 1050). It is also given as the 8th year of some prince, whose name is unfortunately obliterated, only the following being legible: varājye samvatsare astame śrīmaduddandapu | Possibly this may be Pradyumna

Character: early Kutila.

Injuries: ff. 2, 46, 49, 58 are missing; and the MS. is a good deal damaged throughout.

Kāmadeva (see Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., p. xi).

#### 1432-MS. Hodgson 3

#### Sukhāvatīvyūha, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Sukhāvatīvyūha, a Mahāyānasūtra. It begins: 11 om namo ratnatrayāya 11 om namah śrīsarvavuddhavodhisatvebhyah 11 namo daśadiganantāparyyantalokadhātupratisthitebhyah 11 &c.

This is the MS. B used by Professor F. Max Müller for his edition of the Sukhāvatīvyūha in the Anecdota Oxoniensia, Aryan Series, vol. I, part II (1883). See Preface, p. xi. Compare Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. Lit., pp. 74-76; J. R. A.S., VIII, p. 17 (no. 20); Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 236 sq.

Mentioned in the Bodl. catal., p. 403.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Material: thick yellow paper, shaped like palmleaves.

No. of leaves: iii + 76.

Date: the MS. is of the same type as the other modern Hodgson MSS. written at the end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th cent. It is very doubtful whether the number 860 (in Devanāgarī, not Newārī figures) found at the end of the work is meant to be the date of the MS. If it is, 860 of the Newārī era will correspond to A.D. 1740.

Character: Newārī.

#### 1433—MS. Sansk. c. 129 (R)

#### Pitrputrasamāgamanasūtra, 15th cent.?

Contents: six odd leaves containing a portion of the Pitṛputrasamāgamanasūtra. The colophon is: iti pitāputrasamāgamasūtra Bimbasāra (the rest is missing) prathamaḥ paricchedaḥ i The subject is treated in

the Mahāvastu, and the Bhadrakalpāvadāna, Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 57, 91, 108.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{2}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 6; the foliation mostly lost.

Date: perhaps 15th cent.

Character: Nepalese, hooked writing.

## 1434—MS. Sansk. c. 36 (R) Buddhist Sútra, 15th cent.?

Contents: six leaves of a Buddhist Sūtra, in which the Bodhisattva insists on the evils of pramāda which gives rise to the worst of crimes such as mātrvadha. On the last leaf, numbered f. 10, is: etat sarvvam vistareņa trimaņdalapariśuddhaņamatacintanakaruņacintanasakasattvopakarāya yāvat jīvam cariṣyāmi carāmi ca 1 atha kumāraḥ dārakam āha 1 &c.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a hole to the left of the centre of the leaf.

No. of leaves: 6; the foliation mostly lost.

Date: probably 15th cent., or late 14th. Character: Nepalese, only occasionally hooked.

# 1435—MS. Sansk. d. 28 Vajracchedikā, A.D. 1880.

Contents: the Vajracchedikā, or Vajracchedikā-prajñāpāramitāsūtra, Sanskrit text, with three Chinese translations and a transliteration in Chinese, in three fascicles. It begins: o namaḥ sarvvajñāya 11 evaṃ mayā śrutam ekasmiṃ samaye 1 &c. Fascicle 1, contains chapters 1-10, fasc. 2, chaps. 11-16, fasc. 3, chaps. 17-32, according to Max Müller's edition. It ends (fasc. 3, f. 79°): Vajracchedikāprajñāpāramitāsūtraṃ: samāptaṃ 1

This is one of the two Japanese MSS. (J) used by Professor F. Max Müller for his edition of the Vajracchedikā, pp. 19-46. See ibid., pp. 10, 16, and plate 1, containing a photo-lithographed facsimile of ff. 5<sup>v</sup> and 6 of fasc. 1 of the MS.

Presented by Professor F. Max Müller in 1881. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 54.



Size:  $9 \times 6\frac{1}{9}$  in.

Material: Japanese transparent paper.

No. of leaves: fascicle 1 = 69; 2 = 64; 3 = 81.

Date and Scribe: copied by K. Kanematsu, in Sept. 1880, in the monastery of Kōkizi.

Character: the Sanskrit, in the characters of the Horiuzi palm-leaf MSS., is written from top to bottom in parallel columns with the Chinese.

# 1436—MS. Sansk. d. 29 Vajracchedikā, A. D. 1880.

Contents: the Vajracchedikā, or Vajracchedikā-prajñāpāramitāsūtra. This is one of the two Japanese MSS. (J) used by Professor F. Max Müller for his edition of the Vajracchedikā, pp. 19-46. It begins: o namah sarvajñāya 11 evam mayā śrutam ekasmim samaye 1 &c. It is divided into two parts, the second part beginning (f. 27): mi adhimucye ye te bhagavan satva imam dharmmaparyāyam udgrhīsyanti dhārayisyanti 1 &c. (See edition, p. 30, ll. 14 sqq.) It ends: Vajracchedikā prajñāpāramitā tram: samāptam.

A photo-lithographed facsimile of ff. 2<sup>v</sup> and 3 of the MS. will be found in Max Müller's edition, plate 2.

Presented by Professor F. Max Müller in 1881. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 55; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 10, 16.

Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Japanese transparent paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 59 + xxxviii blank.

Date and Scribe: this copy seems to have been made by Mr. Kaishin Kurehito, of the monastery of Kōkizi, and sent to Professor F. Max Müller by Mr. Satow. See Bunyiu Nanjio, l.c.

Character: similar to that of the Horiuzi palm-leaf MSS.

#### 1437-MS. Sansk. d. 5

Nāgārjuna's Dharmasamgraha, A.D. 1879-1885.

Contents: the original MS. of the edition of Nā-gārjuna's Dharmasamgraha, by Kenjiu Kasawara, Max Müller, and Wenzel. On f. 5 in Professor F. Max Müller's handwriting: 'Dharmasamgraha A collection of technical Buddhist terms The papers as left by Kenyiu Kasawara a Buddhist priest from Japan and published after his death by F. Max Müller and H. Wenzel forming No. V of the Aryan Series of the Anecdota Oxoniensia.' Ff. 6-78 contain the text as printed in the Anecdota Oxoniensia (Aryan Series, vol. I, part V,

1885), pp. 1-33. Ff. 79-82 = edition, p. 74 sq.; ff. 90-102 = ed. p. 76 sq.; and ff. 103-191 = ed. pp. 78-89. Ff. 83-89 contain 'Contents,' i.e. the titles of the sections with critical notes, but not in alphabetical order. Ff. 192-207 contain notes in Max Müller's handwriting, which are printed in the ed., pp. 51-60. Ff. 208-231 contain sections 1-49 of the Dharmasamgraha, copied by Max Müller, with notes.

Presented by Professor F. Max Müller in 1885.

Size:  $8\frac{1}{8} \times 9\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 233.

Date: f. 5 has the stamp 'Received at the University Press, Oxford 22 Dec. 84.' Kenjiu Kasawara worked with Max Müller from 1879–1882, and died in 1883. Kasawara's copy must therefore have been written between 1879 and 1882. Some of the notes were written by Max Müller while the edition was being printed in 1885.

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanagari.

#### 1438 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. d. 6

#### Kasawara's Notes on the Dharmasamgraha, A.D. 1879-1885.

Contents: notes, chiefly written by Kenjiu Kasa-wara, viz.:

- 1. Ff. 1-7, notes on some peculiar or difficult grammatical forms and words occurring in the first fifteen pages of the Mahāvastu (ed. É. Senart, Paris, 1882). The words are arranged alphabetically, and the references to the Mahāvastu added.
- 2. Ff. 8-83, notes by Kenjiu Kasawara on the Dharmasamgraha, most of which have been printed in the edition of the *Dharmasamgraha* (by Kenjiu Kasawara, F. Max Müller, and H. Wenzel, *Anecdota Oxoniensia*, *Aryan Series*, vol. I, part V, 1885), pp. 35-68.

Some of the references, and especially a large number of Tibetan quotations, seem to have been added by Dr. Wenzel. See the preface to the edition, p. iv. Some longer notes on ff. 14, 16<sup>v</sup>, and 66 are in Max Müller's handwriting.

Presented by Professor F. Max Müller in 1885. Size:  $7\frac{1}{4} \times 8\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 83 + xxxiv blank.

Date: written between 1879 and 1885, see MS. Sansk. d. 5 (1487).

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanāgarī, the Tibetan in Tibetan characters.

#### 1439—MS. Sansk. c. 26 (R)

#### Nāgārjuna's Vajrajaya, &c., 14th cent.?

Contents: apparently a collection of short Buddhist works, all treating of religious and ethical subjects. The MS. being deficient at the beginning and end, the title is missing. The first section ends, on f. 14: Vajrajāyakramaķ samāptaķ i krtir iyam śrīnāgārjunapādānām iti i granthapramāņam asya şadadhikā saptatih i prathamah kramah i The second section ends, on f. 17 v: sarvaśuddhiviśuddhikramah i kṛtir iyam Sākyamitapādānām I granthapramāņam asya satam ekamı dvitiyah kramahı The third section ends, on f. 19♥: svādisthānakramas trtīyah samāptah i krtir iyam ācā i the rest is missing. The fourth section ends, on f. 21v: paramarahasyasukhābhisarvvādhikramaś caturthah i krtir iyam ācāryanāgārjunapādānām i granthapramānam asya ślokās catvārimsat I The beginning only of the fifth section (likhyate samyak yuganaddhakramottamah) remains. The second section begins: namaḥ śrīvajrasattvāya i namas astu namas astu namas astu namo namah i evam stute namas astu kasmāt i kaś ca samstutah i yatha jalan jalam astu ghrtan caiva yathā ghṛtam i svakīyam ca svayam i &c. The third section begins: pranapatya devam vajram vajasatvādināyakam i svādhisthānakramas caiva vavrta(?)krpayā mayā 11 The MS. is somewhat carelessly written.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of leaf:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 17.

Date: probably 14th century.

Character: Nepalese, neatly written.

Injuries: ff. 1-2, 4, 11, 20, and all after f. 22 are lost. The rest is in excellent preservation.

#### 1440-MS. Sansk. a. 9 (R)

#### Candrakīrti's Madhyamakavrtti, 14th cent.?

Contents: the Madhyamakavṛtti or Vinayasūtra of Candrakīrti, being a treatise on Metaphysics according to the Nihilistic system of Buddhism, see Burnouf, Introd., pp. 559 sq.; Hodgson, Essay on Lit. of Nepal., p. 20; Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 169-172. A list of the titles of the twenty-seven prakaraṇas is given by Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 114-116; they agree with the colophons still remaining in this very much injured MS. Prakaraṇa 2, ends on f. 20°; 3, on f. 22; 4, on f. 23°; 7, on f. 32; 8, on f. 34°;

9, on f. 36; 12, on f. 42<sup>v</sup>; 15, on f. 50<sup>v</sup>; 16, on f. 55<sup>v</sup>; 17, on f. 82; 23, on f. 95; 25, on f. 106<sup>v</sup>; 26, on f. 110. After f. 115, which contains a portion of prakarana 27, come two leaves with the colophons of prakaranas 14 and 13 respectively. F. 42 has been inserted as f. 52, and its place filled by another leaf on which only the 4 of the foliation number remains. It and the two end leaves must be three of the four lost ff. 45-48. Edited by the Buddhist Text Society.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $22\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $22 \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two pieces of cardboard and a string passing through two holes at the sides.

No. of leaves: 80 remain out of probably 115. (Dr. Hoernle says 180 out of 217, but this is doubtful.)

No. of columns: 3, separated by a blank space one inch wide.

Date: Dr. Hoernle assigns the MS. to the first half of the 14th cent. Perhaps it belongs rather to the end, cf. the numerals with those of the MSS. of A.D. 1360, 1385, in Bendall's Buddh. Sansk. MSS., plate V. The numerals for 80, 90, 100, agree most closely with those of no. 1693, ibid.

Character: Nepalese.

Injuries: the end (perhaps two or three ff.) is lost, and also ff. 1, 27-31, 33, one between 44 and 49, 52, 64-82, 87, 92-93, 96, 108, 109, 112. The rest is miserably mutilated.

#### 1441—MS. Sansk. c. 28 (R)

#### Niyamas, 15th cent.?

Contents: a work on regulations for a Buddhist student, mainly magic spells and rites. It is only divided into short sections according to subject-matter. F. 7: iti kalaśaniyamah ! F. 7\*: iti śisyāvivāśanāvidhih ! F. 9: ity arthanavidhih ! F. 11: ato na kartavyeti niyamah !

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a hole on the left of the centre.

No. of leaves: 11.

Date: perhaps 15th cent.

Character: Nepalese, small, slanting writing; with very many Bengāli characters.

Injuries: end wanting.

#### 1442-MS. Sansk. c. 25 (R)

Fragment on Ethics, 13th cent.?

Contents: twenty-five leaves of a Buddhist manual of devotion. There being no beginning or end or colophons, it has not been possible to identify the work. It begins, on f. 5: mātrgrāmasya yāvājjīvam siksā karanīyā i bhikşunā Ānandabhikşuh 1 &c. The following quotation from the last leaf but one will serve to indicate the nature of the work and the condition of the MS.: śrnu tvam evannāmike anekaparyāyena bhagavatā mṛṣāvādo vigarhitah \ mrsāvādaviratih stutā stomitā vañchitā praśastā i adyāgreņa ta evannāmike hāsyapreksiņā api samprajñānanmṛṣāvādo na bhāṣitavyaḥ \ kaḥ punair vādo 'santam asamvidyamānam uttaram (?) manuşyadharmmam pralapittam v ukta śribhagavatā yā punar bhikşunī anabhijānantī aparijānantī asantam asamvidyamānam uttaram manusyadharmmam alamāryavisesādhigamam jñānam vā daršanam vā sparšavihāratām vā pratijānīyād idam jānāmīdam pasyāmi kim jānāmi duḥkham jānāmi \ samudayam nirodham mārggam jānāmi \ kim paśyāmi devān paśyāmi nāgān yakṣān garuḍān gandharvān kinnarān mahoragān piśācān kaţapūtanān paśyāmi i devānām śabdam śrnomi nāgān (am added) yaksānām garudānām gandhārvāņām kinnarāņām mahoragānām pretānām pišācānām kumbhāndānām kataputānām sabdam (śr)nomi i devān dasa nāthāya samkrāmāmi \ nāgān \ yakşān garudān gandharvān kinnarān mahoragān pretān piśācān kumbhāṇḍān kaṭapūtanān daśa i nāthāya sam kramāmi i devā api mām daśa nāthāya samkrāmanti I nāgā yaksā garuļā gandharvāķ kinnarā mahoragāh pretāh piśācāh kumbhāndāh kaţapūtanā api mām daša nāthāya samkrāmanti i devaih särddham ālapāmi samlapāmi sammode sātatyam api 11 samāpadya nāgair yakşair ggarudair ggandharvaih kinnarair mmahoragaih pretaih piśacaih kumbhandaih kaţapūtanaih sārddham ālapāmi samlapāmi sammode sātatyam api samāpadya devā api māyā sārddham ālapanti samlapanti pratisammodanti sātatyam api samāpadyante \ nāgā yakṣā garuḍā gandharvāḥ kinnarā mahoragāh pretāh piśācāh kumbhāndāh katapūtanā api mayā sārddham ālapanti pratisammodante sātatyam api samāpadyante i alābhy eva (last leaf) samllābhy aham asmy anityasamiñāyā anityaduḥkhasamiñāyā duhkhe anātmasamināyā āhāre pratikālasamināyāh sarvaloke 'nabhiratisamjñāyā ādīnavasamjñāyāh prahāņasamjňāyā virāgasamjňāyā maraņasamjňāyā virodhasamjñāyāḥ ı aśubhasamjñāyā vinīlakasamjñāyā vipūyakasamjñāyā vipaṭamakasamjñāyā vyādhmātakasamjñāyā vikhyāditakasamjñāyā vilohitakasamjñāyā viksiptakasamjñāyā amlasamjñāyāh śūnyatāpratyavekşaņasamjñāyāḥ ı alābhy eva samllābhy aham asmi prathamasya dhyānasya dvitīyasya tṛtīyasya caturthasya maitryāḥ karuṇāgā muditāyā upekṣāyā \ ākāśānantyāyatanasya vijñānantyāyatanasya ākiñcānyāyatanasya naivasaṃjñānāsaṃjñāyatanasya alābhy eva saṃllābhy aham asmi śrauta āpatti pālasya sakṛdāgāmipālasya anāgāmipālasya bodhiviṣayasya divyasya śrotrasya cetaḥparyāyasya pūrvanivāsasya vyatyayapādasya \ &c.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{8}{8}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a hole on the left of the centre. Up to f. 11 the leaves have a hole also on the right of the centre.

No. of leaves: 25, numbered 5-11, 15-19, 21; the subsequent leaves have lost their numbers, the edges being eaten away.

Date: probably 13th cent. (Dr. Hoernle). It may, however, be as early as the 12th.

Character: Kuțila.

#### 57. STOTRAS

#### 1443—MS. Sansk. d. 30

Samantabhadrapranidhana, A.D. 1880.

Contents: the Samantabhadrapranidhana, or Samantabhadracaristotra (= Fu-gen-gio-gwan-san in Chinese). It begins: vajrasatva mahāsatva vajrasa tathāgata samantabhadra i o nama samantabhadrāya i yāvata hecidaśaddiśi loke sarvatriyedhvagatanārasimhāh tān āhu vaddamisarvi aśeṣām kāya tu vācam anena prasattah 1 &c. It ends: bhadracarī nāmāryasamantabhadrapranidhanam samaptam . . . namah stryidhīvīkānam tathāgatānām om aśuvaravehadī svāhā 1 ° . . . namas tryidhivikānām tathāgatānām om samantagāmīne indrajanaya svāha II The last two formulae are preceded by some words in Chinese to the effect, that the first formula should be repeated before beginning to recite the Samantabhadrapranidhana, and the second formula after having finished it. This is explained in the notes, written by Bunyiu Nanjio, on ff. iii and iv.

See J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 25 (no. 33, Bhadracaripra-nidhāna); Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. Lit., pp. 14, 103, 167 sq.

Presented by Professor F. Max Müller in 1881. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 56; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, pp. 10, 12. Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Japanese transparent paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 23 + xxvi blank.

Date and Scribe: copied by a Japanese priest, Kaigon Fugimura, of the monastery of Nyogwanzi, in July, 1880, and sent by Mr. E. Satow to Professor F. Max Müller.

Character: similar to the alphabet of the Hōriuzi palm-leaf MSS.

# 1444—MS. Sansk. e. 20 (R) Mrgaśatakastuti, A. D. 1090 (P).

Contents: the Mṛgaśatakastuti, a Buddhist stotra in 100 sragdharā verses, imperfect. Ff. 1, 17, 29 are missing, and vv. 1-4, 25, 26, 96-98 are consequently lost. The MS. is accurately written. The title is given on f. 30° as: mṛgavarṇṇanaṃ 1 Mṛgaśatakastuti samāptaḥ 1 The last verse is rubbed and illegible; it seems to be: devaḥ kiṃ vānvavaḥ syāt priyasuhṛd athāvānya aṃhośvid anyo 1 raktacakṣur nnadī guruśuta-janako jīvita vījaṃ vaḥ 1 evan nirṇṇīyate yaḥ ka iti ti na jagatāṃ sarvathā sarvadāsau 1 sarvākāropakārī diśatu vaśaśato 'sau punar mmacchataṃ vaḥ 11 100 11

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $7\frac{5}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two pieces of cardboard and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: originally 30, but three are lost.

Date: Dr. Hoernle gives 210 Nepal Era = A.D. 1090. The MS. has on f. 30<sup>v</sup>: samvata [?] 10 śrāvanaśuklapañcamyām somadine likhitam 1 As the first figure of the date is very like that given as = 300 by Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., plate IV, perhaps the date is Nepal Era 310 = A.D. 1190. Still it is also sufficiently like the 200 of plate I, 2 to be possibly meant for 200.

Character: Nepalese, hooked writing. Injuries: ff. 1, 17, 29 are lost.

#### 1445-MS. Sansk. e. 21 (R)

### Tathāgatajñānastutigāthā, 12th cent.?

Contents: the Tathāgatajñānastutigāthā, a collection of verses on the excellencies of the Buddha. It is incomplete, all after f. 24 being lost. Verse 1 on f. 1<sup>v</sup> is mutilated: om namo dharmapātravāgīśvarāya 1 atha vajradharaḥ śrīmān durddā — kaḥ paraḥ 1 trilokavijayī

vīro guharāṭ kulisambhavaḥ II (pra)buddhapuṇḍarīkākṣaḥ pretphullakamalānaḥ prollālayan ——— I The title occurs on f. 17 as: Tathāgatajñānastutigāthāḥ pañca I Cf. f. 14. It ends, on f. 24 v: vajradharaḥ aprameyaguṇa samanvāgato bhaviṣyati I anyaiś cāprameyair evaṃ prakārair guṇagaṇair samanvāgato bhaviṣyati I &c.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $9 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$  in. Size of leaf:  $7\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards, (one new), and a string passing through a hole somewhat towards the left.

No. of leaves: 24, and two boards, one original.

Date: probably 12th cent., according to Dr. Hoernle. The numbers correspond very closely to those of the Cambridge MSS. 866, 1684, in Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., plate IV.

Ornament: there are pictures of Buddha on ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 6, 14<sup>v</sup>, 16, and on the board which forms the lower cover.

Character: Nepalese.

Injuries: all the leaves have lost letters at the edges, especially f. 1. Ff. 6, 9 are nearly illegible, and the end is missing.

## 1446 (1-3)—MS. Wilson 533

Aşṭamīvratavidhāna, Naipalīyadevatākalyāṇapañcaviṃśatikā, and Saptabuddhastotra, 18th cent.?

Contents:

1. The Astamīvratavidhāna (pp. 1-74), in Sanskrit with a commentary in the Newari dialect. It begins: o namo ratnatrayāya II II namaḥ śrīgurubhyaḥ II II namaḥ śrimate Amoghapāśalokeśvarāya II II Aşţamīvratavidhānam āha II II pamcaratna . svām . vā . taccho . mātacho . māsa I F. 3\*: o namo bhagavate puspaketurājāya tathāgatāyārhate samyaksamvuddhāya II tad yathā II o puspe 2 (f. 4) mahāpuspe supuspe puspasambhave puspodbhave puşpāvakīrņe svāhā II II svasti adya śrī śākyasimhatathāgataparyāye bhadrakalpe sahānāmalokadhātau vaivasvanmanvantare kaliyuge 1 &c. It ends: o ka ka kardana 2 va va vamdhana 2 kha kha khādana 2 mama sarvaduşţān hana 2 gha gha ghātaya 2 yajamānasya äyur ärogyakämärtham säntim kuru puştim kuru raksām kuru vajradhara ājñāpayati hum 3 phat 3 svāhā II II iti śrīmadamoghapāśasyāṣṭamīvratavidhiḥ samāptā 🛚

This is different from the Aṣṭamīvrata and Aṣṭamīvratavidhānakathā (Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. Lit., pp. 15, 73, cf. Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 274 sq.), and from the Aṣṭamīvratamāhātmya (J. R. A.S., VIII, p. 48).

The Naipalīyadevatākalyāņapancavimsatikā (pp. 75-111), Sanskrit with a commentary in Newari It begins: namo ratnatrayāya 11 11 śrīmān ādyaḥ Svayaṃbhūr Amitarucir Amoghābhidho 'kṣobhyavuddhaḥ śrīmān Vairocanākhyo manibhavamunirāt vairasatvasusatvah 11 śriprajñāvajradhātvī sakalaśubhakarī āryatārādikās tāḥ kalyāṇam vaḥ kriyāsuḥ kvacid api saratām tisthatām naumy aham tāh 11111 The whole work has twenty-five paragraphs, with a commentary after each paragraph. It ends: saukhāratyāś ca vamgam tad anujanahitam potale prāgamad yah sāmtau vagrāhadoşe lalitapuravaram prāviśad devahūtah 11 sa śrīmān avjapāņiķ sajatadharahayagrīvapārsadganeśaķ kalyānam naḥ kriyāt sa kvacid api saratām tisthatām naumy aham tam 112511 Then follows the commentary on this paragraph, ending: chalapolapanista sadā kālam namaskāra 11 2511 11 iti śrīnaipalīyadevatākalyānapamcavimśatikā samāptā II

For other MSS. of this work see J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 24 (Devatākalyāṇapañcaviṃśatikā); Bendall, l.c., pp. 13 sq.; and Mitra, l.c., p. 99 (Kalyāṇapañcaviṃśatikā). These MSS. mention Amṛtānanda as the author.

3. The Saptabuddhastotra from the Sugata Avadana (pp. 111-124), nine paragraphs with a commentary in Newārī. It begins: namo vuddhāya 11 namah saptamunibhyah II II utpanno vamdhumatyām nṛpativarakule yo vipaśvīti nāmnā yaśpāśīmtim sahasrāņy amaranaragurorāghur āsīt prajānām II yenāvāptam jinendram dasavalavalinā pātālāvrksamūle tam vamde jñānarāśiṃ praśasitasakalaṃ kleśavahniṃ jinemdram 💵 It ends: stutvā vai sapta vuddhān sakalam upagatān saptasaptārkabhāso Maitreyam cāstamam me tusitapuragatam bhāvitam lokanātham 11 yatpunyasamprasūtam śubhataraphaladam dehinām eva sarvam chitvā samkleśapāśam munaya iva parām nivṛtim samprayāṃḍa 11911 Imdraprastharājāna 1 . . . uthyam nirvānajuyamāla 11911 iti Sugatāvadānoddhrtam Saptavuddhastotram samāptam II II thuti Saptavuddhayā stotra samāptā II

For other MSS. see J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 23 (no. 30, II); Bendall, l.c., p. 14; and below MS. Hodgson 6 (1449 (87)).

These three treatises form the subject of a 'Notice of Three Tracts received from Nepal,' by H. H. Wilson, in the Asiatic Researches, vol. XVI (Calcutta, 1828), pp. 450-478, where an abstract of the first tract, and translations of the two others are given. (Reprinted in the Works of H. H. Wilson, vol. II, pp. 1-39.)

Mentioned in the Bodl. catal., p. 388.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $8\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{8}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Yellow paper. The MS. is written consoder. Sans. CATAL. II.

tinuously on a single sheet folded to form 125 pages. Size of page:  $6\frac{7}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$  in., six lines on a page.

Date: probably 18th century. Character: Devanagari.

#### 58. TANTRAS

# 1447 (1-3)—MS. Hodgson 8 (R)

Pañcarakṣā, 12th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. The Pañcarakṣā, the five collections of charms for warding off evils of all kinds, viz.:
- (1) The Mahāpratisarā (ff. 1-36°). It begins: o namah sarvavuddhavodhisatvebhyah I namo vuddhāya I namo dharmāya I namah sanghāya II evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān mahāvajraśikharakūṭāgāra viharati sma II mahāvajrasamādhibhūmipratiṣṭhāne mahākalpavṛkṣasamalaṃkṛte mahāvajrapuṣkiriṇīratnapadmaprabhodbhāsitamahāvajravālikāsaṃskṛtabhūmibhāgamahāvajramanḍalamāte Sakrasya devānām indrasya bhavane mahāvajrasiṃhāsanakoṭīniyutaśatasahasravirājite I &c. It ends: Mahāpratisarāyā mahāvidyā rājñī rakṣāvidhānakalpā vidyādharasyāya samāptaṃ II
- (2) The Mahāsāhasrapramardanī (ff. 36<sup>v</sup>-75). It begins: Il namo bhagavate vīta II II rāgāya II evam mayā śrutam ekasmi samaye bhagavān Rājagṛha viharati sma II Gṛdhra II II kūṭe parvvate dakṣiṇe pārśve vuddhagocare vṛkṣe prabhāse vanaṣaṇḍe I &c. It ends: II idam avocad bhagavān ārta(?)manās te ca bhikṣavo bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti II II Mahāsāhasrapramardanī nāma II II mahāyānasūtram samāptam II
- (3) The Mahāmāyūrī (ff. 75—123°). It begins: namo vuddhā i namo dharmāya namah saṃghāya ii namah ii ii saptānāṃ saṃyaksaṃvuddhānāṃ saśrāvakasaṃghānān namo 'rhatāṃ namah pra ii ii tyekavuddhānāṃ namo Maitreyapramukhānāṃ sarvvavodhisatvānāṃ mahāsatvānān namo 'nāgāminān namah sakṛdāgāminān namah śrotāpannānān namah samyakpratipannānān teṣān namas kṛtvā imām Mahāmāyūrīṃ vidyārājñīṃ prayājayāmi ii &c. It ends: ii Mahāmāyūrī vidyārājñī ka a samāptāh ii
- (4) The Mahāśītavatī (ff. 123<sup>v</sup>-126<sup>v</sup>). It begins: 11 o namah sarvavuddhavodhisatvebhyah 11 evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Rājagrhe viharati sma 1 śītavane mahāśma 11 11 śāne ijjhi(?)kāyatane pratyudde(?)śe tattrāyuşmān Rāhulo 'tīva vihethate 1 &c. It ends: idam avocad bhagavān āyuşmān Rāhulo bhagavato bhāṣītam abhyanandann iti 11011 āryamahāṣītavatī mahādanḍadhāranī vidyārājñī samāptāh 11

L l

(5) The Mahāmantrānusāriņī (ff. 126\(^{-1}32^{\text{b}}\)). It begins: o namo bhagavatyai āryamahāmantrānusāriņyai || evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Vaišālyām viharati markkaṭahradatīre kū || || || tāgāraśālāyām tatra bhagavān āyuṣmanta Ānandam āmantrayate sma || &c. It ends: iti vuddhānām vuddhānubhāvena devabhāvānām ca devānubhāvena mahatī iti vyupaśrāmyanteti || o| || idam avocad bhagavān ārtta(?)manās te ca bhikṣavas te ca vodhisatvā... bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti || o| || āryamahāmaṃtrānusāriṇī mahāvidyārājñī samāptati || o| || The following has been added by a more modern hand: āryyamahāpratisarā āryyamahāsāhasaṃpramardanī || || āryyamahāmāyūrī || || āryyamahāštavati || āryyamahāmantrānusādhanī || || etānī pamcarakṣā - nī sa - - -.

See on this work, E. Burnouf, Introd., p. 462; B. H. Hodgson, Essays on Nepal and Tibet (London, 1874), p. 18 ('The Pancha Rakshá is now used in Courts of Justice to swear Buddhists upon'). Other MSS. of the work described by Mitra, Nepal Buddh. Lit., pp. 164-169, 173 sq.; Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 48 sq., &c. (see Index I); and J.R.A.S., VIII, pp. 42 sq.

- 2. Ff. 132<sup>b</sup> v-134<sup>v</sup> contain a fragment of which little can be made out, most of it being obliterated. The following is all that can be read in the first two lines of f. 134<sup>v</sup> with any certainty:  $-ta yi samvatsara\ dayak\bar{a} 11 sutasya -bhāve jajamānasya āya āyārājya dhana samtānavrddhir astu 11 para sukhāvatī samprāptā bhavatu 11 Then follows the date, on which see below.$
- 3. Ff. 135-137 contain a fragment of the Uṣṇṣṣa-vijayā Dhāraṇī. The three leaves are numbered as 2, 3, and 4 both by letter-numerals and figures. F. 135 begins: āgatoṣṇṣavijayā nāma dhāraṇī dhāraya 11 &c. It ends: sarvvatathāgatahṛdayādhiṣṭhānādhiṣṭhito 1 sarvvatathāgatāś ca mām samāśvāsayantu 11 om vudhya 2 śidhya 2 vodhaya 2 vivodhaya 2 mocaya 2 vimocaya 2 sodhaya 2 visodhaya 2 samantā na mocaya 2 samantar asmi pariśuddho 1 sarvvatathāgatahṛdayādhiṣṭhānādhiṣṭhito 11 om o 2 m ahām om ahām o mantraya o svāhā 11 11 āryoṣṇṣṣavijayā nāma dhāraṇī parisamāptā 11 See Mitra, l. c., pp. 267 sq.

Ff. 132<sup>a</sup> and 138 are slips of paper, containing notes in Max Müller's handwriting. F. 139 is a piece of paper containing some words in Hindustānī and the title Pancarakṣā in Devanāgarī.

Given by B. H. Hodgson in 1837 with the other seven Hodgson MSS.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $11\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in. Size of MS:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in., but ff. 135-137 are smaller:  $9 \times 1\frac{1}{9}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, with one hole on the left of the centre of the leaf, held together by two boards. Five figures of Buddhas are painted on the inside of the first board, and five figures of Saktis on the inside of the second. Both the Buddhas and the Saktis are in five different colours.

No. of leaves: 139, six lines on a page.

Date and Character: the three parts belong to different centuries. Only at the end of 2 a date is found, viz.: 11 śubha 11 samvata 765 bhādapadamāsa-śuklapakṣa 1 &c. Samvat 765 of the Newārī era is A.D. 1645. The character of these two and a half leaves is the modern Newārī.

The bulk of the MS. (1) is undated. There may have been a date on f. 132b v, but, if so, it has been effaced and something else has been written over it. From palaeographical evidence there is little doubt that the MS. belongs to the twelfth century. On comparing the facsimiles of Cambridge MSS. given by Bendall, l.c., we find that plate II, 3 (dated A.D. 1167) and plate III, I (dated A.D. 1191) come nearest in style and character to this MS. The first facsimile in the Catalogue of the Hodgson MSS. in the J.R. A.S., VIII, of MS. 2 1 (dated A.D. 1166) is also very similar to this MS. A comparison of the table of letters given by Bendall, again, shows that the hooked characters of the twelfth century MSS. (especially those of the Cambridge MSS. dated A.D. 1165 and 1179) agree best with those of this MS. The most characteristic letters are l, kh, th, dh.

The last part of the MS. (3) most resembles, in its characters, the facsimile of a MS. dated A. D. 1385 in plate III, 2 of Bendall's *Buddh*. Sansk. MSS. Especially characteristic are the more modern characters for r, th, and dh.

The peculiar Nepalese writing with hooked tops in 2 and 3, first appears according to Bendall, *l. c.*, p. 23, in the twelfth century, and never after the fifteenth century.

Injuries: part of the last line of f. 1 is lost. Sometimes the writing is so obliterated as to be almost illegible, e.g. ff. 14<sup>v</sup>, 15, 49<sup>v</sup>, 50, 70<sup>v</sup>, 71, 109<sup>v</sup>, 110, 133, and 134. In ff. 30-33 the text has been slightly damaged by insects. F. 63 is broken, but nothing is lost.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It may be added that the appearance of the palm-leaves in this MS. is also similar to that of the Bodleian MS.

### 1448—MS. Sansk. a. 8 (R)

Pañcarakṣā, 11th cent.?

Contents: the Pañcarakṣā, a collection of Buddhist charms, as in MS. Hodgson 8 (1447). The pieces are not arranged in the same order as in that MS.

- (1) The Mahāsāhasrapramardanī begins, on f. IV: namo bhagavatyai āryyasahasrapramardanyai I evam mayā śrutam bhagavān Rājagrhe viharati sma Grdhrakuṭāparvate dakṣiṇe pārśve I &c. It ends, on f. 28V: āryamahāsāhasrapramardanī nāma mahāyānasūtram parisamāptaḥ I namo vuddhayā namo dharmāya namo saṅghāya I
- (2) The Mahāmāyūrī begins, on f. 29: namah sarvavuddhavodhisattvebhyo 'rhadbhyah samyaksamvuddhebhyo 'tītānāgatapratyutpannebhyah 1 &c. The real work begins, on f. 29°: evam mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Srāvastyām viharati sma 1 Jetavane Anāthapinḍakasyārāme mahatā bhikṣusaṃghaih sārddham anekaiś ca bodhisattvair mahāsattvaih 1 &c. It ends, on f. 65°: asyā Mahāmāyūryā vidyārājñyā ayaṃ pracārah 1 This is followed by five lines of text, and there is no other colophon.
- (3) The Mahāśītavatī begins, on f. 66: namo bhagavatyai Mahāśītavatyai | evam mayā śrutam bhagavān Rājagrhe viharati sma | Sītavane mahāśmaśāne | ibhikāyatane (so apparently) pratyuddeśe | &c. It ends, on f. 68: āryamahāśītavatī nāma daņḍadhāraņī vidyārājñī parisamāpta |
- (4) The Mahāpratisarā begins, on f. 69: namaḥ sarvavuddhavodhisattvebhyaḥ | Two lines of invocations follow, then: evaṃ mayā śrutaṃ | &c. It ends, on f. 84°: āryamahāpratisarā mahāvidyārājñī parisamāpta | namo vuddhāya | namo dharmāya | namo dharmāya |
- (5) The Mahāmantrānusāriņī begins, on f. 85: namah sarvavuddhavodhisattvānām i evam mayā śrutam i &c. It ends, on f. 89°: mahātantra i Mahāmantrānusāriņī mahāvidyārājīū samāptam iti i ye dharma heluprabhāvā hetu teṣāṃ tathāgato i &c.

The MS. has been mutilated, but the missing portions have been supplied by a later hand, viz. ff. 1-15 (= present ff. 1-16), 64, 65, 87-89 (= present ff. 86-89). Part of the original f. 87 is still preserved; the MS. is fairly accurate.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $23 \times 2\frac{8}{4} \times 2\frac{7}{8}$  in. Size of leaf:  $20\frac{8}{4} \times 1\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: in the older part palm-leaves, in the new part paper, yellow on recto, red on verso, held together by two pieces of cardboard and a string passing through two holes. No. of leaves: 92+i blank. Originally 89, but ff. 16, 86 are repeated, and a part of f. 87 of the old part is also preserved.

Date: Dr. Hoernle assigns it to the 11th cent. It may be a good deal later (14th cent.?). The new part is quite modern.

Character: Nepalese for both old and new. The new is evidently an imitation of the old, and is not very successful.

### 1449 (1-140)-MS. Hodgson 6

### A Collection of Dhāraṇīs, Stotras, and Avadānas, A. D. 1819.

Contents: a collection of 140 Dhāraṇīs, Stotras, and Avadānas, viz.:

- 1. Ff. 1-8, the Amoghapāśa Dhāraṇī. It begins: om namaḥ śrīvuddhadharmmasaṃghebhyaḥ 11 om nama śrīlokanāthāyaḥ 11 Amoghapāsāya bhagavate namaḥ 11 evaṃ mayā śrutam ekasmiṃ samaye bhagavān Potarakaparvvate viharati sma 11 &c. It ends: āryyāmoghapāsanāma hṛdayaṃ mahāyānasūtraṃ samāpta 11
- 2, 3. F.8<sup>v</sup>, Mañjuśrīpratijñā Dh., and Siddhinikā Dh.
- 4-8. F. 9, Vairocana Dh., Aksobhya Dh., Ratnasambhava Dh., Amitābha (or Amrtābha) Dh., and Amoghasiddhi Dh.
  - 9. F. 10, Şadakşari Dh.
- 10, 11. F. 11, Avalokitesvara Dh., and Sahasrabhūjalokesvara Dh.
- 12, 13. F. 11<sup>V</sup>, Jätismara Dh., and Sarvamangala Dh.
- 14-16. F. 12, Sahasravartta Dh., Tara Dh., and Moksapada Dh.
  - 17, 18. F. 12<sup>v</sup>, two Jātismara Dhāraṇīs.
  - 19. F. 13, Durgatipariśvadhana (read csodhana) Dh.
  - 20. F. 14, Vajravidāraņahrdayamantra Dh.
  - 21: F. 16, Mahāmāyāvijayavāhini Dh.
  - 22. F. 16<sup>v</sup>, Jambalajalendra Dh.
  - 23. F. 19<sup>v</sup>, Aikajatā, or Ekajatā Dh.
- 24-27. F. 20, Dhvajāmgrakeyūrī Dh., Atitānāgatapratyutpanna Dh., Bhaikharya Dh., and Gāthādvaya Dh.
- 28. F. 21<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīskamdapurāņe Dasarathakṛtam Saniścarastavam stutram samāptah II In the margin: Saniścarāstakadhārani. In the table of contents: Saniścarāstakadhā°.
- 29. Ff. 21<sup>v</sup>-26<sup>v</sup>, the Pratyangirā Dhāraṇī. It begins: om namo bhagavate āryyamahāpratyaṃgirā-yaiḥ 11 evaṃ mayā śrutam ekasmiṃ samaya bhagavān deveṣu trāyatriṃsekhu viharati sma 1 &c. It ends: 11 āryyasarvvatathāgatoṣṇīkhaśītātapatrā nāmāparājītā mahāpratyaṃgirā vidyārājīū parisamāptaḥ 11 See

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- J. R. A.S., VIII, p. 43; Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 63, 68, 118.
- 30. Ff. 26<sup>V</sup>-31<sup>V</sup>, the Nāmasaṃgīti, in 167 ślokas. It begins: oṃ namo Mañjunāthāya 11 atha Vajradhara śrīmān duddātadamakaparaḥ tailokyavijayi vīlo guhyalā kuhyalā kuliseśvara 11 II It ends: gamhīrodāravaipulyaḥ mahārthajagadarthakṛt 11 vuddhānām vikhayo hyekhaḥ saṃmyaksaṃvuddhabhākhita 11 167 II upasaṃhāragāthā paṃca 11 II āryyamāyājālāṣodasasāhaśrikāḥ mahājogatantrāntapātiḥ samadhijālapatalā bhagavanta tathāgataḥ 11 śrīsākyamuṇibhākhita bhagavato Mañjuśrījñānasatvasya paramārthānāmasaṃgīti samāptaḥ II See Bendall, l. c., pp. 47 sq., 52, 77, 126, 204.
  - 31. F. 32, Abhayamkari Dh.
- 32. F. 32\*: āryyavaśumdhārā nāmāstottarasatakam vuddhabhākhitam samāptah II (Vasundhārā Dh.).
  - 33. F. 33, Vajravidāraņi Dh.
  - 34. F. 34, Ganapatihrdaya Dh.
- 35, 36. F. 35, Uṣṇīṣavijaya Dh. (see Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 267 sq.), and Parṇaśavarī Dh. (see Mitra, p. 176).
  - 37. F. 36, Mārīcī Dh.
  - 38. F. 39<sup>v</sup>, Grahamātrkā Dh. See Mitra, pp. 93-95.
- 39. F. 41<sup>v</sup>, Bhadracarimahāyānapraņidhānaratnarāja, or Bhadracarīpraņidhānarāja, or Bhadracarī Dh. See J. R. A. S., VIII, p. 25 (No. 33); Bendall, pp. 14, 103, 167 sq.
- 40. F. 42, Ekajatābhaṭṭārikāmātrāstavastotra, or Ekajatā Dh. (eight verses).
- 41. F. 42\*: iti śrībhadrakalpāvadānoddhṛtaṃ navagrahakṛtaṃ śrīśākyamuṇistotraṃ samāptuḥ II A stotra in ten verses, from the Bhadrakalpa Avadāna.
- 42. F.43: iti śrisvayambhubhakkārakasya i śrisvāyambhūvapurānodhṛtam caturmmahārājakṛtam stotram samāptaḥ ii A stotra extract from the Svayambhū Purāna.
- 43. F.  $45^{\text{V}}$ : āryyamahāpratisarāya nāma dhāraņī samāptah  $\mathfrak u$
- 44. F. 46: āryyamahāsāhasrapramadanī dvitīyamamtro dhā° sa° 11
- 45. F. 47\*: āryyamahāmāyūrīvidyārājñī tritiyamamtro dhā° sa° 11
- 46. F. 48: āryyamahāsītavatī nāma dhāraņī catur-thamantradhāraņī samāptaḥ N
- 47. F. 49: iti śriāryyamantrānusādhanīpamcamamamtro dhā° sa° 11 The last five Dhāranīs (ff. 43-49) are extracts from the Pancarakṣā, see above no. 1447.
- 48. F. 49<sup>v</sup>: iti śrī 3 mahākālāstavavajravīranāmastotram samāptah 11
- 49. F. 51, Kālacakra Dh. (with a curious mystic drawing or diagram on f. 50°).
  - 50. F. 54<sup>v</sup>, Mahāmegha Dh.

- 51. F. 56, Varsāpaņa Dh.
- 52. Ff. 56-59, the Sragdharāstotra, by Sarvajūamitra, in thirty-seven sections. It begins: om namah śrī 3 āryyatārāyaih u vālārkkā lokatāmra pravalasurasirāś cārucudāmaņiśrīsampatsampatkarāgāh naticiraracitāh raktakavyaktabhaktih u &c. It ends: iti Sarvvajūamitra viracitamh āryyatārābharttārikāyāh Sragadhārāstuti sampūrņņa samāptāh u See J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 23; Mitra, p. 228; Bendall, pp. 29, 35, 69.
- 53. Ff. 59<sup>v</sup>-61<sup>v</sup>, the Tārāśatanāma Dh., or Nāmāṣṭottaraśataka, or Tārāṣṭottaraśatanāmastotra. It begins: om namo śrī 3 ekajatiāryyatārāyaiḥ 11 śrīmaṭ potarake ramve nānādhātuvirājite 1 &c. It ends: sadā virahito vuddhaiḥ jatra jatrotpapadyate 11011 iti āryatārābharṭārikāyāḥ nāmāstottarasatakaṃ vuddhabhākhitaṃ samāptaḥ 11 See Mitra, pp. 259 sq.
- 54. F. 63: iti äryyamahākālatantranamantrapatala samāptah 11 (Mahākālatantra Dh.).
- 55. F. 64, Tārā Ekavimsatistotra. See J. R.A. S., VIII, p. 25.
- 56. Ff. 64-73°, the Lokeśvaraśataka, by Vajradatta. It begins: om namo lokanāthāyah II II bhāsvanmānikyabhāsvoḥ makutabhṛtinamam nākanāthottangaḥ I &c. It ends: kavir api janmani janmani bhaktacarane I valokitesvarasya I prakṛtiśaraṇagotaradhiḥ parahitagurukāryyaṃṣya mahānge patalikaḥ śrīvajradattaviracitaṃ I śrī 3 Lokeśvarasatakaṃ samāptaḥ II See J. R. A. S., VIII, p. 23; Mitra, p. 112; Bendall, pp. 94 sq.
  - 57. F. 74, S'ītarāstotra.
- **58.** F. 74<sup>v</sup>: iti skandapurāņe Sītarādevyā stotra saṃpūrṇṇa samāptaḥ 11
- 59. F. 75<sup>v</sup>: āryyaprajñāpāramitāhṛdayadhāraṇi pañcaviṃsatikāḥ nāmadhāraṇi samāptaḥ N
  - 60. F. 76, Vajravārāhī Dh.
  - 61. F. 76°, Şadakşarī Dh.
- 62. F. 77: iti śrīāryyaḍhārādhyānāstotraṃ samāptā u The title given (in the margin and in the table of contents) is Nīra- or Nīla-Sarasvatī Dhāraṇī.
  - 63. F. 77<sup>v</sup>, Trayodaśātmakastuti, or Heruka Dh.
- 64. F. 78, Herukavajradākatantra Dh., or Vajradāka Dh.
  - 65. F. 79, Vajrasatvakavaca Dh.
- 66. F. 81<sup>v</sup>: iti saniścarāstapī (or yī?) thāstakaṃ samāptaḥ II The title is given as Pīthāstaka Dh. in the margin and in the table of contents.
- 67. Ff. 81V-82V, the Saptabuddhastotra, from the Sugata Avadāna, nine verses. It begins: om namo śrīvajrasatvāyah 11 om nama śrī 3 saptavuddhebhyah 11 utpanno vandhumatyām nrpativalakule yo Vipaśvīti nāmnā 1 yaśpāṣītisahasrā 1 taramaraṇaguro 1 rāyur āsī gatānām 1 yenāvāptam 1 &c. It ends: saklapāśān

muniya iva varāh nivṛtisaṃprayātuh 11911 iti śrīsugatāvadānoktasaptavuddhastuti samāptah 11

See above MS. Wilson 533, 3 (1446).

- 68. Ff. 82V-86, the Ugratārā Dh. It begins: 1 om namo bhagavate Ugratārāyaih 11 namah śrāvakapratyekavuddhah vodhisatvah krodharājavuddhadharmmasaṃghebhyah 1 &c. It ends: vajrajogiņi ekajatāh Urggatārādhāraṇi samāptah 11 The table of contents inserts Svāyaṃbhūpurāṇa Dhāraṇi before Urggatārā Dhāraṇi.
  - 69. F. 86v, Yogambara Dh., and Aşṭadākinī Dh.
  - 70, 71. F. 87, Vajrayoginī Dh., by Gautama Rşi.
  - 72. F. 87<sup>v</sup>, Samvaramārāmantra Dh.
  - 73. F. 88, Vajradākinī, or Vajravīrāsaņī Dh.
- 74. Ff. 88-93, the Aparimitāyu Mahāyānasūtra, or Aparimitā Dhāraṇī. It begins: om namah śrī 3 vuddhadharmmasanghebhyah 11 om evam mayā śrutam ekasmim samaye bhagavān Srāvastyam viharati sma 11 ...tatra khalu bhagavān uparisthāyā disi aparimitagunasamcayā nāma lokadhātuh 1 &c. It ends: āryyaaparamitāyu nāma mahāyānasūtram ratnarājam samāptah 11 See Bendall, pp. 38, 81, 141; Mitra, pp. 41 sq.
  - 75. F. 94, Vasundhärährdaya Dh.
- 76, 77. F. 94<sup>v</sup>, Yogāmbarakalparāja Tantra, or Yogāmbarakalpa Dh., and Grahamātṛkāhṛdaya Dh.
  - 78. F. 95, Nāmasamgatihṛdaya Dh.
- 79. F. 95<sup>v</sup>, Cakrasamvarasya tantrantapatalahrdaya, or Cakrasamvara Dh.
- 80, 81. F. 96, Alapañcana Dh., and Vajrakrodha-rāja Tantra.
- 82, 83. F. 96<sup>v</sup>, Lokeévara Dh., Sarvapāpadahana Dh., and Puṇyavivardhana (or Pūrṇa°?) Dh.
- 84. Ff. 96<sup>V-107</sup>, the shortest redaction of the Svayambhū Purāṇa, in eight parivartas. It begins: 1 om nama śrīdharmmadhātave u natvārkavandhujagadīkavandhu u svayambhubhakkārakanādidevam u jarārujāmṛtyahayaikadakṣam vakṣe kadudesamahastamastam u Nepāle jagadikhyātya Geśṛṃgo nāma parvvateḥ bhedo ti ca juge satyaḥ nāmasyajugodayam u &c. It ends: iti śrīsvayambhuḥpurāṇacaityabhaṭṭārakoddeśe mahāprabhāvarṇṇano nāmāṣṭamaparirttaḥ samāptaḥ u This seems to be the redaction described by Bendall, p. 9, and J.R.A.S., VIII, pp. 14 sq. (no. 17).
- 85. F. 107: iti Skandapurāņe saniścaradvādasanāma samāptaķ II (Dvādasasaniścara Dh.).
  - 86. F. 107<sup>v</sup>, Bhṛkutitārā Dh.
- 87. F. 108, Sarasvatī, or Suvarņaprabhā-Sarasvatī Stotra.
  - 88. F. 109, Hanumantahrdaya Dh.
  - 89. F. 109<sup>v</sup>, Karavīra Dh.
  - 90. F. 110, Candramahāroşaņa Dh.
  - 91. F. 110"; iti jakşāstakam sammyaksamvuddha-

- bhākhitam samāptah u In the margin: Jamvalayā. Table of contents: Jakṣāstaka Dh.
- 92. F. 111, Guhyasvarimantra Dh., or Guhyasvarinairātmā Dh.
- 93. Ff. 111-116<sup>v</sup>, the Durgatipariśodhana Dh., or the first part of the Sarvadurgatipariśodhana. It begins: om nama śrīvajrasatvāyah 11 om namo bhagavate sarvvadurggatipariśvadhanarājasya 11 om vajrādhiṣṭhānasamayahūm 11 &c. It ends: om hūm vam ho phat om vajrābhiṣim camitiḥ 11 11 idamm avocat bhagavān... abhyanandann itiḥ 11 11 āryyasarvvadurggatipariśvadhanarājasya tathāgatā yā 'rhanta sammyaksamvuddhasya kalpadeśaya samāptaḥ 11 See Bendall, p. 142.
  - 94. F. 116<sup>v</sup>, Daśakrodha Dh.
  - 95. F. 117, Şadbhüjamāhākālasādhana Dh.
- 96. Ff. 117-127, the S'rngabherikathā, from the Citravimsati Avadāna. It begins: om namo ratnatrayāyah II ākāsā nirmmarībhūtāh nispapaācaguņāsrayah II paācaskamdhātmakam sāntam I tasmai bhūpātmane namah II o II evam mayā srutam ekasmim samaya bhagavān Rājagrhe viharati sma II &c. It ends: aparimita surasamghaih devakamnyā bhiksukkaih jinavalasutatulyah puryyamāno nrpodyaih II paņimayasubhageheh tisthati stambhasobhe II pathati dharanacāpih śrāvayas tu sa dharmma II o II iti citravimsatyāvaneh samcchiptacaityavratasṛmngabherīkathā samāptah II Cf. Mitra, pp. 229-231.
- 97. Ff. 127<sup>V</sup>-135<sup>V</sup>, the Aśvaghosa Avadāna. It begins: om namo bhagavate āryyaśrīvaśumddhārāyaih II vaśumddhārā sadā natvā dāridrānavatāraṇih deśayāmi manuṣyārthah sarvvadukhapramocani II pūrvvaśrīvaśudhārādevī vratasūtram prakāsetamh II kathā pravakṣāmi śrūyatām I&c. It ends: śukhena tiṣṭhatiḥ II iti śrīvaśudhārāvratapūrvvamatyamandalāgatakathā parisamāptaḥ II F. 135<sup>V</sup>, margin: Asoghoṣavadāna. Index: Aśvaghokhāvadāna. Cf. Bendall, pp. 67, 118, 119 sq.; J.R.A.S., VIII, pp. 13 sq.
- 98. F. 140: śrīvajrajogiņīmukhāgamana parisamāptaļ.
- 99-101. F. 140<sup>v</sup>, Pratyangirāmantra Dh., Mahākālahṛdaya Dh., and Candradvādaśa Dh.
- 102–104. F. 141, Prajñāpāramitā Dh., Gandhavyūha Dh., and Samādhirāja Dh.
  - 105. F. 141<sup>v</sup>, Suvarņaprabhā Dh.
  - 106. F. 142, Lankāvatāra Dh.
- 107. F. 143<sup>v</sup>: iti śribhagavān Lalitavistare trahūsabhallikāparivarttanāya bhākhitah kalyānavākyaṃ samāptaṃḥ N (Lalitavistara Dh.).
  - 108. F. 145, Tathāgataguhyaka Dh.
- 109. F. 148: iti śrīvodhisatvacaryyāprasthāno Dasabhūmiśvaro nāma mahāyānasūtram ratnarājam samāptam 11 (Daśabhūmikā Dh.).

110. F. 148<sup>v</sup>: āryyāsadharmapuņdarikāyā mantra dhārani samāpta 11 (Saddharmapuņdarīka Dh.). Ibid.: evam agroyam mahāvidyārājasamādhivajraguhyottaraparamantrayamtramamtram aprameyahralam samāptam 11 (Guhyottara Dh.).

111. F. 149, Manjughosa Dh.

112. F. 152v, Sarvajñatākāra Dh.

113, 114. F. 153, Şaṭpāramitāhṛdaya Dh., and Gaganākṣepavajrayoginī Dh.

115, 116. F. 153<sup>v</sup>, Rakkayamārī Dh., and Prasannatārā Dh.

117-119. F. 154, Mahābhairava Dh., Siddhivighneśvara Dh., and Gaņeśaṣoḍaśa Dh. (or Ṣoḍaśagaṇeśa Dh.).

120, 121. F. 154<sup>v</sup>, Kālacakranivardha Dh., and Vajrasṛnkhalā, or Sṛnkhalā Dh.

122. F. 155, Sapanevidyā (Sapnevidyā?) Dh.

123. F. 155<sup>v</sup>, Sanmuşi Dh.

124. F. 158, Süryadvādaśa (or Dvādaśasūrya, or Adityadvādaśa) Dh.

125. F. 158v, Navagrahamantravinyāsa Dh.

126. F. 159, Rāhuvyagrahaśānti Dh.

127. F. 160, Ketugrahaśānti Dh.

128. F. 161, Vajradākiņihrdaya Dh.

129. Ff. 161–163<sup>v</sup>, the Tattvajñānasaṃsiddhi, in five chapters, which end: iti Tatvajñānasaṃsiddhau pūjāvidhi IIII; iti Ta° bhāvanāvidhi II2II; iti Ta° syasanasaḥ niṣpānagrahavidhiḥ II3II; iti Ta° mantrādhāraṇa vidhiḥ II; and Tatvajñānasaṃsiddhināmasvādhisthānakrama iti jo samāptaḥ II See J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 35.

130. F. 163<sup>v</sup>, Uşnīşacakravartti Dh.

131, 132. F. 164, Viśvamātā Dh., and Māricī Dh.

133-135. F. 164<sup>v</sup>, Jänguli Dh., Vajrahümkārabhairava, or Hümkārabhairava Dh., and Maitreya Dh.

136. F. 165<sup>v</sup>: iti krimahāsamvarasya karmmarājavisudhināma dhāranī samāpta 11 (Mahāsamvara Dh.).

137, 138. F. 166<sup>v</sup>, Bhūtadāmvarasaṃkṣipta Dh., and Carecikā, or Vajracarecikā Dh.

139. Ff. 166<sup>V</sup>-174, the Vasundhārā Dhāraṇī. It begins: om namaḥ bhagavate āryyaśrīvasuṃdhārāyaiḥ !! evaṃ mayā śrutam ekasmiṃ samaya bhagavān !! Kauśādimahānagaryyāṃ viharati sma !!...tatra khalu bhagavān Kausāvyāmahānagaryyāṃ Sucandro nāma vṛhaspati prativasaṃti sma !! &c. It ends: sarvvatathāgatādhiṣṭhetāḥ Vasuṃdhārā nāma dhāraṇīty apidhārayet !! idaṃm avocata bhagavān . . . abhyanandann iti !! iðaryyaśrīvasuṃdhārā nāma dhāraṇi samāptaḥ !! See Bendall, pp. 65, 84, 169, 176.

140. Ff. 174-192, the Kapiśa Avadāna, in ten adhyāyas. It begins: om nama śrīsarvvajñāyah u kamdamrppadarppaśamanam pranipatya mudhnāh sod-

dhodanīsuranarāccitapādapīļha śrutvā guro sugatasūtram satatvavijnam sūtram tadarthasamanusmaranam karişya 11 &c. F. 1767: iti Kapisāvadāno pūrvvajanmavarnnano nāmah prathamo 'dhyāyah 11 F. 178: iti śrīkapiśāvadāne manukhāvatāravarņņano nāo dvio 11 F. 180: iti śrīkapisāvadāne śaivajanmavarņņano nāo tro 11 F. 1817: iti ... sarvvānandajanmavarnnano nāo cao II F. 1827: iti ... pindapātrapradāne varņņano nāo pao 11 F. 184v: iti . . . nītinirddesavarņņano nā° şa° 11 F. 189: iti . . . pūjāphalavarņņano nā° sa° 11 F. 190: iti . . . yugādivarnnano nāmāṣṭao 11 F. 1914: iti . . . caryyāpratanidvaso nāo nao 11 It ends: iti satyam parijāāya yadi samdānam icchathah 11 asmim lokeşu janma ca bhajadhvam sarvvado mudā II II iti śrutvā Sāriputro bhiksusamghaih qanai sahā Sākyasimham namaskrtya prakrāntotsukasvārayam 11 11 iti śrīkapisāvadāne puņyaphalavarnnano nāma dasamo 'dhyāyam II II itye 'stasāhasrikā Prajnāpāramitā parisamāptā 11 The same work (in nine adhyāyas only) is described by Mitra, pp. 100 sq.; Bendall, pp. 61, 121.

Ff. 193-195, table of contents of the volume.

For similar collections see J. R. A. S., VIII, pp. 41 sq., 43, 49 sqq.; Mitra, pp. 80 sq., 291 sq.; Bendall, pp. 33, 44, 49 sq., 60 sq., 66, 98, 105, 117 sq., 125, 127 sq., 169 sq., 217. See also E. Burnouf, *Introd.*, pp. 121 sq., 540 sqq., and Hodgson, *Essays*, pp. 18, 49.

Size:  $17 \times 7\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: thick yellow paper. No. of leaves: ii + 197.

Date: śubhasam 939 sti vaiśākhaśu 11 śubham, i.e. Newārī samvat 939 or A.D. 1819.

Character: Newārī.

Illumination: on the first page there are three figures painted in black, white, and yellow. The first figure has a fiendish look, the second, of a very mild appearance, has four arms and holds a lotus in one hand, the third wields a weapon (a short dagger).

### 1450—MS. Sansk. d. 227

### Āryavasudhārādhāriņī, A. D. 1663.

Contents: the Aryavasudhārādhāriņī, a Tantric sūtra. It begins, f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīvītarāgāya namaḥ | oṃ hrīṃ śrīarhan namaḥ | namaḥ śrījinaśāsanāya | saṃsāradvayadināś ca | pratihaṃtṛdināvahe | vasudhāre sudhādhāre | namas tubhyaṃ kṛpāmaye | oṃ evam mayā śrutaṃ | ekasmin samage bhagavān Kośāṃbyāṃ mahānagaryāṃ viharati sma | kaṃtakasaṃjñake | mahāvanare | ghosilārāme | mahatā bhokṣusaṃghena sārddhaṃ | It ends, f. 7: iti Āryavasudhārādhāriṇī samāptaḥ | The dhāriṇī is introduced by a tale of a gṛhapati Sucandra. The

text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The centre of each page has the usual Jaina diagram as ornament. The MS. was written by a Jaina. Cf. Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., p. 65, and no. 1449 (139).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 365). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 7 + lv blank.

Date: f. 7: savvati 1719 (= A.D. 1663) varșe śrāvaņamāse śukladvādaśīdine likhitam (

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1451-MS. Sansk. d. 34

#### Prajñāpāramitāhrdayasūtra, A.D. 1880.

Contents: the Prajñāpāramitāhṛdayasūtra. It begins: o namas sarvajñāya āryāvarokiteśvaravodhisatvo gambhīram Prajñāpāramitāyam caryām caramāno vyāvarokayati sma 1 &c. It ends: Prajñāpāramitāyām ukto mamtrah tad yathā gate gate pāragate pārasamgate vodhi svāhā 11:11 Prajñāpāramitahṛya samaptā.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 61; Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, p. 8 [in note 5 read 'Cat. Bodl. Japan., no. 62,' and in note 7 'Cat. Bodl. Japan., no. 61'].

Size:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 7$  in.

Material: Japanese transparent paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 3 + xxv blank.

Date and Scribe: copied (from an old copy of the Hōriuzi palm-leaf MS., preserved at Kōkizi) by Kaishin Kurehito for Satow, in 1880.

Character: the alphabet of the Hōriuzi palm-leaf MSS.

### 1452 (1-4)—MS. Sansk. d. 35

Two Prajňāpāramitāhrdayasūtras, Uṣṇīṣavijaya Dhāranī, and a short Dhāranī, A. D. 1880.

#### Contents:

- 1. Ff. 2-4<sup>v</sup>, the Prajñāpāramitāhrdayasūtra.
- 2. Ff. 5-7<sup>v</sup>, the Uṣṇīṣavijaya Dhāraṇī, followed by a table of the Sanskrit alphabet, headed 'Siddham.'

These two texts are copied from the Hōriuzi palmleaf MS., and a Chinese transliteration (in black) and a literal Chinese translation (in red) is added.

3. F. 9, a short Dhāraṇī, called 'Son-shio-shio-shin-zu' or 'honourable-excellent-small-mind-dhāraṇī,' written like Chinese.

This is said to be copied from an original MS., written by a Chinese priest, Kanshin, which belonged

to the monastery of Tô-shiodaizi, at Nara in the province of Yamato, Japan. Kanshin came to Japan in A.D. 1753.

4. Ff. 11-20°, the larger text of the Prajfiaparamitahṛdayasūtra. This is the MS. called J in Max Müller's edition. See his Ancient Palm Leaves, pp. 51-54.

Presented in 1881 by Professor F. Max Müller. See Bunyiu Nanjio, no. 63. Cf. Max Müller, Buddhist Texts from Japan, p. 11.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Japanese transparent paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 2I + xvii blank.

Date and Scribes: copied by K. Kanematsu and Y. Ota, in June and July, 1880, and sent to Professor F. Max Müller by the Eastern Hongwanzi, in Kioto, in October, 1880.

Character: nos. 1, 2, and 4 are written in the alphabet of the Horiuzi palm-leaf MS.

### 1453—MS. Hodgson 2

Ekallavīra Caņḍamahāroṣaṇa Tantra, A. D. 1823.

Contents: the Ekallavīra, or Ekaravīra, a Caṇḍa-mahāroṣaṇa Tantra, in twenty-five paṭalas. It begins: 1 oṃ namaḥ śrīcaṇḍamahāroṣaṇāya \(\) evaṃ mayā śrutam ekasmin samaye bhagavān Vajrasatvaḥ sarvvatathāgatakāyavākcittahṛdaya vajradhāteśvarībhage vijahāra \(\) anekaiś ca vajrayoginīvajrayoginīgaṇaiḥ \(\) tadyathā \(\) &c.

Pațala 1 ends, on f. 3: ity Ekallavīrākhye śrīcandamahārokhanatantre tantrāvatāranapaṭalah prathamah 11

Patala 7 ends, on f. 18v: ity Ekallavīrākhye śricandamahārosanatantre dehaprānanapaṭalah saptamah 11

Pațala 8 ends, on f. 21: ity  $E^{\circ}$  śrī $^{\circ}$  svarūpapațalāstamah 11

Pațala 10 ends, on f. 25; ity E° śrī° strīprasaṃśāpațalo daśamaḥ 11

Pațala 11 ends, on f.  $25^{\circ}$ : ity  $E^{\circ}$  śrī $^{\circ}$  viśvarūpapațala ekādaśa $^{\downarrow}$  II

Pațala 14 ends, on f. 36: ity E° śrī° 'calānvaya-paţalaś caturddaśamaḥ 11

Paţala 17 ends, on f. 43: ity E° śrī° śukrādivṛddhipaṭalaḥ saptadaśamaḥ 11

Pațala 19 ends, on f. 48°: ity E° śrī° śukrastambhā-dipaţala ūnaviṃśatitamaḥ 11

Pațala 20 ends, on f. 52": ity E° śrī° nānābhibhedanigaditayantramantrapațalo viṃśatimaḥ 11

Paṭala 21 ends, on f.  $55^{\nabla}$ : ity  $E^{\circ}$  śrī $^{\circ}$  kutūhalapaṭala ekaviṃśatimah 11

Paţala 22 ends, on f.  $57^{\circ}$ : ity  $E^{\circ}$  śrī $^{\circ}$  vāyuyogapaţalo dvāviṃśatitamah 11

Paţala 23 ends, on f. 58v: iti śrīkallavīrākhye śrīcaṇḍamahāroṣaṇatantre mṛtyulakṣaṇapaṭalas trayoviṃśatitamah II

Paţala 25 ends, on f. 61: ity Ekallavīrākhye śricaṇḍamahāroṣaṇatantraḥ devatīsādhanapaṭalaḥ pañcaviṃśalitamaḥ II idam avocad bhagavān śrīvajrasatvas te ca yogīyoginīgaṇā bhagavato bhāṣitam abhyanandann iti II II ity Ekallavīraṃ nāma śrīcaṇḍamahāroṣaṇatantraṃ samāpta II II ye dharmmā hetuprabhāvā hetu teṣāṃ tathāgataḥ ṣkavadat teṣāṃ ca yo nirodha evaṃvādi māhāśramana II

See Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 45 sq. (cf. pp. 103, 127, 186), and J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 37 (no. 46). Mentioned under the title 'Kallavīratantra' in the Bodl. catal., p. 403.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper, partly yellow. No. of leaves: ii + 63.

Date, &c.: śubhasamvat 943 (= A.D. 1823) sti(?)āśuņa kṛṣṇa 9 saḥ Suvarṇṇapaṇārimahānagarayā maitrīpūramahāvihārayāḥ śrīvajrācāryyasarvvārthasiddhinaḥ thado(?) tathamanaṃ cāyāju(?) la 11

Character: Newari.

Illumination: coloured picture (of a Rākṣasa?) on f. 1.

# 1454—MS. Sansk. c. 14 (R)

### Kuladatta's Kriyāpañjikā, 13th cent. P

Contents: the Kriyāpañjikā or Kriyāsaṃgrahapañjikā, a manual of the ritual of late north Buddhism, and practically little more than a Tantra, see Mitra, Nepal. Buddh. Lit., pp. 105-109; Haraprasāda, Report, 1891-1895, p. 11; Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 183, 184; J.R.A.S., VIII, p. 35. The MS. is incomplete, but not very much appears to be wanting, as it contains about 4,000 ślokas as compared with 4,285 in Mitra. The author is the Mahāpandita Kuladatta.

The leaves originally all had letter-numerals, but many are lost, and a later hand, which has made several corrections in the text, has written figures on the right-hand end of each page.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two wooden boards and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 128, of which the first two and the last probably do not belong to the MS.

Date: Dr. Hoernle assigns it to the 13th century, but it may be earlier. Its letter-numerals correspond very closely to those of no. 1693, in Bendall, plate V,

which is dated A.D. 1165, and the letters and style are similar to those of no. 1686, ibid., plate II, 3, though probably later.

Character: early Nepalese, hooked writing.

Injuries: ff. 1, 27, 28, 46 are lost, and two ff. have been inserted at the beginning and one at the end. The MS. is incomplete, but in a fair state of preservation.

### 1455-MS. Sansk. c. 16 (R)

### Sādhanamālā Tantra, 14th cent.?

Contents: a large collection of Buddhist charms, apparently identical with the work described by Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., pp. 132-174, entitled the Sādhanamālā Tantra. The first four leaves of the MS. have been lost. In their place are four leaves (of which three are certainly by one hand), much mutilated, evidently fragments of some other The first (f. 4) begins: yā śrutam ekasminsamaye bhagavān 1 &c. The Tantra begins with f. 5. Ff. 6-8 are missing. On f. 9 there is this colophon: śrīvajrayoginīsukhāgamah parisamāptah ı kṛtir iyam ādisiddhaśrīmadindrabhūtipādānām iti i om namo śrīvajrayoginyai \ F. 10\ : śrīvajravārāhīsādhanam samāptam \ F. 11♥: vajravārāhīsādhanam samāptam \ kṛtir iyam siddhācāryaśrīhṛpīpādānām iti i om namo vajravārāhyai \ prātar utthāya yogī mukhasaucādikam kṛtvā 1 &c. F. 13: vajravārāhīsādhanam samāptam 1 kṛtir iyam 1 &c. F. 14V: saṃkṣiptavārāhīsādhanam samāptam \ namo vajravārāhyai \ namo 'stu vajrayoginyai śūnyatākaralātmane 1 &c. F. 39: samayamanjarī samāptā i namo bhagavatyai Āryavajrayoginyai i F. 40: raktavajravārāhīsādhanam samāptam 1 F. 43<sup>v</sup>: vajravārāhyā — — sādhanam samāptam \ F. 44 \: śrīvajravārāhyā sayyadāsavidhih samāptah 1 F. 45: vajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam i om namah śrīguhyavajravilāsinyai | F. 46: opradayadroyasadhanam | F. 71v: śrijatiyānavinirggatavajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam 1 F. 74": kṛtir iyam siddhācāryaśrīmadindrabhūtipādānām 1 F. 75": sarvvārthasiddhisādhanam samāptam 1 F. 82: vajradākīnīvajravārāhīsādhanam samāptam i F. 82\*: °vajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam 1 F. 83: śrīvajravārāhīkalpa samāptah i Other sections end on ff. 84, 85, 86. F. 91: samāptam idam laksmīsādhanam samāptam 1 F.92 : kṛtir iyam siddhācāryacikapādānām F. 94: ślokāptikāryavajrayoginyāh samāptah 1 kṛtir ayam &c. (as before) 1 F. 95°: iti kāryavajrayoginyāh stutipraņidhānam samāptam i krtir &c. (as before) in a later hand. F. 101: vajrayoginīsādhanam F. 101 v: samksiptavajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam 1 samāptam i krtir iyam mahāpanditācāryaviļāsavajra

(rest missing as f. 102 is lost) | F. 104": vajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam iti i kṛtir iyam paṇḍitācāryaśrīmadvarddhayavajra(!)pādānām iti I F. 106": samāpto 'yam ———— svādhiṣṭhānakrama iti \ kṛtir ācāryasahasravalākarasamādhivajrapādānām ito 1 Other sections end on ff. 111, 120 (krtir ācāryavyajavajrasyeti), 122. F. 123: āryaśuklavajravārāhyāḥ sādhanam samāptam 1 F. 124: vajravārāhyā homavidhi samāpta \ F. 127: iti vajrayoginīpraśnāniekadvimsikā samāptā (F. 128: kṛtir ayam mahāpaņditavibhūtīcandrapādānām iti 1 F. 139\*: the svādhasthānavidhi ends. F. 140: ity ajitakramavajrayoginīsādhanam samāptam \ namaḥ śrīvajrayoginyai \ praņapatya jagannātham dākinījālasambaddham i rahasyam paramam guhyam likhyate 'namra(?)yoginā 11 The MS. is incomplete. It is not accurate, and there are throughout occasional glosses by later hands.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{8}{8}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 2$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two pieces of cardboard and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 133+ii blank.

Date: assigned by Dr. Hoernle to the 14th cent. Character: Nepalese, hooked writing. Of the first four leaves one is in Nepalese, three in Bengālī.

Injuries: ff. 1-4 are lost, and their place is taken by four other leaves. Ff. 6-8 are lost. The MS. is complete to f. 129, except for the loss of ff. 100 and 102. F. 70 is wrongly supplied. After f. 129 comes a leaf numbered 129, then ff. 139, 140, 141, 143, 277, 279, and two leaves containing disconnected jottings and invocations.

# 1456—MS. Sansk. a. 11 (R)

Tantric Mantras, 13th cent.?

Contents: two leaves, numbered 3 and 4, and a fragment, number lost, containing mantras; apparently a part of some Tantra. The mantras are named, e.g. dirgha.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $22\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{8}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $21 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through two holes at the sides.

No. of leaves: 3+i blank.

Date: very probably 13th century. Character: Nepalese, hooked writing.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

# 59. HĪNAYĀNA BUDDHISM

### 1457-MS. Sansk. d. 32 (R)

Anuruddha's S'ataka, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Anuruddha S'ataka, a stotra of Buddha, in 100 verses, by Anuruddha. The work itself is of little importance, but it has a Simhalese commentary, and a translation, which follow the Sanskrit text. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 41<sup>V</sup>: Anuruddhaśatakam samāptam. The MS. seems to be carelessly written. There are six or seven lines on a page.

There is an edition by A. da Silva Devarakkhita, Colombo, 1879. Anuruddha Thera is believed to have lived in the 12th century at Pulatthi (Polonnaruwa). He was author of the Abhidhammattha-sangaha, Journal of the Pāli Text Soc., 1884, p. xi. Cf. Wickremasinghe's Catal. of Simhalese MSS., p. 19; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 102; and J. de Alwis, Descriptive catal., pp. 168-172.

Presented by Dr. W. H. Mill in 1859.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 32.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{8}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{8}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through two holes in the MS.

No. of leaves: 43, of which the two outer leaves serve to protect the written parts.

Date: apparently old, probably 17th century. Character: Simhalese.

# 1458—MS. Sansk. c. 33 (R)

Pratyaya S'ataka, A.D. 1820.

Contents: the Pratyaya S'ataka, or a selection of 100 stanzas on moral subjects, with a Simhalese translation. The MS. has no title, but the one given above was that assigned by Mill. The verses are very incorrectly written, but are usually intelligible. It begins on f. 1 and ends on f. 10°. The first verse is: alasasya kutah śilpam aśilpasya kuto dhanam 1 adhanasya kuto vṛttam avṛttasya kutah sukham 11 It is described on f. 11° as 'Cingahalese Proverbs or Lectures.'

An edition of the Sataka with the Sanskrit text in Roman characters, and a translation from the Simhalese paraphrase, was published at Colombo in 1886; a text and paraphrase, ibid., 1867.

Former owner: a note in ink on f. IIV states that 'this Cinghalese book belongs to Daniel Waas, 1822.'

M m



The owner has also stamped his name on f. 11, 'Dan: Waas, 1822.' From Daniel Waas apparently Dr. Mill acquired it and presented it to the Bodleian Library.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 33. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{7}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards, and a string passing through a hole in the middle of

No. of leaves: 11.

Date: on f. 10" the copyist gives June 5, 1820, as the date on which 'this book was written and finished.' Character: Simhalese.

### TANTRA—GENERAL

### 1459-MS. Sansk. d. 9

Pararahasya Tantra, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Pararahasya, or Paracintamani, or Saubhāgyacintāmaņi, in twenty paţalas. It begins: om śriganeśaya namah II śridevy uvaca II om bhagavan deva devesa tamtramamtrāvdhipāraga i tvatprasādān mayā tamtro Rudrayāmala īśvari \\ viśvahamso jagad devī yāmalā dāmarā śrutā II āgamasya śrutah Simdhulaharī ca samuccayāḥ II tathāpi saṃśayo deva na yāto me parāmanoh II punas tvayāśu nirņītam śrītrikūţārahasyakam sarvasvākhyas tamtranāthas Tripurālilakābhidhah 🛮 Şodasīhrdayākhyo'pi tamtrarājo mayā śrutāḥ 🗈 Syāmīhṛdayanāmāpi Kālītaṃtras tvayā smṛtāḥ II Asitāsahitākhyātās tathā Bhairavatamtrakah 11 Mumdamūlābhidhas tatra éruto me saméayo gatah II tvayaiva punar īśāna sūcitam pāradaivatam 🗤 Parārahasyakam divyam parāpararahasyakam \ śruto yair na mahādevi Parācimtāmaņih parah 11 tamtreśvarah kutas teşām samsayo yāti māmtrikah i tamtreśvaram tam adya tvam parācimtāmaniparam II vada vāgvādinīsiddhyai tatsamsayanivrttaye II śribhairavah om mamtraikasāram bhavasimdhupāram manovihāram tripuraikahāram II Saubhāgyacimtāmanināmadhyeyam tamtram pravaksyāmi Parārahasyakam II Parācimtāmaņim nāma śrņu tamtram maheśvari II saubhāgyamamtrasarvasvam rahasyam pāradaivatam 11 F. 3v: iti śrīparārahasye tamtreśvarasaubhāgyacimtāmaņau visvaprakāso nāma prathamah paṭalah II II F. 4": iti śrīparārahasye tamtre Saubhāgyacimtāmaņau vidyāsādhanavidhir nāma dvitīyah patalah 11211 F. 7: iti śriparārahasye (pr. m.: śrirudrayāmale) tamtre puraścaryyā vidhir nāma trtīyah patalah 11311 F.9: iti śrītaṃtre Parārahasye homavidhir nāma caturthaḥ patalah 11411

Pațala 5 (vajracūdāmaņikavacākhyānaṃ) ends, on f. 10; 6 (vajramukuļakavaca), on f. 11; 7 (vajrakirīļaļ), on f. 11<sup>v</sup>; 8, on f. 14<sup>v</sup>; 9 (śaktipūjāvidhiḥ), on f. 17<sup>v</sup>: 10, on f. 18<sup>v</sup>; 11 (stambhanamohanavidhih), on f. 19: 12 (māraņākarşaņavidhiķ), on f. 19; 13 (vasīkaraņoccātanavidhih), on f. 20; 14 (śāmtikapaustikavidhih), on f. 20<sup>v</sup>; 15 (samtānikamauktikavidhih), on f. 21; 16 (cimtāmanimamtruprakāśaħ), on f. 22♥.

F. 25: iti śrītaṃtreśvare Saubhāgyaciṃtāmaṇau saptādašaķ paļalaķ 111711 F. 26: iti śrītamtreśvarī Saubhāgyaciṃtāmaṇau kavacākhyāne vidhir nāmāṣṭādaśah patalah 11811 F. 34: iti śriparārahasye Saubhāgyacimtāmaņau mahāşodasīmamtranāmasahasrākhyānam nāmaikonavimšah pathalah 11 1911 It ends: śrībhairava uvāca i ayam tamtresvaro devi Parācimtāmaņih smṛtah i pūjyo vrahmādidevānām rahasyam sarvadehinām i astasiddhipradah tamtrah sarvopadravanāśakah i sarvamāmgalamāmgalyam sarvaisvaryaikakāraņam sarvavrahmamayam tamtro vedavidyāmayāh parah \ gopyo guhyatamo guhyo gopaniyo mumuksubhih II II iti śriparārahasye Saubhāgyacimtāmanau tattvastotrākhyānam nāma vimśatitamah patalah 11 112011 11 śubham astu sarvajagatām 11 There is a MS. also in the Indian Institute Library, see Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 54.

Marginal notes and corrections by a second hand on ff. 27, 28, 30<sup>v</sup>, 31.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $9 \times 5^{\frac{7}{8}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 37 + ii blank.

Date: probably the first half of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1460-MS. Sansk. d. 38 (R)

Svacchandalalitabhairava Mahātantra, A.D. 1063.

Contents: the Svacchandalalitabhairava Mahātantra, treating the usual Tantric topics in the form of a dialogue between Devi and Bhairava, in fifteen patalas, of which this MS. contains 5-10 entire, a small part of 11 and 12, and the colophons of 4 and 15. Patala 5 begins, on f. 61: Devy uvāca i kāladīkṣā sureśāna kathitā parameśvara i tatvadīkṣāṃ samāsena kathayasva prasādataļ II Bhairava uvāca I samāsāt kathayişyāmi tvatpriyārtham varānane 1 &c. It ends, on f. 65v: (dīkṣāsamaya). Paṭala 6 ends, on f. 70<sup>v</sup> (karmavidhiphala); 7, on f.  $87^{\nabla}$  (ādhyātmakāla); 8, on f.  $89^{\nabla}$ (tantrāvatāra); 9, on f. 95°; 10, on f. 96°. Of paţala 11 there are verses on ff. 160-161, 167, 172-176 $^{\circ}$ , where it ends. Of patala 12 only ff. 178, 179 remain. Of patala 15 only one leaf (number lost) with colophon.

This is no doubt identical with the Svacchanda-

bhairava quoted in the Tantrasāra, Bodl. catal., p. 95<sup>b</sup>, and mentioned in the List of rare Nepalese works, Khatmandoo, 1868, p. 12. Its great age is very noteworthy, and suggests a reconsideration of the dates of other Tantras, which is also required by the MS. of the Pārameśvaratantra, Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., p. 27; and other MSS. in Haraprāsada, Report, 1891–1895, pp. 3, 4.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards and a string passing through a hole to the left of the centre.

No. of leaves: 47 (Dr. Hoernle gives 58, but this is wrong), viz. 61-96, 160, 161, 167, 172-176, 178, 179, and another leaf.

Date: last leaf, verso: samvat 183 (= A.D. 1063) māghakṛṣṇapratipada śaneśvara(?)dine 1

Scribe: ibid.: rājāśrīpradyumnadevasya rājye Janārddanasimhena svapustakam likhitam iti! For Pradyumna (quite clearly written in this MS.) see Bendall, Buddh. Sansk. MSS., Hist. Intr., p.vi, referring to a MS. of A. D. 1065.

Character: Nepalese, good clear writing.

Injuries: ff. 1-60, 97-159, 162-166, 168-171, 177, 180+an unknown number are lost. The rest is well preserved.

### 1461—MS. Sansk. c. 27 (R)

### Svacchandalalitabhairava Mahātantra, 13th cent.?

Contents: a portion of a Tantra which appears from its contents to be the Svacchandalalitabhairava Mahātantra, for which see MS. Sansk. d. 38 (1460). This MS. consists of twenty-eight leaves, numbered 2-29, and except for the loss of f. 1 contains all of paṭalas I and 2, and a considerable portion of paṭala 3. Paṭala I ends, on f. 14<sup>V</sup>; 2, on f. 21: pūjāvidhidvitīyaḥ paṭalaḥ 11 devy uvāca 1 saṭprakārā gatā deva tvatpasādād mayānagha 1 sāmprataṃ śrotum icchāmi siddhānvayavinirgataṃ 11 Bhairava uvāca 1 tvayā śantitvamutsrjya jātā yā ca Himālaye 1 ātmanas kāmadā devī samāsād bhavamādane 11

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 2\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 28.

Date: probably late 13th century, but it may be more recent.

Character: Nepalese.

Injuries: beginning and end missing; the rest is excellently preserved.

#### 1462-MS. Sansk. d. 222

### Epitome of the Uddamara Mahatantra, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Uddamaramahātantrasāroddhāra, a collection of verses on magic, ritual, &c., from the Uddāmara Mahātantra, accompanied by an explanatory commentary in bhāṣā (Hindī) which is the more important part of the work. The MS. is imperfect. It begins, on f. 1: gurubhyo namah 1 om namah 1 namāmi deva devānām anādiparameśvaram i avyam akşayam samtam upādhivilavarjitam 11111 Owing to the mutilation of the MS. the subsequent lines are incomplete. There is no division into chapters, but the following colophons occur: f. 17; iti Uddāmare Mahāśāstre sapādalakṣamadhye sārodhītam udāharaņaprathamaprakaranam i F. 3: iti Uddāmare mahāśāstre sapādamalakṣamadhye sārabhūtodhṛtam Kapālakemaramjanam vidhe prakaranamı F. 4": iti Uddamare mahāśāstra isvaravinirgatam sapādalakṣamadhye sārabhūtodhṛtam tvanityamukhodvarddhamāna nāma prakaraņam I F. 7: iti Uddāmare mahāņisāstre vanitābhuvalimgāgastanakarņavīddhiprakaranam i The vasakaranaprakarana ends on f. 10<sup>v</sup>; the vājīprakaraņa on f. 11<sup>v</sup>; the pādatalalepaprakaraņa on f. 16; the netiarogacikitsāprakaraņa on f. 17°; the grahanīsāracikitsālakṣaṇa on f. 20; the magnīstambhaprakaraņa on f. 27; the jalastambhaprakarana on f. 28; the vamdhyānīrājamnīvidhiprakarana on f. 28v; the vadhyāprakarana on f. 30; the ciciņīpiśācinīsādhanavidhiprakaraņa on f. 30v; the vagalamukhāmahāvidyāsādhana on f. 32; the karņe piśacikasaddhanaprakarana on f. 32v; on f. 34v is: iti Uddāmare mahātamtre isvaramukhavinirgate sapādalakşamadhye sārodhṛtā i saṃhitā samāpta i oṃ śrīvītarāgāya namaķ i padmapattreksaņā subrā vāņī pustakadhāriņī \ vicitraśalpasaṃyuktā sā māṃ pāṃtu Sarasvati \\ artha i then a bhāṣā gloss. F. 36: iti jvarādhikāra prathama vargga 1 This has 17 verses. The sarpaviṣādhikāra, with 21 verses, ends on f. 37; the vṛścikādhikāra, with 14 verses, on f. 38; the cestadhikāra, with 17 verses, on f. 30v; the visākārāyogavasīkarņņādhikāra, with 38 verses, on f. 42; the garbhādhikāra, with 9 verses, on f. 42"; the miśrakāmadhyāya, with 7 verses, on f. 43; the miśrakāmadhyāya, with 8 verses, on f. 43v; the dhyānajñāna, with 9 verses, on f. 44: the netramjana, with 4 verses, on f. 44"; the misrakādhyāya, with 34 verses, on f. 46°; the miśrakā-

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dhyāya, with 13 verses, on f. 47°; the ajirṇṇādhikāra, with 3 verses, on f. 47°. Thence to the end the work is practically all bhāṣā. The MS. is incomplete, ending on f. 57°. From f. 34° the work is evidently another collection of verses probably by the same author as the epitome of the Uḍḍāmara Mahātantra. Cf. v. 2 on f. 34°: nānāśāstidhṛtā yogā lokānāṃ hetakāmayā i āvekṣa yogamālā ca kāyasthā harṣasaṃkulā 11211 śākinijvarabhūtānāṃ vaṣavraṇavināśanāṃ viṣīkaranaṃ vidveṣaṃ vicetrāsvaryasaṃyataṃ 11311 The verses are always accompanied by bhāṣā translations, and there are many bhāṣā verses without any Sanskrit.

The text is bounded on either side by two or three red lines. The MS. is most inaccurate.

Cf. Weber, Catal., I, 358, II, 344, 345; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 412, 413; Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 157; Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 38, for other parts of this Tantra.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 351). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 57 + i blank. Originally 58, but f. 47 is missing.

Date: probably about the beginning of the 18th cent. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

Injuries: ff. 1, 47<sup>v</sup>, 48, 51, 54, 55, 57 are slightly damaged. The original f. 47 is lost, and also the end of the work.

### 1463—MS. Sansk. d. 24 Vișņurahasya, A.D. 1845.

Contents: the Visnurahasya, in fifty-five adhyayas. It begins: śrīgurubhyo namaḥ śrīlakṣmīnṛsiṃho jayati śrīr astu om yato bhūtāni jāyamte yena jīvamti tāny uta yo hamti mokşadas teşām tam bişnum praņamāmy aham 11 Naimişe Nimişakşetre rşayah Saunakādayah 1 dīksitā vaisnave yajne Sūtam paprachur ādarāt 11 rsaya ūcuļ I Sūta Sūta mahābhāga vada no vadatām vara I ... Sūta uvāca 1 ... ato yāvad aham vedmi tāvad vakşyāmi nānyathā i yat purā bişņunā proktam sṛṣṭyādau Brahmane svayam II Brahmā prāha Vasisthāya Vasisthas tu Parāsaram i sa Krsņāya Sutāyāha sa Vyāsah Sukam uktavān 11 nişevitapadadvamdvāt Sukād aham avāptavān 1 imam bişnurahasyākhyam itihāsum Haripriyam 11 lakşasamkhyam uvācāsmai brahmaņe sa sutam nijam \ kimcid bhāgam ca prādhānyāt Kasyapādīn munīśvarān 1 . . . tatrādau yac Chukād āptam śrūyatām kathayāmi tat 1 sṛṣṭyādau nirmito Brahmā biṣṇunā prabhaviṣṇunā 11 nāmnā sa puruso nāma papracha pitaram svakam u kimartham sṛṣṭavān mām tvam kim nu kuryām atah param i kim āsīd advaparyamtam tan me vistarato vada 11 &c.

The following are the titles of some of the adhyāyas: adhyāya 1, Viṣṇukrīḍanam (f. 2<sup>V</sup>); 2, brahmasūtrotpattiḥ (f. 4); 3, vedevadyopadeśaḥ (f. 5); 5, sṛṣṭyādikāraṇakathanam (f. 6); 6, svāṃtratryādy (read svātantryādy) upapādanam (f. 7); 7, dīkṣādhikārakathanam (f. 9<sup>V</sup>); 8, guruvicāraḥ (f. 10<sup>V</sup>); 9, maṃtrādhikārakathanam (f. 12); 10, pratimāpūjāvivekakathanam (f. 13); 11, karmabhedakathanam (f. 15<sup>V</sup>), &c.; 16, sūkṣmasṛṣṭikathanam (f. 19<sup>V</sup>); 17, prakṛtiprākṛtavibhāgakathanam (f. 20); 20, janakabhaktivarṇanam (f. 25); 22, Pradyumnanaḥ sṛṣṭikathanam (f. 28<sup>V</sup>); 31, Iṃdradyumnabḥṛgusaṃvāde jātivivekaḥ (f. 37<sup>V</sup>); 35, jātivivekaḥ (f. 44); 40, Sāṃḍilyapraśnottaram (f. 54); 47, puruṣārthavarṇanam (f. 63).

It ends: ittham te munayah sarve Saunakādyā maharşayah i śrutvā Vişņurahasyāni samsamānās ca Sūtajam i prāpur mudam parām bisņor dṛḍhām bhaktim avāpnuyuh i prāpnuvamty akhileṣṭāni yato brahmādayo 'khilāḥ ii iti śrīviṣṇurahasye Vāsiṣṭhe Viṣṇumahimāvarṇanam nāma paṃcapaṃcāśattamo 'dhyāyah ii śrīkṛṣṇārpaṇam astu i śrīrāmavedavyāsārpaṇam astu i śrīlakṣmīnṛ-siṃhaḥ suprīto varado bhavatu ii

An account of this MS. was given by Aufrecht in the Z.D.M.G., XXIX, (1875), p. 313 sqq. He says that the work is frequently quoted by Viṣṇuites, and that complete copies are scarce. Cf. Burnell, *Tanjore catal.*, p. 205<sup>b</sup>.

Bought between 1862 and 1875. Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 24. Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 73.

Date and Scribe: viśvāsu(read viśvāvasu)nāmasamvatsare mārgaśirṣamāse imduvāsarayutāyām ṣaṣṭyām śrīmatsatyapurīnṛharicaraṇāmtaḥkaraṇaparāyaṇadayādākṣiṇyādyanavadyaguṇagaṇaviṣṭaḍhaukīkaropanāmaśāmācāryasutena Srīnivāsena likhitam i The Viśvāvasu year corresponds to A.D. 1845 (which is the most probable), or possibly to A.D. 1785. If the northern reckoning is adopted (cf. MS. Sansk. d. 13 [1053]) it will be 1835.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1464—MS. Sansk. d. 39 (R) Kālasaṅkarṣiṇīmata, A. D. 1392.

Contents: the Kālasankarṣinīmata (so the MS. seems to read; Dr. Hoernle gives Kālasakārpinīmata, which can hardly be correct), a short Tantric work, in a fragmentary condition. Ff. 1 and 2 are intact, then come ff. 8-10, paṭala 1 ending on f. 8; then two unnumbered leaves, paṭala 2 ending on the verso of the second. Then ff. 16-20; paṭala 3 ends on f. 17; 4,

on f. 19<sup>v</sup>; 5, on f. 20<sup>v</sup>. Then two folios, perhaps 22, 23, and the whole ends on f. 24 : iti śrīkā(la)sankarşinīmatacaturvimsatisāhasrasukhakarmmanirņņayo nāma tippaņakah samāptah i The colophon of patala ı is: iti Kālasankarşanīmate trailokyamohane caturviśatisāhasravidyāsamudāya ţippaņakam prathamaḥ paṭalah 11 That of patala 2 is: iti śrīkālasankarşanīmate caturvimsatisāhasrasamayā ţippaņako nāma dvitīyah pațah i śrībhairava uvāca i That of pațala 3 is: iti śrikālasankarşanīmate caturvimšatisāhasre pūjanavidhiţippaṇakam trtīyaḥ paṭalaḥ \ śrīdevy uvāca \ varūkasampradāyam ca mukhāt sukha katham bhavet i katham antah katham vahu katham nopapadyate 11 katham sthānam tam deveša vadasva mama ha prabho i īśvara uvāca i sṛṇu devi pravakṣyāmi rahasyam mama durlabham ı yogininām ghanam prāņam ākhyabhinna kadācana II That of patala 4 is: iti śrīkālasankarşanīmate caturvimšatisāhasre varūkasampradāyo nāma ţippaṇaka caturthah patalah i śribhairava uvāca i śrņu devi pravaksyāmi yad uktam punar naiva ca \ sa yā ca prathamā nādī gayā suşumnā kuņdalinī 11 That of paţala 5 is: iti Kālasankarsanīmate kundamandalo nāma tippaņah pañcamah patalah i śribhairava uvāca i śrņu devi pravakşyāmi agnikāryam yathāvidhi \ şaţkālam kundaka ---1 F. I does not begin the work, and though its contents are Tantric it does not appear to fit into any part of the book. It may be one of the leaves which are missing from the middle. The MS. is not very accurate, and is badly written. The best title seems to be Kālasankarşiņā, though okarşanā is possible.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of leaf:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{6}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards and a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 15.

Date: f.  $24^{\text{V}}$ : samvata 512 (= A. D. 1392) māgkakṛṣṇatriyodaśyāyā(m) tithau \ śravaṇanakṣatre.

Character: Nepalese.

Injuries: the MS. is worm-eaten and much worn away round the central hole.

### 1465—MS. Sansk. d. 226

Nṛṣiṃhānandanātha's Varivasyārahasya, with the Commentary of Bhāsurānandanātha, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Varivasyārahasya of Nṛsiṃhānandanātha with Bhāsurānandanātha's commentary, a work on Tantric rites. The MS. is incomplete, containing only 154 stanzas of text with the relative commentary. The beginning is imperfect, the page being torn: it reads, f. IV: ——— kamalebhyo namah 1 om 1 vidyānām ca manūnām manuśamkhyānām ca vidyānā ——— diṣṭā jayatitarām Harasimhānamdanāthaguruh 11111 varivasyārahasyākhyo gramtho ——— svena nirmitah 1 tatra durghataśabdānām arthah samkṣipya likhyate 11211 The first part, containing the explanation of fifty-two verses, ends on f. 24V: iti śrīnṛsimhānamdanāthacaraṇārādhakena Bhāskararāyānāmnā Bhāsurānamdanāthena parinīte Varivasyārahasye tatprakāśe prathamo 'mśah 1 om śrīcaraṇau jayatah 1 The work ends abruptly in the middle of the commentary on verse 154 on f. 90.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Lacunae, probably very small, are marked on ff. 47,73v.

This must be the work of which an abstract is given by Bhandarkar, *Report*, 1883, 1884, pp. 88-90, who ascribes it to Bhāskararāya, son of Gambhīrarāya (beginning of the 17th century). This is perhaps less correct than the above account, but the material contained in this MS. is insufficient to settle the point. In the Gov. Or. Libr. Madras catal., p. 82, the text is attributed to Nrsimhanandanatha. Clearly Bhasuranandanātha worked over his teacher's work. Bhāskararāya was Bhāsurānanda's name before initiation, Mitra, Notices, VII, 33. Umānandanātha, pupil of Bhāsurānanda, composed in Kaligatābde 4843 (= A. D. 1742) his Hrdayamrta, according to Stein, Kaśmir catal., p. 226, but Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 411, says he 'lived at Benares in 1629,' which is hardly consistent with his being later than Bhattoji, as shown by his Siddhantakaumudīvilasa. probably a slip for 1729,

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 362).

Size: 113 × 7 in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 90 + ii blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1<sup>v</sup>, 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>-90 especially are much injured, but on every page several letters are illegible.

### 61. SPECIAL TREATISES

1466-MS. Sansk. c. 120

Purascaranavidhi, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Purascaranavidhi, a brief treatise on Tantric rites. It begins, on f. 1: namo Ganesāya 1 atha Purascaranavidhih 1 purascaranasamyatno mantro hi phāladāyakah 1 kim homair kim — — pais caiva kim mantranyāsavistaraih 11 111 vīryahīno yathā dehī sarva-

karmasu na kṣamaḥ \ puraścaraṇahīno 'pi tathā mantraḥ prakīrtitaḥ \ \(\mathbb{12}\)\) It ends, on f.  $9^{\nabla}$ : iti Puraścaraṇavidhih samāptaḥ \

It does not seem to be identical with the MSS. described by Weber, *Catal.*, I, 316; Mitra, *Notices*, I, 255, VII, 164; as to the first, the material given by Weber is insufficient to settle the point.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 354).

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 9 + xlix blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1750, but it may be more modern.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: parts of ff. 1 and 2 are missing.

### 1467-MS. Sansk. d. 223

### Batukabhairavapūjāpaddhati, A.D. 1827.

Contents: the Baţukabhairavapūjāpaddhati, a brief manual of Tantric ceremonies. It begins, on f. 1°: om śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha nityapūjāpavidhih i om hrīm ātmatatvāya svāhā i om hrīm ātmatatvāya svāhā i hrīm vidyātatvāyasvāhā i hrīm śivatatvāya svāhā i om ity ācamanam asya śrīprithvimantrasya merupṛṣṭaṛṣaye namah i sirasi sutalrīmkvamdrase namah i mukhe kūrmodevatāyai namah i It ends, on f. 9: iti Vāmadevasamhitāyām śrībaṭukabhairavapūjāpaddhita samāptam i subham i

There is a diagram on f. 3. On f. 4 a lacuna of four letters is marked. Different from the Baţukabhairavapūjāvidhi in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 442.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 356).

Size:  $11\frac{8}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 9 + xl blank.

Date: f. 9: saṃvat 1883 (= A.D. 1827) bhādraśuklānavame ravīvāsare

Scribe: probably the same as in MS. Sansk. d. 192. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1468-MS. Sansk. e. 84

#### Bhūtasuddhi and Prāṇapratisthā, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Bhūtaśuddhi and Prāṇapratiṣṭhā, being a short treatise on Tantric rites. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i tatra yādādijānuparyaṃtaṃ prithivīsthānaṃ caturasraṃ vajralāṃchitaṃ pītavarṇaṃ brahmadaivataṃ nivṛttikalādhiṣṭitaṃ laṃbījayuktaṃ dhyātvā jānvādinābhiparyaṃtaṃ mayāsthānam arddhacaṃdrākāraṃ śuklavarṇaṃ śṛṃgadvaye 'pi padmalāṃ-

chitam bişnudaivatam pratişthākalādhişţitam vamvījayuktam dhyātvā i and so on in the same strain. It ends, on f. 10°: iti Prānapratişthāvidhih samāptam i Though the contents are worthless, the MS. is beautifully written. A Bhūtaśuddhi is quoted in the Sāktānandataranginī, see Bodl. catal., p. 1048.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. This seems to be different from those in Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 142; Leipzig catal., p. 161; Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., pp. 48, 49. The title given above is that extracted by Hultzsch from the Bhūtaśuddhiprāṇapratiṣṭhāvidhih of the original wrapper (f. ii).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 358).

Size:  $7\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 10 + xlix blank.

Date: possibly about A.D. 1750.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1469 (1-5)—MS. Sansk. f. 19

Dhūmāvatīpūjāpaddhati, A.D. 1823.

Contents: this MS. contains some pieces regarding the worship of Dhūmāvatī, unfortunately much disarranged in binding.

- 1. The Dhūmāvatīpaṭala (ff. IV-3V) begins: śriganeśāya namaḥ \ guṇānām ānyacayan tava caraṇapaṃkeruhabhuvām iti dhyāyaṃ dhṛtaprabhṛtinam asamarthastutividhau tathāpi tvāṃ stoṣye janani jaḍacito
  'pi vahavo yathāśakti stutvā jagati puruṣāthaikanilayāḥ || I || It consists of thirteen stanzas, and ends:
  iti Dhūmāvatyā paṭalaḥ samaptah \|
- 2. On f. 6<sup>v</sup> we have: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha Dhūmāvatyah paṭalo vyākhyāyate i pūrvoktaprakāreņa jyeṣṭām samārādhya maṃtrasiddhih prajāyate i
- 3. On f. 5<sup>v</sup> there are verses numbered 7 and 8, ending iti śrīdhūmāvatīstotram 1 All the rest is missing.
- 4. F. 5 begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śrīdevyuvāca i devādhideva deveśa sarvalokahite rata i kena śatruvināśah syād bhītānām śatruśāsanāt ii i ii caurāgninīpapīdāsu mahākālahutāśane i mārīduhsvapnapīdāsu graharogabhaveṣu ca ii 2 ii It continues on ff. 7, 8, and ends on f. 4<sup>V</sup>: tasya nāśah kṣaṇād evi bhaviṣyati na śaṃyah i iti śrībhairavatantre Pārvatīiśvara saṃvāde Dhūmāvatīkavaca samo i
- 5. The Dhūmāvatīpūjāpaddhati begins on f. 4: om śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ latha Dhūmāvatyāḥ paddhati liṣyate latha prātaḥ kṛtaḥ prātar utthāya svaśirasi caṃdramaṃdalāṃtastham ayomu sahasradalakamalakarnikāṃtargataṃ śāṃtam læc. It continues on ff. 9-24, where it ends: mālyāṃ śirasi dhṛtvā yathāsukhaṃ vihared iti saṃkṣepadhūpadhūmāvatīpūjāpaddhati sa-



māptah dhūm dhūm dhūmāvati svāhā mūlamamtrah i This explains the note Dhūmāvatīpañcāṃgam i on f. ii.

The MS. is frequently corrected by means of yellow pigment.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 363). Size:  $6\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 24 + i blank. In the original 3 + i + i + 18, but these are incorrect.

Date: f. 24<sup>V</sup>: saņvat 1880 šāke 1745 (= A.D. 1823). Scribe: F. 3<sup>V</sup>: lişitam Ajodhyānāthatputrakālikādāsa (F. 5<sup>V</sup>: Ajodhyānāthatatputrakālikādāsa (F. 24<sup>V</sup>: Gaudabrāhmaņa liṣītaṃ Miśraajodhyānāthatatpumiśrakālikādāsa svapathanārtham (

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1470-MS. Sansk. e. 83

Tryambaka's Kuladharmapaddhati, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Kuladharmapaddhati of Tryambaka, a work on Tantric rites. The MS. apparently contains only a very small part of it. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaņesāya namah i kuledevān namaskṛtya Tryambakah sumahāmatih i karoti kuladharmānām paddhatim padyasaṃyutām 11111 It is very badly written. It ends abruptly on f. 6°: pūrvoktadevatānām tu pūjām kuryād vidhānatah i naivedyādi yathā pūrvam vidadhyād viddhimān narah i The rest is too corrupt to be worth quoting.

F. 5<sup>v</sup> is blank and there is probably a lacuna in the text.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 352).

Size:  $8\frac{3}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 6 + xxxvii blank.

Date: possibly about A. D. 1830-1840.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: much is probably missing at the end.

# 1471—MS. Sansk. f. 21 S'aktinyāsa, A. D. 1769.

Contents: the S'aktinyāsa, a brief and worthless manual of Tantric rites. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: om 1 asya śrīśuddhaśaktimālāmaṃtrasyopastheṃdrujādhiṣṭātrī varuṇāditya ṛṣiḥ gāyatrīchaṃdaḥ 1 sātvikākarabhaṭṭā rikapīṭhasthitakāmeśvarāṃganilayā kāmeśvarī lalitā bhaṭṭārikā devatā 1 khaḍgasiddhyai viniyogaḥ 1 tādṛśaṃ khaḍgam āpnoti yena haste dhṛtena tu 1 aṣṭādaśamahādvīpasamrāḍ bhoktā bhaviṣyati 11 It ends, on f. 7: iti Saktinyāsaḥ 1 The MS. is very incorrect.

The text is bounded on either side by three pale red lines.

This is identical with the Tripurasundarīmālāmantra for obtaining an invincible sword, in Aufrecht's Flor. catal., p. 138. Cf. Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 52.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 363).

Size:  $7 \times 4$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 7 + xli blank.

Date: f. 7: saṃvat 1825 (= A. D. 1769) nā prathamaśrāvaṇaśudī 2 śakre II

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1472—MS. Sansk. d. 121

### Dakşiņāmūrti's Bījakośoddhāra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Bījakośoddhāra, ascribed to Dakṣiṇāmūrti, being a short Tantric treatise, explaining the mystic value of certain combinations of letters, such as śrīṃ, hrīṃ, klīṃ, roṃ, sauḥ, oṃ, &c. It begins: 11 śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 vījakośaḥ lakṣmīḥ padmā hariṇākṣī saroruhanivāsinī kamalā rukmiṇī biṣṇoḥ kāṃtā śrīṃ vījam īritaṃ śrīṃ parābhūtis tathā lajjā māyāpi sakalā kṛśā samastāpi tathā śyāmā hrīṃ vījaṃ samudāhṛtaṃ hrīṃ 1 &c. It ends: vṛṣṭivījaṃ ca vārṣikaḥ varṣopalas tu karakā krūṃ vījaṃ samudāhṛtaṃ krūṃ iti Dakṣiṇa (sic) mūrttikṛto Bījakośoddhāraḥ samāptaḥ 11 III

This may be an extract from the Bijakośa described by Mitra, *Notices*, no. 2572, VIII, 25 sq.; see also no. 2669, ibid., 129, and no. 2343, VII, 114 sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 164).

Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 3 + xxvi blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1830 or 1840.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 62. STOTRAS AND KAVACAS

1473 (1-4)—MS. Sansk. g. 1

Devīkavaca, Argalāstuti, Kīlaka, and Devīmāhātmya, 19th cent.?

Contents:

- 1. The Devikavaca. The beginning is lost. It ends: iti śrīdevīkavacam sampūrnam samāptam iti bhadram u
- 2. The Argalästotra. It begins: om namas Camdikāyai II om jayamtī mamgalā kālī bhadrā kālī kapālinī I &c. It ends: iti śrīvisnunā viracitam Argalāstotram samāptam miti bhadram II subham II

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- 3. The Kilastotra. It begins: om namah i Sivāya om višuddhajūānadehāya trivedīdivyacaksuse i &c. It ends: iti śrīmahādevakrtam Kilastotram sapūņam samāptam iti bhadram ii subham ii
- 4. The Devīmāhātmya (or Saptaśatī), from the Mārkaṇḍeya Purāṇa. It begins: asya śrīsaptaśatīprathamacaritasya vahmā (reading doubtful) ṛṣiḥ mahākālī devatā gāyatrī chaṃdaḥ anaṃtajā śaktiḥ raktadaṃtikā vījam \ agnis tattvaṃ śrīmahākālīprītyarthaṃ prathamacaritra ṛgvedapāṭhe viniyogaḥ oṃ śrīmārkaṇḍeya uvāca \ oṃ sāvarniḥ sūryatanayo yo Manuḥ kathyate ʾṣṭamaḥ \ &c. End of adhyāya ı: iti śrīmārkaṃḍīyapurāṇe sāvarnike manvaṃtare Devīmāhātme madhukaiṭabhavadho nāma prathamo ʾdhyāyaḥ \ It breaks off at the end of adhyāya 12: stutā saṃpūjita puṣpair dhūpagaṃdhādibhis tathā dadāti vittaṃ pu ṃś ca matiṃ dharme tathā śubhām iti śrīmārkaṃḍe — varṇike manvaṃ — māhātmye pha — . See MS. Sansk. d. 18 (1184).

? Bought

Roll: 10 ft.  $8\frac{1}{4}$  in.  $\times 1\frac{3}{8}$  in.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $1\frac{7}{8} \times 1\frac{8}{4} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: thin paper, pasted on canvas.

Date: probably about A.D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī, miniature writing.

Illumination: there are fourteen coloured pictures, relating to Durgā worship, one at the end of each section.

Injuries: the roll is damaged, not only at the beginning and at the end, but also at the end of the third, at the beginning of the fifth, and in the middle of the tenth adhyāya of the Devīmāhātmya. Most of the pictures are discoloured or damaged.

### 1474 (1-3)-MS. Sansk. d. 60

Devīkavaca, Argalāstuti, and Kīlaka, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: three short Tantric prayers, viz.:

1. The Devikavaca or Devyāḥ kavaca, in fifty-six ślokas (ff. 1-6). It begins: śrīganeśāya namaḥ 11 om namaś Camḍikāyai 11 Mārkkamḍeya uvāca 11 yad guhyam paramam loke 11 sarvarakṣākaram nṛṇāṃ 11 yan na kasyacid ākhyātaṃ tan me vrūhi pitāmaha 11 11 It ends: iti śrīhariharavrahmāviracite Devyā kavacaṃ samāptaṃ 11 Harihara can hardly be taken as the actual author of the work (see Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 197<sup>a</sup>), but the work is said to have been pronounced by the three gods Hari, Hara, and Brahman. In MS. Ouseley 714 (Bodl. catal., p. 110<sup>b</sup>), which contains

both this and the following two works, the Devikavaca ends: iti śrīvrahmaproktam Devikavacam samāptam II Compare the similar attributions of the Argalā and Kilaka in MS. Sansk. g. 1 (1478).

- 2. The Argalāstuti, in twenty-five ślokas (ff. 6-7°). It begins: om namaś Camdikāyai 11 jayamtī mamgalā kālī bhadrakālī kapālinī 11 &c.
- 3. The Kīlaka, in fourteen ślokas (ff. 7<sup>v</sup>-8<sup>v</sup>). It begins: viśuddhajñānadehāya trivedidivyacakṣuṣe | &c. It ends: sā na kiṃjanaiḥ || 14 || iti śrīkīlaka saṃpūrṇaṃ || śubhaṃ bhūyāt ||

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 37). Size:  $12 \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 8 + xv blank.

Date: probably beginning of the 19th century, possibly end of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1475—MS. Sansk. f. 20

#### Pratyangirāsahasranāman, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pratyangirāsahasranāman, from the Āngirasa Kalpa (really a Parisiṣṭa) of the Pippalāda śākhā of the Atharva-veda. It is written in ślokas, of which there are 141. It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīpratyaṃgirāyai namaḥ i praṇamya vakratuṃḍāya sarasvatyā praṇamya ca i praṇamya śrīgurunāthaṃ avighnaṃ pāṭhakaṃ kuru wi ii bhagavatyā mahākṛtyā sahasranāmaikyottamaṃ i lekhanāt sarvapāpaghnaṃ sṛṇvatāṃ padanāmabhiḥ wi 2 ii The work alludes throughout to its supposed Pippalāda connexion. It ends with an exhortation to the writing of the book. The colophon, on f. 26<sup>V</sup>, is: iti śrīśaṃkaraprokte brahmāṛṣiṣamvāde Atharvaṇavede Pippalādaśākhāyām Aṃgirāsaṃkalpe śrīpratyaṃgirāsahasranāma saṃpūrṇaṃ i śrīdevyārpanam astu i

The text is fairly accurate. It is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 355). Size:  $5\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 26 + i blank.

Date: about A.D. 1800, as the son of the scribe was writing MSS. in 1823.

Scribe: f. 26<sup>v</sup>: lişitam Ajodhyānāthagaudabrāhma svapathanārtham i His son, Kālikādāsa, wrote MS. Sansk. f. 19 (1469) in 1823.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1476-MS. Sansk. d. 224 Bhavānīsahasranāman, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Bhavānīsahasranāman, a stotra enumerating the various names of Siva's consort, in the form of a dialogue. It claims to be from the Rudrayāmala, but it is not included in the MS. of that work described in the Bodl. catal., pp. 88 sq. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīkṛṣṇa i atha Bhavānīsahasranāmaḥ । Kailāsaśikhare ramye । devadevaṃ jagadguruṃ । dhyānopari samāsīnam I prasannamukhapamkajam IIIII surāsurasiroratnam i ramjitāmhriyugam prabhum i pranamya Nandiko devam i baddhvāmjalir abhāṣata 11 2 11 Namdikeśvara uvāca i devadevam jagannātha i šamsayo sti mahān mama ı rahasyam kimcid ichāmi prastu tvām raktavatsala 11 3 11 The work contains 256 verses, and ends, on f. 29: iti śrīrudrayāmalaikatam!re Sivanandikeśvarasambodha Māhesvarīstotram śrībhavānīsahasranāmaśivustuti sampūrņaķ i

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. On f. 22 is a diagram.

See Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 127, Leipzig catal., pp. 393-395; Mitra, Notices, X, 232.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 357). Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 29 + i blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1477~(1-9)—MS. Sansk. e. 85 Mahāsarasvatīsūkta, &c., 19th cent. ?

Contents: nine separate pieces, which, however, all bear on the same subject, the worship of a Tantric deity.

- 1. The Mahāsarasvatīsūkta (ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-4<sup>v</sup>), consists of thirty-four verses: it begins: apārasamsārasamudramadhye nimajjato me saraņam kim asti i guroķ kṛpālo kṛpayā vadaitad viśveśapādāmbujadīryhanaukā 1111 It ends with v. 34 without a colophon.
- 2. The Mahālakṣmīsūkta (ff. 4v-6v), consists of twenty verses: it begins: śrī snovāca i mama nayamti munayah prakrtipurāņam vidyoti yām śrutirahasyavido grnamti tām arddhapallavitasamkarūpamudrām devīm ananyaśaranah śaranam prapadye 1111 It ends: iti vi ktā hā kṣmī ktaḥ 1 Probably Viṣṇu is meant.
- 3. The Mahākālīsūkta (ff. 6v-7v), consists of fifteen verses: it begins: Siva uvāca i sumdarī tripurā kāmā bhavānī sādhakaḥ priyā ı amohā satyavacanā vimohā mohanāśi i amṛteśī ca kalyāṇī kāruṇyā kamalā kalā kalātītā komalāmtašuskaranī visvanāyikā 11211 It ends: iti śriśivoktamahākālūsūktam l
  - 4. The Mahavidyamantra (ff. 7v-15), is in prose: BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

it begins: śrīrāmajī i uttamā sarvavidyānām sarvabhūtavasamkarī ı sarvasiddhikarī vidyā mahāsārasvatī pradām i om asya śrīmahāvidyāmaṃtrasya Aghora ṛṣiḥ i paramātmā Rudro devatā anustub chamdah 1 &c. It ends simply with subham astu 1

- 5. The Tripurasundarīkavaca (ff. 15-17\*), consists of forty-five verses: it begins: śrīgaņeśā śrīpurāyai namah 1 śrņu Tripurasumdaryyā rahasyam kāmanāvaham i jagaccintāmaņir nāma kavacam mamtravigraham 1111 It ends: iti Rudrayāmale Tripurasumdarīkavacam 1
- 6. The Bāladevīpaṭala (ff. 18-21<sup>v</sup>), consists of sixty verses: it begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah ı atha vātapaţala likhyatai I Kailāśaśikharāsīnam devadevam jogadgurum I uvāca Pārvatī devī sarveśvaram sadāsivam 11 11 It ends: iti Rudrayāmale Iśvarapārvatīśvarasaṃvāde trio pūo paṭol
- 7. The Laghustotra (ff. 21 v-24v), consists of twentytwo most elaborate and ornate verses. It ends: iti śrīlabdhācāryaviracitam Laghustotram ı Labdhācārya seems not to be mentioned elsewhere. Verse I is Aindrasyaiva śarāsanasya dadhatī madhye lalāṭaprabhāmo \See Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 144; Peterson, Report, 1884-1886, p. 264. Verse 22 gives the author's name. According to Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 139, 140, it is a later addition. Printed as part of the Pancastavi in the Kāvyamālā, 1887, and attributed to Laghubhattaraka, see Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 180.
- 8. The Balahrdaya (ff. 25-27<sup>v</sup>), consists of thirty-nine verses from the Jālasamvaramahātantra, an otherwise unknown work. It ends: iti śrījālasamvaramahātamtre Bālāhrdayam sampūrņam I It begins: śrīganeśajī I devy āvāca i śrotum ichāmy aham deva vālāhṛdayam uttamam i kṛpā kṛtvā maheśāna yady ahaṃ tava vallabhā 🛭 🖽 🖽
- 9. The Nāmāṣṭakasahasraka consists of 219 verses, enumerating the names of Devi and dwelling on the good results of studying the work. The title given above comes from verse 204 (f. 40"). It has no colophon but ends, at verse 219: etasya pathanād devi dharaņād vā višesatah i satyam ca sādhakah satyam sāksī devah sadāśivah 1121911 It begins: om purā Kailāsaśikhare nānāratnopacitrite ı devadevam mahādevam samāsīnam jagadgurum II I II

On f. 1 is written a legal fragment enumerating the kinds of sons: aurasah ksetrajas caiva siso dauhitrakas tathā i kāṇīnas ca sahoḍas ca tathā golajakuṃḍajau i and so on. The MS. is fairly well written. A lacuna is marked on f. 35, and the text is very inaccurate,

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 41 + ii blank. In the original numeration f. 31 is repeated.

Date: probably about A. D. 1840.

Character: Devanāgarī.

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### 1478-MS. Sansk. e. 86

Umāsahācārya's Mātangīstotra, A.D. 1636.

Contents: the Mātangīstotra of Umāsahācārya, a short poem of devotion. It begins, on f. IV: śrīganeśāya namah i amrto dadhimadhye tu ratnadvīpe manorame i kadamvavilvanicaye kalpavṛkṣopaśobhite ii i ii tasya madhye sukhāstīrņe ratnasimhāsane śubhe i tripatrakarnikāmadhye tadvahih pamcapatrakam ii 2 ii aṣṭapatram ca deveśi tatah ṣoḍaśapatrakam i tadvāhyāṣṭadalam proktam catuḥpatram punah priye ii 3 ii The work contains ninety-eight verses of very poor poetry, and ends, on f. 12: ity Umāsahācāryaviracitam Mātamgīstotram saṃpūrṇam i Possibly Umāsahācārya is not really an author's name.

The MS. is very well written, and is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by a red line between two double black lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 360). Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 18 + xxxvii blank.

Date: f. 18: saṃvat 1692 (= A. D. 1636) samaye pūsavadi ekādasī śubhadine!

Scribe: his home is given on f. 18: likhitam Gamgāsamīpe Nāsarapure 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1479-MS. Sansk. e. 48

Lakşminrsimhakavaca, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Laksmīnṛsiṃhakavaca (stotra), proclaimed by Prahlāda, in thirty-one ślokas. It begins: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 11 oṃ asya śrīlakṣmīnṛsiṃhakavacastotrasya Vyāsa ṛpe namaḥ śiraśi 11 anuṣṭupchaṃdase namaḥ mukhe 11 sarvavyāpī Nṛsiṃho devajāyai namaḥ staṃbhavāya 11 It ends: kim aṃtra vahunoktena Nṛsiṃhaśadṛśo bhavet 11 31 11 manasā ciṃtayed yas tu tat tat prāpnoti niścitaṃ 11 iti paramarahasyaṃ sāram etat kavacavaraṃ paṭhatīhastu bhaktyā 11 sa bhavati dhanadhānyaputrayuktas tanuvigame samupaiti Nārasiṃhaṃ 11 iti śrīprahlādaproktaṃ śrīlakṣmīnṛsiṃhakavacaṃ 11

Different from the work described in Aufrecht's Leipzig catal., p. 72.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 44).

Size:  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 4 + xxv blank.

Date: probably the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

### 1480-MS. Sansk. e. 87

#### S'arabhesvarakavaca, 19th cent. P

Contents: the S'arabheśvarakavaca, a Tantric treatise on a certain kavaca. It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: om namah S'ivāya gurave namah s'ṛṇu vakṣyāmi deveśī sarvarakṣanam adbhutam savacam śarabham nāma caturvargaphalampradam unu The work ends, on f. 34<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīmahākāśabhairavakalpe S'arabheśvarakavacam sampūrnam santasabhairavakalpa, from which this text is taken, with the Ākāśabhairavakalpa, a section of the Mahāśaivatantra; and this text is probably identical with the S'arabhamālāmantra, or at least closely allied to it, the one being a kavaca, the other a mantra: see Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 434<sup>b</sup>, 38<sup>a</sup>. Sadāśiva is the ṛṣi of this mantra.

The MS. is well written, though with many blunders. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines, and the colophon and heading are in red ink. A lacuna is marked on ff. 34, 38.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 364). Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 34 + ii blank. In the original foliation the leaves after f. 18 are incorrectly numbered. They run 18, 19, 20, 21, 19, 20, 21, 22, &c.

Date: possibly beginning of the 19th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

### 63. HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY

#### 1481-MS. Sansk. d. 321

Haribhadrasūri's Şaddarsanasamuccaya, A.D. 1572.

Contents: the Ṣaḍdarśanasamuccaya, a very brief account of the six philosophical systems recognized by the Jains, viz. the Bauddha, Nyāya, Vaiśeṣika, Sāṇkhya, Jaiminīya, Jaina. In this MS. it consists of eighty-seven verses, of which the first on f. 1 is: saddarśanam jinam natvā i Vīram syādvādadeśakam i sarvadarśanavācyo 'rthaḥ i saṃkṣepcṇa nigadyate ii I ii It ends, on f. 5 ilokāyitamate 'py evam i saṃkṣepc 'yaṃ nivedītaḥ i abhidheyatātparyārthaḥ paryālocya subuddhibhiḥ ii 87 ii iii Ṣaḍdarśanasamuccaya i samāptaṃ i cha i

The MS. is fairly accurate. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The words are separated by small strokes above the line.



The work is fully described by Weber, Catal., II, 180-182; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., pp. 81-83. It was edited by Pullè, Giornale Soc. As., I, 1, 47-73. For the author see Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, pp. cxxxvii sq., Report, 1892-1895, p. lxxxiv. For a commentary, Mitra, Notices, X, 49. Cf. Barth, Ind. Ant., XXV, 65, who accepts the dating of Haribhadra in the 9th cent. A.D. proposed by Jacobi, Z.D.M.G., XL, 103.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 471).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 5 + lxxix blank.

Date: f.  $5^{\triangledown}$ : saṃvat 1628 (= A.D. 1572) varṣe āsośudi 5 vāra ravau 1

Scribe: f. 5<sup>v</sup>: Sīdapure sthāne likhitam i Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1482-MS. Sansk. c. 93\* (R)

S'rīharşa's Khandanakhandakhādya, A.D. 1481.

Contents: the Khaṇḍanakhaṇḍakhādya, or rather Nyāyakhaṇḍanakhaṇḍakhādya, a critical treatise on the various philosophical systems from the point of view of sceptical advaita Vedāntism, by Srīharṣa, son of Srīhīra, the author of the Naiṣadhīya, who lived about A.D. 1160, see Bühler, Journ. B. Br. R. A.S., X, 32, XI, 279. This MS. contains only the first part of the work, dealing with the pramāṇas of the various systems (epistemology). It begins on f. 1<sup>v</sup>, and ends on f. 84<sup>v</sup>. Then comes a leaf, numbered 97 in the original foliation, evidently a fragment of a later portion of the work. The MS. is carefully written and is very fairly accurate. A few corrections have been made in a much more recent hand.

See the Bodl. catal., p. 246; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 789; Hall, Bibliographical Index, p. 160.

The work was edited at Calcutta in 1848, and, with Sankara Miśra's vyākhyā, at Benares, in 1888 (= Pandit, New Series, VI-XIII). This MS. shows a very close correspondence in text with the Calcutta edition and MS. Wilson 5018 (620).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 255). Memorandum on original wrapper (pasted on lid of box) 'Benares 14,' and 'Benares 29th Jan. 85.'

Former shelfmark: MS. Beng. c. 2 (R).

Kept in a cloth box.

Size of box:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of MS.:  $13 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string

passing through one central hole, with two thick leaves as boards.

No. of leaves: iii + 84 + 3 odd leaves, not counting the two used as boards. Four or five lines on a page.

Date: f. 84<sup>v</sup>: lasaṃ 375 (= A.D. 1481) māghakṛṣṇa-dvitīyā | For the era of Lakṣmaṇasena of Bengal, which is variously fixed, see references in Duff's Chronol. of India, p. 143.

Scribe: f. 847: śrīdhanapatinā lişitam 1

Character: Bengālī.

Injuries: the outer covering leaves, ff. i-iii, are damaged, and the inner leaves are a little worm-eaten, otherwise the MS is in very good condition.

### 64. ORIGINAL INSTITUTES

1483 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. c. 32

Mānava Dharmaśāstra with gloss by Sir William Jones, A.D. 1789-1792.

Contents:

1. Ff. ii, iii, 145<sup>v</sup>, 146 contain sundry notes in English, with some Sanskrit quotations and calculations, by Sir William Jones.

2. The Manava Dharmasastra (ff. 1-145), the Sanskrit text, with interlinear translations partly into Latin, partly into English, and marginal notes, by Sir William Jones. As far as I, 169 (f. 15") there is a complete interlinear Latin version; after this only the translations of certain words are given. In the marginal notes various readings are quoted from an 'old MS.' (ff. 6, 9, &c.), apparently the MS. of which Sir W. Jones says on f. 1: 'The oldest MS. about 100 years ago from 1789.' On f. 33 marg. (III, 285: kurvan pratipadi śrāddham surūpām labhate prajām i kanyakām tu dvitīyāyām trtīyāyām tu vājinah) vedinah instead of vajinah is said to be the reading of the 'old MS. which was written in Bihar.' In a marginal note on f. 137 (referring to XI, 265) Sir W. Jones says: 'The At'harvavéda is named in one modern copy of Menu; but that passage is not to be found in a copy of great antiquity which I have just received from Várānasi; nor is it in Culluca Bhatta's copy; nor in the Persian Translation.' He also adds the following gloss: 'At'harvan, son of Brahmà, wrote the At'harvavéda, which is a sort of Upavéda, and far more modern than the three here named. Since it contains abhichara mentra's, to kill enemies, it is in less repute Rádhácánt 21 Nov. 1789.

N n 2

## 276 § 64. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—ORIGINAL INSTITUTES (1483-1485)

The text contains many more verses than Jolly's critical edition (Trübner's O. S. 1887), and a few more than Sir William Jones' translation (published in 1792). It ends: ity etan mānavam śāstram Bhrguproktam paṭhed (corr. by Jones to paṭhan) dvijaḥ i bhavaty ācāravān nityam yatheṣṭam (corr. to oṣṭām) prāpnuyād gatim 113011 (really 132) iti śrīmānave dharmmaśāstre Bhrguproktāyām samhitāyām dvādaśo 'dhyāyaḥ 11211

A table of contents is given by Sir W. Jones on f. 147.

Given in 1833 by Julius Hare and Augustus Hare, from Sir William Jones' library. See R. H. Evans' Catalogue of the Library of the late Sir William Jones, no. 446, p. 19, where it is wrongly described as a 'Commentary on Menu by Cullucca Bhatta,' the mistake being caused by the note on f. 1: 'A fine Comment on Menu by Culluca Bhatta.'

Former shelfmark: Caps. Or. D. 25.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 14\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper, water-marked. No. of leaves: iii + 153.

Date: a statement on f. 145: 'finished 27 Nov. 1789' gives probably the date at which the Sanskrit copy was finished. The date '21 Nov. 1789' occurs at the end of adhyāya 11 (f. 137°). An entry at the end of adhyāya 1 (f. 6°) says: 'Read for the last time 12 March 1790.' In the margins of ff. 109°, 111, 111°, the dates occur: '24 Nov. 91,' '1 Dec. 91,' '1 Dec. 1791,' hence the date on f. 120 marg. '22 Febr.' must be meant for 22 Febr. 1792. The translation and notes seem, therefore, to have been made between 1790 and 1792. Sir W. Jones' translation appeared in 1792.

Scribe: the Sanskrit text was written by Lālā Mahatābarāya (śrīlālāmahatābarāyeṇa likhitaṃ). The rest is in Sir William Jones' handwriting.

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanagari.

### 1484-MS. Sansk. e. 64

#### Mānava Dharmasāstra, 19th cent. P

Contents: the Mānava Dharmaśāstra, or the Institutes of Manu. It begins: o svasti u śrīgaņeśāya namah u om namo bhagavate Vāsudevāya u u om svayambhuve u &c. In I, 44b the MS. reads matsyāś ca kacchapāh, I, 46a udbhijās taravah, I, 61d mahātmānomitaujasah, I, 64cd trimśatkalo muhurtas syād ahorātram tu tāvatā u, I, 89d samādišet, I, 97d brahmavādinah, I, 106cd idam yaśasyam satatam idam naiśśreyasam param u, I, 109d sampūrņaphalabhāk smṛtah. This shows that the MS. agrees more with Jolly's edition than with the older editions, see the

synopsis in Jolly's edition, pp. 336 sq. Adhyāya 1, ends, on f. 6; 2, on f.  $15^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f.  $29^{\circ}$ ; 4, on f.  $44^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f.  $54^{\circ}$ ; 6, on f. 60; 7, on f.  $69^{\circ}$ ; 8, on f.  $86^{\circ}$ ; 9, on f. 102; 10, on f. 108; 1!, on f. 119.

Lacunae are sometimes indicated by dots, a great number of which occur on the last six pages. After 12 on f. 119 (ending: karmayogam śarīrina...) there follows (f. 124): vedavidyā.... dattvādau yathātathyena vedavit i ya evam vindate vedam adevaviduṣām mataḥ kham sanniveśayeta i Here the MS. breaks off. The colophon is given on f. 124\strut{\strut{V}}: iti śrīmānave dharma-śāstre Bhṛguproktāyām samhitāyām dvādaśo 'dhyāyaḥ ii samāptaḥ ii

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 187). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 19,' i.e. Kaśmīr.

Size:  $6 \times 8\frac{7}{8}$  in. European style.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 124 + ii blank.

Date: samvat 32 aśvavati 9 paratah 10 śanau 1 The appearance of the MS. is quite modern, and probably therefore the date is A.D. 1857.

Character: Sarada.

# 1485—MS. Sansk. d. 134 Mānava Dharmaśāstra, A.D. 1644.

Contents: the Manava Dharmasastra, or the Institutes of Manu. It begins: śrīyaśodānamdano jayati 11 svayambhuve namaskrtya 1 &c. In I, 44b the MS. reads matsyāķ sakacchapāķ, I, 46ª udbhijāķ sthāvarāķ (sthā is a correction, but the original reading is not discernible), I, 61d mahaujasah, I, 64cd trimśatkalo muhūrttaķ syād ahorātram tu tāvatā 11, 1, 89ª samādišat, I, 97<sup>d</sup> vrahmavādinaḥ, I, 106° idam yaśasyam āyuşyaṇ, I, 109d sampūrņņaphalabhāk smṛtaḥ. This shows that the MS. on the whole agrees with Jolly's edition where it differs from the older editions. See the synopsis in Jolly's edition, pp. 336 sq. Adhyaya I ends on f. 9; 2, on f.  $23^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f. 41; 4, on f.  $54^{\circ}$ ; 5, on f.  $64^{\circ}$ ; 6, on f.  $69^{\nabla}$ ; 7, on f. 79; 8, on f.  $95^{\nabla}$ ; 9, on f.  $107^{\nabla}$ ; 10, on f. 112v; 11, on f. 123v; 12, on f. 129. It ends: bhavaty ācāravān nityam yathestām prāpnuyād gatim u 🕦 iti śrīmānave dharmaśāstre Bhṛyuktāyāṃ saṃhitāyāṃ dvādašo 'dhyāyaḥ II samāptam dharmašāstram idam iti II

There are some marginal glosses, and many corrections.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 188). Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 130.

Date, Scribe, &c.: khavyomāmvudhirūpais tus (the

# Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1486—MS. Sansk. e. 66 Vijñāneśvara's Mitākṣarā (II), 16th cent.?

Contents: the Mitākṣarā, a commentary on Yājñavalkya's Dharmaśāstra, by Vijñāneśvara. A very imperfect copy of adhyāya II. It begins, at the end of the commentary on II, 3, with the words: vivākaś ceti prādvivākaḥ II uktam ca II vivādānugatam pṛṣṭvā I &c. Two leaves pasted together form one leaf; frequently one of these two leaves, i.e. the first page, is missing. The following is a list of all the lacunae:

	10110 111-8	
Missing leaves	Yājñavalkya	Page and line in Janārdana's edition, Bombay, 1882.
ff. 1-5	= II, 1-3	= p. 113, l. 1-p. 115, l. 9
f. 57, p. 1	= II, 36	= p. 141, ll. 4–13
ff. 58, 59, p. 1	<b>=</b> II, 37, 38	= p. 141,l. 20-p. 142,l. 20
f. 61, p. 1	= II, 39	= p. 143, ll. 17–26
f. 63, p. 1	= II, 41, 42	= p. 144, l. 18-p. 145, l. 1
ff. 67–71	<b>=</b> II, 49–51	= p. 147, l. 4-p. 149, l. 16
ff. 74, 75	= II, 52-54	= p. 150, l. 14-p. 151, l. 15
f. 77	= II, 55, 56	= p. 152, ll. 1–17
f. 80, p. 1	= II, 57, 58	= p. 153, ll. 16–26
f. 81, p. 1	= II, 58	= p. 154, ll. 2–9
f. 82, p. 1	<b>=</b> II, 59	= p. 154, ll. 18-25
f. 83, p. 1	= II, 60, 61	= p. 155, ll. 3-11
f. 84, p. 1	= II, 61	= p. 155, ll. 18-24
f. 85, p. 1	= II, 62, 63	= p. 156, ll. 3–12
f. 86, p. 1	= II, 64	= p. 156, l. 22-p. 157, l. 1
ff. 87, 88, p. 1	= II, 64-67	= p. 157, l. 8-p. 158, l. 10
f. 95, p. 1 (prob.) 1 leaf besides)	= II, 72–75	= p. 161, l. 24-p. 162, l. 19
f. 118	= II, 96, 97	= p. 174, ll. 10–24
f. 123	= II, 99	= p. 176, ll. 16-31
ff. 133–135	= II, 104-6	= p. 180, l. 27-p. 182, l. 3
f. 139, p. 1	= II, 109	= p. 183, l. 25-p. 184, l. 1
f. 141, p. 1	= II, 109	= p. 184, ll. 22–28
f. 148	= II, 113	= p. 187, l. 25-p. 188, l. 7

The MS. breaks off at the beginning of the dāya-vibhāgaprakaraņa, with the words: vibhāgo nāma dra-vya(sya deleted)samudāyāṇām anekasvāmyā (ed. p. 189, l. 8).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 191). An entry in Dr. Hultzsch's hand on the first page says: 'Geschenk von Vindhyesvarîprasâd. Benares, 31 Dec. 84.' On f. ii 'Benares no. 2.'

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 151 (for omissions see above).

Date: the MS. appears to be old, perhaps 16th cent.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 42<sup>v</sup>, 59, 131<sup>v</sup>, 132, and 140 are slightly damaged, and a part of f. 136 is lost.

### 1487-MS. Sansk. c. 75

#### Vijňanesvara's Mitaksara, A.D. 1609.

Contents: the Mitākṣarā, a commentary on Yājñavalkya's Dharmaśāstra, by Vijñāneśvara, adhyāyas II and III, vv. 1-328. It begins: 11 śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 n abhişekādiguņayuktasya rājñah prajāpālanam paramo dharmas tac ca dustanigraham amtarena na sambhavati I &c. End of adhyāya II: iti Yājñavalkyamuniśāstragatā vivrtir na (something missing) sya vihita 11 va – uşah 11 pramitākṣa- - pi - - - ārtha - 11 pariṣimcati śravaṇayor amṛtam II II samāptamm idam vyavahāraśāstram II Adhyāya III begins: II śrīgaņeśāya namaķ II II śrīsītāyataye Rāmacamdrāya namah II grhasthāśramiņām nityanaimittikā dharmā uktāh 1 &c. It breaks off at the end of verse 328 (krcchrakrd dharmakāmas ca mahatīm 1 &c.) with the words: nyāyalabhyā sthitaiveti i nedam atra vivakșitam i prāgudi i Probably only one or two leaves are missing.

F. 76<sup>b</sup> in adhyāya II is a sodhapatram inserted by a different hand. The same hand has added four lines on f. 79<sup>v</sup>, and some of the many marginal notes and corrections in both adhyāyas are also by the same hand; others are by a third hand.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 192). Size:  $14 \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 156 (really 157, as f. 76 is double) + 189.

Date (at the end of adhyāya II): samvat 1665 i varņe (= A. p. 1609) vešākha sudi ii

Character: Devanagari.

Ornamentations in the centre of the first pages of each adhyaya.

Injuries: much damage has been done (especially

on the verso pages of adhyāya II) by forcibly parting leaves which had been sticking together, whereby letters have become illegible on nearly every page in adhyāya II, as well as on many pages in adhyāya III. More seriously damaged are ff. 87, 131-140, and 149-156 of adhyāya II.

## 1488—MS. Sansk. e. 11 Kapilasmṛti, A.D. 1826?

Contents: the Kapilasmrti, or the Dharmasastra of Kapila, described on the cover (in Grantha characters) as Kapilasmṛtih Ācārakāndah. No adhyāya division is marked, nor are the ślokas numbered. It begins: Kapilasmṛti II purā tu Saunaka śrīmān bhāvinam kalim īksya vai i bhītotyamttam kalau bhūmyām tisthed vipratvam ity asau i atyamttam cimttayāvistah Kapilam Vişnurūpiņam i avašād āgatam vīksya prahrstas satvaram tadā \ samuddhāyābhivādyainam gām arghyamm udakam śivam i kalpayitvā nastaśramam paścāt prāmjalir abravīt i Saunakah I kalau pāpaikabahuļe dharmānusthānavarjite I kadham tişthati vipratvam bhūtale vada me mahan ı samśayo 'tīva sumahān i vartate cimddi tam vibho i iti tena krtapraśnah Kapilas sa sanātanah i smayam krtvā jagadbharttā sasmitam vākyam abravīt i tvam mahān asi sarvajñaḥ sarvavedavidām varaḥ \ &c. F. 5 v: evam vede dharmamule param śamtta iva sthite i tadā gatamatam kecid anusmrtya tadastatah ! It ends: upanītih punar api krūrakarmasu kevalam vatagarbhādikam ccāpi kāryam eveti nişkṛtau i pravadamtti mahātmānah nadīsnānādikāni ca i krchrapratinidhitvena kecid āhuh ca pāpinām i anugrahāya saulabhyakāranāya ca tādrše i purşasüktam cca samakam sivasamkkalpakam tadhā 1 (blank) vaisņavagāyartyā śākhā copanisat tu vā 1 tryambbakam idam Vișnu ppādakās tārakā smṛtāh i sarveşv api ca krtyeşu Kapilenedam īritam i dharmasāstram mahāsāram sarvalokopakārakam i pathan bhaktya dvijo nityam aśvamedhaphalam labhet i iti sampūrņam ii

For other MSS. of this work, see Weber, Catal., II, 331 sq. (1005 ślokas), and Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 17 ('complete in 10 chapters, each chapter having one hundred ślokas').

? Bought

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. or. 743.

Size:  $8 \times 6\frac{1}{9}$  in. European style.

Material: English paper, water-marked 'E. Wise 1826,' and 'J. Whatman 1826.'

No. of leaves: 149, written on the verso only.

Date: written in or about A. D. 1826, as shown by the water-mark.

Character: Telugu, beautiful hand.

### 1489-MS. Sansk. c. 76

Vyāsasmṛti, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Vedavyāsīya Dharmaśāstra, or the Vyāsasmṛti, or Vyāsasaṃhitā, or Bṛhadvyāsasmṛti. It begins: u śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ u Bārāṇasyāṃ sukhāsīnaṃ Vedavyāsaṃ taponidhiṃ u paprachur munayo 'bhyetya dharmān varṇavyavasthitān u i u F. 2 is missing. Adhyāya I (43½ ślokas) ends, on f. 4: iti Vedavyāsīye brahmacāryadhikāro nāma prathamo 'dhyāyaḥ u i u Adhyāya II (55½ ślokas) ends, on f. 7v: iti Vedavyāšīye stmadhikāro nāma dvitīyo 'dhyāyaḥ u 2 u Adhyāya III (87, or rather 77 ślokas, since 30-77 are wrongly numbered as 40-87) ends, on f. 12v: iti śrīvedavyāsīye dharmaśāstre gṛhasthāhniko nāma tṛtīyo 'dhyāyaḥ u 3 u It breaks off in the middle of śloka 37 of adhyāya IV, with the words: saṃti kṛṣṭam adhīyānaṃ vrāhmaṇaṃ yo vyatikramet u bhojane.

It agrees on the whole with the texts printed in Jīvānanda's *Dharmaśāstrasaṃgraha* (Calcutta, 1876), II, pp. 321-342, and in Mahādevaśāstrin's and Hariprasāda's *Dharmaśāstrasaṃgraha* (Bombay, 1883), pp. 651-664. See also Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 395 (no. 1350), and Mitra, *Notices*, VIII, 199 (no. 2752).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 193). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 14 (f. 2 is missing) + v blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1750. Character: large Devanagari.

### 65. CIVIL LAW AND DIGESTS

#### 1490—MS. Sansk. d. 133

#### Madanapāla's Madanapārijāta, 15th or 16th cent. P

Contents: the Madanapārijāta, by Madanapāla, in nine stavakas. It begins (as far as it is legible) as in Paṇḍit Madhusūdana Smṛṭiratna's edition (Bibl. Ind., 1887-1893). Stavaka I ends on f. 35; 2, on f. 57; 3, on f. 96; 4, on f. 102<sup>V</sup>; 5, on f. 124; 6, on f. 133; 7, on f. 188<sup>a</sup>; 8, on f. 202<sup>V</sup>; 9, on f. 284. F. 16<sup>b</sup> (=edition, pp. 50-53) is supplied by a modern hand (on paper). Ff. 20, 21 (=ed. pp. 66-72) are missing. Ff. 27<sup>a-c</sup> (=ed. pp. 89-98) are supplied (on birch bark) by a more recent hand; they follow f. 26<sup>V</sup>, l. 14. F. 31<sup>b</sup> is a modern (paper) supplement, following

f. 31a v, l. 13. The fragment on f. 61 = ed. p. 218, l. 6-p. 221, l. 10. Ff. 101<sup>b-c</sup> (= ed. p. 386, l. 6-p. 373, l. 12) are supplied by a more recent hand (on birch bark), and follow f. 101<sup>a</sup> v, l. 12. Ff. 173<sup>a-d</sup> (= ed. pp. 592-602) are supplied by a more recent hand (on birch bark), and follow f. 173e, l. 9. Ff. 213-222 (= ed. pp. 728-773), 230, 231 (= ed. pp. 799-807), 250-252 (= ed. pp. 873-884), 260-262 (= ed. pp. 908-917) are fragmentary, and f. 261 is nearly all lost. After f. 268 v (which ends as ed. p. 939, l. 6) there is a lacuna (but not a whole leaf missing), and all the rest is supplied by a more recent hand (on birch bark), f. 269 beg. as ed. p. 940, l. 4.

The MS. which seems to be very correct would probably yield important various readings, if collated with the edition. In turning over the leaves of the MS. the following have been met with: ed. p. 62, l. 18 has: bāmanapurāņe i nişicya tīran kuśapinjalāni i &c., where this MS. (f. 18 end) reads: bāyupurāņe i nisicya tīram kuśapińjarani 1 &c. 'Apastamba' is generally spelt 'Apastambha.' For Paulastya (ed. p. 479) the MS. reads Pulastya (f. 135, l. 14), for Lokākși (e.g. ed. p. 489) it reads Laugākși (e.g. f. 1387, l. 9), and for Kārṣṇājini (ed. p. 498) it reads Kārṣṇyājini (f. 142). The first two lines given in ed. p. 498 as Hārīta's are quoted as belonging to Baudhāyana in this MS. f. 142, l. 3. Ed. p. 516, l. 16 reads: tatra Brahmandapurane, while this MS. f. 149, l. 3 has: tatra Brahmapurāņe. The colophons at the end of the stavakas generally run as follows: iti paņģitapārijātakaţṭāra¹ malletyādivirudarājīvirājamānasya śrīmadanapālasya nibandhe Madanapārijātābhidhe (prathama) stavakah 11 The real author was Viśveśvara, A. D. 1375, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 47. It ends with the two verses: ācārapravivecanāya 1 &c. (with v. l. mārgā for granthā), and ye kecid atra 1 &c., followed by the colophon: u iti śrīmadanapārijāte madaksitipāladānajalarūdhe navamah stavako 'yam agād āmodākṛṣṭapaṇḍitabhramaraḥ 🛚 💮 11 subham astu 11

Ff. 288-298 contain fragments of leaves (see below), ff. 299-301 some fragments found in the binding.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 186). Memorandum on f. iii, 'K 58,' i. e. Kaśmīr.

Size:  $7\frac{8}{4} \times 9\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Binding: Indian blind-tooled leather binding, repaired. The volume is inclosed in an Indian bag.

Material: Birch bark.

No. of leaves: xii + 309 (really 325).

Date: on f. 284 we find the following: om samvat 95 āṣāḍhaśuti dvādaśām maleścharājyam naśati 11 vrahmarājyam bhaviṣyati 11 tacā tasminte deṣe 11 na ha maleścho na ca rākhimah 11 jyamnāprapaddhitā sarve 11 vipro rājā bhaviṣyati 11 This date of the Saptarṣi era (A.D. 1719?) does not tell us anything about the date of the older part of the MS., as the end (from f. 284) is supplied by a modern hand. The older part was probably written in the 15th or 16th century.

Character: Sarada.

Injuries: the MS. was in a decaying state, fragments of the injured leaves had to be collected from all parts of the volume to be joined to the leaves to which they belonged; nearly all the leaves have had to be protected and overlaid with transparent paper. The smaller fragments, the proper place of which could not be found, are put together on ff. 288-298 and numbered 1-232. Readers of the MS. will, no doubt, succeed in identifying the place of some of them. About half of each of ff. 1-19 is lost; only fragments are left of ff. 61, 213-222, 231, 250-252, 260, 261. More seriously damaged are ff. 80, 187, 191, 210-212, 228-230, 248, 249, 253-259, 262-268. Ff. 121 and 151 were mended while the MS. was still in India, and a few lines were supplied by a modern hand.

#### 1491-MS. Sansk. b. 3

### Nīlakantha's Pratisthāmayūkha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Pratisthāmayūkha, a treatise on the worship of idols, being the ninth section of the comprehensive treatise on law, the Bhagavanta Bhāskara, written about A.D. 1640 by Nīlakaṇtha, son of the Mīmāṃsaka Sankara. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīgurubhyo nmaḥ i śrīsarasvatyai nmaḥ i atha Pratistāmayūkhaḥ likhyate i maho mahat samārādhya yuccho (?) sargam athoktavān i pratistām sarvadevānāṃ Nīlakaṃtho vadaty asau ii ii tatra tatkālā Viṣṇudharmottare i caitre vā phālgune vāpi jyeṣṭhe vā mādhave tathā i sarvadevānāṃ pratiṣṭhā śubhadāsite ii It ends, on f. 25<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīviśamitravaśāvataṃsaśrīmahārājādhirājasūmityaveśaṇaṃve (?) bhalamīmāṃsakaśaṃkarabhaṭṭātmajabhaṭṭanīlakaṃṭhena kṛte Bhagavaṃtabhāskare Pratisṭāmayūkho navamaḥ i

Corrections have been made in red ink up to f. 17, and there are other corrections in a fairly old hand on ff. 2, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14. The text is most carelessly written and is full of bad errors. It is bounded on either side by two red lines.

For author and work see West and Bühler's Digest, pp. vi sq.; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 132; Eggeling,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> So everywhere. The ed. has Bhattara.

# 280 §66. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—SACRED LAW (ĀCĀRA) (1491-1494)

India Office catal., p. 432; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 329. This portion was lithographed at Benares in 1879.

Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. b. 38.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 205).

Size:  $17\frac{3}{8} \times 7\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+25+iii blank.

Date: middle of the 19th century.

Scribe: f. 25<sup>v</sup>: Veśmāmmadhye bhaṭṭavireśvarātmaja-

lilakamthena lişito 'yam Pratistamayükhah ı

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 66. SACRED LAW (ĀCĀRA)

### 1492-MS. Sansk. e. 63

Gangādhara's Ācāratilaka, 18th or 19th cent.?

Contents: the Acaratilaka (Dr. Hultzsch gives this title, the MS. has Acaryatilaka, by Gangadhara, in 108 ślokas. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha ācāryaţīlaka līkhyate II tatra dakṣaḥ II ādhānādikriyaḥ I sarve śraute smärte ca karmani II pratisthāpūrvadevānām vahninām sthāpanādibhih II III teşām samkāravijneyam pūrvam ācamanam smṛtam II śṛṇoktena vidhānenam pūrvasnāna samācaret 11 2 11 It ends: purā gramthena prālokyam mamdehapuri tamayā i kārikāracitam vade Gamgādhara cidhi smṛtam 11 107 11 ācārādipakājñeyam vahnikarme na sādhitam i svarplasvaplataram caiva niriksyam pamditam vudhaih 11 108 11 paropakāraņam veksye kuryād agnis tu sādhanam i iti śrīgamgādharaviracitam Ācāryaţīlakam sanpūrņam astu 11 sadamāśam ca gayāśrāddham astamāsam ca tīrthayoh i navamāsam grahaśrāddham na kuryād gurviņīpatih IIIII As these extracts show, the MS. is hopelessly incorrect, vet the scribe has the impudence to add: yādraśam pūstakam dṛṣṭvā tādṛśa likhitam mayā i yadi śuddham vā (he wisely forgot to add aśuddham vā) mama doşo na vidyate II II tailād rakļa jalād rakļa rakļasi talabamdhanāt II murkhahaste na dātavyam parahaste gatā gatā 11211

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 183). Size:  $8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 11 + xxvi blank.

Date: probably written at the end of the 18th, or the beginning of the 19th, century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1493 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. c. 78

S'rīdatta's Ācārādarśa, and the Puraścaraņavidhi, A. D. 1802.

Contents:

1. The Acārādarśa, by Mahāmahopādhyāya Śrīdatta (ff. 1–26). It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 dīkṣito raṇayajñeṣu vivudhānaṃdadāyiṣu 1 Harir abdhisutāvaktrasomapītī punātu vaḥ 1111 ahorātrāśrito dharma iha Vājasaneyināṃ 1 nivadhyate nivaddho yo dharmmaśāstranivaṃdhṛbhiḥ 11211 It ends: samūlavacanābhogo mīmāṃsānyāyanirmalaḥ 11 Srīdattena satām eṣa ācāre darpaṇaḥ kṛtaḥ 11 duruktam api sūktaṃ ca manvādivacanāśritaṃ 11 api carmodakaṃ tīrthaśa!ilāṃ targataḥ śuciḥ 11 11 iti śrīmahāmahopādhyāyaśrīdattakṛta Ācārādarśaḥ saṃpūrṇaḥ 11

Lithographed editions of this work appeared at Benares in 1865 (samvat 1921), and 1883 (samvat 1939). It was written before 1612 since it is quoted by Kamalākara, Bhandarkar, *Report*, 1883, 1884, p. 47. Cf. Bendall, *Brit. Mus. catal.*, pp. 73, 74.

2. The Puraścaraṇavidhi, by Govindarāma (?) (f. 26°). It begins: atha Puraścaraṇavidhih i tatra puraścaraṇatridine ekabhaktādikam vidhadine snānādikam kṛtvā amukadevatāka amukamaṃtrasya puraścaraṇa siddhaye mayeyam gṛhyate bhūmir maṃtro ma siddhitām iti maṃtreṇa āhāravihārārtham bhūparigraham kuryāt i &c. It ends: vrāhmaṇān bhojayitvā mahatīm pūjām kṛtvām gurave dakṣaṇām dattvā mitraih saha bhumjīta homādyaśaktiś cet homādisaṃkhyādviguṇaṃ japaṃ kuryāt iti puraścaraṇaṃ i likhitaṃ Goviṃdarāmeṇa ii It is doubtful whether Govindarāma is the author, or the scribe of this page, or both.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 184). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 26 + xiv blank.

Date: samvat 1858 (= A.D. 1802) kāmitī vaišākhavadi 13.

Character: Devanāgarī, small hand.

### 1494-MS. Sansk. c. 74

Divākara's Dānasamksepacandrikā, A.D. 1836.

Contents: the Dānasaṃkṣepacandrikā, by Bhaṭṭa Divākara Kāla, the son of Mahādeva, who was the son of Bhaṭṭa Rāmeśvara. The first leaf is missing. F. 2 begins: atha dravyavibhāga Sivadharme tasmāt tribhāgam vittasya jīvanāya prakalpayet 1 &c. F. 9: iti śrīdānodyotadānaratnadānamayūkhādyanusāreņa ca Kālopanāmakabhaṭṭadivākarakṛtadānasaṃkṣecaṃdrikā-yām tāmraghṛtāditulāpuruṣapragogah samāptah 1 It ends: rājūaḥ pratigraham kṛtvā māmāsam apsu sadā

vaset şaşte kāle payobhakşa pūrņe māse pramucyate tarpayitvā dvijānacā - aiḥ (read dvijān vāryaiḥ?) satatam niyatavratam iti tad asatpratigrahavişayam iti Mādhavah II II ili śrīmatkālopanāmakabhaţţarāmeśvarātmajamahādevadvijavaryasūnubhattadivāracitadānasamkşepacamdrikāyām sadasatpratigrahaprāyaścittāni sakṣepena nirūpitā samāptāni II

Lithographed editions of this work appeared at Benares in 1864 (samvat 1920), and at Bombay in 1880 (śake 1802), 1884 (śake 1806), and in an undated edition, ff. 53, obl. See also Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 548. The author's date is recent as he quotes the Nirnayasindhu, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 51.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 185). Size:  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 8$  in.

Material: Paper of very inferior quality.

No. of leaves: ii + 54 (really 53, as f. 1 is lost) + i blank. Date: f.  $54^{\circ}$ : samvat 1892 (= A. D. 1836) caitrasudi pratipadāyām 1

Scribe: f. 54♥: likhitaṃ Gopālabhaţṭagokularathena (? sthena) ı

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 11, 28, and 30 are slightly damaged, and have been overlaid with transparent paper. One half of f. 15 is lost, and f. 31 is so soiled as to be partly illegible. F. 1 is missing.

### 1495—MS. Sansk. d. 186

### Ahnika, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Ahnika, being a manual of Hindu devotion as practised at the present day. The MS. is incomplete, and the beginning is wanting. The part preserved begins, on f. 4: prātaḥkāle samutsthāya ślokatrayam idam pathet \ sarvasiddhir bhavet tasya tuşto bhavati bhāskarah 11411 iti basuprabhātavidhih 1 atha mūtrapurișotsargāvidhih i tatah prātah samutthāya kuryād viņmūtram eva ca i nairṛtyādiśivrikṣeyam atityābhyadhikam bhuvah 11111 krttvā yajñopavitam tu prstatah kamvalamvitam i viņmūtram tu grhī kuryād yad vā karņņe samāhitah 11 2 11 viņmūtreņa tu karņas tu āśrame prathamotame i nivîtah pretatah kuryad vanaprasthagrhasthayoh 11 3 11 amtarddhāya nṛṇair bhūmi sirah prāvṛtya vāsasā I vācam niyamya yatnena stīvanosvāsavarjjitah 11411 utsare maithune caiva prasnāve damtadhāvane 1 snāne bhojanakāle ca satsu maunam samācaret 11511 samdhyayor ubhayor jāpye bhojane damtadhāvane t pitrkārye ca daive ca tathā mūtrapurīşayoh 11611 gurūnām samnidhau dāne yoge caiva višesatah i eşu maunam

samātistan svargam prāpnoti mānavah 11711 ubhe mūtrapurișe tu divă kuryad udanmukhah i dakşinābhimukho rātrau samdhyayaś ca yathā divā 11811 The MS. is very inaccurate, and the work is quite recent. This part ends, on f. 25 : āvāhanam i vrddhām sarasvatim kṛṣṇāṃ pītavastrām caturbhujām śam t The next part begins, on f. 28: devānugā nāgā sāgarā parvatā sarita manuşyāh 1 &c. It ends, on f. 45<sup>v</sup>: iti śayanavidhih i āhnikam samāptam i

It has not been possible, owing to the brevity of the extracts given, to identify this work with any of those described in the catalogues.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 195).

Size:  $9^{\frac{8}{4}} \times 5^{\frac{1}{4}}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv +45 (really 40) + ii blank. Date: perhaps the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 1-3, 26, 27 are missing; ff. 28, 29 show lacunae; ff. 40-45 are pierced by a hole.

### 1496-MS. Sansk. d. 137

### Nṛsiṃha's Kālanirṇayadīpikāvivaraṇa, A.D. 1596.

Contents: the Kālanirņayadīpikāvivaraņa of Nṛsimha, son of Rāmacandra, being a commentary on his father's abstract in 300 verses of Mādhava's Kālanirnaya. It begins, on f. 17: śriganeśaya namah i śrilakşmingsimhābhyām namah i śriviththalam śrutiśirahprathitaprabhāvam bhāvārdramānasasaro ---- (not legible) śrīrāmacandragurum ekam anekaśāstrapārīnakovidadhurinam aham namāmi 11 It ends, on f. 98: iti vivaraņam etat dīpikāyā yat krtam anuştatavākyam nyāye vinyāsagarbham I svamatisadrsam etad darsitānekabhāvam sujanajanamanas tad vīksya vailaksyam etu nin

Lacunae are marked on ff. 33<sup>v</sup>, 37<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>, 84<sup>v</sup>, 95, 95<sup>♥</sup>, 96, 97<sup>♥</sup>•

The text is bounded on either side by two double red

For Ramacandra's date and family, see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, pp. 58-60. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 529, which has five additional verses at the end; Mitra, Notices, I, 75, VII, 53, Bikaner catal., p. 401; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 38, Leipzig catal., p. 149; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 47.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 198). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 98 + ii blank.

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Date: f.  $98^{\circ}$ : saṃvat 1652 (= A.D. 1596) samaye caitraśudi 5 (?) ravau 1

Scribe: Kāsīvāsiviththalabrāhmaneņa likhitam i Perhaps a descendant of the author, cf. Bhandarkar, p. 60.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: nearly all the leaves have some letters rubbed and illegible, especially ff. 1v, 98v.

### 1497—MS. Sansk. c. 3

### Rāghava's Nirnayoddhāra, A.D. 1822.

Contents: the Nirnayoddhāra, by Rāghava. The name of the author is given as Raghunātha on the title-page: \(\sir\iraghun\athakrtanir\nayoddh\arapr\arambha\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapr\arapr\arambha\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapr\arapr\arapr\arapr\arapr\arapr\arapr\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapr\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrtanir\nayoddh\arapra\hakrta 11 śrī 11 The MS. begins, on f. 18: śrīgaņeśāmbāsadgurubhyo namah II II tithinirnayaprārambhah II II smṛtyarthasāram Hemādrim Mādhavam nirņayāmrtam 11 vīksya Nirnayasimdhum ca smrtidarpanam ādarāt II III nirnayodanvatah sāram muktotdhāram karomy aham \ Rāghavo viduşām prītyai Nirņayoddhāranāmakam 11 2 11 tatra tithir dvedhā II śuddhā viddhā ca II tatra śuddhā sampūrņatvān nirņayā 'narhā II tithyamtarayutā viddhā II vedhas tu sāyam prātas trimuhūrtātmakah 11 kaiścit dvimuhūrto 'py uktah 11 &c. It ends, on f. 26: koṭayo brahmahatyānām agamyāgamakoṭayaḥ \\ tat sarvaṃ nāśam āyāti Viṣṇor naivedyabhakṣaṇāt 11511 Viṣṇupādodakam pītvā koțijanmā 'ghanasanam II tasmāchatagunam pāpam bhūmau bimdunipātanāt 11611 cha 11 After the colophon there follows a table showing the times for festivals connected with the Avatāras. F. 26, which is written in vernacular, begins: daśāvatārajayamtyah 11 11 jāņāte avatāracārapahilemīnādijāle krtīm 11 &c.

A lithographed Tithininaya, by Rāghava, appeared at Bombay in 1864. See also Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 428 (no. 917). Tithininaya (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 231) seems to be only another title of the Ninayoddhāra. As the author uses the Ninayasindhu he must have lived after A.D. 1612 at least.

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares. Size:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+26+ii blank.

Date: f. 26: śake 1744 (= A.D. 1822) citrabhānunāmasamvatsare āśvinā 'dhikakṛṣṇacaturdaśiravivāsare... likhitam idam pustakam i

Scribe: f. 26: Govimdabhatļātmojanāgešabhatļalātakaropanāmnā likhitam idam pustakam svārtham paropakārārtham ca \ śrīśākambharyarpanam astu \ śrīnṛṣiṃhasarasvatīgurvarpanam astu \

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1498 (1, 2)—MS. Sansk. f. 16

Trimsacchloki and Dasasloki, 18th cent.?

Contents: two treatises on asauca, impurity.

- 1. The Trimsacchlokī, in thirty sragdharā stanzas, begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i saṇmāsābhyantareşu svapuruṣanihite garbhamātre vinaṣṭe mātā tanmāsa-saṃkhyā saptadinamaśuciḥ snānaśuddhāḥ sapiṃdaḥ i &c. It ends, on f. 8: iti Trimśacchlokī saṃpūrṇa i The work has been described by Weber, Catal., I, 321. There are many glosses and corrections in a later hand, e.g. in sapiṃgaḥ the g is marked as incorrect (for d), and the word is glossed sapta puruṣāḥ i This work repeats the substance of Yājūavalkya, III, 1-29, and is said to be borrowed from the Mitākṣarā, Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 40. See also Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 566; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 151.
- 2. The Daśaśloki, in ten śārdūlavikridita stanzas, begins, on f. 8: mātur garbhavipatsv agham tridivasam māsatrayato yathā i māsāham trisu sūtakāvadhir atah snānam pituh sarvadā i jūātīnām patanādijātamarane pitror daśāham sadā i nāmnah prāk tad apaiti sūtakavaśāt bhrātur daśāham param ii ii It ends, on f. 10°: iti Daśaślokī samāptah i There are many glosses and corrections of the very inaccurate text.

Cf. Eggeling, p. 565. Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 151, attributes it to Vijñāneśvara on the authority of the commentator Hari.

Throughout the text the words are divided by vertical strokes.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 201). Size:  $4\frac{7}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$  in. The MS. is written like an English book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 10 + xxvii blank.

Date: about A.D. 1800.

Scribe: f. 10\*: likhitam Vrijanāthena subham āsaucapustakam 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1499-MS. Sansk. d. 141

#### Vägdänaprayoga, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Vāgdānaprayoga, a brief account of the ceremonial of promising a girl in marriage. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha kanyādānāmgabhūtavāgdānaprayoga ucyate i yathācāram i vivāhanakṣatrayute sudine kanyādānādhikāriņā pitrādinā samāhūto varapitrādisuhṛdbhih saha kanyāgṛham galvā svāsane upaviśet i tatah kanyāpitrādih kanyāyā vāgdā-

nārtham mānyajanājñām gṛhītvā svāsane prānmukha upavišet | varapitā tu taddakṣiṇata udanmukhaḥ svāsane upavišet | &c. The work is doubtless quite modern. It ends with the mantras for the gavādidāna on f. 5<sup>V</sup>, thus: Indram gṛhīṇa tvam sarvopaskarasamyutam | tava vipraprasādena mamāstv abhimatam phalam | gṛhasya || 10 || dramdrādi ||

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 212).

Size:  $11\frac{8}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 5 + xxi blank.

Date: about the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1500-MS. Sansk. c. 181 (R)

### Fragment on Dharma, Kanyadana, 18th cent.?

Contents: four leaves of some treatise on dharma. The extant portion is concerned with the rites of marriage, especially the Kanyādāna.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $13 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 4; the foliation is lost.

Date: perhaps early 18th century, but may be considerably older.

Character: Bengālī.

# 1501-MS. Sansk. c. 77 Kātyāyanī S'ānti, A. D. 1816.

Contents: the Kātyāyanī S'ānti, a brief manual of domestic ritual, of modern date. It begins: śrīrāmāya namah ı ādau Gaņapatim vande vighnanāsam vināyakam ı rsīms ca devijananīm grahāsthāyanam ārabhet 11 Then follows, on f. 1, the grahasthāyanam, in 11 sections, ending: iti grahasthāyanam. Then the svastivācanam, 7 sections. F. 17 contains the sankalpah, 3 sections; the Ganesapūjā, 2 sections; the pancaumkārah, 4 sections. F. 2 the rakṣāvidhānam, 2 sections; the mātrpūjā, I section; the rivijām varanam, I2 sections. F. 2<sup>v</sup> the āsīrvā lah, 3 sections; the kalasapūjā, 5 sections; the vastupūjā, 3 sections. F. 3 the gogini- or yoginī-pūjā, 9 sections. F.3" the kuśamjhikā, 4 sections; the navagrahapūjā, 9 sections; the śruvapūjanam, 2 sections; the ghṛtāhutayaḥ, I section. F. 4 contains the visarjanam, 6 sections, and the work ends: iti Kātyāyanī Santih 1

Lithographed edition, Lahore, 1881. Cf. Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 294. It is quite modern and of little interest. Its prose is intermixed with ślokas.

There are numerous corrections in red pigment.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 197).

Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: v + 4 + xxvii blank.

Date: samº 1872 (= A. D. 1816) 1

Character: Devanagari.

# 1502—MS. Sansk. e. 69

Mādhava's S'ānti, A.D. 1820.

Contents: the S'ānti of Mādhava, a brief treatise on dharma. It begins, on f. IV: śrīganeśāya namaḥ I yām arcamti divāniśam suraganā dhyāyamti yām yogino I vyaktāvyaktagiraḥ stuvamti satatam yām Keśavādayaḥ I yām jñātvā munayo vrajanti paramam sthānam Ramāsevitam I tām vidvajjanavamditām bhagavatībhaktyā śamīśām bhaje II I II śrīrūpanārāyaṇanāradādibhiḥ I krtam vicitram bahuśāstravistaram I vilokya samyak śubhadam ca śāntikam I vyadhāt tam āsādita Mādhavo budhaḥ II 2 II Then follows the anukramanikā, in ten verses, to f. 2V. Then the various duties of household life are discussed in short sections in verse or prose. The work ends, on f. 3IV: iti śrīmādhavoktam Mādhavī Sāmti sampūrņam parisamāptam I

F. 32 is blank. The MS. is fairly correct and well written.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 210). Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 32 + ii blank.

Date: f. 32<sup>v</sup>: sam 1876 (= A. D. 1820) kārttikakṛṣṇā 10 budhavāsare likhitam idam pustakam i

Scribe: f. 32\*: Kahnīrāma svapathanārtham t Character: Devanāgarī,

#### 1503-MS. Sansk. d. 59

Tadāgādyudyāpanavidhi (?), A.D. 1785, 1786.

Contents: a treatise on rites connected with the building and consecration of houses, wells, and tanks. On f. iv the title is given as Taḍāgotsargaḥ. It begins: śrīganeśāya namaḥ 11 śrīghavānyai namaḥ 1 śrīgurubhyo namaḥ 1 athātaḥ saṃpravikṣāmi saṃkṣepaṃ śṛṇu tatvataḥ sutalaṃ vitalaṃś caiva nitalaṃ talam eva ca 1 māhātalaṃ talāṃkaṃ ca saptamaṃ ca rasātalaṃ 1 &c. F. 4: iti vāstupūjanaṃ vidhiḥ 11 athātaḥ śālākarma 11 iti śrīmahābhārate 1 F. 9°: iti vāstūpūjanavidhiḥ samāptaḥ 11 F. 10: atha vāpīsthaṃbhaṃ 11 F. 10°: atha taḍāgādi-

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pratisthocyate i F. 16, l. 2: iti yūpapīthapūjanavidhih ii From f. 16, l. 6, to f. 17°, l. 6 = Matsya Purāṇa, LVIII, 27-56 (ed. by Jīvāṇanda Vidyāsāgara, Calcutta, 1876). The work ends: jalaśāyī jagadyonīḥ prīyatāṃ matake (?) nāvaḥ ii iti śrīmatsyapurāṇe Taḍāgādyudyāpanavidhiḥ samāptaḥ ii Verse i is identical with verse i of a Vāstu-śānti in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 224, no. 685.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 34). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 17 + xi blank.

Date: śamvat 1842 śāke 1707 (= A. D. 1785) pravarttamāne uttarāyanagate śrīsūrye phālgunamāse asitetarapakṣe aṣṭamyāṃ bhaumavāsare \text{\text{1}}

Scribe: Dayā Samkara, son of Rāo Nāraņajya.

Character: Devanāgarī, from f. 15 very small and sometimes difficult to read.

Ornamentation on f. 17.

## 1504—MS. Sansk. d. 142 Västusantipaddhati, A.D. 1867.

Contents: the Vāstuśāntipaddhati, a work on the ceremonies necessary on first entering a new house. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ ı atha Vāstuśānti likhyate ı grhanirmānoktaprakārena grham nirmāya ı jyotiḥśāstrokte śubhe muhūrte praveśasamayāt prāk sapatniko yajamāna kratani'yaḥkriyaḥ ı It ends, on f. 12: iti śrīvāstuśāṃtipaddhatiḥ samāptaḥ ı Then come the date and three verses ending: udyāyane taḍāgāyāṃ śālike vāstukarmaṇi ı ārāmeşu tathānyatra nāmdiśrāddham na kārayet ıı srīr astu kalyānam astu ı

There is a diagram on f. 3. The text is bounded on either side by two broad red lines.

This work may be identical, as Aufrecht suggests, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 568b, with the Vāstupraveśa-paddhati catalogued by Weber, Catal., I, 318, as it treats of gṛhapraveśasamaya, f. 11. It is identical with the work in Mitra, Notices, II, 283 (Saunakokta), but different from the treatise by Rāmakṛṣṇa in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 268; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 82, and from all those in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 223-225.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 213). Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 12 + iii blank.

Date: f. 12: samvat 1923 šāke 1789 (= A.D. 1867) jyeştaśudi 13 śanivāsare (

Scribe: f. 12: likhitam bhatamulajīabhayaśamkareņedam pustakam 1

Character: Devanagari.

### 1505-MS. Sansk. d. 135

Abhyudayikaérāddhapaddhati, A.D. 1783.

Contents: the Abhyudayikaśrāddhapaddhati, a manual of the rites of a certain śrāddha ceremony. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namah ı athābhyudayikaśrāddhaprayogah tatra prathamam tanniyatapūrvakṛtyo mātṛpūjāvidhih ı tatah prātahkāle kṛtasnānah nityakriyah kudme phalake vā sthāpitarakṣikāsaptadaśataye Gaṇapatisahitaṣodaśamātēh mṛttikāmayiśriyam ca tadabhīve tām api rakṣikāyām eva pūjayet ı mātaraś ca Saurī Padmā Sacī Medhā Sāvitrī Vijayā Jayā Devasenā Svadhā Svāhā Mātaro lokamātarah ı Hṛṣṭi Puṣṭis tatha Tuṣṭis tathātmadevatā ı It ends, on f. 9v: iti bhyudayikaśrāddhapaddhatih saṃpūrṇā ı

The MS. is fairly accurate. The work is quite modern. Cf. Peterson, *Ulwar catal.*, no. 382.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 194). Size:  $10\frac{1}{9} \times 7$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+9+iii blank.

Date: f. 9°: viyamdvedāstacandre'bde sāke sarasvasaptabhūḥ (= A. D. 1783) \ vaisākhasya site pakṣe trayodasyām budhe subhe \(\mathbf{u}\)

Scribe: Rāmakṛṣṇa. A later hand has added Cūhāmiśrapaṭhanārtham 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1506-MS. Sansk. c. 82

#### Rāmaprasāda's Ratnākara, A. D. 1849.

Contents: the Ratnākara of Rāmaprasāda, a work on śrāddhas, of quite modern date. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīganeśāya namah i atha makarasthaguruvidhih ii It gives an account of the performance of the various modern śrāddha ceremonies, quoting especially the Purāṇas. It ends, on f. 46°: iti śrīrāmaprasādami-śrakṛte Ratnākare śrāddharatnām i cha i śrīr astu i Then follows the date. F. 47°: śrīh śuddhiratne i khatvāyām mantarikṣe vā naro mṛtyum upāgatah i prāyaścittam tadā kuryād daśakṛcchrāṇi mānavah ii ii aśaktas trīṇi dhenūn vā dadyāt tanmuktihetave i vāsuvarṇapalam datvā gāyatrīm ayutam japet ii 2 ii tatraiva paryyuṣita-dāhe gālavaḥ i śave paryyuṣite dāhe mṛto nirāyam āpnuyāt i tacchudhyartham japed vipro gāyatrīm lakṣa-sammitām ii 311

The work is often little more than a series of extracts from the Smṛtis. F. 46 is blank. Corrections in yellow pigment occur on ff. 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 6<sup>v</sup>, 16. Headings in a different hand occur on ff. 2, 4, 6<sup>v</sup>, 19<sup>v</sup>, 27<sup>v</sup>, 46<sup>v</sup>.

The Srāddha Ratnākara is only a part of the Ratnākara by Rāma. Another part, the Dāna Ratnākara, is known (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, pp. 249<sup>b</sup>, 789<sup>b</sup>). It was written by request of Anūpasimha, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 545; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 374. The author is at any rate not earlier than the 17th century, since he quotes the Nirnayasindhu (A. D. 1611) and the Muhūrtacintāmanitīkā (A. D. 1601).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 211).

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 47 + iii blank.

Date: f. 46<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1905 (= A. D. 1849) miti śrāvanavadīn° ravivāsarānvitāyām 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1507-MS. Sansk. e. 68

Pitrsamhita, A.D. 1826.

Contents: the Pitṛṣaṃhitā, a manual of prayers used in ancestor worship. It is a very short work, containing only fifty-one stanzas. It begins, on f. IV: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i oṃ i agnaye kavyayavāhanāya svāhā i somāya pitṛmate svāhā i apahantā asurā rakṣārṭhaṃº si vediṣadaḥ ii i ii yye rūpaṃ pprattimuṃūcamānā asurāḥ śantaḥ svadhayā caranti i parā puro nipuro ye bhavaṃnty Agnis ṭāṃ tokānt praṇudānty asmāt ii 2 ii As may be seen from these specimens the MS. is of the worst possible description, though not very badly written. It ends, on f. 10V: iti Pitṛsaṃhittāyāṃ saṃpūrṇaṃ i

The first two verses are written in red ink.

Cf. perhaps Weber, Catal., II, 1145; Peterson, Report, 1886-1892, p. 3.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 204).

Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 10 + ii blank.

Date: f. 10<sup>v</sup>: śamvat 1883 śāka 1748 (= A.D. 1826)

varşe mitti śrāvanaśuklā ekādaśī ravi (

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1508-MS. Sansk. d. 144

S'rāddhapaddhati, A. D. 1715.

Contents: the S'rāddhapaddhati, a short work on śrāddhas. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i om ācamanam prāṇayāmaḥ i yavān gṛhītvā daivekṣaṇaḥ kriyatām tathā prāpto tu bhavān prāptāsma akrodhanaiḥ śaucaparaiḥ satatam brahmacāribhir bhavitavyam bhavadbhiś ca mayā ca i It ends, on f.8°: Śrāddhapaddhati sapūrṇam Jānīharīrāmeṇa leṣanīya i śubham i

This work is not identical with the S'rāddhapaddhati given in the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 383<sup>a</sup>, nor with that in Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 559, nor with those in Aufrecht, *Leipzig catal.*, pp. 191-193.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. A late hand has scrawled some lines on ff. 1, 8.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 216). Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 8 + ix blank.

Date: f.  $8^{\triangledown}$ : saṃvat 1771 (= A. D. 1715) vaiśāṣe śukle 9 some 1

Scribe: Harīrāma. On f. 1:  $d\bar{\imath}^{\circ}$  Harīrāma nī pothī i is written, so that perhaps he was merely the owner, but cf. f. 8v.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1509—MS. Sansk. e. 70 S'rāddhaprayoga, A. D. 1841.

Contents: the S'rāddhaprayoga, a short manual of the mode of performing śrāddhas, in prose. It begins, on f. IV: śrīgaņeśāya namah i atha pātrakai-koddistaśrāddhaprayogah i tatra pūrvadine kataniyamah śrāddhadine prāttavastrayugena katasnānah paṃcaga-vyopalepanajvaladaṃgārabhramaṇagauraṃṛtikāchādanaih śrāddhabhūmisaṃskāraṃ kṛtvā vastrādinā veṣṭayitvā tilān agre sarṣapaṃ cāvakīrya pitrāsanasthānād vāma-bhāge śrāddadeyavastūny āsādya kṛtasnānādir madhyāhne śucih śukladvivāsāh pādan prakṣālyācamya śrāddhadeśam āgachet i It ends quite abruptly on f. 10V with the date but no colophon. The MS. is fairly well written, but very inaccurate.

Apparently different from all those described in the catalogues, including Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 191 sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 217).

Size:  $9 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 10 + ix blank.

Date: f. 10<sup>v</sup>: sam 1897 āṣāḍhakṛṣṇa 14 ravīvāsare \
Scribe: f. 10<sup>v</sup>: lippikṛtam phalerāma vīrāhmaṇaḥ
āpa paṭhanārtham (?) \ May be phubhe°.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1510-MS. Sansk. d. 145

Rudradhara's S'rāddhaviveka, 19th cent.?

Contents: the S'rāddhaviveka of Rudradhara, a work on śrāddha rites. The MS. is incomplete: it begins, on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i prasīdatu sa no Haris tridaśavairisīmantinīnavīnavidhavājanavratavi-

Small lacunae are marked on ff. 35v, 37v.

Cf. Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 472; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 563. Edited at Bombay in 1881. The author is earlier than Vācaspati and Raghunandana, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 48, i. e. before A. D. 1500.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 218).

Size:  $11\frac{3}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 53 + i blank.

Date: perhaps the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the end is missing.

### 1511-MS. Sansk. c. 130 (R)

### Fragment on Dharma, Pitrtarpana, 16th cent.?

Contents: five leaves of some dharma work. The part extant is on the Pitrtarpana. Carelessly written and inaccurate.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 5.

Date: possibly 16th century.

Character: Bengālī, with some Nepalese characteristics.

# 1512-MS. Sansk. d. 140 Prāyaścittanirnaya, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Prāyaścittanirṇaya, being a portion of a work on penances. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: oṃ namaḥ Sivāya 1 atha Prāyaścittanirṇayaḥ 1 tatra Hārītaḥ 1 prayatatvād vopacitam aśubhan nāśayatīti prāyaścittam 1 asyārthaḥ vāśabda evakārārthaḥ vā syād vikalpopamayor evārthe ca samuccaye iti Viśvadarśanāt payatvād yathāvidhyanuṣṭhānāt 1 upacittam samcitam aśubham eva nāśayatī na tu phalāṃtaraṃ janayatī yat karma tat prāyaścittaṃ aśubhaṃ pāpaṃ 1 It ends abruptly on f. 19, thus: yadī tatra vipattī syāt pāda eko vidhīyate 1 tathā pādaś cāprāptake deyo vatsasvāminy 1

Apparently this is the work of Gopālanyāyapañcānana, described by Mitra, Notices, II, 349, being a summary of Raghunandana's digest, for which cf. the Bodl. catal., p. 289. In any case the work is quite modern since it quotes the Viśvakośa.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 208).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 19 + ii blank.

Date: quite modern, 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1513—MS. Sansk. c. 83 Sāragrāha, 18th cent.?

Contents: a portion of the Sāragrāhakarmavipāka, a work on penances. The MS. consists of two distinct parts, ff. 1<sup>v</sup>-80<sup>v</sup>, and ff. 1-17, possibly however by the same hand. F. 1 begins: om namah śrīgaņeśāya 1 F. 3<sup>v</sup>: vidvajjanavinodāya hitāya bhavinām bhuvi 1 Sāragrāham idam nāmnā sāmnāyam śāstram uddadhe 11 F. 17<sup>v</sup>: vipākalakṣaṇaprasamgena strīnām athācāravi-śeṣam vakṣyāmah 1 F. 21<sup>v</sup>: iti jñānamaṇḍaloktam strīdharmānuṣṭhānam 1 atha jñānamaṇḍalāt puruṣakarma-vipākah 1 F. 24<sup>v</sup>: iti prāyaścittapraśaṃsā 1 This section ends, on f. 57<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīsāragrāhakarmmāvipāke prāyaścitto vikārah 1 F. 68<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmadviracite Sāragrāhakarmmavipāke ehikakarmmaprāyaścittāniıcha 1 The first part ends in the middle of a sentence on f. 80<sup>v</sup>.

The second part begins abruptly on f. 1: atha Padmapurāne I It treats of rogahara. F. 1: iti kṣa-yarogaharapadmadānam I It also ends in the middle of a sentence on f.  $17^{\text{V}}$ , thus: tataḥ suklāmbaradharo subhramālyānulepanaḥ I ā — I

This work, by a son of Kāhnaḍadeva, is known from other sources, see Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, II, p. 170b. See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 573, for date, A. D. 1384, and Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 171.

There are small corrections perhaps in a later hand on ff. 4, 5, 5, 10. A lacuna of a few letters is marked on f. 80.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 222). Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 80 + 17 + i blank.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: some letters lost on ff. 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 12<sup>v</sup>.

### 1514—MS. Sansk. c. 79

Bhaṭṭojidīkṣita's Tristhalīsetu, A.D. 1676.

Contents: the Tristhalīsetu of Bhattojidīksita, being a work on pilgrimages. It begins, on f. 1\*: śrīganeśāya

namah śrigurubhyo namah i sādhāraņas tīrthavidhih prathamam samyag ucyateh prathamam samyag ucyateh Prayagāditrayavidhih paścād ity atra samgrahah w The sādhāraņatīrthavidhi ends on f. 13. Then follows the Prayāgaprakaraņa from f. 13 to f. 14"; the Kāśīprakarana on f. 14" and f. 15; the Gayaprakarana on f. 15 and f. 15v. It ends: iti śrīdharmaśāstrasarvasvākhye nibandhe tīrthavişayakakartavyavyādhikārah 11 iti śrīmadvākyapramānajňaśrīlaksmīdharasūrihsūnunā Bhattojidīksitena racitas Tristhalīsetuh 11

Bhattoji is probably of the 17th century, Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 51.

The contents show that Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 240a (cf. p. 270a), is right in saying that the work is merely a samgraha of Nārāyaṇa Bhaṭṭa's Tristhalīsetu. Cf. Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 137a; Weber, Catal., 1, 345; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 485.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 202). Size:  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 15 + iii blank.

Date: samvat 1732 āśvina śukla 3 ravau (= A.D. 1676).

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1515-MS. Sansk. d. 138

### Gokuladeva's Tīrthakalpalatā, A.D. 1746.

Contents: the Tirthakalpalatā of Gokuladeva, the Gayavidhi portion, being a manual of rules concerning pilgrimage to the famous tīrtha at Bodhi Gayā. begins, on f. 1v: śrīvakratumdāya (?) namah 1 śrīgopālakṛṣṇāya namaḥ i śrīreṇukādevyai namaḥ i Yadunāthapadāmbojadhyānasamsaktamānasam \ sarvašāstravivaktāram śrīmantam pitaram numaḥ 🗤 atha Gayāśrāddham 🖠 It ends, on f. 16: iti śrīsakalabhūmandalamandanāyamānavidvadvaryā Anamtadevātmajagokuladevakrtatīrthakalpalatāyām Gayāvidhih samāptah 1 Corrected to ovaryānamtao by a late hand.

The text from f. 7 onwards is bounded on both sides by two or more red lines. The MS. is only moderately accurate. The work appears to be modern.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 200). Size:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 16 (f. 13 is missing) + ii blank.

Date: f. 16: samvat srīrā 1802 (= A. D. 1746)  $\mathbf{I}$ The other hand must be of about the same period.

Scribe: the writing of ff. 1-6 is so different from that of ff. 7 to the end, that probably the MS. is the work of two scribes.

Character: Devanāgarī. Injuries: f. 13 is missing.

### 1516-MS. Sansk. d. 147

#### Samksiptarāmāyanapāthaprayoga, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Samksiptarāmāyanapāthaprayoga, a brief manual of rules for the religious ceremony of reading the Rāmāyaṇa. It begins, on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ \ Sītārāmacandrābhyām namaḥ \ atha Samksiptarāmāyaṇapāṭhaprayogaḥ \ Rāmāyaṇapārāyaṇam ca prātarāhnikabhagavatpūjānantaram bhuktvā rātrau vā kuryāt i tatra kramah i pūrvam Visnoh pūjanam tato Vālmīkaye nama iti Vālmīkipūjanam \ Rāmāyanāya nama iti Rāmāyana pūjanam ca vidhāya Hanumate āsanaņ datvā gamdhapuspāksatādibhih sampūjya tata etāñ chlokān pathet i kūjantam Rāma Rāmeti madhuram madhurāksaram I āruhya kavitāsākhām vande Vālmīkikokilam II II Vālmīka munisimhasya kavitāvanacariņah I śrnvan Rāmakathānādam ko na yāti param gatim 11211 yah pivan satatam Rāmacaritāmṛtasāgaram i atrptas tam munim vande prācetasam akalmasam 11311 Details are given of the various modes of treating the different books: f. 3: iti vālakāndavidhih i f. 3": ity āranyakāṇḍavidhih I f. 4: iti sundarakāṇḍavidhih I f. 5\vec{v}: iti yuddhakāṇḍavidhiḥ i It ends, on f. 5♥: iti Saṃkṣiptarāmāyanapāthaprayogah I

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. Apparently quite modern. Very neatly written.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 220). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 5 + ix blank.

Date: early part or middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1517-MS. Sansk. d. 143 Vidhānapārijāta, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Dhanişthāmaranasanti section of the Vidhānapārijāta, a textbook of law. It begins, on f. 1: śriganeśāya namah i atha Dhanişthāmaraņaśāntih i tatra mūlavākyāmi i putrāņām gotriņām tasya samtāpo hy apapām jāyate : It ends, on f. 6v: iti Vidhānapārijāte pañcakatripādabhariņīnakṣatramaraṇaśāntividhāṇaṃ samāptam i subham astu i srīrāmah saraņam mameti paramo mantrah t

On f. 1 a lacuna is marked.

Possibly this work may be a section of the great Vidhānapārijāta of Ananta Bhaţţa, A.D. 1625, for which see Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 435 sq.; Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., II, 110.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 214). Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

## 288 ∮67. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE —WORSHIP OF DEITIES (1517–1521)

No. of leaves: iv + 6 + xxvi blank.

Date: the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 67. WORSHIP OF DEITIES

### 1518-MS. Sansk. c. 78

Kṛṣṇārādhanasamkṣepapaddhati, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Kṛṣṇārādhanasaṃkṣepapaddhati, a modern manual of Kṛṣṇa worship. It begins, on f. 1V: śrīrādhākṛṣṇāya namaḥ i rātre paścimayāmasya muhurtto yas tṛtīyakaḥ i sa brāhma iti vijñeyo vihitaḥ samprabodhane ii brāhme muhūrtte cotthāya mūrddhni śrīguruṃ smareta i Ānaṃdam ānaṃdakaraṃ prasannaṃ jñānasvarūpaṃ nijabhāvayuktaṃ i yogīṃdram ūdyaṃ bhavarogavaidyaṃ i śrīmadguruṃ nityam ahaṃ bhajāmī ii 2 ii tataḥ Kṛṣṇaṃ smaret i prāta smarāmi i &c. It consists of a series of verses for various occasions. It ends, on f. 9V: iti śrīkṛṣṇārādhanasaṃkṣepapaddhatiḥ samāptaṃ i

F. 9 is blank. There are corrections in yellow pigment. Somewhat inaccurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 199).

Size:  $13\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: v + 9 + iii blank.

Date: early part of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

# 1519—MS. Sansk. d. 225 Rudravidhāna, A. D. 1764.

Contents: the Rudravidhāna, a manual of Siva worship, purporting to be according to Sānkhāyana's school. It begins, on f. IV: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i om atha Sānkhāyanāśākhoktaṃ Rudravidhānaṃ likhyate i acamanaṃ i prāṇayāmaḥ i oṃ hrāṃ ātatvāya svāhā i oṃ hrīṃ vidyātatvāya namaḥ i iti Siṣṭāmnāyānusṛṣṭaṃ Rudravidhānaṃ i Caṃdanā Garu (added by later hand) Karpūra Kasturī Kuṃkumāni ca i sugaṃdhidravyamity uktam amnāto yakṣakardamāḥ ii ii vṛṣaṃ caṃḍaṃ vṛṣaṃ caiva somasūtraṃ punar vṛṣaṃ i caṃḍaṃ ca somasūtraṃ ca punaś caṃḍaṃ punar vṛṣaṃ ii ii Rudro Ghoraḥ Paśupati Virūpo viśvarūpakaḥ i It ends, on f. 34°: Tryaṃbakaś ca Kaparddī ca Sūlapāṇis tu Bhairavaḥ i Īśānaś ca Maheśāno Rudrā ekādaśā smṛtāḥ ii ity ekādaśarudranāmāni i

Very inaccurate. The work consists of verses for

use on various occasions. The text is bounded on either side by two black or two red lines. There are perhaps traces of three hands, namely, one on ff. 7<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, one on ff. 33, 34, and the main hand.

Different from the work in Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 52; and in Hṛṣīkeśa, Sansk. Coll. catal., I, 243.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 361). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

Size:  $9\frac{8}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Pap No. of leaves: iv + 34 + vii blank.

Date: f.  $34^{\triangledown}$ : saṃvat 1820 (= A. D. 1764) śrāvaṇakṛṣṇa 5 maṃde 1

Scribe: f. 34<sup>v</sup>: likhitam idam Davemathurānāthena i Character: Devanāgarī.

# 1520—MS. Sansk. d. 146 Sagrahavināyakaśānti, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Sagrahavināyakaśānti, a work claiming to follow the Sāma-veda, and describing the mode of appeasing the grahas and vināyakas. Its contents are practically all astrological. It begins, on f. 1: Agnih saptim iti sūktenāgnipadarahitenāgnyuttāranam kuryyāt i Agnih saptim iti sūktasya Vājambharo 'gnis triṣṭup i om i Agnih i &c. 11 It ends, on f. 9°: Sāmavedānusārī Sagrahavināyakaśāntih samāptā i āyuś ca vidyā ca tathā sukham ca dharmārthalābho bahuputratā ca i śatrukṣayam rājasupūjitam tuṣṭā grahāh sarvam etad dadatu 11 śubham bhavatu i

A later hand has rewritten part of f. 1, and has made additions there and on ff. 1, 3, 7. The Vedic passage quoted (Rg-veda X, 80, 10) has the accents marked in black ink. The text from f. 1 is bounded on either side by two black lines.

Cf. perhaps Weber, Catal., I, 310, no. 1020, f. 14<sup>v</sup>. The work in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 202, is different.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 219). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + ix blank.

Date: possibly about the middle of the 17th cent.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: there is a small hole on f. q.

# 1521—MS. Sansk. e. 67 Navagrahamakha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Navagrahamakha, a short treatise in mingled prose and verse on worship of the nine grahas. It is not identical with the work described by Weber, Catal., I, 348. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaņeśāya nmaḥ i



trividho navagrahamakhah i ābhyudayikam āhnam i vināyakapujanam i paścāt mamgalakalaśasthāpanavidhir ucyate i ādau grhe gomayo i pariliptaye svastikam kuryāt i sumahūrtte sulagnake i tato yajamānah susnātah svācāmtah i &c. It ends on f. 16° without a colophon. It is very badly and carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Yellow pigment is freely used for corrections.

Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 426, and Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 203, 204, relate to different works.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 203). Former owner: f. 16\(\nabla\): \(\frac{\pi}{2}\): \(\frac{\pi}{2}\) \(\frac{\pi}{2}\) \(\text{in}\) \(\pi\)

Size:  $9 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iv + 16 + ii blank.

Date: the first half of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1522-MS. Sansk. d. 148

### Sarvadevapratişthākramavidhi, A.D. 1767.

Contents: the Sarvadevapratisthäkramavidhi, a brief manual of devotion, concerning the mode of worshipping idols. It begins, on f. 1: om 1 śrīganeśāya namah 1 atha samksepasādhāranasarvadevapratisthākramavidhih lisīteh 1 tatra prathamam yathādevam sarvato bhadrādimamdalamracanā 1 grahapīthavāstupīthayoginīpītharacanā cah 11 It ends, on f. 6°: iti Sarvadevapratisthākarmahvidhih samāptāh 1

See Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 80. The Sarvadevapratistha in Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 235, is different.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The MS. is very carelessly written, and is full of bad blunders.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 221).

Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 6 + ix blank.

Date: f. 6\*: mītī āsāḍhasudi pañcami budhavāsareḥ l saṃvat 1824 sāsāke 1689 pravarttamāne (= A.D. 1767) l Scribe: f. 6\*: liṣītam ṭhākaramanoratharāmaḥ Sur-

grāmalakṣaṇāvantimadhyeḥ \

Character: Devanagarī.

#### 1523—MS. Sansk. c. 80 (R)

#### Treatise on Domestic Rites, 17th cent.?

Contents: a manual of domestic rites. There remain only ff. 51, 52, 56, 57, 59, 60, 62-65 intact, and eighteen torn leaves. It is inaccurately written. There are

two main sections, f. 52: atha vaišvadevabali karmma 1 f. 59°: atha devapūjā 1

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $14\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in.

Size of leaf:  $14 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 28.

Date: probably 17th century.

Character: Bengālī.

### 68. HISTORY

# 1524 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. d. 90

Bāṇa's Harşacarita, &c., 17th cent.?

Contents:

1. The Harsacarita, in eight ucchvāsas, by Bāņa Bhatta (ff. 4-210"). The beginning and end are missing. F. 4 begins: ttilagnamrnālasūtrām iva dhavalayajñopavītinīm 1 &c. (=p. 25 in the edition published at the Vidyāvilāsa Press, samvat 1936, = A. D. 1880). End of ucchvāsa I, f. 25: iti mahākavicakracūdāmaņiśrībāņabhattakrtau Harşacarite mahākāvye Vātsyāyanavamśavarņanam nāma prathama ucchvāsaḥ II II śrīgaņeśāya namah II om om namah kamaladalavipulanayanābhiga $m\bar{a}ya$  II Ucchvāsa 2 ends on f.  $50^{\circ}$ ; 3, on f. 76; 4, on f. 102; 5, on f. 1317; 6, on f. 159; 7, on f. 185. The text breaks off in the middle of ucchvasa 8 with the words: krameņa ca samapohrmāņamāmsalarāgarociṣņu ruşņāmsuruşņīşabandhasahajacūdāmaņir iva vṛkodarakaraputotpātitah pratyagra (= p. 529 in the above edition). From f. 145 there is a mistake in the original foliation (149 following 144), but nothing is missing. The work was translated by Cowell and Thomas, with a preface, London, 1897. Bāņa lived about A.D. 600.

2. F. 211 contains the Pankoddharaṇāṣṭaka, in eight verses, by a poet whose name begins with Rājā, followed by four other verses by the same poet. Verse 1: om samsārapārakāntāraparibhramaṇakheḍitaṃ vṛṣāṅkapaṅke mahati nimagnaṃ ratnam uddhara 1111 Line 10: iti śrīrājā (three or four akṣaras missing) vivacitaṃ Paṅkoddharaṇāṣṭakaṃ 1 F. 211<sup>V</sup>, l. 2: kṛtir iyaṃ tasyaiva 11 The rest of f. 211<sup>V</sup> (11 lines), written by a different hand, contains a fragment, beginning: udañcitakaraṃ &c. F. 212<sup>V</sup> contains a list of titles of works

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## 290 §69. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—ASTRONOMY AND MATHEMATICS

3. Ff. 213-227 contain fragments taken out of the original binding. Most of these seem to belong to some astronomical work dealing with calculations of dates. The fragments, ff. 216, 219, 221, 222, 224, 225, 227, belong to one and the same work.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 123). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 7$  in.

Binding: parts of the original cloth cover bound as ff. 229-231.

Material: Paper (partly of the colour of birch bark).

No. of leaves: ii + 227 + iv blank. Ff. 1-3 in the original foliation are missing.

Date: the MS. seems to have been written towards the end of the 17th century, probably after A.D. 1666, since in the fragments taken out of the cover the following dates occur, viz. on f. 221, and again on f. 224<sup>v</sup>: om samvat 42 śākāh 1588 (= A.D. 1666), and on f. 223: om samvat 1760 śāke 1525 (= A.D. 1603) caitramāse 'sitapakṣe &c.

Character: Săradă (except f. 214, which is Hindustănī, and ff. 215, 220, 223<sup>v</sup>, which are Devanāgarī).

Ornamentation: drawing on f. 90.

*Injuries*: seriously damaged, ff. 13, 14, 84, 97, 118, 211, 213-227; slightly damaged, ff. 4-9, 18, 75, 100, 180, 192-194, 207, 208.

### 1525-MS. Sansk. e. 57

### Ballāla's Bhojaprabandha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Bhojaprabandha, by Ballāla. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ śrīmato Dhārādhīśvarasya rājño Bhojasya prabaṃdho likhyate yathā ādau Dhārāyāṃ nagaryāṃ Siṃdhulasaṃjño rājā ciraṃ prajāḥ pālitavān 1 &c. It ends: vaktrāṃbhoruhabhāratinavanavā prajňavaye sthāyinī devaśrī Bhoja te bhujaṃ caraṇaṃ yormat kā ca digmaṃḍalaṃ ity ālocya nigham aṃgam abhitaḥ saubhāgyalakṣmopateḥ kīrttikopavatī ca bhojajaladheḥ prāṃteṣu vaṃbhraṃmpate 11 11 rājā tasmai kalakṣaṃ lakṣaṃ pratyakṣaraṃ dattavān śrīr astu iti śrīballālapaṃḍitaviracito śrībhojasya prabaṃdhaḥ samāpto 'yaṃ sa pūrṇaḥ śrīḥ śrīḥ. See the Bodl. catal., p. 150.

Ff. 1-24 are much corrected.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 118). Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+92+ii blank.

Date: apparently quite modern, perhaps A.D. 1850. Character: Devanagari.

*Injuries:* ff. 26-62 and ff. 78-91 are slightly damaged by insects, but the text is intact.

### 69. ASTRONOMY AND MATHEMATICS

### 1526-MS. Sansk. d. 214

#### Sūryasiddhānta, A.D. 1794.

Contents: the Sūryasiddhānta, a treatise on astronomy. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 326. In this MS. there are fourteen chapters, containing 69, 69, 52, 26, 17, 24, 24, 21, 16, 15, 13, 88, 25, 27 verses respectively, and ending in order on ff. 4<sup>v</sup>, 7<sup>v</sup>, 9<sup>v</sup>, 10, 11, 12<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 15, 15<sup>v</sup>, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23. Chapter 14 is wrongly numbered 13.

The MS. is very clearly and well written. On f. 6 is a diagram.

Cf. Thibaut, Astronomie, pp. 31-39. Translated by Burgess (and Whitney), J.A.O.S., VI, and by Bāpū Deva, Bibl. Ind., 1860. Edited by F. Hall, Calcutta, 1859. On its relation to the Pañcasiddhāntikā see Thibaut's edit., pref.; Dīkṣit, Ind. Ant., XIX; M. P. Kharegat, Journ. As. Soc. Bombay, 1896.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 338). Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 23 + xiii blank.

Date: f. 23: samvat 1850 (= A.D. 1794) pausakṛṣṇa 2 gurau 1

Scribe: f. 23: lipīkṛtam Indraprasthe Motīrāmaśaṇḍasārasvatena brāhmaṇena i Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 197 (1565). Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1527-MS. Sansk. d. 201

### S'atānanda's Bhāsvatīkaraņa, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Bhāsvatīkaraņa of Satānanda, an astronomical work, written A.D. 1099. The date is given in verse 1, f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah 1 śrīgurubhyo namah 1 natvā Murāreś caraṇāraviṃdaṃ śrimān Satānaṃda iti prasiddhah 1 tāṃ Bhāsvatīṃ śiṣyahitārtham āha śāke vihīne śaśipakṣakhaikaih 1110211111

In this MS. the work is divided into eight very brief sections, consisting of 9, 7, 16, 14, 9, 5, 4, 5 stanzas respectively, and ending in order at ff. 2,  $2^{V}$ ,  $4^{V}$ ,  $5^{V}$ ,  $6^{V}$ ,  $7^{V}$ ,  $7^{V}$ ,  $7^{V}$ .

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1035; Aufrecht, Camb. catal., pp. 48-50; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 291, Notices, II, 189.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 311). Size:  $11\frac{5}{9} \times 4\frac{5}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.



No. of leaves: iii + 7 + xxxix blank.

Date: probably the early part of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the margins are torn and some of the text is lost on ff. 2, 5; there are holes in ff. 1, 2, 3.

### 1528-MS. Sansk. c. 111

#### Bhāsvatīţippaņa, A.D. 1817.

Contents: the Bhasvatīțippaņa, a commentary on the Bhāsvatī of Satānanda. It begins, on f. 2: om śriganeśaya namah i om i pranamya cadau Gananāyakam ca i Rudrātmajam vighnam vināśanam ca i samkşepitam lokahittāya vakşye i dhruvāhito Bhāsvatīnāma sūtram 11 tatrādau sakavidyopasamanārtham iştadevatānamaskārapūrvakam sambamdhādhikam āha 1 om natvā &c. 1 om udāharaņam 1 asyānvayah śrīmān Satānamda iti prasiddhah i tām Bhāsvatīm āha kim kṛtvā Murāreś caraṇāraviṃdaṃ natvā i kimarthaṃ śişyahitārtham kasmin sati śāke śasipakşe khaikair 1021 vihīne šakanīpalahita abdaganah šāstrābdapimdo bhavati i Vikramādityarājyasya paņcatriņšottarašataņ 135 pātayitvā bhavec chakah caitrasuklād iti kramāt 11 om udāharaņam samvat 1641 pamcatrimsatsatena hīno jātah śākah 1506 śaśipaksakhaikair e 1021 bhir hīno jātah śästrābdapiṃdo 485 bhavati i om śako navādrīṃdukṛśānu 3179 yuktah kalir bhave 'bdaganas tu vṛttah \ udāharaņam 1 sākah 1506 navādrīmdukrsānubhir ancito jālō gatakalih 4685 i yasmin maye (for samaye) S ālivāhanaśakasya pravṛttir jāto tasmin samaye navādrīmdukṛśānuparimito 3279 gatikali pravoktānām gatakalih 4685 1 &c. Hence the commentary may very probably have been written in A.D. 1584. It ends, on f. 18v: iti Bhāsvatīyaţipaņam sampūrņam 1

The actual text is sometimes written in red ink. There are diagrams on ff. 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 9, 12, 12<sup>v</sup>. F. 1 contains an unconnected fragment on the recto; the verso is blank. The text is also given entire, and each comment is preceded by the word udāharaṇa. Possibly this is the work attributed to Satānanda himself by Aufrecht, Camb. catal., p. 49.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 313). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'A 87.'

Size:  $12\frac{3}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 18 + xxxvii blank. In the original f. 1 is not numbered, the rest are numbered 1 to 17.

Date: f. 18<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1874 šāke 1739 (= A.D. 1817) pausašuklāpancamyām ravivāsare i

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1529-MS. Sansk. c. 110

#### Rāmakṛṣṇa's Bhāsvatīcakraraśmyudāharaṇa, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Bhasvatīcakraraśmyudāharaņa of Rāmakṛṣṇa, being a commentary on Satānanda's Bhāsvatīkaraņa, a treatise on astronomy. The work is in nine short sections. It begins, on f. 2: srisamdarī vijayate Rāma 1 om daivajnarāmakrenena Sundarīpādasevinā \ Cakraraśmir bālavide kriyate samśayachide II śrīmān Satānamda iti prasiddhah tām Bhāsvatīm āha kim krtvā Murāres caraņāravimdam natvā kim artham sişyahitartham kasmin sati sake sasipakşakhaikaih vihīne sati 1 1021 (= A.D. 1099) 1 śākah Sālivāhanasya śāstrābdapimdo bhavati \ śākah 1727 śaśipakşakhaikaih vihīne sati śāstrābdapimdo evam amkah 706 \ \sakah 1727 navādrīmdukr\sanunāyukto jāto gatikaliḥ 4906 yasmin samaye gatikaliḥ 4906 yugābde vedābdhikhāgni 3044 rahite vikramasamvatsara ayam amkah 1832 vāņāgniśaśāmka 135 hānah sakasya kālah eva 1727 athānamtaram Mihirācāryopadeśāt aham yat kimcit samkşepena vakşye tat Süryasiddhāmtena samam tulyam syāt i atha samvatsarasya pālakānayanam āha i From this the commentary appears to have been written in A.D. 1805. It borrows a great deal from the commentary in MS. Sansk. c. 111 (1528) in which, as here, the text used shows many variations from the text of MS. Sansk. d. 201 (1527). It ends, on f. 11 $^{\triangledown}$ : iti Bhāsvatīcakrarasmiudāharaņe parilekhādhikāro navamah 1 samāpto 'yam Bhāsvatīudāharanam samāptam 1

F. 1<sup>v</sup> contains a diagram. From f. 7 onwards the paper is tinged with red. On ff. 4<sup>v</sup>, 5, 8, there are small diagrams. A lacuna is marked on f. 11<sup>v</sup>.

For the Bhāsvatī see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1035.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 312). Size:  $13\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+11+xxxi blank. In the original the first leaf is not numbered, the rest are numbered 1 to 10.

No. of columns: on ff. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 9, 10, 11, the text is enclosed by lines of red or black, and other parts of the text are written at the sides, thus making three columns.

Date: the early part of the 19th century.

Scribe: probably by the same hand as MS. Sansk. c. III [1528] (A. D. 1817).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1530—MS. Sansk. d. 200

#### Bhāskara's Karanakutūhala, A. D. 1710.

Contents: the Karanakutuhala of Bhaskara, an astronomical handbook. The work is described in the

P P 2



Bodl. catal., p. 327. In this MS. the ten chapters composing the work have 17, 21, 16, 23, 9, 13, 4, 6, 13, 4 stanzas respectively, and end on ff. 3, 4, 7, 9, 10, 12, 12<sup>V</sup>, 13, 14, 14<sup>V</sup>. The work was written in A. D. 1183, see references in Duff, Chronol., p. 139.

There are diagrams on ff. 2, 3°. F. 5° is of different paper and in a different hand from that of the MS. proper, and has evidently been supplied from another copy to fill up a gap. It does not quite fit in. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1039; Aufrecht, Camb. catal., p. 55; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 310; Weber, Catal., I, 236.

On f. 1 some extracts have been written, including the Nīradārkka, six verses. The date sam 1787 pausavadi 30 some is mentioned.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 309). Size:  $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 14 + xxvii blank.

Date: f.  $14^{\nabla}$ : saṃvat 1766 (= A. D. 1710) varṣe pauṣavadi 6 ravau 1

Scribe: f. 14♥: lişitam Harikṛṣṇa svapaṭhanārtham 1 Harikṛṣṇaïchārāmaharibhānugurūṇām namaḥ 1

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1531—MS. Sansk. c. 103

#### S'rīpatibhaṭṭa's Jyotiṣaratnamālā, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Jyotişaratnamālā of Srīpatibhaţţa, a work on the elements of astronomy and astrology, see the Bodl. catal., p. 331. In this MS. ff. 1v-3v contain prakarana I, in 23 stanzas; ff. 3v-5v contain prak. II, 18 stanzas; ff. 5<sup>v</sup>-8 contain prak. III, 14 stanzas; ff. 8, 9 contain prak. IV, 9 stanzas; ff. 9, 10 contain prak. V, 12 stanzas; ff. 10-19 contain prak. VI, 86 stanzas; ff. 19<sup>v</sup>-20<sup>v</sup> contain prak. VII, 11 stanzas; ff. 20<sup>v</sup>-23 contain prak. VIII, 18 stanzas; ff. 23-25 contain prak. IX, 17 stanzas; ff. 25-28 contain prak. X, 27 stanzas; ff. 28-29 contain prak. XI, 13 stanzas; ff. 29<sup>v</sup>-33<sup>v</sup> contain prak. XII, 51 stanzas; ff. 33v-36 contain prak. XIII, 24 stanzas; ff. 36, 36v contain prak. XIV, 8 stanzas; ff. 36v-43 contain prak. XV, 73 stanzas; ff. 43-46 contain prak. XVI, 37 stanzas; ff. 46-48 contain prak. XVII, 29 stanzas; ff. 48, 49 contain prak. XVIII, 11 stanzas, grahaprakaraņa; ff. 49, 49<sup>v</sup> contain prak. XIX, 8 stanzas, vastraprakaraņa; ff. 49<sup>v</sup>-51 contain prak. XX, 15 stanzas, surapratistāprakaraņa.

S'ripati is quoted by Raghunandana (16th cent.) and Kamalākara (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum,

p. 213<sup>a</sup>). A MS. of Mahādeva's commentary gives A.D. 1263 as the date of its composition, Bhandarkar, *Report*, 1882, 1883, p. 216. Srīpati is of the 10th cent., according to Sudhāhara's *Gaṇakataraṅgiṇ*, p. 29.

The MS. is corrected in yellow pigment. There are astrological figures on ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 3, 6, 6<sup>v</sup>, 8, 8<sup>v</sup>, 10, 10<sup>v</sup>, 15, 15<sup>v</sup>, 17, 18, 20, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24, 37<sup>v</sup>, 38, 41, 43<sup>v</sup>, 44<sup>v</sup>, 49. On f. 1<sup>v</sup> in a later hand there are a few words of commentary on stanza 1. The text is marked off on either side by two black lines. The work purports to be a section of the Ratnakośa, Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 1027.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 290). Size:  $14\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+51+iii blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1800.

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1532-MS. Sansk. d. 23

#### S'rīpati's Jyotişaratnamālā, A.D. 1644.

Contents: the Jyotişaratnamālā of Srīpati, as in MSS. Sansk. c. 103 (1531), d. 191 (1533). It begins on f. 1<sup>V</sup>, and chapters 1—14 end on ff. 3<sup>V</sup>, 6, 8<sup>V</sup>, 9<sup>V</sup>, 10<sup>V</sup>, 19, 20, 21<sup>V</sup>, 23<sup>V</sup>, 26<sup>V</sup>, 27<sup>V</sup>, 31<sup>V</sup>, 34<sup>V</sup>, 41. Chapter 15 is omitted, probably by simple carelessness, since chapter 16 is properly numbered. Chapters 16—20 end on ff. 45, 47<sup>V</sup>, 48<sup>V</sup>, 49<sup>V</sup>, 50<sup>V</sup> respectively.

The text is very far from accurate, and lacunae are marked on ff. 30, 44°, 49°, and occur elsewhere though not marked. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. Many passages are deleted with a dark-coloured pigment. There are corrections and additions in a later hand. On f. 1 are a few words in Persian describing the book.

Former owner: on f. 1 occur these words, 'The meaning of the booke or its contents in persian,' signed J. Ken. The MS. is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 332b, under its old shelfmark, Walker 214. It was presented to the Library in 1666.

Former shelfmarks: (1) Arch. D. 64 (2862). (2) Walker 214.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 50 + ii blank.

Date: f. 50°: asmi nrpativikramārkkasamayātitaķ samvatsare 1700 (= A.D. 1644) samaye bhādraśukladasyām ravīvāsare \

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1533-MS. Sansk. d. 191

#### S'rīpati's Jyotişaratnamālā, A.D. 1611.

Contents: the Jyotişaratnamālā of Srīpati, as in MS. Sansk. c. 103 (1531). In this MS. the twenty-one chapters composing the work end on ff. 3°, 6, 9, 10, 12, 21°, 23, 25, 26°, 30, 31, 36, 38, 39°, 47, 51°, 55°, 56°, 57°, 59, 59°.

There are diagrams on ff. 12, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 25, 40, 40, 44, 48, 49, 54, 54. The leaves of the MS. have been pasted upon thicker leaves, on which are written in a later hand notes and portions of the MS. which are illegible in the text proper. F. 37 is all by a late hand. The text is bounded on either side by three black lines. F. 13, is blank. F. 1, containing V, 12–14, VI, 1–5, belongs to another MS. and has been reversed in binding. Its contents are preserved in the MS. proper, on ff. 12 sq.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 289). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 59 (really 60, as f. 1 is double) + iii blank.

Date: f.  $59^{\text{V}}$ : samvat 1667 (= A.D. 1611) varșe caitrasudi 2 sukradine 1

Scribe: f. 59<sup>v</sup>: Ratnamālāra leşi Vahodūbhadacakī ātmajaḥpatanārthiḥ ı

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: the left-hand corners of every page are more or less damaged.

#### 1534—MS. Sansk. c. 10

#### S'rīpati's Jyotişaratnamālā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Jyotiṣaratnamālā, or Ratnamālā, by Srīpati Bhaṭṭa, in twenty chapters. It begins: om svasti prajābhyaḥ om namo śārikābhavatyai śreyase om atha śrīratnamālā likhyate om prabhavaviratimadhyajñānavamdhyā nitāmtam viditaparamatatvā yatra te yogino 'pi tam aham iha nimittam viśvajanmātyayānām anumitam abhivamde bhagrahai kālam īśam IIII F. 42°: iti Srīpatibhaṭṭaviracitāyām Jyotiṣaratnamālāyām vastraprakaraṇam ekoṇaviṃśatamam IIIII It ends: alakṣaṇo 'py arthaparicyuto 'py asabhāsu bhūmrām gaṇako virājate III4 II iti Srīpatibhaṭṭaviracitāyām Jyotiṣaratnamālāyām sampūrṇam samāptam II Rāmāya namaḥ Rāma Rāma Rāma. Ff. 45°, 46 contain a table of contents (atha Jyotiṣaratnamālāyāḥ sūcīpatraṃ).

Ff. 1-38 are much corrected.

Lithographed editions of the work, together with a commentary, were published at Benares in 1878 (samvat 1934) and 1885 (samvat 1941).

Bought in 1886 through Dr. G. Thibaut of Benares.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: i + 46 + i blank.

Date: probably the end of the 18th century.

Character: Kāśmīrī Nāgarī.

#### 1535—MS. Sansk. d. 203

## Cakradhara's Yantracintāmaṇi, with the Commentary of Rāma, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Yantracintamani of Cakradhara, a work on yantras, with Rāma's commentary. It begins, on f. 1♥: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i natvā Gaņapatim Rāmo Madhusūdananandanaķ (Yantracintāmaņes tīkām kurve 'ham sopapattikām II II The text proper begins, on f. 2:  $\acute{sr}$ ikrsnāya namah  $\iota$  natvā Bhavānīm pramathādhināthamravim guror amghryaravimdayugmam I yamtram pravakşye ganitānapekşam yathāśrubodhah samayādikānām\\1\\ The work is divided into three sections, containing respectively 7, 12, 7 stanzas of text proper, and ending in order at ff. 7, 15, 21. The last is numbered 4 by an oversight. It ends, on f. 21: iti śrīdaivajñamadhusūdanātmajarāmabhaṭṭadaivajñaviracitāyām Yantracintāmaņitīkāyām prakīrņādhyāyaś caturthah 11411 See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1032. On f. 21 Cakradhara calls himself Vāmana's son. āsīd Amgrarājavamditapadah śrīvāmano viśruto jyotiķšāstramahārņavāmṛtakaraḥ satsūktiralākaraḥ \ tatsūnuḥ kṣitipālamaulivilasadralam grahajño 'granih cakre Cakradharah kṛtī savidatim sadyamtracintāmaņim 11711 The commentary reads savivrttim which it explains thus: saţīkām cakre krtavān i atrācāryeņa keva ślokavyākhyānarūpā tīkā kṛtāsti iti savivṛttim ity uktam \ padavyākhyānarūpaiva tīkāgramtha kṛtā \ atomayā vidām prītyai krteyam sopapattikā 11 The MS. is carelessly written and very inaccurate. The commentary is written in very bad Sanskrit. Cf. Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 192.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 320). Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21 + xxy blank.

Date: quite modern, the middle of the 19th century. Character: Devanagari.

#### 1536-MS. Sansk. d. 205

#### Visvanātha's Rāmavinodadīpikā, A.D. 1810.

Contents: the Rāmavinodadīpikā of Viśvanātha, being a commentary on the Rāmavinodakaraṇa of Rāmacandra, A.D. 1614 (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 519ª). It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i svarakiraṇāruṇacaraṇāthacaraṇadvaṃdvavirahapariharanāḥ i sarasijacārukaraṇā jayaṇti timiraughasaṃharaṇāḥ ii iii Harim praṇamyālasabālavodhikā

vihīnetāvistarato 'rthato 'dhikā I tamobharāchāditavastubhāsikā I vidhīyate Rāmavinodadīpikā II 2 II atha sakalasāhiśiromaņer Jallāladīnākabarasāheh śākam pravarttayitum sakalāmātyāgranīh Rāmadāsamahīpatir gaņitagramthacikīrsayā Rāmabhaṭṭam ājñaptavān  $oldsymbol{i}$  tena ca vihitān mangalaslokān prasastislokāms ca sūgamatvāt vistarabhayāc cāvyākhyāyaiva gaņitodāharaņam ārabhyate II sūryabhūpeti I dvādaśādhikasodaśasakasammite 1612 Vikramādityaśāke sakalasāhiśiromaner Akabvarasāhe rājyaprāptih i sakapravrtis ca i tadvīpasakavarsān ānayati dvābhyām \ vāṇarāmeti \ atrasarvatrodāharaṇam eva vyākhyā i vikramaśākah 1657 vāņarāmavidhu 135 hīno jātah śālivāhanaśākah 1522 ayaśailaśailamanubhi 1477 hino jātah i Akavvarasāheh śākah 45 'yam 45 (?) akşarāmair 35 hīnah Rāmavinodagramthābdāh 10 tatrādau camdrabudhāyanam ( abda iti ) gramthābdāh 10 ( This looks as if Rama's work had been written in A. D. 1591. The spasto 'dhikarah ends on f. 13; the tripraśna, on f. 16; the sūryagrahaņa, on f. 24; the parilekha, on f. 25; the udayāsta, on f. 26°; the grahayuddha, on f. 29; the grahanakṣatrayuti, on f. 30°; the sringonnati, on f. 31; the whole ends, on f. 34v: iti śrīrāmavinodadīpikāyām Viśvanāthakṛmiśrakṛtāyām pātādhikāraķ i samāpto 'yam Rāmavinodadīpikā i

There are diagrams on ff. 5, 6, 8, 15, 29.

For Rāma's date see Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 84; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1044. Viśvanātha says, on f. 34<sup>v</sup>, that he lived at Kāmpilya and wrote the work for his pupils: śrīviśvanāthamiśrena Kāmpilyapuravāsinā i kṛtā Rāmavinodasya Dīpikā śiṣyanodanāt ii He lived about A.D. 1612–1632, according to MS. Sansk. d. 189 (1572), cf. Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 584, if his identification is correct, as it seems to be.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 325). Size:  $11\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 34 + ix blank.

Date: f. 34<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1867 śāke 1732 (= A.D. 1810) mitī phālgunaśudī 12 budhavāsare 1

Scribe: f. 34<sup>v</sup>: aşţavaṃśasārasvataśaṃḍajñātīyena Chaṃgārāmamiśreṇa svapaṭhanārthaṃ vy alekhi gurukṛpayā I

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1537—MS. Sansk. c. 106 Turiyayantra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Turīyayantra, a short treatise on the construction of the quadrant. It begins, on f. 12 verso: om śrīgurave namah i om atha Turīyayamtram racanāpūrvakam dinādidyotakam ucyate i kemdram parikalpa-

vṛttatrayam bhramaniyam I tatra vṛttapālau vyāsadvayābhyām samam vibhāgacatuṣṭayam kāryam I vyāsārdhābhyām sahaikam turīyam sthāpyam I tad eva turīyayamtram I tatraikā vyāsārdharekhā pūrvāparā 'parā paścimottarā I rekhāgre kemdravṛttī sakte bhavatah I vyāsārdhayoh şaṣṭivibhāgāḥ kāryāh I yā pūrvā parā saiva kṣitijarekhā I &c. On f. Ib is a figure to illustrate the text, headed: om śrīganeśāya namah I atha agrāsarinyām upari agrā adho agrām taram I &c. The work is unfinished, ending abruptly on f. 7 thus: asya vargaḥ 44I I 12 asya vargaḥ 144 śodhite 'vaśiṣṭa 187 I apadam kimcin nyūnam saptadaśa II

The MS. is very incorrect and is carelessly written. Another MS. seems to be mentioned by Devīprasāda, Oudh. MSS., 1879, p. 14.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 295). Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+7 (really 8, as f. 1 is repeated) + xliii blank.

Date: the beginning of the 19th century.

Scribe: probably by the same hand as MSS. Sansk. c. 110 (1529), 111 (1528).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 70. CALENDARS

1538 (1-5)—MS. Wilson 522

Calendars, A.D. 1815, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1821.

Contents: five Calendars of the Hindu year.

- 1. A Calendar for A. D. 1815. There is a diagram on f. 3. On ff. 3<sup>V</sup>-4<sup>V</sup> follows an astrological piece in Sanskrit, beginning: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ IIII acimtyāvyaktarūpāya nirgunāya mahātmane I samastajagadādhāramūrtaye brahmaņe namaḥ IIII On f. 4<sup>V</sup> follows the sarvaghātacakra. Then the calendar proper for saṃvat 1872 śāke 1737 (= A.D. 1815) begins on f. 5<sup>V</sup> and ends on f. 16<sup>V</sup>. It begins the year with the bright half of Caitra, ending of course with the kṛṣṇapakṣa of the same month. In the notes on the calendar some words are in vernacular, mainly Hindī, but most are in Sanskrit of some kind.
- 2. A Calendar for A.D. 1817. On f. 17 there are the words: jīva jīva ciram putra ciram jīva punah punah I On f. 19 is a diagram. The introduction occupies ff. 19<sup>v</sup>-21<sup>v</sup>, beginning: śrīgaņeśāya namah II II Vināyakam praņamyādau devim vāgdevatām gurum I samvatsare phalam vakṣye lokāṇām hitakāmayā II III tithivāram ca nakṣatram yogakaraṇam eva caḥ I paṃcā-

gasya phalam śrutvā Gamgāsthānam phalam labhet 11211 Thence very much as in 1. On f. 21V is the sarvaghātacakra; on ff. 22-34V the calendar arranged precisely as in 1, for samvat 1874 śāke 1739 (= A.D. 1817).

- 3. A Calendar for A.D. 1818. Diagram on f. 37; introduction, much as in 2, on ff.  $37^{\text{V}}-39^{\text{V}}$ ; sarvaghātacakra on f.  $39^{\text{V}}$ ; calendar for saṃvat 1875 śāke 1740 (= A.D. 1818), as in 1, on ff.  $40-51^{\text{V}}$ .
- 4. A Calendar for A.D. 1819. There is no diagram, and the beginning of the introduction is missing. The rest begins on f. 53, and ends on f. 54. The calendar for samvat 1876 śāke 1741, arranged as in 1, occupies ff. 55-66. The sarvaghātacakra is on f. 54.
- 5. A Calendar for A. D. 1821. Diagram on f. 67; introduction, as in 2, on ff.  $67^{\text{V}}-69^{\text{V}}$ ; sarvaghātacakra on f.  $69^{\text{V}}$ ; calendar for samvat 1878 śāke 1743 (= A. D. 1821), arranged as in 1, occupies ff.  $70-81^{\text{V}}$ .

These five calendars are probably all by one hand. The Sanskrit is very carelessly written and inaccurate. The text is written partly in red ink, partly in black. On f. I some words have been written, which look like an exercise in Sanskrit grammar.

For similar calendars see Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., pp. 198, 199; Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., p. 58.

Size:  $6\frac{7}{8} \times 10\frac{1}{2}$  in. The book is arranged in European style.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 82 (ff. 1, 2 are blank) + iii blank.

Date: each was doubtless written for its own year,
i. e. A. D. 1815, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1821.

Character: Devanāgarī, for both Sanskrit and vernacular.

## 1539 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. c. 40

Three Calendars, A.D. 1842, 1843, and ?.

Contents:

- 1. Ff. 3-10, 16, a Calendar for the year samvat 1898-1899, or śāke 1763-1764 (= A.D.1842). Diagrams on ff. 1, 16. F. 1, begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah vināyakam praņamyādau devim vāgdevatām guru samvatsaraphalam vaksye i lokānām hitakāmyayā ii 1 ii tithivāram ca naksatram yogam karņam eva ca pamcāha sya phalam śrutvā Gamgāsnānaphalam labhet ii 2 ii Ff. 5-10, contain twenty-four tables and diagrams, one for each fortnight, beginning with caitraśukla samvat 1898 śāke 1763, and ending with caitrakṛṣṇa samvat 1899 śākā 1764.
- 2. F. 17, a Calendar in one large sheet. The year is not given. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ ı atha

sadapadacakram ı prathamacarana tatra . nakşatra . nāma . evam carana . miśritam . rāśi . navacarana . kai ekarāśi . tasya vicārah yotisaśāstre Vārāhamihira ı The rest consists of tables and diagrams.

3. F. 18, a Calendar in one large sheet. The year is not given. It begins: atha. varşamadhye dvādaśamāsaphala. maharşva avṛṣṭiutpātajvālādāhā agni uṣamaja. Tables and diagrams.

? Bought

Former shelfmarks: MSS. Bodl. Sansk. 40A, 40E, and 40E.

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{8}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper, ff. 3-16 water-marked 'Lumsden, 1839.'

No. of leaves: 24 (ff. 11-15 and 19-24 blank).

Date: the first calendar was written for the year 1842-1843 (see above). The second calendar seems to be a good deal older, the third not quite so old as the second, but older than the first.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1540 (1-6)-MS. Sansk. c. 40\*

Five Calendars and a Charm, A.D. 1780-1842.

Contents:

- 2. Ff. 19-36, a Calendar for the year samvat 1898, or śāke 1762-1763 (= A.D. 1841), in Sanskrit and vernacular. Marginal notes and corrections in the introduction (ff. 19<sup>V</sup>-21). From ff. 22-34<sup>V</sup>, tables and diagrams for the twenty-six fortnights, beginning with samvata 1898 śāke 1762 caitraśuklah, and ending with samvata 1898 śāke 1763 caitrakṛṣṇah. F. 27<sup>V</sup>: ah aśvinakṛṣṇah; f. 28: adhīkah aśvinaśuklah śārvāna 8 śubharātoh; f. 28<sup>V</sup>: amkajva 210 aśvinakṛṣṇah; f. 29: śudha aśvinaśuklah ramamjān 9 rojā 30. On ff. 30<sup>V</sup> and 33<sup>V</sup> śāke 1762 by mistake.
- 3. Ff. 37-53, a Calendar for the year samvat 1893, sāke 1758 (= A. D. 1836), in Sanskrit and vernacular. From ff. 40-52, tables and diagrams for the twenty-six fortnights, beginning with savata 1893 sāke 1758 āvarailā 4 caitrāsukla, and ending with samvata 1893 sāke 1758 āvaraila 4 caitrakṛṣṇāḥ. Āṣāḍha occurs twice, viz.: f. 42, juna 6 āppaṭha kṛṣṇāḥ; f. 43: a appaṭhasukla

śyīlau pali 3 vaktī 12; f. 43<sup>v</sup>: jaulāi 7 āppaṭhakṛṣṇāḥ; and f. 44: acikaḥ āppaṭhaśukla śyīrāni 4 hajārajimīrāḥ. F. 45 saṃvata 1894 by mistake.

4. F. 54, one leaf, with pictures on the verso. It begins: patraprapūjyāthavā pārśvenecchati tasya śatrur avalolakṣīḥ sthirā veśmani. 100 100 i trikoṇaṃ tataḥ pajvakoṇaṃ suyuktaṃ tato yaur mataṃ koṇayuktaṃ munīndraiḥ tatorghāgyutaṃ cāṣṭapatraṃ vidheyam idaṃ yyoginīcakram uktaṃ. rigvena 101. On f. 54<sup>V</sup> there are eight figures (of gods or devils?) with syllables written upon them. It ends: I dineśātmajaḥ somasute drināgagurūr bhūmiputrau yadā ikṣaṇaiva (ṇai is doubtful). tadā vaṃdhuvairaṃ svadehe vraṇaṃ ca tadante sukhaṃ sva — saumyādilābhaḥ saṃ 1890 miti vai 9. The whole seems to be a charm, perhaps a fragment only.

5. Ff. 55-70, a Calendar for the year samvat 1837, or Sāke 1702 (= A.D. 1781). It begins: om svasti siddhi śrīganeśāya namah i śrībhavānīśamkarau jayatu om namah Sivāya ii namo gurave i śrīr astu. om namo brahmane ii acimtyāvyarūpāya nirgunāya guņātmane i samastajagadādhāramūrttaye brahmane namah ii ii ... atha śrīsūryasiddhāmtamatena samastajagadotpattisthipralayakāranasya brahmanah param āyur varṣaśatam 100 i &c. Ff. 57-68° contain tables and diagrams for the twenty-four fortnights, beginning with samvat 1838 caitraśukla śāke 1703, and ending with samvat 1838 śāke 1703 caittravadi.

6. Ff. 71-84<sup>V</sup>, a Calendar for the year samvat 1837, or śāke 1702 (=A.D. 1780-1781). It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah 11 acimtyavyaktarūpāya nirguņāya guņātmane 1 samasta° &c. . . . atha śubhasaṃvatsare śrīmannrpativikramādityarājye'tīte samvat 111837 11 śāke Salivāhanasya 111702 11 tatra śrīsūryasiddhāmtamate makaramdokte sāvarņiko 'rgaņavallī bhṛguvārādi' 11 adhikamāsa 111800 11 &c. F.72<sup>V</sup>: 11rogāvalī1 Ff.73-83<sup>V</sup> contain tables and diagrams for the twenty-two fortnights, beginning with samvat 1837 šāke 1702 caitraśukla, and ending with phālguņakṛṣṇa. The tables for phālguņaśukla and caitrakṛṣṇa are wanting, as only a small fragment is left of f. 84.

? Bought

Former shelfmark: MSS. Bodl. Sansk. 40B, 40C, 40D, 40G, 40H, 40J.

Size:  $13\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: 86.

Date: see above.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 37<sup>v</sup> (two last lines) is damaged, and of f. 84 only a small piece is left.

### 71. NATURAL ASTROLOGY

#### 1541-MS. Sansk. d. 184

Udayaprabhasūri's Ārambhasiddhi, 17th cent.?

Contents: the Arambhasiddhi of Udayaprabhasuri, an astrological work, written apparently about A. D. 1230 under the patronage of Vastupala, the minister of Vira Dhavala of Gurjara. The work has been described by Weber, Catal., II, 306; Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., pp. 201, 202. In this MS. it begins on f. 1 with the following verse (cf. MS. Sansk. d. 183 [1542]): om namah I sakalārambhasiddhinirvighnavedhase arhānām arhate sāksād upālambhāya Sambhave 11111 Then daivajñadīpakālikāṃ vyavahāracaryām Āraṃbhasiddhim Udayaprabhadeva etām śāsti krameņa tithi 1 &c. Vimarśa I, containing 79 verses, ends on f. 5; II, containing 72 verses, on f. 97; III, containing 82 verses, on f. 13; IV, containing 88 verses, on f. 17; V, containing 80 verses, on f. 20v. The whole ends, on f. 20♥: ity Arambhasiddhau śrīudayaprabhasūriviracitāyām lagnaparīkṣā pamcamo vimarśaḥ \

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines, and in the centre of each page is an ornamental blank space with letters.

See Aufrecht, Flor. catal., pp. 88, 89, for the names of the chapters.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 279). Size:  $10\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 20 + xxxix blank.

Date: perhaps about A.D. 1650. Cf. MS. Sansk.d. 185 (1543).

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

### 1542—MS. Sansk. d. 183 Ārambhasiddhi, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Arambhasiddhi, short version, an astrological treatise. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: arham 1 om namah 1 sakalārambhasiddhinirvighnāvadhase 1 arhanām arhate sākṣād upalambhāya Sambhave II II It ends, on f. 3<sup>v</sup>: ity Ārambhasiddhilaghu 1 There are 130 verses.

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. There are diagrams on ff. 1, 2.

The work is clearly from its contents a summary of the work of Udayaprabhasūri (MS. Sansk. d. 184 [1541]).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 278). Former owner: f. 3<sup>v</sup>: saṃdyamajñānajipaṭhanārthaṃ liṣi 1

Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+3+1 blank.

Date: probably A. D. 1700-1750.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1543-MS. Sansk. d. 185

#### Padmaprabhasūri's Grahabhāvaprakāśa, A. D. 1668.

Contents: the Grahabhāvaprakāśa or Bhuvanadīpaka of Padmaprabhasūri, a compendious astrological work on planetary influences. It begins, on f. 1v: om namah i Saradāyi namah i Sarasvatam namaskrtya maham sarvatamopaham grahabhavaprakāsena jāānam unmilyate mayā II II The work consists of 229 ślokas, and ends, on f. 11♥: iti prakşepaślokai garptitaśrībhuvanadīpikākhyam jyotiķšāstram sampūrņam iti śreyaķ i

There are many comments written above the text and at the side in a later hand. The words in the text are usually separated thus: | navati | There are thirty-nine sections.

Ff. 6 and 8 are blank. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The headings are regularly written in red ink.

See Mitra, Notices, II, 249; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., pp. 104, 105 (204 and 180 vv. only); Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1080. The work was written before A.D. 1587, since Nīlakaņtha quotes it, Eggeling, p. 1088.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 280). Former owner: f. 11: bhaţţārakaprabhusakalabhaţţārakapuramdarabhaţţārakaśrīśrīvijayarājasūrīśvaracaranasevakaganiśridhanavijayapathanārtham (?) ı

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 11 + xliii blank.

Date: f. 11: samvat 1724 (= A. D. 1668) varșe posasudi 5 gurau 1

Scribe: f. 11: lipīkṛtaṃ gānyānavijayena śrīuhammadapure 1

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1544—MS. Sansk. e. 73

#### Padmaprabhasūri's Grahabhāvaprakāśa, with a Commentary, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Grahabhāvaprakāśa of Padmaprabhasūri (see MS. Sansk. d. 185 [1543]), with a commentary by an unknown author. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ \ Sārasvatam namaskṛtya mahaḥ sarvatamopaham \ Grahabhāvaprakāsena jñānam unmīlyate mayā 11 11 Sarasvatyāh sambamdhi Sārasvatam tac ca tan mahaś ca tam namaskrtya mayā jñānam unmīlyate prakatīkriyate i katham bhūtam mahas tejah sarvasyāpi tamaso 'mdhakārasyāpaham apahārakam vināśakam kenehonmīlyate ity āha graheti grahāh sūryādayo bhāvā meşādirāśayas tesām prakāšena prakatukaraņena \

commentary is prolix and dull. There are 165 verses, text and commentary, and the whole ends, on f. 71v: iti śrībhavanadīpakaśāstrasyāvacūriķ sam śubham astu śrī kalyāņam astu śrīr astu l

Yellow pigment is freely used for corrections. A lacuna is marked on f. 8.

The commentary is identical with that described in Aufrecht's Flor. catal., p. 105; Mitra, Notices, II, 169, 249, attributes it to Daivajna Siromani.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 281). Size:  $8\frac{8}{9} \times 4\frac{5}{9}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: v + 71 + iii blank. F. 51 is repeated. Date: probably the earlier half of the 19th century.

1545—MS. Sansk. d. 187

Character: Devanagari.

#### Nārāyaņa's Camatkāracintāmaņi, with the Commentary of Dharmesvara, A.D. 1841.

Contents: the Camatkaracintamani of Narayana, treating of astrology, with the commentary called Anvayārthadīpikā by Dharmeśvara. The commentary begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah i Gaņeśam Bhāskaram Rāmacandram Bhavānīm pranamyātho tīkām suramyām cicimatkāracimtāmaņer daivavedipramodāya Dharmeśvarah sambravīti IIII Then follows a sort of introduction ending, on f. 4v: tatrādyairave tanvādibhāvaphalāni kathayaii I Then follows on f. 17 to the end, the text and commentary, arranged in nine sets of twelve verses, ending at ff. 8v, 14v, 21, 27v, 33v, 40<sup>v</sup>, 47, 52<sup>v</sup>, 58 respectively. The whole concludes: iti śrīcamatkāraciṃtāmaṇau Anvayārthadīpikāyāṃ grahabhāvaphalāḥ dhyāyaiḥ samāptaḥ I For the author's family see his Jatakapaddhati, Stein, Kasmir catal., p. 340.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. The text proper is coloured red.

For the text see Aufrecht, Flor. catal., pp. 89, 90, Leipzig catal., p. 337; for text and commentary, Mitra, Notices, VIII, 127. Both edited at Delhi in 1872.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 283). Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 62 + iii blank.

Date: f. 58: sam 1897 (= A.D. 1841) mārgaśirakro 9 guº 1

Scribe: f. 58: thākaragaņāpati ( See MSS. Sansk. e. 75, 82 (1564, 1546).

Character: Devanāgarī.

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#### 1546-MS. Sansk. e. 82

#### Nīlakantha's Varsaphala, A.D. 1834.

Contents: the Varsaphala of Nīlakaṇṭha, a treatise on astrology. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ latha phalataṃtra liṣyate i svasvābhitāṣaṃ na hi laghum īśā nirvighnam īśānamukhāt surodhāḥ i vinā prasādaṃ kila yasya naumī i taḍuḍhirājaṃ matilābhaheto 11111 The MS. is defective, four pages being lost after f. 12. It ends, on f. 40°: iti śrīmaddaivajñānaṃtasutadaivajñanīlakaṃṭhaviracite Varṣaphale varṣaviveke māsaphalādhyayaḥ i samāptaḥ i Then follow the date and the usual verses by the scribe, yādṛśaṃ &c.

The MS. is very carelessly written. The text is bounded on either side by two black lines.

The work is mentioned by Bhandarkar, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 85, but his MS. was too defective to furnish details of the author's family. From this MS. (f. 40°) it appears that he was son of Ananta, author of a Jātakapaddhati, grandson of Cintāmani, and composed this treatise in A.D. 1587: śākam namdābhravānemdu 1509 mita āśvanamāsake i śukle 'sṭamyām amum grama Nīlaṭhokudho 'karot 11411 Cf. MS. Sansk. c. 116 (1562).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 328). Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 41 + i blank. In the original foliation the numbers run 1-12, 17-45.

Date: f. 41: samvat 1890 (= A.D. 1834) miti bhā-drapadamāse subhe kṛṣṇapakṣe 7 budhavāsare 1

Scribe: f. 41: lişitum thākaraganapati i See MS. Sansk. d. 187 (1545).

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 13-16 are missing, and the work is probably unfinished.

## 1547—MS. Sansk. d. 210 Kāśīnātha's S'īghrabodha, A.D. 1757.

Contents: the S'īghrabodha of Kāśīnātha, a work on omens, in eight sections. It begins, on f. 17: om svasti 1 om śrīganeśāya namah 1 om Sarasvatīrūpāya gurave namah 1 om lambodaram paramasumdaram ekadamtam raktobaram trinayanam paramam pavitram 1 udyaddivākarakarojvalakāmtakāmtam viśveśvaram sakalavighnaharam namāmi 11 om bhāsayamtam jagad bhāsā natvā bhāsvamtam avyayam 1 kriyate Kāśināthena Sīghrabodhāya samgrahah 11 Chapter 1 ends on f. 19; chapter 4 on f. 67°. The whole ends, on f. 124°: iti śrīkāśīnāthakṛtau vṛddhaśīghrabodhe Jāyārāmaviramcitāyām grahabhabhavanaprakaraṇam aṣṭamām samāptam 1 F. 46° is blank.

There are small lacunae marked on ff. 38v, 57v.

There are diagrams on ff. 2, 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 5, 8<sup>v</sup>, 12, 13, 13<sup>v</sup>, 17, 19, 23, 24, 24<sup>v</sup>, 26, 27, 29<sup>v</sup>, 34, 36<sup>v</sup>, 38, 40, 48<sup>v</sup>, 49<sup>v</sup>, 50, 55<sup>v</sup>, 64<sup>v</sup>, 65, 66, 66<sup>v</sup>, 71, 73<sup>v</sup>, 118, 118<sup>v</sup>, 119, 120<sup>v</sup>.

Cf. Weber, Catal., I, 266; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 112, Leipzig catal., p. 323; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1071. Printed often in India, e.g. at Delhi in 1886. As the writer cites the Ratnamālā and Muhūrtacintāmaņi he lived after A.D. 1601 (Aufrecht, l. c.).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 333). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 20,' i. e. Kaśmīr.

Size:  $9\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+124+i blank. In the original foliation ff. 2-78 correspond to the present ff. 2-77, as f. 2 is left unmarked in the new reckoning. After f. 78 the original foliation is confused, the numbers running 78, 80 to 88, then five more with uncertain numbers, then 89 to 119.

Date: f. 124: samvat 18 | 13 | 4 tithau likhyatām ādityavāre | Probably this is samvat 18 | 3 (= A.D. 1757), but it may be read samvat 18 | 13 | 4 tithau | and taken as a Kaśmīr date, i.e. A.D. (17)43.

Character: ff. 1-42<sup>v</sup> are in Devanāgarī, with very slight Kaśmīrī traces, the rest in Kaśmīrī Nāgarī.

Injuries: half of f. 2 is missing.

## 1548—MS. Sansk. e. 77 Kāśīnātha's Praśnapradīpa, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Prasnapradīpa of Kāsīnātha, a work in fourteen chapters on the main topics of astrology. It begins, on f. 17: śrigaņeśāya namah i atha Praśnapradīpo likhyate i timirāmbunidhau magnam karair uddhrtya yo jagat ı praņayaty āturam prītyā tasmai sarvātmane namaļ 1111 mihire 'stasamāyāte tamasāmdhe dharātale I praśnagehe Pradīpo 'yam Kāśināthakrto babhau 11 2 11 uccanīcādikam bhāvam satrumitragrhādikam i vicāryāmsam jātakam ca prasnam brūyād vicakṣaṇaḥ 11 3 11 The various praśnas treat of the following subjects in order, putrapraśna, jāyājātakao, rogīo, paracakrāgamao, gamāgamao, vṛkṣao, rogīmaraņajīvana°, nauka°, kanyālābha°, naṣṭalābha°, lābhālābha°, cauravicarao, lagnabhijnanao, janmapatrio. These fourteen chapters contain respectively 37, 9, 20, 10, 23, 5, 11, 10, 16, 20, 12, 6, 7, 8 verses, ending in order on ff.  $2^{\nabla}$ , 3,  $3^{\nabla}$ , 4, 5,  $5^{\nabla}$ , 6,  $6^{\nabla}$ , 7, 8,  $8^{\nabla}$ , 9, 9,  $9^{\nabla}$ . Then follows: atha strijātakam i of which there are five verses. Then comes: samāptam !

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The MS. is very well written.

Cf. Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 326; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 101, Leipzig catal., p. 322. Anterior to, and used by, Nilakantha, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1088. The name is spelt correctly as is done in his Sighrabodha. Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 320, ascribes to him also a Muhūrtamuktāvalī.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 303). Size:  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + li blank.

Date: probably about the last quarter of the 18th century.

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1549-MS. Sansk. d. 186

#### Devācārya's Candesvaraprasnavidyā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Candesvaraprasnavidya of Devacarya, a very elaborate work on astrology. The MS. is incomplete, but extends to chap. 40. 6. It begins, on f. I♥: śrigaņeśāya namaḥ \ śrīlakşmīnṛsiṃho jayati \ śrivīreśvaro jayati i namas te paramārthaikarūpāya paramātmane \ svechāvabhāsitāśeşabhedubhinnāya Sambhave IIII candrāl lagnāt krtam pūrvaih praśnaśāstram samākulam i drstvā nirākulam vaksye Devācāryah ksiteh patih 11211 The work is written in fairly short chapters. The thirty-nine which are complete end on ff.  $3^{\nabla}$ , 5,  $6^{\nabla}$ , 8, 9,  $9^{\nabla}$ , 13, 13 $^{\nabla}$ , 18, 20, 31,  $32^{\nabla}$ , 33,  $33^{\text{v}}$ ,  $38^{\text{v}}$ , 39,  $39^{\text{v}}$ ,  $40^{\text{v}}$ , 41,  $41^{\text{v}}$ ,  $41^{\text{v}}$ ,  $41^{\text{v}}$ , 42,  $43^{\text{v}}$ ,  $44^{\text{v}}$ , 45°, 46°, 47°, 48, 48°, 50, 52°, 53, 53°, 57, 58, 59, 61, 63v. The whole ends, on f. 63v (chap. 40. 6): khago vahnir nnaraš ceti kumbho proktā yathā kramāt i mīne narah strī I Ff. 36, 37, 38 are only partially filled.

The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines.

This work is apparently identical with the Prasnavidyā of Candesvara, in Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 102, where verse 2 reads: vedhācāryamate sthitah. The author is quoted by Nilakantha, A.D. 1587, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1087.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 282). Former owner: f. 1: rājatkularaghupatyātmajarāvalaānandarāmasyedam pustakam I See MS. Sansk. d. 166 (1288).

Size:  $10\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 63 + iii blank.

Date: possibly about the middle of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: an unknown number of pages missing.

#### 1550-MS. Sansk. d. 195

#### Cintămani's Prasnatantra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Prasnatantra of Cintamani, a work on divination. The MS. is incomplete and only contains parts of tantra 1. It begins abruptly, on f. 1: asya śakalavarnāh i raktaśvetamsyā tu lahānam khamdam raktasyāmāhramorāsāpradistā hāritašāmamtārikham caiva yajam śvetam pītam cātavedākhilam syāt HIH It ends abruptly, on f. 36v: samidadalekhalakojadākhilam yamadisīhi cana sradadākhile i

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. It is very carelessly written in degraded Sanskrit, usually in ślokas, and gives all sorts of spells for obtaining prosperity, destroying foes, &c.

The author was used by Nīlakaņţha in his Praśnaprakarana, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1087. Was he his grandfather, ibid., p. 1084?

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 302). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 36 (numbered 10-45 in the original foliation) + xxix blank.

Date: the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

*Injuries*: ff. 15 $^{\nabla}$ , 16, 16 $^{\nabla}$ , 17, 17 $^{\nabla}$ , 18 have been torn at the corner and mended so that several letters are lost.

#### 1551-MS. Sansk. c. 104

#### Nilakantha's Jyotisyakaumudi, A.D. 1826.

Contents: the Prasnaprakarana of the Jyotisyakaumudī of Nīlakaņtha, a code of rules for the guidance of soothsayers and fortune-tellers, being a supplement to his Tajika, Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1087. He composed the Tajika in A.D. 1587, ibid., p. 1084. The colophon, on f. 26, is: iti śrīnīlakanthaviracitajyotişyakaumudyām praśnaprakaranam sampūrņam samāptam \

The headings of each special topic are written in red ink. No other part of the work seems to be known. Printed in the Benares edition, 1865, as Prasnatantra.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 292). Size:  $13 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 26 + xix blank.

Date: samvat 1882 (= A.D. 1826) śrāvaņaśuklāpañcamyām budhavāsare sampūrņam \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Qq2



#### 1552-MS. Sansk. d. 192

#### Nīlakaņtha's Jyotisyakaumudī, A. D. 1812.

Contents: the Jyotisyakaumudī of Nīlakaṇṭha, see MS. Sansk. c. 104 (1551). As in the former case the MS. contains only the praśnaprakaraṇa and deals with bhāva. There are some differences of text. Inaccurate and carelessly written.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 291).

Size:  $11\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 22 + xv blank.

Date: f. 22 : sam 1869 śāks 1734 (= A.D. 1812) mārgaśudiprattapadyām \ sukre sam 4888 \

Scribe: by the same hand as MS. Sansk. d. 212 (1570).

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: two letters lost on f. 1v.

#### 1553-MS. Sansk. f. 17

#### Govinda's Praśnasāra, A.D. 1853.

Contents: the Praśnasāra of Govinda, a brief treatise on astrology. It begins, on f. 3<sup>V</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i śrīguruśrīśaṃkarākhyacaraṇakamalebhyo namaḥ i atha Praśnasāra likhyate i śrīmedhanāthaṃ praṇipatya mūrddhnā triśalakhaṃḍāṃkitahastayugmam i Gamgādharaṃ mūrdhni paḍadhaṃrākhyaṃ praśneṣu sāraṃ racayāmi yogaṃ ii i ii nidyair (?) mahotsāhagṛhe prasiddhaḥ śrīviṣṇudaivajña satāṃ variṣṭaḥ i śāstrapravīṇaḥ kamalādilāsaiḥ yuktaḥ sadā devigirau nivāsaḥ ii 2 ii The author dwelt, he goes on to tell us, in Mahārāṣṭra, where there is one very well known Deogarh. It ends, on f. 15<sup>V</sup>: iti śrīviṣṇudaivajñātmajagoviṃdaviracite Praśnasāranāma granthaṃ samāptaṃ i There are only 94 verses in all; the MS. is not very accurately written.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. On ff. 1 and 16 there are some astrological verses not apparently directly connected with the text. There are also other notes on the text, in the same hand as these. Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

Probably his father was the author in A.D. 1608 of the Süryapakşasarana karana, Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 1046.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 305). Size:  $6\frac{1}{8} \times 3\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 16 (originally foliated 1-13, ff. 1, 2, 16 not being numbered) + xxxiv blank.

Date: f.  $15^{\text{V}}$ : subhasamvatsare 1910 sā 1775 (= A. D. 1853)!

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1554-MS. Sansk. d. 196

#### Nārāyaņadāsasiddha's Praśnavaişņava, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Praśnavaiṣṇava of Nārāyaṇadāsa-siddha, a work on divination. It is fully described in the Bodl. catal., pp. 333 sq. In this MS. its fifteen chapters contain respectively 43, 54, 42, 33, 34, 66, 49, 53, 63, 40, 58, 24, 75, 32, 57 stanzas, and end respectively on ff. 6<sup>v</sup>, 13, 18, 22, 26, 34<sup>v</sup>, 40<sup>v</sup>, 47, 55, 60, 67, 70<sup>v</sup>, 80, 84<sup>v</sup>, 91. There are some differences of reading, but not enough to constitute a distinct recension. Comp. MS. Sansk. d. 208 (1555).

Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

Cf. Mitra, Notices, II, 189, Bikaner catal., p. 327; Weber, Catal., I, 264.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 304).

Size:  $10 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+91+i blank.

Date: the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1555-MS. Sansk. d. 208

#### Nārāyaņadāsasiddha's Praśnavaisņava, A. D. 1743.

Contents: the Vaiṣṇavaśāstra or Praśnavaiṣṇava of Nārāyaṇadāsasiddha, already described under MS. Sansk. d. 196 (1554). In this MS. the fifteen chapters have respectively 43, 53, 42, 35, 34, 65, 49, 52, 64, 41, 59, 24, 74, 58, 6 stanzas, thus not differing materially except in chapters 14 and 15. They end respectively on ff. 5<sup>v</sup>, 10, 13<sup>v</sup>, 16<sup>v</sup>, 19<sup>v</sup>, 26, 31, 36<sup>v</sup>, 43, 47<sup>v</sup>, 53<sup>v</sup>, 56, 63<sup>v</sup>, 72<sup>v</sup>, 73.

The text is bounded on either side by two black or red lines. The differences of reading make it improbable that MS. Sansk. d. 196 (1554) is a copy of this MS. Very inaccurately written.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 331). Size:  $11\frac{8}{4} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 73 + i blank.

Date: f. 73: samvat 1799 (= A. D. 1743) samasi jyestavadi troyodasyām 13 bhrgau vāsare l

Seribe: f. 73; Argalapuramadhye lişatam Chavile-rāmah 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: a few letters are lost on ff. 3,  $3^{\nabla}$ , 4,  $4^{\nabla}$ .

#### 1556—MS. Sansk. e. 76

Trikālajfiānāksaracintāmaņi, A.D. 1848.

Contents: the Svarādinirnaya section of the Trikālajnānākṣaracintāmaṇi, a treatise on astrology, attri-

buted to the deity Siva. It begins, on f. 17: śriganeśaya namah I pranamya Sāradām devīm lambodaraganādhipamı kalākautukahetujnam trikālajnam Maheśvaram II I II Amdhakasya vadhārthaya Tripurasya nipātane līśvareņa krtam gramtham srnu yatnena Pārvatī 11211 kim kuryur jyotişāh sarve ekah praśno yadā bhavet i sidhyamti sarvakāryāni satyam uktam varānane 11311 There are in all 177 verses in the work. The name of the treatise is given on f. 21 at verse 157: iti Sivaviracitāyām lokyatrahavyavāhamu-Trikālajñānākşaracimtāmaņau hūrttaprakaraņam \ The name of the section is given at the end, on f. 24": ili śriśrikaraviracitāyām svarādinirnayādhikārah i i.e. śrīśamkara (Hultzsch). After f. 17<sup>v</sup> is inserted a leaf, of which the verso is blank, and the recto contains an unconnected fragment.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The colophons are partly in red and partly in black. On ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 7<sup>v</sup> are diagrams.

Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 237, attributes the work to Siva Daivajña, but the extracts above show that the deity is meant.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 296). Size:  $7\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 24 + xxxv blank.

Date: f. 24<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1905 šakaḥ 1770 (= A.D. 1848) śrāvaņaśuklapratipadāyām camdravāsare\ śubham bhūyāt \ Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1557—MS. Sansk. c. 112 Ganapati's Muhurtaganapati, A.D. 1841.

Contents: the Muhūrtagaṇapati of Gaṇapati Rāvala, a work on astronomy, composed according to the preface, stanza 8, in A.D. 1685. It begins, on f. 2<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ i śrīmatyai kalpavatyeva Haimayatyā niratyayaḥ i Jajantyālingitaḥ kalpadrumaḥ satphaladaḥ śivaḥ ii It ends, on f. 118<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīmaddaivajñārāvala-agnihotrīcāturmāsyayājīsamāsāditapuruṣārthadaivajña-hariśaṃkarasūnugaṇapatikṛte Muhūrttagaṇapatau granthālaṃkāraprakaraṇam dvāviṃśaṃ samāptam i

The sectional headings are usually written in red ink. There are diagrams on ff. 13, 14, 14<sup>V</sup>, 15, 19, 20, 21, 21<sup>V</sup>, 22, 36<sup>V</sup>, 37<sup>V</sup>, 39, 53<sup>V</sup>, 58, 59, 59<sup>V</sup>, 61<sup>V</sup>, 62<sup>V</sup>, 71<sup>V</sup>, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 80, 80<sup>V</sup>, 82, 82<sup>V</sup>, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 92<sup>V</sup>, 93<sup>V</sup>, 95<sup>V</sup>, 101<sup>V</sup>, 108<sup>V</sup>, 111<sup>V</sup>, 112<sup>V</sup>. Ff. 27, 52, 52<sup>V</sup> are partially covered with yellow pigment, ff. 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 77, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 113, 116, 118 are completely so. F. 36<sup>V</sup> is coloured at the top with grey pigment. There is an addition in a later hand on f. 73<sup>V</sup>.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines.

Cf. Peterson, Report, 1883, 1884, p. 10; Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 462b; Mitra, Notices, III, 314; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1075; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 105, Leipzig catal., pp. 325, 326. The work was written for Prince Laksmīrāma, brother of the yuvarāja Uttamarāma, son of the king of Gauda Manohara. Edited at Lucknow in 1875, and elsewhere.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 314). Former owner: f. 119: pustaka Kālikāprasādagauḍakī Ajodhyāprasādagauḍamiśravamśe yātā tasya putraḥ \Sthānalakṣnāpuryyām tasya madhye Dugahumvām nāma pratiṣṭhitam tatra vāsaḥ \This may be, and probably is, also the scribe. Cf. MSS. Sansk. f. 19, 20 (1469, 1475).

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 119 + i blank. In the original foliation f. 1 is not numbered and f. 110 is repeated, thus making only 117 ff.

Date: f. 119: samvat 1897 (-A.D. 1841) tattra kārttike māsi suklapakse tithau navamyām bhaumavāsare i Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1558—MS. Sansk. d. 202 Gaņapati's Muhūrtagaņapati, A.D. 1794.

Contents: the Muhūrtagaṇapati of Gaṇapati, already described under MS. Sansk. c. 112 (1557). This MS. divides the work into twenty-two chapters, having respectively 35, 52, 25, 88, 6, 31, 39, 85, 11, 42, 250, 44, 63, 130, 310, 8, 43, 413, 29, 14, 417, 32 stanzas. The chapters end in order on ff. 4, 6, 7, 11, 12<sup>v</sup>, 14<sup>v</sup>, 18<sup>v</sup>, 19, 20<sup>v</sup>, 35, 37<sup>v</sup>, 40<sup>v</sup>, 46, 58<sup>v</sup>, 59, 61, 76<sup>v</sup>, 81<sup>v</sup>, 82<sup>v</sup>, 83, 98, 100.

There are diagrams on ff.  $1^{\text{v}}$ , 2, 9 $^{\text{v}}$ , 10 $^{\text{v}}$ , 11, 15, 16 $^{\text{v}}$ , 28 $^{\text{v}}$ , 30, 31 $^{\text{v}}$ , 36 $^{\text{v}}$ , 38, 38 $^{\text{v}}$ , 47 $^{\text{v}}$ , 49, 52 $^{\text{v}}$ , 54 $^{\text{v}}$ , 55, 61 $^{\text{v}}$ , 62, 62 $^{\text{v}}$ , 64 $^{\text{v}}$ , 65 $^{\text{v}}$ , 68, 68 $^{\text{v}}$ , 69, 78, 78 $^{\text{v}}$ , 79, 79 $^{\text{v}}$ , 80 $^{\text{v}}$ , 82, 91, 94 $^{\text{v}}$ , 95.

On f. 50 there is a lacuna of two lines. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. F. 76 is blank. The chapters are very inaccurately numbered.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 314). Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 100 + i blank.

Date: f. 100: samvat 1851 šāke 1716 (= A.D. 1794) tatra varņe śrāvaņakṛṣṇadvitīyāyām candravāsare \

Scribe: Chamgāmiśra (sic), of the Cauhnāvāladevakitanavamsa, Hisārīyāvāsī, in the centre of Indraprastha for his own use. Cf. perhaps MS. Sansk. d. 205 (1536). Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1559-MS. Sansk. e. 78

#### Lālamaņi's Muhūrtadarpaņa, A.D. 1787.

Contents: the Muhurtadarpana of Lalamani, a treatise on the muhurta section of astrology. begins so abruptly in this MS. that something seems to have been lost. F. 1: om atha pumsavanam Saunakah 1 vyakte garbhe tṛtīye ca māse puṃvanaṃ bhavet i garbho vyaktas tṛtīye ca caturthe māsi kārayet 11 Rājamārttamdān naksatrasuddhih i This is doubtless Bhoja's treatise (circa 1025 A.D.) which is frequently quoted in astrological works (Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 502a). It is again quoted on f. 8: a Daivajñavallabha seems to be cited on f. 8v; Srīpati on f. 24, Vasantarāja on f. 24, the Muhurtacintamani on f. 21<sup>v</sup>, the Daivajñamanohara on f. 17<sup>v</sup>, and various others of less note. There are thirteen sections; the work ends, on f. 34: iti śrijyotircirlālamaņiviracitte Muhūrttadarpaņe miśrākhyaprakaraņam trayodaśamam sampūrņam śubham astu I

The MS. is written on paper of a red tinge. It is only moderately accurate. F. 27 is missing, though f. 28 is repeated, and the end of chapter 11 and beginning of chapter 12 are wanting. F. 29<sup>v</sup> is coloured yellow. Lacunae are marked on ff. 27<sup>v</sup>, 34<sup>v</sup>. After the colophon on f. 34 there are some disconnected verses on astrology. On f. 28 is a diagram. Yellow pigment is freely employed for corrections.

See Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 316, which proves that the beginning is imperfect. As the Muhurtacintāmaņi is cited the author wrote after A.D. 1601, Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 327.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 316). Size:  $9\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 34 + i blank. (F. 27 is missing, f. 28 is repeated.)

Date: f. 34: samvat 1843 (= A. D. 1787) varşe pauşamāse suklapakse saptamyām budhe i

Character: Devanāgarī. Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 194 (1593). Injuries: f. 27 is missing.

#### 1560-MS. Sansk. e. 79

#### Harinārāyaņa's Muhūrtamañjarī, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Muhūrtamañjarī of Harinārāyaṇa, a treatise on the muhūrta section of astrology. The MS. is fragmentary. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīganeśāya namah i praṇamya Somam īśvaraṃ guruṃ ca tatprasādatah i Muhūrttamaṃjarī mayā viracyate satāṃ kṛte 111 11 The first section ends, on f. 12: iti śrīharinārāyaṇaviracītāyāṃ Muhūrttamaṃjaryyāṃ prathamas stavakah i

Then follows etatkarana, in thirty-one stanzas, to f. 15<sup>v</sup>; then babādispaṣṭīkaraṇa, to f. 16<sup>v</sup>; then sudhādisādhana, to f. 19<sup>v</sup>; then the muhūrta, to f. 19<sup>v</sup>; then the ekaghaṭī to the end. The MS. ends in the middle of a sentence on the ekaghaṭīphala, on f. 21.

There are diagrams on ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 3, 4, 4<sup>v</sup>, 5, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6, 6<sup>v</sup>, 7<sup>v</sup>, 8, 8<sup>v</sup>, 9, 9<sup>v</sup>, 10, 10<sup>v</sup>, 11, 13, 16, and a coloured ornament on f. 1<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by a broad red line over two double black lines. There are numerous glosses and additions by a later hand.

The author appears to use saka 1513 (= A.D. 1591) as an epoch year, and therefore in all probability lived after that date.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 317). Size:  $8 \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21 + xxv blank. In the original foliation f. 7 is repeated.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the work is unfinished.

#### 1561—MS. Sansk. e. 80

#### Muhūrtāvali, with a Commentary, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Muhūrtāvali, a brief and worthless work on astrology, with a commentary. Both text and commentary are anonymous. It begins, on f. 1: śrīganeśāya namah i a Muhūrttavali līkhyateh i māghādau pamcamāśaśidhavalagate śukrasaumyemdujīveh vāre purņājayāsyāh tithivraṣaharibhe vṛśchike kumbhalagne i dhātā puṣyottarātrimṛga aditikare vāsavetre pūṣāśvinyo 'nirkṣes tridaśaguruśubhe sthāpanam vā pratiṣṭā ii i iti devatāsthāpanamūhūrttah ṭīkā i The work is very carelessly written and is full of bad blunders, being often practically not Sanskrit. It consists of thirtynine sections, of about the same length as the first, with a brief commentary to each. It ends, on f. 10v: kāryamūhūrttah tapasi sahasi mārge mā i The work is unfinished.

On each page there is an illustrative diagram. The text is bounded on either side by two lines in the same dark red ink as the writing. The work seems not to be known elsewhere.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 318). Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 10 + xxv blank.

Date: possibly about the beginning of the 19th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

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#### 1562-MS. Sansk. c. 116

#### Nīlakaņṭha's Saṃjñātantra and Varṣatantra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Samjñātantra and Varşatantra of Nīlakantha Daivajña, a work on astrology. It is divided into nine sections, thus: ff. 1v-6 contain chap. I in 62 verses; ff. 6-15 contain chap. II, 77 verses; ff. 15-19 contain chap. III, 65 verses; ff. 19v-27v contain chap. IV, 100 verses; ff. 27<sup>v</sup>-28 contain chap. V, 14 verses; ff. 28-34 contain chap. VI, 102 verses; ff. 34v-36 contain chap. VII, 36 verses; ff. 36-42v contain chap. VIII, 100 verses; ff. 42v-43 contain chap. IX, 10 verses. These two make up his Tājika; they bear the alternative names of Samjñāviveka and Samāviveka. He used Mohammadan sources, and wrote this book in A.D. 1587, Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 352. It begins, on f. 1 v: śrīgaņeśāya namah i pranamya hekham atho divakaram i guror Ānantasya tathā padāmbojam \ śrīnīlakantho vivanakti sūktibhis I tat tājikam sūrimanahprasādakrt I It ends, on f. 43: iti śrīdaivajñānantasutadaivajñaśrīnīlakaņṭhaviracitam Varşatantram samāptam 1

There are corrections by a later hand on ff. 3, 13. There are diagrams on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 4<sup>v</sup>, 5, 7, 8, 8<sup>v</sup>, 10, 10<sup>v</sup>, 11, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. In the first verse the words are separated by lines, as 1 tathā 1.

Cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 1084 sq. Often published in India. Hultzsch, *Z.D.M.G.*, XL, 22, by an oversight calls it the Varsatantra only.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 327). Size:  $14 \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 43 + i blank. In the original foliation there are only 42 ff., f. 22 being repeated.

Date: probably about the middle of the 19th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1563—MS. Sansk. c. 105 Tājikapadmakośa, A.D. 1838.

Contents: the Tājikapadmakośa, a work on astronomy, written under Arab influence. It begins, on f. 1V: śrīganeśāya namah i Ganeśam Harim padmayonim ca natvā Harum Bhāratīm khecarān sūryapūrvvān i vilokyākhilam Tājikam Padmakośam pravakṣye phalam varṣalagne grahāṇām i It ends, on f. 11: iti ketubhāvaphalam i iti Tājikapadmakośa samāptam i

The text is marked off by two double lines of red and black ink on either side.

According to Peterson, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 115, the author's name seems to have been Govardhaua, son of Rāma. Cf. MS. Sansk. e. 75 (1564); Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 345, Flor. catal., p. 100; Mitra, Notices, VII, 206, Bikaner catal., p. 323.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 293). Former owner: f. 11<sup>v</sup>: Kālikāprasādagaurasyeyam pustakīpattrāṇi | See MS. Sansk. c. 112 (1557).

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 11 + xxxix blank.

Date: f. 11: samvat 1894 (= A.D. 1838) māghajukla 0 l

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1564—MS. Sansk. e. 75

#### Tājikapadmakośa, A.D. 1841.

Contents: the Tājikapadmakośa, as in MS. Sansk. c. 105 (1563). The text in this MS. has a fairly close relation to that of the preceding MS. In this MS. the colophon, on f. 18v, is: iti Tājake Padmakośe ketaphalam i śrīkamtolakanāmni śobhanagune jñāto dvijo dharmmiko Rāmo Rāma iti vāsaro ganagano dai

The text is rather carelessly written. It is bounded on either hand by two black lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 294). Size:  $9 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 18 + xxvii blank.

Date: f. 187: bhādrapadaśukla 6 budhavāsare samvat 1897 (= A.D. 1841)

Scribe: f. 18<sup>v</sup>: lisita țhāo gaṇapī ātmo i i.e. Gaṇapati. See MS. Sansk. d. 187 (1545).

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 72. HOROSCOPES

#### 1565—MS. Sansk. d. 197

Varāhamihira's Bṛhajjātaka, A. D. 1790.

Contents: the Bṛhajjātaka of Varāhamihira, a treatise on nativities. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 328b. In this MS. it consists of twenty-five chapters, containing 19, 21, 8, 22, 26, 13, 14, 23, 8, 4, 20, 19, 9, 5, 4, 14, 33, 9, 11, 10, 6, 17, 16, 15, 36 verses respectively, and ending on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 8, 13<sup>v</sup>, 19<sup>v</sup>, 21, 23, 27<sup>v</sup>, 29, 29<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 34<sup>v</sup>, 36, 37, 37<sup>v</sup>, 38<sup>v</sup>, 42<sup>v</sup>, 43<sup>v</sup>,

44<sup>v</sup>, 45, 45<sup>v</sup>, 47, 48<sup>v</sup>, 49<sup>v</sup>, 54<sup>v</sup>. Chaps. 17-23 are incorrectly numbered 18-24. Chap. 26, consisting of 6 verses, gives the contents, ends on f. 55<sup>v</sup>.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines from f. 1 to f. 19; by two black lines on ff. 20, 21. On f. 50 there is some writing by a later hand. There are many marginalia in the same hand as the main text.

On Varāhamihira see Thibaut, Astronomie, pp. 56 sq. Dīkṣit places him about A.D. 505, which date Bühler seems inclined to accept. The ordinary chronology is 505-587, Paṇḍit, XIV, 13. Edited at Bombay in 1875. A translation was published at Madras in 1885. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1093.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 306). Size:  $10\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 56 + i blank.

Date: f. 55°: rasavedastimdumite Vikramārkasya vatsare (= A.D. 1790) i jyeste suklabhūvidhau ii The year is corrected from gaja°.

Scribe: f. 55<sup>V</sup>: Motīrāmo 'likhad(?) idam 1 likhitam cendraprasthe vai Brhajjātakasamjñakam 1 pathitam S'ivadattād vai jagatām upakārakam 11 2 11 Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 214 (1526).

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1566—MS. Sansk. d. 198 Varāhamihira's Brhajjātaka, A.D. 1838.

Contents: the Brhajjātaka of Varāhamihira, as in MS. Sansk. d. 197 (1565). In this MS. the twenty-six chapters, including the table of contents, have 19, 20, 8, 22, 26, 12, 14, 23, 8, 4, 20, 19, 9, 5, 4, 47, 9, 11, 10, 6, 17, 17, 15, 17, 36, 10 stanzas respectively, and end on ff. 3<sup>v</sup>, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 8<sup>v</sup>, 10<sup>v</sup>, 11<sup>v</sup>, 13, 15<sup>v</sup>, 17, 17<sup>v</sup>, 19, 21<sup>v</sup>, 23, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24, 29, 30, 31<sup>v</sup>, 32<sup>v</sup>, 33, 35, 37, 39, 40<sup>v</sup>, 43<sup>v</sup>, 44<sup>v</sup>. There are some differences of reading.

There are diagrams on ff. 19<sup>v</sup>, 20, 20<sup>v</sup>. The colophon has been inked over.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 307). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{9}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 44 + i blank.

Date: f. 44<sup>v</sup>: saṃvat 1894 (= A. D. 1838) pauṣavadī 5 vāra etavāra i

Scribe: f. 44<sup>v</sup>: rāṣīvālakālikāsādasyā liṣitam pustaka Vṛhajātakakīpustakam 1 Both date and name have been written over another notice which is deleted. The first word may be Romṣīo. On the original wrapper the date is given as sam 1886.

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1567-MS. Sansk. d. 199

## Varāhamihira's Bṛhajjātaka, with the Commentary of Bhaṭṭotpala, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Bṛhajjātaka of Varāhamihira, adhyāyas 1-5, with the commentary of Bhaṭṭotpala, A.D. 966. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 329. In this MS. the five chapters given contain 19, 21, 8, 22, 26 stanzas respectively, and end on ff. 20°, 38°, 44°, 59°, 77. The MS. is very clearly written.

F. 44<sup>v</sup> is half blank. The text is in the centre, commentary at top and bottom.

Cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 1094; Aufrecht, *Leipzig catal.*, pp. 305, 306. Edited at Bombay in 1874.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 308). Size:  $11\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 77 + i blank.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th cent. Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1-4 are torn and some letters are lost.

#### 1568-MS. Sansk. d. 206

## Varāhamihira's Laghujātaka, with the Commentary of Bhattotpala, A.D. 1815.

Contents: the Laghujātaka of Varāhamihira, a work on nativities, with the commentary of Bhattotpala (circa A.D. 966). It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥi praṇapatya mahādevabhavanaṃ guruṃ ca lokeśaṃ i Bhatotpala laghutarāṃ Jātakaṭīkāyāṃ karoti Siṣyahitāṃ ii iii The work is here divided into thirteen sections, which end on ff. 5<sup>v</sup>, 9, 11, 13, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15<sup>v</sup>, 17<sup>v</sup>, 20, 25, 27, 28, 29, 31. The whole ends, on f. 31: iti Bhattotpalaviracitāyāṃ jyotiṣalaghujātakaṭīkāyāṃ naṣṭajātakādhyāya trayodaśaḥ samāptaḥ i

A lacuna of three letters is marked on f. 9<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

On this work see Weber, Catal., I, 256, 257; Thibaut, Astronomie, p. 69. Printed at Bombay in 1883 (text and commentary). In the Leipzig MS., Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 306, no. 993, there are sixteen chapters.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 326).

Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 31 + i blank.

Date: f. 31; samvat 1871 (= A.D. 1815) kārttikakṛṣṇātṛtīyāyām camdravāsare \

Scribe: f. 31: lişitam Gamgādāsamāīdāsakekūce i Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1569-MS. Sansk. d. 211

## Pṛthuyaśas' Ṣaṭpañcāśikā, with a Commentary, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Ṣaṭpañcāśikā of Pṛthuyaśas, son of Varāhamihira, a short astrological treatise with a commentary. It begins, on f. 1: praṇipatya ravim mūrdhnā Varāhamihirātmajena sadyasā (corr. to Pṛthuyasā, but this also marked wrong) i praśne kṛtārthagahanā parārtham udiśya Pṛthuyaśasā ii iii There are sixty-one verses, and the work ends, on f. 6: iti Ṣaṭpañcāsikāṭīkā sampūrṇam i

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. Cf. Weber, Catal., I, 257; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1058; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 308. The comment on verse 1 is: ekalaynanā dvādaśa bhāva tanu 1 dhanu 2 sahaja 3 suhrta 4 suta 5 ripu 6 jāyā 7 mṛtyu 8 dharma 9 karma 10 āyur 11 vyaya 12 l

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 334). Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 6 + xxxvii blank.

Date: perhaps about the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1570-MS. Sansk. d. 212

## Pṛthuyaśas' Ṣaṭpañcāśikā, with a Commentary, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Ṣaṭpañcāśikā of Pṛthuyaśas, with a commentary as in MS. Sansk. d. 211 (1569), save that the commentary is by a different hand, and is more diffuse. The comment on verse I is: oṃ Varāhamihirātmajena Prathuyaśasā iti nāmnā i praśne praśnaviṣaye kṛtā raciteyaṃ vidyāṃ i kathaṃ bhūtā artho abhidheyaṃ gahanaṃ gūḍhaṃ yasyāḥ sā tathā iiiii It ends, on f. 16v: iti Ṣaṭpañcāsikāvacūrisampūrṇam iti śrīṣaṭpañcāskā ṭīkāsahitaṃ sampūrṇaṃ samāptaṃ śubhaṃ oṃ kalyānaṃ i oṃ atha netrucakra likhyate i Then follows a netracakra and a description, ending on f. 17.

The MS. is written throughout in dark red ink, the text proper being distinguished by a slight red colouring. There are diagrams on ff. 16, 16, 17.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 335).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 17 + xxxiii blank.

Date: probably about A.D. 1820, as it is by the same hand as MS. Sansk. d. 192 (1552).

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: f. 14 is slightly torn.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. IL.

#### 1571-MS. Sansk. d. 213

## Pṛthuyaśas' Ṣaṭpañcāśikā, with the Commentary of Bhaṭṭotpala, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Satpañcāśikā of Pṛthuyaśas, with the commentary of Bhattotpala (circ. A. D. 966). The work ends, on f. 9<sup>v</sup>: iti śrībhattotpalaviracitāyām Ṣatpañcāsikāvṛttau miśrikādhyāyah samāptah i samāpto 'yam Ṣatpañcāsikāh i

The text is bounded on either side by three black lines. In the centre of each page there is the usual Jaina diagram.

Cf. Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, p. 1059b. Lithographed at Bombay in 1875.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 336). Size:  $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + xxxvii blank.

Date: perhaps about the beginning of the 19th cent. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 1572—MS. Sansk. d. 189

## Keśava's Jātakapaddhati, with the Commentary of Viśvanātha, A.D. 1848.

Contents: the Jātakapaddhati of Keśava, a treatise on nativities, with the commentary of Viśvanātha, son of Divākara. The work is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 337<sup>b</sup>. In this MS. there are six sections, ending at ff. 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 13<sup>v</sup>, 18, 28<sup>v</sup>, 41 respectively. The whole ends, on f. 41<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīdivakaradaivajñātmajaviśvanāthadaivajñaviracitakeśavadaivajñaviracitapaddhatyudāharaņe antar daśādhyayodāharaņe samāptam 1

There are diagrams on ff. 2, 3,  $3^{\text{v}}$ , 4,  $4^{\text{v}}$ ,  $5^{\text{v}}$ , 6, 6°, 7,  $7^{\text{v}}$ , 8, 9,  $10^{\text{v}}$ , 11,  $11^{\text{v}}$ ,  $12^{\text{v}}$ , 13,  $14^{\text{v}}$ , 15,  $15^{\text{v}}$ ,  $16^{\text{v}}$ , 17, 17°, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25,  $25^{\text{b}}$ , 27, 27°,  $30^{\text{v}}$ ,  $31^{\text{v}}$ , 33,  $33^{\text{v}}$ , 34,  $34^{\text{v}}$ , 35,  $35^{\text{v}}$ , 37,  $37^{\text{v}}$ .

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. Keśava lived about A.D. 1500 at Nāndgāmv near Bombay, see Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 29; Sudhākara, Ganakataranginī, p. 53. According to Bhandarkar, Viśvanātha wrote this commentary in A.D. 1586 (ibid., p. 31), but see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1102, who gives A.D. 1618 as the date, which is confirmed by f. 41 of this MS.; though the date gaganavedaśaremdu is given in figures as 1440 by a slip. Bhandarkar's date rests only on the fact that 1586 is the epoch year. See too Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 311, 312. Cf. Weber, Catal., I, 260, 261; Aufrecht, Cambr. catal., p. 71; Mitra, Notices, VII, 207.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 285).

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+41 (25 is repeated)+xxxix blank.

Date: f.41\*: samvat 1905 śāke 1770 (= A. D. 1848)
vaiśākhasya kṛṣṇe pakṣe trayodaśyām candravāsare i
idam pustakam liṣeta revatyām nakṣatre ca vikumbhayoge 11 111

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1573—MS. Sansk. d. 188

#### Divākara's Janmapaddhatiprakāśa, A. D. 1651.

Contents: the Janmapaddhatiprakāśa of Divākara, a work on nativities. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīsūrya-gaņeśasarasvatībhyo namah i śrīmachivākhyam gaņita-jñacakracūdāmaņim sajjanavrmdavamdyam i vidur vido yam dhisaņena tulyam tam naumi nityam dhisaṇāpti-heto III II śrīkeśavaśrīpatisumdarādipraṇītataṃtrād adhigatya sāram i prakāśyate sujñadivākareṇa padyāmśubhir Jātakamargapadyam II 2 II ends, on f. 12<sup>v</sup>, probably in a later hand: iti Janmapaddhatiprakāśah i

It is hardly accurate to call it (as Aufrecht, Catalogus Catalogorum, p. 204<sup>a</sup>) a commentary on Srīpati's Jātakapaddhati. It is really an abstract of the Jātakapaddhatis of Srīpati and Keśava. For a commentary by the author see Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1103, who gives A. D. 1584 as his date.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. There are diagrams on ff. 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6, 7, 7<sup>v</sup>, 8, 8<sup>v</sup>, 9<sup>v</sup>. On f. 1 there are some unconnected sentences.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 284). Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: v + 12 + x = 100 blank. Date: f.  $12^v$ : samvat 1707 (= A. D. 1651) |

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1574-MS. Sansk. c. 102

Gaņeśa Daivajña's Jātakālamkāra, with the Commentary of Haribhānuśukla, A.D. 1844.

Contents: the Jātakālaṃkāra of Gaņeśa Daivajña, son of Gopāla, a work on nativities (Judicial Astrology), with a commentary by Haribhānuśukla. The commentary begins, on f. IV: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ I vasvarṇabrahmavidyāparicayacaturaṃ śrīśukaṃ Vyāsaputraṃ natvācāryaṃ munīnāṃ Haripadakamale premaviśrāmabhājāṃ I śiṣṭeṣaṃ sveṣṭadevaṃ śrutisamādhigataṃ Mādhavaṃ bhāvayitvā bhāvair ubdhāvyate 'sau pravaramatimuner Jātakālaṃkṛtiśrīḥ I The work is divided into seven adhyāyas with separate titles. Ff. IV-5 contain adhyāya I, saṃjñā, II stanzas, and commentary; ff. 5-17 contain adhyāya II, bhava, 38 stanzas, and

comm.; ff. 17-25 contain adhyāya III, yoga, 34 stanzas, and comm.; ff. 25, 26 contain adhyāya IV, viṣayakanyāyoga, 4 stanzas, and comm.; ff. 26-31 contain adhyāya V, āyurdāya, 13 stanzas, and comm.; ff. 31-33 contain adhyāya VI, vyatyayabhāva, 9 stanzas, and comm.; ff. 33-34 contain adhyāya VII, kavivaṃ-śānuvarṇana, 6 stanzas, and comm. The whole ends, on f. 34 : iti śrīgopālātmajaganeśadaivajñaguṃphite Jātakālamkāre kavivaṃśānuvarṇanam saptamo'dhyāyaḥī

The words in the text, but not in the commentary, are divided thus: 1 ganeso 1 On either side of the text are two double lines in red ink. Corrections are made with yellow pigment. Over the words of the text the numbers to which their letters correspond are frequently inserted. F. 9v is partly covered with grey pigment. The title of the commentary is the Jātakālamkrtitīkā. It is not identical with the Jātakālamkāra, but is an exposition of it, see Mitra, Notices, VII, 205, no. 2446. Ibid., p. 204, he gives the author's date as A.D. 1613 (= śaka 1535). The same date is given in this MS. on f. 33v: svasti śrinrpavikramārkasamaye pūrarņāśvabhūyonmite 1670 (=A.D. 1614) śrīmadbrahmapure I as a comment on the text. The colophon of the commentary is on f. 34: iti śrimacchuklopatāmakaharibhānubhāvitā Jātakālamkāraţīkālamkāraśrīsamākhyā pūrņamitā 1 caitre māsi site pakse dasamyām vudhavāsare i pamcasastidhṛtirvarṣe samāptim iyam āgatā 11 The date thus given is presumably samvat 1865, whence it appears that the work was written in A.D. 1809. Mitra's error in ascribing the work to Daivajña was doubtless due to the fragmentary condition of his MS. The beginning of the text proper is on f. 17: sānamdam pranipatya siddhisadanam lamvodaram Bhāratīm I sūryādigrahamandalam nijagurum bhaktyā hrdabje sthitam i yesām amghrisaroruhasmaranato nānāvidhāḥ siddhayah I siddhim yamti laghu prayamti vilayam pratyuhasailavrajāh IIII At the top of f. 1 appears another verse, numbered 2: sadbhāvākalitam padārthalalitam yogāmgalilāmcitam I śrimadbhāgavatam śukāsyagalitam yac chridharasvāminā i suvyaktam kriyate Gaņeśakṛtinā gāthokti taj jātakam i vṛttasragdharayā mayā munimatam jyotirvidām jīvanam 11211 The commentary merely says: asya spastarthah i Verse 3, called 2, follows on f. 27 : yat pūrvam paramam sukāsyagalitam sajjātakam phakkikā I rūpam gūdhataman tad eva višadam kurve Gaņeśo 'smy aham I Daivajñas sutarām yaśah sukhamatim śrīharşadam sragdharā- i vṛttaiś cāru nṛṇām śubhāya nayadam śrimacchivānujňayā 11211 Both text and commentary were printed at Lucknow in 1879. Cf. Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 96, Leipzig catal., p. 312, who however wrongly ascribes the commentary to Ganeşa.

An account of the author's family is given on ff. 33, 33": abhūd avanimaṃdale gaṇakamaṃdalākhaṃdalāḥ I śrutismṛtivihārabhūr vibudhamamḍalīmamḍanam ( pracamdagunagurjarādhipasabhāprabhātaprabhāt kavīmdrakulabhūşaņam jagati Kāhnajī daivavīt IIII Bhāradvājakule vabhūva paramam tasyātmajānām trayam i jyāyāṃs teşv abhavat grahajñatilakaḥ śrīsūryasūriḥ sudhīḥ t śriman sarvakalanidhis tadanujo Gopalanamabhavac 1 chrīmaddaivavidām varas tadanujah śrīrāmakṛṣno 'bhavat 11 211 śāke mārgaņarāmaśāyakadharātulye nabhasye tathā māse Brahmapure sujātakam idam cakre Gaņeśah sudhīķ chamdo'lamkrtikāvyanāţakābhijnaķ Sivādhyāpakas tatra śriśivavinmude gaņitabhūr Gopālasunuh svayam 11 3 11 ye pathişyanto daivajñās teşām āyus sukham śivam i bhayāt kairavakumdābhā sukīrttih sarvato diśam 11 4 11 hrdyaih padyair gumphite sūritose lamkārākhye jātake mamjule 'smin \ vamśādhyāyaḥ śrīgaņeśena varyair vedaih ślokais samyuto yam pranitah 11511 Tāpītīrasthite Kārivradhrākhye nāśake pure v vasatā tatra dvipena nāmnāhvā gaņakena ca 11611 The writer of the commentary gives certain particulars as to himself on f. 34: śrimacchuklakule mahojvalayaśahśuklikrte śitale hy āsit Kṛṣṇadayādharapramuditaḥ Kṛṣṇo jayād yaḥ kṛtī \ tatputreņa vibhāvitātirucirā Sajjātakālamkrtiķ śrīrekhā haribhāvanā matimatā modāya bhūyāc ciram IIII yogo rāmayuto 'rddhito bhavati bhamdyūnam dvibhaktam tithir māsaḥ syāt triyutārddhitā bhavati vai vāro vibhūmīkrtah i pakņo mahato yatir muniguņai 37 r eşā hatā jāliyuk 22 śākah sarvayutir yadā dhṛtiśatī 1800 vyomägni 30 hinä tadä 11 madhumathanapabäbjälamvabhājām gurūņām caraņasaraņamā i tau vedavedāmtānām dvijavaraharibhānot gramtham etam lilekhyam sagaņakaganavaijiyo vudhyate yo'dha śākah 11 3 11 sambhāvyate hi sarvatra vidhinā sarvesvaram Harim pramādādimataļ prājnaih sodhyam ced anyathā yatah 11411 This must mean that Haribhanu composed the commentary.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 287). Size:  $14\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v+34 (really 35, as f. 8 is repeated) + li blank.

No. of columns: the text is arranged in three rows, the text proper being in the middle, the commentary at the top and bottom.

Date: samvat 1900 (= A.D. 1844) āśvinapratipadāyām i Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1575—MS. Sansk. d. 190

Dhundhirāja's Jātakābharana, A.D. 1718.

Contents: the Jātakābharaņa of Dhundhirāja, a work on nativities. It is described by Weber, Catal.,

I, 259. In this MS. there is a verse before those cited by him, f. 1v: śrīsarasvatyai namah i śrīdam sadā hṛdayāravinde i pādāravimdam varadasya vamde i mamdo 'pi yasya smaranena sadyo i gīrvānavamdyopamatām sameti ii i ii udāradhīmamdarabhūdarena i pramathya horāgamasimdhurājāh i śrīdhumdhirājah kurute kilāryā i māryāsaparyām amaloktiratnaih ii 2 ii jñānarājagurupādapamkajam i mānase khalu vicintya bhaktitah i Jātakābharananāma jātakam i jātakajñasukhadam vidhīyate ii 3 ii The work is divided by headings in red ink and by the arrangement of the lines in 120 short sections. It ends, on f. 136: ili śrīdevajñadhumdharājaviracitaśrījātakābharane śrījātakādhyāyah sampūrnam i

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines, covered with yellow pigment, and the outer margin is also marked by a red line. On ff. 1 and 136v there are vignettes as ornaments. The headings throughout are in red ink.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1098; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 94, Leipzig catal., pp. 315, 316; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 299. Printed at Lucknow in 1879, at Bombay in 1862 and 1890.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 286). Size:  $9\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 136 + iii blank.

Date: f. 136: saṃvat 1774 (- A.D. 1718) varṣe mārgaśīrṣamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe aṣṭamyāṃ tithau ravivāsare i śrīśrutimaṃḍanapure i

Character: Devanagari, of a markedly Jaina style.

Injuries: some letters at the foot of the following pages are rubbed: ff.  $70^{\circ}$ ,  $81^{\circ}$ ,  $98^{\circ}$ , 99,  $101^{\circ}$ ,  $103^{\circ}$ ,  $104^{\circ}-107$ ,  $113^{\circ}$ ,  $114^{\circ}$ , 116,  $117^{\circ}$ ,  $119^{\circ}$ ,  $120^{\circ}$ ,  $121^{\circ}$ ,  $122^{\circ}$ ,  $123^{\circ}$ ,  $124^{\circ}$ ,  $128^{\circ}$ , 129,  $129^{\circ}$ , 130,  $133^{\circ}$ ,  $134^{\circ}$ , 135,  $135^{\circ}$ , 136.

#### 1576-MS. Sansk. e. 74

Jyotiķsārajātaka, A.D. 1840.

Contents: the Jyotiḥsārajātaka, a brief treatise on astrology. It begins, on f. I\*: śrāgaṇeśāya namaḥ i atha Jyotisārajātako likhyate i sūryo bhaumas tathā rāhuḥ śanimūrttau yadā sthitaḥ i saṃtāpo raktapīḍā ca saumyaiḥ sarvanirogitā ii ii krūrāḥ sarve dhanasthāne dhanahāniḥ prajāyate i anyaiḥ saumyaiḥ śubhaṃ sarvai radhivrddhir dhanādikaṃ ii 2 ii pāpais tṛtīyagaiḥ sarvair vāṃdhavai rahito bhavet i saumyais tu bhātṛsaṃpūrṇaṃ kīrttiyukto dhanāpriyaṃ ii 3 ii The work contains 100 verses, and ends, on f. II\*: iti śrījyotisārajātikaṃ

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samāpto 'ya śubham astu maṃgalaṃ dadātu t It is carelessly written.

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Yellow pigment is used for corrections.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 288).

Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: v + 12 + xxxix blank.

Date: f. 11 $^{\circ}$ : samvat 1897 śāke 1762 (= A. D. 1840)

śravanamāse (kṛ)ṣṇapakṣe budhavāsare 141

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1577—MS. Sansk. e. 22 (R) Nativity of a European boy, A. D. 1898.

Contents: the nativity of a European boy, son of Mr. Smith, born in A. D. 1898. It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah i ādityādigrahās sarve naksatrāņi ca rāsayah i āyus kurvvantu te nityam yasyaişā janmapatrikā 11 11 22 agasta sana 1898 isavī ghamtā 3 minata 50 dine atha samvat 1955 śāke 1820 (= A.D. 1898) bhādraśuklapañcamīcandre ghatyādi 2420 citrāghatyādi 2514 tad upari svātī śuklayogaghatyādi 52 1 44 1 simhārkagatāmśāḥ 6 dinamānam 32 1 6 rātrimānam 27 1 54 śrīmanmārttandamandalārddhodayādistam 25 1 38 tātkāliko 'rkah 4 | 6 | 32 | 5 lanam (?) 8 | 23 | 54 | 6 dhanurlanodaye nṛpavaṃśaśrīismīṭasāhevajīkasya prathamaḥ putro jātas tasya svātī prathamacaraņe janma 1 &c. The headings of the cakras and sections are: tātkālikagrahāh 1 candrakuṇḍalī ( tanvādibhāvāḥ ) calitabhāvacakram ( atha phalāni i śiśucakram narākāram, prefixed to a coloured drawing of a boy in European dress I mukhasthārkarkşādiphalam \ atha bhāvaphalam bhāvasthagrahaphalañ ca vimsottarīyadasā vatha dasāphalam vrāhudasāyām antardaśā i athāntardaśāphalam i gurudaśāyām antardaśā i antardaśāphalam i śanidaśāyām antardaśā i antardaśāphalam i budhadaśāyām antardaśā i atha yoginīdaśā i phalam i A coloured drawing heads the whole. Appended is an abstract of the horoscope in English.

The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. A few corrections have been made with red ink.

Given on Feb. 23, 1901, by Mrs. Clair Smith.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Size of roll: 13 feet long by  $8\frac{1}{2}$  in. broad.

Material: Paper.

Date: probably August, A. D. 1898.

Character: Devanāgarī.

# 73. PROGNOSTICATION BY VARIOUS MEANS

1578-MS. Sansk. c. 107

Narapati's Svarodaya, A.D. 1817.

Contents: the Svarodaya of Narapati, a description of prognostics to be derived from the peculiar arrangements of the letters of the alphabet in a number of circles, these letters being placed in a mystical relation to planets, arteries, &c., Aufrecht, Cambridge catal., p. 69. Composed at Anahilapattana in A.D. 1176, according to Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 35; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 1110 sq., who corrects Weber, Catal., II, 313 sq.; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 362. This MS. begins, on f. 1v: om śrigaņeśāya namah i om naksatre aste rujāvarņe 'hāni śokasvares tathā rāśau vighnasthitau bhītti (or bhīttī, both being written and neither corrected) pamcas te maranam dhruvam 11 The sections end as follows: f. 27: iti sarvatobhadramı f. 3: iti Narapatijayacaryāsvarodaye śatapadacakram i ibid.: itī amśacakrah i f. 5: samhāsanacakram i f. 5<sup>v</sup>: itī kūrma i f. 6<sup>v</sup>: iti dvādašanādīcakram I f. 8♥: iti gūhakālānalacakram I f. 9: iti śaśīsūryakālānam (?) 1 f. 11V; rāśatumbaracakram 1 f. 14: iti bhūcaracakram 1 f. 14": iti sūryaphaṇā I f. 15<sup>v</sup>: iti Brahmayāmale khalacakram I f. 16: iti gajacakrahı f. 17 v: cāpacakraı ibid.: śanicakramı f. 18: sevācakram | f. 187: iti bhatacakram Svarodaye | f. 19: iti Svarodaye sanicakramı f. 19<sup>V</sup>: sthanabalamı ibid.: bhavacakram 1 f. 20: iti kāladamstrācakram 1 f. 20": iti Svarodaye viramcicakram 1 f. 21: iti saptaśalākācakram i ibid.: iti camdracakram i f. 21 v. iti caturthamātrkācakram i ibid.: iti bhāskāracakram i ibid.: iti dvitīyacakram | f. 22: iti trtīyamātrkācakram | f. 22\square: iti dvītīyamātracakram \cdot f. 24\square: iti ahibalacakramı f. 25: iti lāmgulacakramı f. 25": iti srmgonatīcakram 1 f. 26: iti Svarodaye samtsaracakram 1 The MS. is evidently a portion of Book III.

There are diagrams in red ink on ff. 3, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 8<sup>v</sup>, 9, 9<sup>v</sup>, 10, 11, 11<sup>v</sup>, 12<sup>v</sup>, 13, 13<sup>v</sup>, 16, 16<sup>v</sup>, 17, 17<sup>v</sup>, 18, 18<sup>v</sup>, 19, 19<sup>v</sup>, 20, 20<sup>v</sup>, 21, 21<sup>v</sup>, 22<sup>v</sup>, 23<sup>v</sup>, 24<sup>v</sup>, 26, 26<sup>v</sup>, 28, 28<sup>v</sup>, 29. F. 12 is blank. The MS. is very inaccurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 297). Size:  $12\frac{7}{8} \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper, somewhat porous.

No. of leaves: iii + 26 (in the original foliation 29) + xvii blank.

Date: f. 26: samvat 1873 (= A.D. 1817) jyeşţaśuklatrtīyasyām gurau \

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 14, 15, 25 of the original foliation are lost, and the work is unfinished.

#### 1579-MS. Sansk. c. 108

#### Narapati's Svarodaya, 18th cent.?

Contents: Narapati's Svarodaya, as in the preceding MS. It is incomplete, beginning on f. 1<sup>v</sup> with the vivāha diagrams, and ending abruptly on f. 25<sup>v</sup> in the middle of a sentence. The last diagram discussed is on f. 25: Rāhupakṣajīvasaṃpūrnaṃ cakram 1

There are diagrams in black ink on ff. 1°, 2°, 3, 3°, 4, 4°, 5, 5°, 6, 6°, 7, 7°, 8, 10, 10°, 11, 12, 13, 17, 19, 22, 22°, 23, 23°. Yellow pigment is used for corrections. Small lacunae are marked on ff. 15, 24, 25°.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 298). Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 25 + xvii blank.

Date: probably about the end of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1580-MS. Sansk. b. 4

#### Prajāpatidāsa's Pañcasvarānirņaya, A.D. 1800.

Contents: the Pañcasvarānirṇaya, a commentary by Prajāpatidāsa on his Pañcasvarā, a work on astrology. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ i om namaḥ śrībhadrikālībhadradāyai namaḥ i iṣṭadevan namaskṛtya Gopālaṃ kuladaivataṃ i śrīprajāpatidāsena kṛyate granthasaṃgrahaḥ ii It ends, on f. 9°: iti Pañcasvarānirṇaye mṛtyuṃjñāno nāma saptamo 'dhyāyaḥ i samāptaś cāyaṃ granthaḥ i lekhyakānāṃ pāṭhakānāṃ śubhaṃ i The work consists of about 180 ślokas. This MS. shows no division into adhyāyas, but must have been copied from a MS. divided into seven. It is written in the same hand throughout, and there are corrections on ff. 4, 5°, 7°, 9. There are from ten to twelve lines on a page, but f. 5 has only seven, and there seems to be a lacuna in the text. The contents relate merely to divination.

The work itself is called (verse 4) Pañcasvarā. See Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 100, Leipzig catal., p. 344 for the chapters; Peterson, Ulwar catal., Extr. 512-514; Mitra, Notices, IV, 76.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 299). Former shelfmark: MS. Sansk. b. 39. Size:  $15\frac{3}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii+9+xxxvi blank. Date: sam 1856 (= A. D. 1800) | Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1581-MS. Sansk. d. 207

#### Vasantarāja's Vasantarājaśākuna, 18th cent.?

Contents: the S'akuna of Vasantaraja, a work on omens; it was written at the request of Candradeva of Mithila. It is quoted by Mallinatha (see Bodl. catal., p. 113b). It is fully described by Weber, Catal., I, 267, 268. This MS. contains chaps. I to XII, 11, 11; XIV, 48 to XIX, 3, 1. Part I, chap. I, 20 verses, ends on f. 3v; II, 13 verses, on f. 4; III, 31 verses, on f. 5"; IV, 72 verses, on f. 8"; V, 16 verses, on f. 9; VI, 49 verses, in 4 sections, containing 8, 18, 9, 14 verses respectively, ends on f. 10 . Chap. VII has 21 sections, containing 33, 16, 15, 15, 25, 26, 72, 12, 8, 26, 23, 20, 11, 15, 9, 22, 10, 7, 7, 28, 22 verses respectively, and ends on part II, f. 11v. Chap. VIII has 3 sections, containing 39, 14, 47 verses respectively, and ends on f. 15v. Chap. IX, 5 verses, ends on f. 16v; X, 26 verses, on f. 17v; XI, 11 verses, on f. 18; XII, 199 verses, has 11 sections, containing 22, 31, 13, 3, 43, 23, 12, 14, 6, 11, 11 verses respectively, and ends on f. 28v. Some leaves are here lost. Part III, f. 1, begins with chap. XIV, 48, which ends there. Chap. XV, 13 verses, ends on f. 1v; XVI, 15 verses, on f. 2; XVII, 31 verses, on f. 3; XVIII has 11 sections, containing 15, 14, 14, 15, 8, 30, 46, 8, 13, 51, 7 verses respectively, and ends on f. 16. Chap. XIX is only partly preserved: two sections have 10 and 9 verses respectively, and the MS. ends with XIX, 3, 1, on f. 17v.

There are diagrams on part I, f. 12<sup>v</sup>, part III, f. 2. There are small lacunae on part I, ff. 9<sup>v</sup>, 16<sup>v</sup>, part II, f. 5. The text is probably all by the same hand, though it is foliated as three separate parts. F. 1 is blank.

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1109; Mitra, Notices, II, 8, Bikaner catal., p. 347; Hultzsch, Proleyomena zu des V. Sākuna nebst Textproben, 1879, who (p. 29) distinguishes him from the Pāli grammarian Kumāragiri Vasantarāja, with which view Peschel, Prākrit Grammar, p. 43, agrees. Edited with a commentary, Bombay, 1883.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 329). Size:  $9\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 21 + 28 + 17 + i blank.

Date: possibly about the end of the 18th century. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: all chap. XIII, and nearly all XIV, XIX and XX are missing.

#### 1582-MS. Sansk. c. 114

#### Yoginīdaśāvicāra, A.D. 1842.

Contents: the Yoginīdaśāvicāra, a short treatise on astrology. It begins, on f. 1°: śrīgaņeśāya namaḥ 1 atha Yoginīdaśāvicāraḥ 1 abhūr Maṃgalā 1 Piṃgalā 2 Dhānyakā ca 3 1 tathā Bhrāmarī 4 Bhadrākā 5 colkikā ca 6 1 tathā Siddhikā 7 Saṃkaṭāṣṭau 8 śivās tu 1 śivāi yāḥ puro yoginīr uktavāṃś ca 11 111 daśānāma atho 'ṃtadaśānāṃ sadaiva 1 prapūjāṃ viśeṣād viruddhārcanaṃ ca 1 prakurvan naraḥ sarvasiddhim prayāti 1 ripūṇāṃ jayaṃ kīrtiṃ ārogyaṃ āyaḥ 11 2 11 This is identical with the work described in Aufrecht's Flor. catal., pp. 129, 109, but not with that described in Mitra's Notices, II, 257. It ends, on f. 10°: iti Yoginījātakasamāptam 1 Then follow eight verses 1 ity aṣṭau yoginīnāṃ mantrāḥ 1

There are diagrams on ff. 2, 2<sup>v</sup>, 3<sup>v</sup>, 4, 5, 5<sup>v</sup>, 6<sup>v</sup>, 7<sup>v</sup>, 8<sup>v</sup>. The text is bounded on either side by two double red lines. The MS. is untidy and not very accurate.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 321). Size:  $13\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 1 + xxxv blank.

Date: f. 11: saṃvat 1898 (= A.D. 1842) āṣāḍhakṛṣṇa 10 candre 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1583—MS. Sansk. c. 117 Sāmudrika, A.D. 1855–1858.

Contents: the Sāmudrika, a work on portents. It existed in some form in the time of Mallinātha, who cites it in his commentary on the Meghadūta. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namah i ādidevam praņamyādau sarvajāām sarvadarśanam i Sāmudrikām pravakṣyāmi lakṣaṇam puruṣastriyoh ii The puruṣalakṣaṇa, consisting of about 150 ślokas in 23 short sections, ends on f. 10v. The strīlakṣaṇa ends on f. 17, and consists of 95 verses in 20 sections. It ends, on f. 17: iti Sāmudrikaṃ śāstram saṃpūrṇam i

See Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 332; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 118, Leipzig catal., p. 367. Many editions with very varying texts have appeared in India.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 337). Size:  $14\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 17 + xxi blank.

Scribe: Kāladāsa.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1584—MS. Sansk. d. 215 Svapnādhyāya, A.D. 1845.

Contents: the Svapnādhyāya, a brief treatise on dreams. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 346<sup>b</sup>; Weber, Catal., I, 269. This MS. contains a somewhat longer text, having fifty-eight verses. It begins, on f. 1<sup>v</sup>: śrīgaņeśāya namah 1 atha Svapnādhyāyo likhyate 1 Svapnādhyāyam pravakṣyāmi yathoktam gurubhāṣitam 1 tenaiva jñāyate sarva mṛtyuloke śubhāśubham 11111 divā svapnā na sidhyanti ye ca pūrvābhicintitāh 1 vyādhīnām saha śokena te praśne ha tayā sahā 11211 It ends, on f. 4<sup>v</sup>: iti śrīguruvicāritasvapnādhyāyah sampūrņam 1

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1125 (30 and 41 verses); Mitra, Notices, III, 79; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 368. That in Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 341, seems to differ much. Printed at Poona in 1878, 1880.

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 339). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 4 + xlviii blank.

Date: f. 4<sup>v</sup>: sam 1901 (= A.D. 1845) māghakṛṣṇa 3 ravivāre 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

### 1585 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. d. 182 Adhyātmikasūtra, Yaṣṭilakṣaṇa, Aṅgavidyā, 17th cent. ?

Contents: the Adhyātmikasūtra, Yaṣṭilakṣaṇa, and Aṅgavidyā, three astrological works, called on the original wrapper, f. iv, Svarasāmudrikādiślokāḥ.

- 1. The Adhyātmikasūtra begins, on f. 1: natvā vīram pravaksyāmi dehambam jūānam uttamam i dehamadhyasthitā nādyo bahurūpyah savistarāh ii ii jūātavyās tā budhair nityam trikālajñānahetave i tāsām madhye varās tisro vāmadaksiņamadhyagāh ii 2 ii tatrāsām ātmikā vāmā daksiņā ravisambhavā i vāmā pīyūṣasambhūtā jagadāpyāyane sthitā ii 3 ii After seventy-seven verses it ends, on f. 3: ity Adhyātmikāsūtram samāptam i cha i
- 2. The Yaşţilakṣaṇa begins, on f. 3: ekaparvā śubhā yaṣţiḥ dviparvā kalahāvahā 1 triparvā lābhasaṃpannā catuḥparvā mṛtipradā 11 11 paṃcaparvā bhayaharā ṣaṭparvā taṃkakāriṇī 1 ārogyāya saptaparvāṣṭaparvā śrīvināśinī 11 2 11 It has five verses, and ends: iti Yaṣṭilakṣaṇaṃ samāptaṃ 1
- 3. The Angavidyā begins, on f. 3: Amgavidyām pravaksyāmi Nāradena svayam krtām i amgadaršanamātrena jūāyate ca šubhāšubham ii ii prechamānah spršec



chīrṣam mahālābham vinirdišet i hiramyadhanadhākhyam ca prāpyate nātra samšayah ii 2 ii It has thirteen verses, and ends, on f. 3v: iti Amgavidyā samāptā i cha i subham astu cha i cha i cha i cha i

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines, and in the centre of each page is the usual Jaina figure. There are several marginal glosses.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 277). Size: 11 × 5\frac{1}{4} in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: v + 3 + li blank. Date: probably about A. D. 1700. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

## 1586—MS. Sansk. c. 109 Bhāvaphala, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Bhāvaphala, a treatise on the signs of the Zodiac in their astrological bearing. The MS. is incomplete: it begins abruptly, on f. 1: om tabhe ca khalo yadā vitanayam hi subhah sutamālitam 1 vyayapattī ripubhettividūşitam ca kṛpaṇam ripupakşavināśanam II 3 II vyayapattiķ smarabhekapaţāśrayam yadi khalo vivadhūkam asatpriyam ı vyayapattir nidhane dhanasamyutam yadi khalah sodarim niyasādhakam 11411 vyayapattir navame sukrtekşakam yadi khalah khalamārgadanakşayam ı vyayapattir daśame 'nyavadhūratam śucitanum dhanaputravirājitam 11511 vyayapattir bhavabhe cirajīvitam bahudhanopathikādikṛtāśrayam I vyayapattir vyayabhe dhanasamyutam tadapasum krpanam bahulakhyayam 11611 iti bhāveśādhyāyah 1 The loss of verses 1, 2 prevents comparison with the MS. described in Aufrecht's Flor. catal., p. 108. It ends, on f. 27v: iti Rāhuh I Then follow four verses.

Ff. 10-12 are on red paper; ff. 13-27 are on paper of a light red colour. Lacunae are marked on ff. 7°, 8, 10°, 12°, 13°, 14, 14°, 15, 15°, 23, 27°. The MS. is very inaccurate and badly written. The work is different from that described in Aufrecht's Leipzig catal., p. 340.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 310). Size:  $13 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 27 + xxxi blank.

Date: quite modern, middle of the 19th century. Scribe: probably the same as that of MS. Sansk. d. 192 (1552).

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: some leaves must have been missing at the beginning and end of the MS. of which this is a copy.

#### 1587-MS. Sansk. f. 18

#### Cakrapāņi's Vijayakalpalatā, 19th cent. ?

Contents: the Vijayakalpalatā of Cakrapāṇi, a treatise on astrology. The work appears to be unfinished. It begins abruptly, an introduction probably being lost, on f. 4: oṃ śrī oṃ atha dinacaryyām āha i oṃ janmarāśau janmalagne dinacaryāgattam phalam i It ends abruptly on f. 20 with verse 33 of a section. The name of the work is given on f. 17: śrīcakrapāṇigaṇakena suttena tasya kṣoṇībhujāṃ Vijayakalpalattā jayāya su (deleted) samaptā (?) nivasatā khila maṃgalāyā devyāḥ pure sujanadhāmani ttātkālikacaṃdrādhyāyaḥ i Then khyātākṛtāpaṭṭaṇākhyo i A good deal of it is in verse and several verses from other works are cited and explained.

The MS. is very carelessly written. A lacuna is marked on f. 4. Ff. 1-3, 12<sup>v</sup> and half f. 5<sup>v</sup> are blank. There are diagrams on ff. 6<sup>v</sup>, 7, 7<sup>v</sup>, 9, 9<sup>v</sup>, 13, 13<sup>v</sup>, 17.

His grandfather was Vāsudeva, Balālasamjūanagare, and his father Kāmarāja gaṇaka, see f. 17: Balālasamjūanagare sujanālaye bhūviprāmganīr vimalakāśyapadamśajanmanihśeṣapamditanamaskṛtapādapadmah khyātim gato nijaguṇair bhuvi Vāsudevah 113011 tasyātmajo jayati jātakavevivṛmdacūdāmaṇir gajamukhāmghryaravimdabhumgah śrīkāmarājagaṇakah kṣitipālavāṃchāvispaṣṭakalakuśalah svaravid dhaviṣṭah 113111 The work is old, as its author is cited by Narapati's commentator, Mahādeva (A.D. 1520), Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 363.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 330). Size:  $5\frac{1}{2} \times 9$  in. The MS. is arranged in English book form.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 20 + xxix blank. Originally foliated as 1-17, ff. 1-3 being blank and unnumbered.

Date: quite modern in appearance, about the middle of the 19th century. Cf. MS. Sansk. d. 194 (1593).

Character: Devanägarī.

#### 1588—MS. Sansk. c. 115

#### S'rīpati's Ramalasāra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Ramalasāra of Srīpati, a treatise on divination by means of dice, a method borrowed from the Arabs and Persians. In this MS. the first chapter is wanting. It begins abruptly, on f. 1v: om atha śrīpṛśchākasminṛne putrotpattir bhaviṣyati i Chapter II, muṣṭādiguptavastupraśna, ends on f. 2v. Chapter III, abhīṣṭapraśnanirūpaṇa, in 86 stanzas, ends on f. 5. Chapter IV, in 91 stanzas, ends thus on f. 8v: iti śrī-

gokulavāstavyalakṣmīnṛsiṃhātmajabhaṭṭaśrīpatikṛte Ramalasāre praśnasāre praśnaviśeṣakathanaṃ nāma caturthaṃ prakaraṇaṃ i Srīpati's date is the 10th cent.; see Sudhākara, Gāṇakataraṅgiṇī, p. 29.

Yellow pigment is used for corrections. F. 8<sup>v</sup> has a diagram.

See Mitra, Notices, IV, 77; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1123; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 361, 362.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 324). Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 8 + xli blank.

Date: perhaps about the beginning of the 19th cent. Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: all chap. I and part of chap. II are missing.

#### 1589-MS. Sansk. d. 204

S'rīpati's Ramalasāra, A.D. 1766.

Contents: the Ramalasāra of Srīpati, a treatise on divination by means of dice, see MS. Sansk. c. 115 (1588). In this MS. it is divided into four sections, containing 55, 36, 78, 72 stanzas respectively, which end in order at ff. 7, 10, 17, 22. By an accident in chap. III the lines from 64 onwards are wrongly numbered thus: 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, &c., and the chapter has apparently 71, but really 78 stanzas. Just before the colophon on f. 22 we read: yathāmati mayā prokto guruśikṣānusūratah 1 Ramlasārah Srīpatinā Srīyokulanivāsinā 11

There are diagrams on ff. 6, 6<sup>v</sup>, 9, 14<sup>v</sup>, 15<sup>v</sup>, 16.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 323). Size:  $9\frac{7}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 22 + xxiv blank.

Date: f. 22: samvat 1822 (= A.D. 1766) mäghakṛṣṇadvādaśyām budhadine i

Scribe: f. 22: lişitam Harasāhayena ātmapaṭhanārtham i

Character: Devanagari.

## 1590—MS. Sansk. e. 81

Rāma's Ramalapaddhati, A.D. 1736.

Contents: the Ramalapaddhati of Rāma, a treatise on divination by means of dice. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śrīmahālakṣmai namah i vamde tatpadapamkajam Gaṇapater yad vīkṣya raktāṃvujam i gaṇḍasthabhramarāvalī madhudhiyā bhāti spṛśaṇtī muhuhi maṇjīradhvanidaṃtacittajamaho proḍḍīya kiṇcīd padān i maṇjūlapratiśabditam vididhatī sattamḍave

kālikaṃ IIII paraṃ varaṃ tadgaganād viyuktaṃ I na viśvasegho divi cendrayuktaḥ I oṃḥkāram ādyaṃ vijihāya bhūmau I kaṃseti padyaṃ tararayo śivaṃ vaḥ II 2 II kurve Ramalaśāstrasya vaicitryaṃ samanoharaṃ I Rāmo daivavidāṃ prityai puroktaṃ Yavanair yathā II 3 II Here the art is clearly stated to be foreign, Arabian, or Persian. The work contains III verses. It ends, on f. 9 v: iti Rāmakṛttī Ramalapaddhatiḥ samāpta I The MS. is carelessly and badly written.

The text is bounded by two black lines.

This is not the Rāma who wrote the Muhūrta-cintāmaņi at Benares, in A.D. 1600, Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 31. The work is clearly identical with that described in Aufrecht's Flor. catal., p. 109. Verse 108 = verse 107 in Aufrecht. Both are abridgments of the Ramalaśāstra described in Eggeling's India Office catal., pp. 1124 sq. After verse 109 this MS. adds one verse describing the author's lineage which corrects the verse in Eggeling, p. 1125, thus: Bhājadvājakulāvataṃsagaṇakaśrīsarāmarudrāhvayas 1 tatputro gakāgraṇih pṛthuyaśāh śrīrāmanāmāhvayah 11 tatsūnur matimān mahaṃdvidhividāṃ śreṣṭas tu Kṛṣṇābhidhah 1 putras tasya bābhūva sadguṇagaṇair yuktas tu Rāmābhīdhaḥ 111011 The descent is

Rāmarudra | Rāma | Kṛṣṇa

Rāma, the author of this work.

Verse III is as in Eggeling. See also Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 360, 361, where the first of the line is Rāmakṛṣṇa, the second is Kṛṣṇa, and the third and last Rāma, but Aufrecht observes that a pāda has been lost.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 322). Size:  $8\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 9 + xxix blank.

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1591—MS. Sansk. c. 113 Meghamālā, A. D. 1838.

Contents: the Meghamālā, a brief treatise in twentyfour chapters on astrology, especially in relation to clouds, meteors, &c. Adhyāya I is on ff. 1v-3v; II, on

ff. 3<sup>v</sup>-8; 111, on ff. 8, 9; IV, on ff. 9, 10; V, on f. 10; VI, on ff. 10–13; VII, on ff. 13, 13<sup>v</sup>; VIII, on ff. 13<sup>v</sup>– 15; IX, on ff. 15, 15°; X, on ff. 15°-17°; XI, on ff. 17°, 18; XII, on ff. 18, 18v; XIII, on ff. 18v-19v; XIV, on ff. 19<sup>v</sup>-20<sup>v</sup>; XV, on ff. 20<sup>v</sup>, 21; XVI, on f. 21; XVII, on ff. 21-25; XVIII, on ff. 25-26v; XIX, on ff. 26v, 27; XX, on ff. 27, 28; XXI, on ff. 28, 29; XXII, on ff. 29, 30; XXIII, on ff. 30, 30°; XXIV, on ff. 30°-31 v. The work ends, on f. 31 v: iti śrīraudrīmeghamālāyām Gargasamhitāyām garbhasamyoga Īśvarapārvatisamvāde nāma caturvimso 'dhyāyah I Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 1127, 1128 (from Prof. Macdonell). Different from Weber, Catal., II, 1187; Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 603, Notices, X, 315; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 115; an edition of a Meghamālā from the Rudrayāmala, Benares, 1878, may be identical, Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 395.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 319). Size:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 31 + xxvii blank. Date: f. 31 $^{\circ}$ : 1894 (= A. D. 1838) 1 Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1592—MS. Sansk. d. 193

Pavanavijaya Svaraśāstra, A. D. 1829.

Contents: the Pavanavijaya Svarašāstra, a treatise on divination, nativities, &c. It consists of 356 ślokas, in the form of a conversation between Devī and Siva. It begins, on f. 1: śrīgaņeśāya namah i śrīdevy ovāca i om devadeva mahādeva kṛpām kṛtvā mamopari i sarvasiddhikaram jñānam kathayasva mama prabho 111 11 katham brahmāmḍam utpannam katham vā j arivarttate i katham vilīyate deva vada brahmāmḍanirṇayah 112 11 Īśvarovāca i tattvam brahmāmḍam utpannam tattvena parivarttate i tattve pralayata devi tattvā brahmāmḍanirṇayah 113 11 It ends, on f. 10°: iti śrīśivaümāmaheśvarasamvāde Pavanavijayo nāma suraśāstreņoktim prathamakalpam samāptam i

The Pavanavijaya of the Bodl. catal., p. 107b, is not identical with any part of this work, but Mitra, Notices, I, 277, is identical. There are three copies in the Indian Institute Library, Keith, Ind. Inst. catal., pp. 45, 46. See also Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 463, 464. The headings and colophon are in red ink.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 301). Size: 11<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> × 6 in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: iii + 10 + xliii blank.

BODL. SANS. CATAL. II.

Date: f. 10°: kārttike pamcamye kṛṣṇe candravāre mṛgeśirā 1885 (= A.D. 1829) l

Scribe: f. 10<sup>V</sup>: lişyam Vihārīdāsa Vākāpurīmadhye I Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1593-MS. Sansk. d. 194

Pallīvicāra and Pallīśaraṭayoḥ S'ānti, A.D. 1839.

Contents: the Pallivicāra and the Pallisaraţayoḥ S'ānti, being two parts of the same work, treating of the omens given by the falling of a house lizard, and the averting of ill therefrom. The work begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 atha Pallīvicāra likhyate 1 athātaḥ saṃpravakṣyāmi śṇnu Saunaka uttama 1 palyāḥ prapatanaṃ caiva śaraṭasya tathaiva ca 11111 This part contains forty-seven ślokas, and ends, on f. 3v: iti Pallīvicāraḥ samāptaḥ 1 śrīgaṇeśāya namaḥ 1 atha Pallīśaraṭayoḥ S'āntir likhyate 1 gavyaṃ paṃcavidhaṃ prāśya kuryād ājyāvalokanaṃ 1 śaste vāpy athavā śaste yad īkṣed ātmanaḥ śubhaṃ 11111 It contains seven ślokas, and ends, on f. 4: iti Pallīśaraṭayoḥ S'āntiḥ nāma samāptaḥ 1

The text is bounded on either side by two red lines. The work does not appear to be identical with either the Pallīvidhāna or the Pallīvicāra mentioned by Weber, Catal., I, 269; Aufrecht, Flor. catal., p. 118. The original wrapper (f. ii) ascribes it to Saunaka, no doubt relying on verse 1 supra. Similar are Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., pp. 366, 367 (37 and 40 verses).

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 300). Size:  $9\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 4 + lxv blank.

Date: f. 4: samvat 1895 (= A.D. 1839) kārttikamāse suklapakse tithau şaştyām budhavāsare (

Scribe: f. 4: pustaka Kālikāprasādagaudakī 1 Doubtless owner as well. See MS. Sansk. e. 105 (1568). Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1594—MS. Sansk. b. 37

Astronomical fragment, 19th cent. ?

Contents: this MS. consists of three parts; the first two are of considerable extent, containing Bengālī works, the third is a very small fragment of some astronomical or astrological Sanskrit work. It begins, on f. 1: śrī śrī Hari! Then it appears to give a list of days and times. It breaks off abruptly on f. 6. There are six or seven lines on a page. The pages are really double, but the insides are now written

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upon. The two Bengālī works are not apparently by the same hand as the Sanskrit part, and possibly not both by one hand. F. 1<sup>v</sup> is blank.

Mode & date of acquisition unknown: referenced about 1873.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 37. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $17\frac{3}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in.

Size of MS.:  $10 \times 3^{\frac{1}{2}}$  in.

Material: Paper, of very bad quality.

No. of leaves: the Sanskrit fragment has 6.

Date: does not appear to be very old: probably about the beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Bengālī, very illegible.

## 1595—MS. Sansk. d. 21 (R)

#### Astrological fragment, 14th cent.?

Contents: three leaves of some astrological work: the only colophons are: Bhalādhikārasiddhiprayogah i and Sarvayāgasiddhih i carelessly written.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $12 \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in. Size of leaf:  $11 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 3, unnumbered. Date: possibly 14th century.

Character: Nepalese.

## 1596 (1-3)—MS. Walker 168 S'ākuna, 17th cent.?

Contents: besides four other pieces, for which see the Bodl. catal., p. 399b, this volume contains a Gujarātī work on the omens to be derived from the movements and cries of various animals. It consists of a translation of three Sanskrit works, of which the verses are quoted in their original form before those of the translation.

1. Selections from the Jayacaryā of Narapati (composed in A. D. 1176 at Aṇahilapaṭṭana). See Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, pp. 35, 220. He was the son of Āmradeva, of Dhārā, and wrote during the reign of Ajayapāla, the Caulukya prince of Gujarat (A. D. 1174-1177). Cf. Aufrecht, Cambridge catal., p. 68; Eggeling, India Office catal., pp. 1110 sq.; Weber, Catal., II, 313, 314, who wrongly equates pakṣāgnibhānuvatsare with 1350, instead of 1232 (bhānu = āditya = 12, Bühler, Palaeographie, p. 81). The selections begin, on f. 122: kṣetraḥ balipadam vṛkṣaṃ maṃḍalaṃ śrutidaivataṃ t ādeśakaṃ ca jalpanti ṣaṭvi-

dham sukanam budhāh 11111 They end, on f. 136: iti srīnarapatijayacāryāyām sivārutaprakaraņam samāptam 1

- 2. Nine chapters of the S'ākunasāroddhāra of Māṇikyasūri. The work begins, on f. 136: upāsmahe parī jotitāmbhayaravigraham yad udyotata bharavigraham yad udyotā jagat kṛtsnam pratyakṣam iva vīkṣate 1111 The first chapter contains fifty-two verses, and ends, on f. 130": ity ācāryaśrīmāņikyasūriviracate Sakunasāroddhāre dikprakaraņam samāptam i The grāmmanimittaprakaraṇam dvitīyam ends on f. 149"; the ttittaraprakaranam tṛtīyam, on f. 150; the durgraprakaranam caturtham, on f. 152"; the pallighārālikāksutaprakaranam pamcamam, on f. 156; the naharaprakaranam şaştam, on f. 157"; the rātreyaprakaranam saptamam, on f. 159"; the harinaprakaranam astamam, on f. 160"; the bhasaprakaranam, on f. 162v. According to the MS. mentioned by Mitra, Bikaner catal., p. 331, the work should contain two more chapters, the eleventh bearing the title sarvasamgrahaprakarana.
- 3. The Bālāvabodha, in eleven sections, being a summary of the eighteenth chapter of the S'akuna or S'akunārņava of Vasantarāja, which treats of the omens derived from the movements of dogs, their barking, &c. Section 1, the adhivasana, ends on f. 163<sup>v</sup>; 2, not named, on f. 165; 3, vivāha, on f. 166<sup>v</sup>; 4, deśalābhādi, on f. 168; 5, lasthi, on f. 169; 6, yuddha, on f. 172; 7, subhāsubhajūāna, on f. 176v; 8, lābha, on f. 177; 9, jīvitamaraņe, on f. 178♥; 10, yātrā, on f. 1837. Section 11 ends, on f. 184: iti śrīvasamtarājaśākune śvāmnacestite bhojanaprakaruņe ekādaśamam samāptam I Then comes a list of the names of the various chapters, which is somewhat corrupt: śunādhivāsanam pūrvam vṛtteḥ sodasabhih smṛtam NIN dvitīya rājalābhākhyam tryadhikair daśabhis tathā 11211 This gives a name for the second chapter. The colophon is: iti śrīvasantarājaśvānacestābālābodha samāptahı cha 1 According to Weber, Catal., I, 268, this chapter has eleven sections in the Vasantarājaśākuna, but according to Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1109, it has twelve.

In all these three parts the MS. is most inaccurate, the Sanskrit usually being reduced to nonsense. The text is bounded on either side by two double black lines. In the centre of each page is the usual Jaina diagram, whence it may safely be inferred that the scribe was a Jaina.

Size:  $11\frac{8}{8} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 184 + ii blank. This part has 63 leaves. The other four have 105 (really 106, as ff. 1, 2 replace f. 1) + 7 + 1 + 7 (really 5, as ff. 1, 2 are missing).

Date: probably the earlier part of the 17th cent. Character: Devanāgarī, Jaina style.

#### 74. TECHNICAL SCIENCE

#### 1597-MS. Sansk. d. 228

Sütradhāra Maṇḍana's Rājavallabha, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Rajavallabha of Sutradhara Mandana, a manual of architecture. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīgaņeśāya namah i Harih i śrīmahāgaņapataye namah i śrīsarasvalyai namah i śrīviśvakarmmane namah i ānandam vo Gaņeśārkaviṣṇugaurīmaheśvarāḥ devāḥ kuryuḥ śriyam saukhyam ārogyam ca grhe sadā IIIII devam namāmi girijātmajam ekadamtam simdūracarcitavapuhsuviśālamumdam nāgena mamditatanum yutasiddhibuddhim sevyam suroraganaraih sakalārthasiddhyai 11211 The work is divided into fourteen chapters. Chap. I, the miśrakalaksana, containing 41 stanzas, ends on f. 7; II, the vāstupūjā, 38 stanzas, on f. 12; III, āyādi, 26 stanzas, on f. 16; IV, nagara, 21 stanzas, on f. 19<sup>v</sup>; V, yantra, &c., 16 stanzas, on f. 21<sup>v</sup>; VI, rājagrha, 38 stanzas, on f. 27; VII, ekašāla, &c., 30 + 16 stanzas, on f. 35; VIII, śayanasimhāsana, &c., 18 stanzas, on f. 38; IX, rājagrhādi, 39 stanzas, on f. 43v; X, gaņita, &c., 24 stanzas, on f. 46°; XI, divasuddhi, 32 stanzas, on f. 51; XII, śakuna, 34 stanzas, on f. 55°; XIII, jyotişa, 31 stanzas, on f. 59°; XIV, 45 stanzas, ends, on f. 66: iti śrīsūtradhāramamdanaracitāyām vāstušāstre Rājavallabhe šakunalaksaņam nāma caturdašamam prakaraņam 111411 śrīr astu i On f. 66° there are some verses by the scribe. Ff. 67, 67° are blank, and a list of contents is given on ff. 68-72<sup>v</sup>.

There are many corrections in a quite recent hand in the MS. which is itself quite modern.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 1134; and Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 37, for the possible date, under Kumbhakarna of Mevād, A.D. 1419-1469. Edited, with Gujarātī translation, Baroda, 1891.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 367). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. iii), 'Benares, no. 1.'

Size:  $11\frac{1}{8} \times 5$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 72 + ii blank.

Date: probably not earlier than the middle of the 10th century.

Character: Devanagari.

## 1598-MS. Sansk. e. 88

Kundavicāra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Kundavicara, being a portion of a Tattvasāra, possibly identical with that cited in Saktanandatarangini, see the Bodl. catal., p. 104a. The

MS. has no preface, but begins abruptly on f. 17: tarkaprabhrtyakhilasastravido 'pi vijnarekhatmamulagaņitānavavodhatas ca svalpāmtarātmahrdanistaphalasya bhītyā bhrāmtyā bhramamty alivad a'ra ca sūksmarītyā kumdāvabodhanavidhau parinirmitāni sthūlaprakārajanitāny asubhāni buddhvā tena jyakāgaņikavāsanayā prasamgād dikkumdasādhanavidhau pravadāmi sūksmam caturbhujam vṛttam apy arddhacamdram trikonakam yonisamāhvayam ca 1 The contents are mere rubbish. It ends, on f. 7. iti Tattvasāre Kumdavicārah subham 1 It treats of the construction of altars, &c.

The text is carefully written, but there are some errors. There is a diagram on f. 7.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 366).

Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iv + 7 + xlvi blank.

Date: probably about A. D. 1850.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: probably some leaves at the beginning and end are wanting.

#### 75. MEDICINE—SYSTEMS

#### 1599—MS. Sansk. d. 216

Vāgbhata's Astāngahrdayasamhitā, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Aştangahrdayasamhita of Vagbhata (sometimes Prakritized into Bahata), a comprehensive treatise on medicine. It is described fully in the Bodl. catal., pp. 303 sq. The MS. is imperfect at the end, the last six chapters of the Uttaratantra being lost. The (30) chapters of Book I end on ff. 4v, 6v, 9, 10<sup>v</sup>, 14, 22, 25<sup>v</sup>, 27<sup>v</sup>, 29, 31, 32<sup>v</sup>, 36, 37<sup>v</sup>, 39, 41<sup>v</sup>,  $43^{\text{v}}$ , 45,  $47^{\text{v}}$ , 51,  $52^{\text{v}}$ ,  $53^{\text{v}}$ , 55,  $56^{\text{v}}$ ,  $57^{\text{v}}$ , 59,  $61^{\text{v}}$ ,  $63^{\text{v}}$ , 65<sup>v</sup>, 69, 71. The (6) chapters of Book II end on ff. 75, 78, 83, 86, 91°, 94°. The (16) chapters of Book III end on ff. 95°, 99°, 101, 102°, 105, 106°, 109, 110<sup>v</sup>, 112, 114, 116<sup>v</sup>, 118<sup>v</sup>, 121<sup>v</sup>, 124, 126<sup>v</sup>, 129. The (22) chapters of Book IV and (6) chapters of Book V end on ff. 137, 139, 147, 149<sup>v</sup>, 153, 156, 162, 169, 174, 178, 181, 183, 185, 191, 196<sup>v</sup>, 199, 201, 202<sup>v</sup>, 207<sup>v</sup>, 209, 213<sup>v</sup>, 217, 219, 221, 223<sup>v</sup>, 227, 229<sup>v</sup>, 230v. The (34) chapters of Book VI end on ff. 233,  $236^{\circ}$ ,  $241^{\circ}$ ,  $243^{\circ}$ , 246,  $248^{\circ}$ ,  $250^{\circ}$ ,  $251^{\circ}$ ,  $253^{\circ}$ ,  $254^{\circ}$ , 257<sup>v</sup>, 259, 263<sup>v</sup>, 265, 266, 269, 270<sup>v</sup>, 273, 274<sup>v</sup>, 275<sup>v</sup>, 278<sup>v</sup>, 283<sup>v</sup>, 285, 287<sup>v</sup>, 290<sup>v</sup>, 293, 295, 297<sup>v</sup>, 299, 300<sup>v</sup>, 302, 303v, 306, 307v, the last chapter being incomplete. Part of chapter 1 of Book I is also missing. Lacunae

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are frequently marked, especially from f. 256 onward, and after f. 290 the text is fragmentary. A diagram is inserted on f. 257.

Vāgbhata probably lived before the 8th century. He is quoted in Kşīrasvāmin's Amarakoşodghatana (11th century), Aufrecht, Z.D.M.G., XXVIII, 107, and Huth puts him at latest in the 8th century, Z.D.M.G., XLIX, 280. Cordier, on the other hand, assigns him to the times of Bhoja, see Jolly, Medecin, рр. 8, 9.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 340). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'K 28,' i.e. Kaśmīr.

Size:  $10\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: Paper. The leaves are arranged as in English books.

No. of leaves: iii + 307 (really 306, for ff. 1-3 are missing, and ff. 89 and 257 are repeated) + i blank.

Date: perhaps about A. D. 1700.

Character: Sāradā.

#### 1600 (1-3)—MS. Sansk. b. 35

Vāgbhata's Astāngahrdaya (IV-VI), &c., 17th cent. ? Contents:

1. Ff. i-ix contain some fragments dealing with medicine.

2. Ff. 1-174<sup>v</sup>, the Aşṭāṅgahṛdayasaṃhitā, by Bāhaṭa, the son of Samghagupta, including the Cikitsita, Kalpa, and Uttara sthanas. The last sthana is incomplete, breaking off at the beginning of adhyaya 40. It begins: om athato jvaracikitsitam vyākhyāsyāmah 1 iti ha smāhur Ātreyādayo maharşayaḥ I āmāśayastho hatvāgnim sāmo mārgān pidhāya yat i vidadhāti įvaram doşams tusmāt kurvīta lamghanam 1 &c. F. 9: cikitsite prathamo 'dhyayah 11 F. 27 : iti cikitsitam pamcamo 'dhyāya 11 F. 59♥: iti cikitsite ekādaśo 'dhyāyah 11 F. 79: iti cikitsito astādašo 'dhyāyah 11 The Cikitsitasthana ends, on f. 91 : iti cikitsite dvavimso 'dhyayah 11 n iti vaidyapatisamghaquptasya sūnor Bāhatasya krtāv Aşţāmggahrdayasamhitāyām caturthastham cikitsitam sthānam samāptam II II anuştupdramddasām slokasatāni dvāviṃśādhyāyaḥ II II śrīrāmārppaṇam astu I śrīśrīśrī I &c. The Kalpasthana ends, on f. 105: iti kalpe sastho 'dhyāyaḥ II II iti vaidyapatin Samghaguptamsya sūnor Bāhatasya kṛtāv Aṣṭāmggahṛdayasamhitāyām kalpasthānam samāptam II II śrīśrīśrī II F. 122: ity uttare saptamo 'dhyāyah 11 F. 143": ity uttare sodaso 'dhyāyah II F. 1647: ity uttare pamccatrimśo 'dhyāya II F. 1677: ity uttare sattrimśo dhyayah u F. 1747: ity uttare ekonacalvārimso 'dhyāyah II II athāto vājīkaraņādhyāyam vyākhyāsyāmah II iti harşayah II vājikaranam anvichet satatam vişayî pumān 1 . . . vājī vātibalo yena yādapratihatomganāh i bhavaty atipriya i Here the MS. breaks off, and f. 175 is missing.

The author's usual name is Vagbhata, son of Simhagupta. For this peculiar spelling (Prakritic) compare Bahada as the name of the author of the Alamkāra, Weber, Catal., II, 1208; Bendall, Journey,

3. Ff. 176-219 contain the Basanighantu, and other medical treatises, chiefly, it seems, in Telugu. F. 179 is missing. F. 176, marg.: jvarasya padhyālu; f. 176v, marg.: raktapittasya pathyālu ; f. 177, marg.: charddike patthyālu; f. 178, marg.: gulmasya pathyālu; f. 178°, marg.: damtarogasya pathyālu. Ff. 180-192 treat of various kinds of oils, e.g., f. 181: kešapradhike caṃddanāditailam II f. 186<sup>v</sup> : āragvadhāditailam II f. 191<sup>v</sup> : śirorogacikitsamamahānāgarāditailam II f. 1927, marg.: śuddhabalāditailam ; f. 196 : rasanighamṭṭu samāptaḥ 🛚 🖠 f. 197, marg.: rasavaiśeşikam | rasaśuddhi || f. 200, marg.: uparasālu; f. 205, marg.: avighnam astu subham astu dravyavaiśeşikam II

Mode & date of acquisition unknown: referenced about 1873.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $17\frac{5}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{8}{8}$  in. Size of MS.:  $17 \times 1\frac{3}{6}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards, with a string going through one hole, and a wooden pin through the other.

No. of leaves: x+219 (really 217, as ff. 175, 179 are lost); 5 to 7 lines on a page.

Date: apparently early, probably 17th century. Character: Telugu.

Injuries: parts of ff. 1, 49, 67, 184 are broken off, ff. i, iv, 19, 50, 56–61, 64, 85–88, 111, 177, 186, 189– 191, 211, 216-219 are slightly damaged, and ff. 44-60, 152-158, 165, 166, 172-185 are wormed.

#### 1601-MS. Sansk. c. 119

#### S'ārngadhara's Samhitā, A.D. 1651.

Contents: the Samhita of Sarngadhara, a comprehensive treatise on medicine. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 315. Adhyāya I, in 59 verses, ends on f. 4; II, 35 verses, on f. 5; III, 26 verses, on f. 6v; IV, 24 verses, on f. 7v; V, 10 verses, on f. 10; VI, 28 verses, on f. 11v; VII, 203 verses, on f. 19<sup>v</sup>; VIII, 40 verses, on f. 21<sup>v</sup>; IX, 157 verses, on f. 29; X, 12 verses, on f. 29<sup>v</sup>; XI, 8 verses, on f. 30; XII, 12 verses, on f. 31v; XIII, 141 verses, on f. 38; XIV, 99 verses, on f. 42<sup>v</sup>; XV, 48 verses, on f. 44<sup>v</sup>; XVI, 90 verses, on f. 48; XVII, 90 verses,

### 676. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—MEDICINE—MISCELLANEOUS (1601-1608) 817

on f. 52<sup>v</sup>; XVIII, 96 verses, on f. 55<sup>v</sup>; XIX, 96 verses, on f. 60; XX, 278 verses, on f. 72; XXI, 33 verses, on f. 73<sup>v</sup>; XXII, 34 verses, on f. 75; XXIII, 32 verses, on f. 76<sup>v</sup>; XXIV, 46 verses, on f. 78<sup>v</sup>; XXV, 79 verses, on f. 82; XXVI, 16 verses, on f. 82<sup>v</sup>; XXVIII, 61 verses, on f. 85; XXVIII, 28 verses, on f. 86; XXIX, 21 verses, on f. 87; XXX, 145 verses, on f. 93; XXXI, 43 verses, on f. 95; XXXII, 109 verses, on f. 100. The MS. is on the whole carefully written.

See Weber, Catal., I, 281. Frequently edited, e.g., with Marāṭhī commentary, Poona, 1877, and by Jīvanrām, Bombay, 1891. Sārṅgadhara is not the author of the Paddhati (A.D. 1363, according to Aufrecht, Z.D. M.G., XXVII, 1 sq.), but, as he quotes Vṛnda (10th cent.) and as Vopadeva (A.D. C. 1275) commented on him, he probably belongs to about 1200, Jolly, Medecin, p. 4. Grierson, Ind. Ant., XXIII, 260, prefers the 15th cent.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 348). Memorandum on original wrapper (f. ii), 'Benares, no. 13.' Note on f. 100°: 'Benares, 31 Dec. 84. 4 Rupees.'

Size:  $12\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 100 + i blank.

Date: f.100: Vikramābhidhanarendravatsare saṃyute munikhaśailabhūmibhih I saṃhitā bhagavatātmanah kṛte saṃvyalekhi śuddhi bhādramānmathe II (= A.D. 1651).

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: on nearly every page many of the letters are so blurred as to be illegible. There is a hole in f. 24.

#### 76. MEDICINE—MISCELLANEOUS

## 1602—MS. Sansk. d. 220 Vopadeva's S'ataśloki, A. D. 1644.

Contents: the S'ataślokī of Vopadeva, a treatise on medicine. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 318a. In this MS. it is divided into six sub-sections, cūrņa, guṭikā, avaleha, ghṛta, taila, kvatha, containing 17, 16, 16, 20, 26 verses respectively, and ending in order on ff. 5, 8<sup>v</sup>, 11, 14, 17<sup>v</sup>, 21.

The MS. contains many notes and glosses by a later hand, both in the margin, and above the text. The text is bounded on either side by three red lines.

See Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 969; Bhandarkar, Bombay catal., pp. 126, 127. Vopadeva was son of Keśava, and pupil of Dhaneśa, patronized by Hemādri, circa A.D. 1260, Bhandarkar, Report, 1882, 1883, p. 36;

Weber, Catal., II, 324; Jolly, Medecin, p. 4. Edited, Bombay, 1889.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 347). Size:  $12 \times 6\frac{5}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 21 + xxi blank.

Date: f. 21<sup>v</sup>: samvat 1700 (= A.D. 1644) varse mili māhavadi 7 sukravāre 1

Scribe: f. 21<sup>v</sup>: Dravyapuranagare śrīcandrapraśnacaikṣyālaye li<sup>o</sup> paṃ<sup>o</sup>-tejā svaśiṣyamanoharādipāṭhanāya i Character: Devanāgarī, very slight traces of Jaina style.

### 1603—MS. Sansk. d. 218 S'ālinātha's Rasamañjarī, 18th cent. P

Contents: the Rasamanjari of Salinatha, son of Vaidyanātha, a treatise on quack medicines. It begins, on f. 17: śrīgaņeśāya namaļ i yadgamdamamdalagalanmadavārivimdupānālasātinibhrtā lalitālimālā \ sadgumjitena vinihamti navendranīlaprāmkām sa vo Ganapatiķ śivam ātanotu II II imdīvarī bhavati yaccaraņāravimdadvamdve Puramdarapurassaradaivatānām i yaccārutāņikalayatāmsukirītakotih śrīsāradā bhavatu sā bhavayāradā vaḥ 11 2 11 śrīvaidyanāthatanayaḥ sanayaḥ suśīlaḥ śrīśālinātha iti viśrutanāmadheyah I tenāvalokya vidhivad vividhān prabamdhān ārabhyate sukrtinā Rasamamjariyam 11311 Section 1, the rasasodhana, with 31 verses, ends on f. 3. Section 2, the rasamāraņajāraņādi, with 66 (61+5) verses, ends on f.  $6^{\vee}$ . Section 3, the manisodhanamārana, with 92 verses, ends on f. 12. Section 4, the dhātuśodhanamāraņa, with 69 verses, ends on f. 17v. Then follow 479 verses to f. 44v, where the numbering ceases, but the text is continuous to f. 48v. Then a break occurs; then from ff. 49-50 the text is resumed, with an index arranged in columns, three on ff. 49, 49, four on f. 50. F. 19 is out of place and seems to belong here. Most of the contents deal merely with prognostication. Lacunae are marked on ff. 20°, 22, 24, 24°, 25°, 30, 35, 35°, 37°, 43°.

The text is bounded on either side by two or four black lines.

Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 966 (part of adhyāyas 8, 9, 10); Mitra, Notices, VII, 225. The work is probably late, as it seems not to be cited even in the Bhāvaprakāśa (A.D. C. 1550), Jolly, Medecin, p. 3.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 243). Size:  $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{8}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 50 + i blank.

Date: probably about the middle of the 18th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: the work is incomplete and confused towards the end.

#### 1604-MS. Sansk. d. 221

## Sajjana's Sūktāmṛtapunaruktopadaṃśadaśana, A. D. 1585.

Contents: the Süktämrtapunaruktopadamsadasana of Sajjana, a very brief treatise on medicine. It consists of only forty-five verses. It begins on f. 1v with two verses of introduction, which are corrupt: svasti i śridhanamtaraye namah i arūdhe tvayi devam āmgajapatim šaumdīracūdāmaņe \ kāsākumjaramamdalī mama puro 'thā sammukhīnā bhavet \ tat paryāptam anena kośavidhinā bhāraklamam kurvvatā vāram vāram itīva ciṃtanaparo netre 'pi dhatte karī 🛚 🗥 iti cādhīyānena tena grhītaprasādaparamparaķ kariņam i kosāropaņam akaravam 11 2 11 yeşām gajottamāmgāni valāni na mahībhujām I uttamāmgavihīnāni tāni teşām raņāmgaņe II cha | kadācit | Then follow, on ff. 2, 2, nine preliminary verses, ending: anye tv evam āhu I Then ff. 2<sup>v</sup>, 3, 3v, 4, in order, contain the remaining forty-five verses, ending: iti Vaidyavidyāvilāsāparamanāmabhājorasānām śuddhasamsarggabhedena trișașțivyamjanopadeśabhājaḥ ı Sajjanabhişajah prasūtasūktāmṛtapunaruktopadaṃśadaśanam pratyavasānam samāvacāra II

The text is bounded on either side by three red lines. The headings and colophon are written in red ink. The specimens given will show the inaccuracy of the MS. The title on the wrapper (f.ii) is Vaidyavidyāvilāśa.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 350). Size:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+4+xxxvii blank.

Date: f. 4": samvat 1641 (= A.D. 1585) varse mā-ghamāse kṛṣṇapakṣe navamyāṇ tithau guruvāsare 1 This must be the date of the original. The copy is probably of the 18th century.

Scribe: f. 47: idam pustaka lişāyatam pamḍitaśrīkesolikanakambhramgarājamca karavīrasatāvarī (sic) i

Character: Devanāgarī, with Jaina characteristics.

## 1605—MS. Sansk. c. 118

#### Langhanapathyanirnaya, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Langhanapathyanirnaya, a brief treatise on medicine. It begins, on f. 1<sup>V</sup>: śrīganeśāya namah i om śrīparamātmane namah i atha Langhanapathyanirnayagrantha lişyateh i śrīsarvajāam namaskṛtyā trayatāpanivāraka i caturgatipraharttā ca sārvausauṣyapradāya ii &c. i mayā grantham viracyate i The work is written in ślokas, of which the chief part, the langhanaprakarana, which ends on f. 19, contains 216 according to the MS. (really 215). The remaining 116 stanzas are mainly taken up with the pathya-

prakaraṇa. The work ends, on f. 27°: iti śrīlaṅghana-pathyanirṇayagrantha saṃpūrṇaḥ I The author quotes Suśruta, Hārīta, Caraka, Vaṅgasena, Cakradatta, Bheḍa, Vāgbhaṭa, Suṣeṇa, and the following books: Kālajñāna Vaidyavinoda, Kṣemakutūhala, Gāruḍīsaṃhitā, Cikitsāmṛtasāgara, Cikitsāratnabhūṣaṇa, Jvaratimirabhāskara (A. D. 1623), Bhāvaprakāśa, Bhiṣakcitracittotsava, Mādhavavidhāna, Vaidyasaṃjīvana, Vaidyasarvasva, Siddhāntaśiromaṇi, besides Vṛddha Vṛnda, the Ānandamālā and the Hitopadeśa.

There is a mistake in the numbering of the verses on ff. 15 sq. Verses 157, 158 are followed by 160, 161, 162, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 168, 170. A lacuna is marked on f. 22<sup>v</sup>. The MS. is very carelessly written and is full of bad mistakes. The text is bounded on either side by two red lines.

Cf. the work of Kāśīnātha, A.D. 1736, Peterson, Ulwar catal., no. 1675. For the subject-matter see Jolly, Medecin, p. 36.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 345).

Size:  $12\frac{8}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 27 + i blank.

Date: the middle of the 19th century.

Character: Devanagari.

Injuries: some letters lost on the edge of f. 27.

#### 77. MATERIA MEDICA

1606—MS. Sansk. d. 217 Yogasata, A. D. 1664.

Contents: the Yogasata, a medical work on drugs. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 316b. In this MS. there are considerable varieties of reading. The work consists of 255 verses. It begins, on f. 1v: śrīdhanvaṃtariye namaḥ i jvarābhibhūteṣaḍahādanaṃ taṃraṃ i vipakvadoṣekṣatalaṃ dhanādibhiḥ i yad bheṣajaṃ vaidyavaraḥ prayojayed asaṃśayaṃ haty acirena rogān IIIII Then follows verse 2 as in the Bodl. catal. It ends, on f. 10v: iti Yogaśataṃ smāptaṃ i

The text is bounded on either side by two black lines. Cf. Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 983; Weber, Catal., I, 296; Burnell, Tanjore catal., p. 67; Aufrecht, Leipzig catal., p. 382; Bendall, Sanskrit, &c., Books in British Museum, p. 494. A Yogasata with Dhanvapāla's commentary is attributed to Nāgārjuna in a MS. of A.D. 1415, Jolly, Medecin, p. 125.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 342).

Size:  $10\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  in. Material: Paper. No. of leaves: ii + 10 + xxx blank.

Date: f. 10": samvat 1720 (= A.D. 1664) vararşe

caitravada 10 some lisito 'yam gramthah 1

Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 1607-MS. Sansk. d. 219

#### Rāmacandra Guha's Rasendracintāmaņi, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Rasendracintāmaņi of Rāmacandra Guha, a treatise on metallic substances as medicines. It is described in the Bodl. catal., p. 321b. In this MS. the last chapter is called on f. 33 the aṣṭamo 'dhyāyaḥ, but this is wrong, the eighth being on f. 27.

The text is bounded by two lines in red. It is written in red ink, part of which has become very dark in colour.

See Bhandarkar, Bombay catal., p. 124; Eggeling, India Office catal., p. 984; Mitra, Notices, IV, 39. Printed at Calcutta in 1878. It is later than the Rasārṇava (A.D. 1300 at latest) which it quotes, Jolly, Medecin, p. 3, and before the 16th cent.; see Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 212.

Bought in 1887 from Dr. Eugen Hultzsch (MS. 344). Size:  $11 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii+33 (really 32, for f. 1 is lost)+i

Date: probably about the beginning of the 19th cent. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 78. SCIENCE OF LOVE

#### 1608-MS. Sansk. c. 11

Vātsyāyana's Kāmasūtra, A.D. 1875?

Contents: the Kāmasūtra, by Vātsyāyana, in seven adhikaraṇas, a revised copy, corrected by Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot, who writes (f. vi):—

'The accompanying Manuscript is corrected by me after comparing four different copies of the work. I had the assistance of the Commentary called "Jayamangla" for correcting the portion from I to V Chapter, but I found great difficulty in correcting the remaining portion; because with the exception of one copy thereof which was tolerably correct, all the other copies I had were far too incorrect; however, I took that portion as correct in which the majority of the copies had agreed.

The English translation of the same was made from the accompanying revised copy.'

It begins: atha Vātsyāyanīyam Kāmasūtram upodghātaḥ dharmmārtḥakāmebhyo namaḥ śāstre prakṛtatvāt tatsamavāyabodhakebhyaś cācāryebhyas tatsambandhāt Prajāpatir hi prajāķ sṛṣṭvā tāsām sthitinibandhanam trivarggasya śāsanam adhyāyānām śatasahasreņāgre provāca 1 &c. Adhikaraņa 1 ends on f. 11; 2, on f. 31; 3, on f. 41; 4, on f. 47; 5, on f. 61; 6, on f. 74; 7, on f. 80, thus: rakṣan dharmmārthakāmāms trīn 1 paśyan lokasya varttanam i asya śāstrasya tatvajño bhavaty eva jitendriyah 11711 tad etat kusalo vidvān dharmmārthāv api yojayan ı nātirāgātmakah kāmī prayunjānah prasiddhyati 11811 ity aupanişadike saptame dhikaraņe dvilīyo dhyāyah 11 samāptam saptamam adhikaraṇam 11 samāptam cedam Vātsyāyanīyam Kāmasūtram i For the commentary used by Mr. Arbuthnot, see Mitra, Notices, VI, 166 sq.

This copy differs frequently from Pandit Durgāprasāda's edition of the work (Bombay, 1891).

Presented by Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot in 1891. See his letter dated March 8, 1884, and Professor F. Max Müller's letter dated July 16, 1891, which are prefixed to the volume.

Size:  $13\frac{7}{8} \times 9$  in. Style of European books.

Material: English paper.

No. of leaves: vi + 80 + i blank. The writing is on the recto only.

Date: the paper has the water-mark 'T. H. Saunders, 1875.'

Character: Devanāgarī.

## 1609-MS. Sansk. c. 12

#### Vātsyāyana's Kāmasūtra, 19th cent.?

Contents: the Kāmasūtra, by Vātsyāyana, in seven adhikaraņas, described by Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot as the 'Benares copy.' It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namaļ 11 jayati Yadūnām patir jagati 11 dharmārthakāmebhyo namah ı śāstre prakrtatvāt ıı tatsamayāvabodhakebhyaś cācāryebhyas tatsambandhāt 1 &c. Adhikaraņa 1 ends on f. 11; 2, on f. 27<sup>v</sup>; 3, on f. 37; 4, on f. 42; 5, on f.  $54^{\circ}$ ; 6, on f.  $66^{\circ}$ ; 7, on f. 72, thus: raksan dharmārthakāmāṃs trīn paśyan lokasya varttanam i asya śāstrasya tatvajño bhavaty eva jitemdriyah i tad etat kuśalo vidvān dharmārthāv api yojayet nātirāgātmakah kāmī prayumjānah prasiddhyati 11 ity aupanişadike saptame 'dhikarane dvitiyo 'dhyayah ı naştaragapratyānayanum i vrddhavidhayah i citrās ca yogāh i ity ādi şattrimsah i samāptam cedam Vātsyāyanīyam Kāmasūtram samāptam 11 subham astu 11

## 320 §79. NON-VEDIC LITERATURE—TRANSLATIONS OF THE AVESTA

There are some marginal corrections by a different (Mr. Arbuthnot's?) hand, and a long marginal note on ff. 21<sup>v</sup>, 22.

Oldenberg has shown that the translation was apparently made from the Gujarātī version of Bhagvanlāl Das (Z.D.M.G., LVI, 126-128), but see Schmidt, Beiträge z. indischen Erotik, I, 19 sq.

Presented, together with MS. Sansk. c. 11 (1608), by Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot in 1891.

Size:  $12\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+72+i blank.

Date: quite modern, probably copied for Mr. Arbuthnot a short time before 1883 (when the translation of the Kāmasūtra was published).

Character: Devanagari.

#### 1610—MS. Sansk. c. 44

#### Kalyāṇamalla's Anangaranga, 18th cent.?

Contents: the Anangaranga, in ten sthalas, by It begins: śrīgaņeśāya namah u atila-Kalyāņamalla. litavilāsam visvacetonivāsam samarakrtavilāsam sambarākhyapraṇāśaṃ 🛚 ratinayananikāmaṃ saṃtataṃ cābhirāmam prasabhavijitavāmam sarmadam naumi Kāmam (11) Lodīvamśāvatamso . . . oprādurbhūtāsu simdhuşv amitavarayasolīlayā plāvitāsvah II satputrah khyātakīrterahao ... śrīlādakhānah kṣitipatimakuṭair ... 11 2 11 ... 1 śrīman mahākavivi seşakalāvidagdhah Kalyāņamalla iti bhūpamunir yaśasvī 11 3 11 The dotted passages agree with the text as printed at Bombay in 1842 (Anamgaraṃgasarvasaṃgraha mūļagraṃtha, with a Marathi commentary . . . Sake 1764). F. 3: iti śrikalyānamallaviracite Anamgaramge padminyādijātivarņanam nāma prathamasthalam II The tenth sthala is incomplete, the last śloka being: adhomukhī mastakadohkucāsyair bhuvam gatā krāmati yatra nārī 🗤 karīva bhartā ratilolacittas tad thasamjñam karanam pradistam 1129 11 (Edition, p. 189.)

See the *Bodl. catal.*, p. 218; Aufrecht, *Leipzig catal.*, p. 274; Eggeling, *India Office catal.*, pp. 360 sq. There is an English translation, Cosmopoli, 1885. For his date (15th cent.) see Bendall, *Brit. Mus. catal.*, p. 217.

? Bought. In the library in April, 1884, and noted as part of 'Burnell Collection.' Dr. Arthur Coke Burnell died 12 Oct. 1883.

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 44.

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 6$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: ii + 27 + ii blank.

Date: about the middle of the 18th century.

Character: Devanāgarī.

Injuries: ff. 4-18 are damaged by insects, but without much injury to the text.

#### 79. TRANSLATIONS OF THE AVESTA

#### 1611-MS. Zend e. 1

#### Neryosangh's Translation of the Yasna, 15th cent.?

Contents: the Translation of the Yasna by Neryosangh. This work was edited by Dr. Friedrich Spiegel, Leipzig, 1861. It is a version of a Pahlavi version of the Yasna. The Gāthā portion, i.e. Yasna XXVIII-XXXIV, XLIII-L, LI, LIII, was edited, along with the original text, a Pahlavi translation, and a Persian text, by L. H. Mills, 1892-1894, who in the Preface, p. iv, briefly describes this MS. The MS. is in a very much mutilated state. It contains only the Zend and the Sanskrit. As usual the Sanskrit as well as the Zend reads from bottom to top. It is usually denoted by J<sup>3</sup>: so Mills and Geldner, Avesta, I, iv. It ends with LIV, 1, on f. 260<sup>a</sup>. Ff. 261-263 contain a part of the missing text in a later hand.

Former owner: the MS. was received in 1890, having been sent by Destoor Jamaspji Minocheherji Jamasp Asana, Hon. D.C.L., Oxon., to Dr. L. H. Mills, who asked him to present this as well as other MSS. to the Bodleian Library.

Kept as Arch F. e. 3.

Size:  $8\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$  in. The MS. is arranged like a European book.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: iii + 263 + xv blank. The bound MS. only contains 138 of these leaves, the rest being under glass.

Date: Dr. Mills, l.c., says that it was 'written soon after the death of Neryosangh, whose important labours date from about 500 to 600 years ago.'

Scribe: there is a Pahlavi colophon on f. 260° by a later hand, and ff. 261-263 are supplied by yet another hand.

Character: the Sanskrit is in Devanagari.

Injuries: very many of the leaves have suffered from abrasion, and are very difficult to decipher. In several cases the edges are gone. Most of the leaves under glass are in very poor condition indeed. Yasna II, 3-8 is missing both in Avesta and Sanskrit, three pages being left blank.

#### 1612—MS. Or. Polygl. c. 2

Neryosangh's Translation of the Yasna, about A. D. 1825-1829.

Contents: the Translation of Yasna I, 1-19 (= I, 1-7 Geldner) by Neryosangh, accompanied by the Avesta text, Pahlavi translation, and a version in

Gujarātī. The translation is preceded by the usual introduction (f. 1<sup>v</sup>) where his name appears as Niriosamphena Dhavalasutena. The MS. contains a good deal more than Spiegel prints, but is most carelessly written and full of inaccuracies. There are several notes on the margins; that on f. 17 is: Idum Eejisni Zundapostukum maya Nireeosunghen Dhuwul sooten Puhluweezandat Sanskrit bhashayam cocitaritum (?) G. E. Eejisnee Zund postuk Nireeosungh Dhuwulutsut noo beto Puhluwee thuke with Sanskrit banee kuree vobareeoo chhe. Ff. v, vi contain a 'translation into Zund by a Dustoor of Surat of the specimen of the old persian language given by Sir Wm. Jones. See p. 306 Vol. III of his Works 8vo ed.' This is conjectured by Dr. West to have formed part of an intended essay on the authenticity of the Avesta. The Sanskrit and Gujarātī are written upside down, and begin as a rule from the foot of the page.

Presented by Mrs. Max Müller in 1901. It belonged originally to Mr. John Romer, to whom it was given (or for whom it was written) by a Dastur of Surat. (See letters from Mrs. Max Müller and Dr. E.W. West prefixed to the volume.)

Size:  $13\frac{5}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{8}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+8+ii blank.

Date: probably about 1825-1829 as the Gujarātī is from Frāmjī's translation (Dr. West).

Character: Devanagari for the Sanskrit and Gujarāti.

### 1613—MS. Zend d. 1

#### Neryosangh's Translation of the Khorda Avesta, 14th or 15th cent.?

Contents: a photographic copy of the MS. belonging to Destoor Jamaspji Minocheherji Jamasp Asana, usually known as J 9. It contains the Khorda Avesta with the Sanskrit Translation of Neryosangh, cf. MS. Zend c. 2 (1614). The first two leaves are missing, but some quite modern leaves have been prefixed with a separate pagination, I-XXIV = ff. 1-13 of the MS. as bound. These leaves contain the usual introduction, an alphabet, text and translation of the Nirang-i Kusti, Srosh Bāj, Hoshbām, then begins f. 3 of the old MS. containing the Khurshed Nyāish, Māh Yasht, Ātash Nyāish, Mihir Nyāish, Abān Nyāish (for these two there is no Sanskrit), Hörmezd Yasht (only part of the Sanskrit), Nīrangs, Patits, a marriage formula in Sanskrit, Srosh Yasht, Nīrang-i boī dādan, Dahmān Āfrīngān, Āśīrvād Āfrīngān, Āśīrvād-i Fravardiyān, Gahanbar Afringan Afr. 3. 3-13, Nîrangi sihana. For all this see Geldner, Avesta, I, iv, v.

The MS. is very far from accurate. The photograph

hardly shows the differences of ink. In the original the Avesta and Pazand are written in red ink, the Sanskrit in black.

Former shelfmark: MS. Zend e. 2.

The leaves of the MS. as photographed are pasted into a book.

Size of book:  $12\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{1}{8}$  in. In English style. Size of leaves as photographed:  $3\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in.

It must be noted that as the result of the method of photographing, f. 1 of the book contains ff. 1v, 2 of the original: f. 1v of the book contains ff. 2v, 3 of the original, and so on.

Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: in the book there are i + 67 + i blank. In the original, 24 + 107 (really 104, see below).

Date: according to the Asirvada, written after samvat 1400: samvatsareşu caturdasasateşu amukadāvarşe 1 Destoor Jamaspji in a letter quoted by Geldner, l.c., says it is customary even in printed texts merely to give the century. Samuat 1400 is properly = A.D. 1344, so that the MS. was written before 1444; in any case it must be very close to the date of Nervosangh himself. Cf. H 2 (Geldner, p. iii), which is dated A.D. 1415.

Character: the Sanskrit is in Devanagari.

Injuries: ff. 1, 2 of the old MS. are wanting, and also a leaf after f. 103. A lacuna occurs on f. xiv.

#### 1614-MS. Zend c. 2

#### Neryosangh's Translation of the Khorda Avesta, 18th cent. ?

Contents: the Translation of the Khorda Avesta by Neryosangh, being a translation of a Pahlavi rendering of the Zend, made probably about the 14th century by a Parsi, with a very defective knowledge of Sanskrit. The MS. contains, besides the usual introduction by Neryosangh, the Nīrang-i Kustī, Srosh Bāj, Hoshbām, Khurshēd Nyāish, Māh Nyāish, Ābān Nyāish, Atash Nyāish, Nām stāyishni, Patits, Afrīngān-i Dahman, Afringan Arda-Fravash, all of which are enumerated by a modern hand in red ink on a slip of paper inserted after f. i. This MS. is not included in Geldner's list, Avesta, I, ii-xiii. It is, indeed, merely a modern, carelessly written copy, much inferior even to MS. Zend d. 1 (1613), which itself is not very accurate. The MS. contains not merely the Zend and Sanskrit, but also the Pahlavi, and a Persian version. As usual, to suit the Avesta, the Sanskrit reads from the bottom upwards.

Size:  $12\frac{5}{8} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$  in, The MS. is arranged like a European book.

Digitized by Google

Material: Paper, apparently European.

No. of leaves: i + 120 + i blank.

Date: very doubtful, perhaps 18th century, but very likely still more modern.

Character: the Sanskrit is in Devanagari.

#### 80. PICTURE BOOK

#### 1615-MS. Ouseley 414

Pictures with Descriptions, 18th cent.?

Contents: pictures of natural objects, the earth, the sun, trees (two), bird, cat, men (two, the latter matta), girl, man, two women, Kṛṣṇa, Garuḍa, Rāma, Gaṅgādevī, a headless woman, and Jagannātha, each described in very bad Sanskrit on the verso.

Former shelfmark: MS. Ouseley 715.

Kept in an ornamental cardboard case in a wooden box.

Size of case:  $5\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in. The case is open at the top only.

Size of leaf:  $4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$  in.

Material: written on thin strips of some very strong kind of leaf.

No. of leaves: 17.

Date: perhaps the end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th century.

Character: Bengālī.

#### 81. FRAGMENTS

#### 1616—MS. Sansk. b. 6 (R)

Fragments, 12th to 14th cent.?

Contents: a miscellaneous collection of fragments of various MSS. In most cases only a single leaf remains, usually in very bad preservation.

- (1) F. 2 contains the title: Vājasaneyinī Vivāhādipaddhatih i
- (2) F. 3 contains a fragment of a Pindīkrama, ascribed to Āryanāgārjuna.
  - (3) F. 4, a fragment of a Putrapaddhati.
  - (4) F. 5, a fragment on the Vaisvadeva rites.
  - (5) F. 6, probably ritual.
- (6) Ff. 7, 8, in the original foliation 3 and 8, a dialogue between Kṛṣṇa and Lakṣmī.
  - (7) Ff. 9, 10, fragment of a Buddhist stotra.

- (8) F. 11, fragment of a stotra beginning: namo buddhāya i nirastasarvvāvaraņo bhajālaniśesasamkhyā-tavikalpavāyo i svākāśapāno vadīto vibhāti svāla (lost) pūrnņacandrah i
  - (9) Ff. 12, 13, belonged to Syāmaśarmman.
- (10) F. 14, astronomical fragment, beginning: ādityajātikṣiti | and containing the Navagrahānām pūjāvidhiḥ. Numbered 2.
  - (11) F. 15, fragment of an Avadana.
- (12) F. 16 begins: om namah śrikṛṣṇāya i tad evāgnis tad Ādityas tad Vāyus tad va Candramāh i It contains ten ślokas.
- (13) F. 17 contains the end of the dvātrimśo dhyāyah of some Tantra.
  - (14) Ff. 18, 19, Tantric prayers; numbered ff. 3, 4.
  - (15) F. 20, fragment on Vivaha.
  - (16) F. 21, Tantric fragment.
  - (17) F. 22, Tantric fragment.
  - (18) Ff. 23-26, mantras for domestic rites.
- (19) F. 27, scraps, e.g. hiranyavarnnāh śucayah pāvakāh, &c.
- (20) Ff. 28-30, seem to be by one hand; apparently calculations of dates for various rites, called on f. 30 Sūryapūjā.
- (21) Of the remaining leaves ff. 33-35, 36, 37, 44-47 are by four different hands; the rest are by various hands. Altogether some twenty MSS. are represented. Of these f. 50<sup>V</sup> bears the date nasam 487 (= A.D. 1367) if f. 51<sup>V</sup>, nasam 439 (= A.D. 1319) māghavadi i f. 54, nasam 482 (= A.D. 1362). F. 38 is in Kuţila writing of about the 12th cent.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $16\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{7}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in. Size of leaf: about  $14\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$  in. for the most part.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 59.

Date: see above for the dates given. The other pieces vary from the 12th to the 14th century.

Character: Nepalese and Bengālī.

## 1617-MS. Sansk. a. 13 (R)

Fragments, 12th-14th cent.?

Contents: five odd leaves from three or four different MSS. The only colophon is: iti muni (three letters lost) -sūtrād dhṛtaḥ Santibodhaḥ 1

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle. Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $22\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf: about  $21\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$  in. Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through two holes at the sides.

No. of leaves: 5.

Date: one leaf—Kutila—is probably 12th century. The rest not later than the 14th.

Character: one Kuțila, four Nepalese.

## 1618—MS. Sansk. b. 36 Fragments, 17th cent.?

Contents: merely a small fragment of some work, which cannot be identified, with a commentary or translation in Sinhalese. It was thus described by R. C. Childers, on June 14, 1868, and the text is so much mutilated that a more precise description is not possible.

Presented, perhaps, like MS. Sansk. d. 32 (R) [1457], by Dr. Mill?

Former shelfmark: MS. Bodl. Sanscr. 36.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $17 \times 3$  in.

Size of MS.:  $16\frac{1}{3} \times 2\frac{5}{8}$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by two boards, and a string going through two holes in the MS.

No. of leaves: 4, and two boards.

Date: apparently old; may be 17th cent. or earlier. Character: Sinhalese.

## 1619—MS. Sansk. d. 12 (R) Fragment, 15th cent.?

Contents: four leaves, numbered 3, 5, 15, and 16 of a work, probably Buddhist, containing rules of conduct. Verses 19-28, 41-50, 138-149, 177-179, and 185-187 alone remain. Many of the verses are well known from other sources, and present interesting deviations from the usual text. F. 3: strīņām dviguņam āhārah buddhis traso caturguņah 1 şadgunam vyavasāyanah kāmas cāstagunam bhavet 11 23 11 see Böhtlingk, Indische Sprüche<sup>2</sup>, no. 7204. F. 3: bhojyam lhojanašaktiš ca ratišaktiš ca varastriyo l vibhavo dānašaktiš ca nālpasya tapasas phalam 11 23 11 (see Böhtlingk, no. 4640). F. 3v: agnihotraphalam vedā šīlavṛttiphalam śrutam ı ratiputraphalam nārī dattabhuktaphalam dhanam 11 2511 (see Böhtlingk, no. 71) parokșe kāryahantāro pratyakșe priyavādino i varjjayet tādršam mitram visakumbham payomukham 11 27 11 (see Böhtlingk, no. 3979). F. 5: durjjaņo priyavādī ca naiva višvāsakāraņam i madhu sravati jihvāgre hrdaye hālāhalam (krakha added by a later hand) 114211 (see Böhtlingk, no. 2852) mukhapadmadalākāram vākyam candanasītalam (the letters are only half visible) hrdaya

karttīsamyuktam trividham dhūrtalakşanam 114311 (see Böhtlingk, no. 4882). F. 5 : sādhusammānamātreņa bhavanti dehavikrayā i upakārašatenāpi durijaņam ka kena grhyati 1147 11 (see Böhtlingk, no. 6991) jirnnam annam prašamsanti (or prašasyanti) bhāryyāñ ca gatayauvana i raņe pratyāgatam sūra sasyam ca grham agatam (the second half in a later hand) 115011 (see Böhtlingk, no. 2424) kulīnasya visam pānam majīrņņam bhojanam vişam 1 &c. F. 13: doşo 'py asti guno 'py asti nirdokha naiva jääyate I sukumärasya padmasya nālo bhavati karkkaśah III40II yo yatra sata yānti kte caiva puna puna i sa tata laghutā yānti yadi Sakrasamo bhavet 1114111 (see Böhtlingk, nos. 2988 and 5638). F. 13<sup>v</sup>: namanti phalino vṛkṣā namaṃti vivuddhā janā t śuśkakāṣṭhañ ca mūrkhañ ca namanti ca bhajanti ca 1114611 varam eka guņī putra na ca mūrkhaśatair api i eka candras tamo hanti na ca tārāsatair api 11147 II mṛdunā vajradā hanti mṛdunā hanti dāruṇaṃ \ nāṣādhya mṛdunā kiñcit tasmāt tīkṣṇacarau mṛdu 1114811 pañca yatra vidyante kuryāt tatra samgatim i lokajātrābhaya lajya - - 115011 (see Böhtlingk, nos. 3365, 5971, 4962, 3862). The MS. is extremely inaccurate and is very badly written by a scribe ignorant of Sanskrit.

Bought in 1900 from Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle.

Kept in a cloth box. Size of box:  $10\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$  in. Size of leaf:  $10\frac{8}{8} \times 2$  in.

Material: Palm-leaves, held together by a string passing through a central hole.

No. of leaves: 4. Only half of the last leaf remains.

Date: end of the 14th or beginning of the 15th century.

Character: Nepalese. The number 4 is made very like a 3. The s and s are confused and n and n.

## 1620 (1-5)-MS. Sansk. c. 133

Miscellaneous fragments, 19th cent.?

Contents: various Sanskrit fragments.

1. Ff. 1-5, a letter from H. H. Wilson to Professor Max Müller, dated March 28, 1859, asking him to verify a passage cited by Rādhākānta from the Nārā-yaṇīyā Upaniṣad justifying the practice of satī. The passage begins: Agne vratānām vratapatir asi pātyā-nugamavratam cariṣyāmi tac chakeyam tan me rādhya-tām 11 he Agne karmmasākṣin yatah tvam vratānām prājāpatyākhilavratānām vratapatir asi 1 &c. Then the verse: iha tvā Agne namasā vidheya suvargasya lokasya sametyai 1 juṣāno adya haviṣā jātavedo viṣāti tvā satvato naya mā patyur Agne 11 he Agne iha asmin karmmaṇi 1 &c.

- 2. Ff. 6-9, a letter in Sanskrit from Ācārya Vallabhaji Nandasarman, son of Ācārya Haridanta Nandasarman, written to Professor Max Müller in 1893 from Rājkot, Kāthiāwār, asking for a copy of the second edition of his Rg-veda. It begins, on f. 6: śriśo jayati 1 śripańcakayuktanam bhattopadhim dharayatam vividhavidvāvišāradānām vidvanmamdalīmamdanānām Sārmanyadesotpannānām Iglāmdadesasthitijusām Moksamūlaramahodayānām karakamalayor idam vijnaptipatram Ācāryopākhyaharidantanamdasarmasunoh Ācāryopā khyavallabhajinamdasarmanah Jirnadurganivāsino 'pi Rājyadurgasthītimatah samullasatutarām 1 sam ubhayatra aparam ca 1 sāmpratam sabhāşyam Ravedapustakam dvitīyayā 'vrtyāmkitam asti tatrabhavadbhih bhavadbhir ity āgatam nah śrutipatham 1 &c. It ends, on f. 8: samvat 1949 (= A.D. 1893) vaišākhašukla 5 bhrgau sune 1893 (?) aprelatā 21 Rājyadurge 1 asmy aham dataparisramaklamapariharapurvakaksama labhabobhavān 1 svahasto mama Ācāryopākhyaharidantanamdasarmasūnor Vallabhajīnamdasarmaņaķ ( He states on f. 8: anukramanikām pranayitum icchāmi I
- 3. Ff. 10, 11, a letter from A. Ranganāthācārya, Sanskrit Pandit at the High School of the Rāja of Venkaṭagiri, Nellore, Madras Presidency, to Professor Max Müller, enclosing a poem of thanks for the gift of a copy of the second edition of his Rg-veda, dated May 18, 1893. The poem begins, on f. 10: yat satyam sarvabhūtesv anumukham akhilam vyāpya viśvātma bhāti i prāyaḥ prāyaḥ prajābhir yad iha vilasitam stūyate japyate ca i yan nityam sarvavedesv adhigatamahir na prāpyate sarvavarnaiḥ i tat tat tvām pālayed ity adhikam adhiguṇam prārthayāmy esa vidvan 11111 It ends, on f. 10°: soḍhavyam atrabhavatā yan me vṛthoktir ālikhitā i tad api prītā tasmāt pitṛvan mahyam dayasva modasva 111611
- 4. F. 14, three verses celebrating Siva, Brahma, and Viṣṇu. F. 14: vaṃde taṃ nīlakaṃṭhaṃ śirasi surasarid yasya nityaṃ vahaṃtī 1 śobhāṃ yad nāladeśe nirasati ca śaśī śasvad āsabhavarttī 1 nāgaṃ ghaṃṭāṃ triśūlaṃ ḍamarukasahitaṃ nandirājaṃ ca vibhrat 1 bhūtiṃ mālākapālaṃ dharati ca sadā śmaśānavāsī Sivo yaḥ 11 11 śāste śaśvan mumīnāṃ gaṇamathasupathe vedam āvarttayaty 1 Viṣṇor nābhisamudbhavo bhavamukhai devaiḥ stuto nityaśa 1 yo haṃsaṃ nijavāhanaṃ prakurute yatsaṃgam āste sma gī 1 haste vedam akhaṃḍitaṃ dharati yas taṃ pūrvajaṃ naumy ahaṃ 11 211 śāṃtākāraṃ bhujagaśayanaṃ padmanābhaṃ sureśaṃ viśvādhāraṃ gaganasadṛśaṃ meghavarṇaṃ sure 1 Lakṣmīkāṃtaṃ kamalanayanaṃ yogibhir dhyānagamyaṃ1 vaṃde Viṣṇuṃ bhavabhayaharaṃ sarvalokaikanāthaṃ11311

The edge of the leaf is worn away and several letters are illegible.

5. Ff. 15, 16: the Gāyatrī verse with a translation and some remarks in English on its sacredness and mystery. F. 17 contains some remarks on Arabic conjunctions by the same hand. The translation here given of the Gāyatrī (tat Savitur vareṇyaṃ bhargo devasya dhīmahi dhiyo yo naḥ pracodayāt oṃ) is 'Him, the creator his light contemplate (inwardly) (He is) the preparer (of the benefits or result of prayer) He is god or light He applys or turns your wisdoms senses to employment.'

[Ff. 12, 13 contain respectively an astronomical fragment in Bengālī and a fragment in Panjābī.]

Former owner: 1-8 belonged to Prof. Max Müller. Size:  $14\frac{5}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{4}$  in. Material: Paper.

No. of leaves: i+17+i blank.

Date: for 1-8 see above. The rest must be early 19th century.

Scribe: for 1-3 see above. Character: Devanāgarī.

#### 82. PRAYER BOOK

1621—MS. Or. Polygl. f. 1 Prayers, A.D. 1851–1853.

Contents: 'Psalms and Prayers for every day in the month,' written in different languages, each in its own character, by the Rev. S. C. Malan, in the years 1851–1853 (see pp. 7, 583). The Sanskrit begins, on f. 469: 107 saptasatataman gītam 1 pareśvaram praśamseta yatah sa mangalapradah 1 tadīyānugrahasyāpi jāyate nityasamsthitih 11 F. 475: 128 gītam 1 prakaroti manusyo yah sādhvasam parameśvarāt 1 tatpathasya ca pāntho yo bhavet sa dhanya ucyate 11 This section ends on f. 476, but there are some more verses on ff. 477v-482.

Presented by the Rev. S. C. Malan in 1859. Size:  $7 \times 5\frac{3}{9}$  in.

Material: Paper, bound as a European book, with clasps and flaps.

No. of leaves: 587 (really 588, as f. 206 is double). Date: A. D. 1851-1853, see f. 583, note by S. C. Malan. Scribe: S. C. Malan.

Character: the Sanskrit in Devanagari.

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tHarikṛṣṇa (A. D. 1710), 1530, 292. Harijīvanamiśra, Snānasūtrapaddhati, 868 (3). Haridanta Nandasarman, father of Vallabhajī (A. D. 1893), 1620 (2), Haridiksita, Laghusabdaratna, 1129. †Harinanda (A. D. 1782), 1302. †Harinātha (A. D. 1644), 1485, 277. Harinārāyaņa, Muhūrtamañjarī, 1560. Haribhadra, Avasyakavrtti, 1350. Daśavaikālikatīkā, 1354. Daśavaikālikāvacūri, 1355. Haribhadrasūri, Şaddarśanasamuccaya, 1481. Haribhanu, 1530, 292. Haribhānuśukla (A. D. 1809), Jātakālamkrtitīkā, 1574. Hariyāṇādeśa, 1398, 235. Harirāma, Visayatāvāda, 1310. Sāmagrīvāda, 1311. Harirāya, Jīcaraņacihnamāhātmya, 1388. Harivaméa, S'esadharma from, 1224. Harivadana, patron (A. D. 1670), 1248. †Hariśankara, 1388, 229. Hariśankara, grandfather of †Jīvanarāma (A. D. 1760, 1762), 946. Hariśankara Daivajña, father of Ganapati Rāvala (A. D. 1685), 1557. Hariscandropākhyāna, 1228. Hariṣājogya, recipient of MS. from \*Pāṭamade (A. D. 1637), 1400, 237. Harisvāmin, S'atapathabhāsya, 972. +Harihara (A. D. 1653), son of Govardhana, 859 (2), 5, 898 (1), 25. +Harihara (A. D. 1653), son of Jñānīvaśa, 959. Harihara, son of Devajī (A.D. 1636), 957, 52, 959, 54. Harihara, father of †Ratnadeva (A. D. 1716), 1080. \*Harīrāma (A. D. 1731), 1081, 107. †Harīrāma (A. D. 1715), 1508.

\*Harīśankara, 902, 904. Hemacandra-Harsa, father of Kṛṣṇadāsa, 1405 (1). Yogaśāstra, 1376. Harşakirti, pupil of Candrakirti, Lingānuśāsanavivaraņoddhāra, 1136. 1143. Dhātutaranginī, 1139. Vītarāgastotra, 1381 (1), 1382, Dhātupātha, 1138. 1383. Sindūraprakaratīkā, 1412. S'abdānuśāsanavrtti, 1140 (1). †Harşacandra, 1387. S'esasamgrahasāroddhāra, 1109 Harșacarita, by Bāṇa Bhaṭṭa, 1524 (2), 1110 (2). Hemacandra, (1).Harşadeva, Ratnāvalī, 1247 (10), naka, 1408. Hematilaka, teacher of Ratnasekhara. Nāgānanda, 1247 (13), 176. \*Harsavijaya, pupil of Sivavijayagani, 1390, 231. \*Hall (dr. F.), 891, 895, 944, 945, 42, 1022, 82, 1023. Hastāmalikatīkā, by S'ankarācārya, 1289. Hārīta, cited in Langhanapathyanirnaya, 1605. Hārītasmrti, 1094 (2). Hāsā, son of Kṛṣṇa, 1344. Hitopadesa, 1275. Index Verborum to, 1221 (1). Hiranyakeśi Srauta Sūtra, commentary on, by Mahādeva, 1040. Hirādhara, son of Vaijala, 1145. Hisarīyāvāsī, 1558. Hīravijayasūri, teacher of Udayaharşagaņi, 1347; successor to Vijayadānasūri, 1401, 1402, 1406 (3), 241. Hümkarabhairava Dharani, 1449 (134), 262. +Hrdayānandasarman (A.D. 1568), 1158, 141. Hemakīrtideva, successor to Ksemakīrtideva, 1398, 235. Hemacandra-Anekārthasamgraha, 1111 (1). Abhidhanacintamani, 1107, 1109 (1). Abhidhānacintāmaņitīkā, 1108.

1365, 217 Hemavijaya, MS. written for (A. D. 1564), 1109. Hemādri, cited in Nirnayoddhāra, 1497. Heruka Dhāraņī, 1449 (63), 260. Herukavajradākatantra Dhāraņī, 1449 (64), 260. \*Hoernle (dr. A. F. R.), 1057, 1058, 1067, 1091, 112, 1130, 1173, 1181, 1192, 156, 1227, 1228, 1428, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1434, 1439-1442, 1444, 1445, 1448, 1454, 1456, 1460, 1461, 1464, 1500, 1511, 1523, 1595, 1616. 1617, 1619. Hotrsamsthājapa, 869 (1). \*Hodgson (B. H.), former owner of MSS. Hodgson. Homadravyaparimāņa, Sāma-veda, pariśista, 857 (15). Holade, wife of Naksu, 1400, 237. Hautraprayoga, 864 (2). Hautrasūtra, attributed to Kātyāyana, 864 (1). Hautrī Dīkṣāvicārapaddhati, 1057. Fragments, 1058, 1097 (7), 117, 1157 (2), **1162** (3-5), **1442**, **1447** (2), 258, 1600 (1), 1616-1621. \*Ffoulkes (Mrs. E.), 1166, 1176.

Zuisenzi Palm-leaf MS., 1422.

Balinarendrākhyā-

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Triśastiśalākāpurusacarita,

Upadešamālā, 1418.

1390-1392.

## ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA

PAGE (	aat.	T.TN	ne l	PAGE	COT.	LINE	
4,			read Sāmaprātiśākhya	175.	I.	30 read °viślista°	
-,	-,		read Drāhyāyaņa	176,			
5.	I,		add: This is the MS. 'R 1' used by Dr. Reuter	<b>,</b>	-,	4 read Ghatakarpara	
-,	-,		for his edition of the Srauta Sutra of Drahya-	186.	ı.	22 from foot read Anandstirtha's	
			yana, London, 1904.	193,	,	handing)	
		3	read Nilāsura	•	ı.	heading Joy VEDANIA I AUGUSTO 7600	
			add: See also W. Caland, Altindischer Ahnen-	194,	•	heading)	
			cult, Leiden, 1893, p. 245.	196,	I,	12 from foot read sarmanā for sarmanā	
6,	I,	16	read Jaiminīya	199,		6 read maņikārānām	
			add: This is the MS. 'W' used by Dr. Reuter for	206,	2,	8 read Bhadrabāhu	
			his edition of the Srauta Sūtra of Drāhyāyaṇa			21 read Sthavirāvalī	
8,	I,		put, after prayoga	207,	I,	29 read Sthavirāvalī	
			read °pasubandhaprayoga	214,	I,		
9,	ı,	2	read Kalpa Sütra for Srauta Sütra	226,	2,	8 read Siddha- for Siddha-	
	2,		read astakā	228,	I,	21 read Pārśvanātha	
10,	2,		read Uber	237,	2,	15 read vrsti- for vrsti-	
11,	ı,	4	add: See also Winternitz, R.A.S. catal., pp. 224,	250,	ı,	13 read Buddh. Sansk. MSS.	
			225.	251,		9 read MSS. for Lit.	
		36	read Dāmodara	255,		5 from foot read MSS. for Lit.	
21,	2,	8	from foot add: See now Prof. Macdonell's edition	256,		3 from foot read MSS. for Lit.	
			of the Brhad-devatā, Cambridge, Mass., 1904,			13 from foot read Atītānāga-	
-00		_	p. xvi.	261,	Ι,	11 read 69, 70	
22,			read Palaeographie	0.00	_	12 delete 70	
			read As. for Tr.	262,	I,	17 read Svapnevidyā	
00,	2,	15	from foot add: Bendall, Brit. Mus. catal., p. 15,			20 read Ādityadvādaśa	
			n. 2, doubts this explanation, but he does not	967		33 read Maricī	
			observe that the 3rd prapathaka of Book XIV	267,		7 read Haraprasāda 12 from foot delete 1786	
			in the Mādhyandina recension corresponds to			11 read Rāmāyaṇapūjanaṃ	
			the (3rd) adhyāya of the Kāṇva, which explains why the last adhyāya is numbered 8 and not	201,	z,	15 read Vālmīkamunisiṃhasya	
			7 or 9.	201		27 read Sälivähana	
76,	τ.	=	from foot read Nārāyaṇendra Sarasvatī	299,			
78,	-		add: but see Epigr. Ind., VI, 261, where Anan-	200,	٠,	The from foot!	
,	-,	7	datīrtha is shown to have lived A.D. 1238-	<b>3</b> 00,	т	read Jyotişakaumudi	
			1317.	000,	-,	3	
85.	ı.	25	add: This is the MS. 'R 2' used by Dr. Reuter for	309,	2.	10 from foot read Pischel	
,	-,	- 0	his edition of the Srauta Sūtra of Drāhyāyaṇa.	316,		5 read Amarakosodghāṭana	
86,	2,	3	from foot add: See also H. Stönner, Das Man-	316,		9)	
·	•	·	trabrāhmaņa, Halle a. S., 1901, pp. xii sq., and	317,		·	
			Winternitz, R. A. S. catal., p. 114.	,	2,	i)	
105,	I,	27	read S'ikṣā		•	8 from foot read Medicin	
109,	2,	6	from foot add: See Lüders, Vyāsašikṣā, p. 2.	318,	2,	5 put , after Kālajñāna	
110,	I,	2	add (P) after the shelfmark	-		19 read Medicin	
			from foot read Frankfurter's			2 from foot read Medicin	
115,	2,	3	from foot read ceturbhu-	319,	I,	20 read Medicin	
129,	2,	7	from foot after I, 135 sq. add: Bühler, Ind.	320,	I,	11 from foot add: See also R. Schmidt, Beiträge	
10"	_		Ant., XV, 32.			zur ind. Erotik, pp. 27-34.	
			read tribhuvanagatakīrtiķ	321,	2,	16 read Āśīrvāda	
			from foot read °svagārohaṇaṃ	324,	Ι,	8 read Imgl <sup>o</sup>	
140,	Ι,	76	for 1726? read 1666? , 17 for A. D. 1666—probable read A. D. 1666.	205	_	10 read sūnoķ 13 from foot read Abhayamkarī Dhāraņī	
174,		4	read °marīcikāsv	325,		~ 1' . 7 <i>7</i> ~	
±, ±,	•	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l	3,	z z	
	BODL. SAMS. CATAL. II.						

PAGE COL. LINE

325, 3, 18 read Amarakośodghāṭana, by Kṣīrasvāmin, 1101. Vagbhata cited in, 1599, 316.

326, 1, after line 2 add: \*Arbuthnot (F.F.), 1608, 1609, 320. after line 15 from foot add: \*Ahmed Din, 1091, 112.

2, after line 10 add: Adityadvādasa Dhāranī, 1449 (124), 262.

3, 14 read Apastamba Kalpa Sutra 37 read Jñānasāgara

327, 1, 12 from foot read S'işyahitānyāsa

3, 26 from foot read Sankarā° after line 29 add: \*Elliott (J. B.) of Patna, 890. after line 13 from foot add: \*Ouseley (sir F. A. Gore), 890 and MSS. Ouseley.

328, 1, after line 19 add: \*Kanematsu (K.), 1419 (1), 1420 (1), 1435, 1452.

2, 20 read Kāmhāmnuā

3, 21 Kāśī should not be in thick type. after line 17 from foot add: \*Kirkpatrick (capt.), 142.

329, 1, 13 read Kuvalayānanda

after line 11 from foot add: \*Ken (J.), 1532.

2, after line 16 add: \*Kaigon Fugimura, 1443, 256. after line 23 add: \*Kaishin Kurehito, 1419 (3), 1421 (1), 1422 (1), 1436, 1451.

3, 15 put, after Purana

330, 1, 29 from foot read stavavrtti

3, 6 read prechā 25 read otanuja

28 from foot read Deva°

PAGE COL LINE

ı *read* °mani 331, r, after line 17 from foot add: \*Colebrooke (H. T.), 1406, 241.

2, after line 13 from foot add: \*Jamaspji Minocheherji Jamasp Asana, 1611.

332, 1, after line 32 add: \*Jones (sir W.), 999, 67, 1007, 74, 1144, 135, 1244, 1427, 1483, 276. after line 15 from foot add: Jyotişakaumudī, 1551,

333, 1, before line 1 add: \*Thibaut (dr. G.), 946, 988, 1000, 1004, 1024, 83, 1053, 95, 1054, 1064, 99, 1065, 1119, 125, 1123, 1125, 1186, 1459,

2, 31 for I. V. to, 1221 (5) read see Devīmāhātmya 24 from foot read 1105

3, after line 4 add: Index Verborum to, 1221 (5). 12 read Devendrasūri, Siddhapañcāśikāsūtra 13 read vrtti

334, I, IO from foot read Nilasura

1497, 1534.

3, 20 from foot read Jyotişakaumudī 15 from foot add: quotes before Prasna° 8 from foot read Nīlāsura

335, г, 3 read Nrsimha Sarasvatī

23 read †Naimna° 27 read satika

9 read Paryūşaņā°

336, 3, 23 from foot read Balātkāro

13 from foot read 1023

2 from foot read obhārata

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